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HISTORY OF WORCESTER AND ITS PEOPLE

BY

CHARLES NUTT, A. B.

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Author of "The Puffer Genealogy"; "History of the
First Regiment of Heavy Artillery, Massachusetts Vol-
unteers"; "History of the Crompton & Knowles Loom
Works"; and various Biographical and Historical Works



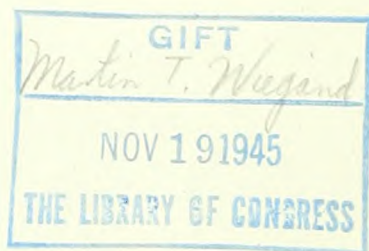
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BIOGRAPHICAL



Walter N. Drohan

Mr. Savels has taken the thirty-second degree in Masonry, and is a member of Athelstan Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Goddard Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; Massachusetts Consistory, Supreme Princes of the Royal Secret; Boston Shoe Trades Clan, Appalachian Mountain Club, the Rotary Club and the Worcester Country Club. In politics he is a Republican. He is a member of the First Universalist Church.

Mr. Savels married, in this city, February 20, 1896, Nellie D. Stocking, and they have two children: Orvis Mendon, Jr., born April 28, 1903; Margaret, born August 6, 1905.

ROBERT LELAND PRENTICE, Late of Midgley & Prentice (Inc.), was born in this city, November 21, 1888, son of Charles Henry and Isabel (Gibbs) Prentice. Charles Henry Prentice was born in this city, April 5, 1860, died here December 17, 1905, aged forty-five years. He was a wholesale dealer in beef. He married, in this city, April 13, 1882, Isabel Gibbs, who was born in Worcester, and is now living here. They had two sons: Harrison Gibbs and Robert Leland.

Robert L. Prentice received his education here in the public and high schools, and after completing his high school course attended the Bryant and Stratton Business College in Boston for one year. He was but eighteen years old when he became manager of the Standish, a finely appointed apartment hotel, and he continued in this responsible position until the property was sold, April 19, 1917. From that time until his death, which occurred on October 16, 1918, aged twenty-nine years, he was with Midgley & Prentice (Inc.), offices at No. 16 Foster street, Worcester, and No. 30 Church street, New York City, dealing in steel and other metals. His former partner, Henry F. Midgley, has charge of the New York office, while Mr. Prentice was manager of the Worcester office. Mr. Prentice was a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, Commonwealth Club, Worcester Country Club, and Piedmont Congregational Church. In politics he was a Republican.

Mr. Prentice married, in Boston, April 14, 1914, Helena Mitchell, who was born in Medfield, Massachusetts, daughter of Edwin V. Mitchell, who died in Worcester, January 12, 1917, aged sixty-six years. Mr. and Mrs. Prentice had twin sons, born March 4, 1916, Leland Mitchell and Henry Gibbs Prentice.

WALTER NICHOLAS DROHAN, Captain of Police, was born in this city, January 1, 1849, son of Nicholas and Hannah (Toole) Drohan. He attended the public schools here, and from 1866 to 1869 was an apprentice to the trade of machinist in the employ of the New York Steam Engine Company, which at that time had a shop on Washington street. He was afterward employed at his trade in the factory of the L. W. Pond Machine Company. In the meantime he became a call-man of the old Worcester Fire Department, and was clerk and treasurer of Ocean Hose Company No. 2 (see history of company), located on Grafton street. He went to Boston with the company at the time of the great fire, November 9, 1872.

Mr. Drohan was appointed to the police force of the city by Mayor Edward L. Davis, in October, 1874, but with a change of administration, January 1, 1875, he was dropped from the force, in accordance with the custom of the times. Until 1877 he worked at his trade as a machinist, and he was again appointed a police officer by Mayor Charles B. Pratt, and since that time he has been on the force continuously. He was promoted to the rank of sergeant by Mayor A. B. R. Sprague, April 5, 1895; to lieutenant by Mayor John T. Duggan, in April, 1907; captain by Mayor George M. Wright, May 11, 1915.

In politics Captain Drohan has always voted the Democratic ticket. In religion he is a Catholic, a communicant of St. John's Catholic Church. He was formerly a director of St. Joseph's Industrial School of Millbury. He is a member of Division Three, Ancient Order of Hibernians, of which he was formerly secretary and vice-president and has been treasurer for forty-one years (1918). He is also a member of Quinsigamond Court, Foresters of America, and one of its founders. He is a charter member and was first warden of Alhambra Council, Knights of Columbus. He is a member and has been president of the Police Relief Association; is a trustee of Bay State Savings Bank. He took part in the Fenian invasion of Canada in 1866. Two companies of Fenians, composed of men of Irish birth or descent, were formed in Worcester. His home is at No. 15 Beach street.

Captain Drohan married, in this city, January 1, 1873, Margaret M. Hanlon, who was born in this city. They had no children.

Nicholas Drohan, father of Captain Drohan, was a native of County Waterford, Ireland. He came to this country when a young man and located in this W.—II-29.

city, where he married Hannah Toole, also a native of County Waterford. He was employed for many years as a gardener by Samuel H. Colton (see biography). Mr. Colton had a nursery at the corner of Main and Austin streets; later in South Worcester. Mr. Drohan died in 1878; his wife in 1895. They had six children: Ellen C., who died in Hubbard, Ohio; Walter Nicholas; John F., a plumber in this city; Patrick H., cigar maker, Louisville, Kentucky, deceased; Nicholas J., Catholic priest, rector of a church in Hubbard, Ohio, graduate of the Worcester High School and Holy Cross College (A. B. 1881), died at Hubbard, February 28, 1912; Mary A., married Maurice E. Rourke, of Worcester, Massachusetts.

EDWARD JOSIAH CROSS, Contractor and builder, was born in this city, January 25, 1866, son of Courtland Hoxie and Mary Jane (Henshaw) Cross. Courtland Hoxie Cross was born in Connecticut, May, 1825, and died in September, 1918. He was a carpenter during his active years. Mary Jane (Henshaw) Cross was born in West Brookfield, died in January, 1904. They had three children, all now living: 1. Mary C., widow of Oscar J. Keeney, of Springfield, Massachusetts. 2. Charlotte Elizabeth, married Edward H. Parker, now of Newark, New Jersey. 3. Edward Josiah, mentioned above.

The parents of Edward J. Cross moved to West Warren when he was a year old, and he attended the public schools of that town. After he came of age he returned to Worcester, learned the trade of carpenter and worked as an apprentice and journeyman in this city for seven years. Since 1894 he has been in business as a builder. In 1910 he incorporated the business under its present name, the E. J. Cross Company, of which he is president and treasurer. The offices of the company are at No. 82 Foster street. Mr. Cross has erected many of the finest residences in the county and the most important public buildings. He was the contractor for the entire plant of the Norton Company; the Spencer Wire Company; the Wyman-Gordon Company, mills of the Woven Cartridge Belt Company, the residence of Austin P. Cristy, Lyman F. Gordon (now owned by L. J. Knowles), Harry W. Goddard, and Frank O. Woodland (now owned by John Jeppson). He is a director of the Mechanics National Bank, the Merchants & Farmers Insurance Company of Worcester, and the Contractors Mutual Liability Insurance Company of Boston. Mr. Cross is a member of Quinsigamond Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; the Commonwealth Club, Worcester Rotary Club, Tatassit Canoe Club, Economic Club, Worcester Country Club, Automobile Club, Chamber of Commerce, Worcester County Mechanics Association, Worcester County Fish and Game Association, Worcester Builders Exchange, Massachusetts Master Builders Club, and is president of the Worcester County Employers Association.

Mr. Cross married, in this city, February 25, 1891, Mary O. Upton, who was born in St. John, New Brunswick. They have two children: 1. Ralph Upton, born August 16, 1892, in this city; graduate of the English High School, 1911, and of Tufts College, 1916; now first lieutenant in the Quartermasters Corps in the United States Army. 2. Frank Edward, born June 30, 1901, student in the New York Military Academy, Cornwall-on-Hudson, New York. Mr. and Mrs. Cross reside at No. 130 Burncoat street.

ALBERT HENRY MIRICK, Wholesale dealer in fruit and produce, was born in Princeton, Massachusetts, January 22, 1849, son of Paul M. and Eunice (Beaman) Mirick. He is descended from many of the pioneers of Massachusetts. The first of his paternal line of ancestry was John Mirick or Merrick, as some branches of the family spell the surname. The immigrant ancestor was born in 1614 in England, and came to Charlestown in 1642, or earlier, locating in that town, where he died February 15, 1675. He was a cooper by trade. (See Merrick Genealogy and Princeton town history).

Mr. Mirick had a common school education in his native town, and his boyhood was spent for the most part on his father's farm there. When a young man he came to this city, and for more than fifty years has been engaged in the fruit and produce business. For many years he had his place of business at No. 7 Park street, Worcester, Massachusetts later removing to No. 17 Blackstone street. His brother, Clarence W. Mirick, has been associated with him as a partner, the firm name being A. H. Mirick & Company. The name of Mirick has stood for the best in his line of business for half a century, and the reputation of the firm stands second to none for honorable dealing. Mr. Mirick's home is at No. 130 Beacon street. Mr. Mirick is one of the oldest merchants in this line of business in the city, and he was one of the pioneers in the wholesale trade here. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Mirick married Anita L. Henry, who was born in Winchester, New Hamp-



W. L. BOUSQUET

shire. They had four children: Florence, who married Paul R. Wild, now of Somerville, Massachusetts; Richard H., George Hammond (see biography), L. Louise.

GEORGE HAMMOND MIRICK, Lawyer, was born in this city, September 7, 1885, son of Albert Henry and Anita L. (Henry) Mirick. He attended the public schools, completing the grades at Woodland street school in 1900, and after a year in the Classical High School entered the South High School, from which he graduated in 1904. He became a student in Clark College and was graduated in 1907 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He then began the study of his profession in the Harvard Law School, and in 1910 he was admitted to the Massachusetts bar. He began practice in this city in the offices of Smith & Gaskill. On December 1, 1917, he entered into partnership with Albert W. Blackmer and the firm's offices are at No. 801 State Mutual Building. In politics he is a Republican. He was elected to the Common Council from Ward Eight in December, 1916, and has been a member of several committees of that body. He has also served as a member of one of the Local Selection Boards, Division No. 5, Worcester, Massachusetts. He is a member of Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; the Economic Club and the Barristers Club of this city.

Mr. Mirick married, October 11, 1915, Ruth Lois Goodnow, of Keene, New Hampshire.

WILLIAM LEVI BOUSQUET, Business Manager of "L'Opinion Publique," former president of the Board of Aldermen, was born in Marlborough, Massachusetts, October 10, 1869, son of Jean Levi and Adele (Marchessault) Bousquet. He has resided in this city, however, since he was four years of age and was educated here in the public schools, graduating from the Lamartine street school in 1884. He then learned the printer's trade and was employed for twelve years in the composing rooms of the "Worcester Telegram," "Gazette," "Spy" and "Post."

Since February 10, 1896, he has been with the Belisle Printing and Publishing Company of Worcester, first as advertising manager of "L'Opinion Publique," the daily newspaper published in French, and later as business manager, and one of the owners. (See history of "L'Opinion" in Chapter I). He is now among the oldest advertising men of the city among the daily newspaper men; is widely known and highly esteemed by the merchants of the city. In politics he is a Republican. He served two years in the Board of Alderman, 1900 and 1901, and in the latter year was the president of the board. In 1910 and 1911 he was a member of the Board of License Commissioners of the city. Since July, 1917, he has been chairman of division four of the local board of exemption. He is a member of all the principal French societies, the Knights of Columbus and the Worcester Chamber of Commerce. He is a communicant of the Holy Name of Jesus Roman Catholic Church.

Mr. Bousquet married, in this city, June 16, 1890, Malvina Emma Desrosiers, who was born here, July 2, 1872, daughter of Leon and Emma (Progin) Desrosiers. Her father was born in Canada, died in Brockton, Massachusetts. Her mother was born in this city, and died in Natick, Massachusetts. They have had eleven children, of whom nine are living, all born here: Florence Ina, born April 30, 1891, died May 30, 1907; Eulalie Rose, July 19, 1894; Hector Albert, April 5, 1896; Louis Joseph, March 21, 1897; Charles Edward, August 10, 1898; Valmore Adelard, April 8, 1900; Leo Eugene, July 21, 1902, died February 12, 1903; Beatrice Malvina, born August 8, 1905; Ferdinand Gilbert, October 20, 1906; Claire Corinne, September 3, 1909; Victor Alfred, December 28, 1910.

Jean Levi Bousquet, father of William L. Bousquet, was born in St. Denis, Province of Quebec, Canada, May, 1846; has been in the employ of the Hudson Belting Company for thirty-five years (1918). Adele Marchessault was born in St. Rock, Canada, and is now living in this city. They had thirteen children, of whom seven are living: William Levi, mentioned above; Ovide, a machinist; Frank J., car repairer; Georgiana, who married Edmund Primeau, Jr.; Clara, who married Michael Miller; Odina, who married Amedee Cormier; Anna, who married Thomas Newell. All reside in this city excepting Mrs. Cormier.

Mr. Bousquet is descended from the pioneers of Canada in various lines of ancestry. In the paternal line, Hyacinthe Donat Bousquet, father of Jean Levi Bousquet, was born in St. Denis, Canada, August 7, 1808; the preceding ancestors in this line were: Hyacinthe, born at St. Denis, November 11, 1781; Julien, born in Varennes, Canada, October 6, 1739; Jean-Baptiste, born at Varennes, November 26, 1702; Pierre, born in Montreal, January 22, 1679; Jean Bousquet, born in Tounains, Agénois, France, in 1646, a master-armor, who came to Montreal, and married there, May 11, 1672.

HARRY ARVA COOKE, Department head of the New England Telephone & Telegraph Company, former member of the Common Council and Board of Alderman, representative to the General Court, was born August 8, 1875, at Alstead, New Hampshire, son of Oliver Arva and Nettie Ella (Taylor) Cooke. Oliver Arva Cooke was born in Alstead, January 19, 1857, and is now living there, a retired millwright; his wife was born in Acworth, New Hampshire, March 4, 1858. They had two children: Harry Arva, mentioned before, and Dean Orren, born January 24, 1878, who died at Alstead, October 14, 1894. Mr. Cooke is descended from pioneers of New England; earlier generations located in Tolland, Connecticut.

He received his education in the public schools of his native town and the Young Men's Christian Association school of Worcester. At the age of nineteen he began to serve an apprenticeship in the plumber's trade at Leominster, Massachusetts. In 1897 he entered the employ of the New England Telephone & Telegraph Company as a cable expert with headquarters at Lowell, Massachusetts. In 1906 he was appointed district foreman of the company in this city, and he has continued with the telephone company as head of a department to the present time. Mr. Cooke is a Republican and has always taken an active part in politics. In 1915 he served the city as member of the Common Council, and in 1916-17 as an alderman. In 1918-19 he was a representative from his district in the General Court. In 1916-17 he was a trustee of the Worcester City Hospital and served on the committee on training school for nurses. He was chairman of the committee on public buildings in 1916-17, and of the fire department, 1916. He is now serving a two year term on the City Planning Board appointed by the mayor. He is a member of St. Paul's Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of Alstead; the Washington Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, of Salem; and the Winslow Lewis Commandery, Knights Templar, of Salem; of the Tatnuck Club; the Telephone Pioneers of America, the Worcester County Republican Club and the Tatnuck Improvement Society. He is a director of The Telephone Employees Association of New England. He attends the Tatnuck Congregational Church. His home is at No. 23 Wrentham road, Tatnuck. Mr. Cooke is a lover of trout and bass fishing, and his vacations are spent at his summer camp in Washington, New Hampshire, where his Worcester friends are frequent visitors.

Mr. Cooke married, at Saxonville, Massachusetts, February 22, 1903, Mabel Lucy Tillotson, born at Milford, Massachusetts, February 12, 1882, daughter of Fred Selwin and Amy (Marshall) Tillotson, the former named born in Medway, Massachusetts, January 15, 1851, now living in Milford, and the latter named born in Milford, Massachusetts, January 29, 1857, died there, September, 1886.

JOHN ALEXANDER MAC FADYEN, Physician, surgeon, was born in the parish of Malagawatch, Inverness county, Nova Scotia, Canada. He is descended from "The Celts," Scotch Highlanders, who originally lived in the mountains of Scotland, and he speaks their language fluently, "The Gaelic Language."

It was on March 25, 1873, that Esq. Donald MacFadyen and his beloved wife, Mary MacKenzie, were blessed by their first born son, John Alexander. His mother on seeing him exclaimed in Gaelic "Eain Alistair an Dochtair Mohr;" meaning "John Alexander the Great Physician." "This is my wish for my son, that he become a physician." Augmented by that unflinching and never-quitting spirit inherent in Scottish peoples, John Alexander MacFadyen made his own way from boyhood to manhood—from school to college, thus carrying into reality his mother's early wish for him and indeed her final prayer, though she did not live to see it. Leaving him a boy of eight, she passed on in the flower of her life, only thirty-four.

Esq. Donald MacFadyen was born in the same parish, Malagawatch, where he held the office of magistrate. He read law during the winter nights. He was a farmer, and took an active interest in local politics, was a trustee in the Presbyterian church, superintendent of the Sunday school, and studied international law. He died at the age of fifty-nine.

Esq. MacFadyen's father was born upon the high sea on the passage from Invernesshire, Scotland. His name was also Donald MacFadyen. Dr. MacFadyen's great-grandfather was a cavalryman in the Duke of Wellington's army. The British Government gave him a grant of land in Canada. He received his allotment on river Dinnies, Inverness county. Mary (MacKenzie) MacFadyen, Dr. MacFadyen's mother, a tall, poetic type, was born in Middle River, Victoria county, Nova Scotia, Canada. Her father, Alexander MacKenzie, was county sheriff in Invernesshire, Scotland. He played the violin with excellent mastery of Scottish music. From him Dr. MacFadyen has inherited a very delightful appreciation of music. Of the six children born to Esquire and Mary (MacKenzie) MacFadyen, three children passed on, two in early infancy, and one, Annie Bell, who married

Alexander Campbell. Mary Barbara MacFadyen, sister of Dr. MacFadyen, is a trained nurse, a member of the United States Army Corps of Nurses. She lives in New York City. Donald MacKenzie MacFadyen, brother of Dr. MacFadyen, a graduate of Phillips Exeter Academy and Bachelor of Arts at Princeton University, is an oil chemist, president of The Viscosity Company, Incorporated, No. 34 Wall street, New York City. He is called for his great-great-grandfather, who was a veteran of the battles of the Nile and Trafalgar, and who contributed the first money toward building the first Presbyterian church at Malagawatch.

On landing in the United States, and meeting and admiring the American people, Dr. MacFadyen at once declared his intentions, and at the earliest possible date became an enthusiastic and loyal American citizen. The Little Harbor Grammar School in the Parish of Malagawatch gave Dr. MacFadyen his first introduction into the rudiments of his education, from whence he entered the school of practical business, until his own mature judgment directed him to pursue the medical profession as his life work. He prepared for college at the Boston English High School. In this connection Dr. MacFadyen always voices his very sincere gratitude to the memory of his friend, Robert Burke, of South Boston, a Harvard man, who was his preceptor while at and before matriculating at the University of Vermont, where he graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1906. The three years following his graduation, Dr. MacFadyen spent in intense study in medicine and surgery, taking at the Long Island Hospital, Boston, a term as interne. At St. Mary's Hospital, Rochester, New York, he studied one year and a half, until 1909. Since then he has taken post-graduate courses at various hospitals. On August 29, 1909, he hung the modest sign bearing his name at No. 118 Belmont street, in this city. He is a member of Worcester District Medical Society; the Massachusetts Medical Society; the American Medical Association; the Washington Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Burlington, Vermont; and the Worcester Order of Scottish Clans.

PLUMMER JOEL HENDERSON, Business man, heating engineer and contractor, of the firm of P. J. Henderson Company, was born in Rollinsford, New Hampshire, July 19, 1858, son of Charles H. and Mary Ann (Cater) Henderson. Charles H. Henderson was a farmer, born in Strafford, New Hampshire, died in West Chelmsford when past forty years old, having moved from his birthplace when his son, Plummer J., was a small boy.

The boyhood of Plummer J. Henderson was spent on the homestead. He received his education in the public schools of Lowell, Massachusetts, and of Dover, New Hampshire. When he was sixteen years old, he began an apprenticeship in the shops of the Boston & Maine Railroad Company at Portland, Maine, and advanced step by step to the post of locomotive engineer. He left railroading, May 15, 1887, to enter the employ of E. G. & E. Wallace Shoe Manufacturing Company, of Rochester, New Hampshire, as chief engineer in charge of the mechanical plant, and retained that position until he came to Worcester, May 21, 1904, to become manager of the local branch of the steam heating and supply house of Braman, Dow Company. He continued in charge of this business for eleven years, resigning finally to engage in business on his own account. He established his present business at No. 171 Foster street, in April, 1915, under the name of P. J. Henderson Company, heating engineers and contractors in partnership with Raymond W. Stearns. The company deals in steam, gas and water supplies, radiators, valves, etc., and installs steam, water, and vapor heating plants, making a specialty of factory-heating apparatus. He is a member of Motelena Lodge, No. 21, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of Rochester, New Hampshire; Stella Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star, of Worcester; and Aletheia Grotto of this city. He is a communicant of Piedmont Congregational Church.

Mr. Henderson married at Lowell, Massachusetts, September 30, 1880, Sadie A. Randall, daughter of Jeremiah and Lois J. (Clark) Randall. Mr. and Mrs. Henderson had one son, LeRoy Plummer, born May 16, 1884, who died in his eighteenth year while a student at high school.

HAROLD ALBERTUS JOHNSON, Treasurer of The Bancroft Textile Company, manufacturers of tapes and other narrow fabrics, was born in Jewett City, Connecticut, August 8, 1877, son of Samuel N. Johnson, a farmer, who was born in Montville, Connecticut, September 1, 1852.

Mr. Johnson's early education was received in the common schools at Montville Center and in the evening schools of the Young Men's Christian Association, supplemented by a thorough course in textile designing in the International Correspondence Schools, completed, according to the date of his diploma, March 25,

1904. He had previously entered the textile business in 1892 in the mills of the Massasoit Manufacturing Company in Oakdale, Connecticut, and for two years was a cotton spinner. For a short time he worked in the Brookside Mills in Oakdale. In 1895 he began to learn the silk business at the mills of the Brainerd & Armstrong Company, in New London, Connecticut. He was then seventeen years old. After two years as office boy and assistant, he entered the weaving department and learned to weave broad silks, continuing in this department for nine years, during seven of which he was the assistant superintendent. He resigned this position to become inspector of silk looms for the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works of Worcester. After the death of Henry M. Witter and his son, the owners of the mill conducted for many years under the name of H. M. Witter & Company at No. 470 Park avenue in this city, Mr. Johnson took advantage of the opportunity to engage in business as a manufacturer, and organized a new corporation known as The Bancroft Textile Company to purchase the plant and business. Since then he has been treasurer of the company and general manager. This concern manufactures tapes, webbings and other narrow fabrics in great variety. The new corporation has enjoyed a high degree of prosperity and shown a steady growth. Mr. Johnson is also treasurer of the J. B. Sales Company, a partnership recently formed in this city to deal in and manufacture braids, cotton yarns, waste and other merchandise of similar kinds. The office of both concerns is at No. 470 Park avenue.

Mr. Johnson married Elizabeth Whittaker, who was born at St. John, New Brunswick, March 27, 1877. They have one child, H. Earl, born May 10, 1903, now a student in the Worcester High School of Commerce. Mr. Johnson's home is No. 24 Westfield street.

HARRY CERRILL COLEY, Secretary and treasurer of the Howard Brothers Manufacturing Company, was born in this city, April 5, 1885, son of Henry and Ellen (Cherrill) Coley. He received his education here in the public schools, graduating from the grammar school in 1899, and beginning his business career in the same year as office boy for Howard Brothers Manufacturing Company, at 44 Vine street. He was promoted step by step, eventually becoming book-keeper and having charge of the office. In 1911 he was elected secretary of the corporation and since 1916 he has been treasurer. This company manufactures card clothing. Herbert Midgley is president (see biography). Mr. Coley is prominent in musical circles. He was the first boy chosen for the choir of St. Matthew's Episcopal Church when it was organized in 1895, and he has been actively connected with the choir of that church since then. At present he is the choir master. In other departments of that church he has been an earnest worker, and has been a teacher in its Sunday school, was a former director of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew. He is a member of the Worcester Rotary Club; the Credit Men's Association, of which he was one of the founders and the first president; of Morning Star Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons.

Mr. Coley married, in this city, January 24, 1910, Florence M. Dodge, who was born in this city, a daughter of Walter E. and Margaret (Waring) Dodge. Her father is a retired grocer. Both parents reside in Worcester. Mr. and Mrs. Coley reside at No. 48 Kenwood avenue. They have four children: Virginia, born January 7, 1911; Margaret Cherrill, born August 11, 1912; Elizabeth, born September 2, 1913; Harriet, born May 12, 1916.

Henry Coley, father of Harry C. Coley, was born at Kidderminster, England, and came to this country in 1882, locating in this city; always in the carpet business and now with M. J. Whittall, carpet manufacturer, of Worcester; married, in England, Ellen Cherrill, and had five children, all of whom are living: 1. Nellie, married D. C. Macdonald, of this city, and has two children, Dorothy and Paul. 2. Alice, married John Wade, of this city, and has a son, Paul Wade. 3. Harry C., mentioned above. 4. Ida May, married Harold Dexter, and has a son, Henry; now living at Akron, Ohio. 5. C. Howard, graduate of the South High School, 1918; now clerk with the Park Trust Company.

WILLIAM ARTER, Mechanical and electrical engineer, former chief engineer of the Bradley Car Works, president and general manager of the Arter Machine Company, was born in 1879 in Lancashire, England. He attended the Manchester Technical School and the Horwich Technical Institute, in Lancashire. After leaving school he gained invaluable experience and training in the shops of the Lancashire & Yorkshire Railway Company, working in the forge, machine shop, erecting, motor and telegraph departments. He was then promoted to the mechanical engineering department and after a time transferred to the electrical department. While here he was of material assistance in installing the electric system of the



Harry C. Cooky

Liverpool & Southport Railway. He was also at this period appointed lecturer on electrical and mechanical engineering at the Horwich Railway Mechanics' Institute.

In the hope of finding a better field for his profession, he came to this country in February, 1908, and began work immediately as a machinist for the Westinghouse Company in the installing of the electric power system on the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, from New York to Stamford, Connecticut, but in less than four hours he was sent to the drafting room and within three weeks was made a special engineer on the new electric locomotive work, engaged in developing new ideas; in two months he was appointed assistant to G. L. Crouse, chief inspector for the Westinghouse Company. Mr. Arter resigned his position in the Westinghouse Company in 1909 to become chief draftsman for the Long Island Railroad, and in 1910 he came to Worcester as chief engineer of the Bradley Car Works at the time of the great expansion of this company in the new plant at Greendale. He resigned in 1914 and associated himself with Bernard E. Delle in developing a rotary valve engine for the Prentice Brothers Company of this city. While awaiting results from this new engine, he was for a time engaged as designer for the Heald Machine Company of this city. Here he became impressed with the possibilities of the grinding machine, and in 1914 organized the Persons-Arter Machine Company, which in February, 1918, became the Arter Machine Company. The factory and offices are at No. 72 Commercial street in this city. In December, 1914, a rotary surface grinder was designed and it was perfected and put on the market in June, 1915. Its success was instantaneous, and in two years the new company sold machines of this pattern to the value of about \$200,000. The company has a very promising future.

Mr. Arter seems to have inherited his mechanical skill and inventive abilities. William Arter, his grandfather, organized the Society of Boiler-Makers of Manchester, England, and was number one of the lodge. In appreciation of his services to this society, he was given an illuminated address and a large silver medal. He was a skillful artisan, and was in later life general manager of the arsenal at Genoa, Italy. In recognition of his work for the government he received from the king of Italy a bronze medal that he highly prized. He died and was buried in Genoa.

William Arter, of Worcester, is a member of Morning Star Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, and of Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, of this city; also of the Steam Engine Makers Society (England). In religion he is an Episcopalian.

Mr. Arter married, at Blackrod Lance, England, in 1903, Annie Tattersall, who was born in Middleton, England, daughter of Samuel and Emma (Barlow) Tattersall. Her father was also a native of Middleton, an accountant for the Lancashire & Yorkshire Railway Company; retired from active life since 1914. Her mother was a native of Middleton. Mr. and Mrs. Arter have three children: Harry, born July 1, 1904, at Horwich, England; Norman, June 24, 1905, at Horwich; William, Jr., February 11, 1917, in this city. Mr. Arter resides at No. 540 Salisbury street.

William Arter's father, of the same name, was born in Patricroft, Lancashire, and served an apprenticeship with the famous Nasmyth concern, afterward gaining experience in various other large manufacturing works and the Lancashire & Yorkshire Railway in the locomotive works. He married Jane Dower, a native of Cornwall. Their children were: Harry, deceased; Fred, was in this country at the beginning of the war, went to England to enlist, served in the Dardanelles campaign in the navy, now in the Navy Corps in Scotland; Albert, deceased.

WILLIAM ALLEN UNDERWOOD, Assistant treasurer and general manager of B. S. Roy & Son Company, No. 775 Southbridge street, Worcester, Massachusetts, manufacturers of textile and paper mill grinding machinery, was born in Worcester, August 29, 1888, son of John Amos and Ellen Josephine (Ryan) Underwood.

The surname Underwood is of ancient English origin, derived from a descriptive name of a locality, and therefore probably not confined to one family. The coats-of-arms of the Underwoods are similar and the armigerous Underwoods are probably related. The armorials of the Underwood family of Bixley is described:

Arms—Sable on a fess ermine between three annulets or a lion passant guardant sable.

Crest—A hind's head or encircled by wreath vert.

The Underwoods of Bixley are traced as far as 1177 in the Harleian Manuscript. Bixley is in County Norfolk, and 1177 is about the period when surnames were coming into use in England. A branch of the family located in Weston, Hertfordshire, about 1350, and bore a similar coat-of-arms. Branches of the family lo-

cated early in London, in Ireland and elsewhere in England. There were no less than six pioneer families of Underwood in New England, namely: 1. The Watertown family descended from Joseph Underwood, the immigrant settler in Hingham, admitted freeman in Watertown in 1645. 2. The Lincoln family, mentioned below. 3. The Chelmsford family, descendants of William Underwood, of Concord, 1652. 4. The Boston family, descendants of John Underwood, who first appeared in the records in Boston in 1680, had descendants in Rhode Island and Connecticut. 5. The Newcastle, New Hampshire, family descended from John Underwood and wife Temperance. They probably came from England. He was in Newcastle in 1714. 6. The Rhode Island family, descended from Henry Underwood, of Newport, in

Thomas Underwood, of Watertown, brother of Joseph Underwood, born in England, came to this country in 1635, first settled at Hingham, later at Dorchester, and finally in Watertown in 1651. He was admitted a freeman in 1637, and was deputy to the General Court in 1630 and 1638 from Hingham. In 1656 he was elected selectman from Watertown. His will was dated February 15, 1668, and proved April 7, 1668.

(1) Thomas Underwood, progenitor of the Lincoln family, was doubtless related in some degree to Thomas Underwood, mentioned above. At any rate he came to the same town about 1660, and in 1669 married Magdalen Underwood, widow of Thomas Underwood, mentioned above. Various accounts of the Underwood family have confused the Thomas Underwoods one with another and the genealogical puzzle that they left to the family historian is almost unique. Magdalen has two husbands of the same name, but children by neither. In his will Thomas Underwood is designated as a gentlemen, a word that at that time indicated high social position of some sort.

(II) Thomas (2) Underwood, only son of Thomas (1) Underwood by his first wife, was born in England. Almost the entire information we have of this man is contained in his father's will, and in a deed of his farm in Lexington, March 10, 1718, to his son Joseph, mentioned below. Thomas Underwood died at Lexington, February 16, 1743, and his wife Mary, January 15, 1742.

(III) Joseph Underwood, son of Thomas (2) Underwood, was born about 1695-98, and died intestate, April 27, 1760. The probate papers relating to his estate mentioned Peter, Joseph, mentioned below, Joshua, Elijah, Israel, Moses and Ruth, children of Joseph. His widow Ruth died June 23, 1775, at Lincoln, Massachusetts.

(IV) Joseph (2) Underwood, second son of Joseph (1) Underwood, was baptized at Lexington, March 3, 1723, and died April 25, 1760. He married (first), February 26, 1746, Anna Baker, of Waltham, who died May 30, 1749. He married (second) Eunice Smith, June 4, 1750, who was admitted to the church in Lexington, July 6, 1760. Children of first wife were: Samuel, mentioned below, and Joseph. Children by the second wife were four girls and one boy.

(V) Samuel Underwood, son of Joseph (2) Underwood, was born at Waltham, Massachusetts, November 21, 1747, baptized at Lexington, November 29, 1747. He removed to Halifax, Vermont, and followed farming there until he died, May 23, 1819. His home, however, was near Colerain, Massachusetts. His children were: Submitt, born 1770; Joseph, 1772-1790; Hannah, 1773; Eunice, 1775; Betsy, 1777-1785; Sally, 1779; Polly; Nathan; Moses, mentioned below; Abi, and Amos,

(VI) Moses Underwood, son of Samuel Underwood, was born 1785, and settled in North Heath, Massachusetts, about the time of his first marriage. He was a farmer. He died February 10, 1871. He married (first) in 1816, Sarah Winn. He married (second) Diana Harris. Children by first wife were: Rhoda, 1818-1855; Samuel, 1819-1844; Eunice, 1821-1865; Levi, mentioned below. Children by second wife were: John H., 1844; Henry Martin, 1850; Mary Maria, 1858; Jennie Elizabeth, 1860; Charles Edward, 1862; Rose Minerva, 1864.

(VII) Levi Underwood, son of Moses Underwood, was born March 10, 1829, at North Heath, Massachusetts, and died at Readsboro, Vermont, October 13, 1871. He was a farmer at Readsboro. He married Mary E. Davis, who was born at Whitingham, Vermont, daughter of Moses and Betsy (Doane) Davis, who came from Cape Cod. Children were: William Lewis, born in 1853; Martha Louisa, born 1856, died in 1902; Flora; John Amos, mentioned below; and Anna, who died aged five years.

(VIII) John Amos Underwood, son of Levi Underwood, was born in Readsboro, Vermont, January 30, 1864. A part of his boyhood was spent in the town of Readsboro, Vermont. He attended the public schools of Colerain. At the age of eighteen years he came to Worcester, Massachusetts, where he has since resided. He is with the W. H. Sawyer Lumber Company and has been in the employ of the

Sawyer interests for over thirty years. In politics he is a Republican. He married, August 25, 1887, Ellen Josephine Ryan. The children, all born in Worcester, were: William Allen, mentioned below; Andrew Ambrose, born November 8, 1889, who is with the Frank Mossberg Company, Attleboro, Massachusetts, press steel manufacturers; Mary Flora, born March 21, 1892, graduate nurse of Massachusetts General Hospital, Boston; Ruth Anna, born October 25, 1893, school teacher in the public schools of Worcester; Katherine Florence, born February 19, 1903; Grace Helen, born May 13, 1908.

(IX) William Allen Underwood, son of John Amos Underwood, attended the public grammar schools, and was graduated from the English High School with the class of 1906. He then took a course in the Worcester Business Institute. He began his business career in the cost department of the F.-E. Reed Company, machine builders, where he continued for six months. During the next half year he was employed as stenographer in the office of the Coes Wrench Company of Worcester. In March, 1908, he entered the employ of the Riverside Mills, spinners of worsted and mohair yarns, at No. 775 Southbridge street, Worcester, beginning as stenographer. He was gradually given a large degree of responsibility, and in 1914 was made general manager of the business. The firms of B. S. Roy & Son and Riverside Mills were controlled by Sylvanus B. Roy, and on account of it being closely allied Mr. Underwood gradually assumed the management of B. S. Roy & Son. The firm of B. S. Roy was founded in 1868, and on admission of the son, Sylvanus B. Roy, it was known as B. S. Roy & Son. In 1915 it was incorporated, and Mr. Underwood was made assistant treasurer. Mr. Underwood has from time to time made improvements in machinery, designing in particular the U & Z Portable Calender Roll Grinder for the purpose of grinding paper mill calenders without dismantling the machines. This machine is now being manufactured by the B. S. Roy & Son Company.

Mr. Underwood is a member of Montacute Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, No. 5; the Aletheia Grotto, No. 13, M. O. V. P. E. R.; Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; Central Lodge, No. 168, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; the Tatassit Canoe Club, the United Commercial Travellers Association, the Worcester Chamber of Commerce, the Lakeside Boat Club, the Worcester Fish and Game Association, the Rotary Club. In politics he is a Republican.

CHARLES HENRY LINCOLN, Writer, historian, was born in Millbury, Massachusetts, April 22, 1869, son of Dr. William Henry and Eunice Ann (Read) Lincoln. Dr. William Henry Lincoln, father of Dr. Lincoln, was born August 19, 1825, in Dorchester, Massachusetts, and died October 14, 1892, in Millbury. He graduated from Bowdoin Medical School in 1856, and practiced medicine at Turner, Maine, and Hubbardston, Massachusetts, until 1862; enlisted, May 27, 1862, and served as surgeon of the Seventh Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, until discharged June 27, 1864; then settled in Millbury where he enjoyed an extensive medical and surgical practice until the time of his death; married Eunice Ann Read, who was born in Rutland, Massachusetts, February 7, 1837. Dr. Lincoln is a descendant of early Massachusetts stock; in the paternal line from Thomas Lincoln, "the miller," who came to Hingham, Massachusetts, from England, in 1635.

Charles H. Lincoln attended the public schools in Millbury and Worcester Academy, from which he graduated in 1889. He entered Harvard College, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1893. In 1894 he received the degree of Master of Arts from Harvard University, and in 1896 the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from the University of Pennsylvania. He has devoted his life to work in the field of American history. After graduating he taught history and economics at Bates College, Lewiston, Maine, in 1894 and 1895; afterward he served two years as senior fellow in American history with work of instruction in the University of Pennsylvania. Afterward he was in the manuscripts division of the Library of Congress at Washington, D. C., from 1898 to 1907, engaged in arranging, calendaring and editing for publication historical manuscripts. In 1907 he was engaged by the American Antiquarian Society for similar work upon the manuscripts of that institution, since which time he has supervised the publication of some of its most valuable documents. Since 1910 Mr. Lincoln has been engaged as archivist and historian along the same lines, but in a broader field of work. Among his published books are: "The Revolutionary Movement in Pennsylvania;" "Naval Records of the American Revolution;" "A Calendar of John Paul Jones Manuscripts;" "Manuscript Records of the French and Indian War;" "The Correspondence of William

Shirley, Governor of Massachusetts;" "Early Narratives of the French and Indian Wars;" beside various magazine articles in history. During 1914 and 1915 he gathered for the National government the originals or secured photostat copies of the original manuscripts in Massachusetts concerning its participation in the Revolutionary War. In 1916 and 1917 he began to arrange and calendar for the University of Illinois its collection of historical manuscripts, a work interrupted by the entrance of the United States into the world war and the consequent limitation of the activities of the university along this line. Mr. Lincoln has also assisted various other authors in gathering material for historical publications, and written reviews of numerous volumes of like character.

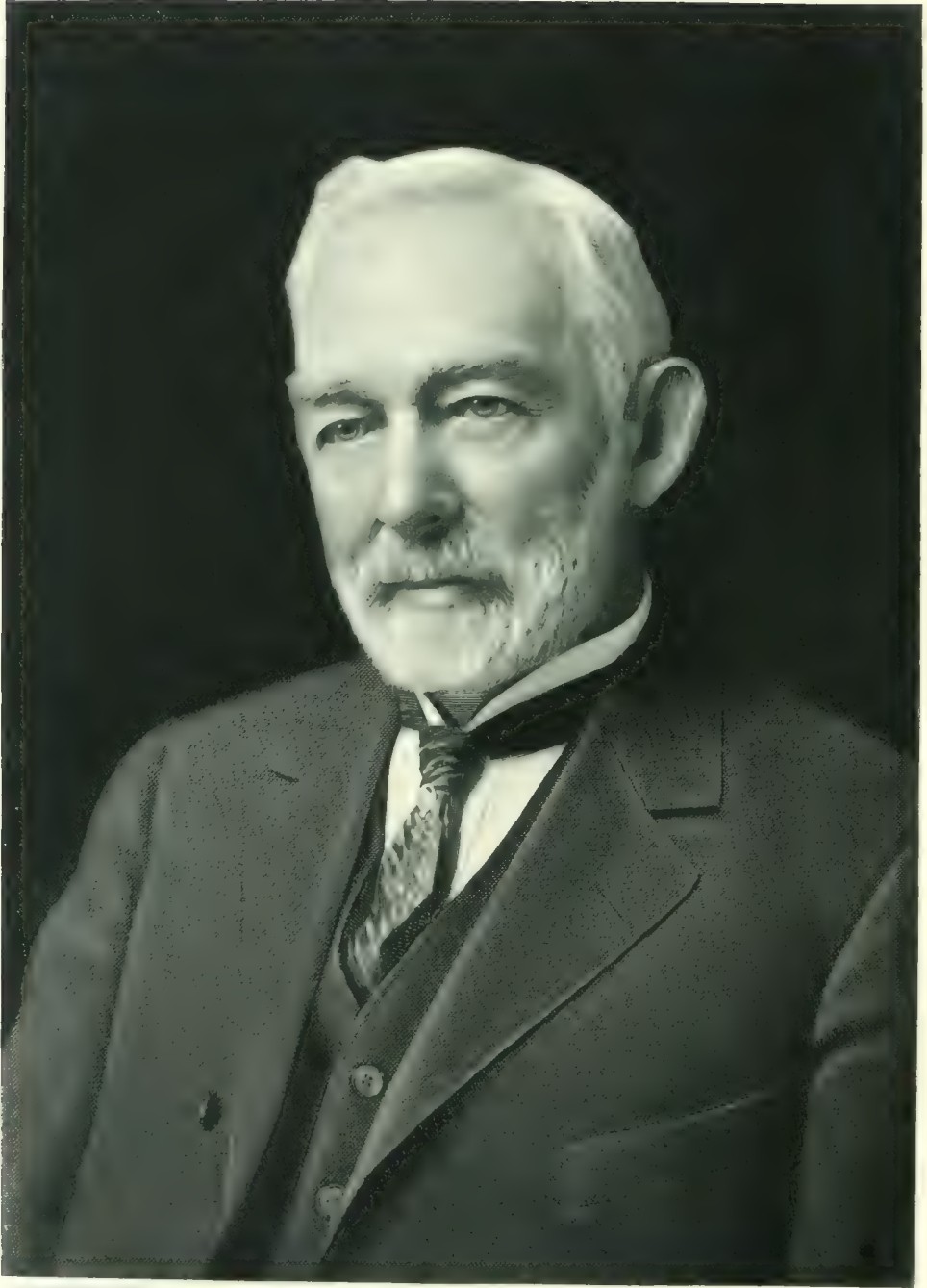
In politics he is a Republican. He is a member of the executive committee of the Worcester branch of the National Security League; member of the University Club of Washington; the Worcester Congregational Club; Worcester Economic Club; Harvard Club of Worcester; the American Historical Association; Association of Doctors of Philosophy of the University of Pennsylvania; Naval History Society; Worcester Society of Antiquity; the Historical Manuscripts Commission of the American Historical Association; also of the Central Congregational Church, and of its pulpit supply committee, and treasurer of the committee on Soldiers and Sailors from Central Church lately in the service of the United States.

Mr. Lincoln married, in Lewiston, Maine, August 28, 1901, Mary Frances Angell, who was born at North Scituate, Rhode Island, July 29, 1868, daughter of Thomas L. and Emily (Brown) Angell. Her father was born in Greenville, Rhode Island, November 10, 1837; graduated from Brown University in 1862; studied abroad; was for thirty years Professor of Modern Languages in Bates College. Her mother, Emily (Brown) Angell, was born at Johnston, Rhode Island, November 22, 1836, died December 23, 1901.

SAMUEL H. KIMBALL, Mason and contractor, was born on his father's farm on May street in this city, January 22, 1845, son of Leonard and Harriet (Sturtevant) Kimball. Leonard Kimball came here when a boy with his parents; attended the public schools here; had a farm of twenty-five acres on May street, where he followed farming all his active life. In politics he was a Whig, active in public affairs. He was a member of Old South Church. He married Harriet Sturtevant, of this city, March 8, 1831. They had four sons: David, born July 1, 1832; Henry Daniel, October 27, 1837; Josiah, October 16, 1839; Samuel H., January 22, 1845. His line of ancestry was Leonard (7), Daniel (6), Thomas (5), Ephraim (4), Ephraim (3), Richard (2), Richard (1). Richard Kimball, the pioneer, was from Rattlesden, County Suffolk, England, coming to this country in 1634 in the ship "Elizabeth" with wife and children. He was then thirty-nine years old. He settled in Ipswich, after a short stay at Watertown. He died in 1675. (See Kimball Genealogy).

Samuel H. Kimball received his education here in the public schools, and then learned the mason's trade as apprentice to Alvin Burgess. He has followed this trade, as apprentice journeyman and master mason, to the present time. He worked when a young man on many of the buildings that now are classed among the old buildings of the city. He was employed in the building of the county jail, and the Parker building, Main street. During most of his life he has been in business on his own account as a mason and general contractor. He has had the contracts for the foundations and plastering of a very large number of the dwelling houses erected in the city in the past forty or fifty years. His office and residence have always been on the homestead at No. 81 May street. Mr. Kimball has always been a Republican, and been active in the support of his party. He is a man of public spirit. He is a member of the Dewey Street Baptist Church.

Mr. Kimball married (first), in this city, Helen F. Spring, who died in 1910, a daughter of John W. Spring, a shoemaker of Sterling. Children: 1. Henry, deceased. 2. Mabel E., born April 19, 1866; married, May 12, 1887, Alonzo F. Hoyle; children: Ralph A., born March 20, 1888; Grace E., July 30, 1890; Everett S., May 22, 1894; Chester S., August 14, 1903. 3. Arthur W., born October 24, 1869; resides in Boston; married, 1891, Sadie Feyit, one daughter living, born September 10, 1895. 4. H. Fannie, born September 11, 1872; married, July 26, 1893, Joseph H. Clarkson; children: William H., born May 10, 1896; Raymond J., August 11, 1902; Harold K., June 2, 1904; Walter W., January 22, 1906; Myron H., March 16, 1907. 5. Mamie E., born March 27, 1875; married, May 2, 1907, Herman S. Serpent; she kept house for her father until her death, November 9, 1915. 6. Charles H., born December 31, 1877; married, January 2, 1899, Lillian Rogers. Mr. Kimball married (second) March, 1915, Josephine (Hughes-Andrews) Burke, of Boston, widow of ——— Andrews and ——— Burke, having had two children by her first



Geo. J. Alden

marriage: Herbert C. Andrews, deceased, and Harriet Andrews, who married ——— Thompson, of this city.

GEORGE IRA ALDEN, President of the Norton Company and the Norton Grinding Company, former professor in the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, was born in Templeton, April 22, 1843. He is a descendant of John and Priscilla (Molines) Alden, who came in the "Mayflower," and of other of the first settlers in the Massachusetts Bay and Plymouth colonies.

He attended the public schools of his native town and prepared for college there in the high school, entering the Lawrence Scientific School of Harvard University, from which he was graduated in the class of 1868 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. Subsequently he received in 1891 from Sibley College, Cornell University, the degree of Master Mechanical Engineer. Before he received his technical training at Cambridge, however, he learned the wood-workers trade and worked in various shops. After graduation he was for a time in the summer and autumn of 1868 assistant to Professor Winlock, director of the Harvard College Observatory. In November, 1868, he came to Worcester as a teacher in the Worcester County Free Institute of Industrial Science, later known as the Worcester Polytechnic Institute. From that time until 1896, a period of twenty-seven years, he was the head of the mechanical engineering department of that institution. He made the plans for the buildings and equipment of the engineering, power and hydraulic laboratories, erected at the institute in 1895. He was twice made acting president. He shared with the late Milton P. Higgins and others the honor of placing the institute among the foremost technical schools of the country. Professor Alden was gifted by nature as a teacher; he loved the work and he won the esteem and love of the students that came under his instruction. But he was more than a mere teacher; he was an inventor and creator, blazing his way along new paths, a pioneer in the field of technical education, combining science and industry, putting theories into practice in his laboratories.

Mr. Alden and Mr. Higgins were the founders of the Norton Emery Wheel Company, an outgrowth of F. B. Norton's pottery in Worcester, developed into a great industry, the history of which is given elsewhere in this work, now known as the Norton Company. Subsequently they organized the Norton Grinding Company. Both plants are located at Greendale, near Barber's Crossing. In 1893 the business of the Grant Corundum Wheel Manufacturing Company of Chester was purchased by the Norton Emery Wheel Company. Subsequently a large plant was erected at Niagara Falls, New York, operated by electric power, manufacturing newly-invented materials for making grinding wheels. A branch of this business was also established at Chippewa, Canada, and a grinding wheel plant at Wesseling, Germany. Since 1896 Mr. Alden has been actively connected with the Norton Company as a director and for several years he was treasurer. He is now (1917) president of the Norton Company and of the Norton Grinding Company and general manager of the latter. From 1896 to 1901 he was a director and treasurer of the Plunger Elevator Company, an industry originating in the Polytechnic Institute. The manufacture of elevators in the Washburn shops of the institute had become too extensive an industry for an educational institution, in the opinion of the trustees, and when it was decided to sell the business Mr. Higgins, who was chiefly responsible for creating the business, became the purchaser, and with Mr. Alden continued it in a factory at Greendale. The business was incorporated in 1896 with a capital of \$50,000 and Professor Alden was the first treasurer. This business was sold to the Otis Elevator Company. Mr. Alden is at present (1917) a director of the Norton Company, the Norton Grinding Company, the Mechanics National Bank and of the Massachusetts Mutual Fire Insurance Company, a trustee of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute.

His interest in education did not cease when he resigned his chair at the institute. For many years he was a member of the school committee of Worcester and for two years was chairman. In various educational societies he has been an active and prominent member. He is at present a trustee of the Worcester Trade Schools, in the founding and development of which both he and Mr. Higgins were keenly interested and influential.

Mr. Alden has travelled extensively in this country and abroad. In 1889 he made an extended visit in Europe, studying technical schools and other institutions in England and Germany and the Paris Exposition. He is a member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, the Worcester County Branch of the National Metal Trades Association, and of the Worcester County Employers Association. He has been for many years a member and deacon of a Congregational church, and at one time was superintendent of the Sunday school. In politics he has always been a Republican.

Mr. Alden married (first) Mary Elizabeth Lincoln, born July 18, 1853, died November, 1876, daughter of William and Maria Allen Lincoln. He married (second), Martha A. Broad, born 1843, died May, 1898, daughter of Lewis P. and Martha (Sawin) Broad. He married (third), May 29, 1900, Leah Warren, a native of Bristol, England, daughter of Francis William and Eliza B. Warren. He has one daughter, Clara Louise, born April 26, 1873, graduate of Wellesley College in 1897. His home is at No. 48 Queen street, Worcester.

FRANKLIN BLACKMER NORTON, Inventor of the Norton Emery Wheel, was born in Bennington, Bennington county, Vermont, May 23, 1829, died in this city, January 6, 1886; son of John and Persis (Smith) Norton. His grandfather, John Norton, established the first pottery in Vermont in 1793, and at last accounts it was still owned and operated by his descendants. It was known as the United States Pottery, and located in Bennington. The Norton ancestry extends in various paternal and maternal lines to the pioneers of New England. Norton is an ancient and honored English family, the first settler of which came to New England before 1630. John Norton, Sr. was a soldier in the Revolution and took part in the battle of Bennington. John Norton, Jr. was a general merchant and prominent citizen of Bennington, where he died on his farm in 1850. Captain Jonathan Buel, another ancestor of Mr. Norton, was also a soldier in the Revolution, descendant of a line of prominent men.

Franklin B. Norton spent his boyhood on his father's farm, and attended the district school of Bennington. He was afterward a student in Union Academy in that town. At the age of sixteen he began to work in the office of the "Bennington Banner." Two years later he began to learn the potter's trade in the employ of C. W. Fenton at East Bennington. He came to this city in 1858, and in partnership with Frederick Hancock established a pottery at Washington square, manufacturing stoneware of all kinds. The firm name, F. B. Norton & Company, became widely known and prospered. In 1876 Mr. Hancock retired and Mr. Norton was sole proprietor until the time of his death. In 1866 he moved the pottery to Water street. In 1876 he began to manufacture an emery wheel patented by him in that year and this department of his business became important. He sold his patents to the Norton Emery Wheel Company. After his death the stoneware business was continued by his sons, Myron P. and John F., for eight years. He was active in public affairs; a Republican in politics, and served in the Common Council in 1861, 1862 and 1865.

Mr. Norton married, in 1850, Jane C. Fenton, daughter of Richard Lucas Fenton, of Bennington. The Fentons were also potters. Children: 1. Alida J., married George E. Rice; Myron P., afterward in the emery wheel business in Philadelphia; John F., manager of his father's estate for many years; Flora J., married F. A. Keyes, of Philadelphia; Arthur H., of the Abrasive Material Company, Philadelphia; Frederick, died in 1896; George, of Boston.

The Norton Company, The Norton Grinding Company, Norton Emery Wheel Company.

A corporation composed of Milton P. Higgins, George I. Alden, Walter L. Messer, Horace A. Young and Fred H. Daniels, organized June 20, 1885, bought the patents of Franklin B. Norton and began to make emery wheels. (For further details see biographies of the founders and Mr. Norton). In July, 1886, the company began to erect works at Barber's Crossing and the building was occupied in the following winter. W. L. Messer was general agent. In 1887 the company advertised in the city directory: "Manufacturers of Emery and Corundum Wheels, Emery Wheel Machinery, etc." "These wheels contain nothing but cutting properties. Free from dust or smell. Will not glaze or fill up. Are of great endurance on hard work. Will work equally well wet or dry." Factory and main office (cut shows the original building) West Boylston street. City office with Kinnicutt & Company, 420 Main street; New York office, 39 John Street. The plant had 17,280 feet of floor space and two kilns.

Changes in 1892 made the list of officers as follows: President, Milton P. Higgins; treasurer, George I. Alden; secretary and general manager, Charles L. Allen (see biography); John Jeppson, general superintendent (see biography). Since then Aldus C. Higgins, George N. Jeppson and R. Sanford Riley (see biographies) have been added to the board of directors. The Norton Emery Wheel Company changed its name to The Northern Company in 1906, capital \$20,000. In 1917, capital \$3,000,000. Charles L. Allen is treasurer and general manager. The plant has been extended from time to time and is now one of the largest in the city, thoroughly modern both in buildings and equipment. The company employs 4,500 hands in 1917, of whom 3,605 are in the Norton Works, the others in the Grinding Company works.

In addition to the Worcester Works, the Norton Company operates two elec-

tric furnace abrasive plants, one at Niagara Falls, New York, the other at Chipewawa, Ontario, Canada; a plant at Bauxite, Arkansas, for the preparation of Bauxite ore, and a grinding wheel plant at Wesseling, Germany. In 1916 these plants produced 26,000 tons of abrasives, alundum and crystolon, and an additional equipment in 1917 will raise the capacity to about 50,000 tons. The Norton plant in this city had a floor space of 1,214,940 square feet in 1917, and additions in the course of construction of more than 125,000 feet. There are eighty-two kilns in use.

The Norton Company has led in the modern movement to care for the health of employees, providing medical service and supervision and guarding against accidents. (See Earl B. Morgan). The most unique among its welfare projects is the Indian Hill Community which has resulted in a colony of attractive houses owned by employees at Indian Hill, Greendale. Garden lots are furnished for employees and this department of the work is in charge of the Norton Agricultural Society. In 1917 some 480 lots were cultivated. Since the death of Mr. Higgins, Mr. Alden has been president of the Norton Company.

The Norton Grinding Company, incorporated by the owners of the Norton Company in 1900, is closely affiliated with the original concern. Mr. Alden is president. It manufactures machines for cylindrical grinding, for grinding plain surfaces, roll grinding, car-wheel grinding, car-axle grinding, tool and cutter grinding and bench and floor stands. A recent grinding machine made by the company weighed 110,000 pounds. In early years emery and corundum were the abrasives used; in 1906 an artificial abrasive alundum superseded them, and another artificial product, crystolon, has come into use since 1910. The Norton Company is the largest concern in the world manufacturing grinding wheels; the Norton Grinding Company is the leading concern manufacturing grinding machinery. The plants are on New Bond street, Greendale. The company has excellent railroad facilities.

ALFRED ROY, Undertaker and dealer in Catholic books and pictures, was born in St. Michael's parish, Belchasse County, Province of Quebec, Canada, son of Francois Xavier and Genevieve (Fortin) Roy. He received his education in the common schools of his native place, at St. Michael's College and the College of the City Lauzon, Levis county, Quebec. His people were devout Roman Catholics, and when he was only fourteen years old he left home with one of the Mission Fathers, accompanying him on his long mission trip through the wilderness, from one settlement to another. After leaving college he taught school for a short time. But he preferred business to pedagogy, and went to Toronto, where he held various positions and obtained a useful training. Returning to Montreal he was for seven years clerk in a hardware store. During that time he served in the Sixty-fifth Regiment, Canadian Militia, and was mustered out as first sergeant of his company. In 1879, at the end of his term of service, he gave a grand military ball attended by many prominent military men.

He came to the United States in 1879, and until 1886 was a clerk in the store of Corning & Company, wholesale hardware merchants, of Albany, New York. Then he made an important change in vocation, coming to Worcester to learn the business of undertaking and embalming. Having served an apprenticeship in this business, he passed the examination of the State Board and received his license as an embalmer. Within a year he was prepared to engage in business on his own account. He purchased the undertaking business of Jean T. Vigent, then located at No. 105 Franklin street, and he has continued the business in the same building to the present time. In addition to the business of undertaking, Mr. Roy opened the first Catholic book store in Worcester, dealing also in Catholic pictures and adding a picture-framing department. He was the first to deal in Polish Catholic books in Worcester. For many years Mr. Roy has been the senior French undertaker of the city, for many years the leading undertaker among the French-speaking population, and but one other undertaker in the city has been in business longer than he. His books in the spring of 1917 show that in this city alone he has had charge of 5,125 funerals, and outside of the city his business has been considerable during all the years he has been in business.

For a period of twenty years Mr. Roy was superintendent of Notre Dame Cemetery, the ground for which was originally purchased from the old Curtis estate. He is a communicant of Notre Dame (Roman Catholic) Church and has always been a man of piety and strong religious convictions, faithful to his beliefs and loyal to his church. He gave important help in founding the parish of St. Joseph, the parish of Holy Name of Jesus, and St. Anne's Orphanage. In politics he has always been a staunch Republican. He is a member of the Artisans Canadiens Francais and was the first to join that society in this country; member of Levis Conclave; of the Improved Order of Heptasophs; of the Louis Joseph Papineau

Societe and of Court Notre Dame, Catholic Order of Foresters. He has been president or principal executive of all the important French clubs and organizations in the city. He is grand senior warden of the Grand Court, of Massachusetts, Foresters of America.

Mr. Roy married, at Albany, New York, October 18, 1881, Aurelie Brouillette, a sister of Rev. Fr. Brouillette, of Worcester. They had three sons and three daughters: Joseph A. (see biography); Alfred, Jr. (see biography); Wilfred (Brother Louis of Alexin Brothers) of Chicago; Aurelie, Emma, and Blanche (deceased).

JOSEPH A. ROY, Undertaker, associated in business with his father, was born July 26, 1882, at Rensselaer, New York, son of Alfred and Aurelie (Brouillette) Roy. He attended the public schools in Worcester, St. Anne's Boarding School, and the English High School. Immediately after leaving school he became associated in business with his father and learned the art of embalming and the business of undertaking. He was the first young man to take the examinations and qualify as an embalmer. He has continued to the present time in business with his father. In 1912 he visited England, France, Germany, Italy and other foreign countries, studying their methods of embalming. While in France he assisted E. Leysseyre, the American consul, who was also sexton of the American Episcopal church at Paris, and embalmed for him the body of a distinguished townsman. He is a member of the Artisans Canadiens Francais, and a communicant of the Holy Name of Jesus Church (Roman Catholic), South Worcester.

Mr. Roy married, at Worcester, October 18, 1906, Caroline V. Messier, daughter of Elie and Caroline (Harbour) Messier. They have four children, Marie, Beatrice, Grizella and Eveline.

ALFRED ROY, JR., Son of Alfred Roy, was born in Rensselaer, New York, March 6, 1884. He came with his parents to Worcester when but two years old, and received his education here in the public schools, St. Anne's Boarding School and the English High School. He learned the art of embalming and was among the first young men to pass the state examination. He is associated with his father and brother in the undertaking business. He is a member of the Louis Joseph Papineau Société; the Artisans Canadiens Francais, Notre Dame Branch, No. 171, and a communicant of Notre Dame Church. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Roy married, October 8, 1912, Eva L. Morin, of Spencer, daughter of Moise and Julie (Leclair) Morin. They have one son, Louis Alfred.

JOHN CHESTER BUSHONG, Photographer, was born near Columbus Grove, Ohio, September 12, 1870, and received his early education there in the public schools. When he was ten years old, his father and the family moved to Texas, locating at first in McKinney, Collin county, and later on a school claim at Celina in the same county. Here he also attended the public schools. During his boyhood he developed a talent for drawing and while still in school was making crayon portraits at ten dollars each. At the same time he was keenly interested in mechanics and built a toy steam engine, a windmill to operate his mother's churn and a mechanical device to shift the labor of sawing wood from himself to the old family horse, doing in a day what would have taken all his spare time during the whole winter. He was one of the best bronco-riders of his age in the township, and later the champion bicycle rider of that section.

His first business venture was a magic lantern show, in partnership with his uncle, Hiram Bushong. The venture ended in calamity, owing to a crowd of drunken cowboys who stampeded the audience, ruined the apparatus and made way with the gate receipts. He was but a boy when he became interested in photography, bought an outfit and opened a small studio. His self-education in the art brought disappointment, and he went to Denton, Texas, where he learned the business, and afterward returned to his native town to demonstrate his ability. He established a thriving and successful business, but soon afterward sought a larger field. He leased a studio at McKinney, Texas, removed later to Jefferson in that State, and in 1889 went to El Paso as manager of the studio of Francis Parker. Afterward he purchased the business. While in that city he organized the Commercial Bicycle Club, of which he became president, and won the championship road race between Ysleta and El Paso three times in succession. After visiting the World's Fair in 1893 he decided to gain some experience in Chicago studios, leased his own studio, and not only worked in Chicago, but in St. Louis, New York, Boston and Worcester, remaining in each city for a few months. He took a course of study in the Chicago Art Museum. Returning to El Paso, he formed a partnership with Fred J. Feldman, who had conducted his studio in the meantime, and the firm added a line of photographic supplies and art goods to their business. In 1900 he opened a very artistic studio on Elm street. In 1905 he



A. B. Crombie

was elected vice-president of the New England Photographers Association, and was nominated for president the following year, but declined. He was again nominated and elected the president for the association in 1913. The building in which his studio was located was demolished to make way for the Slater building in 1906, and at that time he consolidated his business with that of Herman Schervée at No. 328 Main street. The firm continued until 1910, when it was dissolved. Since then Mr. Bushong has had a studio in the Central Exchange building, No. 311 Main street, which has recently been enlarged and improved to take care of the increased growth of business. Mr. Bushong was one of the founders of the Tracy Motor Company for the manufacture of gas engines, and was president of the corporation, afterward reorganized as the Paso City Foundry and Machine Company. Four years after his return to El Paso, he sold his interest to his partner and located in this city. He is a member of the Worcester Country Club, Worcester Automobile Club, Kiwanis Club and Worcester Lodge of Elks.

Mr. Bushong married, August 1, 1906, Kathryn Pauline Ryan, daughter of Michael Henry and Pauline (Essig) Ryan, of West Boylston. They have one daughter, Pauline Vyletta, born in 1909, and a son, John Richard, born in 1912. Their home is at No. 20 Fiske street.

John Stout Bushong, father of John C. Bushong, was born at Columbus Grove, Putnam county, Ohio; became a school teacher when a young man; then a general merchant and later an itinerant merchant. He removed to Celina, Texas, where he had a ranch, and finally to Portales, New Mexico, where he followed farming and had a nursery, making a specialty of fruit trees. He was at one time postmaster at Lockney, Texas. He has been deacon and elder of the Christian church. He married (first) May 29, 1862, Mariah C. Roberts; (second) March 24, 1864, Samantha Vyletta Rice, daughter of James and Cecilia (Blodgett) Rice, granddaughter of Moses and Amy (Dunsha) Rice. Aaron Rice, father of Moses Rice, was the pioneer of the family in Ohio, coming from Charlemont in this State; his father, Aaron Rice, was of Charlemont; a soldier in the French and Indian War, and delegate to the Massachusetts Constitutional Convention. Captain Moses Rice, father of Aaron Rice, was a tavern keeper in Worcester. (See Early Settlers).

James Bushong, grandfather of John C. Bushong, was born in 1818, in Columbus Grove, Ohio, son of George Washington Bushong, who was born in Pennsylvania, in 1786. His father, Captain John Bushong, was a pioneer of Ohio in 1801, coming from the Shenandoah Valley in Virginia. The family settled early in Virginia and Pennsylvania, and the name appears often spelled Buchon in early records, indicating that the family was of French descent.

WILLIAM BULKLEY CROMBIE, Printer, president of The W. B. Crombie Company, located on Foster street, Worcester, has developed a growing industry which he founded in this city. He is of Scotch and English ancestry, a native of Pennsylvania, born April 8, 1871, in Rouseville, Venango county, and was two years of age when his parents removed to their former home in Cromwell, Connecticut. When he was twelve years of age they located in Lincoln, Nebraska, and in the schools of that city Mr. Crombie found his most effective educational influence. There he was made an apprentice to the printing business, and after completing his apprenticeship engaged in business on his own account for a period of seven years. At the end of this time he sold out and moved to Springfield, Massachusetts, where he was again associated with printing, writing and compiling special work, and as art critic for printing trade journals. For seven years he was superintendent of the printing establishment of E. L. Hildreth & Company, at Brattleboro, Vermont. While there he won first prize in an international type design contest, and later second prize in a National cover design contest. In April, 1905, Mr. Crombie located in Worcester, and for four years was estimator for the Blanchard Press, a large printing establishment of this city. At the end of this time he became a member of the firm, of which he was vice-president until the establishment was sold to the Commonwealth Press. In April, 1913, Mr. Crombie organized and incorporated The W. B. Crombie Company, of which he is president and treasurer, Frances N. Crombie, vice-president, and E. M. Johnson, secretary. This establishment is well-equipped for all kinds of printing, and supplies catalogues, stationery and miscellaneous work, including binding and engraving, to a large circle of customers. In the comparatively few years of his residence in Worcester, Mr. Crombie has built up a reputation for skill and good taste, and the new business which he established has grown rapidly, and is among the prosperous concerns of the city. He is a man of enterprise and energy, and is appreciated by the business men of the city as a useful force in promoting its growth and development. He is a member of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce, Worcester County Mechanics Association, Young Men's Christian Association, United Typothetae of America, and

is affiliated with the Masonic Brotherhood, being a member of Brattleboro (Vermont) Lodge, No. 102, Free and Accepted Masons. He is also a member of Park Congregational Church, and is ever found ready to support the elevating and ennobling influences of society.

Mr. Crombie married, June 8, 1898, Frances Niles, of West Springfield, Massachusetts, and they are the parents of four children: Thelma Elizabeth, Ramona Isabelle, Russel Edwin, and William Francis.

JOHN FAY, Undertaker and founder of the business now conducted as Fay Brothers, was born in Waterford County, Ireland, and died in Worcester, September 1, 1880. He came with the tide of emigration to this country and was among the first to locate in Worcester. He was educated in his native land, and after coming to this country worked for a time as cook in the Bay State House. He acquired a practical knowledge of the undertaking business, as conducted at that time, and in 1870 established himself in that profession in a building on Winter street on the site of the present St. John's Parochial School. As he made headway in business, he sought better quarters at No. 19 Temple street, living next door to his place of business. At this location he and his sons continued in the undertaking business with substantial success for forty-four years. Then the present offices and quarters at No. 22a. Trumbull street were occupied by Fay Brothers. Besides the undertaking establishment, Mr. Fay was a dealer in newspapers, and his office was a sort of headquarters of the neighborhood, to which his friends resorted for daily exchange of news and discussion, an interesting forum for many years. He was one of the first communicants of St. John's Roman Catholic Church, and a charter member of the Father Mathew Total Abstinence Society.

His son, William J. Fay, was admitted to partnership in 1872, and from that time the firm name has been Fay Brothers, and from 1880 to 1894, when James E. Fay died, these two were partners; after 1894 until 1916, William J. Fay was sole proprietor and manager of the business. He was well known, popular and successful in business. He died in Worcester, December 1, 1916, much lamented by hundreds of families to whom he had been a friend and counselor in time of need.

John Fay married Mary Quinn, a native of Ireland, then living at Putnam, Connecticut. Their children were: Mary, wife of Morris Cunningham; William J.; Catherine, wife of J. T. Cahill; Bridget, wife of T. J. McCarty; Ellen, wife of Charles T. Thompson; Edward T.; and James E.

JAMES E. FAY, Son of John Fay, and for many years a partner in the firm of Fay Brothers, undertakers, was born in Worcester, February 13, 1853, died there, May, 1894. He was educated in the public schools of Worcester. After leaving school he tried a variety of occupations before choosing to enter the business in which his father and uncle were occupied, but finally became a partner and one of the most gifted of the family in the delicate duties of his profession, a skillful embalmer, acknowledged to be one of the best funeral directors in the section. Naturally kind and courteous, thoughtful and generous in dealing with the unfortunate, he accomplished much in life. His heart was big, his ideals high and all men came to love him. After the death of his father in 1880 he was in partnership with his uncle, William J. Fay, who survived him. He was a communicant of St. John's Church. In politics he was a Democrat. He was a member of Washington Social Club.

Mr. Fay married (first) Mary McGrath, of Worcester, born 1852, died 1885, daughter of Michael McGrath, who was a general contractor. He excavated the cellar for St. Paul's Church. He married (second) Mary Kelly, of Worcester, born 1856, daughter of Patrick and Susan Kelly. Mr. Fay had three sons: John J. (see biography); Dr. William, now a physician practicing in Hartford, Connecticut; James E., Jr., born April 9, 1891, educated at public and high school of Worcester, who succeeded with his brother to the ownership of Fay Brothers' business in 1916; he married in September, 1915, Anne McDonough, and they have one son, William J.

DR. JOHN J. FAY, Undertaker and funeral director, partner in the firm of Fay Brothers, was born in Worcester, September 23, 1883, son of James E. and Mary (McGrath) Fay. He was educated in the public schools of his native city, and Classical High School, studying medicine for three years in the Baltimore College of Physicians and Surgeons, and taking his senior year in the Louisville Medical School at Louisville, Kentucky, graduating there in July, 1904, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. For two years afterward, from September, 1904, to 1906, he was house physician in St. James Hospital, Newark, New Jersey. At the time he graduated his uncle was alone in the business and needed assistance, so he abandoned practice for a time and entered the firm that his grandfather had estab-



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Eric M. Dargin

lished. Since 1916 the firm has consisted of he and his brother, James E. Fay. The opportunity for him to leave the firm and practice medicine has not yet arrived. In politics Dr. Fay is a Democrat; in religion a Roman Catholic, a member of Sacred Heart Parish.

Dr. Fay married, June, 1912, Nora C. Sullivan, of Worcester, daughter of John and Catherine Sullivan. Their home is at No. 9 Montrose street.

EVERETT WEBSTER DURGIN. The name Durgin is fairly numerous in New Hampshire, but under various spellings, Durgin, Durgen, Durgan, Durgain and Dirgin, is often found in early records. The founder was William Durgin, who came from England in 1690, and settled at Ipswich, Massachusetts. Durgans and Durgens appear as soldiers of the Revolution from Massachusetts, and on the maternal side (Emerson) a great-great-grandfather of Everett W. Durgin, of Worcester, Massachusetts, fought with the Revolutionary troops. He was born in Haverhill, West Parish, the same place as Hannah Dustin, who was an Emerson, came from; the grandfather of Everett W. Durgin, ——— Emerson, was born in Sutton, New Hampshire; was an old stage driver in the days of stage coaches; he was the first station agent in Boscawen, continuing as such until compelled to resign on account of his age. Other ancestors who fought in the Revolutionary War were: Winthrop Carter, enlisted in April, 1775, and his son, Daniel Carter, enlisted in 1776; fought under General Stark in the battle of Bennington.

This branch of the family settled in Boscawen, New Hampshire, where Ezekiel Webster Durgin was born, and there died aged sixty-four years. He married Mary A. Emerson, also born in Boscawen, who survives him and maintains her residence on the old homestead farm. Ezeziel W. Durgin was a wheelwright and a blacksmith, a fine mechanic and a good citizen.

Everett Webster Durgin, son of Ezekiel W. and Mary A. (Emerson) Durgin, was born in Boscawen, New Hampshire, and there resided until twenty-two years of age, obtaining a good education in Boscawen schools and Proctor Academy at Andover, New Hampshire. He then came to Worcester, Massachusetts, where he entered the employ of Eugene Tolman, a jeweler at No. 498 Main street. He remained with Mr. Tolman until his death in 1894, then for three years continued the business, representing Mrs. Tolman, the widow. In 1897 he purchased the business from Mrs. Tolman, and has since conducted it under his own name. He has greatly enlarged the scope of the business, the stock now carried probably exceeding that of twenty-five years ago tenfold. Mr. Durgin has built up this business by close attention, and by the progressive, modern spirit with which he has permeated it. He has brought the best of everything to his trade, and obviated the need of going to Boston or New York shops for even the finest in jewelry or precious stones. He was one of the organizers of the Massachusetts and Rhode Island Retail Jewelers Association, was chosen its first president, and is now serving as treasurer. He has also since its organization been president of the Worcester Retail Jewelers Association.

Mr. Durgin is a prominent Free Mason, belonging to Athelstane Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; and Worcester Commandery, Knights Templar. He is also a member of Anchoria Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; the Kiwanis and Congregational clubs. He is an active member of Old South Congregational Church of Worcester, has been a trustee for the past ten years, and is president of the Men's Club. He is fond of out-of-door recreations and enjoys his vacations amid country or sea-side scenes.

Mr. Durgin married, in Worcester, November 23, 1897, Mary F. Tolman, daughter of Eugene and Mary F. (Powers) Tolman. Mrs. Tolman yet survives her husband and resides in Worcester at the residence of her son-in-law, No. 11 Charlotte street. Mr. and Mrs. Durgin are the parents of three daughters and a son: Ruth Tolman, born May 14, 1901, died April 24, 1903; Mary Priscilla, March 20, 1906; Lawrence Webster, September 27, 1910; and Edith Emerson, September 10, 1912.

HARRY O. ANDERSON, Chemist, in charge of a division of the Laboratories of the Norton Company, was born in this city, April 3, 1887, son of Olaf and Augusta (Anderson) Anderson. He attended the Greendale public school, and after completing the grammar grades took a course in chemistry. For a few months previous he worked at the trade of carpenter. In 1902 he became a clerk in the testing room of the Norton Company, and since November of that year he has been employed in the chemical laboratory of that concern. He is now in charge of one of the divisions of the research laboratories of the Norton Company. He resides at No. 49 Whitmarsh avenue, in this city.

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Mr. Anderson is a member of the Scandinavian Federation of America; for two years on the board of directors of the Swedish National Federation; member of the American Chemical Society; the Norton Mutual Benefit Society and the Greendale Improvement Society. He has taken an active part in public affairs, being for three years a member of the Republican City Committee and secretary of the Swedish-American Republican League for five years. He is also a member of the Worcester County Republican Club. During the past eight years he has been a trustee of the First Swedish Lutheran Church of this city.

Mr. Anderson married, in this city, September 4, 1912, Alice Elfrida Thunman, born June 2, 1885, daughter of August and Emma Thunman. They have one son, Hilding Hugo, born October 19, 1913.

Olaf Anderson, father of Harry O. Anderson, was a native of Sweden, died in this city, April 7, 1916; married, in New York City, Augusta Anderson, who was also born in Sweden, now living in Worcester. He was one of the pioneers from Sweden to locate here. For twenty-six years he was employed in the works of the Norton Company. He was active in upbuilding and supporting the First Swedish Lutheran Church in this city. Mr. and Mrs. Anderson had three other children: Hulda Emelia (Anderson) Ekwall; Albert and Emil F. Anderson, both now holding positions with the Norton Company.

August Thunman, father of Mrs. Harry O. Anderson, was born in Nordland, Sweden, March 6, 1859; came to this city in 1880 among the pioneers from Sweden, and in the same year married Emma Renhult, who was born July 23, 1853, in Vermland, Sweden, and also came in the year 1880 to this city with her parents. They had three children: Alice Elfrida (Mrs. Anderson), Emily A., and Edith, who married Philip Sponberg.

THOMAS EDWARD STERNE, President of the Scranton Coal Company and of the F. A. Mann Coal Company, was born in Chatham, New York, September 5, 1858, son of Sanford Kingsbury and Waity E. (Reynolds) Sterne. Mr. Sterne is descended from the Sternes who settled early in this city (see Early Families), and from Judge William Jennison (see Early Families). Mary Jennison, daughter of William Jennison, married Captain Thomas Sterne, of Worcester, proprietor of the King's Arms Inn.

Thomas E. Sterne was educated in the public schools and the Albany Business College. Before coming to this city he was in business in Chatham, New York, with the Mesick Paper Company. He is president and treasurer of the Scranton Coal Company of this city and of the F. A. Mann Coal Company. The offices of both concerns are at No. 29 Main street. He is a director of the State Bank of Chatham, New York; a member of the Worcester Club, Tatnuck Country Club, Worcester Society of Antiquity and the Worcester Chamber of Commerce. He attends Union Congregational Church of this city.

Mr. Sterne married, December 24, 1884, at Brainard, New York, Margaret Mesick Shufelt, daughter of John D. and Abigail M. (Mesick) Shufelt. Their home is at No. 911 Pleasant street, and they have a summer residence, Gleemont, in Leicester. They have three children: 1. Thomas Edward, Jr., born October 17, 1885; secretary of the Scranton Coal Company; member of the Worcester Club, Tatnuck Country Club and Quinsigamond Boat Club. 2. Sanford Kingsbury, born September 19, 1887; member of the Tatnuck Country Club and the Worcester Club. 3. Gladys Louise, born August 16, 1889.

WILLIAM JAMES MC KEE, Assistant to the president of the Osgood Bradley Car Company, was born at Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, May 16, 1876, son of Cyrus P. and Agnes (McKibben) McKee. His father was a native of New Sheffield, Pennsylvania, and his mother of Green Garden in that State.

William J. McKee attended the public schools of his native place and Piersols Academy in Beaver. He was a student in Clarion College, Clarion, Pennsylvania, but did not graduate. He began his business career in the employ of the Pressed Steel Car Company, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, December 1, 1898, as clerk in the office, and was promoted to the office of chief clerk, June 1, 1902. He resigned, March 1, 1903, to become chief clerk of the Standard Steel Car Company in Pittsburgh and was promoted to the position of superintendent of stores in that company, December 1, 1903. He resigned to accept his present position, May 15, 1911. Since then he has been assistant of President John E. Bradley, of the Osgood Bradley Car Company. He is a member of the Worcester Country Club, the New England Railway Club, Worcester Economic Club, director of Young Men's Christian Association, and member of Ionic Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. In politics he is a Republican. He is a communicant of the Adams Square Congregational Church.



J. E. Sterne

Mr. McKee married, at Pittsburgh, 1899, Clara V. Little, who was born in that city. They have four children: Mary E., born 1905; William J., 1907; Robert C., 1909; Jane E., 1911. Their home is at No. 45 Kenwood avenue in this city.

LEANDER M. DRURY, Retired hotel proprietor, was during his active years in that business recognized as one of those proprietors whose guests were welcomed with a spirit which invariably brought them back. His success was marked by the art he cultivated of exerting extra effort in making people comfortable and by his innate business ability.

Mr. Drury was born in 1850, at Readsboro, Vermont, where he was educated in the public schools. His earliest years in business were spent in connection with hotels, so that he may be said to have had a most excellent training for what became his life work. He came to Worcester from Winchendon, where he had been carrying on the hotel business. Upon coming to Worcester, he leased the Hotel Langdon on Front street and was proprietor of that establishment for thirty-one years. During that time his was the city's only temperance commercial hotel, and Mr. Drury was known by the many and distant travellers who stopped there as a most pleasing and congenial proprietor. At the expiration of his thirty-one years of proprietorship here he retired. He purchased a tract of land on Davidson road, where he built two houses, one for a home for himself and the other to rent, but the latter was finally sold. Mr. Drury owns other property in the city. He is a man of public spirit and is esteemed by those who know him. He is a thirty-second degree Mason; a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and in politics is a Republican.

Mr. Drury married, at South Royalston, 1879, Ellen E. Day, a native of that place, whose father still lives there at the age of ninety-one years. They have had one daughter, Meyrtice M., wife of Burton E. Loring, of the Cabinet Manufacturing Company, and the mother of one son, Russell D.

FRANKLIN ALLEN CASWELL, Undertaker, was born at Riceburg, Province of Quebec, Canada, May 6, 1857, son of Ira and Jane (Lambkin) Caswell. His father was a woodworker and carriage builder in Riceburg and a carpenter and builder in Fitchburg. He is a descendant of Thomas Caswell, one of the first settlers of Taunton, a native of England.

Franklin A. Caswell attended the schools of his native town and the Eastwood Private School at Stanbridge, Canada, and after the family came to Fitchburg in 1872 he continued in the public schools there. For a few years after he left school he worked at the trade of carpenter in the employ of his father, and afterward learned the pattern maker's trade in the Putnam shop at Fitchburg. But he soon entered upon another field of usefulness in the employ of M. W. Cummings, undertaker, and acquired a thorough knowledge of the business. In 1890 he engaged in business in Worcester at No. 34 Pearl street, as undertaker and embalmer, in partnership with John Masterson, of Anthony, Rhode Island, but at the end of ten months purchased the interests of his partner and became sole owner of the business, which he has continued to the present time with substantial success. In 1898 Mr. Caswell moved from his original location to his present quarters in the old post office building opposite No. 21 Pearl street. It is proper to say that Mr. Caswell holds a position second to none in this section of the State in the performance of his duties. He possesses those qualities necessary for the proper management of the last services to those who have departed, the tact, sympathy, courtesy and resourcefulness.

Mr. Caswell is well known in social and fraternal life; a member of Morning Star Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; Worcester Lodge of Perfection; Goddard Council, Princes of Jerusalem; Lawrence Council, Rose Croix; the Massachusetts Consistory and the Aletheia Grotto. He is past noble grand of Quinsigamond Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; member of Wachusett Encampment, and trustee of the Odd Fellows Charitable Association, which owns the new Odd Fellows building, Main street, Worcester. He is past president of the Shaffner Society. Mr. Caswell is active in church affairs, member of the prudential committee of the Pleasant Street Baptist Church. He is a member of the Massachusetts Undertakers' Association, and of the Massachusetts Social Club. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Caswell married, December 15, 1881, Louisa Freeland Brewster, daughter of Sydney Brewster, of Fitchburg. She is a lineal descendant of Elder William Brewster, born in 1566-67 in England, graduate of Peterhouse College, Cambridge University; one of the Pilgrims who went to Holland and afterward settled at Plymouth, coming in the "Mayflower" in 1620; was elder of the church and chief civil adviser and guide of the colony. All her ancestry is of Puritan and Pilgrim

stock. Mr. and Mrs. Caswell have had five children: Frank Robert, born November 7, 1882; Gertrude Brewster, born March 20, 1893; Marion Howard, November 7, 1894; Chester Freeland, August 20, 1897, student in Dartmouth College; Harold Allen, May 20, 1900. Mr. Caswell's home is at No. 664 Pleasant street.

ROBERT EDMOND NUGENT, Captain, salesman for The Barrett Company of Boston, was born in Whitinsville, Massachusetts, June 24, 1888, son of John F. and Ellen (Somers) Nugent. John F. Nugent was born in Longford, Ireland, in 1841, and died in this city, September 5, 1917. His home was at No. 19 Preston street, where his family is now living. He was an expert machinist, employed for many years in the works of the Whittin Machine Company of Whitinsville, Massachusetts. He came to this city in 1892, organizing and conducting a tack and nail manufacturing business, in partnership with Edmond J. Somers, his brother-in-law. Subsequently he sold his share in this business, and after a few years in the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works, he retired, and from 1907 to the time of his death he was occupied in the care of his real estate. He married Ellen Somers, who was born in Waterford, Ireland, in 1844, and who is now living in this city. Captain Nugent's brother, Dr. Arthur J. Nugent, is a practicing physician and surgeon, with an office at No. 19 Preston street, and at the present time is police surgeon of the city of Worcester.

He received his education in the public schools here, graduating from the South High School in 1907, and in the University of Pennsylvania. He was afterward employed as traveling salesman and promotion traveller for The Barrett Company, No. 17 Battery place, New York City, in New England territory, having his headquarters in the Boston office of the company at No. 35 Wendell street; he continued with this concern from 1911 until he was ordered into active service, May 12, 1917. He was commissioned second lieutenant of infantry in the United States army, April 28, 1917; was promoted to the rank of captain, August 15, 1917, and assigned to the Seventy-sixth Division, then forming at Camp Devens, Ayer, Massachusetts. He was honorably discharged by order of President Wilson, April 29, 1918, for disability incurred in line of duty. Upon recovery, he returned to the employ of The Barrett Company and was salesman until September, 1918, when he returned to the service, now with the United States Shipping Board, New York.

He prepared for his military service at Plattsburg, beginning in June, 1916, as a private; took the winter course at the Harvard Club of Boston in the winter of 1916-17, and in due course was commissioned second lieutenant of infantry, Officers Reserve Corps, United States Army, April 28, 1917. He was ordered into active service, May 12, 1917, with orders to report to the Commanding Officer at Plattsburg Barracks, New York, for duty; was assigned to the Eleventh Company, New England Training Regiment; was transferred June 12th to Third Company, First Provisional Training Regiment; August 15, 1917, being promoted to captain and assigned to the Seventy-sixth Division at Camp Devens. He commanded Company C, 303d. Infantry. In politics Captain Nugent is a Democrat; in religion a Roman Catholic, a communicant of St. Paul's Church of this city.

WILLIAM H. KING, Colonel, late of Worcester, Massachusetts, whose death occurred August 21, 1882, in Los Angeles, California, was a native of the State of Maine, where he was born in the City of Portland, in the year 1843. There his childhood was passed, and there he received his education, attending for this purpose the local public schools. As a young man he left his native city and came to Berlin, Massachusetts, where he was residing at the outbreak of the Civil War. He enlisted, at Berlin, in Company G, of the Thirty-sixth regiment of Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, as a private, and for three years was at the front serving his country. He was promoted to the post of sergeant, and his regiment served under General Burnside and took part in many of the most important engagements of the war. Throughout these battles and those dreary periods of marching or waiting which intervened, Mr. King behaved himself with gallantry and courage, and at the end of three years received his honorable discharge. In the year 1865, he came to Worcester, Massachusetts, and there secured a position as book-keeper with C. B. Knight, later with the Baker Lumber Company. He continued thus employed for a number of years. Mr. King never lost his interest in military matters, but joined the Home Guard of Worcester and became captain of that organization. For seven years he continued in this capacity and then became major of the Second Regiment, Massachusetts National Guard. He was still later made colonel of this regiment and served his country through the Spanish-American war. Mr. King was also an active member of the Grand Army of the Republic, and was commander for two years of Post No. 10 of this organization. Mr. King was also prominent in the local lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and held the position of no-



Robert Edmond Nugent
Captain I. R. C.

ble grand therein. He had a personality which made him a great favorite and won him many friends, so that he enjoyed a very unusual degree of popularity.

William H. King was united in marriage, February 12, 1805, at Berlin, Massachusetts, with Percy Carter, a daughter of Amory and Percy (Spoffard) Carter, old and highly honored residents of that place, of which they were both natives. Mrs. King is a descendant of both the Carter and Sawyer families, which have held prominent places in the esteem and regard of the community since early Colonial times.

Mr. Amory Carter, father of Mrs. King, came to Worcester in the year 1844, with his family, and here engaged in the contracting business, building many of the fine homes of the city. He built among others practically all the old residences on West street, and his business extended beyond Worcester into the surrounding towns. He also did a large business of the same kind in Brooklyn, New York. His death occurred at Worcester, at the age of seventy-four years, and he was survived by his wife, who continued to reside here until she had reached the age of eighty-five. Mr. and Mrs. Carter were members of the old aristocracy of the city in those days, and occupied a very prominent place in its life. Mr. Carter was very active and public-spirited, and attended the Old South Church here. Mrs. Carter's daughter, attended in her childhood the old brick school on the common.

To Mr. and Mrs. King the following children were born: 1. Grace L., who became the wife of Albert Scott of Worcester, to whom she has borne one son, Lewis King Scott, who during the World War was in the service of his country as a member of the signal corps. 2. Mabel L., who resides with her mother at the old King home in Worcester. 3. William H., who is now engaged in business as an electrician at Everett, Massachusetts, served his country through the Spanish-American war and married Miss Lena Culver, by whom he has had one son, William H., Jr. 4. Leslie Burnside, who is now assistant foreman in the plant of the Heald Machine Company. He married Hannah Peterson.

Energy, self-confidence, and a strict adherence to the moral law, were the traits which seemed to lie at the bottom of Mr. King's character, and shape and guide its whole development. His success, as must all true success, depended quite as much upon his character as upon his knowledge, which was a later acquirement. It was this element which differentiated his career from a kind of success common enough to-day, and which, because it has no such basis, is apt to be looked upon, and justly, with disfavor. In all that he did for himself Mr. King kept the interests of those about him ever in sight and made no step, however conducive to his own ends, if, to his candid judgment, it appeared inimical to others.

RODNEY M. RICE, Agriculturist, was born in Worcester, March 17, 1827, and died in Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, July 24, 1883. He was the son of Jabez and Mary (Pierce) Rice. On both his paternal and maternal lines he was descended from historic old New England ancestry, his paternal American ancestor, Edmund Rice, born in England in 1594, was one of the early settlers of the old town of Sudbury, Massachusetts, before 1639, where he was made a freeman, May 13, 1642.

Rodney M. Rice obtained his early educational training in the schools of his native town and at Leicester Academy, and was reared on the paternal homestead, engaged in agricultural pursuits. At the time of his marriage, in 1861, he purchased a farm in West Boylston, which he successfully conducted for a period of ten years. Disposing of this farm, in 1871, he returned to Worcester, where he engaged in the grain business with his brother-in-law, George Wingate, in which business he was engaged some time. In 1881, he purchased the Elder Jefferson Haskell place, in Shrewsbury, which he continued to cultivate until his death. Thrifty and prudent, Mr. Rice was a worthy descendant of a time-honored and highly respected family. He was a member of the Congregational Church, and while a resident of Worcester, was a member of the Piedmont church, of which he was a faithful and valued member of the church choir. He was also an active and interested member of the Grange, Patrons of Husbandry. In political faith he was a Whig in early life, later becoming a Republican, but being of a quiet and retiring nature, did not aspire to public office.

On June 27, 1861, Mr. Rice was united in marriage to Anne Susan Wingate, daughter of Deacon Aaron Wingate and his wife, Phebe T. Lamos. To Mr. and Mrs. Rice was born one son, Frank Wingate Rice, who died in infancy. Mrs. Rice is a graduate of Mount Holyoke Seminary, class of 1849, and at the age of fifteen years began teaching school, continuing thus engaged until her marriage. She resides at the Rice homestead in Shrewsbury.

ALONZO MENDALL BUTTERFIELD, Grocer, was born in Oakham, Massachusetts, December 21, 1875, son of Marcus M. and Mary Haskell (McCullock) Butterfield. His father was in the trucking business in Oakham, and he received his

early schooling at Coldbrook Spring Grammar School. He began his business career in this city as traveling salesman for E. T. Smith Company, wholesale grocers. In 1900 he engaged in business as a grocer in this city, and has continued to the present time. Since 1910 his store has been at the present location, No. 887 Main street. He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce; Central Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; the Worcester Continentals; the United Commercial Travelers of America, of which he was secretary three years; the Worcester Retail Grocers and Provision Dealers Association, of which he was secretary three years, and is now president and has been since his election, May 1, 1918, and the Worcester Retail Credit Men's Association, of which he is the president at the present time (1918). He is a member of the First Baptist Church, and president of the Men's Association of that church. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Butterfield married, December 5, 1899, in this city, Nellie Emerson Hartwell, daughter of Clarence L. and Emeline M. (Morse) Hartwell. They have two children: Mendall Morse, born September 11, 1904, and Alonzo Emerson, January 5, 1912. Their home is at No. 57 Hollywood street.

ANDREW PETER LUNDBORG, Jeweler, was born September 20, 1862, in Afton, Washington county, Minnesota, son of Johannes and Christina (Larson) Lundborg. He was an infant when the family left his native place on account of Indian hostilities and removed to Carver county, Minnesota. During this uprising three uncles were killed by the Indians. In Carver county he attended the public schools, and when sixteen years of age he entered the academy connected with Gustavus Adolphus College, at St. Peter, Minnesota. He was afterwards a student in Augustana College, at Rock Island, Illinois, graduating in 1887 in the classical course. He came to Worcester in January, 1889, and opened a jewelry store at No. 212 Main street, and from the beginning he enjoyed a flourishing business. In 1900 he removed to the present store at No. 315 Main street. In politics Mr. Lundborg is a Republican, and he has taken an active part in public affairs. He served the city as member of the Common Council from Ward Two in 1906-07 with fidelity and efficiency. He is a member of the First Swedish Lutheran Church, and was superintendent of the Sunday school for fourteen years.

Mr. Lundborg married, in this city, in 1901, Hilda M. Ekendahl, of Winchester, Massachusetts. Her parents both died in Sweden. Mr. and Mrs. Lundborg have one daughter, Alfild Marie, born in this city, September 12, 1903, a graduate of the Bancroft School, Worcester, 1918, and now a student in the North High School. They reside at No. 12 Einhorn road in this city.

Johannes Lundborg, father of Andrew Peter Lundborg, was born in Sweden, died in Carver county, Minnesota, whither he went directly after coming to this country in 1857. His wife came two years later; she also died in Carver county. They had eleven children, of whom nine are now living: Andrew P., mentioned above; Charlotte, married G. A. Anderson, of Cologne, Carver county, Minnesota; August, a farmer of Cokato county, Minnesota, married and has a son, Albin, in the United States Army; Johanna, died at the age of twenty-eight, unmarried; Theodore, a farmer in Nisswa, Crow Wing county, Minnesota; John, a farmer, lives on the old home in Carver county; Anna, resides with her brother Theodore; Esther, died aged twenty-six; Samuel, jeweler, Braddock, Pennsylvania, married and has one child; Elfreda, a nurse, died at the age of nineteen; Joseph, lives with his brother, Theodore.

HENRY STEPHEN MC CREA, Undertaker, senior partner of McCrea & Flanagan, was born in Bennington, Vermont, September 4, 1871, son of Edwin D. and Ellen F. McCrea. His father was born in 1823 in Williamstown, and served in the Civil War in Company H, Twenty-seventh Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry; his mother was born in Waterford, Ireland, in 1846. He has two brothers: Edward C., born October 1, 1865, at Bennington, Vermont, a veteran of the Boer War in which he served as trooper in Lord Roberts' horse (cavalry) regiment with the rank of sergeant; now agent of the National Cash Register Company, residing at Durban, South Africa; and Arthur L., born November 4, 1867, at Bennington, Vermont, now an electrician at Turners Falls.

When Henry S. McCrea was very young his father moved to North Adams, where he began his schooling. He completed his education in Turners Falls High School. His business career began in Brooklyn, New York, where for two years he was employed as clerk in the store of the William H. Douglas Drug Company. While there he decided upon his profession in life, and left to study embalming at the United States College of Embalming in New York City. Having completed the course he had practical experience for two years as assistant to the late Professor Auguste Renouard



A. Sundborg.

at the college. In the March, 1917, number of "The Issue," the undertakers' magazine published in Worcester, Mr. McCrea wrote: "I would be remiss in my duty did I not at this time give credit to one who above all others stands out preeminently as the pioneer authority on this subject (embalming) and to whose memory a grateful profession throughout the entire world has erected a memorial shaft in Woodlawn Cemetery, New York, where sleeps all that is mortal of the late Professor Auguste Renouard." Someone has said: "If everyone to whom he did some loving service bring a blossom to his grave, he would sleep 'mid a wilderness of flowers." He gave "the best years of his life to the higher education of the American embalmer, who owes whatever measure of success he has attained to the characteristic zeal and energy of this great scholar."

Mr. McCrea's experience in his chosen profession was further extended by several years of experience in the employ of the George Sessions Sons Company, funeral directors and embalmers, of Worcester. He came to this city in 1894. Mr. McCrea engaged in business on his own account in 1909 at No. 120 Franklin street in this city, and six months later admitted to partnership John T. Flanagan, formerly representative to the State Legislature, under the present firm name, McCrea & Flanagan. The firm has been highly successful from the beginning. In politics Mr. McCrea is an Independent and has never aspired to public office. His principal recreation is music and he is an accomplished singer and pianist. For four years he was organist of Alhambra Council, Knights of Columbus. He is treasurer of Father Fitton Court, Catholic Order of Foresters.

He was president of the Massachusetts Embalmers Association from 1901 to 1904, and during his administration introduced the first legislation regulating the registration of embalmers in Massachusetts. In 1905 his friends presented his name as a proper person for the governor to appoint on the Board of Registration in Embalming. At the annual convention of the Massachusetts Undertakers Association at Springfield, June 28-29, 1916, he was elected secretary. He established the quarterly magazine, "The Issue," of which he is editor and publisher in behalf of the association, a publication devoted to the interests of the undertakers of the State. The "Telegram" said of him at the time of his election: "Mr. McCrea is conceded to be the most active and successful secretary the association has had in years, despite the fact that he has been in office but a short time. He has earned statewide prestige among undertakers by his work as editor of the Issue."

"The funeral director's profession" Mr. McCrea writes in the March, 1917, Issue, "is unlike any other. It is possibly more closely allied with that of the pharmacist. The druggist must have a technical education in pharmacy in order that he may successfully compound the physician's prescriptions. He makes a business of selling drugs, but in order to do so he must be a professional man. The selling of coffins and caskets, robes, linings, etc., represents the business end of the undertaker's business. The professional side is shown by his skill as an embalmer and sanitarian. Ushered into our homes to care for the dead comes the trained embalmer and sanitarian, whose dignity and moral character is above reproach, and whose ability to perform his duties properly is unquestioned by reason of his knowledge gained by a course of studies, and a rigid examination before state boards of examination. Obviously the funeral director and embalmer has made marvelous strides during the past few decades; and every step in advance serves to force upon the public the realization that it owes a debt of gratitude to the men who 'hitched their wagon to the star' of high ideals and worked untiringly to bring about conditions which were not dreamed of twenty-five years ago. It is an established fact that the American undertaker leads the world to-day. At no time in the history of the world has embalming reached a higher state of perfection than at present. It has become universally accepted as a sanitary measure, protecting the living and also preserving the dead until complete disintegration has taken place." Mr. McCrea is a communicant of St. John's Roman Catholic Church.

Mr. McCrea married, October 7, 1903, Eva M. Martin, who was born in 1870, in Worcester, daughter of Andrew and Margaret (O'Brien) Martin. Her father was born in Dublin, Ireland; her mother in Kilkenny, Ireland, and she died July 15, 1908. Their home is at No. 61 Vernon street. Mr. and Mrs. McCrea have two children: Paul Gordon, born October 12, 1904, and Edwin Andrew, born October 31, 1906.

CHARLES HERBERT SPARRELL, Purchasing agent and traffic manager of the Spencer Wire Company, former secretary of the Mercantile and Credit Bureaus of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce, 1916-17, first secretary of the Retail Credit Men's Association, was born in this city, July 4, 1873, son of Herbert Kirkwood and Louisa (Kerber) Sparrell. Herbert Kirkwood Sparrell is president and treasurer of B. S. Roy & Son Company and the Queensbury Mills of this city. His home is at

No. 941 Main street. He has a summer residence at Scituate. He is a member of the Odd Fellows, the Worcester Commercial Travelers' Association, the Harvard Club of Worcester and the Speedway Club.

Charles H. Sparrell attended the public schools and high schools here and Hinman's Business College. He began business in the office of the Wheelock Engine Company, and after four years with this concern entered the employ of Norcross Brothers Company. He was with the Norcross Company for a period of twenty years and during the time they ranked as the largest building concern of North America, was general paymaster and auditor of payrolls, purchases and accounts at their various offices, works and building operations. He resigned in 1916 to take charge of the Mercantile and Credit Bureaus of the Chamber of Commerce. In December, 1917, he resigned his position with the Chamber of Commerce to become affiliated with the Spencer Wire Company of Worcester. He was secretary of the Retail Credit Men's Association of Worcester from the beginning to January, 1918. (See Retail Credit Men's Association). He was one of the charter members of the Wellington Rifles (q. v.) and served a term of three years as corporal and sergeant. He is a member of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce, the Worcester County Farm Bureau, the Worcester County Republican Club, the Worcester County Fish and Game Association, of which he was one of the founders and second president, the Worcester Fox Club, the Retail Credit Men's Association of Worcester, the Retail Credit Men's National Association, the National Association of Mercantile Agencies, the Kiwanis Club, the Wellington Rifles Veteran Association, the Worcester Young Men's Christian Association, and the First Universalist Church. His home is at No. 1 Bishop avenue.

Mr. Sparrell married, January 4, 1898, Lavinia Elizabeth Strong, daughter of Albert Randolph and Alice (Edgecomb) Strong. Mrs. Sparrell is an untiring worker in the charitable activities of the First Universalist Church, Worcester Chapter of the Red Cross, and the Colonel Timothy Bigelow Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution. They have two children: Herbert Kirkwood, 2d, born February 26, 1899, graduate of the New York School of Agriculture, an expert in fruit and poultry; Lester Strong, born February 12, 1904.

TIMOTHY HENRY MURPHY, Undertaker, was born in Worcester, September 5, 1846. His father, Dennis Murphy, was born in Ireland, coming among the first from that country to this city in the year 1843 and marrying in St. John's Roman Catholic Church, Worcester, Mary J. Cahilan, Rev. Father Gibson officiating. Father and mother are deceased.

Mr. Murphy's schooling began in the old Thomas street public school and continued until he was fifteen years old. In 1861 he began to learn the machinist's trade in the shops of the Ethan Allen Company, manufacturers of firearms, in Worcester, and he remained in the employ of this concern for nearly twelve years, leaving finally to accept the position of superintendent in the Johnson & Bye Fire Arms Factory. Afterward he was employed as superintendent and expert machinist in the Roller Skate department, and later in the boot-tree department of the Colby & Porter Last Company, also of Worcester. Being ambitious to have a business of his own, he tried the real estate and insurance field for a time, but eventually determined to qualify himself as an undertaker and embalmer. Accordingly he became a student in Clark's School of Embalming, Boston, and received his certificate July 18, 1892. He began business in the same year with a partner, under the firm name of Reynolds & Murphy, having headquarters in the Scott building, Main and Franklin streets. In 1897 this firm was dissolved and Mr. Murphy resumed the undertaking business alone at No. 96 Park street, starting with meagre capital, but soon gaining a strong foothold. His natural tact, dignity and courtesy, attractive personality, as well as his thorough training and skill in all the details of his profession, and business ability, served to bring into demand his services, especially among the families of his religious faith. Since 1901 he has occupied his present quarters at Nos. 132-34 Franklin street. In 1914 he purchased the building and land occupied by his business. In recent years his son, Timothy Henry Murphy, Jr., became associated with his father in the business. Mr. Murphy possesses what many men in his business lack, a careful training in book-keeping and business system. His penmanship is like engraving and his accuracy is shown by the fact that in earlier life he kept a set of books for six years without making an error or erasure.

Mr. Murphy is keenly interested in public affairs, a citizen of fine public spirit. He served on the school board, representing Ward 3, 1873-1876. He is devoted to his family, and gives to his children his confidence and support, the best things obtainable in life within his means, and is providing for their future to the best of

his ability. Perhaps after all nothing shows the character of a man better than his domestic life, his love and care for his children. Faithful to the religion of his fathers, he has been a generous and loyal supporter of St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church, of which he has been for many years a communicant. He is one of the oldest members of Alhambra Council, No. 88, Knights of Columbus; member of Worcester Council, Royal Arcanum; and for eleven years treasurer of William E. Russell Council, now Worcester Council, No. 12, Royal Arcanum; member of Court City of Worcester, Massachusetts; Catholic Order of Foresters; of Division 35, Ancient Order of Hibernians; and Knights of Robert Emmet. In politics he is a Democrat. For seven years he was a member of the executive board of the Massachusetts Undertakers Association and for three years chairman.

Mr. Murphy married, in May of 1871, Mary A. Ryan, who was born in Ireland, a daughter of Thomas and Catharine (Maher) Ryan. Mr. and Mrs. Murphy have three sons and three daughters: 1. Dr. Joseph B., born in Worcester, graduate of Columbia College, now practicing in New York City. 2. Timothy Henry, Jr., now associated with his father. 3. Frank J., now in business in San Diego, California, with Smith, Murphy & Randall. 4. Mary Edward. 5. Minnie C. 6. Elizabeth R., now teaching in the Worcester public schools.

JAMES A. GALLAGHER, Public official, is a grandson of Peter Gallagher, born in the North of Ireland, settled early in life in New Brunswick, and engaged in trucking, farming and lumbering. He also lived for a few years at Richmond, Maine. He married Rhoda Jackson, who was also a native of Ireland. Children: Francis, mentioned below; Michael, John, James, Daniel, George, Jeremiah, Peter, William, Sarah, Mary, Kittie.

Francis Gallagher, son of Peter Gallagher, was born in 1830 at Richmond, Maine, and went with his parents from his native town to New Brunswick, locating in the town of Newbury. He died in Worcester, whither he came in 1870, shortly after his marriage. He was a carpenter by trade, and for forty years was in business as a contractor and builder in Worcester, Massachusetts. He built the first of the type of apartment house known as the three-decker, and during the course of his business life constructed a large number of these dwelling houses. He continued in active business until shortly before his death in 1914, at the age of eighty-four years. He married Theresa McElheny, daughter of James and Ellen (Burns) McElheny, who were both natives of Ireland. Her parents came to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, but moved afterward to New Brunswick. Her mother died and is buried in Boston, Massachusetts. Children of James and Ellen McElheny: Mary, deceased; Ellen, deceased; Julia, deceased; Hugh, deceased; Theresa, mentioned above, now living in Worcester. Children of Francis and Theresa (McElheny) Gallagher: 1. Annie. 2. Agnes, married William H. Brady, a police inspector of Worcester. 3. Augusta, was for twenty years Superior of Notre Dame Order at the Star of the Sea Convent, East Boston, and Notre Dame Convent, Chicopee; died in 1916 at Fond-du-Lac Convent, Worcester, where she spent the last six months of her life. 4. Peter, a carpenter by trade; was for two years a member of the Common Council of the City of Worcester from Ward Four; married (first) Nora Brady; (second) Nellie Brady. 5. Louisa, unmarried. 6. Mary, unmarried. 7. Sarah, a grammar school teacher. 8. Gertrude, married Timothy F. Larkin, lawyer, of Worcester; she is an accomplished pianist and teacher of music. 9. Frank, deceased. 10. Julia, deceased. 11. James A., mentioned below.

James A. Gallagher, son of Francis Gallagher, was born at Newbury, New Brunswick, July 22, 1868. He attended the public schools of Worcester, but in his thirteenth year, when in the seventh grade, left school to begin work as errand boy in a machine shop. He served an apprenticeship of four years in the machinist trade, but abandoned it finally in favor of his father's occupation. For the past thirty years he has followed the trade and business of carpentering. For twelve years he was contract superintendent for J. J. Higgins & Company. During the past twelve years he has been in business as a contractor and builder in Worcester. He has made a specialty of the three-decker which his father introduced and made popular. It is said that James A. Gallagher has built more of this style of residence than any other man in Worcester. He has devoted much attention also to building houses to sell and developing real estate. He developed nearly all the side of the hill on Houghton street. At times he has fifty carpenters in his employ. In addition to his extensive real estate and contracting business he has given much time to public service. In politics he is a Democrat, one of the local leaders of his party, keenly interested in municipal affairs. He represented Ward Four in the Common Council of the City of Worcester in 1911 and 1912. Since 1915 he has been a member of the Board of Aldermen of the city. He has served on some very important committees, including streets, police, public buildings, legislation, street lighting, mayor's inaugural and unfinished business, of

which he was chairman. He was also on the Committee on Assessments for Street Betterments, and chairman of the Committee on Elections and Election Returns. He gave his support to the pay-as-you-go policy of the city, established in 1915, and now in satisfactory operation. He was a member of the city government when the grade crossing ordinance was passed and the Lake Quinsigamond Bridge finally voted. He is given credit for having acted in good faith and consistently on all measures in the interests of the people and municipality. He was the first alderman elected from his ward without opposition. He has been chairman of the Democratic City Committee, and is well known in business and political circles throughout the State. His personality, cordiality and good nature have won a host of friends for him. His energy, shrewdness and ambition have won him success in business. As a public officer he has been efficient, zealous and faithful. Personally he is deservedly popular among all classes of citizens. He is a member of the local order of the Knights of Columbus, the Ancient Order of Hibernians and the Eagles. He has a very attractive residence at No. 69 May street.

Mr. Gallagher married, October 28, 1896, Elizabeth Leonard, daughter of John and Catharine (Rooney) Leonard, of Worcester. His wife is a native of Worcester, educated there in the parochial schools. Children: Marian, graduate of the Worcester Parochial School, 1916; Loretta; Rhoda, deceased; Leonard, Catharine, Frank, Elizabeth.

REV. CHARLES EDWARD SIMMONS, Clergyman, was born in this city, October 13, 1834, where he died May 5, 1912, son of John and Hannah (Howe) Simmons. John Simmons was a contractor and manufacturer in this city from 1830 to 1876; was lieutenant in the Second Massachusetts Regiment, 1827-29.

Charles E. Simmons attended the public schools, the Worcester Academy, the Shelburne Falls Academy (Massachusetts), Madison University, now Colgate University, at Hamilton, New York, graduating in 1861 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He graduated from the Hartford Theological School in 1871. He was pastor of the North Spencer Baptist Church in 1868; of the Baptist church at Southwick, Massachusetts, 1871-76; at Thompson, Connecticut, 1876-77; South Windsor, Connecticut, 1877-81. He became blind as a result of army life, but continued to preach most of the time. In 1891 he recovered his sight. In politics he was a Democrat. For twenty-five years he was chaplain of the Worcester County Jail and for five years of the Worcester Home Farm. He was superintendent of schools in Southwick, Massachusetts, from 1872 to 1874. During the Civil War, 1861-65, he was a private and hospital steward of the Twenty-first Massachusetts Regiment, Volunteer Infantry; was shot through the left leg; a prisoner in Libby. He was secretary of his regiment for a number of years, and was succeeded by his daughter, Mrs. Flora A. Chapin, who had been his assistant. She is now the daughter of the regiment, the third to receive that distinction, succeeding the late Clara Barton. Dr. Simmons was a charter member of George H. Ward Post, No. 10, Grand Army of the Republic, and served as its chaplain; also a member of the Union Veteran Legion. He was a member of the First Baptist Church of this city.

Dr. Simmons married, at Hamilton, New York, August 28, 1860, Jane Victoria Waldron, daughter of George Richard and Mary Elizabeth (Crisman) Waldron. Children: 1. Charles Gilbert, born July 6, 1864, died September 8, 1902; clergyman, pastor of Baptist churches in Rowe, Charlemont and Northborough, Massachusetts, and New Woodstock, New York; married Annie Given Perkins, and had two children: Margaret Perkins, now assistant bacteriologist for the New York Board of Health, and Robert Henry, student at Colby Academy. 2. Henry Durant, born April 22, 1868, foreman of the Whitcomb & Blaisdell Machine Company; married Mary Hyde Evans, and had three children: May Victoria, died in infancy; Charles Warren, now in France with the One Hundred and Fourth United States Infantry; and Harold Edward, corporal in the One Hundred and Fourth Regiment, United States Infantry, also in France. 3. Flora Amorette, born September 21, 1871; graduate of the Worcester School; of Vassar College, 1895; Professor of Latin and Greek in the Huguenot College, South Africa, 1895-1900; teacher in the Worcester High Schools; married Edwin Thaddeus Chapin, of this city, and has one child, Dorothy Eunice Chapin, born October 6, 1907; she is now department president of the Massachusetts Woman's Relief Corps, 1918-19. 4. Dr. Hannah Coralynn (see biography). 5. Dr. Edward Burnside (see biography).

Jane Victoria (Waldron) Simmons, mother of these children, was born in Hamilton, New York, October 6, 1838; attended the public schools there and the Hamilton Female Seminary. She is a member of the George H. Ward Woman's Relief Corps of this city; Stella Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star; Union Veterans' Auxiliary, of which she was the national president in 1898-99. Her father was a publisher in



Charles E. Simmons



Jane Victoria Simmons,

Hamilton; librarian for many years of the State Senate, Albany, New York; post-master of the Assembly, State Capitol, New York. He was captain of the One Hundred and Fifty-seventh New York Infantry Regiment in the Civil War.

Dr. Hannah Coralynn Simmons was born in Thompson, Connecticut, February 14, 1877; graduated from the Classical High School in 1897, and from Tufts College Medical School in 1902. She was resident physician at the Massachusetts Reformatory Prison for Women, 1901-02, and since then has practiced in this city. She has been assistant sister in the Red Cross since 1898. She is a member of Stella Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star; George H. Ward Woman's Relief Corps, of which she is the physician; Naomi Rebekah Lodge, Odd Fellows; Clara Barton Tent, Daughters of Veterans; the Worcester District Medical Society; Massachusetts Medical Society; American Medical Association, and the First Baptist Church.

EDWARD BURNSIDE SIMMONS, Physician and surgeon, was born in this city, February 8, 1882. He attended the public schools here, graduating from the English High School in 1901. He entered Colgate University, from which he graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1906. He then became a student in the Colgate Theological School, graduating in 1909. He decided to study medicine, however, and entered the Columbia University College of Physicians and Surgeons, graduating in 1913. He received the degree of Master of Science from Colgate in 1914 and the degree of Master of Arts from Columbia in 1915. In 1913-14 he served as house officer of the Worcester City Hospital, and in 1914 began to practice in this city, continuing until called into service, May 25, 1917.

He was ordained for the ministry in Worcester, in 1909, the first to be ordained in the new Baptist church, and was acting pastor of the First Baptist Church in 1915 and 1916. He served as assistant pastor of the Judson Memorial Church of New York City, from 1910 to 1913, and he was pastor of the Baptist church of Watertown, New York, in 1908. In politics Dr. Simmons is a Republican. While living in Hamilton he was town surveyor. He is a member of Willie Grout Camp, Sons of Veterans, of this city; the Masonic Lodge at Hamilton; Worcester District Medical Society, Massachusetts Medical Society, American Medical Association, the Madison Club of Colgate University, First Baptist Church. He began his army service as first lieutenant of Ambulance Company No. 13, at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana; was promoted captain, and is now major with Sanitary Train No. 317, Division 92, Camp Funston, Kansas.

Dr. Simmons married, at Hamilton, June 24, 1915, Ruth Benedict Ingalls, daughter of Walter and Angela (Benedict) Ingalls. They have one child, Ingalls Howe, born June 9, 1916.

ERNEST LEROI HUNT, Physician, was born in Abington, Massachusetts, November 11, 1877, son of Washington and Mary (Nickerson) Hunt. Washington Hunt was born in Abington, Massachusetts, in what is now Rockland, February 27, 1827, died in Abington, May 8, 1893. His wife, Mary Hunt, was born June 10, 1834, in Mercer, Maine. The other children of Washington and Mary Hunt were: Charles W., born November 17, 1855; M. Ella, December 1, 1859; Frank E., January 31, 1863; Brenelle, February 27, 1875.

Ernest L. Hunt attended the public schools of his native town, leaving the high school in his senior year to take a special course in chemistry in the Massachusetts College of Pharmacy. Afterward he became a student in the Medical School of Harvard University, from which he graduated in 1902 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine (*cum laude*). After serving as interne in the Worcester City Hospital from March 1, 1902, to June 30, 1903, he began to practice in this city in July, 1903, with offices at No. 2 Wellington street. In May, 1905, he moved to his present offices in The Standish, No. 771 Main street; since 1909 he has resided at No. 120 Lovell street, in the Columbus Park district. He was appointed assistant pathologist to the Worcester City Hospital in 1903 and has continued in this service to the present time. He was appointed surgeon to out-patients of the City Hospital in 1908, and in 1918 assistant surgeon. Since 1915 he has been consulting anethetist to Memorial Hospital. From 1908 to July 25, 1918, he was associate medical examiner for the Eleventh Worcester District, when he resigned to enter the military service of the United States; from June 21, 1917, to July 25, 1918, he was the medical member of the Local Board for Division Four, City of Worcester, United States Selective Service. He was commissioned captain in the Medical Reserve Corps, United States Army, June 17, 1918, and entered active service, July 25, 1918, at Camp Sevier, Greenville, South Carolina, where he was assigned to duty in the Base Hospital. In politics he is a Republican.

Dr. Hunt is a member of the Worcester Economic Club; Ridgeley Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Quinsigamond Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted

Masons; and the First Universalist Church, of this city. He was formerly superintendent of the First Universalist Sunday school of Abington. He is a fellow of the Massachusetts Medical Society and was elected a councillor in May, 1918; member of the Worcester District Medical Society, of which he was secretary from 1912 to 1918; member of the American Medical Association, and fellow of the American College of Surgeons.

Dr. Hunt married, June 4, 1907, at Worcester, Isabel Girling, born October 21, 1876, daughter of James and Eliza (Rayforth) Girling. Her father was born in England, August 3, 1845; her mother also in England, November 7, 1854. Dr. and Mrs. Hunt have three children: Isabel, born March 7, 1908; Ethel Dorothy, born July 14, 1911; Alfred Elizabeth, born January 12, 1913.

SAMUEL HORTON COLTON, Publisher, was born in Longmeadow, Massachusetts, November 24, 1804, and died September 12, 1875, in Chicago, Illinois, son of Reuben and Rozana (Atkins) Colton.

His ancestry is: Reuben (5), Aaron (4), Benjamin (3), Isaac (2), and George (1) Colton, founder of the American family in Connecticut and Massachusetts. He came to New England among the early pioneers about 1644.

Samuel H. Colton received his early education in the public schools and served an apprenticeship in the printing office of the Hampshire Gazette. About 1825 he came to Worcester and soon afterward entered into partnership with John Milton Earle in the publication of the Worcester Spy, a newspaper founded in Boston by Isaiah Thomas, in 1770, published in Worcester from 1887 to 1904. It was owned by the founder and his son until 1814. Mr. Earle and Anthony Chase bought the business in 1823. Under the name of S. H. Colton & Company the paper was published for twenty years. This was a period of intense political feeling. The Spy was a Federal organ early in the nineteenth century and under the management of Mr. Colton it was vigorous and aggressive. In 1845 failing health compelled Mr. Colton to retire from the newspaper business, and he afterward engaged in the nursery business at the corner of Main and Austin streets and at South Worcester. He was afterward in the insurance business in Worcester. He was active and successful in business and prominent in public affairs. He served the town as selectman and the city as a member of the Common Council. He invested extensively in real estate in Worcester and the growth of the city vastly increased the value of his holdings. He was for many years treasurer of the People's Fire Insurance Company. He was a faithful member of the Society of Friends in Worcester. He was prominent in the anti-slavery movement, and in later years a Republican politically. Mr. Colton did much to promote the interest in agriculture and horticulture in Worcester county. His work in arbor culture is especially mentioned by Arabella H. Tucker in her book, "Trees of Worcester" (1894).

Mr. Colton married (first) Anna Earle, of Leicester, who died soon after her marriage, leaving no children. He married (second), December 14, 1843, Ann King, born in Flushing, Long Island, daughter of John and Mary (Bowne) King. Her father was a London banker, who emigrated to New York about 1791, and became treasurer of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of New York City, where he died. Her mother, Mary (Bowne) King, was born in Flushing, Long Island, in 1777, daughter of James and Caroline (Rodman) Bowne, and was the mother of three sons and seven daughters. The only son who grew to maturity was Dr. John Bowne King, for many years a prominent physician of Nantucket, Massachusetts. Mrs. Colton died March 30, 1902. Children of Samuel Horton and Ann Colton: 1. John Bowne, born November 17, 1844, died February 15, 1901; for many years was with the Bay State Shoe Company; married Louisa Holt, daughter of Robert and Constance (Burrill) Holt, of New York City and Summit, New Jersey; child, Ann King. 2. Mary R., died in infancy, February 2, 1850, on date of birth of next child. 3. Mary Rodman, born February 2, 1850; now living in Worcester. 4. Reuben, born November 27, 1855; educated in the public and high schools of Worcester, the Friends School, Providence, and at Haverford College, from which he graduated in 1876, assistant librarian of the American Antiquarian Society, 1877 to 1890; landscape gardener and architect, now retired, residing in Boston; married Grace Cleveland, daughter of Edwin and Anna Cleveland, of Worcester. 5. Samuel Horton (see biography).

SAMUEL HORTON COLTON, JR., Manufacturer, was born at Worcester, August 17, 1857, and died July 2, 1913, in Millbury, Massachusetts, son of Samuel Horton and Ann (King) Colton.

He attended the Friends' School, now the Moses Brown School of Providence, also the public schools of Worcester including the high school. When a young man



L. A. Williams

he went to California and there entered the United States Navy, serving as paymaster's clerk on the man-of-war, "Alaska." He returned to Worcester and for several years was with the Bay State Shoe Company. He left this business to engage in the manufacture of wire and wire cloth as partner in the firm of Wright & Colton Wire Cloth Company, of which he was treasurer for ten years. The company bought an established business at Palmer, and established a factory also in Worcester, soon becoming one of the largest concerns in this line of business. At the present time the business is conducted under the name of Wright Wire Company, of which George M. Wright, ex-mayor of Worcester, is president and general manager. After Mr. Colton retired from the Wright & Colton Wire Cloth Manufacturing Company, he devoted his attention to agriculture, and had an estate of two hundred acres at Millbury. Mr. Colton was fond of nature and out-door sports. He was a member of the Tatnuck Country Club, the Grafton Country Club, the Union Club of Boston, Massachusetts, the Worcester Club, and the New England Horticultural Society. He traveled extensively, and in 1911, in company with Fred C. Daniels, of Worcester, made a trip to British Columbia. He attended All Saints Protestant Episcopal Church, and was a member of the Union Bible Society.

Mr. Colton married, November 28, 1891, Elizabeth Slater Howe, born March 31, 1864, daughter of James H. and Elizabeth Hamilton (Slater) Howe, of Webster, granddaughter of George Bassett Slater. Mrs. Colton was educated under private tutors and at the private school of Miss Williams in Worcester and Miss Sanger in Boston. She is active in church and charitable work in All Saints parish. Children: 1. Katherine, born September 4, 1892; attended Dana Hall, Wellesley; married Loring Coes; three children, Elizabeth Slater, Loring, Jr., and Rufus Putnam Coes. 2. Samuel Horton, Jr., born February 2, 1894; graduate of the Worcester High School; served in the aviation corps in the World War. 3. James Howe, born July 26, 1895; graduate of the Worcester High School, and of Dartmouth College, class of 1916; served in the United States Navy in World War. 4. John Bowne, born May 20, 1897; graduate of Bordentown Military Institute, New Jersey, served in the United States Navy in World War. 5. Sydney, born June 15, 1899; attended Moses Brown School, Providence. 6. Rodman, born October 10, 1902; attended the Worcester High School, and the Moses Brown School, Providence; also served in the World War. 7. Susanna Boylston, born February 25, 1905. 8. Eleanor King, born April 1, 1907.

CHARLES A. WILLIAMS, Banker, who died in this city, October 1, 1906, was a man of honest purposes, to which he always diligently applied himself. He was held in the highest respect and love by many loyal friends throughout his life, and his memory among them shall be forever dear.

Warren Williams, father of Charles A. Williams, was born in Woolwich, Maine, July 2, 1811, and died in this city, May 4, 1896. He was a direct descendant of Richard Williams, who was one of the early settlers of Taunton, Massachusetts, and who in turn was descended from Oliver Cromwell, the Protector. The Williams family is one of great antiquity in both England and Wales. When a young man, Warren Williams came to Worcester, where he found employment with the firm of L. & A. G. Coes, manufacturers of woolen machinery, which business was afterward conducted by Henry Goulding. In this concern Mr. Williams advanced from journeyman to superintendent of the factory. In 1851 he became a partner in the business, under the firm name of Willard, Williams & Company, the factory being located at the corner of Union and School streets. In 1854 Mr. Williams withdrew from the firm and retired to a farm in North Worcester. In 1858 he bought the interests of Charles Ballard in the firm of Ball & Ballard, manufacturers of wood-working machinery, and the firm of Ball & Williams continued the business for some years. During the Civil War this firm was engaged in manufacturing the Ballard breech-loading rifle, invented by Charles Ballard. After the war Mr. Williams sold his interests in the business to his partner, later becoming appraiser for the People's Savings Bank, for which he procured the charter and served on its board of trustees for more than twenty years, also on the finance committee, and as vice-president. For more than fifty years he was a member of the Union Congregational Church, in the work of which he took a very prominent part, having been treasurer of the building committee when the present church edifice was erected. For more than thirty years he was a member of the Mechanics' Association, in which he also held various offices. For a period of over fifteen years he was a director of the Worcester Safe Deposit and Trust Company, later the Worcester Trust Company, and now the Worcester Bank and Trust Company. For many years he was chairman of the Board of Trade and a director of the Protective Union Company. He was also for a number of years an auditor of the Providence and

Worcester Railroad Company. He was also active in public affairs, and represented Worcester from Ward Eight in the General Court in 1863-64 and 1868-69, serving on the committees on finance and claims. In political faith he was a stalwart Republican.

On May 16, 1838, Mr. Williams married Harriet Minerva Whittaker, who was born at Princeton, Massachusetts, March 17, 1815, and died in this city, July 6, 1901. Mr. and Mrs. Williams lived to celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding. To them were born two children: Charles Austin, mentioned below; and Mary Elizabeth, who died, unmarried, in 1899.

Charles Austin Williams, son of Warren and Harriet Minerva (Whittaker) Williams, was born at Worcester, August 17, 1847. He attended the public schools, the high school and the Highland Military Academy of his native city, being a drummer boy at the latter school during the period of the Civil War. At the age of eighteen years he began his business career in the City National Bank as a clerk. He was advanced through the different departments until he became assistant cashier, remaining with this institution for a period of thirty-two years, until 1898, when, owing to the decision of the bank officials to discontinue the office of assistant cashier, Mr. Williams retired. He was a director of the Worcester Trust Company for many years, and the following memorial was adopted by his associates on the board of directors:

"In the death on Monday, October 1st, of Charles A. Williams, this institution has lost an able and conscientious director, and the members of the board, a warm, personal friend. His long experience in banking qualified him especially for the discharge of the arduous duties of auditing the accounts, which service he rendered with great fidelity and efficiency. He was possessed of a genial and courteous personality, an unfailing cheerfulness and a kindness of heart which revealed a readiness to perform all the offices of friendship and affection. His standard of personal character and honor was the highest. Of absolute and unquestioned integrity, he secured and retained the confidence of the community. In his home, to which he was devotedly attached and where his loss will be most keenly felt, he was the ideal husband and father. The directors desire to extend to the widow and children of Mr. Williams their heartfelt sympathy and to assure them that they will long cherish his memory."

He was also a director of the Protective Union Company, of Worcester, succeeding his father, and at a meeting of the board of directors, held October 2, 1906, the following tribute to his memory was adopted:

"In the death of Mr. Williams, we each feel a personal loss. He was endeared to us by long and pleasant association, and it is hard, indeed, to feel that he has gone from our midst. He always met us with a cheery greeting and made our meetings seem for friendly as well as for business purposes. Geniality, kindness, generosity and justice were qualities ever manifested by him in our business relations. He was wise in counsel and loyal to the interests of the store, in which he took commendable pride. He won the respect and love of the employees of the store, by his courtesy and kindness. If a day passed, and Mr. Williams did not call in to spend an hour, all noticed his absence, and missed the cheerful salute which all received from him. We know we speak the sentiments of the clerks, one and all, when we say that Mr. Williams will long be remembered and loved by them. For ourselves, we feel his loss very keenly. We have lost a loved associate and co-worker, and the company has lost a faithful and efficient officer."

Mr. Williams was a valued member of the Worcester Club, the Quinsigamond Boat Club, and the Tatnuck Country Club. He regularly attended the Union Congregational Church, and had entire charge of the building fund of the present church edifice on Chestnut street. In political faith he was a firm believer in the principles of the Republican party. As a result of his genial, affable manner, Mr. Williams enjoyed the acquaintance of a very large circle of friends, whom he never failed to greet with a cordial smile. He was very fond of horses and all dumb animals, and his love for them and their welfare was most marked.

Mr. Williams was united in marriage, October 10, 1878, to Josephine C. Haskell, who was born at Canton, Illinois, June 30, 1856, and who was the daughter of William Henry and Aurelia Bulkeley (Lord) Haskell. To this union were born three sons: 1. Charles Austin, Jr., born February 27, 1881, who died in infancy. 2. Haskell, born November 15, 1883. 3. Warren, born May 14, 1885. The two latter attended the public schools of this city, and completed their education at Harvard University, both graduating therefrom in the class of 1906, with the degree of Bachelor of Science. Haskell then became engaged with the Dennison Manufacturing Company, of Framingham, Massachusetts, and after two years with this organization he went with the United States Envelope Company, being connected with

the purchasing department of that corporation for two years, when he became identified with the Massachusetts Employees Insurance Association, of Boston, taking charge of the Worcester office. At the entry of the United States into the World War, he resigned his position to attend the Officers Training Camp at Plattsburg, New York, from which he was commissioned a first lieutenant of infantry, United States Regulars, and sent for special instruction to France. After six months' illness in the army hospital in France, he was ordered back to the United States, on account of partial blindness, and honorably discharged from the service, as disabled in line of duty. He is a member of the Phoenix Club, of Harvard, and of the Quinsigamond Boat Club, of Worcester. Warren, while at Harvard, was coxswain of the 1906 freshman crew. After leaving college he went to New Haven, Connecticut, where he entered the employ of the Seamless Rubber Company, remaining with that company until 1913, when he became identified with the Acme Wire Company, of New Haven, of which he is now assistant sales manager. He is a member of the Harvard Club of New York, of the Phoenix Club, of Harvard, and of the Quinnipiac Club of New Haven. He married Mary Rice Banister, daughter of Charles H. and Ada (Bush) Banister, of this city, and they are the parents of two children, Nancy, born August 1, 1913, and Warren, Jr., born March 15, 1917.

EDWARD MINTON WOODWARD, Principal of the South High School, was born in Paxton, Massachusetts, August 13, 1860, son of Albert E. and Lizzie (Minton) Woodward. His father was a farmer and for many years conducted the Wetherell farm located in the vicinity of Newton Square and including Newton Hill, and during his boyhood the son attended the public schools here and assisted his father. He graduated from the Worcester Classical High School in 1881, and entered Amherst College, from which he graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in the class of 1885. Since then he has been constantly engaged in teaching in the public schools.

His first experience, in 1886, was at Hubbardston, and from the fall of that year until 1903 he taught mathematics and the sciences in the Classical High School of this city. Since 1903 he has been principal of the new South High School. It is the invariable testimony of his pupils that Mr. Woodward possesses exceptional gifts as an instructor, and his personal qualities win the love and stir the ambition of students. No public school principal has a more loyal body of pupils and alumni to testify to his success as a teacher and principal. The standing of the graduates of the South High School in higher institutions of learning year after year has demonstrated his executive ability and efficiency. His relations with the school committee and superior officers and with the teachers under him have been characterized by the utmost harmony and good feeling.

Mr. Woodward's social relations have been unusually pleasant, not only in educational circles, but in fraternal and other social organizations. He is one of the very few Masons of the city of Worcester to attain the thirty-third degree. He has been a member of the highest Masonic body in the country since 1906. He belongs to all the intermediate bodies of the City and State. He is a member of Morning Star Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, No. 5, Knights Templar; Worcester Lodge of Perfection; Goddard Council, Princes of Jerusalem; Lawrence Chapter of Rose Croix; the Massachusetts Consistory (thirty-second degree), of Boston. He is also a member of Stella Chapter, Order of Eastern Star. He has held office in all of the various Masonic organizations of which he is a member. He is a charter member of the college fraternity, Theta Delta Chi. He is a member of the Economic Club of this city, the Congregationalist Club, the Massachusetts Schoolmasters Club, the National Educational Association, and is a former president of the Worcester Principals Club and of the Worcester County Teachers Association. In religion he is a Congregationalist, and in politics a Republican. Mr. Woodward is a director of the Worcester Co-Operative Bank, and of the Home Co-Operative Bank.

Mr. Woodward married, August 4, 1887, Sarah Emma Hemenway, who was born in Barre, June 17, 1864, daughter of Chauncey C. and Sarah Elizabeth (Parker) Hemenway. Their home is at No. 736 Pleasant street. They have five children: 1. Harold Edward, born July 5, 1888; graduate of the Classical High School; of Amherst College (A. B. 1910); of Columbia University (Ph. D. 1912); now chemist for the United States government, located at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; married Ethel Catherine Willcox, and they have one son, David Willcox Woodward. 2. Ruth Lizzie, born July 14, 1890; graduate of the Classical High School and of Mt. Holyoke College (A. B. 1912); now a teacher in the High School of Commerce in this city. 3. Geraldine Mary, born December 27, 1891; married Frederick W. Flint, and they have one daughter, Helen Elizabeth Flint. 4. Ethel Frances, born July 18, 1902. 5. Albert Hemenway, born September 8, 1904.

SYLVANUS B. ROY, Late president and treasurer of the Riverside Mills and B. S. Roy & Son Company, and one of the representative manufacturers of Worcester, Massachusetts, was a native of Rockville, Connecticut, where his birth occurred September 21, 1877, and his death occurred at his home, No. 200 Lowell street in this city, April 7, 1916.

He was a son of Basil S. Roy, who was born at Ellensburg, New York, August 13, 1837, who by dint of unusual ability and perseverance raised himself from a very humble position to a place of esteem in the community. Mr. Roy, Sr., was an extremely ambitious young man, and when eighteen was made foreman of a woolen mill in Northern New York. Here he remained for seven years and then resigned that position to accept a better one with the Riverside Mills at Providence, Rhode Island. He was a man of unusual inventive genius and devised a number of improvements for the machinery used in the manufacture of woollens. It was while with the Riverside Mill that he invented his first improvement of the carding engine. A few years later he was called to the New England Company of Rockville, Connecticut, a concern which manufactured fine woolen goods, where he invented the Traverse grinder for carding engines, which bears his name and which revolutionized the method of grinding carding engines. He subsequently obtained above thirty patents on card-grinding machinery alone, as well as a number of others for other devices. Several of these were for improvements in looms and steam engines. He was known as the father of the card-grinding machinery business in the United States, and wherever the name of Roy is mentioned it stands for the finest machinery in this line in the world. He was doubtless the first authority on this branch of the process of manufacturing wool in the world, and machinery bearing his name has been sent to every country on the globe containing textile mills. Basil S. Roy was a man of strong domestic instincts and spent as much of his time as is possible with his family. He was a lover of fine animals and up to within a few years of his death, when his health began to fail, he kept one of the finest stock farms in Worcester county. This farm was situated on Fowler street, near the Tatnuck Country Club, and consisted of more than three hundred acres, which were stocked with the finest Jersey cattle. He was very successful in his business operation and organized the highly successful firm of B. S. Roy & Sons. He was also the owner of the mills at South Worcester, known as the Riverside Mills, and came to this city to live about the year 1880. He married Helen Hicks, a daughter of Hantny Hicks, and they were the parents of eight children, as follows: Mary, who became Mrs. Fred L. Alden; Lena, who became Mrs. Edward A. Richmond; Harriet L., who became Mrs. Fred Wildes; Clara; Gertrude, and Sylvanus B., with whose career we are here especially concerned.

Sylvanus B. Roy was educated at the schools of Worcester, to which town he came with his parents in the year 1880, when just three years of age. Upon completing his studies he became associated with his father in the firm of B. S. Roy & Sons, and continued thus until his father's death in 1916, when he became the sole proprietor of the business. The concern was incorporated in the year 1915 under the name of the B. S. Roy & Son Company. He also became interested in the Riverside Mills, where he manufactured worsted and mohair yarns, and this concern he also incorporated in the year 1907. For more than fifteen years he was intimately connected with the woolen manufacturing business in this region and became a very prominent figure therein as president and treasurer of these two large concerns. Mr. Roy inherited to a marked degree his father's mechanical ability and inventive genius, and was himself the originator of a number of ingenious devices, among others mechanisms that by which the doors of his garage and its lighting system were regulated by the weight of the front and rear wheels of his automobile as he entered with the car. The weight of the forward wheels opened the doors of the garage and when the doors opened the whole interior lighted, while the weight of the rear wheels closed the doors behind him. Mr. Roy held patents on a chain traverse grinder used by him, and also on an apparatus for producing power, and on many other appliances and devices. At one time in his life Mr. Roy was a member of many clubs, including the Lakeside Boat Club, Boston Athletic Club, Boston Market Club, New England Poultry Club, Army and Navy Club of New York, and the Worcester Automobile Association. He was an extensive real estate owner in Worcester and his property in this city was one of the large sources of his fortune. He was perfectly devoted to open-air pastimes of all sorts and was a great sportsman. Indeed his tastes were many and one of these which kept him in the open air a great deal of the time was that which he had for fancy poultry. He devoted much attention to this matter and his poultry yard was considered one of the finest in the Eastern States. He spent a very considerable sum of money in bringing this yard to the perfection which he desired for it and was very proud of his birds. His chief pride, however, was the white crested black Polish, which he imported from abroad and which attracted wide attention at all poultry shows. Mr. Roy sought

ardently for perfection in everything he attempted and was never satisfied until he had brought whatever it was that claimed his attention within measurable distance of this ideal. He gave much of his time to the breeding and raising of bantams, not only the diminutive game bantam, but also the larger breed. As a judge of birds he was much in demand at all large poultry shows in New England and was considered without a superior in this line. He held the Boston Hub cup for two consecutive years. He was a member of the Fish & Game Association and the Boston Athletic Association. Beyond doubt Mr. Roy was a man of very remarkable ability and possessed a mind far above the average, so that his death, when at the very height of his career, was felt as a severe loss, not only by his personal friends and associates, but by the community-at-large.

Sylvanus B. Roy was united in marriage, March 31, 1904, with Sadie Sparrell, of Worcester, a daughter of Herbert K. Sparrell, vice-president of the Bowler Brewing Company. To Mr. and Mrs. Roy three children were born, as follows: Helen, Catherine Elizabeth and John Robert.

In the death of a brilliant young man such as Mr. Roy, whose career seems to have barely more than entered upon the course destined for it, the community instinctively feels that it has sustained a loss, but when that career is not concerned purely with private affairs and plans, and is directed towards the benefit of his fellows, that feeling is most legitimately increased until it becomes a more personal sorrow than it is the privilege of most men to enjoy from others than their personal friends. But it might be said that a very large proportion of his fellow citizens felt themselves in a measure the friends of Mr. Roy, whose truly democratic attitude towards other men attracted all and repelled none. He was unusually easy of approach and there was no one so mean but that his hand was held out to him in friendship and ready assistance in any trouble. This unusual amiability of manner was supplemented by a very real concern for the welfare of others less fortunate than himself which made him the leader in many movements undertaken for the common weal, for the betterment of conditions in the city or the promotion of social relations among the people. He was universally loved and universally mourned, and most certainly he deserves to be universally remembered.

The success of men in any vocation depends upon character as well as upon knowledge. Business demands confidence, and where that is lacking, business ends. In every community some men are known for their upright lives, strong common sense, and moral worth, rather than for their wealth or political standing. This is especially the case with professional men. Their neighbors and acquaintances respect them, and the younger generations heed their example. Among such men was the late Mr. Roy, a man of modest, unassuming demeanor, well educated, largely through his own efforts, a fine type of the reliable, self-made American, a friend to the poor, charitable to the faults of his neighbors, and always ready to unite with them in every good work and active in the support of laudable enterprises. He was a man who in every respect merited the esteem in which he was universally held, for he was a man of public spirit and exemplary character.

JOHN EMBERT WILLIS, Physician and surgeon, was born at East Bridgewater, Massachusetts, January 28, 1875, son of Galen and Celia Augusta (Bates) Willis, grandson of Cyrus Willis, and a descendant of various early settlers of Duxbury and Plymouth. Dr. Willis' ancestry is of the old Mayflower stock, being named for one of the pioneer ancestors, two brothers, John and Daniel, who it is claimed were members of the Mayflower party, and who settled in Plymouth and Duxbury. Richard Willis was in Plymouth in 1634, Henry Willis was in Plymouth in 1637, and Jeremiah Willis in Duxbury in 1638.

Cyrus Willis, grandfather of Dr. Willis, died in 1915, aged ninety-five years, at Charlton, Massachusetts. He served in the Civil War, and Dr. Willis has his canteen, knife, fork, and spoon, which he carried during his service. He was the father of two children, Galen, of whom further, and a daughter, Mrs. Welcome Reed, of East Bridgewater, and she has one son, Edmund Reed.

Galen Willis, father of Dr. Willis, is a retired farmer, and has always resided in East Bridgewater. His wife, Celia Augusta (Bates) Willis, died December 29, 1914, aged sixty-seven years. Of their seven children four are living, namely: Hattie Augusta; Louis Barton, married Della Harris, and has two children, Raymond and Leon; Chester Vernon, married Rose Houghton, and they have three children, Louise, Lawrence, and Howard; John Embert, of whom further.

John Embert Willis attended the public schools of his birth-place, and graduated from the high school in 1893. During the following year he studied under private tutorship, and then entered Boston University School of Medicine, from which

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he graduated in 1898, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He continued his studies, attending the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital in 1900. During the following eleven years he was engaged in private practice in Somersworth, New Hampshire, and was physician in a private hospital there. He is an ex-president of the New Hampshire Homoeopathic Medical Society. In 1911 he left Somersworth and located in this city, where he has continued in general practice to the present time, his office and residence being at No. 5 Hawthorne street. Dr. Willis is a thirty-second degree Mason, a member of Libanus Lodge, No. 49; Edwards Chapter, No. 21, Royal Arch Masons; Orphan Council, Royal and Select Masters; Saint Paul Commandery, Knights Templar; the New Hampshire Consistory; and Aletheia Grotto, No. 13. He is also a member of the Worcester Homoeopathic Medical Society, the Massachusetts Homoeopathic Medical Society, the American Institute of Homoeopathy, the Volunteer Medical Corps of the United States Army, the Worcester Chamber of Commerce, the Worcester Country Club, and the Worcester Automobile Club. In religion he is a Congregationalist, and in politics a Republican.

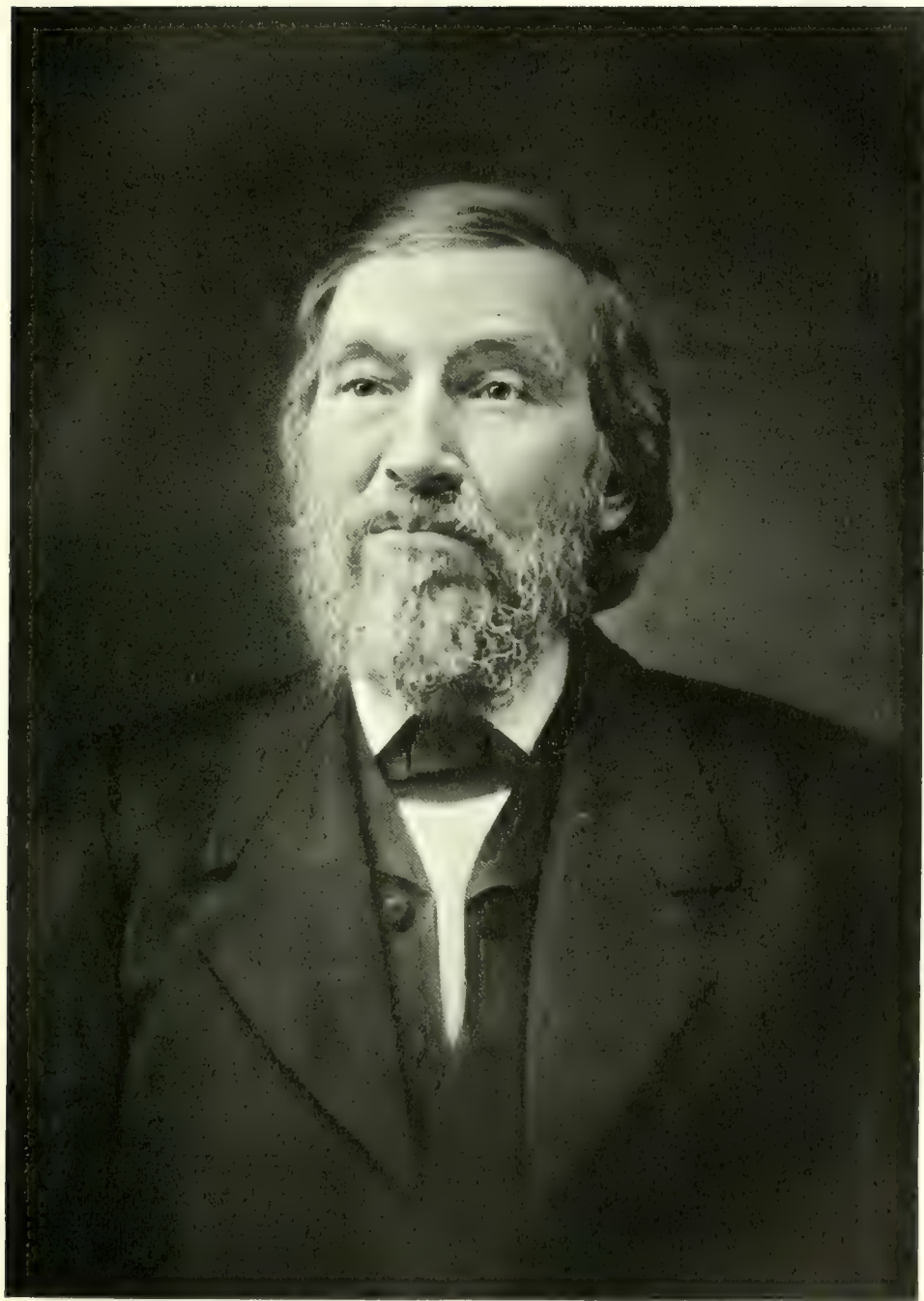
DWIGHT REED, Merchant, missionary, was born in New Braintree, Massachusetts, August 25, 1817, youngest of the ten children of Colonel Micah and Deborah (Thurston) Reed, of New Braintree, and died in this city, February 4, 1889.

He received his education in the public schools, Leicester Academy and Wilbraham Academy. When a young man he lived in Brookfield and Rutland, Massachusetts, where he was engaged in preaching. In the early fifties he came to this city as city missionary and from time to time filled various pulpits here. He afterward engaged in business with his nephew, T. H. Reed, who had a general store on Pleasant street. He was always active in religious work and charity. He was one of the founders of Piedmont Congregational Church and gave liberally to its building fund and support. His greatest work was to originate the Young Women's Christian Association, which was founded in his home, and for many years he devoted his most earnest and constant efforts to its upbuilding. He contributed a thousand dollars to the building fund and bequeathed a generous legacy of \$4,000 at the time of his death. He was eminently charitable, devoting his life mainly to helping others, in ministering to the sick and needy. He was exceptionally public-spirited in every way. In politics he was a Republican.

Mr. Reed married, in 1842, Susan Luthera Vaughan, who was born in Prescott, Massachusetts, March 17, 1817, and died in this city, July 7, 1893, daughter of Josiah and Lois Vaughan, of Prescott, Massachusetts. They had three children: 1. George Dwight, died in infancy. 2. Susan Ella, who married Christopher Lawton; she resides at No. 10 Institute road; member of the American Red Cross Society, Army Relief Corps, American Homecraft Association of Chicago, American Unitarian Association, Women's Suffrage Association of Boston, National Civic Federation, and fellow of the American Geographical Society. Mrs. Lawton is a gifted musician. They had one son, Dwight Barker Lawton, in service in the Sixteenth Infantry, died in this city, November 23, 1914. 3. Mary Emma, a graduate of the Oread Institute of this city; a charter member of the Young Women's Christian Association and for many years a member of the executive board; for many years was a member of the Worcester Society of Antiquity and of various social clubs.

LUCIUS LAWTON BRIGHAM, Successful and prominent merchant, dealer in flour and grain, was born in Wayland, September 1, 1832, and died in this city, November 25, 1904, son of Colonel Ephraim and Mary (Hubbard) Brigham. His father was engaged in business in Wayland and was a large owner of real estate in Marlboro. His mother was a native of Leicester.

In the public schools of Wayland Lucius L. Brigham received his early education, but his father died when he was but fourteen years old and he then left school. His first position was that of clerk in Holman's Hotel in Bolton and he remained there for two years. He was afterward employed by Stone & Warren in Bolton, and for two years was sole buyer for this firm. At the age of nineteen he engaged in business on his own account, and he spent the following four years in Westboro. He disposed of his business in Westboro and came to this city in October, 1854, after working for a short time in Boston, and here he entered into partnership with Hiram Fobes. The firm continued successfully for twelve years. Mr. Brigham was also a member of the firm of Houghton, Brigham & Gates for eleven years. When the firm was dissolved in 1885 he engaged in the flour and grain business at No. 105 Front street and remained there until 1896, when he located at No. 57 Foster street, continuing in active business to within five years of the time of his death. He was not only highly successful as merchant, but he also dealt in real estate from time to time and built a number of



Dwight Steed
1856.

houses and other buildings for investment. He was at one time a substantial stockholder in the Allen-Higgins Company.

Mr. Brigham was a man of exceptional public spirit, keenly interested in municipal affairs. In politics he was a Republican. He served the city in the Board of Aldermen, representing the fourth ward in 1886 and 1887. He was afterward a member of the license commission of the city. He was a member of Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons. For a number of years he was an officer of the First Universalist Church.

Mr. Brigham married, at Lawrence, June 5, 1861, Abbie H. Hayes, daughter of Dr. Elijah Drew and Maria Freeman (Prescott) Hayes. They had four children: 1. Annie Hubbard, born January 3, 1863; married James H. Wheeler, of Boston, and had two sons, Donald and Lucian Wheeler. 2. Clara Lawrence, born October 15, 1866; married Louis W. Southgate, patent lawyer of this city, and has one son, Richard Southgate. 3. Kate, born December 9, 1870, died June 24, 1872. 4. H. Prescott, born August 19, 1877, formerly a woolen manufacturer at Danielson, Connecticut, now in the automobile business. Mrs. Brigham resides at No. 30 Franconia street in this city.

HADWIN BROWN JENKS, Shoe manufacturer, was born in North Brookfield, Massachusetts, June 24, 1818, and died in this city, April 17, 1891, son of Oliver A. and Eliza (Brown) Jenks. The Jenks ancestry has been traced to the year A. D. 150, beginning with the ancestry of one of the royal houses of Wales. After Wales was subjugated the family moved to England. The coat-of-arms is described:

Arms—Argent, three boars' heads couped sable, a chief sable indented.

Crest—A lion rampant, regardant, or, holding defiantly a boar's head in his paws sable.

Motto of the Shield: *Modo Dominus adsit.*

Motto of the Crest: *Audax at Cautus.*

Hadwin B. Jenks received his education in the public schools of his native town. He learned the trade of shoemaker, and early in life engaged in the manufacture of boots and shoes in North Brookfield. He was in partnership for a time with his brother, James Jenks, and afterward with Mr. Miller. In 1860 he came to this city, where he continued in business as a shoe manufacturer until 1871. His factory was on Park street, now Federal street, near the railroad. He brought with him to this city from North Brookfield twenty workmen and their families. He bought the Sprague place, and made his home at No. 11 Sycamore street for many years. After he gave up the manufacturing business he became a salesman for various boot and shoe manufacturers and travelled through the Southern States. He became associated with the Walker Ice Company, of which his brother-in-law, Benjamin Walker, was the founder (see biography of Mr. Walker). He was a Congregationalist in religion; a stalwart Republican in politics.

Mr. Jenks married, October 6, 1841, Mary Lee Walker, who was born in Barre, Massachusetts, daughter of Benjamin Walker. She died at her home on Sycamore street, January 23, 1904, aged over ninety years. She was a member of Salem Street Congregational Church. They had one child, Mary Louise, born at North Brookfield, January 2, 1844, married Shepard K. Robbins (see biography).

Joseph Jenks, of the fortieth generation in the Welsh and English pedigree, son of Arthur Jenks, was born in England in 1602, and emigrated from Colebrook, Buckinghamshire, 1643, settling in Lynn, Massachusetts, where he had charge of the iron foundry. He was the first to take out a patent in the colony; receiving letters patent on mill improvements in 1646; beginning the manufacture of an improved scythe and snath in 1647, giving the snath the double curve used since that time. He made the dies for the first coins, the Pine Tree shilling; built a fire engine for Boston, in 1654, the first built in this country; established a wire factory in 1657; cast the first hollow ware in this country.

Joseph Jenks, Jr., removed from Lynn to Warwick, Rhode Island, thence to Pawtucket, where he built an iron forge; became wealthy; was assistant and counsellor of the governor. His son, William Jenks, was on the committee to fix the line between Rhode Island and Connecticut; was president of the County Court. Jonathan Jenks, fourth in the line in this country, located in North Brookfield late in life. His son, Nicholas Jenks, was born in Pawtucket, June 13, 1752, died 1836 in North Brookfield. Oliver A. Jenks, son of Jonathan Jenks, was born May 1, 1790, married Eliza Brown. They were the parents of Hadwin Brown Jenks, mentioned above.

SHEPARD K. ROBBINS, Dealer in furs and hats, was born in Thomaston, Maine, November 9, 1840, died June 3, 1906, in this city, son of Oliver Robbins; descendant of an old Colonial family in the paternal line. He was educated in the public

schools. When a young man he engaged in business on Bromfield street, Boston, dealing in furs and hats, and he continued in business until 1892. He came to this city in that year and made his home in the old Jenks residence on Sycamore street. For a number of years he was associated in business with Dr. Julius Garst. He retired several years before his death, however, on account of ill health. He was a member of Joseph Warren Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of Boston. In religion he was a Congregationalist.

Mr. Robbins married, January 20, 1875, Mary Louise Jenks, only child of Hadwin Brown and Mary Lee (Walker) Jenks. She was born in North Brookfield, January 2, 1844, and educated in the public schools in that town and in this city. She has taken a lifelong interest in genealogy and antiquities and has made a large and interesting collection of minerals, china, silver, furniture, many articles being family heirlooms of great age. In 1917 she sold the homestead on Sycamore street, and is now living at No. 7 Charlton street in this city. She is a Unitarian, a member of the Church of the Unity.

GEORGE HULL WARD, Colonel of the Fifteenth Massachusetts Regiment, Brevet Brigadier General, was born in this city, April 26, 1826, and died July 3, 1863, son of Colonel Artemas and Sarah H. (Fife) Ward. (See Asa Ward (5) in *Early Settlers*). His parents were married in this city, October 5, 1817.

George H. Ward attended the public schools, and early in life was apprenticed as a machinist. He joined the City Guards and won promotion from grade to grade. At the beginning of the Civil War he commanded a brigade of the Massachusetts militia. It became his duty in 1856 to suppress the Dorr Riot, mentioned elsewhere in this work. He went to the front as lieutenant-colonel of the Fifteenth Regiment, and in the first battle, at Ball's Bluff, October 21, 1861, he fell with a shattered leg, which was subsequently amputated. Having recovered from his wound, Colonel Ward joined his command in February, 1863. "During much of the following period of his life he was in command of a brigade, and it was while thus engaged he received his mortal wound, but the brigade included his own beloved Fifteenth and life-long friends were near him when the fatal moment came. The fatigue of the long march from the vicinity of Falmouth, Virginia, to Southern Pennsylvania had been particularly trying. In addition to the regular duties of the campaign he had conducted a detour to Thoroughfare Gap, thus adding to the labors which at the best were all that a man in his physical condition could endure. The stump of his amputated leg did not take kindly to the artificial continuance, and much of the time when on the march he rode with this strapped on the saddle, but his wonderful nerve bore him up, and he pressed on when men of less endurance would have asked leave of absence. Then when the moment came on the second day of Gettysburg, and he was ordered to take his brigade of two regiments out toward the Codori house, we must confess to seeing very little of the pomp and circumstance of war in the manner he was compelled to lead his men. It was no place for a horse, yet the painter always places the leader on horseback.

"Over that plain the next day, where the Rebels swept in their terrible charge, there were no men mounted. So here for a distance equaling that separating the Bay State House and Franklin Square, Colonel Ward presented the singular spectacle of a leader directing his followers, yet painfully leading them, leaning on a large, crooked-handled cane in one hand and in the other the sword in its scabbard. . . . Amidst the storm of bullets that soon rained upon them, there is little wonder that he did not stand long upon his supports, and shot in his sound leg, the bone above the knee shattered, he was borne from the field, in a few brief hours to close his eyes in the final sleep into which all must some day fall.

"On the eighth of July the funeral of Colonel Ward was held in the Salem Square Church, Rev. Mr. T. E. St. John, pastor of the First Universalist Church, officiating. Perhaps at no time in the history of Worcester had the popular heart been so stirred. All his life he had gone in and out among the people."

The Worcester Grand Army Post was named for him. On the field where he fell a monument was erected in 1886, dedicated June 29, 1886; General Devens presided and General Sprague made the address; Major Church Howe and Hon. W. W. Rice also spoke. Where his regiment stood another monument was erected. His portrait is in Mechanic's Hall. A monument over his grave in Rural Cemetery was dedicated by the Grand Army of the Republic Post, May 30, 1896, and from the oration by Hon. Alfred S. Roe on that occasion the quotations in this article have been made.

"About us are graves of illustrious dead—governors of the Commonwealth, soldiers of renown, distinguished jurists, the historians of America, divines on whose lips have hung so many listening thousands—but nowhere shall we find a more inspiring lesson than that which this figure teaches. . . . This monument, the gift of comrades

in arms, associates, friends of his early days, we dedicate to the memory of Gen. George H. Ward."

General Ward married Emily E. Mayo, daughter of Deacon William and Sarah (Dennis) Mayo, a descendant of the famous Rev. John Mayo, of Governor Prince and Governor William Brewster, who came in the "Mayflower." She was born October 28, 1830, died September 24, 1917. She was active in the Woman's Relief Corps, and in the First Universalist Church. General and Mrs. Ward had two sons: George W. (see biography) and Robert L., now living in Providence, an accountant.

Henry C. Ward, a brother of General Ward, was a lieutenant in the Civil War, afterward captain in the regular army and brigadier-general. General Ward was a member of Morning Star Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons. His brevet as brigadier-general was dated July 2, 1863.

GEORGE WILLIAM WARD, General insurance agent, was born in this city, December 9, 1858, son of General George H. and Emily E. (Mayo) Ward. He received his early education in the public and high schools. At the age of fifteen he entered the employ of John D. Baldwin & Sons, publishers of the Worcester Daily Spy. His first work was in the mailing room. In the course of time he became the advertising manager, and for many years was one of the best-known newspaper men of the city. He was with the Spy for a period of twenty-five years. In 1898 he became associated with the late Charles L. Gates in the real estate and insurance business. Since the death of Mr. Gates, in 1910, Mr. Ward has continued in the same line of business on his own account. His offices are in the Slater building, No. 390 Main street.

Mr. Ward is an associate member of George H. Ward Post, Grand Army of the Republic, and for many years has been secretary and treasurer of the Fifteenth Regiment Association, composed of the survivors of his father's old command. He is also secretary and treasurer of the Company F. Association of this regiment. He is popular among all the Grand Army men, whom he has served with love and zeal from boyhood. He has been with the veterans on many excursions and reunions; spoken often at their gatherings; and co-operated with them in every way. He was adopted by the veterans as a representative of his father, and he has performed his part faithfully from boyhood. He is a member of the First Universalist Church, and for many years has been active as an officer in the church and Sunday school. Mr. Ward has been for several years a director of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce and chairman of its entertainment committee. He is a member of Montacute Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; and of the Worcester County Mechanics Association.

Mr. Ward married, November 7, 1884, Carrie S. Lamb, daughter of Thomas M. Lamb (see biography). Mrs. Ward is a member of the Woman's Club and of the First Universalist Church, in which she is active in various societies. They have no children. Their home is at No. 688 Pleasant street.

THOMAS MELVIN LAMB, Merchant, was born in this city, June 26, 1830, and died here December 29, 1881, son of Isaac and Betsey (Boyce) Lamb, and a descendant through both paternal and maternal lines from the pioneers of Massachusetts. His father lived in a small farmhouse on the Jo Bill Road.

He was educated in the public schools and entered the high school in May, 1846, attending four terms, but did not graduate. He was a member of the Young Men's Rhetorical Society and was known as an able debater. He edited a small paper published by this society. In 1851 he was its president. He learned the trade of jeweler in the store of S. P. Champney, and in 1856 bought the business of his employer and conducted a jewelry store for many years at No. 421 Main street, near the location of the Champney store, adjoining the corner of Main and Front streets. He acquired an enviable reputation for sterling honesty in business. In early life he was a Baptist, but afterward attended the Universalist church. He served three years on the school committee of the city. He was a member of the board of trustees of the Worcester County Mechanics' Association, and was keenly interested in its library, being a member of the committee in charge. He was a member of the Worcester Society of Antiquity. He was made a Mason in Morning Star Lodge, November 1, 1859, and was its secretary several years. He was a member of Worcester Chapter, Royal Arch Masons (from April 8, 1864); of Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters (1864); of Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar (1865); of the Worcester Lodge of Perfection (1867); of the Order of Eastern Star (1869); a member of Stella Chapter (1871), of which he was worthy patron in 1877-81. He was elected grand secretary of the Grand Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star, at its organization, December 11, 1876, and held the office until May 13, 1879; was grand patron, 1878-80. He was chairman of the committee that compiled and published the ritual of the order. He was secretary of foreign correspondence of the Grand Chapter, 1879-82.

Mr. Lamb married, in 1860, Laura A. Stebbins, daughter of Zebina and Ruby (Graves) Stebbins, of Deerfield. They had two daughters: Carrie S., born June 28, 1862, married George W. Ward (see biography); and Alice B., born May 10, 1868, died March 23, 1876. (See proceedings of Worcester Society of Antiquity, 1882, p. 15).

CHARLES BENONI PERRY, Lawyer, was born in Leicester, August 29, 1858, and died October 13, 1915, in this city, son of Benoni E. and Martha (Anthony) Perry. His ancestry on his mother's side traced back to Amos Southgate, a distinguished Revolutionary soldier, and also to Ralph Earle, an eminent member of the Society of Friends; and on his father's side to the Commodore Perry family.

"He was not born with the proverbial silver spoon in his mouth, nor were his prospects such that any great success in life could have been predicted. But he was born with a far better equipment, the golden spur of poverty—not the poverty of the city which stunts the body and retards the development of the mind, but the honorable poverty of the yeoman of America, which never lacks for food, clothing and shelter, and which rests confident in the proud superiority that as it has won these scant advantages from a hostile soil and intemperate climate, so here and there it 'breaks its birth's invidious bar, and grasps the skirts of happy chance, and breasts the blows of circumstance, and grapples with its evil star.'

"His heritage, too, was powerful in the sturdy traits of character of his parents, and in their encouraging sympathy and assistance in any plan of advancement. There were few books then in the farm houses of our community, but those few were of the best. . . . Mr. Perry had a thorough knowledge of the Bible and Shakespeare, and was always ready with an apt quotation from one or the other to clinch an argument or illustrate a point. No better education could be desired and, if he was deprived of the completion of the usual course of instructions, I do not think he would suffer by comparison with the mental output of the young gentlemen who graduate from our universities.

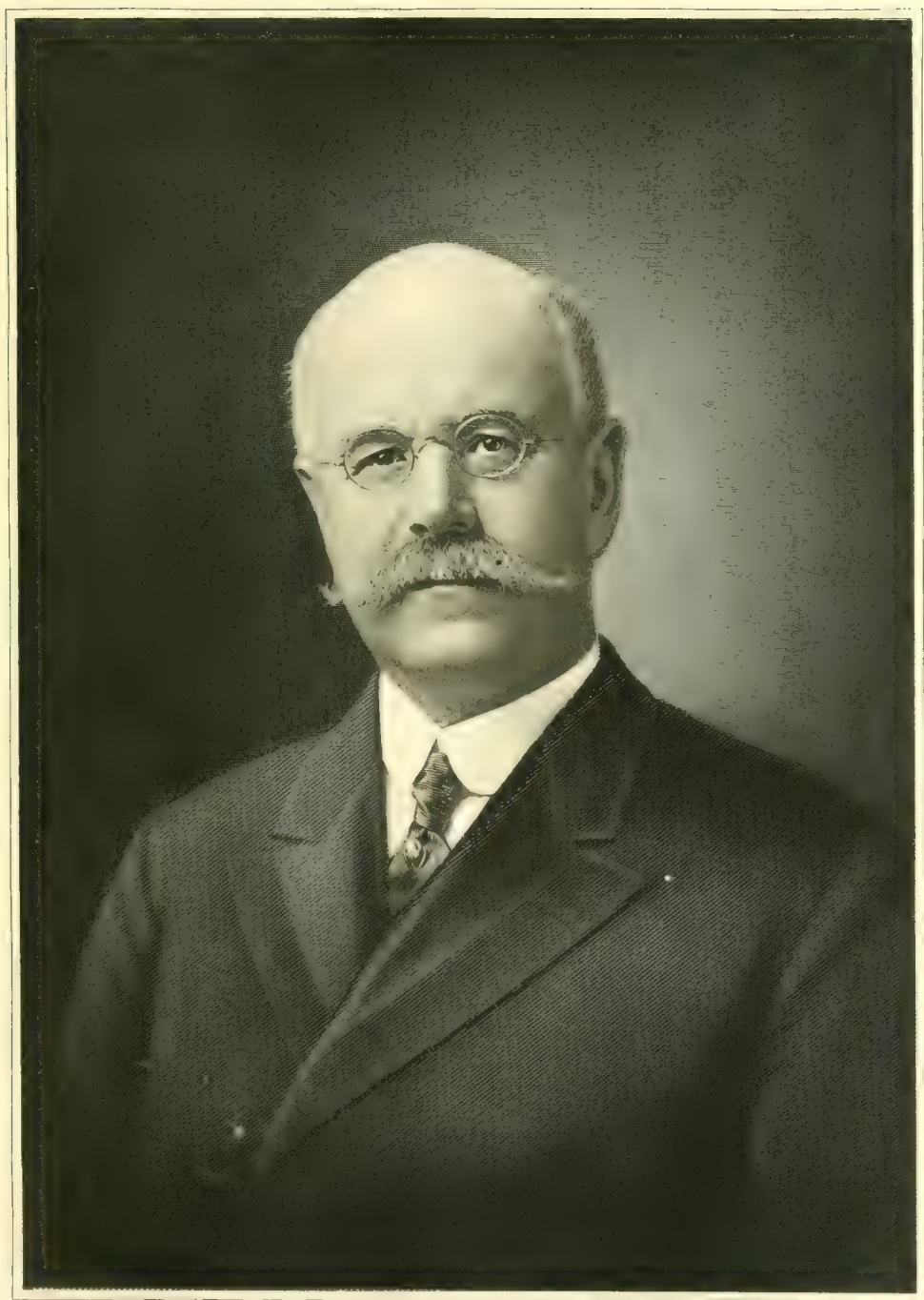
"At an early age, the youthful muscles began to grow under the strain of work upon the farm, for every one must do his share, and from then on his interest was constant and assiduous. When an assistant clerk of the Central District Court, he always took part of his vacation in assisting his father in getting in the hay crops, and later, as his parents declined in years, he supervised to a large extent the work of the farm, and after their death he continued his interest in it, improving it gradually and visiting it often.

"When still a child, his parents removed to the farm in Paxton, where they passed the rest of their lives, but Charles continued to receive his early training in the schools of Leicester, walking four miles each way. Leicester Academy was in the early seventies a school well-known for its military training, and for its thorough preparation for college. Charles took the college course and graduated from the Academy, but was unable to undertake a college course on account of the expense. About this time there was a competitive examination for West Point, which he passed successfully but failed of appointment on account of defective eyesight, which even then compelled him to wear glasses.

"Immediately upon graduation he began teaching school. He had already taught at Belchertown, when sixteen years old, and he later taught at Auburn, Webster, Sagamore, Rutland High School as principal, Westborough Reform School, and finally became principal of the Millbury Providence Street School for several years.

"While teaching school and in the intervals between terms he had studied law, and finally, under the tuition of John B. Ratigan, Esquire, later Justice Ratigan of this Court, he prepared for the bar and passed the examination. He was admitted, June 20, 1884. He was, while teaching in Millbury, for a short time associated with Edmund Burke Sprague, one of the most brilliant of the younger members of the bar, but whose failing health obliged him to go West, and whose early death cut short the promise of a great success. Mr. Perry was unable to carry on the firm's practice, and continued teaching in Millbury.

"He married, in Millbury, December 24, 1887, Jeannette L. Powers, a bookkeeper in the office of Buck Brothers, the noted tool manufacturers of Millbury. She is a descendant of that distinguished Revolutionary soldier, Colonel Scollay, for whom Scollay Square, Boston, is named. It now looked as if the career he had chosen for himself was closed for all time, and that he had settled down to the life work of a teacher. But he married a helpmate, and her bravery and counsel aided always to carry him over the rough places and to give him confidence and courage—for I have never met any man of such consummate ability, who had so little confidence in himself and so much modesty as to his true worth. He needed encouragement and this he received from now on.



C. B. Perry.

"At last the opportunity arrived. . . . For five years Mr. Perry was assistant clerk of the Central District Court. There he thoroughly familiarized himself with the technicalities of pleadings and procedure, became acquainted with the Worcester lawyers, who with one or two exceptions practiced in that court, and also extended his knowledge of law by study.

"During this period too he was active in his fraternal societies. He was already a member of Morning Star Lodge, of Millbury, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and later became a member of Bethesda Rebekah Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and Mt. Vernon Encampment, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He was elected grand master of the Odd Fellows of Massachusetts, 1909-10, the highest office in the gift of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of the State, and in 1909 was its representative to the Sovereign Grand Lodge at Seattle, and in 1910 to Atlanta, Georgia. His Masonic affiliations were membership in Olive Branch Lodge, of Millbury, of which he was past worshipful master; in Tyrian Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, of Millbury, of which he was past high priest; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; Aletheia Grotto; the Mystic Shrine; and the Massachusetts Consistory (thirty-second degree). Besides he was a Knight of Pythias. Interest in these organizations carried with it naturally interest in the individuals who composed them and for whose benefit they were formed. Therefore, in cooperation with the late Nathan Taylor, of Worcester, he organized the Ridgely Protective Association, out of which grew the Masonic Protective Association for the benefit of Odd Fellows and Masons respectively. These two associations are now the largest fraternal insurance companies in America, if not in the world. With one or the other of them, Mr. Perry was associated as an official until his death.

"By the permutations of politics Mr. Perry and his official chief (John A. Thayer) were retired from the Central District Court in 1897, and opened law offices in the State Mutual building, where they practiced until Mr. Perry's death. Here begins the better known part of Mr. Perry's career, for which all that had gone before had so well equipped him. His practice grew steadily, and he became a well-known figure in the trial of cases and a dreaded antagonist. Nature had endowed him with a stalwart physique and a magnificent voice, which he used effectively, now in colloquial familiarity with the jury, and then in tones of sonorous eloquence. His success with the jury and his power as an advocate were pre-eminent among the Worcester county lawyers. Frequently, after a session was ended, he received letters from the jurymen complimenting him upon his conduct of cases. Mr. Perry was always very modest about his knowledge of law, but the clever way in which he marshaled his evidence in harmony with the law in the case showed that his modesty was too excessive and like 'Brer Rabbit' he was lying low. Of all the cases which he carried to the Supreme Court he was overruled in but two—one of them by a majority court in a case which he had advised against appealing and the other decided on judge-made law, now happily abrogated by the Legislature. To the younger lawyers and less experienced members of the bar, Mr. Perry was always ready with a kind word of advice and assistance. He would gladly talk over their cases with them, and frequently 'steer' them through a trial.

"It was inevitable that in his trial of cases, lawyers from other counties should oppose him occasionally. I remmeber with amusement, twice, at least, when two paladins of the Suffolk county bar entered the lists with the avowed intention of overthrowing this county champion. However, they returned with broken spears and dented shields.

"He was of a charitable disposition and relieved many a case of destitution. The poor of Millbury will especially miss him.

"Mr. Perry was a member of the school board of Millbury for one term of three years, and was always so keenly interested in the welfare of the town that he became the watchdog of the treasury. For twenty-five consecutive years he served as town moderator. When convinced that he was right, he spared neither time nor effort, sometimes alienating his friends by his stand for what he considered the good of the town. The time he devoted to the civic affairs of Millbury is immeasurable. If to this be added that of free advice to the poor, who constantly sought his door for legal advice, and his professional duties, it seems as though the twenty-four hours of the day were not enough for his work. A trait of his, which grew upon him, was his habit of carrying his cases, whether of town affairs or of his profession, with him all the time. His mind was always active from the time he entered his office, the earliest of all lawyers, to the time he left, about the latest. His long evenings at home and in the silent watches of the night, he was always thinking a solution of important questions. He lived intensely and wore himself out by doing twice the work of an ordinary man.

"In addition to these matters, he was eagerly sought as an orator on anniversary occasions and as after-dinner speaker. In both of these he excelled. His last public appearance was as historian and orator at the 150th anniversary exercises of the town of Paxton, June 30, 1915. He also kept abreast of the political development of the county—nay, not abreast, but ahead. In his lectures on public ownership of public utilities he confounded his adversaries; from his experience as an advocate he knew that he must show and he did. Besides his qualities of intensity and thoroughness should be noted that of honesty. No one doubted his integrity nor his sincerity."

The quoted parts of this sketch are taken from the address of Mr. Perry's partner, the late Hon. John Alden Thayer, at a session of the Superior Court, March 31, 1916.

The very gentlest of human nature
 He joined to courage strong;
 And love outreaching unto all God's creatures
 With sturdy hate of wrong.

And now he rests; his greatness and his sweetness
 No more shall seem at strife.
 And Death has moulded into calm completeness
 The statue of his life.

"One brief year ago, at the session of this Grand Lodge, Charles Benoni Perry, past grand master, sat with us and zealously participated in the business and pleasure of the meeting. We conversed with him, charmed as always by the sparkle of his wit and the keenness of his wisdom. We listened to his voice in debate and we unanimously elected him to a position of honor and trust in this body, thinking many years for service and happiness were before him. But his work here was accomplished and all too soon we were sadly summoned to bear him to 'the low green tent whose curtain never outward swings.'

"Those who were privileged to enjoy the friendship or the intimate acquaintance of Charles B. Perry realized instinctively that his was an acquaintance that it was an honor to enjoy, his a friendship which enriched the life of the possessor. He was endowed with a kind-hearted, generous nature, loyal and true to those foundation principles upon which the true gentleman establishes his character; fearless yet ever courteous in debate, a staunch champion of the cause of the unfortunate and oppressed, an earnest worker for the advancement of our order, which he dearly loved, a respected and honored citizen of his town, a loving husband, who was devoted to his home and his fireside friends. These are some of the characteristics which endeared him to us, his brethren, and to all who came within the circle of his kindly influence and helpfulness. . . .

"In January, 1898, he was installed as noble grand of his lodge, and in the August following was admitted to this Grand Lodge, where he at once took an active part and was recognized by the membership as a brother of ability and promise. He also worked faithfully in the Encampment and Rebekah branches of this Order. In 1904 he served as grand conductor, and in 1906 he was appointed grand marshal. The dignity and ability with which he performed the duties of the important office of grand marshal so favorably impressed the brotherhood that the following year he was elected grand warden, and in 1909 he was installed grand master. He also twice represented the jurisdiction of Massachusetts in the Sovereign Grand Lodge. Brother Perry entered into the performance of the duties of these several positions of honor and trust with his usual thoroughness and enthusiasm, and our Order flourished under his wise guidance."

The foregoing was abstracted from the memorial adopted by the Grand Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, September 7, 1916.

Mr. Perry was a member of the Massachusetts Society, Sons of the Revolution, and an associate member of George H. Ward Post, No. 10, Grand Army of the Republic, of this city.

Since the death of her husband, Mrs. Perry has made her home in Worcester and resumed her occupation as an accountant, in which she is an expert. At present she is in the office of Denholm & McKay Company. She is a member of various musical and charitable organizations and active in musical circles.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN HARRINGTON, Farmer, was born in this city, September 2, 1838, son of Captain Benjamin and Lucretia (Flagg) Harrington (see biography of his brother, H. Augustus Harrington). He was the fifth generation of his

family on the old homestead, where he was born and where he has always lived. He attended the public schools and Worcester Academy. After his father died he succeeded to the ownership of part of the farm. He maintained a model dairy farm for many years and conducted the milk route that his grandfather established. In 1891 he erected a new dwelling house and modern farm buildings in place of the old landmarks. He and his wife are members of the Union Congregational Church, and he has been librarian for a number of years.

Mr. Harrington married, here, November 18, 1875, Harriet Ann Harrington, a cousin, daughter of Francis and Harriet W. Harrington. (See biography of Francis Harrington). She is a graduate of the Westfield State Normal School. They have one son, Francis Benjamin, born September 4, 1878, now a farmer, living at the homestead, No. 271 Harrington Way.

HENRY AUGUSTUS HARRINGTON, Alderman, overseer of the poor, farmer, was born in this city on the old Harrington homestead, September 8, 1846, and died January 23, 1914, son of Captain Benjamin and Lucretia (Flagg) Harrington.

During his youth he assisted his father on the farm, and attended the public school at Bloomingdale and the Worcester Academy. He succeeded to more than a hundred acres of the old homestead, and during his active life cultivated the farm, having one of the finest dairies in the city. A few years before he died he sold a hundred acres of land on Harrington Court to Warren & Moody who laid it out in house lots. Mr. Harrington gave to the city the land for the extension of Hamilton avenue to Lake Quinsigamond, and he was instrumental in securing the extension of the street car line to this section of the city. He resided in the old house on the Harrington homestead to the end of his life. Mr. Harrington was a man of public spirit, a Republican in politics, keenly interested in municipal affairs. He served on the Board of Aldermen in 1900 and 1901, and was a member of important committees. For nine years he was a member of the Board of Overseers of the Poor. He was chairman of the Republican City Committee for a number of years. He was fond of travel, and in 1883 made a hunting trip to the Indian Territory. He was a member of Worcester Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, and of the Union Congregational Church.

Mr. Harrington married in this city, October 15, 1872, Delia Maria Griggs, who was born in Grafton, a daughter of Salem and Maria (Cleveland) Griggs. Her father was a native of Sutton; had a tannery at West Millbury for several years; afterwards was a shoe manufacturer, interested in the Bay State Shoe Company; died at the age of ninety-three years. Mr. and Mrs. Griggs had eight children: Delia Maria, who graduated from the Oread Institute (Mrs. Harrington, mentioned above); Alice E., married Lucius E. Eldred (see biography); Gertrude, who taught in the Worcester schools; Carrie E., married John B. Scott, a well known lawyer of this city; John, graduate of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, later superintendent of a mill in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, died at the age of twenty years; George, who was superintendent of Lapham's Mill in Millbury; Emma, who died aged fifty-one years; Margaret, who died at the age of twenty-eight years. Mrs. Harrington is descended from Stephen Hopkins, who came in the "Mayflower," and from many other pioneers of Massachusetts.

Lucretia (Flagg) Harrington, born in this town, July 15, 1805, died in 1891, was a daughter of Abel and Susanna (Harrington) Flagg; granddaughter of Phineas Flagg (see Early Settlers). Her line of ancestry is: Lucretia (6), Abel (5), Phineas (4), Benjamin (3), Benjamin (2), Thomas (1). Phineas Flagg was a soldier in the Revolution. Captain Benjamin Harrington, father of Henry Augustus Harrington, was born April 5, 1805, in this town, and died August 13, 1873, in this city. He married, March 18, 1834, Lucretia Flagg. He established a milk route that was continued for many years by his son and grandson; was a captain in the state militia. Their children were: Mary-Elizabeth, who married Samuel G. Curtis (see biography); Benjamin F. (see biography); Hannah, died aged two years, six months; Henry Augustus, mentioned above; Sarah Amelia, married Gonzalo Edward Buxton, M. D., of Providence, Rhode Island.

Captain Benjamin Harrington was a son of Jonathan Harrington, born October 3, 1779, and Molly (Flagg) Harrington, grandson of Jonathan and Ruth (Stone) Harrington (see Early Settlers).

SAMUEL GUSTAVUS CURTIS, Farmer on the old homestead, was born here June 10, 1838, died here May 6, 1913, on the farm, No. 370 Plantation street, son of Benjamin Franklin Curtis (see Early Settlers). His line is: Benjamin Franklin (7), Samuel (6), Samuel (5), Ephraim (4), Ephraim (3), Joseph (2), Henry (1). He was educated in the public schools. During his active years he conducted the homestead with marked success. He was a member of the Union Congregational Church. He

married, April 15, 1873, Mary Elizabeth Harrington, daughter of Captain Benjamin Harrington. She was born January 25, 1836. They had two daughters: Mabel, who lives on the homestead, and Sarah Edith, who died young.

Benjamin Franklin Curtis, father of Samuel G. Curtis, was also born in Worcester, September 7, 1800, and died there 1858. He was always a farmer. He married, April 4, 1831, in Auburn, Hannah S. Wakefield, born in Vermont, daughter of Henry Stone Wakefield, of Montpelier, Vermont. Of their five children, four are as follows: Two daughters died young; Charles F., enlisted in Company H, Twenty-fifth Massachusetts Regiment, died in the service in the Civil War; Albert W., graduated from Yale, 1871, studied law in the office of Judge Thomas L. Nelson and at the Harvard Law School, located in Spencer, was town clerk, trustee of the Spencer Savings Bank, selectman, magistrate; married Mary R. Morse, of Spencer, and had five children.

LUCIUS E. ELDERED, Insurance underwriter, was born in Fairhaven, November, 1845, son of Edwin and Elizabeth J. (Knowlton) Eldred. He died in this city, October 7, 1904. He was educated in the public schools. For about thirty-five years he was engaged in the fire insurance business in this city and had a very extensive business. He was in partnership with his father, whom he survived but a few years. The agency was sold after his death to Charles E. Grant. He was a member of the Worcester Board of Underwriters and of the Board of Trade. He married Alice E. Griggs, daughter of Salem Griggs, and sister of Mrs. H. Augustus Harrington. She is now living at No. 7 Oxford street. They had no children.

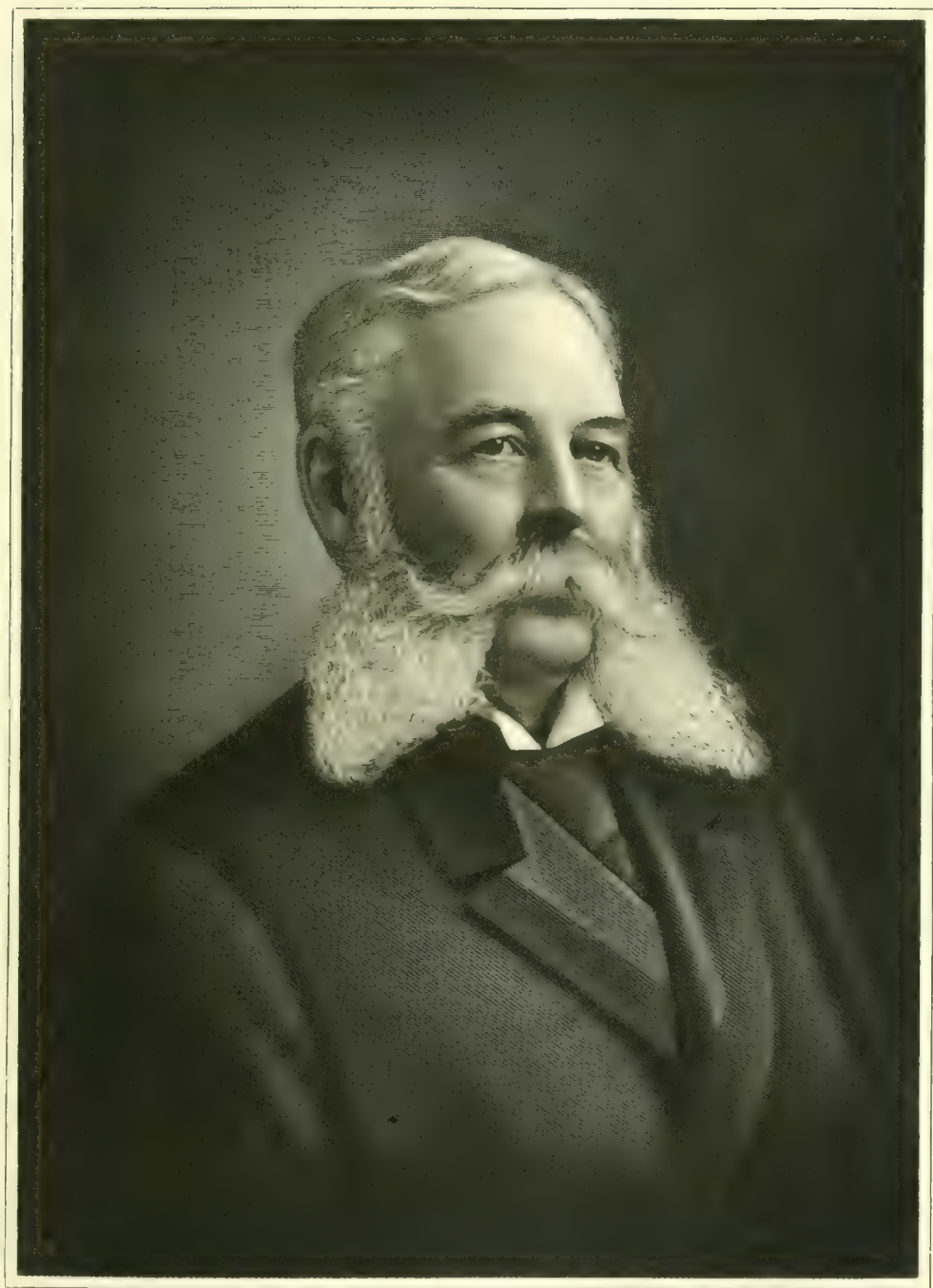
JAMES ALMON FULLER, Manufacturer of lathes, was born in Coventry, Rhode Island, February 7, 1824, and died in this city, June 2, 1912, aged eighty-nine years, son of James and Susan M. (Montgomery) Fuller. He came to this city with his parents when very young. His father was a machinist, employed many years in the shops of Wood & Light.

James A. Fuller attended the public schools there and a seminary in Connecticut. He learned the trade of machinist in the shops of Wood & Light, and worked afterward in the shops of P. Plaisdell & Company, Rice, Barton & Fales and others. He worked on the first steam calliope ever made and on the first Howe Sewing Machine, which was perfected in his home on Chandler street. He owned that sewing machine for many years and finally presented it to the Worcester Society of Antiquity, in the museum of which it may now be seen.

About 1880, at No. 3 Cypress street, he began to manufacture lathes, machinists' tools, planers, bench-gears and later made small dynamos, under the firm name of J. A. Fuller & Company. He continued in active business until he was eighty-two years old. He was a skillful workman and the product of his shop was always of the best. He was a life-long student and reader of substantial books, as a well-selected library of thirteen hundred volumes attests. He lived for more than sixty years in the same house on Chandler street. He was a typical self-made man of his generation, capable, public-spirited, thrifty, of exceptional skill as a mechanic. He was a Republican in politics, after that party was formed. He attended the old Salem Street Congregational Church.

Mr. Fuller married Mary Elizabeth Kenyon, who was born in Rhode Island, daughter of David and Thankful (Barker) Kenyon. They had five children: 1. Helen, who died aged twenty-two years. 2. Eleanora, became the wife of Harrison Cady, of Brooklyn, New York. 3. Susan E., born in Utica, New York, where her parents resided for a short time; became the wife of Albert Chase, in 1876; he was a native of Hubbardston, Massachusetts; at first a bookkeeper, and later a traveling salesman for several firms; he died in 1903; his widow resides at No. 6 Richmond avenue; she is a member of the Twentieth Century Club; they were the parents of three children: i. Albert Chase, born in Worcester, was manager of the Rauch Supply Company of Magdalene, New Mexico, was connected with the Central National Bank for seven years, and for the following fifteen years was associated with the Safety Deposit & Trust Company; he married and had four children: Frances, Stephen, Neal and Helen; his death occurred in 1912. ii. Helen M. Chase, became the wife of the Rev. Solon Johnson; resides at Salmon, Idaho. iii. Mildred Chase, a trained nurse, residing in Worcester. 4. Harry, who died aged twenty-two years. 5. Mary, deceased, was the wife of George Camp and the mother of three children; the family resides in Utica.

EDWARD EASTMAN FROST, Dentist, youngest son of Jesse and Sophia Alice (Tyler) Frost, was born in Vernon, Vermont, November 8, 1849, and died October 31, 1915, in West Boylston, Massachusetts. He attended the common schools of his native town until the age of eleven years, when he went to the city of New York and



Edward E Frost



CHARLES O. RICHARDSON

was placed in a private school there. By constant study he successfully passed examinations for the New York College, but through illness was compelled to give up his collegiate course. He came to Worcester, Massachusetts, in 1869, and entered the dental office of J. B. Waller, and there studied for one year. In 1871 he entered Harvard Dental College, from which institution he was graduated with high honors in 1874. Returning to Worcester he entered the dental office of Dr. John Gould, and after serving there for two years opened his own office on Elm street, where he continued for twenty-three years, building up a very lucrative practice. As an investor of real estate Dr. Frost was very successful, he having entered into that line of work in 1878. In 1882 he purchased the old Exchange Hotel, which he owned up to the time of his death. For some time he conducted it himself, and afterwards leased it to good advantage. He also bought and sold many pieces of property. He was the owner of several blocks in Worcester, several tenement houses, and some unimproved property, and of the Lincoln House, one of the leading hotels of Worcester, which he purchased in 1893, and which he conducted for a long time. He owned a beautiful estate in West Boylston, overlooking a number of townships, which he purchased in 1902, and where he and his family resided in the summer seasons; it is one of the oldest landmarks in the township and the county.

As a lover of high-bred horses and an expert judge, Dr. Frost had no equal. He owned and operated a number of track horses with success. He was first lieutenant in Battery B of Worcester, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, in 1884, and was connected with the organization for four years. He was a member of the Worcester Board of Trade, and of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. He was a Republican in politics, and loyal in his support of its chosen candidates. He was a Congregationalist in religion, having been reared in that faith. He was a self-made man in the truest sense of the word. He entered his profession against the wishes of his father, and therefore did not look to him for aid, but defrayed his own expenses.

Dr. Frost married, August 24, 1903, Mabel A. Richardson, daughter of Charles O. and Mary (Faulkner) Richardson (see biography), and they had four children: Kathan, born July 4, 1904; Edward Eastman, Jr., born September 2, 1905; Charles Richardson, born November 22, 1907; and Mary Elizabeth, born March 26, 1909.

CHARLES O. RICHARDSON, Railway contractor and paver, was born at Hillsboro, New Hampshire, September 26, 1834, and died at his home in this city, No. 6 Woodland street, July 7, 1898, in the sixty-fifth year of his age.

His younger days were passed on a farm, and when he left there to go to Lowell, Massachusetts, it was to begin his fight with the world. He knew nothing of the ways of the city, but was industrious, honest and quick-witted, and it was not long before he had made a fair start to success. Lowell could not afford him the extensive field he wished to work in, and he went to Boston. For several years he carried on the business of a paver and railroad contractor in that city, and made money and friends rapidly. In 1868 he was asked to come to Worcester and consider contracts for paving its streets, and this city was afterwards his home. He laid most of the pavements now on the streets of Worcester, and also built the first street car lines of this city. Early in their existence he became connected with the Worcester Construction Company, and the Boston Paving Company, and his advice had been valuable on many important works which those corporations undertook. He was for many years treasurer of the former and a director of the latter corporation. Mr. Richardson was widely-known and had been closely identified with many public works, and in carrying out his contracts was always considered conscientious to the last degree.

Although business cares took up a great deal of his time he never forgot the early Christian training he was given, and identified himself with the Laurel Street Methodist Church soon after coming to Worcester. He gave liberally to aid the cause of Christianity, and some of the Methodist houses of worship in this city and on its outskirts received financial aid from him. For many years he had been one of the most prominent members of the church, of which he had been treasurer for several years. There never arose any financial emergencies in the church that his purse was not always ready.

He had only a common school education, but was not one of those who thought that was enough for any one. He took a particular interest in the educational institutions under the control of the Methodist church, and contributed to many of them. He was a valued member of the Masonic fraternity, being a member of Montacute Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, which he joined in 1882; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; and of Massachusetts Consistory (thirty-second degree). He was also a member of Aleppo Temple, Order of the Mystic Shrine, of Boston.

He was also a member of the Worcester County Mechanics' Association, and an honorary member of the Wellington Rifles. He always had a soft spot in his heart for the firemen, and was active in the formation of the volunteer companies of the days when such organizations were all the protection Worcester had from fires. He possessed a genial, whole-souled nature, which made him hosts of friends. He could tell a good story and tell it well, and he had a way of making himself popular with every one.

Mr. Richardson married Mary Faulkner, of Andover, Massachusetts, who died January 19, 1910, and to this union were born three children: Charles A., now deceased; Mabel A., who became the wife of Dr. E. E. Frost, of this city; and Morton O., who resides in West Boylston, Massachusetts.

COLONEL PHINEAS LEMUEL RIDER, Dealer in rubber goods, was born in Southbridge, Massachusetts, son of Thaddeus Read and Fanny (Waldron) Rider. His father was a railroad contractor, and shortly after the son was born removed to Ohio to engage in railroad construction there, dying a few years later.

His mother returned to Worcester and here he received his education in the public schools. He was a mere lad when he became a messenger for the American Telegraph Company. When he was but thirteen he had become an efficient operator and was sent to Hyannis, Massachusetts, as an operator. Having filled that station satisfactorily for several months, he was assigned to the station in the Bay State House. A few years later he became the Associated Press operator on the night service for the Worcester "Daily Spy" in the employ of the Western Union. Then he was sent to Columbus, Ohio, as associated press operator, returning later to this city to take charge of the day service of the Associated Press for the "Evening Gazette." He left telegraphy in 1889 and engaged in business on his own account as a dealer in all kinds of rubber goods. His store was in the old Brinley block, where the State Mutual building now stands. Subsequently he moved to the Lincoln House building, and in 1904 to his present location, No. 317 Main street. His business has been uniformly prosperous.

He became a private in the Light Infantry in 1877, and grade by grade won promotion. For nearly ten years he was captain. In 1905 he was commissioned major of the Second Regiment. He had been retired three years prior to the beginning of the World War. He was retired with the rank of colonel, having served continuously for thirty years. (See history of Light Infantry and Spanish War). When his regiment returned from Cuba, he made the trip to Montauk Point to furnish any aid that was needed. He found the provisions for the Worcester soldiers ample enough, under the care of the Worcester Soldiers' Relief Association, but discovered great need among the regular troops. In twenty-four hours, August 23, 1898, he raised the sum of \$1,207.96 for necessities not obtainable in Cuba, including stockings, handkerchiefs, tobacco, cigarettes, fruits, sweets, pickles and other food as well as hospital supplies, amounting to several tons, and shipped them at once by express to New London, and from there to Montauk by tug-boat, dividing them among six regiments of regulars. He started the movement to have the bodies of Worcester soldiers brought home for burial, September 6, 1898. Other cities joined in the movement, and Secretary Alger at length decided to have all the bodies brought home. Colonel Rider had charge of raising the funds for the statue in memory of the soldiers who died in the Spanish War, dedicated April 19, 1917. In the collection and disbursement of the funds for public purposes, Colonel Rider was scrupulously careful not to exceed in expenditures the amount of the funds in hand; to pay all the bills promptly and to render a careful account, following the same accurate method that he has always adopted in his private business.

He became a member of Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, in 1876, and has taken the thirty-second degree in Masonry. He is a member of Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; and Massachusetts Consistory, (thirty-second degree.) He was eminent commander of the Knights Templar in 1898 and 1899. He is a member of the Worcester Economic Club. He attends the Congregational Church. In politics he is a Republican. He was a candidate for nomination for the Common Council, without his knowledge or consent, and made no effort to secure his election, but he came within thirteen votes of winning. Colonel Rider is unmarried.

JOSIAH BRITTAN SHATTUCK, Proprietor of Worcester Trucking Company, was born in Worcester, August 1, 1863, son of Rufus Watson and Sarah M. (Brittan) Shattuck. Mr. Shattuck is descended in all his lines of ancestry from pioneers of New England. The paternal line is: Josiah B. (9), Rufus Watson (8), Benjamin (7),

Jonathan (6), Jonathan (5), Dr. Benjamin (4), Rev. Benjamin (3), William (2), William (1). The immigrant was born in England, 1622; came when a young man to Watertown, of which he was a proprietor in 1642; a shoemaker and weaver by trade; died 1672. William Shattuck (2) was a brickmaker in Watertown; a magistrate and town officer. Rev. Benjamin Shattuck (3) was a graduate of Harvard College in 1709; a school teacher at Watertown; first minister of the church at Littleton. His son, Dr. Benjamin Shattuck (4), practiced in Littleton. Jonathan Shattuck (5) removed from Oxford, Massachusetts, to Chesterfield, New Hampshire, in 1781, and to Jaffrey or Townsend, Vermont, 1787. Mr. Shattuck's father was a merchant and farmer in Worcester. He was born in Bakersfield, Vermont, June 17, 1824; married, in 1856, Sarah M. Brittan, daughter of Josiah Brittan, Jr. The Brittan line of ancestry is: Sarah M. (6), Josiah (5), Josiah (4), William (3), Samuel (2), John (1). John Brittan (1) was born about 1680, and seems to be the third generation in this country. He settled in Marlborough in 1724.

Josiah Brittan, Jr., was born in Rutland, died here April 30, 1863; married, August 25, 1834, Sarah Maria Hulbert, at Somers, Connecticut. He came here and manufactured bricks at Tatnuck and other parts of Worcester; furnished the brick for the first insane hospital, Summer street. He was the first to store ice for use in summer. At one time he was proprietor of the old Worcester House on the site of the Bay State Hotel.

About the house at Brittan square occupied by Josiah B. Shattuck in recent years Caleb A. Wall wrote: "Lydia Chadwick kept a hotel many years subsequent to 1797 in the large dwelling afterwards owned and occupied by Josiah Brittan." John Chadwick, who came here from Watertown and bought several lots of land in 1740 and large tracts in later years, may have built this house on the farm. This plot was a lot of forty acres that he bought of the attorneys of John Brooks, of London, England, in 1750, and there were buildings on the lot at that time. David Chadwick inherited the house in 1768. He died in 1794, and his widow Lydia kept a hotel there afterward. The present house was built about 1770. It remained in the Chadwick family until February 16, 1822, when David Chadwick sold it to William Eaton, who in turn sold it to George W. Brooks in 1826, with one hundred and thirty acres of land. In the same year it was sold to Alfred Dwight Foster, who sold it, June 27, 1833, to Josiah Brittan, Jr. It was inherited from the Brittans by the present owner, in 1887.

Josiah B. Shattuck attended the Worcester public schools and the high school. He inherited a part of the old Brittan homestead at Brittan square, Worcester, mentioned above, and Washington stopped there on his way to Boston. It was the first public house on the road to Shrewsbury, Marlboro, Framingham and Boston. Shortly afterward he bought out the other heirs; when he secured it it was virtually a farm. Mr. Shattuck immediately laid it out in lots, laying out and improving streets. In fact, Mr. Shattuck developed that part of the city known as Brittan square. He built many houses which he sold, retaining the old Brittan home, which he has remodeled. Mr. Shattuck has built up in Worcester an extensive trucking business under the name of the Worcester Trucking Company. His place of business is at the corner of Commercial and Foster streets. He has one of the largest and most complete outfits in this section for hauling heavy freight and machinery. He has made a specialty of handling heavy and difficult freight.

Mr. Shattuck is well-known in Masonic circles and is a member of Athelstan Lodge, Eureka Chapter, and Hiram Council. He is one of the most active and efficient Republicans in the city. Although he is not himself an office seeker he has always taken an interest in city affairs and the welfare of the party to which he belongs. He served two terms in the City Council from ward two, city of Worcester.

Mr. Shattuck married, 1886, Anna Maria Howe, daughter of William Howe. She was born April 27, 1867, was educated at Burlington, Vermont, and resided there until her marriage. Their children are: 1. Marion Brittan, born September 24, 1887; graduate of the Worcester High School, 1904, and the Bradford Academy; married, June 26, 1909, Dwight S. Brigham, son of John S. Brigham, of this city (see biography); graduate of Harvard College (A. B., 1908); engineer with the Boston & Albany Railroad Company; now major, commanding the Second Battalion, Fourteenth Railway Engineers, since August, 1917, on the staff of the general superintendent of War Railways in France; residence in Newton Center, Massachusetts; children: Nancy Shattuck Brigham, born August 9, 1910, and Mary Stillman Brigham, born June 6, 1915. 2. Ruth Howe, born in this city, May 13, 1889, died here, June 30, 1892. 3. Anna Woodbury, born November 20, 1893; graduate of the Classical High School, 1911, and of the Baldwin School, Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania, 1913.

HARRISON SOUTHWICK PRENTICE, Real estate dealer and operator, was born in this city, August 10, 1836, and died at his home on Chestnut street in this city, June 24, 1909, son of Henry and Tabitha Leland (Southwick) Prentice.

He received his education here in the public schools and in Leicester Academy. At the age of eighteen he engaged in business as a buyer of cattle and in the meat and provision business. When the western meat packers succeeded the local dealers, he became a representative of the Nelson Morris Company. He finally withdrew altogether from the meat and provision business and devoted his attention to real estate, buying and selling, and erecting business buildings on Front, Main and Pleasant streets. Among others, he erected a brick block on Franklin street, known as the New Park Hotel, the Kenmore Hotel on Main street, the Carlyle Hotel on Pleasant street, and the Bellmar Hotel on Main street. He continued to develop real estate for more than thirty years and became one of the largest owners of business property in the city. On account of his expert knowledge of building and of real estate values, he was appointed on one of the commissions that built the City Hall. In politics he was a Republican. He attended Plymouth Congregational Church, and was a member of the Commonwealth Club.

Mr. Prentice married, in 1859, Emeline Nancy Bowen, who was born in Northbridge, Massachusetts, daughter of Charles and Urania (Mowry) Bowen. Mrs. Prentice and her daughter reside at the old home, No. 24 Chestnut street. Mr. and Mrs. Prentice had seven children: 1. Charles H., who died in 1907; married Isabel Gibbs, and had two children: i. Harrison Gibbs, who married Joy Aldrich, of Boston, children, Charles Harrison and Rosamond Prentice; resides at No. 11 Otsego road in this city; member of the Chamber of Commerce, Economic Club, Worcester Country Club; Mrs. Harrison G. Prentice is also a member of the Country Club. ii. Robert Leland, married Helena Mitchell; resides at No. 7 Waconah road, and has twin sons, Leland Mitchell and Henry Gibbs. 2. Edward, died aged five years. 3. Elizabeth Helen, died in 1911; married Dr. R. W. Swan, of this city (see biography). 4. Daughter, died in infancy. 5. Harrison Bowen, died in young manhood, aged twenty-six years; married Mary Webster Wing, of Uxbridge, and had one daughter Dorothy, who resides with her grandmother, Mrs. Harrison S. Prentice. 6. Clara Emma, died aged two years. 7. Emma Louise, who resides with her mother. The family are members of the Plymouth Congregational Church.

JOHN COMRIE MAC INNES, Founder of the John C. MacInnes Company, and its president, was born July 3, 1849, in Auchtermuthill farm on the Drummond Castle estate in Scotland, a farm occupied by his paternal ancestors since 1745. Owing to the sympathy of the Earl of Perth with the cause of the Pretender, the Drummond Castle estate was confiscated, but the MacInnes family leased their farm until the death of the father of John C. MacInnes in 1861. Mr. MacInnes died in this city, February 24, 1915, aged sixty-five years, seven months, twenty-one days.

He was educated in Scotland, and began his business career there, serving four years as apprentice in a dry goods business in Glasgow. He came to this country in 1868 and entered the employ of the firm of Callender, McAuslan & Troup, of Providence, Rhode Island. He came to this city in 1873 and engaged in business as a dry goods dealer with a store at No. 462 Main street. At the beginning he had but a small floor space, twenty-five by one hundred feet, and employed eight clerks. He advertised flannels, linens and cottons at wholesale and retail. In 1888 he advertised as a retailer and jobber of hosiery, underwear and small wear, dry goods and fancy goods, silk shawls and cloaks in his enlarged store, Nos. 458 and 462 Main street. From time to time he increased the number of departments and leased more space in the building. In 1892 the business was incorporated as the John C. MacInnes Company. Mr. MacInnes became president and treasurer; Albert A. Spaulding, vice-president; Charles A. Homer, clerk; Alexander J. Moir and James D. Robertson, directors. The capital stock at that time was \$100,000. The Gorham building on the north, the Buttrick & Whipple building on the south, and the Stoddard building in the rear were leased, one after another, and the floor space increased 11,000 feet, becoming one of the largest department stores of the city. At the time of his death the company employed three hundred and fifty clerks.

It is conceded that much of the success of Mr. MacInnes in business was due to his kindness and fairness in dealing with his employees. He had their welfare always in mind and retained their loyalty at all times. In all kinds of trouble he was their friend, adviser and helper. His charity was not confined to his clerks, however, he having given liberally to every worthy organization. He was interested in various industries in the city, president of the Allen-Higgins Wall Paper Company, and for many years a director of the Worcester Electric Light Company. In his later years he took keen delight in the cultivation of his farm, Overhill, on Pakachoag street, an estate of about three hundred acres. His stock farm was a model. He was at one time president of the Dutch Belted Cattle Association of America. He was a lover of horses and raised many thoroughbreds. He was a member of the Commonwealth



John C Mac Jones

Club and the Worcester Country Club; trustee of the People's Savings Bank; member of the Chamber of Commerce, and Quinsigamond Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and a trustee of Union Congregational Church. He was always a Republican, but never active in politics, declining to accept public honors. Keen business judgment, unflagging energy and integrity of character were the foundations of his success. He left a large fortune acquired in the business that he developed and in which he was active at the time of his death. Few of the many self-made men of Worcester have had as great success or deserved it more.

The action of the Chamber of Commerce fittingly expressed the feeling of the city in its resolutions:

"The members of the Committee on Mercantile Affairs of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce, mourning the loss of their late fellow member, John Comrie MacInnes, places this memorial on its records as a tribute to his memory, and a token of the respect and love felt towards him by his associates. During his long business career, he was best known as a merchant, and thousands of people in the community who did not have the pleasure and honor of a personal acquaintance with him, learned to revere, respect and honor the name of John Comrie MacInnes, because of his honorable and straightforward methods of doing business with the public. His business associates will miss him in their councils as an adviser of rare abilities and sound judgment. Those who enjoyed the honor and good fortune of a personal acquaintance and friendship with him, will miss him as the true friend who was always kindly in word or deed. An honorable business man, a true, generous hearted friend and a useful and respected citizen.

"The Worcester Chamber of Commerce deplors his loss and offer to those connected with him by ties closer than those of business associates and personal friends, its tenderest sympathy, at the same time recalling to them the consolation that of his life's work it can truly be said. 'Well done, good and faithful servant.'"

Mr. MacInnes married (first) Abbie White, of Charlton, Massachusetts, daughter of Moses P. and Mary (Haskell) White, and had one daughter, Jessie Comrie, who married, in September, 1915, John Tuck, of this city. He married (second) June 30, 1896, Eva M. Eaton. Mr. MacInnes' home was at No. 42 Harvard street.

JOHN P. FAY, Late of Worcester, Massachusetts, where his death occurred June 15, 1916, at the age of sixty-five years, was a well known figure in the life of this city, to which he came as a youth of but eighteen years old. He was born in 1851 at Lancaster, Massachusetts, where his childhood and early youth were passed and where he secured his education at the local public schools. As soon as he had reached an age to shift for himself, Mr. Fay left his native town and came to Worcester, where he started to learn the trade of wheelwright and worked with Mr. Atkinson in this business for a number of years. Mr. Atkinson proved an excellent teacher, and after serving his apprenticeship with him, Mr. Fay engaged in business on his own account, opening an establishment on Walker street, where he remained for a time. Later, however, he worked in the North Wire Mill, and it was during this time that he made the acquaintance of Mr. Chadwick, with whom he shortly afterwards formed a partnership. The two young men engaged in the trucking business, at first in a small way, but later Mr. Fay bought out Mr. Chadwick's interest and continued in the same line, under the name of J. P. Fay, and eventually built up a large and prosperous business. He continued very actively engaged in this line until his death, and the establishment which he built up is still operated under the old name by his son. Mr. Fay did contract work for heavy hauling and his trade extended all through the city. At first horses were used as the motive power, but since the introduction of motor vehicles the old trucks have been replaced by automobile trucks and these are now well known upon the streets of Worcester. Mr. Fay built large stables and barns on Fay street, and afterwards erected there his handsome three-story dwelling, where he made his home until the time of his death.

Besides his business activities, Mr. Fay was also well known in the public life of the community and he always felt a keen interest in the various departments of the municipality. He was particularly interested in the fire department, which he joined, and was a member thereof for nearly a quarter of a century during the time when they had the call men. Mr. Fay also was a member of the Light Infantry for three years. Politically he was affiliated with the Democratic party and took a very active part in political work in Worcester. He was elected to the City Council and continued a member of this body for four years, during which time he was very prominent in the government of the city. In his religious belief Mr. Fay was a Roman Catholic and for many years was a member of St. Paul's Church of this denomination in Worcester, and took a conspicuous part in the work of his parish.

John P. Fay was united in marriage, April 22, 1875, at Worcester, with May Power, a daughter of Lawrence and Bridget (Power) Power, of this city. Of this union five children were born, as follows: 1. Peter J., an engineer on the Boston & Aroostook Railway, and a member of the City Fire Department up to the time of his death, which occurred in 1916. 2. Edward L., who is at the present time carrying on his father's business. 3. John J., who resides in Worcester. 4. Paul R., member of the Sixty-Ninth Regiment of the New York National Guard, now the One Hundred and Sixty-Fifth of the United States Army, now serving in France. 5. Ella M., wife of T. J. Sammon, of Worcester.

The personality of Mr. John P. Fay was one that will not be quickly forgotten by the great host of those who called him friend. He was a man who combined gentleness with firmness, yielding easily where his sense of right and justice were not concerned, but inflexible enough where his conscience had rendered its decision. He was a delightful companion, as he remembered and recounted with vivid power the many interesting experiences he had passed through during his long career. Mr. Fay was a strongly religious man, an efficient and disinterested public servant, with the affairs of the community ever uppermost in his mind, and at the same time most devoted to his own family and in all ways a faithful husband and a wise father. Mr. Fay was indeed a model citizen and one that any community might hold up as a type for its youth to imitate.

EBEN KEASER COOK, Carpenter and builder, was born in Parsonsfield, Maine, April 19, 1830, died October 28, 1900, in this city. He was educated in the public schools of his native town, and his early years were devoted to farming in Auburn, Maine, until 1870, when he made his home in this city. He engaged in business as a carpenter and had a reputation for skill and thoroughness. From 1878 to 1880 he lived in Kansas, but returned to this city and lived here to the end of his life. He was a member of Central Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. In politics he was a Republican.

Mr. Cook married (first) in Auburn, Maine, Rachel Davis, who died, leaving one daughter, Grace, who married Clarence Hanson, of Lewiston, Maine. He married (second) Elizabeth C. Wingate, who was born at East Weare, New Hampshire, a daughter of Aaron and Phebe T. Wingate (see biography). Mrs. Cook resides with her sister, Mrs. Samuel Porter, at No. 875 Main street. She attends the Pilgrim Congregational Church.

AARON WINGATE, Farmer and blacksmith, was born in Madbury, New Hampshire, December 21, 1796, died in this city, September 2, 1880, son of John and Sarah (Garland) Wingate, descendants of early pioneers of New England. He was brought up on a farm in his native town, educated there in the district schools, and learned the trade of blacksmith. He moved to East Weare, New Hampshire, where he followed farming and had a blacksmith shop until 1852, when he came to Upton, Massachusetts. After two years in that town, he removed to Uxbridge, and three years later to East Douglass. Two years later he located in West Boylston. In 1864 he made his home in this city and lived a retired life the remainder of his days. He was a Congregationalist and deacon of the church in New Hampshire. In politics he was a Whig, later a Republican.

Mr. Wingate married, in 1826, in Madbury, New Hampshire, Phebe T. Lamos, who was born in Dover, New Hampshire, daughter of Nathaniel and Keziah Lamos. His wife died in this city, November 15, 1885. Both Mr. Wingate and his wife were buried in Hope Cemetery. Their children were: 1. Sarah, who died while a student in Mt. Holyoke Seminary (now college). 2. Anne Susan, married Rodney M. Rice, of Shrewsbury (see biography). 3. George, resided in Lynn, Massachusetts, where he died March 24, 1918. 4. Martha Ann, died in infancy. 5. Edward, died in infancy. 6. Elizabeth C., married Eben K. Cook (see biography). 7. Emma G., married Samuel Porter (see biography).

SAMUEL PORTER, Manufacturer of shoe lasts, was born in Stoughton, Massachusetts, June 27, 1833, and died February 16, 1904, son of Ahira and Rachel D. (Swan) Porter. He received his education in the public schools of his native town. When a young man he came to Worcester and engaged in the woodworking business here. He established the business of manufacturing lasts for shoe manufacturers, with which his name is still associated, and he continued in business until 1903, when he sold his interests to his son, Walter C. Porter, and Walter E. Bigelow. The firm became a corporation later under the old name S. Porter & Company (Inc.). Mr. Porter was a Free Mason. In politics he was a Republican. He attended the Piedmont Congregational Church.



Robert H. Chamberlain

Mr. Porter married (first), November 26, 1857, Sarah Chamberlin, who died May 18, 1865, daughter of Benjamin and Patience Chamberlin, of Marion, Massachusetts. She was born in Avon, Massachusetts. He married (second), June 1, 1870, Helen Frances Kendall, of Portland, Maine. He married (third), July 4, 1894, Emma G. (Wingate) Putnam, daughter of Aaron and Phebe T. (Lamos) Wingate (see biography). She married (first) Edward J. Putnam, of North Grafton, Massachusetts, who died August 28, 1891. Children of Samuel Porter: Addie Lester, born July 9, 1859, died September 24, 1865; Walter Chamberlin (see biography); Marian Kendall, born September 28, 1874, married Albert J. Gifford, and resides in Shrewsbury, and they are the parents of two daughters, Barbara and Lydia Gifford. Mrs. Porter resides at No. 875 Main street with her sister, Elizabeth C. Cook, widow of Eben K. Cook. She is an attendant of the Pilgrim Congregational Church.

WALTER CHAMBERLIN PORTER, Member of the firm of S. Porter & Company, manufacturers of ladies' shoe lasts, was born in this city, May 13, 1865, son of Samuel and Sarah (Chamberlin) Porter. He was lost in the Titanic disaster, April 15, 1912, and his body brought to land, April 30, in the cable ship, "Mackay-Bennett." His name is inscribed in the list of honored dead among those who voluntarily stepped aside to obey and see that it was obeyed the rule of the high seas in time of trouble, "Women and children first in the life boats." His body was among the two hundred and seventy found floating about the wreck; he was fully dressed and wore a life-belt, and evidently died of cold in the icy water. He was returning from his first business trip abroad. He sailed from Boston, February 20, and visited the trade centers of England, Germany, France, Austria and other countries.

Mr. Porter received his education in the public schools of this city, and afterward entered the employ of his father in the last-making business. At the age of twenty years he took a cruise in South American waters in a large sloop-rigged yacht, and at that time he had a narrow escape from shipwreck. Upon his return he entered his father's factory and there continued until 1891. Then he decided to try mercantile business and opened a grocery store in Holden, but a few years later he returned to his father's business. The founder of S. Porter & Company retired in 1903, selling to his son and Walter E. Bigelow. Mr. Porter took charge of the sales department and Mr. Bigelow managed the factory and office. The business expanded and the sales territory included not only this country but many foreign countries where shoes are manufactured. The factory is at No. 25 Union street.

Mr. Porter married (first) Louisa Phillips, who died January 4, 1905. He married (second) Mabel N. Sanford, who resides at No. 10 Lenox street. By his first wife Mr. Porter had two children: 1. Helen Irene, born June 24, 1889, who married Carl B. Fitton, and they have one son, Lawrence Porter Fitton. 2. Oscar Stanley, born October 3, 1891; after graduating from the Worcester Polytechnic Institute he became associated with S. Porter & Company, Inc., and at present is in service in the World War in the aviation corps; he married Esther Rudkin, of Middletown, Connecticut, and has one child, Walter Rudkin Porter.

Mr. Porter was descended from early pioneers of Massachusetts. The line of ancestry on the paternal side is: Walter C. (9), Samuel (8), Ahira (7), Cyrus (6), Joseph (5), Samuel (4), Samuel (3), John (2), Richard (1). Richard Porter, the pioneer, was born in England, came to this country in 1635, settled in Weymouth, Massachusetts, where his descendants have been numerous. Samuel Porter (3) located in Abington and several generations of the line lived there. Joseph Porter (5) was a lieutenant in the Revolution, lived in Stoughton, which was the home of the family until Samuel Porter came to this city.

ROBERT H. CHAMBERLAIN, Civil War veteran and public official, was born in Worcester, June 16, 1838, youngest child of Thomas and Hannah (Blair) Chamberlain, and died in this city, June 28, 1910.

He was a great-grandson of Jacob Chamberlain, who came from Newton, Massachusetts, in 1742, to Worcester, and bought a tract of land on Salisbury street, of which seventy-two acres were handed down by his son, John Chamberlain, to his son, Thomas Chamberlain, and by him to his sons, Robert Horace and Thomas Chamberlain. Thomas Chamberlain, born in Worcester, March 6, 1873, inherited and conducted part of the farm owned by his father and grandfather, and in its cultivation advanced the science and art of horticulture; was one of the founders and trustees of the Worcester Horticultural Society, in 1840, and in the hall of the society on Front street, this city, his portrait adorns the walls. He was the first president of the Common Council after the incorporation of the city of Worcester; was crier of the Worcester Court for seventeen years; filled most ranks in the State militia from corporal to W.—II-32.

brigadier-general. He attended the Old South Church. He married (first) Nancy Woods, the daughter of Colonel Sampson Woods, of Groton, Massachusetts. She died July 25, 1831, and he married (second), October 30, 1832, Hannah Blair, daughter of Robert and Elizabeth (Harrington) Blair, of Worcester. She was born February 19, 1793, and died August 23, 1873. He died September 5, 1855.

Robert H. Chamberlain acquired his early educational training in the public schools of his native city, which was followed by a course at Worcester Academy. At the age of eighteen years he began an apprenticeship with Ball & Ballard, machinists, School street, where he remained until the breaking out of the Civil War. He enlisted in Company A, Fifty-first Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, September 25, 1862, for nine months, and was appointed a sergeant of his company. He was in the campaign in North Carolina, taking part in the engagements of Goldsboro, Whitehall and Kingston, and was afterwards at Fortress Monroe, White House, Baltimore, Harper's Ferry and with the Army of the Potomac after Gettysburg in pursuit of General Lee. He was mustered out July 27, 1863, and re-enlisted, July 20, 1864, in Company F, Sixtieth Regiment, and received a lieutenant's commission, being subsequently promoted a captain. The regiment was assigned to Indianapolis, Indiana, on special guard duty at a camp of five thousand Confederate prisoners. He was mustered out with honorable discharge, November 30, 1864.

Returning to Worcester, he resumed work at his trade of machinist, at which he continued until 1870, when he was appointed by Mayor Blake, superintendent of sewers, which position he held for eighteen years, from 1870 to 1888, during which time the system was developed and widely extended. In 1888 he was appointed master of the House of Correction, and filled that office until 1892, in which year he was elected to the position of high sheriff of Worcester county, which office he held until his death. For twelve years after the war he was active in the State militia. In 1865 he re-organized the Worcester City Guards, and was the first captain of that company for two years. He also re-organized a battery of artillery in Worcester, and it was called the Chamberlain Light Battery. He received the commission of major and afterwards of colonel of the Tenth Regiment, and was made brigadier-general of the Third Brigade, December 31, 1868. He resigned and retired from the service in 1878, but always retained his interest in the citizen soldiery of the State and Nation.

In political faith, General Chamberlain was a staunch Republican, although not a violent partisan, placing citizenship above party, and giving to every man credit for honesty of purpose. He was faithful to every trust reposed in him, whether public or private, and was as highly-regarded by his political adversaries as by his party friends. From 1867 to 1870, before becoming superintendent of sewers, he served as a member of the Common Council of the city. He was a Congregationalist in religion, being a member of the Union Congregational Church.

General Chamberlain's standing in the Masonic fraternity was of the highest, and brought him the friendship of eminent men of the order from all over the states of Massachusetts and Rhode Island, he having been grand commander of the Grand Commandery of Knights Templar of Massachusetts and Rhode Island, having been elected to that office in 1892. He was made a Mason in Montacute Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, September 9, 1862. He was also a member of Worcester Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; and Massachusetts Consistory (thirty-second degree). He was a member of the board of trustees and treasurer of the Masonic fraternity, and also of the Masonic Mutual Relief Association for a number of years. His association with his comrades of the army was ever one of the joys of his life, and in George H. Ward Post, Grand Army of the Republic, of which he was a charter member, and in the Loyal Legion of the United States, he maintained that association until the end of his life. He was also a member of the Hancock Club, of Worcester, and of the Worcester Board of Trade. General Chamberlain was one of the best-known men of the city of Worcester, the city of his birth and scene of his life's activities. He was as favorably-known in every department of life he touched, and everywhere his name stood for honesty and uprightness.

On January 10, 1865, General Chamberlain was united in marriage to Esther Browning, who was born July 12, 1841, daughter of Joshua and Lavinia (Morse) Browning, of Hubbardston, Massachusetts, and to this union were born two daughters, namely: 1. Flora Browning, born August 16, 1868; married, June 12, 1894, Charles B. Wetherby, and they reside at Ware, Massachusetts, the parents of three children, Esther Sherman, Olive Benedict and Jean Chamberlain Wetherby. 2. Mabel Susan, born March 15, 1872; married Dr. Perley P. Comey, and they reside at Augusta, Georgia.

LUCIAN ARNOLD TAYLOR, Consulting engineer, was born in Burrillville,

Rhode Island, June 20, 1846, and died November 19, 1914, in this city, son of Jared and Catherine (Truesdell) Taylor.

He attended the public schools of his native town and those at Woodstock, Connecticut, whither the family moved during his boyhood. At Woodstock he went to school in a building that his grandfather erected for the town. He was only sixteen years old when he enlisted in the Eighteenth Connecticut Regiment, Volunteer Infantry, for three years. He was not seventeen years old when he was captured in the battle of Winchester and imprisoned by the Rebels at Belle Isle and Libby. After undergoing great suffering for want of food and clothing, he was finally exchanged. He served in various campaigns under Generals Milroy, Sigel, Hunter, Crook and Sheridan. He was at Lynchburg and in the Shenandoah Valley campaign. He was mustered out in June, 1865, and returned to Woodstock, completing his course in Woodstock Academy. He came to this city in 1866 and took a course in Howe's Business College.

In April, 1867, he became the first assistant employed in the office of the city engineer. He continued in the office for seventeen years, becoming highly proficient in his profession, having charge of the work in the sewer and water departments for many years. In 1884 he was elected water commissioner and served until 1886, when he resigned to enter into partnership with William McClellan, a civil engineer in Boston. Two years later Mr. McClellan died and he continued in his profession as consulting civil engineer alone. He made a specialty of public works, such as reservoirs, dams, water-works and sewer systems. He had charge of the plans and construction of water works for many of the principal towns and cities in New England, and was consulting engineer for various cities and towns. He built reservoirs at St. Albans, Vermont, Hanover, New Hampshire, New Haven, Connecticut, Kingfield, Maine, and elsewhere. He continued in business until the time of his death. His office was in Boston, but he resided at No. 8 Dean street in this city, the present home of his widow. He was a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, the Boston Society of Civil Engineers, the Connecticut Society of Civil Engineers, the New England Water-works Association; George H. Ward Post, No. 10, Grand Army of the Republic; the Worcester County Mechanics Association, and Plymouth Congregational Church. In politics he was a Republican. He was a self-made man, acquiring by practical experience and private study a place of distinction in a difficult profession. He possessed a strong public spirit and took an active part in public affairs.

Mr. Taylor married, August 29, 1868, Jeannette Arnold, daughter of Alexander and Nancy E. (Bellows) Arnold, of Putnam, Connecticut. They had three children: 1. Edwin Alexander, graduate of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute; formerly with the Atlantic Coast Railway; now an engineer in charge of the water system of Denver, Colorado; served in the World War as Major of Engineers; married Maria Broad, of this city, and has a son Robert. 2. Harris Arnold, died in infancy. 3. Eva May, married Charles M. Allen, professor in the Worcester Polytechnic Institute.

Jared Taylor, father of Lucian A. Taylor, was a native of Scituate, Rhode Island, and a farmer at Woodstock, Connecticut. By his wife, Catherine (Truesdell) Taylor, he had children: 1. Henry Fenner. 2. John Erskine, who was employed in the Worcester water department for twelve years, now deceased; married Emma Thurber, of Putnam, Connecticut, and had four children: Mary L., married Edward Whitney; Arthur J.; Grace E., married Lewis Lincoln; and Willard L. Taylor. 3. Sophia Truesdell. 4. Elizabeth Elvira. 5. Andrew Harris. 6. Lucian A., mentioned above. 7. Arthur, who died in infancy. The line of ancestry to the first settler is: Lucian A., Jared, Stephen, Richard, John, John, John, Robert. Robert Taylor, the immigrant, was born in England about 1620; came to Scituate, and later to Newport, Rhode Island; a rope maker by trade; was keeper of the prison in 1673; died 1688.

CHARLES METCALF ALLEN, Professor of experimental engineering in the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, was born in Walpole, 1871, son of Melzar Waterman and Martha (Metcalf) Allen. He graduated from the Institute in 1894 with the degrees of bachelor of science and master of science. He was afterward an instructor in experimental mechanical and hydraulic engineering, and is now professor of experimental engineering in the Institute. He has experimented extensively in hydraulic plants and in testing machinery used in modern water power plants for developing electricity.

He is a member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers; the Society for Promoting Engineering Education; the National Geographic Society; an associate member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, the Engineers Club of Boston; also of the Worcester Automobile Club; the Chamber of Commerce; the Troopers and Trappers Club of Walpole; the Worcester Congregational Club; the Public Education Association; the Worcester Polytechnic Alumni Association. His home is at 8 Dean street; his summer residence at Megansett.

He married Eva May Taylor, daughter of Lucian A. Taylor (see biography). They have three children: Virginia, Lucian Taylor, Jeannette Allen.

DAVID ANDREW SCOTT, Proprietor of the Union Laundry, was born in Galt, Ontario, Canada, November 20, 1853. Adam Scott, father of David A. Scott, was born in Scotland, January 10, 1803, and died in Lawrence, Massachusetts, August 12, 1869. He was purchasing agent for the Grand Trunk Railroad Company in Canada. He married Ellen Morris, who was born in Scotland, in 1818, and died in Lawrence, June 12, 1892, aged seventy-four years. They had twelve children, of whom but the two younger are now living: David A., and James R. Scott, a druggist in this city, one of whose sons, Charles H., is in the United States Navy, the other, Chester, is in business in this city. Adam Scott came with three brothers and a sister to Galt, Canada, in 1831, and settled there in what was then a wilderness. Their grandchildren are now among the leading citizens of that town.

David A. Scott attended the public schools of his native town until 1866, when the family moved to Lawrence, Massachusetts, where he continued in the public schools for a short time. He then became a clerk in the grocery store of his brother, Adam, in Lawrence, after working for three years in the mills and driving a baker's wagon for two years. For a year or so he was in the retail tea business on his own account.

Mr. Scott came to this city in October, 1886, and inaugurated the clean towel supply business, of which he was a pioneer in this section of the country. He began on a small scale for want of capital. His laundry was equipped with one washboard, a tub and wringer. At first he made the rounds on foot to serve his patrons, carrying the towels on his shoulder. As business grew, his equipment increased and he moved from the small tenement at No. 8 Smith court to No. 111 Chandler street, later to a small store on Prescott street. Here he added space from time to time, as his business grew, until he occupied the three floors of the building. In 1892 J. H. Dawson became a partner in the business, but retired therefrom in 1898. In 1890 Mr. Scott established a mechanics laundry to clean and repair overalls and blouses. For many years the business has been conducted under the name of the Union Laundry and Clean Towel Supply Company. The business is incorporated, Mr. Scott being president; Janet A. Cairns, treasurer. In 1907 the present location was occupied at No. 115 Exchange street. Mr. Scott has a modern laundry in every respect, perhaps the largest in the city, employing at present one hundred and seventeen hands. The building has a frontage of ninety-five feet and the business occupies four spacious floors.

In politics Mr. Scott is a Republican. In 1913 and 1914 he was a member-at-large of the Board of Aldermen of Worcester and in this position gave further evidence of his business ability, his love for the city and his interest in its prosperity. Few men have given more loyal and useful service in the Board of Aldermen. In social life Mr. Scott has been popular. He is a member of Morning Star Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Worcester Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; Massachusetts Consistory (thirty-second degree); and Aleppo Temple, Order of the Mystic Shrine. He is also a member of Quinsigamond Tribe, Improved Order of Red Men; Freedom Lodge, Knights of Pythias; Central Lodge, Mt. Vernon Encampment, and Canton Worcester, Patriarchs Militant, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is assistant inspector general of the Massachusetts Patriarchs Militant with the rank of major. He has been chief of the Order of Scottish Clans and grand chief of the Clan of Massachusetts; member of the Royal Clan, representing the International body. He is past commander of the Bay State Commandery, Knights of Malta. He is past chief of the Worcester Caledonia Club. He has been president of the Worcester Laundrymen's Club; is a member of the National Laundrymen's Association, the Massachusetts Laundrymen's Association, the Worcester Chamber of Commerce, and is also a contributing member of the Young Men's Christian Association.

Mr. Scott married, February 8, 1880, Mary Elizabeth Ware, who was born in Amesbury, Massachusetts, daughter of William and Rebecca (Healey) Ware, both natives of England. Mr. and Mrs. Scott reside at No. 34 Midland street, and have a summer residence, "Bonnie Doone Cottage," No. 53 Seafoam avenue, Winthrop, Massachusetts. They have one daughter, Ellen Rebecca, widow of W. J. Nason, now living with her parents; she was born in Lawrence, Massachusetts, March 9, 1885; Mrs. Nason has a daughter, Mary Victoria, born May 24, 1909, at Winthrop, Massachusetts.

GEORGE ERNEST DUFFY, President and treasurer of the George E. Duffy Manufacturing Company, was born at Franklin, New Hampshire, September 7, 1870,



George E. Duffy

son of Michael and Mary (Fawdrey) Duffy. His father was born in Ireland, March 22, 1843, and was a hosiery manufacturer in Franklin, where he died January 18, 1918. His mother was born January 18, 1846.

Mr. Duffy attended the public schools in his native town, and graduated from the Franklin High School in 1888, and from the Tilton Seminary at Tilton, New Hampshire, in 1890. He then entered Dartmouth College, from which he was graduated in 1894 with the degree of Bachelor of Letters. He entered the employ of M. T. Stevens & Sons for the purpose of learning the woolen manufacturing business and, after a thorough training in every department, was made superintendent of the mills of this concern at North Andover, Massachusetts, in 1899. From 1900 to 1907 he was general manager of the Charles River Woolen Company Mills at Bellingham and Franklin, Massachusetts. During the year 1909 he was agent of the mill property of E. D. Thayer Company, owned by the estate of Edward D. Thayer, of Worcester. Mr. Duffy bought the Thayer Mill at Cherry Valley, No. 1511 Main street, Worcester, of the Thayer estate, January 1, 1910, and has conducted it since that time under the corporate name of the George E. Duffy Manufacturing Company, of which he is president and treasurer. The business has grown constantly and in recent years the mills have been enlarged and are constantly run at full capacity. This mill is the eleventh privilege on Ramshorn stream. At first there was a grist mill here, built by one Adams, owned later by Wadsworth & Fowler; afterward a satinet mill was built. Ashworth & Jones bought the privilege and erected a mill fifty by one hundred and seventy feet, four stories high, and made beaver cloth here. In 1886 the property came into the possession of Edward D. Thayer, Jr., who manufactured woolen goods in the mill. Mr. Duffy has continued the woolen business, employing two hundred hands or more in the manufacture of overcoat and cloak goods. It now has nine sets of cards and a hundred broad looms in operation. This is perhaps the finest mill on the stream and one of the most stable industries of the city.

Mr. Duffy is vice-president and a director of the Park Trust Company of this city and a member of its board of investment. In politics he is a Republican. He and his family attend the Old South Congregational Church. He is a member of the Masonic bodies, holding membership in the Lodge, Chapter and Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar, and is also a member of Aleppo Temple, Order of the Mystic Shrine, of Boston. He is also a member of the Phi Beta Kappa of Dartmouth; the Commonwealth Club and Dartmouth College Club of this city; the Worcester Country Club and the Worcester Chamber of Commerce.

Mr. Duffy married, in Rochester, New Hampshire, October 21, 1896, Grace Mary Whipple, who was born at Newton, Massachusetts, July 5, 1873, a daughter of Charles S. and Sarah T. (Henderson) Whipple. She is a member of the Woman's Club. They reside at No. 5 Claremont street. Her father was born at Newton, November 5, 1850, died April 18, 1886. Her mother was born at Rochester, New Hampshire, December 20, 1849, and died November 8, 1896. Mr. and Mrs. Duffy have three children: Eunice M., born January 20, 1898, graduate of the South High School, and now a student in Smith College; Ralph E., born September 7, 1900, student in the Abbott School, Farmington, Maine; Gladys I., born October 29, 1902.

ALBERT HARRIMAN MOSS, Construction engineer, general manager of the Eureka Construction Company, was born in this city, November 30, 1880. He attended the schools here and after completing the grammar grade attended the English High School. At the age of fifteen he entered the employ of Thompson & Wheeler, civil engineers, and through their office was engaged on many engineering projects throughout central Massachusetts, later passing the State civil service examination, worked as an assistant engineer on the construction of Holden Dam, No. 2, for the city of Worcester. In 1899 he obtained an appointment with the Chicago Great Western Railroad on their new road then being built from Fort Dodge, Iowa, to Omaha, Nebraska. For the following five years he supervised construction work throughout the middle and south-west, being connected during that time with J. L. Fulton & Company, general contractors of Chicago, then with the Chicago-Milwaukee Electric Railway Company, and later with the city of Waukegan, Illinois, (sanitary sewers), John W. Alvord, consulting engineer (dam at Des Moines, Iowa), William Kenefick Company, M. O. & G. Railroad in Indian Territory. Finally returning to Worcester he associated himself with various contracting concerns, and has been actively identified with many large construction projects throughout New England, having taken contracts for all kinds of paving, excavating, concrete construction, railroads, sewers, water works and bridges. He is a typical out-of-doors man, versed in wood craft and things pertaining to nature, and takes his recreation in hunting, fishing, automobiling, and all open-air sports. In politics he is a Republi-

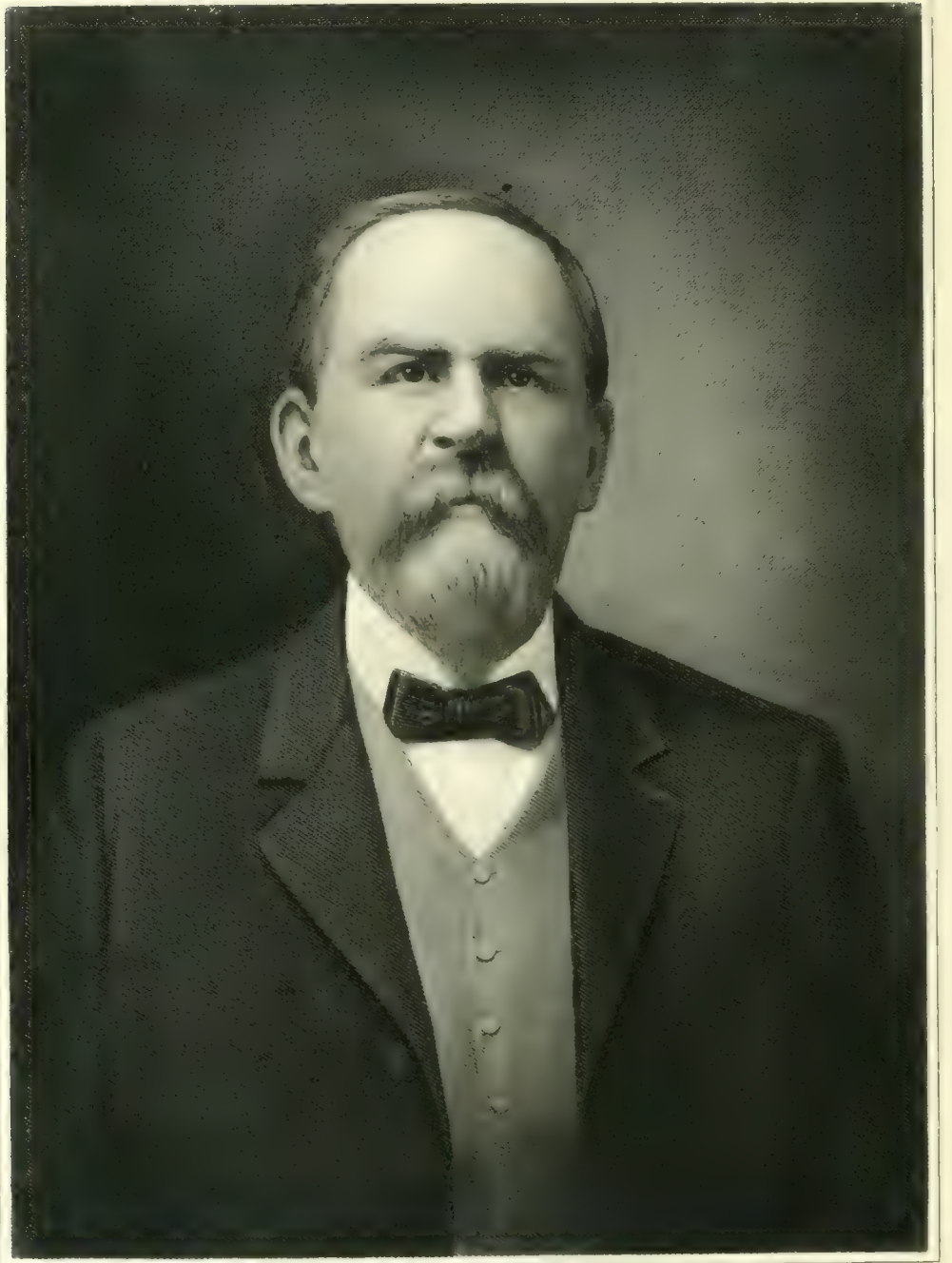
can. In 1914 he was elected to the Common Council of the city from ward nine, and in 1916 was re-elected for a term of two years. He is a member of the joint standing committees on finance and on water. He is a member of Piedmont Congregational Church.

Mr. Moss married, February 15, 1908, in this city, Kathryn A. Rooney, who was born in Lancaster, New Hampshire, July 22, 1890, daughter of Robert and Frances (McGinley) Rooney, now living in this city. Her father is a contractor, born in England. Her mother was born in Canada. Mr. and Mrs. Moss have one son, Robert Harriman, born in this city, December 18, 1908. (See biography of brother, E. A. D. Moss, for paternal ancestry).

CHARLES BASSETT EATON. One of the well known citizens of the City of Worcester, Massachusetts, whose death there on the first Sunday of April, 1914, was felt as a severe loss by a large section of the community, was a native of Phillipston, Massachusetts, and a son of William and Lydia (Brown) Eaton, old and highly respected residents of that neighborhood, where Mr. Eaton, Sr. was a farmer during his entire life.

Charles B. Eaton was born on his father's farm, June 20, 1831, and the early years of his childhood were spent in the midst of that wholesome rural environment. For his education the lad was sent to the schools of Petersham, and after completing his studies in these institutions, was placed as a clerk in the general store of that town. He remained thus employed until after his marriage, when he removed to Athol, Massachusetts, and there for a time worked with Captain Charles Bassett, for whom he had been named. Five months later, however, he came to Worcester, where he secured a clerical position in a dry goods store. Not long afterwards he became associated with Mr. William H. Sanford, a dealer in books in Worcester, and worked in that gentleman's establishment until the latter's death. Mr. Eaton then decided to engage in business on his own account and accordingly opened a fancy goods store in Worcester, in which he met with considerable success. Later, however, he engaged in the paper business, his establishment being situated where the Park building now stands. In this enterprise he was associated with a Mr. Dixon, the firm name being Eaton & Dixon, and a large and prosperous business was soon built up. Mr. Eaton's remarkable organizing and executive ability were in a large measure responsible for the great development which the business enjoyed and which placed it among the front ranks of enterprises of this kind in the region. Eventually, however, Mr. Eaton disposed of his interest in this line to a Mr. Lewis and retired from active business life, although he continued to engage in real estate operations on a large scale. He also looked after his own valuable property and that of his wife in the city and continued thus employed up to the time of his death. In the year 1872-73 he built a handsome house at No. 5 La Grange street, and here it was that he made his home and that his family continued to dwell since his demise. Mr. Eaton was exceedingly prominent in the general life of Worcester, and was a member of a number of societies and organizations, among which should be mentioned the Antiquarium and Horticultural societies of Worcester. Mr. Eaton was reared in the Unitarian church, but later joined the Piedmont Church. He was at one time a member of the Salem Street Church at Piedmont, but afterwards joined the Old South Church and became active in the affairs of the Sunday school there.

Charles B. Eaton was united in marriage, November 14, 1854, at Worcester, Massachusetts, with Mary Caroline Cheney, a daughter of Edson D. Cheney, of Worcester, and a native of Barre, where her birth occurred February 23, 1834. To Mr. and Mrs. Eaton two children were born as follows: 1. Alice Carrie, who became the wife of Frederick Norton Cooke, to whom she has borne one son, Frederick Norton Cooke, Jr., who is quartermaster of the Boy Scouts of New York. 2. Cora Bell, who became Mrs. William H. Nelson, of Worcester, and is the mother of four children: Winthrop, Earl, Dorothea and Carolyn Inez. Edson D. Cheney, father of Mrs. Eaton, was born in the year 1812 at Milford, and was a son of Ebenezer Cheney, of Barre, Massachusetts. He was engaged in the occupation of farming during practically his entire life, and was also a Mason of high order. He removed from Milford to Barre in the year 1834, and later to Petersham, Massachusetts, where he had a wheelwright shop. From there he came to Worcester and worked at the carpenter's trade for a time. He also engaged in business as a contractor and builder and erected many dwellings in Worcester. During the war he went into the wholesale flour business quite extensively and made a very considerable fortune, which he invested in real estate, so that he owned considerable property in this city at the time of his death. He was an active and public-spirited citizen and a member of the Piedmont Church, later of the Old South Church. He married Sarah B. Shattuck, of Barre, Massachusetts, and both he and his wife died in



George J. Hitchison

Worcester, Mrs. Cheney died June 4, 1886, and Mr. Cheney died April 13, 1894. They were the parents of one child, Mary Caroline, who is now Mrs. Eaton. Their old homestead was at No. 695 Main street.

Energy, self-confidence and a strict adherence to the moral law were the traits which seemed to lie at the bottom of Mr. Eaton's character and shape and guide its entire development. His business success, as must all true success, depended quite as much upon his character as upon the knowledge which was a later acquirement. It was this element which differentiated his career, so similar in external appearance, from a kind of success, common enough today, which as already remarked is popularly regarded with so much disfavor. In all that he did for himself, Mr. Eaton kept the interest of those about him ever in sight, and made no step, however conducive to his own ends, if to his candid judgment it appeared inimical to theirs. It was in line with this—it should not be called policy, for it was too spontaneous for that—but in line with this instinct, his behavior in his family. He would not allow the extremely exacting demands of his business to interfere with what he considered due his wife and children any more than he erred the other side and allowed domestic ties to interfere with his discharge of his obligations to the outside world. Indeed the only person whose inclinations and comfort he consistently sacrificed to the rest of the world was himself, for he rose early and retired late to fulfill his obligations to others, and minister to their desires. After retiring from active business, his sole recreation was in caring for his garden, flowers and trees. The city of Worcester has the best reason to regard him as its benefactor.

JOHN TOWNSEND, Assistant foreman and foreman of the assembling department of the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works, from 1877 to 1917, was born in Ramsey, England, February 5, 1847, son of Thomas and Ann (Thompson) Townsend. Thomas Townsend was overseer in a cotton mill in England. Both he and his wife were born at Ramsey.

John Townsend received his education in the Abney British School at Mossley, England. He began to work in Mayo's Cotton Mill when fifteen years of age, and afterward for a number of years was employed in the works of Hutchinson, Hollingworth & Company at Dobcross, England, the foreign representatives of the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works. He came to this country in 1871 and entered the employ of the Fall River Iron Works at Fall River, Massachusetts. In 1873 he came to this city and began to work in the assembling room under Albert B. Whipple. In 1877 he became assistant foreman of the department, and when Mr. Whipple retired he succeeded him as foreman. In addition to the work in the factory he was often engaged in erecting plants in mills throughout New England, New York and Pennsylvania, installing new looms and putting them in running order. He invented various devices and assisted in the perfection of many patents used in the manufacture of looms. He retired in 1913, but has remained in the employ of the company in an advisory capacity. His service was marked by efficiency and fidelity. He is a skillful mechanic and he contributed throughout his period of service in the works to maintain the high standard of workmanship and the reputation of the Knowles Looms and the Crompton & Knowles looms for sending out looms of uniform excellence. Mr. Townsend is a member of Athelstan Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and of the Sons of St. George. In religion he is a Congregationalist; in politics a Republican.

Mr. Townsend married, in Ashton Parish Church, October 2, 1870, Hannah Chapman, who was born at Mossley, July 19, 1850, daughter of Joseph and Rachel (Ward) Chapman, both of whom were natives of Mossley. Their children are: 1. Mary Emma, born July 6, 1871; married, in 1895, Charles Buckley; children: John, Thomas, George. 2. Alfred, born August 9, 1872, deceased. 3. Florence Gertrude, born February 4, 1874; married, April 29, 1896, Fred W. Eastman; children: Gertrude and Donald Townsend. 4. Ava Ann, born April 26, 1877; married, November 11, 1903, Frank H. Ellis; child, Reginald. 5. George Chapman, born June 6, 1879; married, September 1, 1917, Hazel Stough. 6. Albert Edward, born July 11, 1881, deceased. 7. Charles Frederick, born June 12, 1883. 8. Maud May, born September 27, 1884; married Allan K. Burrows, November 9, 1910; child, Betty Frances. 9. Grace Darling, born April 6, 1887, deceased. 10. Amy Louise, born October 21, 1889; married Ernest N. Adams; child, Priscilla. 11. Madeline Ruth, born July 11, 1895; married, August 8, 1916, Albert W. Jordan.

GEORGE THWAITES AITCHISON, Inventor and manufacturer, was born July 5, 1826, in Ossining, New York, son of William H. and Harriet (Thwaites) Aitchison, descendant of an old family of Glasgow, Scotland. His father, William H.

Aitchison came to this country in 1824 and located in Ossining; was a merchant. Both parents of Mr. Aitchison died when eighty-eight years old.

Mr. Aitchison attended the public schools until he was fourteen years old. He was then sent to Peru, Illinois, to study civil engineering under Colonel Burnett, of the United States Army, who surveyed the canal from Chicago to Peru. He traveled mostly by stage on the journey of nine hundred miles thither. After a few years, however, he returned East and was employed in various lines of business until 1845, when he began to serve an apprenticeship in carriage making at Newark, New Jersey. During his three years as apprentice he was to receive \$25 a year and board, but in a few months he was given piece-work and soon had the reputation of being the best craftsman in the shop.

He came to Worcester when he was twenty-one years old and entered the employ of M. T. Breck, carriage builder, School street, remaining in the shop for five years. In 1852 he began to build vehicles in a shop on Canal street, having as a partner George W. Wilder. From the outset the business prospered. In 1860 he bought the business of Mr. Breck and afterward enlarged it to include the making of all kinds of vehicles then in use. He designed and built the first top sleigh used in this section, and invented one of the first watering-carts used in this country. In 1895 he invented and put into use one of the greatest and most valuable inventions used in street sprinkling. By means of this device, simple, durable and compact, the water from a horse drawn vehicle is distributed for a width of twenty-five to thirty feet. In addition to the carriage-making plant he also conducted a repairing business. He was the owner of valuable real estate on School street and in other sections of the city until 1912. For a number of years he conducted a storage and warehouse business on School street, disposing of it in 1912. He is or has been a member of the following organizations: The Worcester Agricultural Society; Worcester County Mechanics Association; Montacute Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, which he joined in 1854. In politics he is a Republican; in religion a Unitarian.

Mr. Aitchison married (first), August 29, 1852, Catherine Henrietta Case, daughter of Zelah and Jeannette (Benton) Case. She died in September, 1901, and he married (second), June 19, 1902, Elizabeth Ann Bartlett, of Shrewsbury. She was born January 8, 1857. Mr. Aitchison's home is now at No. 117 Lincoln street.

ALBERT LAMB, Market gardener, was born in Millbury, Massachusetts, June 1, 1833, son of Jesse and Mary (Stevens) Lamb. The family moved to Charlton, Massachusetts, when he was a boy and he attended the public schools there. Leaving home when he came of age, he started in life as a farmer on his own account in Leicester, Massachusetts. After eleven years he sold his farm there and located in Tatnuck (Worcester), where he bought a small farm and engaged in market gardening, following this business with uniform success for a period of forty-five years. He also devoted himself to the cultivation of fruit. He retired from active business in 1909, though he is still active in body and mind at the age of eighty-five years. He attributes his long life and good health in large measure to abstinence from tobacco and liquor of all kinds and to regular habits, to moderation, in fact, in everything. In politics Mr. Lamb is a Republican, but he has never accepted public office. His life has been devoted almost exclusively to his business and his family. In his relations with other men, he has been kindly, courteous and upright, observing to the letter the Golden Rule in both business and social relations.

Mr. Lamb married (first), Nancy Kingsbury, who died without issue. He married (second), Sophia Kingsbury, who bore him six children, of whom three died in infancy, the survivors being: 1. Anna Maria, married David Grosvenor, now of Auburn, Massachusetts. 2. Mary, married George P. Tuttle, who now conducts the homestead and market gardening business at Tatnuck. 3. Arthur A., the owner of a cattle and sheep ranch of 5,000 acres at Upton, Wyoming. He married (third), Rebecca Merriman, who died without issue. He married (fourth), Lucy Miles, who also died without issue. He married (fifth), Elizabeth (Wayne) Shipman, widow of Lewis H. Shipman.

Lewis H. Shipman was born in Saratoga, New York, in 1840, son of Joseph and Elizabeth (Van Pelt) Shipman. He was a carriage trimmer in business in Fonda, New York, and later in the upholstering business in Worcester. He died at his home on Pleasant street in this city, July 17, 1911. He was a Free Mason, a Methodist in religion, and a Republican in politics. He married, at Broadalbin, New York, in 1872, Elizabeth Wayne, and they had three children: 1. Frank B., now a prominent business man in Cincinnati, Ohio, having a large bakery and confectionery store; married Grace Mills, and they have four children: Elizabeth, Frank B., Jr., Grace and Beatrice Shipman. 2. William L., a well-known dentist of this city; married Fannie Hamilton, and has a son, Lewis Hamilton Shipman. 3.

Wayne F., dentist, of Worcester; married Hilda Felix, and has had three children: Dorothy, who died aged two years; Wayne F., Jr. and Lee Shipman.

CALEB COLVIN, Founder of the Caleb Colvin foundry which became the L. W. Pond Machine & Foundry Company, of which he was president and treasurer until the time of his retirement, was born at Cranston, Rhode Island, January 10, 1829, and died at his home, No. 1 Castle street, Worcester, February 16, 1914, son of Caleb and Dolly (Burgess) Colvin, and brother of James A. Colvin (see biography).

Caleb Colvin was educated in his native town, and learned the trade of moulder in the Orebed Iron Foundry there under Lowdic Brayton, who had a reputation in those days as a master iron worker. From 1850, when he became a journeyman, to 1863 he was employed at his trade in Whitinsville. In 1863 he and his brother James A. started in the foundry business at Danielson, Connecticut. About two years later, having sold out to his brother, he came to Worcester and in the same year, 1865, established the foundry which has been conducted under his name since then except for a time when he was in business with his brother. In 1868 he again entered partnership with his brother, but in 1879 the firm was dissolved and the business continued at the old stand after January 1, 1880, under the name of the Caleb Colvin Iron Foundry. From time to time he enlarged his plant until it became one of the largest in this city. He established a wide reputation for his high grade gray castings. In 1887 the business was incorporated under the name of the L. W. Pond Machine & Foundry Company, Francis B. Knowles, Charles B. Pratt, H. C. Fish being associated as directors and stockholders with Mr. Colvin. He outlived all his associates. The L. W. Pond Machine and Foundry Company not only carried on the foundry business, but manufactured iron planers, pulley-turning and boring machinery. The factory was at the corner of Gold and Assonet streets. It became one of the important industries of the city. Mr. Colvin was president and treasurer until 1905, when on account of failing health he retired.

In politics he was a Republican. He was elected to the Common Council in 1876 and to the Board of Aldermen in 1883 and 1884 from Ward Seven. He was a member of Morning Star Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Worcester Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; and the Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar, being one of the oldest members of that body at the time of his death. He was a director of the Worcester Mutual Fire Insurance Company; trustee of the Worcester Five Cents Savings Bank; associate member of George H. Ward Post, Grand Army of the Republic; and member of the Worcester County Mechanics Association. After he retired he made a study of local history and genealogy, preparing a chart of the Colvin family, which refers back to John Colvin, the first of the Colvins in America, the Rev. James Colvin and George Colvin, of Coventry, Rhode Island, who fought in the Revolution, as well as to others of the family.

Mr. Colvin married Nancie Sabina Brown, and they had three sons, and one daughter, Minnie Sabina, died in infancy. The sons were: 1. C. Henry, born March 5, 1861, in Whitinsville, Massachusetts; was in the iron founding business with his father until his death, March 16, 1914, in Worcester, Massachusetts; married (first), Mabel Forehand; married (second), Alice Stone. 2. Edwin R., born February 10, 1864, in Danielson, Connecticut; was in the iron founding business with his father until his death, October 1, 1889, in Worcester, Massachusetts. 3. Arthur B., born October 7, 1876, in Worcester, Massachusetts; was in the iron founding business with his father until his retirement; married (first) Gertrude Ottestad; married (second) Dora Burbank.

JAMES ANTHONY COLVIN, Iron founder, brother of Caleb Colvin (see biography), who was for thirty-six years in the foundry business in this city, was born in Cranston, Rhode Island, June 20, 1833, and died in Enfield, Connecticut, July 4, 1915, son of Caleb and Dolly (Burgess) Colvin. He attended the public schools in his native town, and his boyhood was spent on his father's farm until he was eighteen years old. He left home to learn the trade of moulder. In January, 1862, he started in business in partnership with his brother Caleb at Danielson. In 1865 he bought his partner's share in the foundry and continued in business there for two years and a half, his plant being destroyed by fire. In May, 1868, he resumed business in Worcester, again in partnership with his brother Caleb, having a foundry on the site of the L. W. Pond Machine & Foundry location on Gold street. The firm continued for eleven years. From that time he was in the foundry business on his own account at No. 52 Jackson street, the present location of the Colvin Foundry, until his death.

Though his name was best known in the foundry business, he became interested in various other lines of industry. For several years he manufactured machine tools as the proprietor of the Warren Machine Tool Company, but about 1896 he sold his interests in this concern to German manufacturers. He was also the owner of the G. H. Bushnell Press Company, of Thompsonville, Connecticut, acquired in 1894, manufacturing all kinds of oil mill machinery, presses, filters, screw, knuckle joint and hydraulic machinery for bailing purposes. He was the founder of the Standard Metalwork Company of Thompsonville, Connecticut, for the manufacture of all kinds of bent pipe and tubing and various specialties for manufacturers of automobiles. At the time of his death he was owner of the Jackson Street Foundry and president of the Standard Metalwork Company. He was a member of the Worcester County Mechanics Association and the National Metal Trades Association. In religion he was a Unitarian; in politics a Republican.

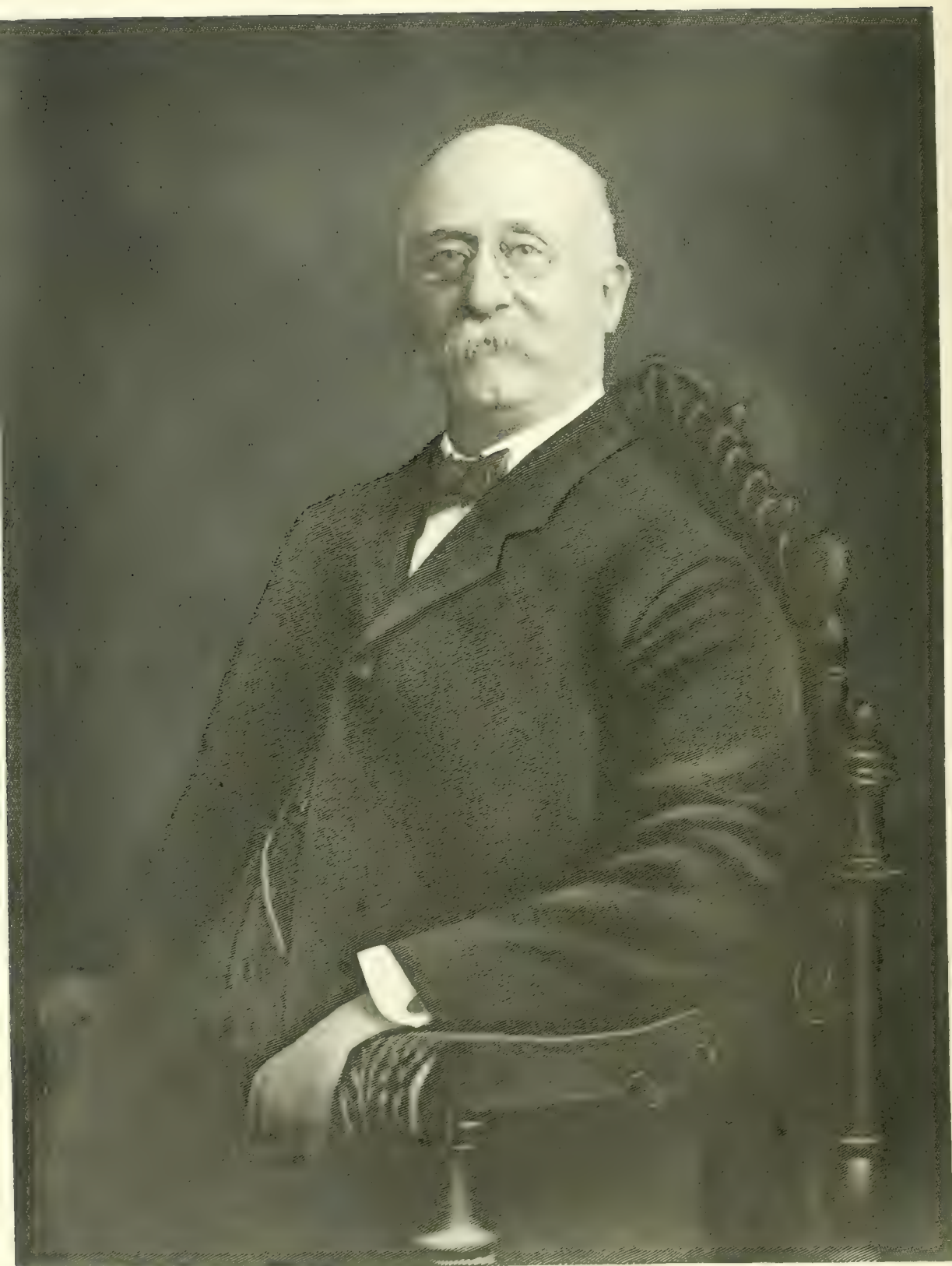
Mr. Colvin married (first) Amy Ann Johnson, daughter of John C. Johnson, of Natick, Rhode Island, January 21, 1854. He married (second) Anna Lee, daughter of Francis Lee, of Montpelier, Vermont, January 20, 1869. By his first wife he had two sons: James B. and Lewis A. (see biographies), and a daughter, Theresa. By his second wife he had two daughters: Anna L. and Dorothy F.

JAMES BYRON COLVIN, Proprietor of the Jackson Street Foundry, was born in Whitinsville, Massachusetts, May 31, 1856, son of James Anthony and Amy Ann (Johnson) Colvin. He attended the public schools in Danielson, Connecticut, whither his parents moved in 1863, and at Worcester, where he completed his education in the high school. He began his business career in the foundry conducted by his father and uncle, in 1872, and was afterward associated with his father in the Jackson Street Foundry. Since the death of his father he has conducted the business. He married, April 27, 1882, Carrie Carpenter Bascom, of Greenfield. They have one son, Percy J. Colvin, born January 22, 1883, educated in the Worcester public and high schools, and Massachusetts Institute of Technology, now associated in business with his father; married, November 14, 1914, Eleanor Whiting Sharp, of Brookline, and they have one daughter, Madeline Jasper Colvin, born September 29, 1915. Percy J. Colvin is a member of the Tatnuck Country Club and the Worcester Economic Club.

LEWIS ANTHONY COLVIN, Who was engaged in the foundry business with his father, was born in Danielson, Connecticut, October 5, 1864, son of James Anthony and Amy Ann (Johnson) Colvin. He was educated in the public schools of his native town and Worcester. He married, May 23, 1900, Sara Hale Colvin. Children: Kenneth H. and Amy L. Mr. Colvin died April 8, 1915.

MICHAEL A. O'ROURKE, Partner in Curran & O'Rourke's "Toggery Shop," and former baseball umpire in the Eastern League, was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, May 17, 1870, son of Michael and Ellen (Flynn) O'Rourke, who were among the pioneer settlers of South Worcester, and witnessed the growth of that section from a small village to the prosperous city of today.

Michael O'Rourke was born in Leitrim, Ireland, and left his native place in April, 1854, with the flood of immigrants of that time, all of whom sought to better their chances of success in life's struggle in the New World. The journey was made in a sailing packet, and they were as many weeks on the water as is now required in days for a similar trip across the Atlantic. Mr. O'Rourke was endowed with courage, indomitable perseverance and those sterling qualities that go to make good citizens, faithful to church and loyal to country. He married Ellen Flynn, also a native of Ireland, who came to this country during her childhood. She was one of those gentle, motherly women, known to her neighbors by her many acts of kindness, and of whom they said: "None knew her but to love her." They were closely identified with the Church of the Sacred Heart in South Worcester from its inception, and were untiring in zeal in the work of the society and church, Mr. O'Rourke being a familiar figure to all attendants at every service for the past forty years, he serving in the capacity of collector. His death occurred May 26, 1917. Mr. and Mrs. O'Rourke were the parents of eight children, six of whom survive and are living in the family residence, No. 597 Cambridge street. I. Hugh H., a druggist for twenty-five years at No. 360 Millbury street, and president of the Worcester Pharmacists' Association for the past three years; he is a charter and fourth degree member of the Knights of Columbus, member of Worcester Musicians' Association, Ancient Order of Hibernians, Royal Arcanum, and dictator of Worcester Lodge of Moose; he has served the city as alderman for two years and the State for seven years, six years in the House of Representatives and one year as senator



Chas. A. Hill

at Boston; he was the Democratic candidate for mayor at the last city election. 2. Joseph T., an optician in the Park building; member of the Knights of Columbus, and the Washington Club, of which he is president. 3. Edward J., also an optician in the Park building, and a member of the Knights of Columbus and the Washington Club. 4. Michael A., of whom further. 5. Nellie F., resides at home. 6. Mary A., for many years assistant principal at the Millbury street school. Those deceased are: Bernard J., who was a callman in the City Fire Department for twenty-five years, died April 26, 1914; he is survived by his widow and three children, John, Irene and Eleanor. John F., died April 26, 1908; he is survived by a widow and two children: Edward and Helen. Mrs. Ellen (Flynn) O'Rourke died in Worcester, December 27, 1909.

Michael A. O'Rourke attended the Cambridge street and Washington street public schools of Worcester, also the Classical High School of that city, where he was a student for three years. He then entered the employ of Thomas H. Hall, No. 82 Front street, dealer in men's furnishings, with whom he remained for eight years. The following two years he served as clerk for Finn & Kelley, hatters, in Boston; the following fifteen years he was a salesman in the store of F. J. Charbonneau, of Worcester; and the following five years was a salesman in the clothing store of Besse-Bryant Company, of Worcester. On October 6, 1914, the firm of Curran & O'Rourke engaged in business at No. 6 Front street, Worcester, and have enjoyed an excellent trade from the beginning, owing largely to the wide acquaintance and extended experience of Mr. O'Rourke in all lines of men's furnishings. It is known as the "Toggery Shop," and there the latest and smartest in men's hats and up-to-date haberdashery may be found.

Mr. O'Rourke is one of the best known men among those interested in baseball in this section, baseball having always been his chief recreation. As a boy he was for nine years catcher of an amateur baseball club in Worcester; for a period of five years he was umpire for the Holy Cross team; for three years was local umpire for the Eastern League, and he umpired the historic game between the local club and Pittsburgh, won by the Worcester nine. He is a charter and fourth degree member of the Knights of Columbus, a charter member of Alhambra Council of that order; member of Worcester Lodge, No. 243, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, in which he holds office, and a member of the Washington Club. He is a communicant of the Church of the Sacred Heart (Catholic).

Mr. O'Rourke married, in Worcester, June 19, 1900, Elizabeth B. Mullins, a native of Worcester, who died March 14, 1907. She was a daughter of Patrick Mullins, who for half a century was a leading merchant and large real estate owner of Worcester.

CHARLES A. HILL, Manufacturer, was born June 17, 1834, in Malden, Massachusetts, son of Benjamin G. and Martha Mirick (Teal) Hill, and died at his home, No. 39 Queen street, this city, January 20, 1908.

He secured a good education, and spent the earlier years of his business life as a bookkeeper, coming to Worcester in 1861, entering the employ of the late Jerome Marble, with whom he was associated first as bookkeeper and later as partner. They continued as partners until 1870, when Mr. Hill with H. M. Hedden organized the Phenix Plate Company, for the manufacture of ferrotype plates and japanning supplies, with a factory on Park avenue. This partnership continued successfully for a period of eighteen years, when, in 1888, Mr. Hedden retired from the business. Mr. Hill then re-organized as a corporation the Phenix Plate Company, of which he was elected treasurer, a position he continued to hold until his death, at the age of seventy-four years. The new company took over the old plant, and as the years passed it was enlarged as the business broadened and prospered under the able management of Mr. Hill. Although he was deeply engrossed in the care and development of the business which he had founded, Mr. Hill had various other interests, and served the Mechanics' National Bank as director, and the Mechanics' Savings Bank as trustee for a number of years.

Mr. Hill was a Mason of high rank, having attained the thirty-second degree in that organization, holding membership in the various bodies including Boston Commandery, and the Massachusetts Consistory. He was a member of the Commonwealth Club of Worcester, and a constant attendant of the Piedmont Congregational Church. Possessed of an affable and genial nature, he commanded the esteem of a large circle of staunch friends, and no man was more truly appreciated by those who were in a position to know how great was his worth and how untiring his energy, for none could be more loyal to the trusts imposed upon him. Mr. Hill was a self-made man in all that the word implies, and his career again points the way to honor and success.

Mr. Hill was married November 17, 1868, to Emily J. Aldrich, who was born in Willington, Connecticut, daughter of Hosea and Mary (Chard) Aldrich. To Mr. and Mrs. Hill were born three children, namely: 1. A daughter, who died in infancy. 2. Charles G., who died in infancy. 3. Charles G., born August 1, 1881, in Worcester; he was educated in the public schools and the Classical High School of his native city, graduating from Harvard College with the class of 1905; after leaving college he became associated with his father in business, and since the death of the latter has succeeded him as treasurer of the Phenix Plate Company; he is also a member of the Masonic bodies; he married Lena M. Bowker, daughter of Charles W. Bowker, of this city, and they have one son, Charles Augustus, born June 12, 1917. Mrs. Hill survives her husband, and resides at the homestead.

ELLERY BICKNELL CRANE, Former state senator, for many years librarian of the Worcester Society of Antiquity, was born in Colebrook, Coos county, New Hampshire, November 12, 1836, son of Robert Prudden and Almira P. (Bicknell) Crane.

His parents removed to Beloit, Wisconsin, when he was an infant, and he attended public and private schools there, the Beloit Academy, the preparatory department of Beloit College, and then pursued a course at a commercial school. He began his business career as bookkeeper in the office of a lumber and grain merchant in Beloit. In 1860 he went to California by the overland route, with private teams, starting on May 4 and reaching Sacramento October 12, after a trip made interesting and exciting by the hostility of the Indians at that time. He remained in California and Oregon until the winter of 1862, returning East by way of the Isthmus of Panama. He secured a position as bookkeeper in Boston in a wholesale and retail lumber concern and remained for four years.

He came to Worcester in 1867 and started in business on his own account in the lumber trade with a yard and office on Madison street, near Southbridge, in partnership with Jonathan C. French, but within three months he bought the interests of his partner, and during most of the succeeding thirty-four years conducted the business under his own name as sole proprietor. His stock and buildings were destroyed by fire, July 8, 1900, and as a change in the building laws prevented the erection of wooden buildings on this location, he decided to retire. Since then he has devoted his time to historical and genealogical work. He was one of the early members of the Society of Antiquity and for many years its president, also its librarian. (See Society of Antiquity). Through his personal efforts large accessions have been made to the library. He was the supervising editor of the great four-volume work entitled "Historic Homes and Institutions and Genealogical and Personal Memoirs of Worcester County" (1906). He is the author of "The Rawson Family Memorial" and "The Crane Family Genealogy" (two volumes). He has written a large number of historical papers published in the proceedings of the Society of Antiquity. He is one of the advisory board of this work. He has been one of the board of editors of various genealogical and historical works of the Lewis Historical Company.

For many years Mr. Crane was prominent in the Republican party and municipal affairs. He has served in the Common Council and Board of Aldermen; as representative in the General Court two terms and state senator two terms. In the House he was a member of the committee on constitutional amendments and election laws, and in the Senate a member of the committees on election laws, street railways and taxation, the latter of which he was chairman, and he was also chairman of the committee on parishes and religious societies. He was for several years a director of the Worcester Board of Trade; for three years president of the Builders Exchange; for several years president of the Sons and Daughters of New Hampshire; president of the Worcester County Mechanics Association in 1890 and 1891, and for many years a trustee of the Worcester County Institution for Savings.

Mr. Crane married, in 1859, Salona A. Rawson, daughter of George and Lois (Aldrich) Rawson, a descendant of Edward Rawson, secretary of the Massachusetts Bay Colony. They had one son, Morton Rawson Crane. Mrs. Crane died April 4, 1900, of heart failure following an attack of the grip.

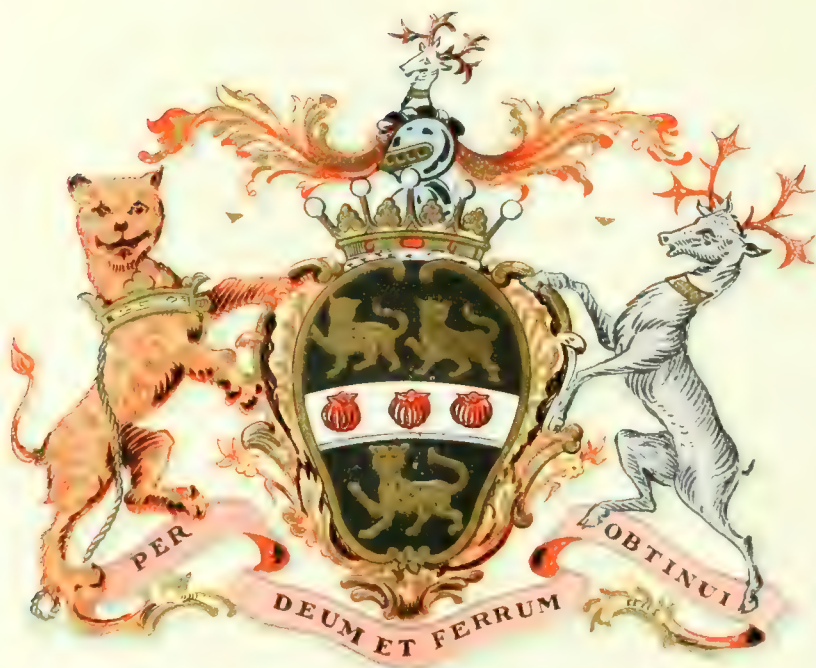
Robert Prudden Crane, father of Ellery B. Crane, was born in Colebrook, April 17, 1807, died in Florida, November 3, 1882; active in the settlement of Beloit, Wisconsin, 1836-37; married Almira P. Bicknell, daughter of Captain John W. and Keziah (Paine) Bicknell. She died in Beloit, January 6, 1854.

Eleazer Crane, father of Robert P. Crane, was born December 28, 1773, died at Beloit, June 14, 1839; married, December 9, 1798, Anna Prudden, daughter of Fletcher and Sarah (Treat) Prudden. He settled at Colebrook, New Hampshire, and built a saw mill there; removed to Beloit in 1836.

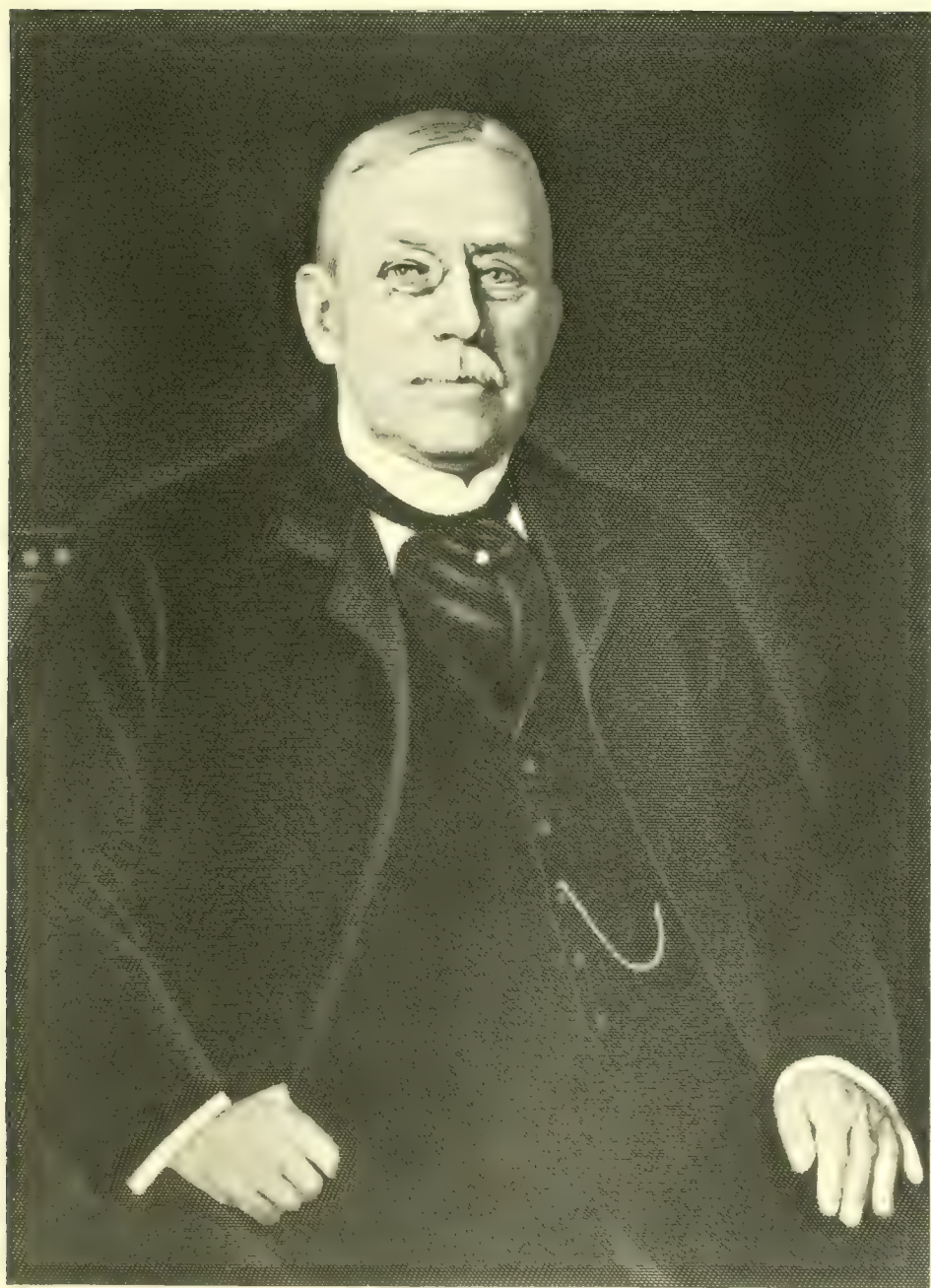
The Crane line of ancestry is: Ellery B. (7), Robert P. (6), Eleazer (5),



Ellery B. Crane



Hill



Edwin H. Kitch

Robert G. (4), Silas (3), Henry (2), Henry (1). The Pioneer, Henry Crane, was born in England, settled with his brother Benjamin in Wethersfield, Connecticut, where they engaged in tanning. Henry Crane removed to Guilford before 1660, and later to Killingworth in what is now Clinton, Connecticut. He was the school-master and captain of the train band. Henry (2) Crane was one of the founders of Durham, Connecticut; deacon of the church; captain; deputy of the General Assembly. Silas Crane served in the French and Indian War, and was prominent in town and church.

SETH RICHARDS, Singer, musical director, leader in musical organizations, merchant, was born in East Bridgewater, Massachusetts, November 21, 1829, died here, September 22, 1905, son of Luther and Jane Richards. He came to this city in 1854 and shortly afterward entered the employ of S. R. Leland & Company, dealers in music and musical instruments. Afterward he was junior partner in the firm of Fay & Richards in the same line of business and senior partner of the succeeding firm, Richards & Metcalf. Mr. Richards withdrew from the firm when appointed director of music in the public schools, a position he filled for twenty-five years. His work was that of a pioneer in many ways, and his success brought him into national prominence. After he resigned as director of music in 1902, he resumed business under the firm name of S. Richards & Company in partnership with Harvey E. King. His place of business was at No. 571 Main street. He continued in this business to the end of his life.

He was prominent in musical organizations all his life. For twenty-one years he was director of music of the Church of the Unity and afterward of Piedmont Congregational Church. In the early days he was secretary of the Mozart Society, later of the Choral Union, and to the time of his death active and prominent in the Worcester Musical Festivals and an honorary member of the Worcester County Musical Association. There was perhaps no man in Worcester better known nor better loved by the school children than was Mr. Richards. Every year, just before Memorial Day, he taught them to sing patriotic airs. To him it was a labor of love; to them it was obedience to a man whom they loved for his treatment of them. Genial, whole-souled, fearless, he was a close student of human nature as he was of music. He gave the best years of his life to teaching music, and was rewarded with the confidence of every pupil and of these he had thousands. In the days of the stage coach, Mr. Richards conducted singing schools all over Worcester county. These he visited once or twice a week and his coming was an event in the history of the town. He was always welcomed by a large gathering, and many of his pupils in the days of old are now among the best vocalists and instrumentalists in Central Massachusetts. In fact, there was hardly a better-known musical man in Central Massachusetts than Mr. Richards. During the days in Worcester when the Schumann Club was in existence, the male quartette connected with it was noted far and wide. Mr. Richards was director of the organization.

In his funeral eulogy, Dr. Willard Scott said of Mr. Richards: It has been said of Mr. Richards by one of Worcester's citizens that his was the finest tenor voice that Worcester ever owned. When Piedmont church was built he cast his fortunes with it and for twenty years served it and for fifteen years was director of its music. His love for music was for the voice rather than instrumental, and he was always in contact with voices and with the voices of many, thereby gaining sociability. Those of you who have seen him before a chorus certainly never saw anyone more transformed. . . . Day by day and year by year his contact with young people, many under fifteen, before the crystalizing age, fed his youth. It has been said of him that he was the best-known man in Worcester. In face and personal character he certainly was such. Children have not forgotten him and he was known by thousands and tens of thousands. . . . He had his music in trust for service and he was the most liberal of all givers of what he had, for surely, for what he has done he was the least-favored and the least-rewarded and what he had was for the enrichment of others. The lover not only of music but of song and of those who sang, and never did rivalry or greed embitter his life.

Mr. Richards married (first) Louise Todd, and (second) in East Douglass, October 3, 1871, Harriet A. Hutchins, who was born in Hebron, Pennsylvania, June 15, 1844, daughter of Charles and Harriet Newell (Hunt) Hutchins, and sister of Charles H. Hutchins and George F. Hutchins of this city (See biographies). In recent years she has made her home at the country place of her brother, Charles H. Hutchins, in Shrewsbury. By his first marriage Mr. Richards was the father of two children: Frederick; and Cora Louise, who married George M. Basset (See biography).

EDWIN H. HILL, Manufacturer and inventor, was born in England, September

the city November 4, 1841, aged thirteen years. He was the son of Richard Hill. The arms of the family is as follows:

Arms—Sable a fess argent between three leopards passant or, spotted sable. The fess is charged with three escallops gules.

Supporters—Dexter a leopard gules, spotted or, ducally collared or. Sinister, a stag, azure, attired gules.

Crest—A stag's head and neck azure, attired gules, on a wreath, over a ducal coronet.

The parents of Edwin H. Hill came to this country in 1840 when he was but six years of age, and he attended school in New York City until he was fifteen years of age, when he came to this city and entered the employ of Washburn & Moen, wire manufacturers, as office boy. He proved himself unusually bright, and from office boy worked his way to better positions, and as the years added experience to his natural ability he became very valuable to the firm. He finally became foreman or manager of the barbed wire department of the works and so continued until his retirement from active business in 1885. Mr. Hill possessed marked inventive genius, and during his long career with Washburn & Moen developed and patented several inventions which have proven valuable to the barbed wire manufacturers, and which are now in universal use in that industry.

Mr. Hill was a valued and honored member of the Masonic fraternity, having attained the thirty-second degree in that organization, holding membership in Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; and the Massachusetts Consistory, (thirty-second degree). He was also a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He was a charter member of the Plymouth Congregational Church, a member and generous friend of the Young Men's Christian Association and all good and worthy causes. Possessed of a charitable and hospitable nature, he was kindly and friendly in disposition, a man of strong and upright character, and a lover of his home and its surroundings.

In June, 1865, Mr. Hill was united in marriage to Mary Ellen Whitcomb, daughter of Joseph and Sally (Whitcomb) Whitcomb, of Swansea, New Hampshire, who survives him, and resides at No. 12 Channing street, this city. In 1884, Mr. Hill, accompanied by his wife, made his first visit to California, and after retiring from active business cares made seven trips across the Continent, also going northward to Tacoma, Seattle and British Columbia cities. Mr. and Mrs. Hill passed a happy wedded life of over fifty-one years, which was only broken by the death of Mr. Hill.

S. ALPHONSE DAUDELIN, M. D., B. M., a graduate *cum summa laude* in medicine and surgery of Laval University, Montreal, Canada, and holder of graduate diplomas awarded by medical institutions of France, Germany and Austria, was born February 13, 1870, at Sutton, Province of Quebec, Canada, son of Casimir and Flavie Daudelin, née Thibault, both belonging to some of the oldest and most-respected French-Canadian families. For thirty-six years his father held a responsible office under the Federal Government of the Dominion of Canada. Dr. Daudelin is one of a family of sixteen children, all of whom have attained to eminence in professional and business life.

Dr. Daudelin received a sound educational training, fitting him for a successful business and professional career. His boyhood and youth were spent in Montreal, where he pursued primary, preparatory and academic courses. He also took a special business course at Montreal Business College, and afterwards entered Laval University and was graduated therefrom with the degrees of M. D., B. M. in 1895. Through all these years of student life his school, academic and university attainments were of the highest. He was a popular leader in fraternal circles, and was even then acknowledged to be an artist, author and public speaker of merit. Immediately upon his graduation, Dr. Daudelin established a successful practise within an area covering a considerable part of Northern Maine. In spite of great efforts on the part of his fellow-citizens of Maine to retain him in their midst, he decided to accept the broader opportunities offered at Worcester, Massachusetts, and in 1898 opened an office in the latter city and acquired a reputation for professional skill which soon extended over Southern New England. At Worcester, his activities have been numerous and varied from the beginning. Not only has he practised his profession, but he has made his influence felt in various fields of civic, patriotic and educational endeavor, in local and national politics and in international diplomacy.

His ability as a public speaker brought him to the attention of the people, and



Mary E. Hill.



both State and National Republican committees have for years called upon him to address important gatherings in many part of the United States. Civic bodies, patriotic organizations and educational institutions likewise lay claim continually to his services for the purpose of voicing ideas and ideals requiring competent and forceful expression. By the year 1907 Dr. Daudelin had become a national figure. It was then that the late Hon. Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States, appointed him high commissioner and plenipotentiary of the United States to France on a special mission. He was engaged in the performance of his studies as a high commissioner and plenipotentiary of the United States for a period of six months, and he carried the tasks of his mission to such a successful issue that the Government of the French Republic itself placed upon his services the seal of its official recognition by bestowing upon Dr. Daudelin the decoration of the Cross of the Legion of Honor. Upon the completion of his official mission, Dr. Daudelin remained in Europe and devoted his efforts to post-graduate, research and hospital work. He pursued these professional studies for four years before returning to the United States. During these years he specialized in branches of the medical profession relating to the eye, ear, nose and throat. His work in Europe brought him marked recognition and he was elected to membership in the leading European Ophthalmological and Oto-Rhino-Laryngological societies. He was for the greater part of this period assistant to Professor de Lapersonne, of Paris, and Professor Fuchs, of Vienna.

Upon his return from Europe, he resumed the practise of his profession at Worcester, where his ability as a specialist was soon recognized and led him to rapid advancement in the ever-widening field of his activities. Dr. Daudelin is a member of the American Medical Association, the Massachusetts Medical Society, the Worcester District Medical Society, etc. He has been a medical examiner in the schools of Worcester, a member of the Worcester Republican city committee, and an officer in many civic, religious and fraternal organizations. Dr. Daudelin is a member of the Roman Catholic church, a linguist, a scholar, an earnest worker in all fields of human endeavor, and a citizen respected by the entire community in which he lives.

JOHN FRANCIS TINSLEY, Vice-president and general manager of the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works, was born in Hampton Junction, Hunterdon county, New Jersey, July 4, 1880, son of Robert and Elizabeth (Ahern) Tinsley.

Mr. Tinsley received his early education in the public schools of his native village, and prepared for college in the Battin High School of Elizabeth, graduating in 1896. He entered Rutgers College, from which he was graduated in 1900 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. In 1904 he received the degree of Master of Science from that institution. At graduation he took first scientific honors. From 1900 to 1902 he was foreman of the switchboard cable department of the Western Electric Company in New York City; in 1902-03 he was in the engineering department of the United Electric Company at Newark, New Jersey. He resigned to become assistant electrical engineer in the Signal Corps of the United States Army, and remained in the service until the fall of 1905. He was stationed in New York City, San Francisco, Seattle and elsewhere during his service. During the years 1905-06 he was an electrical engineer for the American Steel & Wire Company in the plant at Worcester; from 1906 to 1909 he was assistant to Clinton S. Marshall, district manager; from 1909 to 1911 he was superintendent of the Electrical Cable Works of the American Steel & Wire Company, and from 1911 to June, 1916, superintendent of the South Works and Specialty Works of the company in Worcester. In 1916 he was assistant general superintendent of Crompton & Knowles Loom Works. He was made general manager at the annual meeting in 1917, and vice-president at the annual meeting in 1918. Mr. Tinsley was selected for his present position on account of his exceptional executive ability, his energy and force of character, as well as his thorough technical training and varied experience in manufacturing. In every position filled by Mr. Tinsley in the past he has shown a remarkable fertility in ideas, success in securing efficiency, and an aptitude for securing system.

He is a member of the Chi Phi and Phi Beta Kappa college fraternities; the Worcester Club; the Worcester Country Club; Worcester Chamber of Commerce; the American Institute of Electrical Engineers; the American Society for Testing Materials; the American Iron and Steel Institute. He holds the rank of major of ordnance in the Reserve Corps of the United States Army. From time to time Mr. Tinsley has contributed articles to various magazines. At the meeting of the Iron & Steel Institute in New York City, in 1914, he read a paper entitled "Practical Importance of Heat Treatments in the Steel Wire Industry." In an article entitled

"Under the Sea to Alaska" in the *Sunset Magazine*, he described the new Government cable system, with which he was connected.

Mr. Tinsley married, November 26, 1910, Helen Munroe, daughter of John Perley Munroe. Her father was formerly an editor of the Worcester "Spy," and State Senator for a number of years. They have one child, Mary Munroe, born February 2, 1914. Their home is at No. 8 Montvale road.

JOSEPH EDGAR DICKSON, Manufacturer, merchant, credit manager of the Graton & Knight Manufacturing Company, was born in Charlestown, Massachusetts, June 11, 1841, died in this city, January 8, 1916, son of Oliver and Sarah C. (Mitchell) Dickson.

He attended the public schools of Charlestown and Somerville, and fitted for college in the high schools of those towns. He was a student in Amherst College from 1859 to 1861, and then for a year taught in the public schools of Newport, Rhode Island. He was professor of Ethics and English Literature at the United States Naval Academy at Newport, Rhode Island, 1862 to 1865, and at Annapolis, Maryland, 1865 to 1872. He was also engaged in practice as a patent attorney in Annapolis in 1870 and 1871. From 1872 to 1873 he was superintendent and chemist of the Massachusetts Frear Artificial Stone Company of Worcester. In 1873 he engaged in business on his own account as a dealer in books and stationery in this city and continued for five years, under the firm name of Sanford & Dickson. He became credit manager for the firm of Graton & Knight in 1882 and remained with the firm and the Graton & Knight Manufacturing Company (see its history) until his death. He was an expert in his line of work and highly valued by the concern which he served faithfully for a period of thirty-three years. Amherst College gave him the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1865. In politics he was a Republican. In religion he was a Congregationalist, and was deacon of the Pilgrim Congregational Church for several years. He was the author of "Treatise upon the Manufacture of Artificial Stone and Concrete." Throughout his life he made a study of minerals, in which he was an authority, and he made a very large and valuable collection, most of which was presented to Amherst College by Mrs. Dickson since his death.

Mr. Dickson married, October 26, 1862, Ellen A. Rice, born in West Boylston, Massachusetts, daughter of Asa and Catharine (Davis) Rice. Mr. and Mrs. Dickson's married life lasted over fifty years. They had no children. Mrs. Dickson is a direct descendant of Edmund Rice, progenitor of the first settler in Worcester (see Early Settlers). Her home is at No. 138 Woodland street, in this city.

WARD PARKER DELANO, 3rd, Architect, partner in the firm of Fuller & Delano, was born in this city in 1883, son of Ward Parker Delano (see biography). He attended the public schools here; the Tabor Academy at Marion, Massachusetts, graduating in 1901, and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (B. S. 1905). From 1905 to 1908 was employed in various architects' offices in Boston and New York, and since then he has been with the firm of Fuller & Delano, and a partner since 1915. The offices are at No. 44 Front street. Mr. Delano is a member of the Worcester Automobile Club; the Worcester Tennis Club and the Worcester Economic Club. Mr. Delano resides at No. 66 Pleasant street.

Ward Parker Delano 2nd, father of Ward Parker Delano 3rd, was born in Marion, Massachusetts, in 1851. He was educated in the public schools, and went South for a northern coal and iron industry during the reconstruction period following the Civil War. Returning North he engaged in the building business, being employed by builders and architects in Boston and Worcester for several years. With James E. Fuller he was one of the original partners in the firm of Fuller & Delano Company, architects, and continued in this connection the remainder of his life, during which the firm designed many important business buildings, institutions and residences in this city and elsewhere. Mr. Delano was a member of various clubs and societies, and had a wide acquaintance in Worcester. He died in 1915.

In 1881 he married Elizabeth Holmes Sparrow, of Mattapoisett, Massachusetts, and they had five children: Ward Parker, mentioned above; Frank S., died in infancy; Frank S., a dentist in New York City, married Caroline R. Flynn; Gertrude H., married James F. Leslie, of the Fore River Ship Building Company; Elizabeth LeB., died aged four years.

The Delanos are of Pilgrim stock. Philip Delano, the immigrant ancestor. The ancestry has been traced in France for more than a thousand years. The name is derived from the town of Lannoy, near Lille. In various lines the ancestry is traced to the French royal families. Philip Delano was a French Huguenot, born in Leyden, Holland, 1602, but was reared in the Puritan faith; came to Plymouth in the ship "Fortune" in 1621. The family has an authentic coat-of-arms. In various other lines Mr. Delano is descended from pioneer stock, both Pilgrim and Puritan.



J. Edgar Dickson



HANNIBAL HAMLIN HOUGHTON

FRANK A. KRIM, General manager and vice-president of the Denholm & McKay Company, was born in Boston, October 20, 1808, son of Frederick and Margaret (Freese) Krim. Frederick Krim, a native of Alsace, died in Boston in 1892, aged fifty-seven years; a cabinetmaker, in business in Boston for many years. Margaret (Freese) Krim, a native of France, died in Boston, March, 1914, aged seventy-four years.

Frank A. Krim received his education in the public schools of his native city, attending the evening schools for four years after he began to be a wage-earner. He entered upon his business career in 1882, when he was fourteen years old, as a clerk in the store of the Cary-Fulton Company, on Summer street, Boston, and for five years was in the employ of this concern. During the next five years he was a salesman for the Metropolitan Rubber Company of Boston. His next position was as buyer for William Filene Sons of Boston. Here he was successively buyer for ten of the most important departments of the great Filene store, such as the women's wearing apparel, misses and children's wearing apparel departments, etc. Then for two years and a half he was associate merchandise manager of the store, making eleven years altogether with this house. He resigned to become merchandise manager of the department store of Stix, Baer & Fuller, of St. Louis, Missouri, and continued in this position for four years. Returning to Boston, he was general merchandise manager of the E. T. Slattery Company, dealers in women's, misses and children's apparel, Tremont street, until he resigned in January, 1917, to come to the Boston Store in this city.

Mr. Krim was elected a director of the Denholm & McKay Company, May 20, 1917. At the time of the reorganization of the company, April 12, 1918, Mr. Krim was elected general manager and vice-president of the company. President White's duties are confined chiefly to the financial affairs of the corporation, leaving Mr. Krim to the management of the store and the merchandising, in which he has had such extensive experience. Mr. Krim is a member of the Worcester Country Club, the Worcester Rotary Club, and the Chamber of Commerce.

Mr. Krim married, in Boston, November 18, 1890, Ida Belle Wood, who was born in Boston, daughter of John E. and Katharine Wood. Her father was for fifty-three years sales manager of the New England Dressed Beef and Wool Company. Mr. and Mrs. Krim have three children: 1. Charles Frederick, born August 23, 1897; educated in the public schools and Phillips Academy, Andover; buyer of the women's ready-to-wear department of the Boston Store; now in the service. 2. Claire Gertrude, born April 10, 1899; graduate of the Manhattanville Academy, 1917. 3. Elizabeth Wood, born September 30, 1910. Mr. and Mrs. Krim reside at No. 4 Newton avenue.

HANNIBAL HAMLIN HOUGHTON, Inventor and manufacturer, was born in North Paris, Maine, April 5, 1827, died in this city, September 21, 1898, son of Richard W. Houghton. Needless to say, he was named for a vice-president of the United States, Hannibal Hamlin, who was attorney for Richard W. Houghton in a vexatious suit at law and won the case.

The family moved to Steep Falls, Norway, Maine, when Hannibal H. was four years old, and his father built a factory there and engaged in the manufacture of firearms. By the time the son was fifteen he had made a gun complete in every detail. He had a common school education, but preferred the work in his father's factory and the experiments that he began as a boy to the school room. When he was sixteen he worked in Boston for a short time, putting in place the iron sash, doors and shutters on the new Custom House. Upon returning to his home, he bought his time of his father for \$220 and came to this city, January 11, 1846, finding employment in the shop of I. S. Chapman in the old Court Mills. The business of Mr. Chapman was bought, April 1, 1846, by A. & S. Thayer and Mr. Houghton worked for this firm for several years, developing inventions and perfecting machinery. He went to the shop of Goddard, Rice & Company to perfect a crude sewing machine for the market. There he devised the rough-surface feed for the sewing machine, a device that made the machine practical, and for the completed machine he was awarded a silver medal at the Worcester County Mechanics Association Fair in the fall. At this point his employers were threatened with a lawsuit by Elias Howe and they left the field, but a year later Singer applied Houghton's rough-surface feed to his machine, defying Howe and ignoring Houghton's rights. Dr. Russell L. Hawes, who had employed Houghton to perfect the sewing machine, gave him the plans for the envelope machine, and Houghton built the mechanism on the fourth floor of the shop of Goddard, Rice & Company on Union street, opposite the fire department headquarters. A third invention of Dr. Hawes, W.—11-33.

Houghton was a machine for making paper bags. Mr. Houghton then engaged in business as a partner in the firm of A. & S. Thayer, at the time Sewall Thayer retired. Thanks to the financial aid of Isaac L. Wadleigh, then a locomotive engineer, Mr. Houghton took his share in the new firm of Thayer, Houghton & Company. E. C. Cleveland was the third member of this firm, which was engaged in manufacturing machinists' tools. After an auspicious beginning, the firm met with a total loss of its property in the Merrifield fire, June 14, 1854. Business was resumed at once in a new location. In 1857 Mr. Cleveland retired from the firm. During the Civil War the business was sold to the Stover Machine Company, later known as the New York Steam Engine Company. Mr. Houghton retired from active business.

Mr. Houghton was one of the founders of the Worcester Safe Deposit & Trust Company (now the Worcester Bank & Trust Company). He served four years in the Board of Aldermen. He was for many years a director of the Worcester Safe Deposit & Trust Company, the Protective Union and the Worcester County Mechanics Association. He invested in real estate in the city, and among other buildings that he erected was "The Evans," an apartment house, at the corner of Main and Hamilton streets.

Mr. Houghton married (first) Mary Harrington Flagg, a widow, by whom he had one son, Charles Evans, born July 23, 1855, who died August 29, 1866. He married (second) Anstis Houghton, daughter of Samuel H. Houghton, of this city. She was born August 5, 1835, and died June 9, 1907, without issue.

RICHARD HENRY MOONEY. The Mooney family, represented in the present generation in Worcester by Richard Henry Mooney, A. M., and John Francis Henry Mooney, was founded in this country by Richard Mooney, farmer, who came from Carrick-Beg, County of Waterford, Ireland, in 1840, and settled in Worcester, Massachusetts. He was accompanied by his daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. John Blade, and his two sons, Richard and Nicholas, his wife, Nancy (Hagerty) Mooney, having died in Ireland. Richard Mooney, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. John Blade, went to Wisconsin, where he engaged in farming, and subsequently became the owner of one of the largest and most productive farms in his region, which he cultivated and improved, and upon which he resided to the time of his death at the age of eighty-eight years. Nicholas Mooney, mentioned above, died in Worcester, June 12, 1848, being the first person buried in St. John's Cemetery.

Richard (2) Mooney, son of Richard (1) and Nancy (Hagerty) Mooney, was born in Carrick-Beg, Ireland, and came to Worcester, Massachusetts, with his father while still a young man. He was a builder and contractor, learning his trade in Ireland, where he served an apprenticeship of seven years. He was for one year a student in Trinity College, where he was fitted as a practical surveyor and architect. He was continuously engaged in his business up to the time of his death, February 16, 1860, and built a large number of houses in Worcester. His home on Irving street was a center of information for the Irish people, and he not only received letters from Ireland, but often wrote their replies. Richard Mooney was married, in 1845, at St. John's Church, in Worcester, by Rev. Matthew W. Gibson, to Margaret Doyle, of County Waterford, Ireland. Their children are: 1. Julia A., who died May 9, 1885; married James H. Mellen, a distinguished labor leader and member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives for twenty-five years. 2. Nicholas Joseph, mentioned below. 3. Annie Statia, who died September 24, 1874. 4. Richard Henry, mentioned below. 5. John Francis Henry, mentioned below. 6. Margaret Elizabeth, married John J. Foley, who was for many years organist of St. Anne's Church, Worcester. Margaret (Doyle) Mooney, widow of Richard Mooney, died at her home, No. 75 Madison street, Worcester, December 19, 1905, aged eighty years. At the time of her death she was the oldest Irish Catholic in Worcester in point of residence, coming here in 1840 at the age of fifteen years. The funeral services were conducted at St. Paul's Church, of which she was a benefactress. She was present at the laying of the cornerstone of the College of the Holy Cross, in 1843, and was one of the original members of St. John's parish, being present at the exercises of the laying of the cornerstone of that church in 1846.

Nicholas Joseph Mooney, son of Richard and Margaret (Doyle) Mooney, was born in Worcester, October 10, 1848. He attended the public schools of this city, and after completing his studies worked as a carpenter, machinist and boot crimp. In 1877 he was appointed a member of the police force of Worcester by Hon. Charles B. Pratt, mayor of the city. After a service of fifteen years on the police force, he resigned to engage in the fire insurance business as general local manager of

the Germania Fire Insurance Company of New York, and as agent for the Reliance of Philadelphia; Commercial Union of New York; American Insurance Company of Boston; the Worcester Mutual and the Merchants & Farmers of Worcester. He was one of the original incorporators of the Bay State Savings Bank. He was a member of the Common Council for two terms, always serving on the committee on finance.

During the famous strike of the Knights of Saint Crispin, in 1870, Mr. Mooney was secretary of the organization, and was a prominent factor in the management and direction of the affairs during that troublous time. He was a member of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, and of the Father Mathew Total Abstinence and Mutual Benefit Society, of which he was president five consecutive terms, and was serving in that office when the society presented a testimonial to the late Hon. George Frisbie Hoar, United States Senator from Massachusetts, in recognition of his public services, and was selected to make the presentation speech. Mr. Mooney was married, in 1885, and died in 1912.

Richard Henry Mooney, A. B., A. M., scholar, orator, author and schoolmaster, son of Richard and Margaret (Doyle) Mooney, was born in Worcester and has always lived here. He attended the public schools of his native city, and entered the College of the Holy Cross, Worcester, from which he was graduated, in the class of 1879, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. During his college course he took a very high rank in his class, gaining prizes for excellence in English composition, elocution, mathematics, the classics and physics. He entered the Grand Seminary of Montreal, Canada, where he took a post-graduate course in moral and dogmatic theology; sacred scripture and history of sacred writings; literature; ancient, mediaeval and modern history; history of education; psychology and philosophy. He then became a special student in the State Normal School in Worcester, under the direction and supervision of Professor E. Harlow Russell, principal of the school, a recognized authority in pedagogy and child study. In June, 1881, he received his diploma from the State Normal School, and his degree of Master of Arts from his *alma mater*.

In September, 1881, he began his work of teaching in the Adams square school, Worcester, then an ungraded evening school, where he taught everything from the alphabet through to algebra. In September, 1882, he was appointed by the school committee principal of the Quinsigamond school, where he remained until 1910, when he was transferred to the largest elementary school in Worcester, the Lamar-tine street school, of which he is now principal. The graduates of the school over which Mr. Mooney has presided are now engaged in the various active pursuits of life, in shop, office, store, school, in the army and navy, in public service and in various departments of the city and county, in the legislative department of the State government, and in the civil service of the United States government. He does not leave them on the threshold of the school room, but meets them out in the world in the various walks of business, professional and social life, and cheers and helps them on their undertakings by counsel and direction. In his career as a teacher he has manifested diligence, industry, executive ability of a very high order, decision, energy, and a careful preparation of every detail in school organization, management, discipline and teaching. In school economy, methods of culture, history of education, psychology, in all that goes to make a thorough and complete master of pedagogy, and in the science and art of teaching, he holds high rank. Many of the methods and devices now put forward as new were original in all the schools under Mr. Mooney's charge for many years. Especially is this so in regard to promotions, individual work with pupils, open-window rooms for delicate children, small classes, classes for non-English speaking pupils, and adult classes for foreigners, continuous and generous use of the blackboards by pupils and teachers, teachers' meetings at their own buildings, and principles of teaching citizenship. In patriotic, physical and military education, Mr. Mooney's pupils always excelled.

Mr. Mooney's collateral work has been along the lines of educational thought, activity, and philanthropy. He has organized many societies which he foresaw would do much good. In 1887 he was elected secretary of the Alumni Association of the College of the Holy Cross, his *alma mater*, and served in that office for twenty-five years, laying the foundation for its future growth. He organized many temperance societies throughout Worcester county, the Quinsigamond Boys Club, and the Quinsigamond Improvement Society, which has been instrumental in securing many improvements in the southern section of Worcester. During the winters of 1886-87-88-89-90, Mr. Mooney lectured before the pupils of the various evening schools on historical, scientific and other subjects. In 1895, while serving as president of the Worcester County Teachers' Association, he presided over the largest convention of that association ever held up to that time.

He delivered the Memorial Day Address in St. John's Cemetery in 1887, and on behalf of the Grand Army of the Republic and the citizens of the city in general, was orator at the Soldiers' Monument on the Common on Memorial Day in 1895, delivering one of the most eloquent and patriotic addresses ever heard there. In May, 1899, he spoke under the auspices of the Men's Union of Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church on the Catholic Religion in a symposium on religion, in which Hon. Rockwood Hoar spoke for the Unitarians and Hon. Henry L. Parker for the Episcopalians. In 1895 Mr. Mooney was chairman of the committee which organized the Schoolmasters' Club of Worcester County, of which Dr. C. Stanley Hall, president of Clark University, was the first president. Mr. Mooney was president of the club in 1899.

Mr. Mooney is a life associate member of George H. Ward Post, No. 10, Grand Army of the Republic, and always a welcome speaker at its gatherings. He was a member of the committee of fifteen chosen at a meeting of citizens to arrange for a reception and dinner in honor of Worcester soldiers who returned from the Spanish War. In 1896 he was chairman of the committee which inaugurated the first course of lectures for teachers ever given in Worcester. In September of the same year, as editor and proprietor, he began the publication of the *School Register*, a monthly, devoted to the interests of education. He was the first grand marshal at the graduating exercises of the State Normal School at Worcester, and introduced the custom; he was superintendent of the Sunday school of the Sacred Heart Church for ten years; one of the organizers of the vacant-lots cultivation association in 1908; was president of the Principals' Club of Worcester in 1915-16, and is an incorporator of St. Vincent Hospital, House of Providence, Worcester. Mr. Mooney has organized many social and literary societies in Worcester and Worcester county, and has lectured extensively on patriotic and educational topics. He is always a welcome speaker at home festivities, and is introduced as the "silver-tongued orator."

Mr. Mooney has published several books as aids in the work of teaching. In 1891 he published "One Thousand Questions and Answers on United States History, Civil Government, Literature and Finance;" also "One Hundred Questions and Answers on Alcohol." In 1892 he published historical papers containing with notes the "Declaration of Independence, the Articles of Confederation, the Constitution of the United States, Washington's Farewell Address, and At the Table of the Presidents." In 1892, by a vote of the Worcester County Teachers' Association in convention assembled, he prepared a classified list of books for supplementary reading by grades for the public schools. In 1893 he published "Patriotic Prose and Poetry." All of these books have had an extended circulation. He was chairman of the committee in behalf of the Supervisors of Public Schools to prepare an exhibit for the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago, in 1893. In 1904 he was chairman of the committee on Exercises Commemorative of United States Senator George F. Hoar.

In 1892, Mr. Mooney married Edith Genevieve Loring, of Westborough, Massachusetts. The ceremony was performed by his college chum, Rev. John F. Redican, at St. Luke's Catholic Church. Mrs. Mooney was graduated from the Westborough High School, and from the State Normal School at Worcester, and prior to her marriage was a teacher in the Worcester public schools, as was her mother before her. She comes from one of the old New England families, and one of her ancestors was president of Harvard College. She is a member of the Worcester Woman's Club and was for two years chairman of the literary committee, and vice-president of the club for one year. She is a member of the Equal Franchise Club, and has often served as delegate to State conventions. She is interested in all the social activities which the club promotes for the betterment of social conditions. She has spoken on various topics in connection with club work in the city and county. Their children are: Margaret Loring, graduate of Wellesley College; Richard Henry, Jr., lieutenant in the National Army; Miles and Edith Loring, students in the high school. The family home is on Vernon street, in the southern part of the city. Mr. Mooney is a member of no organizations nor societies other than those connected with his profession of teaching. Everything is subordinated with him to the great work of turning out good, intelligent and patriotic citizens.

John Francis Henry Mooney, A. B., son of Richard and Margaret (Doyle) Mooney, was born in Worcester. After his graduation from the public schools, he entered the College of the Holy Cross, Worcester, where he was graduated in 1879 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He immediately took up journalism as reporter on the Worcester Times, going thence to the Worcester Evening Gazette, with which he was connected for twenty years. He was also local correspondent for the Boston Globe and many New York papers. He is now engaged in the in-

surance business as agent. In 1884 he was elected a member of the Legislature from Ward Five, and served on the committee on education, which reported the free textbook bill, which was passed that year. He served six years as a member of the Worcester Light Infantry, and retired with the rank of sergeant. He is a member of the Ancient Order of Hibernians; the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; Alhambra Council, Knights of Columbus. Mr. Mooney is, in fact, one of the best-known men in Worcester.

Richard Henry Mooney, Jr., Lieutenant, was born in Worcester, June 12, 1896. After a course in the public schools of his native city, he entered the College of the Holy Cross, where he spent two years. He then entered the University of Maine in order to take up military training, which is an important department in that institution, being under the charge and direction of the Secretary of War of the United States. This course is in connection with the classical and literary courses of the college, which Lieutenant Mooney also took. When Congress declared that a state of war existed between the United States and Germany, Lieutenant Mooney, then in the junior class, immediately enrolled as a student in the Plattsburg Reserve Officers' Training Camp, reporting there May 4, 1917. On August 15, 1917, he was commissioned as second lieutenant and reported for duty at Camp Devens, Ayer, Massachusetts, August 24. He was selected among other officers at Camp Devens, February 17, 1918, to go to Fort Ethan Allen, Burlington, Vermont, to train cavalry, to be among the first of that branch of the service to go over to General Pershing in France. After some months the cavalry division was converted into field artillery and soon after ordered to Camp Jackson, South Carolina, where it arrived November 1, 1918, in preparation to go "across." But the armistice came, November 11, 1918, and he asked to be relieved of his command. He was honorably discharged, December 10, 1918.

HENRY JAMES KETTELL, President of the Johnson & Kettell Company, was born in this city, April 19, 1869, son of James Frederick and Sarah J. (Metcalf) Kettell. He attended the old Woodland street public school and was in the 1887 class of the English High School. He entered the employ of E. T. Smith, wholesale grocer, No. 203 Summer street, as clerk, and was salesman until he engaged in business in 1899 as secretary of the Johnson & Kettell Company, in partnership with Henry B. Johnson. Their place of business is at No. 21 Bridge street, corner of Mechanic, and the company has continued at this location to the present time. Mr. Kettell is president and Mr. Johnson is treasurer. As the business has increased the quarters have been extended. The company are also roasters of coffee in addition to carrying all kinds of groceries at wholesale. Mr. Kettell is a prominent Mason, member of Quinsigamond Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar. He is also a member of the Commonwealth Club, the Worcester Country Club, the Tatnuck Country Club, and the Commercial Travelers Association. He and his family attend Piedmont Congregational Church.

Mr. Kettell married, June 5, 1895, Mary Goodwin, daughter of Major Francis E. Goodwin. They have two children: Katherine, born 1905; Henry James, Jr., born 1912.

John P. Kettell, grandfather of Henry James Kettell, was born in Boston, January 16, 1797, died in this city, May 21, 1874. He was in business in this city for nearly sixty years. He came from Boston and established a hat, cap and fur store and factory here in a wooden building over Mill Brook at Lincoln Square, in 1818. In 1844 his store was at No. 183 Main street, and he lived on Thomas street. On the completion of Goddard's Row between School and Thomas streets, 1829, he took one of the six stores. In 1835 he moved to the Butman block, and in 1843 to the corner of Main and Foster streets, where he was located for thirty-one years. He was living on Thomas street in 1871. In 1874 he advertised in the city directory as a "dealer in hats, caps, furs, gloves." (See I. Thomas Diary, Vol. I, p. 406). His brother, James S. Kettell, married (first) Sarah W. Merrifield, May 15, 1833; (second) October 4, 1842, Sarah (Tower) Pratt. He was clerk in the hat store; died about 1886. Daniel G. Kettell, another brother, was also a clerk in the store. Thomas J. Kettell died here March 24, 1885, aged eighty-two years. John P. Kettell married (first) in Boston, October 29, 1820, Maria Vose; married (second) October 19, 1831, in Boston, Elizabeth F. Wheeler. Children: Joshua Vose, born July 18, 1821; Maria Lovell, July 12, 1823, died March 3, 1831; Mary Elizabeth, March 28, 1828; Susan Ann, September 19, 1830, died 1831; Hannah Pierce, November 16, 1832; John P., November 16, 1832, died October 18, 1844; James Frederick, mentioned below; George Gookins, February 15, 1836; Samuel Burt Scott, baptized June 4,

1839, died February 19, 1840; Anna Frances, January 28, 1841; Ellen Louise, January 10, 1843; Elizabeth F., died December 25, 1845, aged two days.

James H. Jorrick Kettell, father of Henry J. Kettell, born October 12, 1834, was educated in the Worcester schools. He was associated in business with his father and continued the business a few years after his father died. For a short time he was a manufacturer of speed indicators at No. 5 Maple street. He died in 1885. His widow, Sarah J. (Metcalf) Kettell, is living at No. 20 Ripley street. They had two sons: Henry James and Frank.

The Kettell family is traced to Richard Kettle or Kettell, who was born in England and settled as early as 1633 in Charlestown, Massachusetts, with wife Hester (Ward) Kettle or Kettell. He was a cooper by trade; was admitted a freeman, March 4, 1634-35; died at Charlestown, June 28, 1680, leaving sons: John, Joseph, Samuel, Nathaniel and Jonathan, and a daughter, Hannah Call.

GEORGE ROLLAND BLISS, Merchant, was born in the town of Gill, Massachusetts, July 17, 1849, second son of Abel Ballou Bliss, and eldest child of his third wife, Rhoda Allen (Deane) Bliss. Mr. Bliss is descended from historic old New England ancestry, both on his paternal and maternal sides, the Bliss family being one of the oldest in this country.

The boyhood days of Mr. Bliss were spent on the paternal homestead, taking advantage of the limited school privileges which the town afforded. Later he took a course at Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Massachusetts, from which institution he was graduated in 1869. The early death of his father, at the age of forty-one years, left the family with but limited resources, and the education of Mr. Bliss was acquired solely as a result of his own efforts, he defraying the expenses thereof by his own earnings received from teaching district schools and conducting boarding school clubs. Following his graduation from Williston Seminary, Mr. Bliss came to this city where he became a clerk in the clothing store of A. P. Ware & Company, with whom he continued for three and one-half years. The following year he became the junior partner in the firm of Henry Valentine & Company, dealers in clothing and furnishings, with a store on Main street. This association continued until 1876, when Mr. Bliss withdrew therefrom, and in 1877 established his present business, that of dealer in hats, caps and gentlemen's furnishings, locating at No. 522 Main street, and the business has experienced a steady growth, requiring several removals and enlargements. In 1892 the business was removed to larger quarters at the corner of Main and Austin streets, and in 1902 the adjoining store was leased, giving an additional floor space of twenty-five by ninety feet in area. In 1899 Mr. Bliss admitted his son, Walter Stoughton Bliss, as a partner, and the business has since been conducted under the firm name of George R. Bliss & Son, carrying a full line of clothing, hats, caps, and all the accessory of furnishings for gentlemen. On February 1, 1917, the business was incorporated as George R. Bliss & Son, Inc., Mr. Bliss becoming president and treasurer, and his son secretary and assistant treasurer. From a modest beginning in 1877, this house has, by strictly honorable dealings and never a compromise of a business obligation, combined with a courteous treatment of its patrons, steadily grown during this period of over forty years to be one of the best-known and most-prominent of the clothing houses of the city. While advancing his business by energy and sound management, Mr. Bliss has always been active in furthering the public interests. Outside of his home life he has found his greatest enjoyment in travel, both he and Mrs. Bliss having been extensive travellers both in this country as well as in various foreign lands. Mr. Bliss is a member of the Economic Club; the Congregational Club; and the Worcester County Musical Association, of which he has been treasurer since 1896. In religion he is a Congregationalist, having been an active member of the Old South Church since 1871. In political faith he is a Republican.

On February 28, 1871, Mr. Bliss was united in marriage to Anna E. Stoughton, daughter of Samuel and Eliza (Spaulding) Stoughton, of Gill, Massachusetts. Mrs. Bliss was born in Gill, Massachusetts, March 26, 1844, and is also descended from a long line of distinguished ancestry. She is a graduate of Mt. Holyoke College, South Hadley, Massachusetts, in the class of 1867, and for several years prior to her marriage was a teacher of mathematics in Westerly Institute, at Westerly, Rhode Island. To Mr. and Mrs. Bliss have been born three children, namely: Walter Stoughton; George Rolland, Jr.; and Edith Georgianna Bliss.

Walter Stoughton Bliss, eldest son of George R. and Anna E. (Stoughton) Bliss, was born May 21, 1872, in this city. He attended the public and high schools of his native city, graduating from the latter in 1890. After a year and one-half course in Hinman's Business College he became associated with his father in business, in which he became a partner in 1899. He is a talented musician, possessing



Geo. R. Bliss

a well-cultivated tenor voice, and has been director of the music in various Worcester churches for a period of over fifteen years. He is an active member of the various Masonic bodies, being past master of Morning Star Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of this city. He is also a member of the Kiwanis, an active business men's club. He married, May 21, 1901, Winnie Mayers, daughter of Deacon Albert F. and Charlotte E. (Rawson) Mayers, of this city, and they are the parents of three daughters, namely: Dorothy May, Virginia and Louise Marietta Bliss.

George Rolland Bliss, Jr., second son of George R. and Anna E. (Stoughton) Bliss, was born in this city, August 16, 1874. After graduating from the Worcester Classical High School in 1892, he entered Amherst College, from which he was graduated in 1896 with the degree of A. B. For seven years he was a traveling salesman, representing the Royal Worcester Corset Company, of this city, of which he was later the sales manager. In 1907 he became treasurer of the O. C. White Company, manufacturers of adjustable lighting fixtures and other metal specialties, of this city. Mr. Bliss is also affiliated with the Masonic fraternity, and is a member of various organizations and clubs.

Edith Georgianna Bliss, only daughter of George R. and Anna E. (Stoughton) Bliss, was born December 24, 1878, in this city. After graduating from the Worcester High School she became a student at Mt. Holyoke College, continuing for two years. She married, September 16, 1902, William Dexter White, assistant manager of the Holyoke Machine Company, of this city, son of William W. White.

ERNEST C. MULVEY, Real estate and insurance agent, was born in Brookfield, Massachusetts, June 18, 1883, son of James and Margaret C. Mulvey. He attended the public schools of Brookfield and Worcester and graduated from Dean Academy, Franklin, Massachusetts, in the class of 1902. For two years afterward he was a student in Tufts College. He left college to enter business as clerk in Mechanics Savings Bank in this city, and during the next five years occupied positions of trust and responsibility in that institution. He resigned to accept an appointment on the board of bank examiners of the Commonwealth, and during his two years in this position gained a wide acquaintance among the banking men of the State, and valuable business training. During the years 1912 to 1915, he was in the real estate business in partnership with his brother William E. Mulvey, with offices at No. 527 State Mutual building.

Since 1915 Mr. Mulvey has been in the insurance and real estate business on his own account. His offices are at Nos. 842 and 844 in the Slater building. He has an extensive business in renting and selling real estate; and negotiating loans and mortgages. His brother continues in business in the State Mutual building. Mr. Mulvey is a member of the Chamber of Commerce; the Kiwanis Club; Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Aletheia Grotto; Worcester Lodge, Knights of Pythias; and he is a trustee of the Knights of Pythias Charitable and Educational Association, and president of the board. In politics he is a Republican. He is a communicant of All Saints Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mr. Mulvey married, April 10, 1917, Rachel Mason Gordon of Shrewsbury, a daughter of John P. and Emma J. Gordon.

JOHN FRANCIS BICKNELL. From 1872 until his lamented death in 1899, Mr. Bicknell was connected with the lumber trade in Worcester, Massachusetts, and from June, 1882, conducted a successful business under his own name. He was a native son of Wisconsin, but of the Rhode Island Bicknell family, a son of Dr. George W. Bicknell, born in Barrington, who was of the seventh generation of the family founded in New England in 1635 by Zachary and Agnes Bicknell, from England. John Wilson Bicknell, of the sixth generation, and grandfather of John Francis Bicknell, left home when a lad and for thirty years followed the sea, rising from cabin boy to captain, sailing in and commanding deep water ships, and going to all parts of the world. About the year 1817 he moved his family from Barrington, Rhode Island, where they had made their home during his voyages, to Canterbury, Connecticut, going thence four years later to Canaan, Vermont, where he purchased a farm which he cultivated for twenty-two years. He then sold his farm, and with a now grown-up family went to the State of Wisconsin, settling at Beloit, where he died in 1859. His wife, Keziah (Paine) Bicknell, was a daughter of Sergeant Peleg and Joanna (Vial) Paine, he a soldier of the Revolution.

George Wilson Bicknell, son of John Wilson and Keziah (Paine) Bicknell, was born in Barrington, Rhode Island, and was there educated. He learned the jeweler's and silversmith's trade in Providence, followed it for a few years at the bench, and in spare hours and nights studied and read medical works under the guidance of Dr. Jacob Fuller, an uncle by marriage, to whom he recited. In course

of time he acquired the legal right to practice medicine and went to Canaan, there joining his father and family, and together they joined the New England Emigrating Company, which settled the colony in Rock county, at Beloit. There Dr. Bicknell practiced about four years, then went further west to Potosi, in Grant county. Before going to Potosi, he wrote for his fiancée, who joined him, and after their marriage ceremony at Beloit they proceeded to Potosi, where he practiced until 1847, when he returned to Beloit and took over the practice of Dr. Horace White, deceased, with whom he had been associated in practice before going to Potosi. In 1849 he joined the "Gold Hunters," went to California, and did not return to Beloit until 1852. During the Civil War he enlisted and was appointed surgeon to the Twenty-second Regiment, Wisconsin Volunteers, retired from the service on account of ill health, but was assistant-surgeon at Camp Douglass, Chicago, until that camp was abandoned, when he resigned and returned to private practice in Beloit. He died there June 16, 1870. His wife, Abigail (Rawson) Bicknell, died December 26, 1867.

John Francis Bicknell, second son of Dr. George Wilson and Abigail (Rawson) Bicknell, was born in Potosi, Grant county, Wisconsin, November 4, 1846, died in Worcester, Massachusetts, November 15, 1899. In 1847 his parents moved to Beloit, Wisconsin, and in the public schools and in Beloit College Preparatory School he obtained a good English education. He intended to enter Beloit College, but as soon as his age would permit he enlisted in a company of nine months men and served his term in the Union Army battling to preserve intact the federation of states. At the expiration of his term he returned to Beloit, but with the opportunities and desire for a college education gone, never to return, his first position was with a hardware firm in Chicago, with whom he remained until the historic fire of October, 1871, swept that city. He then went West and in the State of Kansas took up a quarter section of prairie land under the Homestead Act. He settled upon his quarter and complied with the law, governing soldiers allotments, but the quiet and monotony of life on the lonely prairie discouraged him, and early in 1872 he sold his equity in his homestead and during the following summer located in Worcester, Massachusetts. He secured a position as bookkeeper with the firm, E. B. Crane & Company, lumber merchants, and seven years later, in 1879, was admitted a partner, succeeding William S. Perry, retired. He continued a partner of this company until June, 1882, when he withdrew his interest and established in the lumber business under his own name. He continued a successful lumber dealer of Worcester until his death, seventeen years later, his son, Roscoe Gibbs Bicknell, succeeding to the business and becoming its managing head immediately upon graduation. Mr. Bicknell was a man of worth, one of the factors in the growth of his city, and a fine type of the American business man. He built up a large business which endures, and left to his family the record of an honorable and well-spent life.

Mr. Bicknell married, June 16, 1875, Harriet M. Spring, who died January 17, 1917, daughter of Joseph W. and Nancy Harrington (Gibbs) Spring, of Weston, Massachusetts. They were married at Fall River, Massachusetts, by Rev. William W. Adams, D. D., at the home of the officiating clergyman. After a wedding tour they resided in Worcester with Mrs. Bicknell's mother until the fine residence was completed which Mr. Bicknell caused to be erected at No. 910 Main street. There he resided until his death, there his only child was born, and there his widow resided for many years. Mr. and Mrs. Bicknell were the parents of an only son, Roscoe Gibbs, born December 11, 1881. He was educated in the public schools, Worcester Academy, finishing at Dean Academy, Franklin, Massachusetts, with the graduating class of 1900. He at once succeeded to the lumber business founded by his father. He is a member of the Worcester Country Club, Commonwealth Club, and All Souls' Universalist Church. He married, January 25, 1905, Harriet West Kellough, of Boston. Has two children: John Francis, born March 30, 1908, and Roscoe G., Jr., born November 9, 1912.

ALFRED GODDARD WESSON, Treasurer of the Howard-Wesson Company, was born in this city, July 18, 1863, son of Rufus Wesson. He received his education here in the public schools. At the age of sixteen he went to work on a farm, but two years later began an apprenticeship to the trade of wood engraving in the shops of Kyes & Woodbury in this city. He continued as apprentice and journeyman with this firm for eight years. He then formed a partnership with Mr. Woodbury and engaged in the engraving business under the firm name of Woodbury & Company. The firm made a specialty of process engraving. In 1910 Mr. Wesson withdrew from the partnership with Mr. Woodbury and formed the present firm of Howard-Wesson Company, now a corporation, of which he is treasurer. The

present firm does a great variety of commercial work, mainly by the half-tone process. Mr. Wesson is associated with Arthur E. Howard, who is president of the company. The original location of the business was in the Day building. Since 1912 the concern has occupied a floor of the Graphic Arts building, No. 25 Foster street. It is the largest engraving plant in the city and the third largest in New England. Its growth has been phenomenal. Mr. Wesson is a member of Morning Star Lodge, Free Masons; Worcester Council, Royal Arcanum; the Advertising Club of Worcester, the Economic Club, Worcester Country Club, and Piedmont Congregational Church.

Mr. Wesson married (first) June 22, 1887, at Worcester, Ella E. Daniels, who died August 9, 1909, in this city. He married (second) Grace N. Daniels, January 21, 1911, in Worcester. They reside at No. 15 South Lenox street. By his first wife he had two children: 1. Laurence Goddard, born July 17, 1888; graduated from the Worcester Polytechnic Institute with the degree of B. S. in 1910; for the following year was a student in German universities; following this for two years he was with the Bureau of Standards stationed at Washington, D. C., and the following two years a graduate student at Harvard; he then accepted a position as teacher at the Case School of Applied Science at Cleveland, Ohio, after which he entered the service of the Government, and is now a chemist in the United States Chemical Warfare Service, commissioned captain in 1918. He married Elizabeth Matthews, of Jackson, Ohio, and they have one child, Laurence Goddard, Jr. 2. Philip Daniels, born October 7, 1890; graduated from Clark College, 1910, spent a year in German universities, and graduated from Harvard Law School in 1914; he began the practice of law in Worcester and continued until he entered the service of the Government; he was a product of the first Plattsburg camp, and rose from second to first lieutenant, then captain, and at the present time (1918) is personal adjutant of the Forty-second Regiment, Twelfth Army Division, stationed at Camp Devens. He married Marion Warren, of Worcester.

JOHN D. CURTIS, Treasurer of the Richardson Manufacturing Company, of which Edwin P. Curtis is president, is a son of Tyler Prentice and Amelia (Riley) Curtis; and a descendant of the pioneer, Henry Curtis, whose son, Ephraim Curtis, was the first settler of Worcester. For the early generations of this family see the chapter on Early Settlers. The line is continued, as follows:

JOHN CURTIS (6), Tyler (5), Captain John (4), Ephraim (3), Joseph (2), Henry (1), born December 23, 1783, died August 3, 1826. He married, March 16, 1807, Nancy Stowell, daughter of Captain Thomas Stowell and granddaughter of Cornelius Stowell (See Early Settlers in this work). Children: George Thomas Stowell, born September 22, 1808; Tyler Prentice, mentioned below; Sarah Ann, born June 7, 1812; Harriet Newel, born September 4, 1814, died June 24, 1818; John Edwin, mentioned below.

TYLER PRENTICE CURTIS was born in Worcester, June 16, 1810, died June 16, 1896. He married Amelia (Riley) Curtis, daughter of Calvin and Eunice (Miller) Riley, of Alton, Illinois, a descendant of John Riley, who settled in Wethersfield, Connecticut, in 1645 (Calvin, Asher, Nathaniel, Lieutenant Isaac, John). Tyler P. Curtis lived on the Curtis homestead and followed farming. Children, born in Worcester: Kate, born December 9, 1848, died aged two years; John D., mentioned below; Kate, born September 29, 1852, married William T. Brown; William C., born December 14, 1854, succeeded to the homestead.

JOHN EDWIN CURTIS was born in Worcester, October 11, 1816, on the Curtis homestead, occupied by his ancestors since 1673; went West when a young man and became a merchant. He married, May 26, 1841, Amelia Riley, who was born in Middletown, Connecticut, in 1822. He died in St. Louis, Missouri, October 14, 1843. Children: Elnora, born March 14, 1842, married Jared Whitman, and died June 6, 1889; Edwin P., mentioned below. His widow, Amelia (Riley) Curtis, married (second), February 18, 1846, his brother, Tyler Prentice Curtis, mentioned above.

EDWIN P. CURTIS, Son of John Edwin Curtis, was born at St. Louis, February 18, 1844. He was educated in the Worcester schools and at Worcester Academy. After leaving school he lived here two years, then went to Cincinnati. During the Civil War he served in the quartermaster's department. In 1864 he entered the business of A. P. Richardson, manufacturer of agricultural implements in this city, remaining with the A. P. Richardson Company and with the corporation, the Rich-

ardson Manufacturing Company, of which he has been president, treasurer and director for many years.

Mr. Curtis married, January 1, 1868, Harriet Bigelow, daughter of Walter and Mary (Hyde) Bigelow, and descendant of David Bigelow, who took a prominent part in public affairs here in the Revolution, a brother of Colonel Timothy Bigelow. (See Bigelow in Early Settlers). Mrs. Curtis was descended also from Jonas Rice, the first permanent settler of Worcester; from Phipehas Heywood, from Deacon William Trowbridge of this town (See Early Settlers) and from Samuel Hyde, of Newton, of the fourth generation from Deacon Samuel Hyde, born 1610, came thither in the ship "Jonathan" in 1639, becoming the second settler of Cambridge Village (Newton). Mr. and Mrs. Curtis have one daughter Elnora Whitman, graduate of Burnham School of Northampton, of Smith College, class of 1892.

JOHN D. CURTIS, Son of Tyler Prentice Curtis, was born in Worcester, June 12, 1850. He received his early education in the public schools of this city and graduated from the Worcester High School. His was one of the first classes in the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, and graduated in 1871 with the degree of mechanical engineer. He began his career as a draftsman and for two years and a half was in the employ of the Centennial Commission in charge of the Philadelphia Exhibition of 1876. Afterward he entered the employ of the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Company of this city, became overseer of the barbed wire department, and later superintendent of the Quinsigamond works of that company. After the business was purchased by the American Steel & Wire Company he was the superintendent for a short time. In 1902 he was elected vice-president of the Richardson Manufacturing Company of this city; since 1911 he has been vice-president and treasurer. The company was incorporated in 1870 and in that year bought the business of Alzirus Brown, making, besides the Buckeye mowing machine, the Union mower, the Bullard hay-tedder and the Whitcomb horse rake. The business was located first on Central street in an old brick building owned by Otis Warren; in 1866 the concern bought a building on the opposite side of the street; since 1868 the company has occupied the factory at No. 84 Prescott street, built by Stephen Salisbury (2d). The company employs about one hundred and fifty hands and makes a large variety of agricultural implements. In politics Mr. Curtis is a Republican; in religion a Congregationalist.

Mr. Curtis married, June, 1876, Clara A. Nash of Fitchburg, daughter of Nathaniel H. and Sarah (Snelser) Nash. Her father was a native of Whitman, Massachusetts, and her mother was of a New Orleans family. Their children are: Philip N., and Ruth, who married (first) Captain Edward Hill, and (second) Charles Baker.

MICHAEL JOHN O'CONNELL, Rector of the Church of Our Lady of the Holy Rosary, was born in Holyoke, Massachusetts, November 9, 1879. He attended the public schools there and graduated from the Holyoke High School in 1896. He became a student in the University of Ottawa, graduating in 1900, and received his seminary training in St. Bernard's at Rochester, New York. He was ordained June 11, 1904, at Southbridge, Massachusetts, in St. Mary's Church, and was a curate there until June, 1906. He was afterward stationed at St. John the Baptist's Church in Buffalo for a year and a half; at St. Joseph's in Pittsfield, Massachusetts, for three years; at St. Thomas' Church in Palmer, Massachusetts, for two years. In 1913 he was appointed rector of the Church of Our Lady of the Holy Rosary in Worcester and has had charge of this parish since that time. (See history of the church).

Father O'Connell is an able preacher and popular not only in his own parish but throughout the city. He takes his recreation in golf. He is a member of Alhambra Council, Knights of Columbus.

Patrick O'Connell, father of Michael J. O'Connell, was born in County Limerick, Ireland, and married before coming to this country at the age of thirty-six years. He made his home in Holyoke, this State, and was employed in the paper mills of that city until he retired. He resides in Holyoke. He married Catherine Falvey, who was born in County Limerick. They had eleven children, five of whom are now living in this country: 1. James, paper-maker, Holyoke, married Mary Moriarty, and has one son, James F. O'Connell. 2. Bridget, resides in Holyoke. 3. Patrick, employed by the Holyoke Rubber Company, married Ellen Finn, and has four children: Catherine, John, James and Francis. 4. Mary, married William Carney, of Lockport, New York. 5. Rev. Michael J.

MICHAEL FRANCIS FALLON, M. D., student and specialist in surgery, of Worcester, Massachusetts, is one of those who believe that a study once begun may never be completed but may forever be the source of development.



Rev. Michael J. O'Connell



His father, James Fallon, was born in Roscommon, Ireland, from which place he came to America during his early manhood, and settled in Quincy, Massachusetts. He married Mary Dyer, also formerly of Ireland, and they moved in 1850 to Worcester. Their five children were: Thomas B., who died young; James D., who also died at an early age; John J., who died when past his forty-fifth year; Theodore, who is now (1917) fifty-six years old; and Michael Francis, M. D., who is the youngest.

The latter was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, July 16, 1863. In 1881 he was graduated from the Worcester High School, and three years later from Holyoke College. He finished the course at Harvard Medical School in 1887, after which he spent two years of study at Vienna and Heidelberg. Upon returning to his native land he began his practice in Worcester, and in 1902 he gave himself over entirely to the specialty of surgery. He now spends at least two weeks out of every year in research work, particularly with the Mayo Brothers of Rochester, Minnesota. Dr. Fallon has served on the School Board of Worcester. He is a member of the Worcester Country Club. He has been president of the Worcester County Medical Society since June, 1917, and is a member of the New England Surgical Society, and the College of Surgeons. He belongs to the Roman Catholic church.

In Springfield, Massachusetts, 1895, Dr. Fallon was married to Ella J. Ford, daughter of Humphrey and Mary Ford, both of whom are deceased. The only child of this marriage is John H. M., born September 17, 1901. He is now a junior at Holy Cross College where he is the youngest to be a junior at that institution. The young man is very prominent in the college activities, being sub-editor of the college paper, the "Chronicle," as well as a boxer and swimmer of reputation.

FRANCIS ALMON GASKILL, Lawyer, district attorney, justice of the Superior Court, was born January 3, 1846, in Mendon, in what is now Blackstone, and died in this city in 1909, son of Albert and Anna Smith (Comstock) Gaskill.

Francis A. Gaskill attended the public schools in his native town and the Woonsocket High School, and entered Brown University, from which he was graduated in 1866 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. During the following year he was a private tutor for a family in Newport. He then became a student in Harvard Law School, but after a year and a half left the school, continuing his study of law in the offices of Hon. George F. Verry (See biography). He was admitted to the bar in 1869, and was afterward law partner of Mr. Verry under the firm name of Verry & Gaskill until the time of Mr. Verry's death in 1883. Afterward he was in partnership with Horace Berry, a stepson of his former partner, for a period of ten years. In 1889 Mr. Gaskill was appointed associate justice of the Superior Court of the Commonwealth and remained on the bench to the end of his life. His public career began in 1875 when he was a member of the Common Council, and he also served in 1886. He was elected district attorney for the middle district of Massachusetts in 1886 and held that office by successive re-elections until he resigned to go on the bench in 1895. He was for several years a director of the Free Public Library of Worcester and president of the board in 1888. He was a trustee of Worcester Academy and of Brown University. He was a member of the Club of Odd Volumes of Boston, the University Club of Boston, the Worcester Club and the Tatnuck Country Club. He was vice-president of the People's Savings Bank, and director of the State Mutual Life Assurance Company. From his *alma mater*, Brown, he received the honorary degree of LL. D. in 1899, and afterward it made him a Fellow of the University.

Before his judicial office removed him from politics he was an active and earnest Republican. He was a popular campaign speaker and frequently was orator on important public occasions. As a trial lawyer he was eminently successful. His knowledge of law, his persuasive speech, his dignity and conscientious treatment of his cases, were not the only factors in his success in court. His personality was one of his greatest assets; it won confidence and friendship among jurors and other audiences; he was kindly, democratic and open-hearted. The writer remembers well an instance when Judge Gaskill, then district attorney, took the trouble to climb to the old editorial rooms of the Worcester "Spy" for the purpose of learning the name of the reporter who covered the famous Kimball trial in 1891, and to compliment the young man on his accurate work. That was characteristic. Judge Gaskill was a gentleman first of all. No man on the bench was better qualified by disposition, natural gifts and education than Judge Gaskill, and no judge possessed, after years of service, to a greater degree than he, the confidence and esteem of the lawyers practicing in the court over which he presided.

Judge Gaskill married (first) 1869, Katherine M. Whittaker, who died in 1889. He married (second) Josephine L. Abbott, daughter of Joseph and Phebe Abbott,

of Providence. By his first wife he had two children: Mary M., and George A. (See biography). Judge Gaskill and his family attended the First Baptist Church. Their home was at No. 116 Lincoln street.

Judge Gaskill had one sister, Alice K., who married Charles Wilson. He was a descendant in the ninth generation from the pioneer of the family, Edward Gaskill, a ship carpenter, who came from England to Salem in 1636 or earlier. The line of ancestry is: Francis A. (9), Albert (8), Lebbeus (7), Peter (6), Ebenezer (5), Samuel (4), Samuel (3), Samuel (2), Edward (1). Samuel (2) Gaskill was a Quaker and one of the builders of the second Quaker meeting house in Salem and also of the third. Samuel (4) Gaskill came to Mendon. In all his lines of ancestry Judge Gaskill was of the original English Puritan stock of New England.

GEORGE A. GASKILL, Lawyer, was born in this city, June 4, 1877. He attended the public schools here and the Worcester Academy, from which he was graduated in 1894. He then entered Brown University, graduating there in the class of 1898 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. For two years afterward he was a student in the Harvard Law School. In 1901 he was admitted to the bar and since then has been practicing law in this city. At first he practiced in the offices of Herbert Parker, former attorney-general of the Commonwealth. Later he formed a partnership with Frank C. Smith, Jr., under the firm name of Smith & Gaskill. The firm had offices at No. 801 State Mutual building. Subsequently he became a partner in the law firm of Thayer, Smith & Gaskill, with his former partner and Charles M. Thayer. Their offices are No. 509 State Mutual building. Mr. Gaskill has been a trustee of Worcester Academy since 1905.

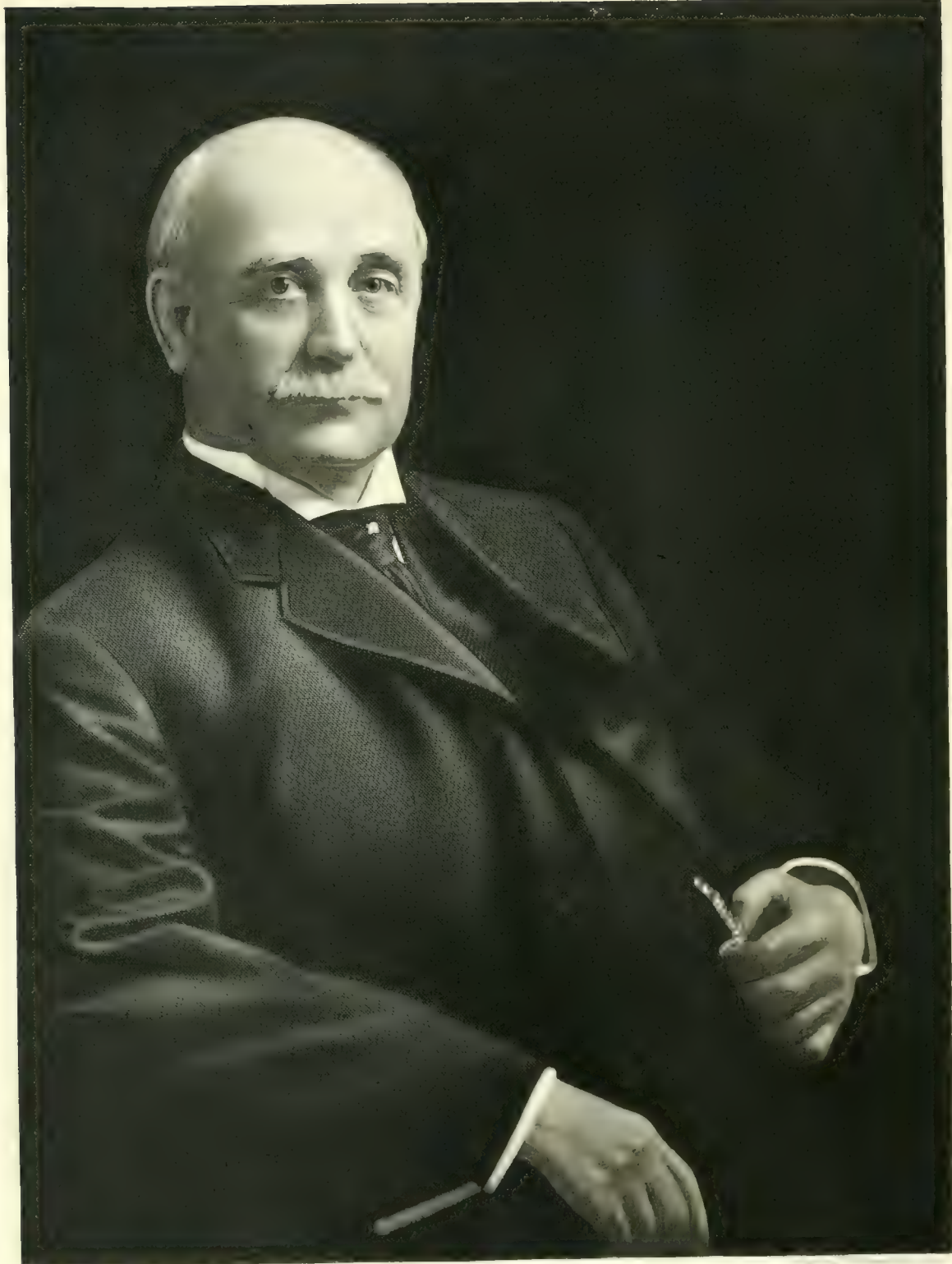
Mr. Gaskill married, June 1, 1905, Caroline Dewey Nichols, daughter of Dr. Charles L. Nichols (See biography). Mr. Gaskill's home is at No. 30 Fruit street in this city.

FRANK M. HEATH, State senator, merchant, treasurer of the Ridgley Protective Association, and the Masonic Protective Association, was born in Nashua, New Hampshire, September 8, 1852, son of Joseph Heath, and descendant of early New England pioneers.

When a mere boy of twelve years of age, he left home to seek a living for himself, and began to earn his own boarding and schooling in Manchester, New Hampshire, attending the schools there what little he could up to the age of fourteen, when he commenced to learn the painting business. He continued his education in the way of attending an evening school, the tuition for which he was obliged to pay out of his own small earnings. Wishing to act and to trade for himself, at the age of fourteen he purchased his time from his father, a necessary transaction under the law, and became his own master. After working as an apprentice in the painting business for three years, he was made foreman of the shop in which he was employed, and at the age of twenty-four the entire business was turned over to him. Mr. Heath came to Worcester in 1880, and a little later bought the painting business of Salem Pratt, an old Worcester resident, continuing in that business until 1892, when he opened a painting and oil store at No. 40 Southbridge street. With him were associated two of his three sons under the firm name of F. M. Heath & Company. A few years later Mr. Heath turned his business over to his sons and took up the financial end of the Ridgley Protective Association, an insurance company for Odd Fellows only, and the Masonic Protective Association, membership of which is exclusively for Free Masons, he being one of the organizers of both concerns. He continued in the capacity of treasurer in each company up until the time of his death, which was on March 7, 1914.

Mr. Heath gave freely of his time and money to Odd Fellowship and Free Masonry. He was one of the charter members of the Ridgley Lodge of Odd Fellows and its third noble grand, also being actively interested in Mt. Vernon Encampment, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Worcester. He spent a large amount of time in Masonry as the following record will show; he being a past master of Montacute Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; past high priest of Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; generalissimo of the Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; past master, wise master of Lawrence Rose Croix, and second lieutenant commander of the Massachusetts Consistory, and was elected to the highest degree in Masonry, namely, that of the thirty-third. To those who were closest to him it was one of the saddest features of his sudden death that he could not have lived to see completed the beautiful new temple to the success of which he had so materially contributed during the last years of his life. Although Mr. Heath devoted much time to Masonic and Odd Fellows circles, yet he found time to represent his City and State in politics. He was elected a member of the city





Henry C. Taylor

government in 1896 and re-elected in 1898. While there he served on the committees of finance, claims, street lighting and enrollment. He was elected a member of the Legislature in 1901. While in that position he made friends readily and exerted a strong and wide influence. During his short term he was on the committee on railroads. He was re-elected to that position for two more terms, and the following year was promoted to the State Senate. He at once became a leading figure in the Senate on account of his strong influence among the legislators, and his ability as an organizer and harmonizer. Few men ever had a larger personal following and more political friends in the State House than Senator Heath.

On September 4, 1870, Mr. Heath married Sarah L. Holt, of Manchester, New Hampshire. They have three sons: Volney L., Austin A., and Melville F.

Volney L. Heath, son of Frank M. and Sarah L. Heath, was born in Manchester, December 20, 1872. He attended the public schools and a business college of Worcester. When Mr. Heath was still young, his father took him into the business with him, the firm being F. M. Heath & Company, doing a painting and oil business in Worcester. He sold out this business to engage with his father in the insurance business as assistant treasurer of the Ridgley Protective Association, and became treasurer of that organization at the death of his father, March 7, 1914. Mr. Heath is a member of the Masonic fraternity, although never sought office in that organization, he being of a quiet and retiring nature and preferring his home to club life.

Mr. Heath married Maud Partridge, of Marlboro, April 21, 1897. They have three children: Frank M., Verna L., and Margaret E., all of whom attend school.

Austin A. Heath, son of Frank M. and Sarah L. Heath, was born in Manchester, New Hampshire, August 26, 1874. After attending the public schools of Worcester and graduating from business college, he worked for a few years in the Worcester Banking Institution, leaving that position to become assistant city treasurer of Worcester, a position which he filled with credit for three years, and was then elected city auditor of Worcester, from which position he became associated with his father in the insurance business as treasurer of the Masonic Protective Association, which he held until the death of his father in 1914, when he became treasurer. Mr. Heath is also general manager of the Ridgley Protective Association, an organization which furnishes health and accident insurance to Odd Fellows only, and although a very busy man in these two positions he had found time to serve the Masonic fraternity in many official capacities, among them master of Montacute Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; high priest of Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; commander of Worcester County Commandery; connected with all three orders of the Scottish Rite Masonry located in Worcester; district deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts, and was recently nominated as a thirty-third degree Mason. Mr. Heath's services have often been sought in the conducting of Masonic affairs in Worcester, and his time and money have been freely given for a number of years past. On December 18, 1912, Mr. Heath married Helen Kendrick, of Worcester.

Melville F. Heath, son of Frank M. and Sarah L. Heath, was born at Bedford, New Hampshire, January 5, 1877. He attended the grammar and high schools of Worcester, and then entered the painting business with his father, where he remained for a few years, when he became associated with his father and brothers in the insurance business and now holds the position of vice-president and general manager of the Masonic Protective Association, the largest organization in the world furnishing health and accident insurance to members of the fraternity. The growth of this business has been largely due to Mr. Heath's ability as a salesman and manager, his untiring efforts and his willingness to work hard. Mr. Heath is a member of the Masonic fraternity and has served that organization in the capacity of master of Montacute Lodge of Worcester. He has never been an office seeker, believing that what time he was not absolutely obliged to spend in his business should be devoted to his family, which consists of a wife and four children.

Mr. Heath married Emily L. Sparrell, January 15, 1902. The names of their four children are: Gordon S., Milan A., Melville F., Jr., and Barbara.

HENRY C. TAYLOR, Business man, well known dealer in beef, and a substantial and public-spirited citizen of Worcester, Massachusetts, where he is now living in retirement from active business, was born in Philadelphia, April 8, 1844. His father was Samuel B. Taylor, born in Springfield, Massachusetts, and his mother, Mary A. (Buckins) Taylor, of Philadelphia, and on both sides descended from Revolutionary families. His parents moved to Hartford, Connecticut, where his childhood and early youth were passed, and there he gained his education, attending the local public schools for this purpose. After leaving school he became bookkeeper for J. H. Brainard in the coal business and continued until 1862, when

he enlisted from that city on September 5, 1862, with the Twenty-fifth Regiment of Connecticut Volunteer Infantry. He served in Louisiana and was present at the engagements of Irish Bend, Port Hudson, and other well known actions, and continued in service until he received his honorable discharge, August 26, 1863. Upon his return to Hartford he entered the employ of J. H. Brainard. Later he secured an excellent position in the general freight office of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad. Leaving the railroad he entered the employ of Smith, Northam & Robertson.

It was in the year 1877 that Mr. Taylor came to Worcester and since that time has made his home here. At Worcester he built a large storage warehouse on the line of the railroad at No. 69 Shrewsbury street, and here engaged in the meat business, handling Chicago dressed beef for the wholesale market. Mr. Taylor was the first man in this country to build a warehouse with refrigerator capacity exclusively for handling Chicago dressed beef. This enterprise was for the purpose of convenient loading and unloading of refrigerator cars. His plant, while he was engaged in the wholesale meat business, had a capacity for storing two carloads of beef; he thus instituted a custom which has come into very general use since then. His business grew to large proportions and he handled all of the G. H. Hammond Company's packing house products, and supplied a large percentage of the Worcester trade, as well as the surrounding towns. He continued thus engaged until the year 1904, when he sold out his business to Armour & Company. Mr. Taylor then took up an entirely different line and spent some four years in the manufacture and sale of the Simplex Player Piano. In 1908 he finally retired from active business life and has since that time been enjoying a well-earned leisure.

Besides his prominence in the business world, Mr. Taylor has also been exceedingly active in the general life of the community, and has identified himself with many important movements in Worcester. He was a member of the Board of Trade of this city for a number of years, and has been very active in promoting its general interests in this capacity. He is also a member of a number of prominent clubs, among which should be mentioned the Commonwealth, the Worcester and the Tatnuck Clubs of this city. Mr. Taylor has been conspicuous in fraternal circles also and is affiliated with the Masonic order in which he has taken the eighteenth degree in Scottish Rite Masonry, and with the local post of the Grand Army of the Republic. He is a member of the Piedmont Congregational Church and has served as a member of its financial committee for many years. Mr. Taylor has always been a most loyal and public-spirited citizen, and every movement undertaken for the welfare of the community receives his aid.

Henry C. Taylor was united in marriage, April 23, 1884, at Worcester, Massachusetts, with J. Gertrude Hutchins, of this city. Mrs. Taylor died in 1886. To Mr. and Mrs. Taylor two children were born, Edward H. and Gertrude A.

FRANK HENRY DEAN, Dentist, was born in this city, September 19, 1885, son of Henry Ellsworth and Bertha May (Chadbourne) Dean. He received his early education in the public schools here and graduated from the English High School in 1905. After a post-graduate year here and a special course of one year in the Merit High School, he became a student in the Tufts Dental School in Boston, and was graduated there in 1910 with the degree of D. M. D. He began to practice dentistry in this city, July 4, 1910, and since that time has had offices at No. 311 Main street in the Central Exchange building. He has made a specialty of X-ray and dental diagnosis. Dr. Dean is well-known among the athletes of the city. He was captain of the high school crew in 1904 and 1905 and coach of the crews in 1910, 1911 and 1912. He has also had charge of the crews of the Lakeside Boat Club. He coached five winning crews that won forty-five medals. His high school crews were the winners of gold watches presented as prizes by the city government. At present he is coach of the club crews of the Lakeside Boat Club. He is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; the Delta Sigma Delta fraternity; the District Dental Society, the Massachusetts Dental Society, the New England Dental Society, the American Dental Society, the American Medical Association (section of Stomatology).

Dr. Dean married, June 8, 1912, in Worcester, Pearl G. Snow, daughter of Charles Snow, of Springfield. Her mother, Clara (Bailey) Snow, was a native of Northampton, Massachusetts; now living in this city. Dr. and Mrs. Dean had one child, Priscilla, who died February 9, 1917, aged two years, one month.

Henry Ellsworth Dean, father of Dr. Dean, representative, manufacturer of wire goods, was born in Oakham, Massachusetts. His pioneer ancestor in this country was Walter Dean, who came from Chard, England, and before 1638 settled in Taunton, Massachusetts. Walter Dean was deacon of the church; selectman of the

town eight years; a tanner by trade; died about 1693. Deacon James Dean, the third of the same name and the fourth generation from the immigrant, was the founder of the family in Oakham; deacon of the church; soldier in the Revolution; married (first) Agnes McIntire; (second) Sarah Hardy; (third) Esther Partridge. His descendants have been numerous and prominent in Oakham.

Mr. Dean came to this city when a boy. He established himself in business as a manufacturer of general hardware and household goods, elevator and window guards and all kinds of steel-wire brushes, at No. 180 Austin street, and continued in business under the name of Henry E. Dean & Company until his retirement. The business was incorporated as the Dean Wire Goods Company, of which Philip Viaile is now president. Mr. Dean resides at No. 182 Austin street. Mr. Dean has always been a staunch Republican. He was a member of the Common Council in 1902, 1903, 1904 and 1905, and representative to the General Court in 1907, 1908, 1909, 1917 and 1918. He also served on the school committee.

Mr. Dean married Bertha May Chadbourne, who was born in Maine. Of their six children, one died in childhood, Bertha May; the others are: Dr. Frank Henry, mentioned above; George Ellsworth, a traveling salesman; Winifred, a trained nurse, served one year with the Harvard Unit in France in the European War; Charlotte Grace, a teacher of music; Edward Stanley, student in the high school.

WINFRED S. GRIFFITH, Inventor, manufacturer, was born in Keene, New Hampshire, July, 1875, son of Daniel Delaney and Sylvia Maria (Leonard) Griffith. His father was a contractor and decorator, now retired, living in Claremont, New Hampshire; his mother was born in Hollis, New Hampshire.

Mr. Griffith received his education in the public schools of Claremont, New Hampshire. He learned his trade as a machinist in the Sullivan-McKay shops there, and after three years went to Nashua, New Hampshire, where he worked another year for the same employers. In 1894 he came to this city, working afterward successively for Curtis & Marble, the American Card Clothing Company and other machine shops. Having invented in the meantime a very successful magnetic chuck, he began to manufacture it at No. 47 Hermon street under the firm name of the Worcester Magnetic Chuck Company. A year and half later, however, he accepted a substantial sum and sold his patents to the Heald Machine Company of this city. At the same time he gave up his own business and became a designer and salesman for the Heald Company. He again engaged in business as half-owner of the Worcester Machine Company, organized December 16, 1915, to make special machinery. His partner is Cyrus N. Cowan, who was previously the factory manager for the Heald Machine Company. The factory is located at No. 25 Bartlett street. The company is now making parts for other manufacturers, machine tools and fixtures. Mr. Griffith is a member of the Knights of Pythias. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Griffith married, November 25, 1899, in this city, Theresa N. Ohlin. They have one son, Clifford Ohlin, born 1903. Their home is at No. 44 June street in this city.

MARCUS LLEWELLYN FOSTER, Lumher dealer, officer of various large real estate and lumber corporations, was born December 8, 1871, in Oswego, New York, son of Llewellyn and Marion (Carpenter) Foster. His father was a soldier in the Civil War, enlisting at the age of eighteen in the One Hundred and Eighty-fourth New York Volunteer Infantry, taking part in the battles of Cedar Creek, Petersburg and many other engagements. Eli Foster, grandfather of Llewellyn Foster, was an early settler at Malta on Saratoga Lake, New York. He was of the sixth generation from the immigrant ancestor, Christopher Foster, who was born in England, came in the ship "Abigail" in 1635 and settled at Lynn, but ten years later removed to Southampton, Long Island. John Foster, son of Christopher Foster, moved to Middletown, Connecticut, where the family was located for several generations.

Marcus L. Foster received his education in the public schools of his native city. He came to Worcester when sixteen years of age, and for nine years was in the employ of William H. Sawyer, lumber dealer. Then he was for one year treasurer of the Howe Lumber Company of Lowell. In the spring of 1898 he established the firm of Stone & Foster, having its place of business at the corner of Central and Union streets, Worcester. In 1906 he bought out his partner and has since continued the business alone, being president and treasurer of the Stone & Foster Lumber Company, the original corporate name. From time to time Mr. Foster has become interested in various other corporations in Worcester and in the timber section of the South. He is president of the Ravenel Company, which

owns six thousand acres of pine timber lands in South Carolina, having a capital of \$100,000, organized in 1911; treasurer of the Highland Spruce Company, which owns 9,000 acres of spruce timber land on the eastern slope of the Black Mountains in North Carolina, including Mount Mitchell, capitalized at \$350,000; treasurer of the Dickey & Campbell Company, Inc., which owns 18,000 acres of spruce timber land in the Black mountains of North Carolina, capitalized at \$600,000, and is an operating concern, having twenty-five miles of its own railroads for transporting logs and lumber. Mr. Foster is president of the Foster Associates, the capital of which is \$125,000; treasurer of the W. L. Dines, Jr. Company, a Worcester corporation engaged in the manufacture of machinery for exporting to coffee, sugar and cocoa plantations in the tropical countries, having its plant at No. 172 Union street, capitalized at \$10,000. He is one of the principal owners of the Park building, the latest modern office building erected in Worcester. Mr. Foster is vice-president of the corporation owning the building, known as the Park Building Company, of which the capital is \$350,000. It is an eleven-story stone building containing six stores and two hundred offices. Mr. Foster was a director of the Worcester National Bank until the recent consolidation with the Worcester Trust Company, and is now a director of the Trust Company. He is a trustee of the Mechanics Savings Bank; a director of the Massachusetts Retail Lumber Dealers' Association; member of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce. He is a member of the Worcester Club, the Worcester Country Club, of which he is one of the board of governors; the Tatnuck Country Club, and the Quinsigamond Boat Club, of which he is president. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Foster married, at Worcester, March 2, 1897, Alice Hathaway Baldwin, daughter of John Stanton Baldwin (See biography). They have four children: 1. Marcella Hathaway, born December 8, 1897. 2. Alicia, born December 21, 1898. 3. Ellen Frances, born August 9, 1800. 4. Marcus Llewellyn, Jr., born March 8, 1910.

NICHOLAS J. MOONEY, Insurance underwriter and city official, was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, October 10, 1848, the son of Richard and Margaret (Doyle) Mooney, and died in this city, March 31, 1915.

Mr. Mooney acquired his early educational training in the public schools of this city, and after leaving school was variously engaged as carpenter and machinist. At the age of twenty-nine, in 1877, he was appointed a member of the Worcester police force by Mayor Charles B. Pratt. He served faithfully and efficiently on the force for a period of fifteen years, from 1877 to 1892, when he resigned to become a local agent for the Germania Fire Insurance Company of New York. In 1902 Mr. Mooney was appointed general city agent for this company, at which time he established himself in a general insurance agency business. In addition to the Germania, he represented the Reliance Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia, the Commercial Union of New York, the Firemen's of Newark, the Worcester Mutual, and the Merchants and Farmers of Worcester. He also represented accident indemnity companies and those writing the varied forms of modern insurance. The agency bearing his name became one of the largest and best-known in the city, and in its upbuilding Mr. Mooney gained high reputation as a man of sound judgment, whose advice on real estate values was valued and safe to follow.

Mr. Mooney was one of the founders of the Bay State Savings Bank and a member of its board of investment, his associates relying strongly on his judgment. In political faith he was a staunch Democrat, and took a deep interest in municipal affairs. He was elected to represent his ward in the Common Council of the city for ten consecutive terms, serving in that body on various important committees including that on finance.

Although the founder and head of one of the most important fire insurance agencies of this city, Mr. Mooney was perhaps better known for his public service as a city official and as a member of city organizations. He was a pleasing and forceful public speaker, often rising to heights of eloquence, and on one occasion, when the Father Mathew Total Abstinence Society presented a testimonial to the late Senator George F. Hoar in recognition of his long life and valuable service, the society chose him president to make the presentation, which he did in a graceful and eloquent speech. Mr. Mooney was a member of the Knights of St. Crispin and in 1870, the year of the "strike," conducted by that organization, was its secretary, and took a prominent part in the management and direction of the organization's side of the controversy. He was also a member of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, the Father Mathew Total Abstinence Society, and the Mutual Benefit Association of Worcester. In religious belief he was a Catholic, a member of St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church.



Nicholas J. Mooney



Mr. Mooney married, in 1885, Joanna M. Healey, of Cambridge, Massachusetts, who passed away June 9, 1914. To this union were born the following children: John J., who was associated with his father in the insurance business, died April 8, 1915; Richard J., who died in 1905, aged sixteen years; Frances C.; Rachel A., who is the wife of Francis J. Mulcahy, of Worcester; Anna T., Sheila.

CHARLES HILL MORGAN, Manufacturer, founder of the Morgan Construction Company and other Worcester industries, was born in Rochester, New York, January 8, 1831, died in Worcester, January 10, 1911, son of Hiram and Clarissa Lucina (Rich) Morgan. He was a descendant in the eighth generation of Miles Morgan, who came from Bristol, England, in 1636, to Boston, and shared the honor of founding the town of Springfield with William Pynchon. A statue in his honor was erected in Court Square, Springfield, in 1879, just two hundred years after his death. Deacon David Morgan, son of David Morgan, and grandson of Sergeant Miles Morgan, came from his native town to Brimfield and was town clerk there in 1731. Sergeant Joseph Morgan, son of David Morgan, was born in Springfield, August 19, 1705, and went to Brimfield with his father; served in the expedition against Louisburg in 1758, and at the age of seventy years marched with his company in response to the Lexington alarm, April 19, 1775. Sergeant Aaron Morgan, son of Joseph Morgan, was one of the foremost men of Brimfield for many years, serving the town repeatedly as moderator, selectman, assessor and town clerk, and was a soldier of the Revolution. Calvin Morgan, of Brimfield, son of Aaron Morgan, was father of Hiram Morgan, and grandfather of Charles Hill Morgan. Hiram Morgan lived in Brimfield, Rochester, New York, and finally in Clinton, Massachusetts, where he died June 29, 1866. In all his other lines of ancestry Mr. Morgan was descended from the pioneer English stock. Among his ancestors were the Clarks, Coltons, Coopers, Cooleys, Wolcotts, Shermans, Stones, and many others prominent in the Bay Colony, and especially so in Springfield and vicinity.

Charles Hill Morgan received his early education in the public schools of Clinton and at Lancaster Academy. At the age of fifteen he went into the shop of his uncle and soon developed skill in mechanical drawing. In 1852, when he was but twenty-one years old, he was placed in charge of the dye house of the Clinton mills, a position for which he had fitted himself by studying chemistry during his spare time. He returned to mechanics, however, and was employed for some time in the offices of the Lawrence Machine Company and by Erastus P. Bigelow. When with the Lawrence Machine Company he was sent to Worcester to install the steam engine in the Merrifield building on Union street, and made his first acquaintances in the city where the best part of his life was spent. In 1860 he joined his brother in a manufacturing enterprise in Philadelphia, but remained there only a short time. In 1864 he came to Worcester as general superintendent of the Washburn & Moen Wire Works, a position he held for more than twenty-three years, and for eleven years he was also a director of the corporation. During this time he designed the first hydraulic elevator introduced in New England. He made many trips to Europe to study the steel and wire mills of England, Belgium, Germany, France and Sweden, and he kept the Washburn & Moen mills in the front rank among similar industries of the world. He introduced a reel operated by steam power, and from time to time designed other improvements in methods and machinery. He designed a new mill to supersede the Bedson mill. In 1886 he received patents on automatic reels. In 1887 he was called to Cleveland, Ohio, to become consulting engineer of the American Wire Company and there he continued to produce inventions improving the processes for making wire. In 1889 he completed and placed in operation at Dollar Bay, Michigan, a large copper mill at the Tamarack mine. His career as manufacturer on his own account began in 1888, when he established the business which was incorporated three years later as the Morgan Construction Company. He manufactured rolling mill machinery at first, and afterward wire drawing and hydraulic machinery. A description of the plant will be found elsewhere. From the outset he was successful, and within a few years had taken his place among the leading manufacturers of the city. He also established the Morgan Spring Company in 1881 and was president and principal owner. He began to make springs in the plant of the Morgan Construction Company, Lincoln street. In 1896 the extensive plant of the Morgan Spring Company was erected at Greendale.

To Mr. Morgan more than any other man is due the credit for the successful development of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute. Mr. Ichabod Washburn died before the Washburn shops at the Institute were completed, and Mr. Morgan had charge of the construction and equipment of these shops which have proved a vital part of the institution to which they were given. Through the important period when

the shops were an experiment in education, he guided them to a profitable basis and made them models for the technical schools of the entire country to copy. He was a director of the First National Bank. He was one of the founders of Plymouth Congregational Church and one of its first deacons, a director of the Young Men's Christian Association, and a member of the Congregational Club of Worcester. He was a member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, the American Institute of Mining Engineers, and the British Iron and Steel Institute.

Mr. Morgan married (first) June 8, 1852, Harriet C. Plympton, born November 8, 1831, died July 28, 1862. He married (second) August 4, 1863, Rebecca Ann Beagary, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Children by first wife: 1. Charles Henry, born February 1, 1854, resides in Worcester. 2. Hiram Plympton, born and died in 1862. By his second wife: 3. Harriet L., born June 9, 1864, married Dr. Winthrop D. Mitchell, of East Orange, New Jersey. 4. Charlotte, born July 10, 1866, married Frederick M. McFadden, of Philadelphia. 5. Paul Beagary (See biography). 6. Ralph Landers, born September 5, 1872, consulting engineer, Worcester; married Alice, daughter of William H. Sawyer, of Worcester (See biography).

PAUL BEAGARY MORGAN, President of the Morgan Construction Company, the Morgan Spring Company and the Heald Machine Company, was born in Worcester, May 7, 1869, son of Charles Hill and Rebecca Ann (Beagary) Morgan. He attended the public schools of his native city and Worcester Academy, from which he graduated in 1887, and entered the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, from which he was graduated in the class of 1890. Then he went abroad to study the iron and steel industry and took a special course in metallurgy and chemistry in the Royal School of Mines at Stockholm, Sweden. He also gained some practical experience in the celebrated Munkfors Works of the Uddeholm Company in Sweden. Returning to Worcester, he became associated in business with his father, whom he succeeded as president of the Morgan Construction Company and the Morgan Spring Company. Under his management the business of both companies have been greatly extended and various additions made in the buildings and plant. He is also president of the Heald Machine Company, a sketch of which appears elsewhere. He stands second to none among the younger heads of industry in Worcester. From 1904 until the consolidation in 1917, Mr. Morgan was a director of the Worcester National Bank, and is now a director of the Worcester Trust Company. He is also a trustee of the People's Savings Bank and of the Memorial Hospital of Worcester. As president of the Worcester County Musical Association he has been active in promoting the high reputation of its annual festival. He is a member of Plymouth Congregational Church, the Young Men's Christian Association and the Congregational Club; trustee of the Worcester Academy and president of the board of trustees since 1910. He has been president of the Alumni Association of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, and vice-president of the Alumni of Worcester Academy. His interest has been in evidence not only in religious, educational, charitable, musical, financial and social organizations, but in every movement designed to make for progress and public welfare. He is an honorary member of George H. Ward Post, Grand Army of the Republic; a member of the Sons of the American Revolution; of the Worcester Club, the Quinsigamond Boat Club, the Tatnuck Country Club, and the Engineers' Club of New York. In politics he is a Republican. His home is at No. 21 Cedar street, Worcester.

Mr. Morgan married, June 15, 1893, at Worcester, Lessie Louise Maynard, daughter of William and Mary (Adams) Maynard, of Worcester. Children: 1. Philip Maynard, born April 13, 1896. 2. Charles Hill, born September 19, 1902. 3. Paul Beagary, Jr., born June 11, 1904. 4. Vincent, born February 2, 1906. 5. Elizabeth, born July 2, 1909.

NAPOLÉON PETER HUOT, Retired business man, a well-known figure in French-Canadian circles in Worcester, and formerly a wholesale dealer in eggs and produce, but now retired, was born in St. Césaire, Province of Quebec, Canada, January 9, 1844, son of Prudent and Flavie (Leduc) Huot.

When but eight years old he came with his parents to the village of Three Rivers, Massachusetts, and soon afterwards began to work in the cotton mill. After three years the family moved to Mittineague, where he was employed as a general utility boy in a cotton mill until it shut down in 1861, returning then to Canada with the family. With this early introduction to the serious work of life his education was limited to a few terms at the public schools. Soon after his return to Canada he left home to learn the carriage maker's trade at St. Mary's, Merrville, Canada, and in a short time became an expert in this business. In 1864 he came to Chicopee, Massachusetts, where he worked at his trade and within a month was

made a foreman of the shop. He subsequently worked at his trade in Springfield, Massachusetts, and at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, up to 1870. During the following three years he was engaged in a grocery and meat business which he established in Central Falls, Rhode Island. In 1873 he came to this city and with his savings started in business in a small building formerly a blacksmith shop on School street near the railroad tracks, and began dealing in eggs and farm produce, selling both at retail and wholesale. His brother, Godfrey D., was his agent in St. John, Canada, and was his buyer of eggs. Mr. Huot with his one horse and wagon delivered his goods to the grocers of the city. He soon needed larger quarters and moved to No. 7 Allen court; later he took another store, doubling his space. In 1880 he moved to a store on Front street, between Bartlett and Trumbull streets. In 1885 he built the block at Nos. 7 and 11 Bartlett street and occupied it until 1903, when he retired from active participation in business. In later years he added to his stock butter, beans, hay and grain, and had two other retail grocery stores, one on Bloomingdale road and another on the corner of Hamilton and Orient streets. From 1885 to 1895 he also had a general store in North Grosvenor Dale, Connecticut. For years he was rated as one of the largest dealers in eggs at wholesale in this city, and was in a position at times to control the market. He entered business again, and for seven years conducted a plumbing business with success, having at one time a dozen mechanics in his employ. His store was at Nos. 7 and 9 Bartlett street. Mr. Huot is perhaps the most successful business man of Canadian birth in the city of Worcester.

In politics he is a Republican. He was for three years a member of the Board of Aldermen (1897-98-99) and became widely-known. In appreciation of the honor he received at the hands of his people, and of his services in their behalf, his French-Canadian friends presented to him at the end of his term in the City Council a life-size oil portrait. For many years he was a leader in his ward, and he often won elections in a Democratic ward. He was the founder of a naturalization club that did excellent service for years, and his work on the committees on public buildings and street lighting was of value to the municipality. He is a communicant of St. Joseph's Catholic Church, and his home is at No. 34 Orient street.

Mr. Huot married, in June, 1870, at St. Césaire, Eliza Guiderman Hebert, who was born at St. Hyacinthe, Province of Quebec. Their children are: 1. and 2. Sons who died young. 3. Corinne, born at Central Falls, Rhode Island, married Henry Latourneau, of the firm of Corveil & Company in this city, and they have two children: Roland Huot and Hivet. 4. Oscar, deceased. 5. Martha E., married Dr. Ovila Celinau, now of Indian Orchard, Massachusetts. 6. Albert, died in infancy. 7. Alma, married Dr. Joseph A. Lalande, and has one child, Lucilde. 8. Cora. 9. Flora.

Mark Huot, the great-grandfather of Napoleon P. Huot, came from France to Canada with his wife, and settled at Chambly, in the Province of Quebec, dying very soon after his arrival. Prudent Huot, son of Mark Huot, and the father of Napoleon P. Huot, was born at Chambly, but at the age of twenty years located at St. Césaire in the same province and followed farming there until 1853, when he removed to Three Rivers, Massachusetts, and found employment in the cotton mill of Joseph Brown as a mechanic, carpenter and machinist. After six years he returned to Canada and took charge of several farms which he had bought. He operated some of these and leased the others. He died at St. Césaire at the age of eighty. His wife was a native of St. Césaire, and died at the age of eighty-eight at Albertsford, in the Province of Quebec, where she was living with a daughter. Prudent Huot and his wife had seven children: 1. Prudent, for many years a grocer at Central Falls, Rhode Island, and who died there at the age of sixty-one years. He married Mary Nadau, deceased, and left two children, George and Emma. 2. Amanda, married Philip Dupuis, deceased, a farmer of Albertsford. They had a large family, those now living being: Alvira, Emma, Wilford, and Vilbon. Mrs. Amanda (Huot) Dupuis resided in Montreal, and died in March, 1918. 3. Napoleon Peter, mentioned above. 4. Celanie, deceased, married (first) Napoleon Paradis, and after a widowhood of twenty-four years she married (second) Alexandre Belisle, of St. Césaire. She died in Montreal. 5. Godfrey D., former partner of Napoleon Peter Huot, of previous mention. He married Philanise Chabot, and resides at St. John, Province of Quebec. They have four children: Arthur, Emma, Eva and Sarah. 6. Hubert, a merchant at Whitinsville, Massachusetts. He married Emma DuFrenne, and they have four children: Albert, Arthur, Emma, Gladys. 7. Vilbon, a shoe merchant of Lawrence, Massachusetts. He married Lydia Marose. He has occupied the same store for forty-seven years.

SAMUEL UTLEY, Justice of the Central District Court of Worcester, was born in Chesterfield, Massachusetts, September 29, 1843, son of Thomas Knowlton

and Theodocia (Knox) Utley, descendant of Samuel Utley, who came from England and settled in Scituate, Massachusetts, in 1637. Judge Utley attended Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Massachusetts, from 1858 to 1860; Wesleyan Academy, Wilbraham, Massachusetts, 1862-64; and Harvard Law School (LL. B. 1867). He was admitted to the Massachusetts bar in 1867 and began immediately to practice in Worcester. Since September 13, 1882, he has been justice of the Central District Court (See history of the court). He is a member of the Association of District Judges; the council of the American Antiquarian Society; American Unitarian Association; Harvard Club of Worcester.

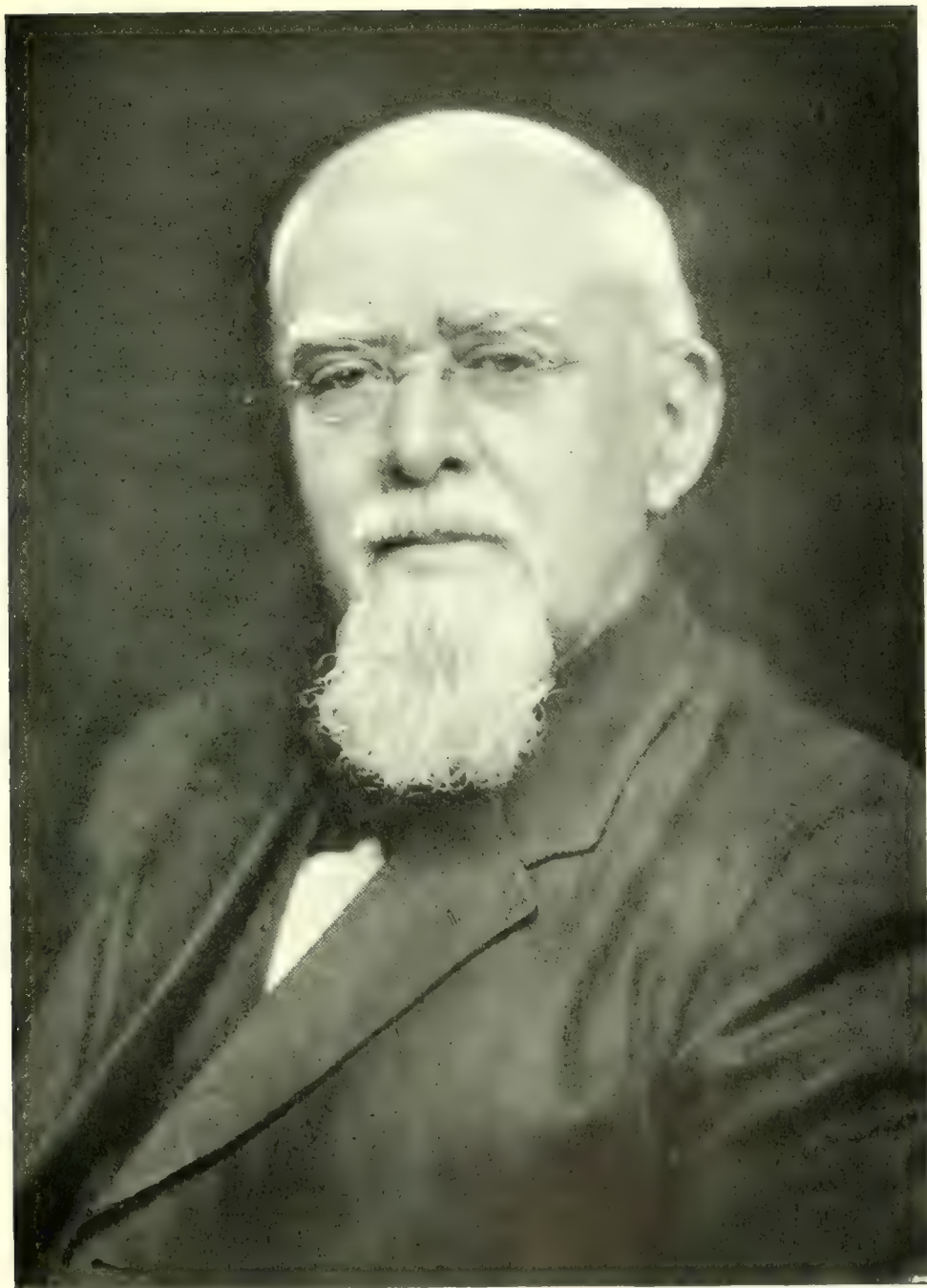
Mr. Utley married, December 8, 1875, Julia M. Martin, of this city. Mrs. Utley is a member of the Worcester Art Museum. Their home is at No. 14 William street.

JOSEPH J. ROBERTS, Carpenter and builder, was born in St. Jean Baptiste, Province of Quebec, Canada, March 28, 1865, son of Theophile and Mathilde (Alaguise) Roberts. Theophile Roberts was a carpenter by trade; came here from Canada and died here August 6, 1899, aged sixty-one years. His wife was also a native of Canada; she died here November 17, 1917, aged seventy-five.

Eight of the nine children of Theophile and Mathilde Roberts are living: 1. Theophile Victor, resides here, married ——— Lucier and has three children. 2. Joseph J., mentioned above. 3. Rosanna, married William Billings, of Worcester, and has five sons. 4. Baline L., resides in Shrewsbury, a sausage maker; married Esther Sibley and has three daughters. 5. Victor, resides in New Bedford, Massachusetts, a hotel proprietor. 6. Georgianna, married Nelson Lavigne, of this city, now an alderman; they have three children. 7. Jennie, married Alphonse Heno, now of Boston, and has two children. 8. Evelyn, resides in this city.

Joseph J. Roberts was educated there in the public schools. At the age of seventeen he came to this city and found employment in Osgood Bradley's car shops, remaining for two years. Afterward he worked as a journeyman carpenter for about fifteen years, and during part of this time was foreman. Since September, 1903, he has been in business on his own account as a master builder. He has made a specialty of mill construction and has erected many large and important buildings for various manufacturing companies in this section. He undertakes all kinds of building, however, including brick and stone work, and general contracting. His office and shop is at No. 4 Wall street. Mr. Roberts makes a hobby of thoroughbred horses and he has owned some of the best. Among them may be mentioned, "Jack London" (2:07¼); "H. Will Tell" (2:05¾ on a half-mile track); "Hale B." (2:11¼). He is a member of the Worcester Club; the French-Canadian organizations and various clubs and societies of horse owners. He is a Republican; a communicant of St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church. He married at Webster, Massachusetts, 1888, ———. Their home is at No. 4 Wall street.

JOHN L. MURPHY, Representative citizen, who is now living retired in the city of Worcester, Massachusetts, which was for so many years the scene of his active business career, is a native of Boston, born August 19, 1831. He remained in the city of his birth until between eleven and twelve years of age, when his parents removed to Lowell, and when about thirteen years of age his parents took up their residence at Saxonville, Massachusetts. Such education as he enjoyed was gained at the public schools of Boston, and he was admitted to the Lowell High School when twelve years of age. Upon going to Saxonville he abandoned his studies, however, and worked for a time in the woolen factory there. At the age of sixteen, however, he was apprenticed to the firm of A. & S. Thayer, who were engaged in business as machinists, and there learned that trade. He remained for three years in this apprenticeship and was afterwards employed as a journeyman in the same line with Samuel Flagg. He remained with this employer for the two years following, and then began to work for the Thompson & Skinner Company on the manufacture of machinists' tools. It was but a short time that he remained there, however, and then entered the employment of C. Whitcomb & Company, where he worked for several years. Mr. Murphy's next move was to the West and for a time he resided in Detroit, Michigan, taking a position in the Detroit Locomotive Works there. From Detroit he went to Davenport, Iowa, to work for the Davenport Engine Works, and he was also employed as engineer in the Burgess House there. After this experience in the West, Mr. Murphy returned to Massachusetts and took up his abode in the city of Worcester and at the same time resumed his old trade. His first employment in Worcester was with George Crompton, manufacturer of looms, with which concern he was foreman of the planing and tool-making department, where he was employed for seventeen years. Mr. Murphy next traveled to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where he became associated with the firm of L.



John L. Murphy



Power & Company, manufacturers of wood-working machinery. His association with this concern lasted twenty-two years, and he was admitted into partnership and given the position of general superintendent of the work. He also traveled throughout the United States in the firm's interest, and became very well-known all over the country in connection with this business. Eventually, however, Mr. Murphy disposed of his interest in the firm of L. Power & Company and returned to Worcester, where he has since lived in a well-earned retirement.

Besides his activity in the business world, Mr. Murphy has always displayed the keenest interest in the general affairs of the community and has won the reputation of being a most public-spirited and loyal citizen. He is a Roman Catholic in his religious belief, was active in St. John's Church and St. Ann's Church, and was one of the most active of those interested in the organizing and founding of St. Paul's Church, Worcester. He presided at the meeting held in Washburn Hall when this organization was formed, and after the erection of the church building his was the first voice ever heard within its walls. This was on the occasion of a fair that was held in the church before its dedication. Mr. Murphy has held practically all the minor offices in the gift of the city and has been ward inspector, member of the school board, a post which he held for three years, and member of the City Council. He was elected alderman from the Fourth Ward and held that position in 1878 and 1879, being the first Catholic ever elected in Worcester. It was Mr. Murphy who was instrumental in introducing and having passed in the Legislature of the State a law that the Bible should be read in the public schools of the State without comment, this law having the distinction of being the shortest on the Massachusetts statute. Mr. Murphy was elected to the State Legislature in the year 1861, and during his membership in that body was a most energetic factor in procuring reform and good government. He is now a member of St. Peter's Roman Catholic Church at Worcester, and was formerly a member of the Irish Catholic Benevolence Union, which is now dissolved.

John L. Murphy was united in marriage, January 27, 1853, in St. John's Church, Worcester, Massachusetts, with Joanna Kavanagh, a native of Ireland, who died March 9, 1893, at Philadelphia. To them were born ten children (two of whom are living) as follows: Mary E., who attended Clark University, and is a graduate of the Worcester Normal School; and Ellen C., who is a graduate of the Philadelphia Normal College, and Simmons College, class of 1912. Both are engaged in teaching. Among the children now deceased was Charles A. Murphy, born at Worcester, and educated in this city and at Philadelphia, where he graduated from the Newton Grammar School, and was then associated with his father in business there until the time of his death which occurred when he was but twenty-nine years old. He married Mattie Miller, of Boston, who survives him, with one son, John L. Murphy, who is now a graduate of the Boston public schools, of the Mechanics Arts School, Lowell Institute, and other institutions, and is now teaching manual training at the Dorchester High School, Dorchester, Massachusetts. He is also at the present time taking a course of study in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology at Boston, where he is one of the first flight A, of the Aviation Corps, and is now an ensign in the United States Navy Aviation.

WILLIAM DODD CHENERY, Superintendent of the Bradstreet Company in Worcester, was born in New York City, January 21, 1845, son of Cyrus and Mary T. (Hubbard) Chenery. When he was eight years old he left the city with his parents and a year later went to live on the farm at Holden, where he attended the public schools, the high school and select school in that town. At the age of nineteen he began to teach school and for three winters was a teacher in the district schools of Holden. In 1873 he came to this city and became a clerk in the office of Edward Russell & Company. This was an old-established mercantile agency. In various capacities Mr. Chenery was with this concern for a period of twenty-five years, until Edward Russell & Company merged with R. G. Dunn & Company, of this city, and he became manager of the local Dunn office. After fifteen months he resigned and became identified with the Bradstreet Company, and since 1909 has held his present position as superintendent. Perhaps no man in Worcester has a more comprehensive knowledge of ratings, credits, of the history of mercantile and industrial business, of the men who have created and developed business in all kinds in the city. In politics Mr. Chenery is a Republican. His residence is in Holden. He is a member of the Town Club of Holden; the Holden Community House; the Worcester Rotary Club. In religion he is a Congregationalist.

Mr. Chenery married in Holden, March 17, 1880, Laura E. Putnam, daughter of Archelaus and Laura E. Putnam, both of that town. Mr. and Mrs. Chenery had three children: Laura Louise, married Chester L. Thorndike, professor of the Technical High School of Springfield; Mary Frances; Willietta, died in infancy.

Cyrus Chenery, father of William D. Chenery, was born in Boylston, Massachusetts, April 13, 1798, son of Thaddeus and Mary D. Chenery. He was a merchant all his active life in New York City, retiring on account of ill health to his farm in Holden, where he died at the age of seventy-three years. His wife died there at the age of eighty-three. Of their eleven children but two are living, William Dodd, and Henry Clay, a clerk in the office of the State Mutual Life Assurance Company in this city, residing in Holden. Dr. Isaac Chenery, father of Thaddeus Chenery, was born in Medfield in 1742, and died in Holden, October 20, 1822; his wife Susanna died there January 27, 1820, aged seventy-three years. He was a surgeon in the Revolutionary War. Lambert Chenery, the immigrant ancestor, was born in England in 1593, and died in Dedham, Massachusetts, January 30, 1675. He was a prominent citizen in Dedham.

FREDERICK JAMES DOON, Grain merchant, was born in this city, May 13, 1867, son of James W. and Ellen (Rowley) Doon. James W. Doon was born at Underhill, Vermont, March 25, 1842. He came to Worcester in 1863 and has always been in the grain business since that time. He married Ellen Rowley, in this city, in 1870, and they had two children: Frederick J., and Aloysius, who is now manager of the Natick business of J. W. Doon & Company, married Mary Grady, and has five children.

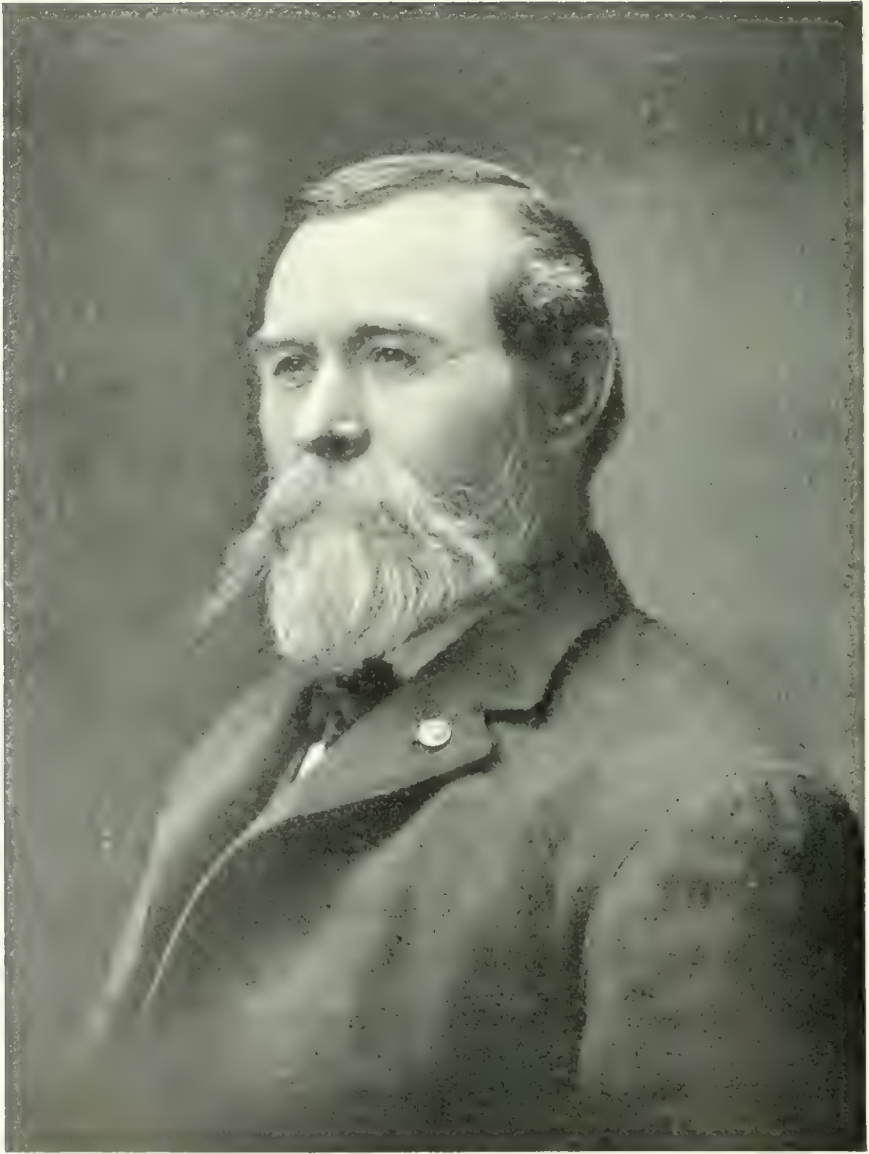
Frederick J. Doon attended the public schools here, graduating from the high school, and entered the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, from which he graduated in 1888. For three years he was in the employ of the Edison Electric Light Company of Boston. Since then he has been in the grain business. He was associated with his father in business at Willimantic, Connecticut, four years. Since then he has been in partnership with his father in the wholesale hay, grain and straw business in Worcester. The firm has also a grist mill and retail grain and hay business in Natick, Massachusetts. The Worcester offices of the firm are at No. 311 Slater building. Mr. Doon has always been interested in athletics. At school he took part in various track events and won the quarter and half-mile races and stood second in the high kick. He is a member of Alhambra Council, Knights of Columbus; the Washington Club, and the Massachusetts Catholic Order of Foresters, Court No. 59. He is a communicant of St. John's Catholic Church.

Mr. Doon married, October 25, 1892, in New York City, Helen T. Short, of Boston. She died September 25, 1893.

JOSEPH BEALS, Clerk of the school committee, was born in Chester, Massachusetts, January 12, 1864, son of Luther Hamilton and Sarah Harriet (Milliken) Beals. Luther Hamilton Beals was born at Goshen, Massachusetts, in 1837, and is now living in Westfield; a retired whip manufacturer; former chairman of the Board of Health of Westfield. He married Sarah Harriet Milliken, who was born in New York State, and died in Westfield in 1911, aged seventy-one years. Three of their children lived to maturity: Charles H., whip manufacturer, Westfield; Joseph, mentioned above; and Bertha M., who married William C. Shute, of Denver, Colorado, but formerly of Westfield, where he was born.

The parents of Joseph Beals moved to Westfield in this State when he was an infant and he went to school there, graduating from the Westfield High School in 1881. He entered the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, from which he graduated in 1885 with the degree of Bachelor of Science, receiving honors, and being the valedictorian of his class. After a short time in the employ of the Deane Steam Pump Works and various other concerns, he was engaged in manufacturing whips in partnership with his father and brother in Westfield. In the meantime he taught in the evening high school in Westfield and was principal for several years. In 1889 he became a teacher in the Fall River High School. After two years there he came to this city and became instructor in mathematics and physics in the Worcester Polytechnic Institute. Soon afterward he was appointed assistant professor of physics, continuing until January, 1900, a period of nine years, as teacher in the Institute. Since January, 1900, Mr. Beals has been clerk of the school committee of this city, an executive position of great responsibility and detail. He is a member of Athelstan Lodge, Free Masons; the Rotary Club; and the Worcester County Republican Club. He is a member of Union Church, of which he has been a deacon for many years, and was formerly a teacher in the Sunday school.

Mr. Beals married, in this city, October 27, 1887, Grace D. Houghton, who was born in Worcester, December 27, 1866, daughter of Henry H. and Susan E. (Rawson) Houghton. (See biography of father). Children of Mr. and Mrs. Beals: 1. Geoffrey Houghton, born July 24, 1892, graduate of Dartmouth College (A. B., 1914); now in the United States Army (1918). 2. Helen, born May 20, 1894, student in Cornell



Hans Trulsen

University, class of 1919. 3. Katherine, born November 2, 1904. Their home is at No. 4 Marston way in this city.

ALLAN N. DAVIS, Manager of the Packard Motor Car Company, was born in this city, November 25, 1887, son of Arthur Eugene and Alice L. (Nichols) Davis. He attended Miss Fitch's Oread Kindergarten; the Woodland street public school; the Adams square and Belmont street public schools and the Classical High School, from which he graduated in 1906. Since then he has been connected with the automobile business. For a year or more he was in the employ of John S. Harrington, who had an automobile station at No. 31 Central street. During the next four years he was a chauffeur in Gardner and Worcester. In 1910 he entered the employ of Alvin T. Fuller, sales agent for the Packard Motor Cars, Park square, Boston. For six months he was a demonstrator of used cars; then salesman in the new car department. Thence he went to the office in Providence, remaining for six months, later to New Bedford and Fall River, where he remained for a time, and after a few months returned again to Boston. He came to Worcester in 1913 as manager of the Worcester branch of the Packard Motor Car Agency, then at No. 185 Commercial street, occupying 7,000 square feet of floor space and employing four persons. In 1915 Mr. Davis moved to new quarters at No. 75 Central street and a year later to No. 36 Central street, including the quarters formerly occupied by John S. Harrington. Later the station was at No. 11 Warren street and while there he began the building now occupied at No. 495 Shrewsbury street. The building was occupied on April 19, 1917. The sales room and service station are considered as the finest in this country, having every modern convenience. There is a floor space of 39,000 square feet. During his first year in Worcester Mr. Davis sold nineteen cars; in the year 1915 he sold two hundred and fifty. At the present time he employs six persons in this business. He is a member of Gemma Sigma fraternity; the Tatnuck Country Club; the Worcester Club; the Kiwanis Club; the Navy League. He is a communicant of St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church. In politics he is a Republican, and a member of the Young Men's Republican Club of this city.

Arthur Eugene Davis, father of Allan N. Davis, was born in Princeton, Massachusetts, March 19, 1859, died here, December 26, 1901, son of Henry Wilson Davis. He came to this city when four years old with his parents, and was educated in the public schools here. He began life as errand boy in the clothing store of Davis & Lytle, and in time became member of the firm, under the name of Davis & Company, at No. 223 Main street. In later years he was in business on his own account as a custom tailor in the State Mutual building, continuing to the time of his death. He was a member of the Hancock Club, the Commonwealth Club, and Quinsigamond Lodge, Free Masons. He married Alice L. Nichols, of Auburn, Massachusetts, now living in Brookline, a descendant of Colonel Timothy Bigelow. Children: Allan N., mentioned above; Helen D., born December 1, 1889; Catherine, born May 22, 1894.

Mr. Davis is descended from the same family as Governor Davis (see Early Families). The line of ancestry is: Allan N. (10), Arthur E. (9), Henry Wilson (8), Samuel (7), Silas (6), Samuel (5), Deacon Ephraim (4), Daniel (3), Samuel (2), Dolor (1). Henry Wilson Davis (8) was born August 14, 1833, died December 24, 1888; married (first) Lois R. Bigelow; (second) Emma M. Gleason. Samuel Davis (5) came from Bedford to Princeton in May, 1783, and died there September 13, 1800.

HANS TRULSON, former publisher of "Svea," the Swedish newspaper of Worcester, was born in Sweden, August 25, 1846, and died here March 26, 1908. He was educated in his native land and was one of the first half dozen coming from Sweden to locate in Worcester. He landed in America in 1869, going west to Kansas City, Kansas, where he was located for three years. He moved to Worcester in 1872 and lived here the remainder of his life. He was employed by the Washburn & Moen Company, now the American Steel & Wire Company, for a number of years, being foreman in his last five years with this concern. In 1880 he opened up the first Swedish grocery store in Worcester, located in the Salisbury building, Lincoln square, which business he conducted successfully for over sixteen years. His place of business became headquarters in a sense for the Swedish people and a bureau of information. To those of his people coming to this city as strangers Mr. Trulson was invariably a friend. In every possible way he gave them aid and comfort.

In every movement inaugurated by the Swedish residents here he took an active part, and he was a charter member of most every Swedish club and society organized in the city. He came to know the Swedish people of the city, almost without exception, but to the end of his life, even after the number had reached into the thousands, he made friends among all classes of people. He was essentially a man

of large public spirit, though modest in manner and bearing and not ambitious for distinction on his own account. He realized the value of the public press, and when he sold his grocery business in 1897, he established a printing office, from which he issued the "Svea," at first a monthly periodical printed in the Swedish language and widely distributed. Later the publication was changed to a weekly newspaper, now managed by his son. His son Francis became associated with him as soon as he had graduated from high school, and soon took over the business management. It was largely through his proficient management and hard work that the "Svea" was able to rise through its two disastrous fires, which entirely wiped out the "Svea's" plants on both occasions. A year and a half after the last fire Francis passed away, which was a heavy blow to his father and his family. The newspaper was an expensive experience, but Mr. Trulson persisted and eventually built up a valuable property. The "Svea" was circulated in all parts of the country and is regarded as a substantial and reliable journal. Besides giving the current news and the special news of the Swedish people, not only of this city but of many other towns and cities where Swedish people had settled, it had much miscellaneous reading. After the first fire he had located his plant in the building at the rear of E. G. Higgins' wall paper store, and the "Worcester Spy" printing plant occupied the ground floor of the same building. The second fire destroyed, in March, 1905, the fine new printing plant located at the Polish building on Front street. But he persisted and in the course of a few months he moved back to the new building of John E. Day, erected in the rear at No. 274 Main street.

Mr. Trulson married, in Worcester, September 20, 1873, Anna Carlson, of this city, daughter of Nils Carlson. They had seven children, four sons and three daughters. Albert, the oldest son, died in infancy; Flora, the youngest daughter, died in 1906; Francis, the manager of the newspaper at his death, November, 1906; Mrs. Hulda Osterberg, living at No. 15 Devens road, Worcester; Mrs. Clara Fredin, living at No. 10 Perkins street, Worcester; Anton Herman (see biography); and Harold H., one of the present owners of the Svea Publishing Company, proprietors of the "Svea"; Harold H. Trulson, the youngest son, was educated in the schools of Worcester, graduating from the Post Business Institute in 1915. He is at the present time associated with his brother, Anton H. Trulson, in conducting the management of the paper.

Anton Herman Trulson, editor and publisher of "The Svea," was born in this city, February 6, 1885, son of Hans and Anna (Carlson) Trulson. He was educated in the public schools and the English High School of Worcester. He learned the printing business in his father's office, step by step, gradually sharing the responsibilities of the management, and since the death of his father in 1908 he has been the manager and head of the Svea Publishing Company. The business was incorporated at the time of the father's death and is a close corporation, the stock being held by his heirs. "The Svea" has grown and prospered in later years and has a wide circulation in all parts of New England with branch offices in Boston and Providence. The services of exceptionally able editors have been secured. It has more than fifty correspondents in New England. In addition to the newspaper the company has a very complete printing plant and is favored with a large part of the job printing in Swedish, publishing many pamphlets and books in that language, and also much job printing in English, for which it is equally well equipped.

Mr. Trulson is a member of Athelstan Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Worcester Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Goddard Council, Princes of Jerusalem; Worcester Lodge of Perfection; Lawrence Chapter of Rose Croix; Aleppo Temple, Mystic Shrine, and the Massachusetts Consistory; also the Automobile Club of Worcester; the Svea Gille Association; John Erickson Lodge, No. 10; Carl the Fifteenth Lodge, S. F. of A.; Thule Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Massasoit Tribe, Improved Order of Red Men, and Swedish Masonic Club, of Boston. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Trulson married, June 27, 1913, Gertrude Erickson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Carl P. Erickson, of Worcester. They have two children, Evelyn A. and Anton H. Jr.

FRANKLIN STUART HODGE, Dealer in motor trucks, was born in Gloucester, England, November 25, 1885, son of William and Margaret Elizabeth (Frazar-ly) Hodge. He was but two years old when his parents came to this country, locating at first in Chicago, but returning East after a short time. He attended the public schools in Philadelphia; entered Cornell University, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1908. He engaged in construction engineering in various sections in the West, coming to Worcester in 1915 and establishing here the motor truck business in which he has been engaged since that time, in partnership with his brother,

William Washington Hodge. His brother is now in the United States Army. Mr. Hodge was active in athletics in college, especially in running and swimming. He is a member of Pennsylvania Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; and of the Church of Christ, Scientist.

Mr. Hodge married, in Lancaster, Pennsylvania, June 19, 1918, Mabel Estelle Coho, born in Lancaster, and both her parents, Frank P. and Nellie Coho, now live in Lancaster, he a retired coal operator.

William Hodge, father of Franklin S. Hodge, was born in Chicago, Illinois, 1847, and is now living in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania; a mill engineer; served in the Indian campaigns when a young man; was a pioneer in California and was five years in Australia in pioneer work; married Margaret Elizabeth Frazacery, who died in Philadelphia in 1892, aged thirty-two years. They had four children, of whom two died in infancy.

FRANK EDWARD DODGE, Cashier of the local office of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, was born in Mansfield, Massachusetts, April 10, 1884. After completing the course in the public schools of his native town, he came with his mother to Worcester in 1898 and entered the English High School, specializing in accounting and bookkeeping. He started in his business career at the age of sixteen as clerk in the office of the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Company. Afterward he was employed as clerk or bookkeeper successively in the Mechanics National Bank and the First National Bank; as assistant paymaster for the Norton Emery Wheel Company two years and a half; and as accountant for the American Steel & Wire Company for eleven years. Since 1914 Mr. Dodge has been cashier in the Worcester office of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee. Mr. Dodge served three years in the Worcester Light Infantry, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia. In politics he is a Republican; in religion an Episcopalian. He is a vestryman of St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church. For a number of years he was a teacher in the Sunday school.

Mr. Dodge married, in this city, June 22, 1904, Bessie Mae Allen, who was born here, a daughter of Captain George L. and Lenette (Sisson) Allen. Her father was of the well-known firm of boiler makers (see biography). He died in 1902. Her mother is living. Mr. and Mrs. Dodge have three children: 1. Russell Allen, born April 11, 1906. 2. Karl Sisson, born November 4, 1909. 3. Frank Edward, Jr., born January 6, 1917. They reside at No. 24 Elbridge street.

William Dodge, father of Frank E. Dodge, came originally from Lowell, Massachusetts. He was a wholesale produce merchant in New York State; married Lillian Isabelle Day, who was born in Mansfield, Massachusetts, August 6, 1861. She is now living with her son in this city. They had two children. Karl Henry and Frank E. Karl H. Dodge resides in Winthrop, Massachusetts; is cashier of the State Mutual Life Assurance Company there; married Bessie M. Overand, of Worcester.

ARTHUR JOSEPH RIENDEAU, Retail shoe dealer, was born in Dudley, October 30, 1870, son of Charles F. and Phoebe M. (Daisy) Riendeau. Charles F. Riendeau was born in St. Mary's, Province of Quebec, Canada, March 9, 1848, died in Webster at the age of fifty-five years; came to Webster in 1866; was a merchant in Webster. His wife was born in Canada, and died in Webster at the age of sixty-one years. Of their six children five died in childhood.

The parents of Arthur J. Riendeau moved to Webster when he was five years old and from that time until he was sixteen he attended the public schools there. He started upon his business career there as clerk in a retail shoe store, and continued for a period of ten years. He was twenty-six years of age when he began in business for himself as proprietor of a retail shoe store in Webster. He prospered and became one of the best-known merchants of the town. At the end of twelve years he sold his business to advantage, and in 1907 began on a larger scale in a more extended field in this city. His store is at No. 513 Main street and he has also a place of business at Room 209, at No. 390 Main street, and two stores in the Park building, one on Main, the other on Franklin street. He also has a retail store at No. 356 Main street, Springfield, Massachusetts. Mr. Riendeau is a Republican, and for many years was a member of the Republican town committee of Webster and of the Republican county committee. His chief recreation is music. He is the solo basso in the choir of St. Paul's Catholic Church, of which he is a communicant. He is a member of the Improved Order of Red Men; Alhambra Council, Knights of Columbus; and the Tatassit Canoe Club.

Mr. Riendeau married, at Webster, September 3, 1893, Elnora M. Maynard, who was born in Woonsocket, Rhode Island, daughter of Morris and Adelia (Woisard) Maynard, residents of Webster. Her father is retired. Mr. and Mrs. Riendeau have

four children, all living: 1. Urbana, graduate of the Dental School at Farnham, Quebec, with the degree of D. D. S.; went in Battery B, One Hundred and Second Massachusetts Regiment, to Mexico, and is now serving in France with that command. 2. Fernand M., student in Tufts Medical School, Boston. 3. Adelard J., associated in business with his father. 4. Yolande M., student in High School. Mr. Riendeau's home is at No. 3 Lenox street in this city.

WILLIE CLIFFORD SORENSON. Reed's Bird Store is a well-known Worcester institution, and ever since graduation from grammar school in 1908, Mr. Sorenson has been connected with it as clerk, and now as proprietor. Charles K. Reed established the business and made it a regular Nature shop with birds, animals, beautifully illustrated books which he published, and special classes in field work which he organized for Nature study. This was the school in which Mr. Sorenson developed his natural inclination for study and investigation of Nature and her works, and since becoming proprietor he has continued along greatly-extended old lines and added new features, until he has the largest business of its kind in Massachusetts.

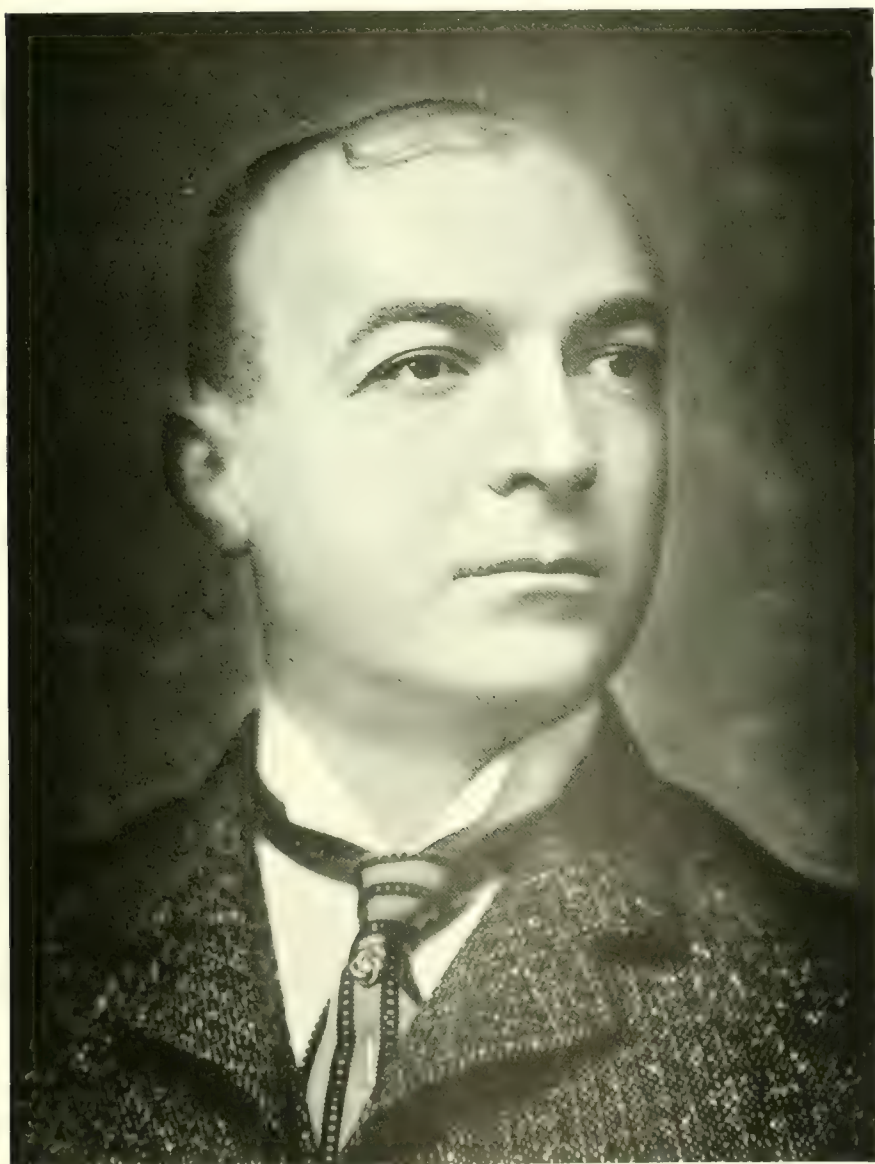
He is a son of Andrew Sorenson, who was born in Denmark, July 3, 1864, came to Worcester, Massachusetts, a young man of twenty, and there died, April 18, 1911. For many years he was a mill worker, holding the position of foreman. He married Anna Peterson, born October 7, 1865, who survives him, a resident of Worcester, now aged fifty-three years. They were the parents of five children, all living: Annie Mary, born in Worcester, married Clifford B. Guyette, of Worcester, and has children; Willie Clifford, of further mention; Frank Serenas, now a soldier of the United States, belonging to Company C, Three Hundred and Twelfth Regiment of Engineers, American Expeditionary Forces in France, unmarried; Pauline Florence, residing at home; and Marie Patrina, also at home, both unmarried.

Willie Clifford Sorenson was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, August 1, 1892. He completed the public school course of grammar school study, then entered the employ of Charles K. Reed, proprietor of Reed's Bird Store, headquarters in Worcester for Nature enthusiasts of whom Mr. Reed was chief. The stock included a wide variety of birds and animals, wild and domestic, and in this environment the young man spent nine years, 1908-17, becoming thoroughly in sympathy with Mr. Reed and his Nature work both as a merchant and as a scientist and publisher of Nature works. On January 1, 1917, he bought Mr. Reed out and has since been its sole owner and manager. He has been very successful from a business point of view and won for his store high reputation and wide notoriety of a most pleasant character. He is much abroad in the open air, usually in his auto, motoring being his most favored recreation. He is a member of Grace Episcopal Church, but has no club nor society affiliations.

Mr. Sorenson married, September 17, 1917, Irene Beatrice Delude, born in Worcester, who died in Worcester, May 10, 1918.

JEREMIAH FRANCIS REGAN. From Roscommon, Ireland, came Michael H. Regan, born there Christmas Day, 1838. In the United States he settled in Woonsocket, Rhode Island, but he ended his days at the home of his son, Jeremiah F. Regan, in the city of Worcester, Massachusetts. Michael H. Regan married Margaret McCabe, born in Boyle, Ireland, in 1840, who yet survives him (1919), a resident of Worcester. Michael H. and Margaret Regan were the parents of two sons, Jeremiah F., whose name heads this review, and Patrick H. Regan, the caterer, at No. 23 Mechanic street, Worcester. Both of these sons serve the public as proprietors of houses of public entertainment, Jeremiah F. being the popular manager of Regan's Bay State Hotel Company, operating the Bay State Hotel at No. 283 Main street, Worcester.

Jeremiah F. Regan was born at Woonsocket, Rhode Island, June 19, 1861, and there spent the first five years of his life. The family then moved to Providence, Rhode Island, and there he was educated and resided until 1877. He then became a professional baseball player, continuing as such until 1891, when he retired with a good record as a baseball player of ability and honor. In 1893 he located in Worcester, Massachusetts, there establishing a restaurant at No. 23 Mechanic street, which became famous as the home of good food and the abode of hospitality. He continued proprietor and head of the restaurant until 1914, when he purchased the Bay State Hotel, an old landmark among Worcester hotels, having been erected in 1854. The hotel has been modernized under Mr. Regan's management, and is run upon the principle "The best of Everything." Consequently the house is popular and well-patronized. Mr. Regan served as a member of City Council of Fitchburg, Massachusetts, from January 1, 1889, to January 1, 1890, he there being proprietor of the old Colony House for a time prior to coming to Worcester. He is a member of the Elks Club, and St. Paul's



Jeremiah F. Regan

Roman Catholic Church, and in politics an Independent. Genial and friendly, he has a host of friends and is an ideal host.

Mr. Regan married, in Worcester, April 22, 1907, Ellen Powell, born in Cork, Ireland, who in 1887 crossed the ocean alone, taking up her residence in Keene, New Hampshire. Her father, John Powell, died several years ago, her mother yet living in Cork, Ireland, aged eighty years.

FRANK ALFRED SANDERSON, Proprietor of billiard rooms, cafe and bowling alleys, was born in this city, June 12, 1873, and was educated here in the Walnut street public school and Becker's Business College. At the age of twenty he entered the employ of Norcross Brothers, contractors; was sent to New Orleans where he spent a year, thence to Kansas City, Missouri, where he was occupied for another year, and to Omaha, Nebraska, where he remained for a short time, engaged in contracts under way in those cities. He returned to Worcester and during the next ten years was in business on his own account as a dealer in wall paper and paints. He then went to Northfield, Vermont, and conducted a hotel for seven years, and is still the owner of the property there. Since 1910 he has conducted a cafe, billiard room and bowling alleys at No. 17 Foster street under the firm name of F. A. Sanderson & Company. Mr. Sanderson's recreation for many years was found in horses. He was formerly the owner of some of the finest racing stock in the city. He has been a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows since 1893, and is also a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; the Rotary Club; Tatnuck Canoe Club; the Worcester Continentals; and Newton Center Square Baptist Church.

Mr. Sanderson married, in Boston, June, 1906, Adelaide L. Linn, who was born in Newton Center, January 7, 1885, daughter of George L. and Ida Linn, both of whom are now living in Newton Center. They have no children. Their home is at No. 56 Beeching street.

Alfred Augustus Sanderson, father of Frank A. Sanderson, was born in Rutland, Massachusetts; was on the Worcester police force many years, now retired, residing in this city; served in the Civil War in the Fifty-first Massachusetts Regiment of Volunteer Infantry; member of George H. Ward Post, No. 10, Grand Army of the Republic, now the oldest living Worcester Academy student. He married Roselle Fairbanks, who was born in Holden. Their three children are all living: Frank A., mentioned above; Nellie B., married George Flagg, of this city, and has two children, Stanley and Lincoln Flagg; Caroline, now living in Worcester.

MATTHEW J. KENNEDY, Hotel proprietor and wholesale merchant, now retired, was born in West Boylston, Massachusetts, July 8, 1855, son of Patrick and Ellen (Yates) Kennedy. Patrick Kennedy was born in Ireland, and came to this city when a young man. He removed soon to West Boylston, where for thirteen years he had charge of the grounds and residence of Mr. Holbrook. He then bought a farm in Sterling and followed farming to the end of his life. He died in 1897 at the age of eighty-three years. Patrick and Ellen Kennedy had six children, of whom four are now living: ———, who married ——— Kirby, of West Boylston; Elizabeth, who married ——— Welch, of this city; P. H., now living in Sterling; and Matthew J.

Matthew J. Kennedy attended the public schools in West Boylston and Sterling, and during his youth learned the trade of shoemaker in the factory of Henry Boynton, West Boylston. He worked as a journeyman in that town and in Sterling, then went West, remaining for five years. In 1877 he came to this city and since then has made his home here. For a time he was employed in the shoe factory of J. W. Green and later in the Winslow skate factory. He engaged in business as a grocer and for six years conducted a store on Suffolk street. He then became proprietor of the Rialto Hotel, which became popular among traveling salesmen visiting Worcester. He continued in business for fourteen years. At the time of changing the grades of the railroads, the property was purchased for railroad purposes. Since then he has been at the head of the firm of M. J. Kennedy & Company, wholesale merchants, but the management of the business has been left to his son, and son-in-law, Michael J. Lahiff. He is practically retired. Mr. Kennedy is a man of public spirit, an independent Republican in politics. He is a member of the Ancient Order of Hibernians and the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

Mr. Kennedy married, in this city, 1882, Sarah J. Curley, daughter of John and Katherine (Louder) Curley, both of whom were born in Ireland. Her father was a shoemaker; died here in 1898. Mr. and Mrs. Kennedy have two children: Martha, who married Michael J. Lahiff, partner in M. J. Kennedy & Company; Elizabeth, married Vincent J. Jacobs, now of Brookline, Massachusetts, and they have one son, Vincent.

JAMES CHARLES SULLIVAN, Real estate and insurance agent, was born in Worcester, August 12, 1848, son of Daniel and Elizabeth (McNally) Sullivan. Daniel

Sullivan was born in Cork, Ireland, and died in this city. He came hither when a young man and followed the trade of stone mason. He married Elizabeth McNally, who was also born in Ireland. They had three children: James Charles; John D., now of Newark, New Jersey, a hatter; Margaret, who married Charles Hayden, of Boston, where she died.

James C. Sullivan received his education in the public schools of Worcester, leaving at the age of thirteen to become a drummer boy in the army, at the beginning of the War for the Union. Afterward he enlisted in Company E, Fifty-seventh Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, and served to the end of the war (see sketch of this regiment). He was taken prisoner at Petersburg, July 30, 1864, and confined three months in Libby prison; then exchanged; took part in Fredericksburg, the Wilderness, Cold Harbor, and every other important battle of the Army of the Potomac. After the war he learned the trade of shoemaker, and for a number of years worked at this trade in various boot and shoe factories. In 1888 he engaged in his present business, opening an insurance and real estate office. For many years he has been at his present location, No. 58 Front street. He is now one of the oldest men in this line of business in the city. He is a member of the American Order of Foresters; George H. Ward Post, No. 10, Grand Army of the Republic. His home for thirty-five years (1918) has been at No. 3 Glen street. He is a communicant of St. Anne's Roman Catholic Church.

Mr. Sullivan married, in this city, January 3, 1868, Mary A. Arthur, who was born in Lowell, Massachusetts, died in this city in July, 1913. They had nine children, of whom eight are living: Rosanna; Mary A., who married John J. Cross, of Worcester; Margaret G., married Thomas Duggan, of Worcester; James C., mentioned above; Charlotte; Catherine V., who married James Carroll, of this city; Lucy Grace, who married Michael Flemming, of this city; Loretta A., who married Perley Trask, of Worcester; John J., died in this city, aged twenty-eight years.

JOSEPH P. E. LAJOIE, Now among the prosperous young business men of Worcester and fairly launched upon a career of business success. Mr. Lajoie, as a member of the firm, Lajoie & Lajoie, is in a position to reap a reward from his long years of educational preparation in school and college, both in his native Canada and his adopted State of Massachusetts. He is a son of Louis David Lajoie, born in the Province of Quebec, Canada, who came to the United States in 1889, and is now engaged in the grocery business, his store located at No. 174 Ingleside avenue, Worcester, Massachusetts. He is now sixty-three years of age, and for twenty-five years has been in the grocery business in Worcester. He married Azilda Thibodeau, born in the Province of Quebec in 1852, died in Worcester in 1905, the mother of seven children, three of whom died in infancy. One of these children died in Canada, the other two in Worcester. The living children are: Mary Louise Margaret, now the father's store assistant; Joseph P. E., whose career is hereafter traced; John Louis, now a clerk in the post office at Montreal, Canada; and Avila Joseph Edmund, a clerk in his father's store.

Joseph P. E. Lajoie was born in the Province of Quebec, Canada, January 31, 1884. When five years of age he was brought by his parents to Worcester, Massachusetts, and there attended the public schools until thirteen years of age. He was then sent to Assumption College in Quebec, and there pursued the course of preparatory and classical study for eight years until graduated Bachelor of Arts, class of 1906. The following year was spent in post-graduate work at Tufts College, Boston, after which he entered business life as head of the firm, Lajoie & Lajoie, heating contractors and agents for Canton Steel cutting and laths. This business is located at No. 256 Grafton street, Worcester, and covers a wide range, heating, contracting, tin roofing, sheet metal work, and other allied branches being a part of the business. Like the true American that he is Mr. Lajoie is very fond of out-of-door sports, and at Assumption College was the regular short stop on the college baseball team. He is a member of the Artisans Order of Protection, and of Franchere Lodge, and of St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church.

Mr. Lajoie married, in Worcester, Massachusetts, September 6, 1909, Clara Gendron, born in Worcester, daughter of Alphonse and Henrietta (Carriere) Gendron, both deceased, her father a wire mill worker. Mr. and Mrs. Lajoie are the parents of four children: Adelbert Pascal, born in Worcester, April 16, 1911; Roland Joseph, March 9, 1912; Marcel Leo, April 22, 1913, died September 3, 1918; and Robert Francis Bernard, born September 24, 1915.

HARRISON GIBBS PRENTICE, Violoncellist, of the Lincoln & Parker Film Company of Worcester, was born in this city, January 20, 1886, brother of Robert L. Prentice (see biography for family data). He attended the public schools of Wor-



Jeremiah J. Donohue M.D

cester and completed his education in Harvard College. After leaving college he went abroad for study and travel, and was a student in Paris and Munich. He studied the violoncello, became a professional player and traveled throughout the country giving concerts. He is at present associated with the Lincoln & Parker Film Company of Worcester, engaged in the manufacture of moving pictures of an educational variety, designed eventually for use in schools. The company has offices at No. 399 Main street and studios in Decatur avenue, borough of the Bronx, New York City. Mr. Prentice is fond of mountain climbing for recreation and has ascended most of the high peaks of the world, particularly those in Switzerland. He is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; the Worcester Country Club; the Chamber of Commerce; the Economic Club. He attends Piedmont Congregational Church.

Mr. Prentice married, in Boston, November 6, 1907, Joy Aldrich, who was born in that city, daughter of Edward I. and Mary (Joy) Aldrich. Her father is vice-president of the Hodd Rubber Company of Boston. Her parents reside in Boston. Mr. and Mrs. Prentice reside at No. 5 Fenimore road. Mrs. Prentice is a member of the Worcester Country Club. They have two children: Rosamond, born July 11, 1911, and Charles Harrison, born April 4, 1912.

JEREMIAH JOSEPH DONOHUE, Physician, surgeon, was born in County Kerry, Ireland, February 26, 1877, son of Daniel J. and Mary (Lucey) Donohue. He came to this city from Ireland with his parents in 1888, attended the public schools here, entering Holy Cross College, from which he graduated in 1898. He was a student of medicine one year at McGill University, Montreal, Canada, and then at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Baltimore, from which he graduated in 1907 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine.

He began to practice medicine in this city in 1907 with offices at No. 15 Trumbull street, and has continued to the present time. His offices at present are at No. 31 Trumbull street; his residence on Forest street, Cherry Valley. He is a member of the Worcester District Medical Society, the Massachusetts Medical Society and the American Medical Association. Dr. Donohue takes his recreation in outdoor sports, fishing, hunting and baseball, and in cultivating his garden. In politics he is a Democrat. He was a member of the school committee of Worcester for three years. He is a member of Alhambra Council, Knights of Columbus; Ancient Order of Hibernians; the American Order of Foresters; the Irish Order of Foresters; Aerie, No. 203, Order of Eagles, and the Emmet Associates.

Dr. Donohue married, in this city, November 11, 1911, Rose M. Burke, who was born in Cherry Valley, 1885, daughter of William and Catherine (McLaughlin) Burke. Her father was a soldier in the Civil War in a Ohio volunteer regiment. Both parents were born in Ireland; both are now deceased. Children of Dr. and Mrs. Donohue: Mary Bernardine, born August 20, 1912; Catherine Louise, born March 15, 1914; Eleanor, born April 9, 1916.

Daniel J. Donohue, father of Dr. Donohue, a native of County Kerry, Ireland, died in this city in 1909, aged sixty-five years; his wife, Mary (Lucey) Donohue, also born in County Kerry, died in this city. They had eleven children, of whom eight are living in this city: 1. Mary Agnes, widow of Cornelius McCarty, now living in Winthrop, Massachusetts, and has four children, Henry, Nora, Daniel and Mary McCarty. 2. Bridget T., widow of Patrick Sullivan, lives in this city, has a daughter, Loretta. 3. Timothy P., of Lawrence, Massachusetts, superintendent of the John Hancock Life Insurance Company; has nine children. 4. Florence, died aged twenty-five years. 5. Daniel, manager of the Donohue Laundry; has five children. 6. James, died aged twenty-four years. 7. Dr. Jeremiah J., mentioned above. 8. Michael T., of Albany, New York, superintendent of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company there; has four children. 9. Cornelius F., of this city, an agent of the John Hancock Life Insurance Company. 10. John, died in infancy. 11. Ellen I., of Worcester.

FRANK RICHARDSON, Broker, was born in Holden, March 3, 1861, son of John Dexter and Hannah W. (Davis) Richardson. He attended the public and high schools of this city. After leaving school he became messenger boy in the Quinsigamond National Bank. Two years later he began to assist in the bookkeeping. Afterward he was bookkeeper in the City National Bank, teller in the Citizens National Bank, and after that bank was absorbed by the Worcester Trust Company he was made paying teller, a position he filled for ten years. Later he resigned to engage in the brokerage and investment business. His offices are at No. 427 Slater building. He is a member of the Commonwealth Club. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Richardson married, June 2, 1888, Edith Hale Davis, daughter of Avery Davis. She is a member of Colonel Timothy Bigelow Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution. Avery Davis, born at Holden, March 6, 1820, was a son of Paul and Millea (Clapp) Davis, grandson of Paul and Lydia Davis, and a descendant of the immigrant, Dolor Davis, in the seventh generation. Mrs. Richardson is also descended from Robert Jennison, a pioneer of Watertown (See Early Settlers); from Thomas Gould, who settled in Salem, and his descendant, Ebenezer Gould, who came to Sutton about 1740; from Nicholas Clapp, of Venn Ottery, Devonshire, England, and his son, Thomas Clapp, born in 1599, a pioneer of Scituate, Massachusetts, and his descendant, Seth Clapp, of the sixth generation, who served in the Revolution. Millea Clapp, daughter of Seth Clapp, married Paul Davis, Jr. In all her paternal and maternal ancestry, Mrs. Richardson is descended from the original English pioneers of New England. The same may be said of Mr. Richardson.

John Dexter Richardson, father of Frank Richardson, was born in Holden, June 6, 1828, son of John and Sarah (Chaffin) Richardson. He was a farmer in his native town. John Richardson was born there also, July 15, 1805, married there, November 27, 1826.

Heman Richardson, grandfather of John D. Richardson, was born in Woburn, January 21, 1766; a tanner and farmer; bought the Watson tannery at Holden; died June 5, 1844; married (first) Mary Parker, of Bedford; (second) Lydia Davis.

Edward Richardson, father of Heman Richardson (1743-1837), married Sarah Tidd; was son of Edward Richardson and grandson of Jacob and Hannah (Converse) Richardson. Lieutenant John Richardson served in King Philip's War; was selectman and a prominent citizen of Woburn; married Elizabeth Bacon. Samuel Richardson, the pioneer, was one of the founders of Woburn (See Early Settlers). He was the progenitor of various other families of this surname in the city and county.

GEORGE BEECHER BUCKINGHAM, Iron manufacturer, was born at Oxford, Connecticut, March 20, 1848, died in Worcester, June 6, 1906, son of Colonel Philo B. and Sally C. (Perkins) Buckingham. His father was also a native of Oxford, and began life as a farmer, afterward in the railroad business and superintendent and agent of a large chemical manufacturing company at New Haven, Connecticut. In the town of Seymour, whither he moved in 1851, Philo B. Buckingham became a citizen of prominence, chairman of the school visitors, treasurer of the Savings Bank, receiver of the Bank of North America; state senator. While at Seymour he manufactured car axles and various other articles. He went into the Civil War as captain and was mustered out at the end of the war as lieutenant-colonel in command of his regiment, and colonel by brevet, taking part in many of the great battles and numerous other engagements. He wrote many of the chapters in the "Military and Civil History of Connecticut During the War" (Crofut & Morris). Philo B. Buckingham was of the eighth generation from the first settler in this country, Thomas Buckingham, who arrived in the company of Davenport and Prudden at Boston, June 26, 1637, and at New Haven, Connecticut, in April, 1638. Thomas Buckingham was one of the founders of New Haven and of Milford. All of the ancestry of George B. Buckingham is traced to the English pioneers who came to New England before 1650, and most of them were prominent in the colonies of Connecticut. He is descended from the Baldwins, Clarks, Andrews, Nortons, Beecher, Perkins and many other well known families.

George B. Buckingham attended the public schools in Seymour and New Haven, and for about a year was a student in Russell's Military School in New Haven. He began his business career in New Haven, where he was employed at various occupations for a number of years. At the age of twenty he came to Worcester to work for the Sargent Card Clothing Company, as bookkeeper, but he proved well fitted and trained for business and was soon placed in a position of responsibility. He remained with this concern until he engaged in business on his own account, as partner of his father-in-law, Warren McFarland, then owner of the Arcade Malleable Iron Works. From 1873 to 1880 Mr. Buckingham had a third interest in this business; afterward the entire business came into his hands in consequence of the advanced age and illness of Mr. McFarland. In 1886 he added to the business by purchasing the Worcester Malleable Iron Works. Though the business had grown to large proportions, he continued to operate it under his own name, and made it one of the most substantial industries of the city. He manufactured "anything that can be made of malleable iron" that anybody wants. The industries of Worcester furnished the larger part of the business for many years, especially the manufacturers of looms and wrenches. The foundry also turned out steel castings and semi-steel castings. The Arcade Malleable Iron Works were for about sixty years at Washington square, but



Fraternally Yours
Geo B. Buckingham 33°

when the Union Station was erected the plant was removed to its present location on Albany street. The original buildings have all been remodeled and enlarged. The Arcade Malleable Iron Company was established in the early fifties by Wood & McFarland, and a silent partner, J. H. Huntington, a capitalist of Norwich, Connecticut. Mr. McFarland conducted the business alone, after a few years, and became one of the most prominent and successful manufacturers of the city in his day.

Mr. Buckingham for many years was one of the best known foundrymen in the country. He was president of the New England Foundrymen's Association in 1900-01, and had previously served it for several years as a member of the executive committee and as vice-president one year. In 1902 he was first vice-president of the American Foundrymen's Association, and at the time of his death he was serving his second term as vice-president of the Foundrymen's Association of Worcester County.

It was said of him that "he was the leading Mason of Central Massachusetts and one of the best known Masons in Masondom." He joined Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of Worcester, January 29, 1872; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, April 9, 1872; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters, January 30, 1873; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar, September 26, 1872; Worcester Lodge of Perfection, February 16, 1874; Goddard Council, Princes of Jerusalem, April 9, 1885; Lawrence Chapter of Rose Croix, April 9, 1885; Massachusetts Consistory, thirty-second degree, April 24, 1885; Supreme Council, Thirty-third degree, Royal Order of Scotland, September 17, 1889. He was high priest of Eureka Chapter in 1876 and 1877; eminent commander of Worcester County Commandery in 1887, 1888 and 1889, and most wise and perfect master of Lawrence Chapter of Rose Croix in 1888-89. In every office he held in these organizations he manifested special ability, careful attention to every detail, thoughtful consideration and sound judgment. He was an admirable presiding officer and a gifted executive. He was also a member of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Boston for twenty-seven years, being declared a veteran after his twenty-fifth year. He was a charter member of the Worcester Continentals; an honorary member of the Worcester Light Infantry; president of the Sportsmen's Club; member of the Worcester Club; the Wapiti Boat Club; the Tatassit Canoe Club and the Frohsinns. He was a director of the Citizens' National Bank until it was absorbed by the Worcester Trust Company. In politics he was always a Republican, but he declined to accept nominations or appointments to public office.

Mr. Buckingham married, July 4, 1871, Abbie McFarland, daughter of Warren McFarland. Her father, who has been mentioned above, died in Worcester in November, 1884. He was in early life a blacksmith in Sturbridge, Massachusetts. He served the city of Worcester for a time in the Board of Aldermen. Mr. and Mrs. Buckingham had three children: 1. Alice Perkins, born September 29, 1872, married Dr. George M. Albee, of Worcester. 2. Florence E., born August 28, 1874, married Dr. Irving W. Hollingshead, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. 3. Harold Paul (see biography).

Harold Paul Buckingham, son of George Beecher Buckingham, and president of the Arcade Malleable Iron Company, was born in Worcester, April 10, 1886. He received his early education in the Worcester public schools and later attended the South High School and Worcester Academy. In 1906, shortly after his father's death, he entered the Arcade Malleable Iron Company, which became a corporation at that time, and later was made president of the company. Mr. Buckingham is a member of the following clubs: Worcester Club, Tatnuck Country Club, Worcester Country Club, Commonwealth Club, Economic Club, Quinsigamond Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; and is a member of the executive committee of the New England Foundrymen's Association.

Mr. Buckingham married, February 15, 1911, Dorothy Dudley Harris, daughter of Henry F. Harris, also of Worcester. Mr. and Mrs. Buckingham have two children: Dorothy, born January 4, 1912, and Warren McFarland, born July 26, 1913.

GEORGE E. WIRE, Deputy librarian in charge of the Worcester County Law Library, was born in Dryden, Tompkins county, New York, February 6, 1859, son of Rev. T. D. and N. B. Wire.

He was educated in the Evanston High School and Northwestern University Academy at Evanston, Illinois. He entered the Northwestern University Medical School, graduating in 1883 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. But instead of following the medical profession he devoted his attention to library work and became a professional librarian. He took the course in the New York State Library School at Albany, graduating in 1889. Afterward he was a student in the Kent College of Law, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1895. After an experience of more than two years in the library of Northwestern University; two years and a half

in Columbia University library; more than five years in the Newberry Library, Chicago, and two years and half as an expert in library work, he came to this city to take charge of the Worcester County Law Library, August 1, 1898, and has continued in that position to the present time. He compiled law and medical classifications published by C. A. Cutter, Forbes Library, Northampton. Dr. Wire has contributed to the Library Journal and various other journals. He is a member of the American Library Association, Massachusetts Library Club, New York Library Club, Illinois Library Club, Chicago Library Club. He married, April 16, 1903, Emma A. Clarke, of this city.

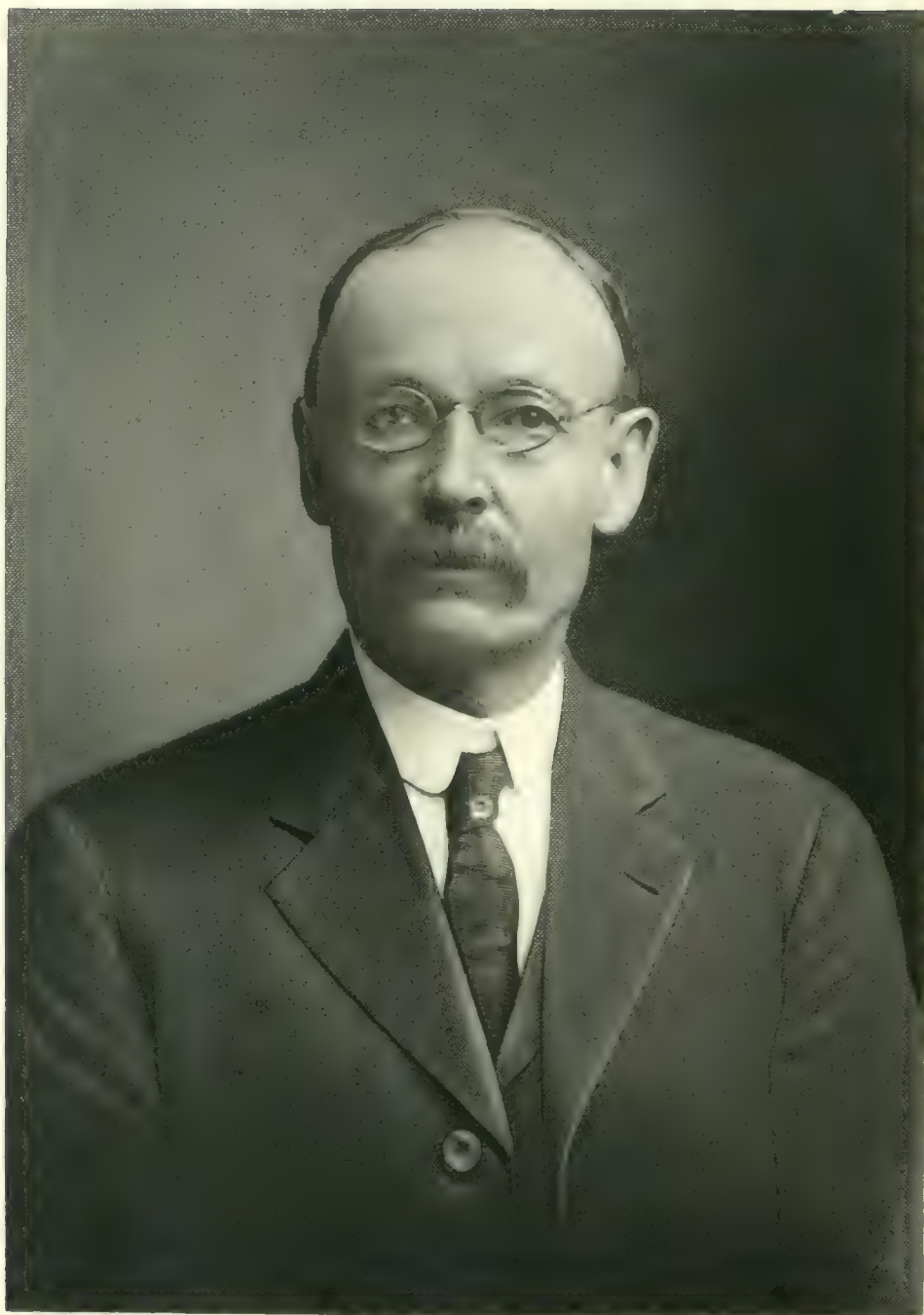
WORCESTER COUNTY LAW LIBRARY. The County Law Library came into existence with the formation of the Worcester County Law Library Association, June 21, 1842, under the provisions of a law passed that year. The association consisted of the members of the bar of the county. From time to time amendments have been made, but the law has provided from the beginning a fund for the purchase and care of books from the fees paid to the county clerk. The library has had quarters in the court house. From the beginning the clerk of the courts has been librarian. For many years the collection was small. Credit for making it a library of importance belongs to Judge Thomas L. Nelson, who for thirty years neglected no opportunity to build the library through gifts and purchase. In 1858 Charles D. Bowman, of Oxford, bequeathed 800 volumes to the library. William T. Harlow was clerk of the association for many years. In 1888 there were about 11,000 volumes. When an addition was made to the court house in 1878 a large room was provided for the library and it was occupied until the last remodeling of the court house, when the present rooms in the old south wing were provided.

Since 1898 the library has been in charge of Dr. George E. Wire, as deputy librarian, and its value and usefulness has been wonderfully increased by a card catalogue, through the accession of many thousand volumes of carefully selected books with the intelligent aid given to readers by the librarian. The aim of Dr. Wire has been not to get as large a collection or as complete a collection as some of the great law libraries, but to select books wisely for their value to workers. When he took charge there were 19,500 volumes; in 1917 there were 34,506. The collection of course includes all the American law reports of value, text books, statutes, English law works, and some historical works. The library is open to the public as well as the courts and members of the bar. Dr. Wire's first assistant was Miss H. C. Taft. Miss E. A. Clark was assistant from 1899 to 1903. Miss Lydia L. Kirschner has been assistant since March 31, 1903. The directors in 1898 were Francis A. Gaskill, Thomas G. Kent and Theodore S. Johnson. Willis E. Sibley, in 1907, succeeded Mr. Kent who had been a director from 1884; and Arthur P. Rugg succeeded Mr. Gaskill in 1910. Mr. Gaskill was elected in 1898. From 20,000 to 25,000 books are used annually in the library by about three thousand persons. On the walls of the library are portraits of Pliny Merrick, Benjamin F. Thomas, Charles Allen, Dwight Foster, Peter C. Bacon, George F. Hoar, P. Emory Aldrich, W. S. B. Hopkins, Thomas B. Nelson. Other portraits belonging to the law library have been hung in the court rooms. Among the notable gifts of later years were the briefs of the late Frank P. Goulding, covering the period from 1868 to 1900.

WILLIAM ADDISON SMITH, Lawyer, manufacturer, insurance agent, was born in Leicester, Massachusetts, March 2, 1824, and died September 25, 1913, son of John A. Smith, manufacturer. Through his mother he was descended in the seventh generation from William Sargent, who came from England to Malden in 1638. The Sargent line: John (5), Jonathan (4), Nathan (3), John (2), William (1).

Mr. Smith was educated in Leicester Academy, and Harvard College, from which he graduated in 1843. He studied law in the office of Emory Washburn and Francis H. Dewey, and practiced with the latter until 1848, when he took a position in the office of the clerk of courts of this county, serving as acting clerk until 1850, when he was made assistant clerk and continued in that office until 1865, when he went abroad on account of ill health, resigning after he returned. From 1866 to 1869 he was engaged in manufacturing. He became agent of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company in May, 1869. He was elected clerk and treasurer of the Worcester County Mechanics Association in 1870, and filled those offices until the time of his death, a period of forty-three years.

Mr. Smith was the first clerk of the Common Council, 1848, serving for a period of thirteen years. He was for eight years a director of the Free Public Library, from the opening of that institution, and during that time was secretary of the board. He was on the school committee in 1876; for many years a justice of the peace; commissioner to fix and take bail in criminal cases and to qualify civil officers. He was a member of the American Antiquarian Society and the Wor-



A. J. Matthews

cester Society of Antiquity. Mr. Smith was the first master of Montacute Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; district deputy grand master, eleventh district, 1874; grand master of the Grand Council, Royal and Select Masters of Massachusetts, 1867; grand junior warden and grand senior warden of the Grand Encampment of Massachusetts and Rhode Island; was once elected eminent commander of the Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar, but declined the office. He was for several years the only thirty-third degree Mason in the city.

Mr. Smith married, April 18, 1849, Eliza Adeline Howe of this city. They had the following children: i. William Sargent, born March 27, 1850; salesman for the H. M. Waite Company; formerly hardware dealer under the name of William S. Smith. Married Mary Lucinda Staples, daughter of Samuel E. Staples. Children: i. Edith Bertha, married Dr. George T. Little of Uxbridge, now first lieutenant at Camp Greenleaf, Georgia. Children: Courtney William and Marrior. ii. Frederick Addison, educated at the Classical High School and Clark College; Y. M. C. A. secretary at Camp Hancock, Augusta, Georgia. Married Cora Wheeler. 2. Charles Edwin (see biography).

CHARLES EDWIN SMITH, Manager of the heavy chemical department of Brewer & Company, was born in this city, December 16, 1857, son of William A. Smith (see biography). He attended the public schools here, the Highland Military Academy, and the Worcester Academy. He began his business career as clerk in the book store of Grout & Bigelow, afterward the firm of Putnam & Davis. He was then bookkeeper for G. S. & A. J. Howe, dealers in chemicals and dyestuffs in this city, and was later treasurer of the company. After this concern retired from business, about 1905, Mr. Smith became manager of the heavy chemical department of Brewer & Company, bringing this line of business to Brewer & Company as a new department. Through this department Brewer & Company has grown to be one of the largest chemical houses in the country. (See Brewer & Company).

Mr. Smith is a member of the Commonwealth Club and the Worcester Country Club. In politics he is a Republican; in religion a Congregationalist, attending Plymouth Church.

Mr. Smith married (first) October, 1882, in this city, Alice Marble, who died in April, 1887; she was a daughter of John Putnam and Ruth Ann Marble. He married (second) Vida Newton, daughter of Samuel Tyler and Abbie (Dillingham) Newton. Her father was for many years with the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Company. Mr. Smith has one daughter, Ruth Lista, born October 19, 1883, enlisted in the service; was a United States Army Reserve nurse at the army hospital, Williamsbridge, New York City; left for France, August 29, 1918.

AMBROSE T. MATTHEWS, Manufacturer and inventor, was born September 26, 1843, at Whitefield, Maine, son of Captain Edmund and Maria (Dunton) Matthews, and died in this city, December 3, 1914, in the seventy-second year of his age.

His schooling was begun in the district schools of his native town, which he attended until ten years of age, when his parents removed to Boothbay Harbor, Maine, where he continued his studies, and where he remained until 1864, when he came to Worcester to enlist for service during the Civil War. He became a member of Company D, Fourth Heavy Artillery, which company was mustered into the service in this city, and with which company he served during the remainder of the war, being mustered out of service with his comrades at the close of the war, in 1865. Mr. Matthews was a man who believed in utilizing all his spare time, and after the war, while working days, he entered B. G. Howe's Business College, of this city, from which he was graduated in the same class with the late Frederick E. Reed, who was afterwards his partner in business for so many years. He then went to Portland, Maine, where he was bookkeeper in a large clothing store, which business was destroyed in the great Portland fire on July 4, 1866, and he then went to Boothbay, where he was employed in a general store. On January 1, 1867, he returned to this city, and for some time was a partner in the stove store of G. W. Williams & Company. Later Mr. Matthews entered the employ of the L. W. Pond Machine Company, where he continued for several years. Being a natural born mechanic, he invented various improvements to machinery and patented various articles of his own invention, among them the original hollow steel stove knob, and for a time he was engaged in the manufacture of these knobs and other novelties, in partnership with John H. Bennett, under the name of the Worcester Ferrule Company. Later he was in partnership with the late Edward Converse, under the firm name of the Worcester Ferrule and Manufacturing Company, which business was finally sold to John Higgins. It was shortly after his retirement from the latter concern that Mr. Matthews discovered the methods of

stamping steel, which methods he introduced to the different steel rolling mills, and finally succeeded in interesting Ely & Williams Company, now the American Tube and Stamping Company, of Bridgeport, Connecticut, in this new process of shaping steel by stamping. This stamping of steel opened up a new field to industries in this line.

In 1889, in company with the late Frederick E. Reed, and his father, the late John Reed, Mr. Matthews organized the Matthews Manufacturing Company, and engaged in the manufacture of stove trimmings, steam pipe collars, bicycle fittings, ferrules and other sheet metal specialties. This company started business with a small floor space at No. 116 Gold street, with one lathe, one press and three employees. The business prospered from the beginning, and from time to time more floor space was added. In February, 1894, the business was incorporated under the laws of Massachusetts as the Matthews Manufacturing Company, with a capital stock of \$10,000, F. E. Reed being president, John Reed, treasurer, and Mr. Matthews, general manager. In 1896 the business had again outgrown its quarters, and the capital stock was increased, and a new three-story brick factory was erected by the company at Nos. 104-108 Gold street, the new factory being fitted with the latest and most improved machinery. As the business has since expanded several additions have been added thereto, and a thoroughly-equipped nickel plating department installed. During the bicycle craze this concern did an extensive business in the manufacture of small parts used in the assembling of these machines, and as the use of bicycles waned and roller skating became so popular the manufacture of the steel wheels, ball bearings and cups for the latter became an important part of the business of this concern, of which Mr. Matthews continued the general manager until his death. Upon the death of John Reed, in 1902, Mr. Matthews became treasurer of the company, which office he also held until his death.

Mr. Matthews was a self-made man in the truest sense of the word. Beginning his business career in this city with no capital, as a result of his untiring energy, conservative and cautious business methods, he created a business enterprise which is to-day one of the most prosperous manufacturing concerns of the city, giving employment to over one hundred and fifty hands. Mr. Matthews attained an enviable reputation; starting with a capital of \$10,000, their promises were never broken and they never borrowed a dollar. He was a man of the highest business integrity, and in all his business dealings won an enviable reputation with the trade for the quality of the goods he manufactured and in the promptness in the delivery of the same. Although quiet and unostentatious in manner, Mr. Matthews possessed an affable disposition, which won him hosts of staunch friends. In political faith he was a Republican, but preferring the quiet of his home life and its surroundings, never aspired to public office. He was a devoted member of the George H. Ward Post, No. 10, Grand Army of the Republic, and was formerly a member of the Knights of Pythias. He was a firm believer in business organizations, and was a member of the Metal Trades Association and of the Chamber of Commerce. He attended the First Universalist Church, and was liberal in his support of all worthy projects.

Mr. Matthews was united in marriage on June 24, 1866, to Maria J. Tyler, daughter of George and Mary A. (Winn) Tyler, of this city, and to this union were born the following children: 1. Cora A., who was born in Portland, Maine, married Frank L. Church, of Herkimer, New York, and they have one son, Leon Church. 2. Clara L., born in Worcester, where she resides, unmarried, was for twenty-six years a member of the Matthews Manufacturing Company, of which she was assistant treasurer, succeeding her father at his death, as treasurer. 3. Josephine B., born in Worcester, who married Wilfred F. Daggett, of Proctor, Vermont, where she died in October, 1917, leaving two daughters, Geraldine and Lucille Daggett. 4. Frank E., born in Worcester, who resides in Bridgeport, Connecticut, a machinist by trade; he is the father of three children: Pauline, Robert and Winifred Matthews. 5. Lottie E., born in Worcester, who married Fred F. Runnells, and they reside in Los Angeles, California, the parents of three children: Frederick, Raymond and Hazel Runnells. Mrs. Matthews survives her husband, and resides at No. 752 Pleasant street, this city.

WILLIAM H. COOK, Retired business man, was born in Grafton, Massachusetts, November 23, 1857, son of Daniel Purinton and Harriet (Cromb) Cook, the former named a native of Menden, Massachusetts, and the latter a native of the State of Connecticut. Both were descended from the pioneers of New England, the distinguishing traits of character of those early ancestors being transmitted in full measure to their descendants.

William H. Cook's parents moved from Grafton to Worcester when their son was eight years of age, and the public schools of that city afforded him the means of obtaining a practical education. His business career was almost entirely with The George C. Whitney Company, manufacturers of valentines and similar goods,

of which he in due course of time became treasurer and general manager, bringing to the performance of those duties keen business judgment, tireless energy and honesty of purpose. After a service of many years duration in those capacities, Mr. Cook resigned in 1910, and during the following years was engaged in business as a broker and life insurance agent. For four years, from 1904 to 1908, he was a member of the Worcester School Committee, in which he rendered faithful and efficient service. He is a Republican in politics, to which great organization he has given his allegiance since attaining his majority.

Mr. Cook has always devoted considerable time and attention to music, of which he is especially fond, and for seven years served in the capacity of president of the Worcester County Musical Association. He is an active and prominent member of the First Baptist Church. He is a Free Mason, attaining the thirty-second degree, affiliating with Morning Star Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Worcester Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester Commandery, Knights Templar; Goddard Council, Princes of Jerusalem; Lawrence Chapter of Rose Croix; Massachusetts Consistory, Sublime Princes of the Royal Secret, and Aletheia Grotto, Veiled Prophets of the Enchanted Realm. He is also a member of the Commonwealth Club, the Worcester Commercial Travelers Association and the Worcester County Musical Association.

Mr. Cook married, in Worcester, October 4, 1883, Maroa Beatrice Smith, who was born in Grafton, Massachusetts, daughter of Asa F. and Carrie Beatrice (Miller) Smith, of North Grafton. The family moved from Grafton to Somerville and thence to Worcester. Mrs. Cook is a member of the Hall Club and the Worcester Woman's Club. Mr. and Mrs. Cook are the parents of six children: 1. Douglas Purinton, whose sketch follows. 2. Roy William, died in infancy. 3. Mildred Maroa, died aged six years. 4. Roland Miller, graduate of Harvard College, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1917; now lieutenant in the Three Hundred and Fourth Regiment, Seventy-sixth Division, United States Army, in the service; married Edith Faxon, of Brookline, Massachusetts. 5. Chester William, a junior at Harvard College when he entered the service of the government, now lieutenant in the Three Hundred and First Infantry, Seventy-sixth Division. 6. Marion Maroa, a student at Smith College. The family home is at No. 10 Germain street, Worcester.

DOUGLAS PURINTON COOK. In business, as in every form of activity, there are both constructive and destructive forces. The competence built purely upon speculation, or upon the suppression of remunerative industry in others, adds nothing to the permanent wealth of mankind, and plays only a negative part in history. The fortune whose basis is laid in the development of natural resources, whose capital is increased by enlarging the opportunities for general wealth, is on the positive side of civilization, and counts among its lasting and beneficent influences.

It is this creative and organizing quality that is the distinctive feature in the career of Douglas P. Cook. He represents the most progressive element of a sturdy race whose activities have spanned, moulded and cemented a great transitional period in the world of modern industry, and although young in years, Worcester, the State and Nation have already profited by his ability, farsightedness and public spirit.

Douglas Purinton Cook was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, July 8, 1884, son of William H. and Maroa Beatrice (Smith) Cook. He attended the public schools of Worcester and prepared for college in Worcester Academy, entering Harvard College, from which he graduated in 1905 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. In 1907 he associated himself with the Boston Pressed Metal Company, of Worcester, as vice-president, and in 1914 became general manager, positions he has filled from that year to the present (1918), these being very strenuous years in the history of the industry. Mr. Cook was elected president of the National Pressed Metal Association at the annual convention in Detroit, Michigan, December 8, 1917, and is perhaps the youngest man ever elected president of this organization or a similar national association of manufacturers. At a meeting of the members of this organization, in March, 1918, it was hoped that the membership of firms in the organization would reach twenty-five, and through the earnest, untiring efforts of Mr. Cook there were eighty-seven represented from all parts of the country and every one present became a member of the organization at once.

Mr. Cook is a member of the First Baptist Church, the Worcester Club, the Worcester Country Club, the Harvard Club of Worcester, the Harvard Club of Boston, the Harvard Club of New York, and the Worcester County Musical Association. In politics he is a Republican, but has never sought nor held public office. Mr. Cook is unmarried, residing at present with his parents.

FRANK J. KENNEY, President of the Kenney-Kennedy Company, was born in this city, June 25, 1874, son of John L. and Margaret (Huborn) Kenney. His father, John L. Kenney, was born in County Mayo, Ireland, and died in this city, January 10, 1902, aged fifty-six years. He came to this country when a young man, locating at first in Lancaster, Massachusetts, and afterward in Worcester, where he lived after he was seventeen years old; married in Lancaster, Margaret Huborn, who was born in Ireland and died in Worcester in 1892. They had seven children, of whom four are living: Frank J., of further mention; Margaret E., resides with her brother Frank J.; Gertrude T., music teacher in this city; Jean M., teacher of the violin, living in Worcester. All were born in Worcester.

Frank J. Kenney attended the public schools here, leaving at the age of fifteen years to begin work as a bundle boy in a department store. Later he organized the Kenney-Kennedy Company, of which he has been president since that time. He is associated in this business with Frederick J. Kennedy. The corporation purchased the retail clothing business of the W. A. Lytle Company, at the corner of Main and Mechanic streets in the Walker building and has remained at this location. The store is equipped in the most modern style, both as to stock and fixtures. In 1917 the owners state that it had the largest volume of business ever received by a clothing store in Worcester up to that time, a record that places it in the lead. Mr. Kenney is an active, energetic business man, reading the public wants and catering to the men of the city with phenomenal success; a past master of merchandising. He is a member of the Worcester Country Club; the Worcester Economic Club; the Washington Social Club; Worcester Lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; the Worcester Commercial Travelers' Association; Chamber of Commerce; and the Church of the Blessed Sacrament (Roman Catholic). His wife is also a member of the Country Club.

Mr. Kenney married, at Leominster, Massachusetts, November 25, 1898, Annie T. Leonard, who was born in Sterling, Massachusetts, daughter of Patrick and Mary (Lynch) Leonard. Both her parents were natives of Ireland. Mr. and Mrs. Kenney have one son, George Leonard, born January 24, 1900; now associated in business with his father. Mr. Kenney's home is at 9 Ivanhoe road. His hobby is golf.

WHELOCK A. CHENEY, Founder of the Cheney Printing Company, a prominent printer, was born in Gill in 1830, and died in this city, July 7, 1907, son of Amos Cheney. His father was engaged in mercantile business in Athol for many years, where the parents removed when he was very young.

After completing his education in the public schools of his native town, Whelock A. Cheney served an apprenticeship in the composing room of the "Fitchburg Sentinel." In 1854 he came to this city and was employed by E. R. Fiske, then one of the leading printers of the city, and became foreman. A few years later he started in the printing business in a modest way and gradually increased his facilities as his business expanded. In the course of time he took rank among the foremost in his line of work, acquiring an enviable reputation for accuracy, neatness and good taste. He was straightforward and upright in business and a tireless worker. Kindly and generous by nature he was highly-esteemed by all who knew him. Though he had a large circle of friends he devoted himself mainly to his business and his home. In politics he was a Republican. The business has been continued since his death by his son. He was a member of Plymouth Congregational Church.

Mr. Cheney married, at Hubbardston, in 1852, Lavinia Browning, daughter of Captain Joshua Browning. Her father was captain of the old Barre Artillery Company. He was a carpenter and builder. Her father's mother was a Sherman, descended from the same family as General William T. and Hon. John Sherman and of the late Vice-President Sherman. The immigrant ancestor was one of the first settlers of the Massachusetts Bay Colony. The Brownings settled early in Rutland. The first settler was James Browning, who was born in Scotland, and with his wife Elizabeth brought letters testimonial of their church fellowship in Ireland, and were received in the Rutland church, May 24, 1728. The history of Rutland says "they were worthy people, fruitful and prosperous in a strange land." Their descendants were numerous; some of the wealthy and honorable. He died February 3, 1749. His widow married (second) Andrew Oliphant, in 1752, and lived to the age of ninety years. In many other lines of ancestry both Mr. and Mrs. Cheney are descended from the early Puritan settlers of New England. Through her mother, Lavinia (Morse) Browning, Mrs. Cheney is descended from Samuel Morse, who came from England in the ship "Increase" in 1635 at the age of fifty years with his wife and family, and settled in Dedham, where he died April 5, 1654. Mrs. Morse's father took part in the battle of Bunker Hill at the age of nineteen years. Mr. and Mrs. Cheney had three children, born in Worcester: 1. Florence, who married, in 1878, Frank P. Kendall, born in Clinton in 1852, died in this city, March 20, 1913, a resident of Worcester from 1859 until he died, and a

graduate of the city schools. Mr. Kendall was a son of George H. Kendall, who was for many years employed in the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Company. Frank P. Kendall was first with the old People's Fire Insurance Company, but entered the employ of the Worcester Mutual Fire Insurance Company when it was organized, was clerk, and later assistant secretary; was a member of the Union Congregational Church, and of Worcester Commandery, Knights Templar; treasurer of the Commonwealth Club a number of years; children: George H. and Frank P. Kendall. 2. Alice, born July 8, 1859; married William Mitchell, of Guthrie, Oklahoma. 3. Wilfred Leroy.

CHESTER SWAN BAVIS, Assistant clerk of the courts for Worcester county, was born at Calais, Maine, November 22, 1882, son of Charles Augustus and Emma Ray (Bishop) Bavis. His father was also a native of Calais, a manufacturer of fire extinguishers in Portland, Maine, at the time of his death; he died in 1907, aged fifty-two years. His mother, born at Eastport, Maine, July, 1857, is now living with her son in this city, at No. 5 Haviland street. His only sister, Nellie Harriet, born May 2, 1880, is now principal of the Mount Ida School for Girls at Newton, Massachusetts. His grandfather, George Bavis, the first of the family in this country, was a native of Ireland, born in County Armagh; a grocer in Calais during most of his active life. He married Harriet Hiltz, who was of German descent, and they had one son, George, who was killed in the battle of Antietam, in the Civil War.

Mr. Bavis attended the public schools in his native town, and graduated from the Calais High School in 1902. He then entered Bowdoin College, from which he graduated in 1906 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. During the next two years he was ticket agent in the New York offices of the Metropolitan Steamship Company. In 1908 he became a student in the Law School of the University of Valparaiso, Indiana, graduating in 1910 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. He was admitted to the Massachusetts bar in the same year, and began to practice in this city. During the following year he practiced in Fitchburg. From March, 1912, to November, 1916, he was employed in the office of the Clerk of Courts in Worcester; since then he has filled his present office, assistant clerk of the courts of Worcester. He has had charge of the cases in the criminal sessions of the courts. In politics he is a Republican. He is a member of the Delta Kappa Epsilon fraternity, and in college he was a baseball player. He is a member of the Barristers' Club, of this city; Plymouth Congregational Church; Mount Hollis Lodge, of Holliston, Massachusetts, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons.

Mr. Bavis married, September 4, 1912, in Morgan, Minnesota, Mertle Ball, who was born in that town, a daughter of Halbert and Charlotte A. (Hartwick) Ball. Her father is a banker. Mr. and Mrs. Bavis have three children: Charlotte Brown, born January 25, 1915; Eleanor and Elizabeth, twins, born April 13, 1917.

Mr. Bavis is the author of an exceedingly useful and well-known book, entitled, "The Making of a Citizen," being a series of practical questions and answers dealing with the law and process of naturalization, information as to the Government of the United States, important events in its history and the text of the Constitution of the United States, fifteen thousand copies having been sold; and a small book called "Key to the Federal Income and Excess Profits Taxes," which was circulated in large numbers by various banking institutions.

CHARLES FRANKLIN LIVERMORE, Retired merchant, was born in Paxton, Massachusetts, November 11, 1832, son of Jason and Elmira (Brooks) Livermore. His father was a farmer, also a native of Paxton; his mother was born in Lincoln, Massachusetts. Through both paternal and maternal ancestry he is descended from the first settlers of the Commonwealth. Many of his ancestors were among the pioneers of Watertown. John Livermore, the pioneer in his father's line, came from England in the ship "Francis," in April, 1634, at the age of twenty-eight years, and settled in Watertown, where he held various town offices and was a leading citizen. He was a potter by trade. He died at Watertown, April 14, 1684.

Mr. Livermore received his early education in the public schools of Paxton and was afterward a student in Leicester Academy and in an academy at Cambridgeport, Massachusetts. During his boyhood he assisted his father, and when a young man left home to learn the dry goods business at Waltham. Three years later he came to this city and was employed as clerk in Martin Stowe's store. Then he was clerk in the dry goods store of Deacon Sanford, whose business he and his partner bought. The firm was dissolved in 1870. His next venture in business followed soon. He opened a store at No. 552 Main street, dealing in blankets, quilts, underwear, corsets, jumpers and other lines of dry goods and clothing. He also made a specialty of birds and bird cages. Twice he suffered large losses from fires, but

continued in business. He removed his business finally to a building on South-bridge street and continued there until he retired. He bought his present home at No. 2 Berkman's street in 1895, and since then has made his home there. Since retiring he has found recreation and congenial occupation in cultivating his garden, raising poultry and driving. He is a member of Trinity Methodist Church. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Livermore married, in Spencer, August 31, 1859, Lorette G. Randall, who was born in Belchertown, Massachusetts, daughter of Jotham and Caroline (Randall) Randall. They have three children: 1. Walter, who is in the trucking business. 2. Bert R., who married Clara Graton, of Paxton, and has two children: Charles R., a student in Clark University, who went to France with the Clark University Unit, in the United States service, and was killed in France, having been in the ambulance department. 3. Caroline, who lives with her parents at No. 6 Berkman's street. Mr. and Mrs. Livermore have lived together in married life for nearly sixty years, having celebrated their fiftieth wedding anniversary in 1909.

JAMES McDERMOTT, Dry goods merchant, was born in Ireland, August 8, 1840, son of John and Bridgett (Burke) McDermott. He attended school in Ireland and in this city. He came to this country in 1852 with his parents, and after living in Worcester for a few years went to Detroit, Michigan, in 1856. The family returned to Worcester in 1857.

Mr. McDermott began his career in business as bookkeeper for the Chamberlain & Burroughs woolen and cotton mills at North Oxford. After three years in this position, he entered the employ of the Barnard, Sumner & Putnam Company Department Store, and for twelve years served that concern as bookkeeper. From 1872 to 1916 Mr. McDermott was in the retail dry goods business in this city. His store was located either on Main street or Front street during that entire period. For many years he was in partnership with Thomas B. F. Boland. Throughout his long and successful career as merchant in this city, he has enjoyed the respect and confidence of the entire community. Now one of the oldest merchants of the city, he has retired from active business, the business now being conducted by his sons. The entire building at No. 517 Main street is occupied by the McDermott store, which now goes under the popular name of the Baby Shop, making a specialty of infants' clothing. Mr. McDermott is vice-president, trustee and auditor of the Bay State Savings Bank. In politics he is a Democrat, and for three years was a member of the Worcester school committee. He is an honorary member of the Emmet Guards and of George H. Ward Post, No. 10, Grand Army of the Republic; a communicant of St. Peter's (Roman Catholic) Church.

Mr. McDermott married, in St. Paul's Church, Maria Moore, who was born in this city, daughter of Thomas and Eliza (Maher) Moore. Mr. and Mrs. McDermott have five children: 1. James Thomas, born in this city, associated with his brother, Edmund B., in the management of the McDermott store; member of Alhambra Council, Knights of Columbus, the Washington Club and St. Peter's Catholic Church. 2. Edmund Burke, born in this city, associated with his brother in the management of the store; member of the Leicester Country Club, Washington Club, Knights of Columbus and St. Peter's Church. 3. John Moore, born in this city, now general manager of the National Telautograph Company of Detroit, Michigan, of which he has the agency in Ohio, Michigan, and Pennsylvania. 4. Ellen Gertrude. 5. Maria Grace.

Mr. McDermott's father was a farmer and boot-maker, and Mrs. McDermott's father was a brick manufacturer at Bloomingdale, of the firm of Moore & Hutchinson. Mr. and Mrs. McDermott reside at No. 53 Maywood street in this city.

JAMES ALFRED SAXE, Lawyer, founder of the Worcester County Abstract Company, was born in Troy, New York, December 2, 1863, son of Charles Jewett and Ellen (Griggs) Saxe. His father was born in Saxe's Mills, Vermont, in 1814; his mother in Brookline, Massachusetts, in 1824. On the paternal side he is descended from German Colonial stock, and on the maternal side from the pioneers of Massachusetts.

James Alfred Saxe fitted for college in Wilbraham Academy, graduating in 1881, and entered Wesleyan University, Middletown, Connecticut, graduating there with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1885 (Master of Arts, 1888). He afterward entered Harvard, and graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1888. He received his legal education in the Harvard Law School, graduating in 1892. He began to practice law in Boston and continued for three years. He came to this city in 1895 and began to specialize in the examination of titles. In 1897 he founded the Worcester County Abstract Company and since then has devoted his attention exclusively to this business. In the course of time he has made a very large and valuable collection of data relating to land titles in Worcester county. He is a member of Psi Upsilon fraternity



James Mc Dermott

of Wesleyan, and the Hasty Pudding Club of Harvard; the Worcester Bar Association; also of the Worcester County Harvard Club; the Worcester Club; the Economic Club; Worcester County Musical Association; the Tatnuck Country Club and the Worcester Society of Antiquity. In politics he is a Republican; in religion a Unitarian.

Mr. Saxe married, in Cleveland, Ohio, June 23, 1892, Mary Wick, who was born February 19, 1867, daughter of Alfred H. and Mary (Tennis) Wick. Her father was born in 1836, at Youngstown, Ohio, and her mother in 1844, at Marietta, Ohio. Mr. Saxe's home is at No. 20 Cedar street.

JOHN LADD SEWALL, Editor, clergyman, was born in Lunenburg, Vermont, February 27, 1856, son of William and Caroline Heard (Titcomb) Sewall, a descendant of John Howland, who came in the Mayflower. He graduated from Dartmouth College (A. B., 1877) and Andover Theological Seminary (S. T. B., 1882). He was ordained in the Congregational ministry in 1882; was pastor in various towns in Vermont, Missouri and Massachusetts; pastor of Lakeview Congregational Church, July, 1911 to 1917. He was managing editor of the "Worcester Magazine," 1907-09; executive secretary of "Boston, 1915" in 1909-10; secretary of the summer conference of Congregationalists, Isle of Shoals, 1914; and manager and secretary of the National League for Protection of the Family. He served on the Worcester School Committee from 1911 to 1914. He was a member of the Chamber of Commerce and the Congregational Club.

HERBERT MEADE SAWYER, Journalist, author, former secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, was born in Bath, Maine, May 18, 1863, son of Charles E. and Lucy B. (Sylvester) Sawyer, both natives of Bath. He attended the public schools of his native town and took a special course in Bowdoin College. He engaged in newspaper work and from 1887 to 1890 was city editor of the "Daily Leader" of Bloomington, Illinois. During the next two years he filled a similar position on the "Times" of Davenport, Iowa. From 1891 to 1904 he was on the staff of the "Worcester Telegram." He was secretary of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce (then the Board of Trade) and editor of the Worcester Magazine in 1904-05-06-07. He was the permanent secretary of the Worcester Automobile Club and in 1908 was secretary of the Massachusetts State Automobile Association. Since 1910 he has been city editor of the "Worcester Telegram." He is the author of a history of the Police Department of Worcester (1900) and of the history of the Worcester County Musical Association (written in 1907 on the occasion of the Fiftieth Annual Festival).

Mr. Sawyer served as a private in Company G, Fourth Regiment Illinois National Guard, in 1884. In politics he is a Republican and he is a member of the Worcester County Republican Club. He is also a member of the Worcester County Mechanics Association. He has taken the thirty-second degree in Masonry, and is a member of Worcester Lodge of Perfection; Goddard Council, Princes of Jerusalem; Lawrence Chapter of Rose Croix; Aleppo Temple, Order of the Mystic Shrine, Boston; Massachusetts Consistory, thirty-second degree. He was master of Athelstan Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, in 1918. He is also a charter member of Bloomington Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Mr. Sawyer married, in Brunswick, Maine, September 12, 1888, Annie C. Lunt, who was born there January 29, 1862, a daughter of Robert and Jane A. (Gross) Lunt. Her father was a native of Freeport, Maine, a sea captain engaged in foreign trade, died at St. Thomas Island, West Indies, in 1864. Her mother, also a native of Brunswick, died in 1884. Mr. and Mrs. Sawyer reside at No. 2 Richardson terrace, and have a summer place at Parker Head, Maine.

JOHN EDWARD SULLIVAN, Lawyer, son of Jeremiah Sullivan, was born in this city, 1857, died February 10, 1918, in this city. He attended the public schools of Worcester and graduated from Holy Cross College in 1877. He was admitted to the bar in 1879, after study in Bacon & Hopkins and George H. Ball's law offices, and from that time until his death practiced law in this city. For more than twenty years, beginning in March, 1892, he was in partnership with Hon. David F. O'Connell, former mayor, and the firm of Sullivan & O'Connell took rank in the criminal courts, particularly with the leaders of the bar in the State. The firm defended many indicted for capital offenses. But in all other lines of practice Mr. Sullivan was well-equipped as a lawyer, a pleader of ability, shrewd, resourceful and capable. He was a member of Worcester Lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; and of the Gesang Verein Frohsinn; a charter member of the old Wachusett Boat Club. His fame as a public speaker was widely-extended and he was often the orator at the Elks memorial exercises, not only in this city but in all parts of the country.

Mr. Sullivan married Anna O'Sullivan, daughter of Cornelius O'Sullivan, and he left two daughters, Marion and Helen.

JACOB REED, Broker, was born in this city, September 10, 1890, son of Samuel and Leah Reed, both of whom were natives of Russia. He attended the public schools here, graduating at Ledge street school, 1904, and from the Classical High School in 1908. From 1908 to 1917 he was associated with Kinsley & Adams, bankers and brokers, in this city. He is now in the service at San Diego, California, an ensign in the United States Naval Reserve Flying Corps. He was enrolled in the navy, April 27, 1917. Mr. Reed is a member of the Independent Order B'nai Brith, the Commonwealth Club, Worcester Country Club, Tatassit Canoe Club, Boston City Club, Worcester Economic Club. He was president of the Young Men's Hebrew Association of Worcester, 1916-17.

WILLIAM WATSON McKIBBEN, Physician, was born at Fort Smith, Arkansas, August 22, 1874, son of Frank Reed and Elizabeth Minnie (Pape) McKibben. Frank Reed McKibben was born in Mansfield, Ohio, died in Oklahoma, in May, 1901. He was a merchant and proprietor of department stores; president of the bank and of companies operating an ice factory, a canning factory and a cotton compress concern. He married Elizabeth Minnie Pape, who was born in Cincinnati, Ohio. Their children were: 1. Frank P., born November 13, 1870, professor of civil engineering, Lehigh University. 2. William W., mentioned below. 3. Bertha L., born January 29, 1887, married Raymond L. Williams, superintendent of schools, Waukesha, Wisconsin.

William Watson McKibben attended the public schools of Van Buren, Arkansas, graduating from the high school in 1888. He was a student for two years in the preparatory department of Arkansas University and one year in the academic department; at Chauncey Hall School, Boston, 1891-92. He entered Harvard College in 1892, and graduated in 1896 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts; became a student in Harvard Medical School, from which he graduated in 1900 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He was assistant resident physician of the Boston Floating Hospital in the summer of 1899; house surgeon of the Free Hospital for Women, Brookline, Massachusetts, in the winter of 1899-1900; superintendent and resident physician of the Boston Floating Hospital in the summer of 1900; house physician and surgeon of the Worcester City Hospital, 1900-01. He engaged in general practice, in November, 1901, in this city, and has continued to the present time, except for a period of hospital practice and study, making a specialty of pediatrics (children's diseases) since 1904. He was assistant resident physician in the Boston City Hospital, South Department, in 1903-04; student of diseases of children in England, France and Germany in 1904; co-organizer and physician of the Green Hill Hospital for Infants, 1905-07.

Mr. McKibben is a member of the Worcester District Medical Society; Massachusetts Medical Society; American Medical Association; New England Pediatric Society; Harvard Medical Alumni Association; the Delta Upsilon fraternity; Quinsigamond Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Altheia Grotto of this city; the Harvard Club of Worcester; Worcester Country Club; Worcester Tennis Club. He is a member of Piedmont Congregational Church and was at one time teacher and assistant superintendent of the Sunday school. In politics he is a Republican. He served on the Worcester school committee three years, 1906-09. Since June 1, 1917, he has been a member of the Local Exemption Board. He was for three years in military training in the University of Arkansas and was successively corporal, second sergeant, first sergeant and acting adjutant, 1888-90.

Mr. McKibben married, in this city, in 1905, Olive Beatrice Flint, who was born here in 1883, daughter of Charles W. and Cora Louise (Fay) Flint. Her father was born in 1860; her mother in Holden in 1863. Dr. and Mrs. McKibben have one child, Darthea, born June 25, 1918. They reside at 45 Wachusett street. Mrs. McKibben is a member of the Worcester Woman's Club and the Worcester Country Club.

CARL G. TIDEMAN. It is inadequately realized how great a part in the development of mechanical inventions in the United States, and the mighty industrial growth of recent years so largely dependent upon it, has been taken by men of foreign birth whom the spirit of enterprise has driven hither from their native lands in search of wider opportunities for self-expression. Among the nationalities which pour their thousands of emigrants yearly upon the shores of the United States, Sweden is to be numbered, although those who reach us from its mountain-locked valleys are not so many as we could wish. For there is less reason for the Swedes to stray abroad from their native land than for the people of other places, which, although rugged in their natural aspect, are now so favored with



Carl M. Wideman

the spirit of liberty which, of all things, men hold dearest. Such of them as do find their way hither, however, are the more welcome, since we know them for what they are, possessed of the simple and fundamental virtues, honor, courage, industry, which above all others are important to a community in the persons of its members. Such a man for instance was Carl G. Tideman, late of Worcester, Massachusetts, whose death in this city, October 19, 1916, was felt as a distinct loss by the many personal friends and business associates which he had formed.

Born on March 12, 1857, in Sweden, Carl G. Tideman was a son of Carl Wilhelm Tideman, who is still living at an advanced age in the old country. The lad was educated at Degerfors Bruk in his native region, and while still young became strongly imbued with the desire to seek his fortunes in the new world. Accordingly, in the year 1897, he came to this country, and settling at Worcester secured a position as foreman at the Washburn-Moen Company's plant, later the American Steel & Wire Company. He was also employed in Bridgeport, Connecticut, and after a short time returned to Worcester, where he was associated with the Reed & Prince Company. While thus associated Mr. Tideman, who was gifted with an unusual inventive genius, devised a number of machines for the carrying on of the work. He also drew plans for a mechanical piano player and was the holder of many patents on his invention. He was the designer of one of the bottle labeling machines now in common use. Another of Mr. Tideman's important inventions was that of the needle used in the sewing machine, which was epoch-making in its effect. He also invented a yarn guide holder for the firm of Howard Brothers, Worcester. His ability to devise means for mechanical ends was extraordinary and so well known that people used to come to him from far and wide to tell him their needs. They would explain to him that such and such a machine was necessary to their business, whereupon he would proceed to design one for them. His latest invention was a machine for manufacturing nuts and screws, the raw material being fed to the machine, which turned out the completed nuts and screws ready for use. Besides his inventive genius, Mr. Tideman was also an excellent business man and an unusual organizer, and shortly before his death he founded a company known as the Worcester Nut Manufacturing Company, of which he was president, and which is located at No. 17 Hermon street. Here a plant was already equipped for business at the time of his death. Mr. Tideman had been for a number of years manufacturing piano tuning pins in large quantities, as he perceived that there was a great opportunity for the parts of pianos which, since the outbreak of the great World War, it was necessary to manufacture in this country to take the place of the great European importation then brought to an end. He had been making these pins on a smaller scale for twenty years before the war, but this greatly stimulated the production and he was building up a large enterprise of this sort when death cut short his career. Mr. Tideman was a conspicuous figure in the general life of Worcester and was associated with a number of prominent organizations here. He was a member of Thule Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Swedish Engineers Society, the Englebrecht Club, and the Svea Gille Association. In his religious belief Mr. Tideman was a Lutheran and attended the First Swedish Church of that denomination in Worcester. In politics he was a Republican, but although a public-spirited man and one who always kept the welfare of his adopted community before his mind, he was in no sense of the word a politician.

Carl G. Tideman was united in marriage, December 3, 1914, with Rose M. Nakashian, a native of Worcester. They were the parents of one child, Carl Warren Tideman, born June 16, 1916.

The assertion is sometimes made that, in spite of certain notable exceptions, the type of mind possessed by inventive geniuses is rarely capable of dealing with the commercial or business aspect of life and we have the popular and familiar picture of the unsuspecting ingenious inventor, fleeced of the well-earned profit of his devices by the sophisticated and scheming business man. If this be so, it is strange enough, for to the layman at least, there seems to be no incompatibility between the mind that can grasp the high practical problems of physical and mechanical science and the very similar problems of every day business relation, but rather a parity, such as to suggest that they are of one and the same kind. However this may be, it is certain that the remarkable group of inventors of the generation just passed, of which Mr. Tideman may well be counted a member, were not afflicted with any such one-sidedness of character. They at least were not prevented of their just desert, but were quite equally capable of producing their masterpieces of mechanical skill and of marketing them to their own best advantage and that of the world-at-large. And if they thus prove false this belief as to the one-sidedness of genius, they no less dispose of another fallacy, namely, that such

a union of abilities shows a man to have developed the material side of his nature at the expense of the spiritual. Nothing could be further from the truth as such men as Mr. Tideman have well shown in their lives, wherein were displayed the fundamental virtues and those higher reaches of idealism expressed in religion.

ASA RICKER CREDIFORD, Merchant, now real estate and insurance agent, was born in Kennebunkport, Maine, July 5, 1862, son of Henry J. and Ruth (Ricker) Crediford.

When he was four years old his parents moved to Shapleigh Corners and he attended a private school there. At the age of fourteen he began his career as a driver of teams in the woods for logging camps, and during the summer worked on his father's farm and assisted his father in the cattle business. When he was seventeen he began to drive a market wagon on the beach during the summer season. Two years later he became a school teacher, but after three years decided that teaching was not his forte. When he was twenty-two he became a clerk in a general store in northern Maine and was manager for two years. He resigned on account of ill health, and after a rest of six months became manager of a general store in Milton, New Hampshire, remaining there for three years. He then became the manager and principal stockholder of the largest grocery in Dover, New Hampshire. At the end of nine years his health failed again and he withdrew from the business. Afterward he was traveling salesman for the Beech Soap Company of Lawrence, Massachusetts, continuing on the road for this concern for a period of thirteen years. Since April, 1910, he has been in the real estate and insurance business in this city. At first he had offices in the State Mutual building. He is now located at No. 929 Slater building. He is agent for the United States Realty Trust. Mr. Crediford is keenly interested in public affairs and an earnest advocate of temperance measures. In politics he is a Republican. In religion he is a Methodist. He has one daughter, Vera M., who married Lieutenant M. J. Gibson, of Boston, Massachusetts, of the United States Navy, located at Bumkin Island, Massachusetts.

LOUIS A. WHEELER, Member of the Golbert Last Company, was born in Leominster, Massachusetts, March 7, 1872, son of Charles E. and Ella M. (Mead) Wheeler. Charles E. Wheeler was born in Leominster, 1850; was a carpenter in early life, then a farmer; retired in 1904, coming afterward to this city, and is at present with the Golbert Last Company. His wife died in 1905. They had but one child, Louis A.

Louis A. Wheeler attended the public schools of that town and graduated from the Leominster High School in 1888. He began his business career in the employ of Merriam, Hall & Company, manufacturers of furniture in Leominster. He came to this city in January, 1896, and entered the employ of the Mawhinney Last Company; afterward he came to the Golbert Last Company to take charge of the office and book-keeping. He has for a number of years devoted much time to the development of the model department. He is an expert in designing lasts. He is secretary and assistant treasurer of the Golbert Last Company. Mr. Wheeler is a member of the Rotary Club, the Worcester Country Club, the Worcester Automobile Club, the Worcester Commercial Travelers Association, and the Chamber of Commerce, and he attends the Church of the Unity. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Wheeler married, February 15, 1893, Mabel S. Brown, of Leominster. Their home is at No. 760 Pleasant street in this city. Mrs. Wheeler is a member of the Worcester Country Club.

JOHN BERNARD RATIGAN, Justice of the Massachusetts Superior Court, was born in this city, December 20, 1859, died February 1, 1915, son of Patrick E. Ratigan.

He attended the public schools here, graduating from the Classical High School, and entered Holy Cross College, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1879. He was class orator. He then entered Harvard Law School, from which he graduated in 1883. He was admitted to the bar in February, 1883, in the Supreme Court, Boston, and immediately after graduation began to practice law in this city. While a student at Holy Cross he taught in the Worcester evening schools, and while in the law school he was a teacher in the Boston evening schools. For five years he taught commercial law in Hinman's Business College in this city. In politics Mr. Ratigan was a Democrat, and early in life he took an active part in public affairs. He served on the school committee of the city in 1887-88-89-90. He was a member of the Board of Aldermen in 1903, and was often leader of his party as its nominee for important offices. In 1904 he was candidate for Congress, and in 1910 candidate for

attorney general. Judge Ratigan was a trustee, clerk and solicitor of the Bay State Savings Bank, of which he was one of the founders; he was auditor of the Equity Co-operative Bank, and was an officer of the Worcester Co-operative Bank. He was a member of the Worcester County Bar Association. He was appointed to the bench by Governor Foss, in 1911, and from the beginning evinced exceptional qualifications for a judicial office. His experience as a lawyer, teacher, public officer and business man gave him excellent training; his knowledge of law was sound; he had the respect and confidence of both bench and bar. His personality was another important factor in his success as an attorney and as a judge. His death in the prime of life was mourned by the entire city. In religion he was a Catholic, communicant of St. Peter's Church. Judge Ratigan was a member of the Worcester Country Club; the Commonwealth Club; the Washington Club; and the Boston City Club.

Judge Ratigan married, June 27, 1893, Anastasia O'Halloran, who was born in St. Paul, Minnesota, daughter of Dennis O'Halloran. To Judge and Mrs. Ratigan were born two sons, namely, Russell, born February 3, 1895, who during the World War served as an ensign in the United States Navy; and John Edward, born October 31, 1898, who is a student of Holy Cross College.

FRANCIS ALDEN POOLE, Former pastor of Union Congregational Church, was born in Salem, Massachusetts, October 25, 1870, son of Edmund Alden and Laura Anna (Mackintosh) Poole. He attended the public schools of Peabody Woodman's School, Salem; Bangor Theological Seminary (B. D., 1893); and took special courses in Hartford Theological Seminary and Harvard Divinity School. He received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Potomac University, Washington, D. C., in 1914. He was ordained in the Congregational ministry in 1893; was pastor at Sanford, Maine, 1893-94; at Topsfield, 1894-99; East Weymouth, 1899-1901; Barre, Vermont, 1901-09; and pastor of the Union Congregational Church of this city from 1909 to 1917, when he resigned to accept a call at St. Johnsbury, Vermont. He is a member of the Sons of the American Revolution; a Free Mason; member of the Congregational Club, of which he was president in 1915. He is the author of "The Ministry of an Idealist" (1900).

ELIAS HARLOW RUSSELL, Former principal of Worcester State Normal School, was born in Sanbornton, New Hampshire, November 27, 1836, and died in Sanbornton, April 3, 1917, son of Elias and Comfort (Rundlett) Russell.

His early education was received in the district schools of his native town, and like every country boy he had more farm work than school in his boyhood. He attended the Woodman Sanbornton Academy and the Literary and Biblical Institution at New Hampton, New Hampshire. In 1853, while still a student there, he began teaching, at the same time continuing his studying and preparation for his profession. In 1856 he began the study of medicine, under the direction of Professor Albert Smith, M. D., who was a member of the faculty of Dartmouth College. He continued his teaching several years later, and among some of the institutions in which he taught were: Highland Military Academy, Worcester; Eaton's Business College, Worcester; Professor Bushee's Private School, Worcester; Nichols Academy, Dudley, Massachusetts, and various private schools, including the teachers' institutes of Grafton and Coos counties, New Hampshire. Elocution was the subject he usually taught. He gave several courses of lectures in Harvard University, in 1861-62-63. He was principal of LeRoy Academy, New York, for ten years. In 1874 he accepted the position as first principal of the Worcester State Normal School, which position he held for thirty-five years, resigning in September, 1909. Under his leadership and supervision a practical, interesting and most helpful method of teaching was established. The apprentice system was developed and has been one of the most attractive features of the school, giving both the teachers and scholars the best of training.

Mr. Russell was a pioneer in the child-study movement and must be reckoned among the foremost investigators of the subject. He was one of the earliest to study the child after modern scientific methods, and his was the first Normal School to engage in child-study systematically. Mr. Russell wrote a number of papers, printed in the New England Historic-Genealogical Society, among them a sketch of a very intimate friend of his, Senator George F. Hoar. He wrote extensively on educational subjects, and several times read addresses before the National Educational Association in Chicago in 1893 and in St. Louis in 1904. He published several papers in the proceedings of the American Antiquarian Society, of which he was a member, and for a number of years was a member of the council. Few literary honors in America are more highly appreciated than honors in the American Antiquarian Society. Mr. Russell was a member of St. Wulstan Society from the

time of its organization; at his death and served as its president. He was a member of the Colonial Society, Massachusetts; Friday Evening Club, Boston; Worcester Art Museum Corporation; State Teachers' Association; Appalachian Mountain Club; former Worcester Fire Society. He was a trustee of Leicester Academy, and former member and president of board of directors of the Free Public Library of Worcester. He was elected honorary member of the Phi Beta Kappa in Massachusetts notwithstanding the fact that he held no college degree.

Mr. Russell married, November 11, 1862, Harriet Thurston Lee, daughter of George W. and Laura (Sanford) Lee, a native of Lancaster, Massachusetts. She died October 22, 1900. Children: 1. Lee, born at Le Roy, New York, January 8, 1865; graduate of Worcester Polytechnic Institute, member of the faculty of State Normal School; married Alice B. Woodworth, July 4, 1894, and had: Alan Woodworth, born January 27, 1898; Ralph, born January 14, 1900; Helen, born October 28, 1901; Walter, born April 1, 1905; Sylvia, born May 18, 1906. 2. Olive, born at Le Roy, New York, March 23, 1867; kindergarten, graduate of State Normal School, 3. Philip, born July 24, 1869, died September 16, 1895, at Worcester, unmarried. 4. Ernest.

His line of ancestry is as follows: Elias, his father; William; Benjamin; John; Robert, who is said to have come from Scotland, and was the emigrant ancestor. He was in America probably as early as 1677, and settled in Andover, Massachusetts.

NATHANIEL PAINE, Financier, son of Gardiner and Emily (Baker) Paine, was born at Worcester, Massachusetts, August 6, 1832. He was educated in the public schools and academy of his native city. By reference to the early family history it will be observed that he came of ancestors of prominence in revolutionary days in town affairs, and that his grandfather was for many years judge of probate in Worcester county. After leaving school he clerked for a time in a leather store, and when seventeen years of age entered the Mechanics' Bank as a clerk. In 1854 he was made the assistant cashier of the City Bank, and three years later was promoted to cashier, which office he held until December 12, 1868, when he was elected president. When the banks were merged into the Worcester Trust Company, a few years later, he became the vice-president and long held the position. He was connected with many of the financial concerns of Worcester. He was vice-president of the Worcester Five Cent Savings Bank, and chairman of the Clearing Association. The honorary degree of Master of Arts was conferred upon him by Harvard College in 1898. He was from early youth possessed of a literary taste, and was especially fond of history and art. He wrote much of local history, and many articles from his pen appeared in different publications. Among the papers presented by Mr. Paine were: "Early Paper Currency of Massachusetts," "Historical Notes on the Town of Worcester," "The Drama in Worcester," and "Early American Imprints in the Library of the American Antiquarian Society." He also edited with notes the "Diary of Christopher Columbus Baldwin, Librarian of the Antiquarian Society." He was also connected with many other societies. He was one of the founders of the Worcester Art Society, and was once its president, and was a director of the Art Museum Corporation, and was also a director of the Free Public Library for eighteen years. He served in the Common Council for one term. He was a great lover of good books and possessed a fine library. The following list will explain the prominent place he took in society matters: Treasurer of the American Antiquarian Society; treasurer of the Worcester County Horticultural Society; treasurer for Home for Aged Men; treasurer of Devens Monument Association; president of the Worcester Lyceum; president of the Worcester Natural History Association; director of the Free Public Library and secretary for more than a dozen years; and director of the Worcester Art Museum. He held membership in the Massachusetts Historical Society, New England Historic-Genealogical Society, American Society for the Advancement of Science, Colonial Society of Massachusetts, American Historical Association, Folk-Lore Society of Massachusetts, Bunker Hill Monument Association, Worcester Society of Antiquity, Worcester Art Society and was an honorary member of the Pennsylvania Historical Society. He was also corresponding member of the Long Island Historical Society, Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia, La Société Numismatique of Montreal, Canada, Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Melrose, Scotland, and the Georgia Historical Society. He was one of the original members of the Club of Odd Volumes of Boston. His was a busy life and many public institutions felt the touch of his literary influence.

Mr. Paine married, June 14, 1865, Susan M. Barnes, daughter of Willett B. and Henrietta (Nuttman) Barnes, of New Haven, Connecticut. No issue. Mr. Paine died January 14, 1917, and was buried in Rural Cemetery.

FRANK LOWE PHALEN, Former minister of the Church of the Unity, was born in Williamstown, New York, May 9, 1859, son of Patrick Connell and Emily (Ayres) Phalen. He was educated in Alfred University (New York), Meadville Theological Seminary (Pennsylvania) and Oxford University, England (1905-07). He was ordained in the Unitarian ministry in 1886; was pastor at Wilton, New Hampshire; Brattleboro, Vermont; Concord, New Hampshire; at the Church of the Unity, Worcester; Fairhaven, Massachusetts; and Waterville, Maine. He was chaplain of the New Hampshire House of Representatives, 1896; chaplain of the First New Hampshire Volunteer Infantry in the Spanish War; chaplain of the Second Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, 1898-1902. He is a trustee of the Meadville Theological Seminary. He has published various poems and sermons, written editorials for the Worcester "Spy," and contributed to various other newspapers and periodicals.

Rev. Frank L. Phalen married, in 1880, Emma S. Stephens, of Brooklyn, New York, and they had one son, Paul S., now a Unitarian clergyman, minister at Hingham, Massachusetts, and Augusta, Maine; chaplain of the First Motor Mechanics Regiment, American Expeditionary Forces, in France; a Plattsburg officer.

OTIS EARLE PUTNAM, President of Barnard, Sumner & Putnam Company, was born in Leicester, Massachusetts, February 20, 1831, and died in this city, June 9, 1911, son of Salmon and Tryphena (Bigelow) Putnam. His line of ancestry: Otis E. (8); Salmon (7); Cyrus (6); David (5); Cornelius (4); Benjamin (3); (see Early Settlers).

After a residence in Boston of some seven years, his parents came to Worcester. He received his education in the common and high schools of Worcester, and in 1847, at the age of sixteen years, began his career as clerk in the store of John B. Wyman, who in 1850 sold his business to H. H. Chamberlain. Mr. Putnam remained in the employ of H. H. Chamberlain & Company and the succeeding firm, Chamberlain, Barnard & Company, until 1857, when he was admitted to the firm, then Barnard & Sumner, and later, Barnard, Sumner & Putnam. In 1892 the business was incorporated. Mr. Putnam was successively treasurer and vice-president of the company and finally president, in 1897. The business of the Barnard, Sumner & Putnam Company has shown a steady and healthful growth from the beginning. In 1901 the facilities of the company were increased by the erection of a six-story addition to the spacious Main street building, extending to Waldo street in the rear. Many new departments were added to the store. He was a director of the Worcester Electric Light Company, the Sherman Envelope Company, Eastern Bridge and Structural Company, the Worcester and Holden Street Railway Company, and trustee of the Worcester Five Cent Savings Bank, and of the Worcester Music Hall Association. He was a director of the City National Bank, and of the Worcester and Marlboro Street Railway Company before the consolidation. He was a member of the Worcester Club, the Commonwealth Club, the Board of Trade, and an honorary member of the Worcester Light Infantry, Battery B, and the Worcester Continentals.

Mr. Putnam married, (first) Harriet E. Waite, of Worcester, who died in 1863. He married (second) in 1866, Louisa Davis, of Lowell, who died March 25, 1892. They had one son, Arthur Davis Putnam. (See biography). He married (third) in 1903, Florence V. Mace, of Baltimore, Maryland. Mrs. Putnam lives at No. 25 Harvard street. She is a member of the Worcester Woman's Club.

ARTHUR DAVIS PUTNAM was born at Worcester, February 16, 1868, son of Otis Earle and Louisa (Davis) Putnam. He attended the common schools of the city and was a student in the high school of this city. He then entered the employ of Barnard, Sumner & Putnam, as clerk, later became assistant treasurer, serving until 1903. He then went into the business of the Pepperell Card & Paper Company, remaining for a few months. He was formerly director of the Barnard, Sumner & Putnam Company. He attends Plymouth Congregational Church of Worcester. He served as its assessor for a period of six years. He is a member of the Rotary Club, the Commonwealth Club, the American Association of Mechanical Engineers. He is now associated with the Worcester Electric Light Company. He resides at No. 1 Dix street.

Mr. Putnam married, May 21, 1890, Louise Frances Sartelle, daughter of Francis K. and Deborah (March) Sartelle, of Worcester. Francis K. Sartelle was master mechanic of Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Company for years and their Canadian representative until his death. Their children are Ethel Davis, born April 18, 1891; Otis Francis, born January 18, 1893; Arthur Davis, born June 21, 1898, died August 25, 1899; and Louise Davis, May 20, 1903.

ARTHUR DEXTER BUTTERFIELD, Professor of mathematics and geodesy, Worcester Polytechnic Institute, was born in Dunstable, Massachusetts, October 13, 1870, son of Dexter and Georgianna (Kenney) Butterfield. He graduated from the Institute in 1893 with the degree of Bachelor of Science and received the degree of Master of Science in 1898 from the Institute, the degree of Master of Arts from Columbia University in 1904. He was in the United States lighthouse service, 1893-94; instructor in surveying in the Institute, 1894 to 1898; instructor, assistant professor and professor of mathematics and mechanics in the University of Vermont, 1898-1908. He came to the Worcester Polytechnic Institute in 1908 as assistant professor of mathematics and soon afterward was elected professor. Since 1914 he has been professor of mathematics and geodesy in the institute. He spent the summers from 1895 to 1903 in topographical geodetic work under the Massachusetts Harbor and Land Commission. From 1903 to 1911 he was engaged in work for the water resource department of the United States Geodetic Survey. He is secretary of the Worcester Polytechnic Alumni Association, and was active in raising funds for the athletic field and the new gymnasium. He is a fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science. He is author of "History of Triangulation in Massachusetts;" "History of the Determination of the Figure of the Earth from Meridian Arc Measurements."

Professor Butterfield married, in Shrewsbury, September 14, 1898, Fannie Louise Day, and they have three children: Louise, Dexter and George. Their home is at No. 10 Schussler road in this city.

CHARLES SALISBURY TURNER, Railroad president, was born in Bethlehem, New Hampshire, June 28, 1825, died August 8, 1897, in this city. His boyhood was spent in his native town and his education received there in the public schools. He came to Worcester as agent of the Norwich & Worcester Railroad Company, having previously been agent in Putnam, Connecticut, and general agent of the railroad and steamboat company. After fifteen years as agent here, he was elected superintendent of the Worcester & Nashua Railroad in 1866 and was succeeded on the Norwich road by his brother, William H. Turner, who was later superintendent of the New Haven & Willimantic Railroad. Mr. Turner was the third superintendent of the Nashua road and held the position longer than any of his predecessors. Upon the death of Francis H. Kinnicutt he was elected president of the company and general manager of the road, continuing in office until it was leased, December 1, 1883, becoming part of the Boston & Maine system in 1885. Mr. Turner retired from business in 1883 and afterward devoted his attention to his private affairs. For a time he had an office in the Adams Express headquarters, No. 375 Main street. He was a director of the Worcester & Shrewsbury Street Railway Company; the Worcester & Shrewsbury Railroad; trustee of Mechanics Savings Bank; charter member of the Board of Trade; honorary member of the Worcester Continentals from 1876; and member of the Church of the Unity. He owned much real estate in Worcester, including the brick building, Foster street, occupied by the Washburn & Garfield Manufacturing Company.

Mr. Turner married Sarah Elizabeth Andrews, daughter of John and Susan (Masson) Andrews, of Boston. Their only son died young. They had two daughters, Harriet Isabel and Helen Gertrude. They reside at No. 41 Harvard street.

HORACE BATCHELDER VERRY, Lawyer, was born in Saco, Maine, December 25, 1843, son of George F. Verry (see biography). He came with his parents to this city in 1849 and attended the public schools here, graduating from the high school in 1861. He read law in the office of his father and was a student for about a year in the Harvard Law School, from which he graduated in 1863. He was admitted to the bar, September 9, 1864, and since that time has been practicing in this city. He was a member of his father's law firm from October, 1883, until his father died, and afterward in partnership with Hon. Francis A. Gaskill under the same firm name, Verry & Gaskill.

Colonel Verry attained a place of distinction in his profession and was prominent for many years. For a number of years he has had to retire from the more arduous labors of his profession and has been an assistant in the office of the clerk of the courts. At present he has charge of some of the new activities imposed on this office by war legislation. In politics he is a Democrat. He has held a commission as justice of the peace since 1864 and is one of the oldest magistrates of the State. He served as assistant quartermaster general on the staff of Governor William E. Russell in 1862-63, having the rank of colonel. Colonel Verry has withdrawn from most of the organizations in which he was formerly active. He is a member of the Quinsigamond Lodge, Free Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; and was a



August M. Berg

member of Commonwealth Club; Washington Club; Worcester Club; Tatassit Canoe Club; Wapiti Boat Club; Gesang Verein Frohsinns; charter member of the Sportsmen Club; trustee of the Worcester Agricultural Society. Among the horsemen Colonel Verry was a popular and honored comrade. Though not given to racing, he owned the finest driving horses in the city and was to be found wherever thoroughbreds were to be seen, whether at the fair grounds, the race course or the boulevards of the city.

Colonel Verry married, in Chelsea, Massachusetts, April 12, 1899, Clara May Dexter, who was born in Milton, Nova Scotia, daughter of Captain Joseph Dexter. They have no children.

AUGUST M. BERG, Treasurer of the Stone & Berg Lumber Company, was born in Jonkoping Lan, Smoland, Sweden, February 22, 1868. He was educated in the public schools of his native town. He came to this country in 1888 and located first at Muskegon, later going to Chippewa Lake, where he was employed for two years and a half in logging and the lumber business. He left Michigan and went eastward, stopping for a few weeks in Chicago, and working fifteen months in Brockton, and a year and a half in Worcester. In 1893 he returned to his home for a long visit, but eventually returned to America and soon afterward took up a homestead claim in Alberta, Canada, but he was not satisfied with the prospects, and after eighteen months in the wilderness he spent a few months prospecting in British Columbia, working in lumber camps, cutting railroad ties. His former residence in Worcester had proved happy and he decided to try that city again. He arrived, January 1, 1896, and since then has made his home here. Until the spring of 1898 he worked at the trade of carpenter for various employers, and for nine years afterward was foreman for the Stone & Foster Lumber Company, Worcester.

In May, 1906, Mr. Berg began business as a lumber dealer on a modest scale near the present lumber yards of the Stone & Berg Lumber Company on Union street. Two years and a half later he formed a partnership with Walter J. Stone, a veteran lumber dealer, and the business which Mr. Berg had founded was incorporated under the name of the Stone & Berg Lumber Company. Mr. Stone died March 10, 1917, and since then Mr. Berg has become the sole proprietor of the business. Mr. Berg was president and Mr. Stone treasurer of the company from the beginning. The capital is \$30,000 and the business has been highly prosperous. The office is at No. 181 Union street and the yard, Nos. 173 to 199 Union street. The company deals in building and shop lumber of every description, kiln-dried flooring, sheathing, roofing paper and asphalt shingles. Mr. Berg's home is at No. 17 Franconia street. He is a member of the Swedish Congregational church and of the Benefit Society of that church. He was a member of the Merchants Association, recently amalgamated with the Chamber of Commerce, and is a member of the Builders Exchange and of the Chamber of Commerce. He is a director of the Scandinavian Credit Union. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Berg married, June 23, 1897, Emma C. Blanch, of Worcester, a daughter of Magnus and Louise Blanch. They have one son, Harold C., a sophomore in the Worcester Polytechnic Institute (class of 1919).

DWIGHT FOSTER, Lawyer, congressman, United States senator, was born in Brookfield, Massachusetts, December 7, 1757, died there April 29, 1823, son of Jedediah and Dorothy (Dwight) Foster. He graduated from Brown in 1774; studied law in the office of Joseph Hawley, of Northampton; was admitted to the bar in 1780 and began practice in Providence, soon removing to Brookfield; served as delegate in the State Constitutional Convention in 1779; member of both branches of the General Court; of the Governor's Council; for ten years chief justice of the Court of Common Pleas. In 1792 he was elected sheriff of this county and in the same year presidential elector. He was congressman from 1793 to 1800, when he was elected to the United States Senate. He retired from public life in 1803. He was a Federalist of national reputation; a great political factor and trusted leader. Mr. Foster married, in 1783, Rebecca Faulkner, daughter of Colonel Faulkner, of Acton.

ROBERT FREDERICK HERRICK, President of the Reed-Prentice Company, is a prominent lawyer and financier. He graduated from Harvard College in 1890, and secured his legal training in the Boston University Law School. In college he was a prominent oarsman and his interest in athletics and in his college has not abated. For many years he was a graduate member of the committee on athletics, and to his energy and coaching the success of the crews since 1905 is attributed in large measure. Since 1908 he has been chairman of the Graduate Rowing Committee and he was in charge of the Harvard Second Crew which won the Grand Challenge Cup at Henley,

England, July 4, 1914. He is a member of the visiting committee of the Harvard School of Applied Science and of the Board of Overseers of the College. He was chief marshal at the College Commencement in 1915. He is a trustee of Milton Academy. He is a director of some forty of the largest industrial and financial corporations of New England, and but two or three financiers are connected with a larger number of institutions. He is a director of the Walter Baker & Company limited; the General Motors Company; trustee of the Ludlow Manufacturing Associates; chairman of the board of directors of the Saco-Lowell Shops. His law firm is Fish, Richardson, Herrick & Neave, having offices at No. 84 State street, Boston, and 5 Nassau street, New York. His clubs are: Beverly Yacht Club, Boston City Club, the Commercial, Exchange, Harvard, New Riding, Tennis and Racquet, University, Union, Union Boat, all of Boston; Harvard, University and the Yacht clubs of New York; Country Club, Brookline; Eastern Yacht Club, Hoosic-Whisick Club, Metropolitan Club of Washington, D. C., Milton Club, New England Kennel Club, Thames Club and University Club of Chicago. He resides in Brookline and has a summer home at Wareham, Massachusetts.

ELIHU BURRITT, "The learned Blacksmith," linguist, editor, was born in New Britain, Connecticut, December 8, 1810, and died there March 6, 1879. He learned the trade of blacksmith and for several years worked at the anvil. At the age of twenty-one he began the study of Latin and French and later learned Greek, while working at his trade. He decided to become a surveyor and studied mathematics. In 1837 he was keeping a small grocery in Connecticut and failed during the crisis, losing all he had. He walked from New Britain to Boston, thence to Worcester, where he found employment and an opportunity to pursue his studies in the library of the American Antiquarian Society. A letter to William Lincoln soliciting employment at translating was shown to Edward Everett, who soon heralded Mr. Burritt to the world as the "learned blacksmith." For several years Elihu Burritt lectured before lyceums and became interested in philanthropic and social reforms, established in Worcester the "Christian Citizen," the first number of which appeared January 6, 1844, and was published seven years. It gave strong editorial support to various causes. He devoted himself for many years to advocating universal peace and resided abroad for a long time. For some years he was consul of the United States at Birmingham. He acquired a world-wide reputation. He made extensive tours in Great Britain on foot and published several interesting volumes of travel and description of home life in England and Scotland. As to his lingual attainments many exaggerated reports were made. He was fond of languages and proficient in some, but his real ability was in his reform work, his versatility as a writer, his leadership in social reforms.

EDWIN CONANT, Lawyer, was born in Sterling, Massachusetts, August 20, 1810, and died at his home on State street in this city, March 2, 1904. After pursuing the usual course of academic training, he entered Harvard College from which he graduated in 1829. He read law in the offices of Rejoice Newton and William Lincoln in Worcester, and began to practice in 1832 in his native town, removing to this town in 1833. After ten years of practice he engaged in business and continued in various occupations the remainder of his life. He was prominent in the State militia, held various staff and brigade commissions, and had been judge advocate. In politics he was a Democrat, but before the dissolution of the Whig party he had been a member. He was a Unitarian and held from time to time offices in the First Unitarian Church, of which he was a member. For many years Mr. Conant resided in the old Isaac Goodwin mansion on Lincoln street. His mansion at the corner of Harvard and State streets he bequeathed to the Natural History Society, and since his death it has been used as the museum and headquarters of that organization. He was generous with his wealth throughout life. In his church he gave liberally. To his native town he gave a substantial building for a public library and offices for the town authorities. The building was dedicated to the memory of his elder daughter, Elizabeth Anne Conant, who died in 1883. At the time of his death, Mr. Conant was the oldest member of the Worcester bar.

Mr. Conant married (first) in 1833, a daughter of Hon. Joseph Estabrook, of Royalston, sister of Mrs. Isaac Davis. Two daughters, Elizabeth Anne and Helen Maria, died before their father. He married (second) Elizabeth S. Wheeler, daughter of Rev. Joseph Wheeler, a Unitarian minister, register of probate.

WILLIAM BENTLEY, First Baptist minister in Worcester, was born in Newport, Rhode Island, March 3, 1775, and died in Hartford, Connecticut, December 24, 1858.

He was apprenticed as a baker in Boston at the age of fourteen. At an early age he experienced religion and joined the Baptist church. He studied for the ministry and was licensed to preach, November 3, 1806; was ordained as an evangelist in Salem in 1807, and became minister of the Baptist church at Tiverton, Rhode Island, in 1808. Though his education was limited, he became through his own efforts a Biblical scholar of the first rank, and he was a gifted orator and successful evangelist. In 1795 there were but three Baptists in Worcester, one of whom was Dr. John Green. In that year James Wilson, a member of the Baptist church of Newcastle-on-Tyne, England, came to this town and from time to time afterward there were meetings of Baptists at his house, but there seems to have been no additions to the denomination, and after the death of the three originals mentioned, James Wilson was the only Baptist for a time. In 1812, however, Elder Green, of Newport, preached here in a private house to a large congregation and from that time meetings were held in houses and school houses from time to time. Elder Bentley preached three sermons, May 31, 1812, in the school house on the Common. Dr. Austin, of the Old South, characterized the Baptists next Sunday as "a sneaking set who hovered about the suburbs, not daring to come into the centre of the town." But in spite of all opposition the society grew steadily; the hall in the Centre school house was rented and on July 30 regular services began; Elder Bentley was engaged as minister, September 28. The Baptist church of Worcester was formed November 5 and the church constituted December 9. The installation was performed in Dr. Bancroft's church. Dr. Bancroft, in contrast to Dr. Austin's discourtesy, was most courteous to the new minister and congregation, not only granting the use of his church, but attending the services and dining with the council at the home of James Wilson. The society began to erect a meeting house east of the Common, May 29, 1813, and it was dedicated the following December. The church grew rapidly under Mr. Bentley, but unfortunate differences arose between the pastor and some influential members of the church, resulting in the expulsion of James Wilson and William Lazell. They in turn made Mr. Bentley's position so uncomfortable that he resigned and was dismissed June 30, 1815. Afterward he was minister at Wethersfield, Connecticut, for six years, and then for a number of years general missionary and evangelist in Connecticut; finally pastor of the Second Baptist Church in Middletown, Connecticut.

IRWIN PETER DORWARD, President of the Fuller Regalia and Costume Company, was born near Slatington, Pennsylvania, September 11, 1874, son of Franklin Peter and Amelia (Kern) Dorward. Franklin Peter Dorward was born in Slatington, Pennsylvania, in 1855, and followed farming there. His wife was also born in Slatington, 1856. Irwin Peter was their only child.

Irwin P. Dorward attended the public schools, graduating from the Slatington High School in 1890, and from the Delaware (Ohio) Business College in 1892. At the age of fifteen years he began to teach school and for three winters taught in the district schools of Lehigh and Carbon counties, Pennsylvania. During the summer months he studied shorthand, typewriting and bookkeeping in the business college. In the fall of 1893 he became a teacher of commercial subjects in the Elgin (Illinois) Business College. In the spring of 1894 he returned to Slatington, and after working four months in the freight office of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company there, he entered the employ of the Slatington Slate Company, then and now the largest producer and shipper of slate products in that region, remaining with the concern for eight years. In 1902 he moved to Scranton, Pennsylvania, and was employed in the accounting division of the International Correspondence Schools, being transferred later to the Chicago office and taking charge of the accounting there. While living in Chicago he met A. W. Shaw, publisher of the magazine *System*, and subsequently went with him to his native town, Muskegon, Michigan, entering the employ of the Shaw-Walker Company, makers of systems, as correspondent. While with this concern he was recommended to take charge of the follow-up system of the Graton & Knight Manufacturing Company of Worcester. He came to this city to undertake the work, October 1, 1903, and with one assistant developed the system. It eventually became the publicity department with Mr. Dorward in charge, employing a dozen assistants. After seven years with the Graton & Knight Manufacturing Company, Mr. Dorward resigned, October 1, 1910, with the intention of engaging in business on his own account. In the fall of that year he formed a corporation and purchased the business of the Fuller Regalia and Costume Company of the estate of Charles C. Fuller, who founded the business in 1885. John A. Sherman and his son Edward were his associates in the new corporation, of which he was president and manager. Since that time Mr. Dorward has conducted this business. The place of business was for many years at No. 5 Pleasant street; later at No. 654 Main street and finally at the W.—II-36.

present location, No. 55 Pleasant street. This concern has had virtually a monopoly of the business of renting costumes for masquerades, theatricals and parties and has a great variety of costumes and regalia in stock. Mr. Dorward is a director of the Park Trust Company. He is a Republican in politics. He is a member of Worcester Lodge, No. 56, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; the United Commercial Travelers Association; Worcester Grange, Patrons of Husbandry; the Rotary Club; Advertising Club, of which he is treasurer; the Worcester Chamber of Commerce. In religion he is a Congregationalist. He has been superintendent of the Sunday school, teacher of the adult classes, and member of the standing committee, and is at present deacon and trustee of the Tatnuck Congregational Church.

Mr. Dorward married, in Delaware, Ohio, December 22, 1897, Mary Dale Metcalf, who was born at Centerville, Ohio, August 4, 1875, daughter of Henry H. and Artha Lindsay (Macomber) Metcalf. Her father was born at Jackson, Ohio, in 1847, and was a farmer by occupation; her mother was born in 1849 at Vinton, Ohio, and died April 12, 1912. Mr. and Mrs. Dorward have had four children: 1. Esther Metcalf, born June 7, 1899; graduate of the Classical High School, 1916, student in Simmons College, class of 1921. 2. Arthur Rex, born October 15, 1902; student in the high school. 3. Alice Amelia, born September 6, 1904, died January 7, 1906. 4. Mary Dale, born December 13, 1906. Their home is at No. 823 Pleasant street.

MATTHEW J. McCafferty, Major of the Twenty-fifth Massachusetts Regiment in the Civil War, Associate Justice of the Municipal Court of Boston, was born in Ireland, June 17, 1829, died in Boston, May 5, 1885. His parents came to this country when he was an infant, and located in Boston, where he attended the public schools. In 1841 the family went to Lowell, in this State, and he went to work at the age of twelve years in one of the mills there, learning the trade of machinist, afterward in the Lowell Machine Shop, and in the meantime reading law during his leisure hours. In 1852 he left his trade and became a clerk in the law office of Brown & Alger, Lowell, remaining there two years. He came to this city in 1854 and resumed work at his trade, but continued to study law in the office of Peter C. Bacon, and after a time entered Holy Cross College, but soon afterward his mother required his savings for her support and but for the timely aid of General Benjamin F. Butler his ambitions for the future would have been checked. The aid thus given by General Butler enabled him to spend three years in college, where he made a creditable record. He then returned to the law office of Brown & Alger. In March, 1857, he was admitted to the bar in Lowell; in June of that year he opened an office in Worcester. He had been while a student here a member of the Emmet Guards, and afterward captain. When the Civil War broke out he enlisted in that company. After serving his term of enlistment in that command, he was commissioned major of the Twenty-fifth Regiment. He resigned after the battle of Newbern, receiving a most flattering letter from Colonel Sprague for his gallantry. Throughout the war Major McCafferty was especially useful to the Union cause in speeches at war meetings and in securing recruits of Irishmen. His eloquence was of inestimable value to the Union cause in this city and State.

Mr. McCafferty was a member of the Legislature from this city in 1866-76-77-79, serving as chairman of the committee on Probate and Chancery and as member of the Judiciary Committee and others. He served on the Worcester School Committee and in 1883-84 was a member of the Board of Aldermen. In 1880 he was the Democratic candidate for Congress in the tenth district. He was appointed Associate Justice of the Municipal Court of Boston, January 17, 1883, and he filled that office to the time of his death. In 1886 he was the candidate of the People's party for governor, and he made an excellent showing at the polls. He was a delegate to the Democratic National Conventions in 1880 and 1884. He was always a loyal friend of General B. F. Butler, and entered the People's party after Butler's defeat for the Democratic nomination at the National Convention. As early as 1860, Major McCafferty was active in the Democratic party, supporting Douglas in the convention at Charleston. He was an earnest and intelligent student throughout life, and a most energetic and faithful advocate. His practice was largely in the criminal courts and he gave his talents without stint to the service of his clients. He was genial in manner, generous in his confidence and friendship, and always companionable. At the time of his death, the Boston Globe said of him:

The bench loses an upright, straightforward judge, and the Commonwealth a citizen of sterling integrity, kind and generous impulses, and frank and manly bearing. Although Judge McCafferty had been upon the bench but a brief two years, he had already won an enviable distinction for the impartiality of his decisions. Without fear or favor, he intended that justice should be done in every instance. A terror to evildoers and a sincere friend and adviser of the unfortunate, he filled his position

as few can. To those who had the good fortune to know Judge McCafferty personally, his sudden death will prove a sad blow. He was a ready, witty, delightful conversationalist, a genial companion and a sturdy uncompromising friend, whose warm heart never failed to beat in unison with the right as he saw it and which was always tender and true to every trust.

The Springfield Republican:

His death removes an interesting personality from the politics of Massachusetts and Gen. Butler loses a staunch political ally and warm personal friend.—He was a ready and effective political speaker, and when the war broke out he placed the community under an obligation which it never forgot. Lawyer McCafferty entered the service and also took the stump for the Union, his appeals being especially potent in securing recruits. No Democratic State Convention for a long series of years was complete without the imposing presence and resonant voice of the Worcester politician.

Mr. McCafferty married Theresa Carroll, who died June 16, 1886.

FRANK H. KELLEY, Physician and surgeon, mayor of the city, was born at New Hampton, New Hampshire, September 9, 1827; died in this city, October 26, 1890. He attended the district schools of his native town and for three years was a student in the academy in that town. He then became clerk in a dry goods store until 1846, when he went to Boston. A few months later, he began to study medicine in the office of Dr. Bethuel Keith, of Dover, New Hampshire. He attended medical lectures at Cincinnati, Ohio, in 1847-48, and received his degree there. After practicing with Dr. Keith, who had a private sanitarium, he was associated from 1849 to 1851 with Dr. Aaron Ordway, of Lawrence, Massachusetts. He came to this city in 1851, and practiced in partnership with Dr. Calvin Newton, for a few years, continuing in practice for a period of thirty-two years. He retired in 1883 on account of ill health. He became a member of the Worcester District Medical Society, and the Massachusetts Medical Society, in 1875, and delivered the annual address before the local society in 1880. He was the first president of the board of trustees of the Worcester City Hospital, in 1870, and served for thirteen years, being on the medical staff several years. He served on the school committee two years; in the Common Council six years, and the Board of Aldermen eight years. He was mayor of the city in 1880 and 1881. During his term the City Hospital building was begun and the Board of Health established.

Dr. Kelley married (first) in 1853, Lucy Ellis Draper, who died in 1873; (second) in 1879, Mrs. Jennie P. Martin. By his first wife he had two children.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN THOMAS, Judge of the Supreme Court, was born in this city, February 12, 1813, died in Beverly, Massachusetts, September 27, 1878, youngest child of Isaiah, Jr., and Mary (Weld) Thomas. He graduated from Brown University in 1830; studied law with his brother-in-law, Pliny Merrick, and at Cambridge was admitted to the bar in 1834, before he was of age. Within a few years he acquired a large practice in this county. In 1842 he was made commissioner of bankruptcy and judge of probate in this county, serving from 1844 to 1848. In 1853 he was appointed to the bench of the Supreme Judicial Court of the State, resigning in 1859 on account of the inadequacy of the salary, and resumed practice in Boston. In 1868 he was again appointed chief justice but for political reasons his nomination was not confirmed. Judge Thomas represented Worcester in the General Court in 1842; was elector on the Taylor ticket in 1848; served a term in Congress in 1861. He was a member of the council of the American Antiquarian Society in 1842 and 1843; secretary for domestic correspondence from 1841 to 1867; vice-president 1867-78.

Mr. Thomas married, October 1, 1835, Mary Ann Park, daughter of John and Agnes Park, of this city.

RICHARD O'FLYNN, Historian, book-seller, was born in the parish of Newton, township of Grenane, County Waterford, Ireland, February 27, 1829, died in this city, December 24, 1905, son of Thomas and Margaret (Powers) O'Flynn. His education began there in the primitive hedge-school to which in winter each pupil carried a chunk of peat for the fire. Being the eldest of seven children, the portion of hard labor came to him very early in life, but his wages hardly counted as an addition to the family income. He received but three dollars for a year's work herding stock. He tells us: "I received three shillings for a quarter besides cuffs, kicks and blows and these without stint or limit." He slept on a bed of straw in a loft and his food was potatoes, milk and salt every meal in the year, excepting Christmas, when he had cabbage and meat. After two years he changed employers and received eight dollars a year. Next he became clerk in a grocery in Portlaw at \$1.50 a week, and he was then twenty years old. He joined the exodus to America, sailing in the ship, "Anne Kenny," September 21, 1851, arriving in New York, October 29th.

He came to this country, friendless and penniless; found employment at the wharves shoveling corn for \$2.50 a day, wages that seemed fabulous to the young man. He soon afterward made his way to this city, where an uncle, Michael McGrath, was living. Here he found work in railroad construction at first. It was a period of hard times, however, and work was not steady nor were wages good. He sought work in Webster and other places. At Danielson, Connecticut, he apprenticed himself to Allen & Olds and learned the trade of molder. He worked for three years for \$225 and board. Returning to this city in January, 1856, he found work as a journeyman molder in Wheeler's Foundry on Thomas street, but work was slack and he again left the city. With John Duggan he worked his way from city to city, visiting Philadelphia, Baltimore, Norfolk, Charleston and other southern towns. In March, 1858, he was again in Worcester, where he lived to the end of his life. From that time he took a lively interest in municipal affairs. He became a citizen, September 1, 1860, and for many years was an influential Democrat. He served on the school committee in 1884 and 1885, and was always a good friend of the public schools. He was a pioneer in the advocacy of public playgrounds, calling a meeting to further the idea, and presenting a petition to Mayor Stoddard asking for municipal action. He was an earnest supporter of the policy of tree-planting in streets and public places, and he lived to see Worcester noted for both playgrounds and shade-trees.

He was a powerful influence for good in the temperance movement. He became a total abstainer, February 17, 1856, and took a life-pledge in 1861. For more than twenty-five years he was secretary and treasurer of the Father Mathew Temperance Society. In every organization and every society he was an influence for raising ideals and improving the standards of life among his countrymen. He was a charter member of the Tom Moore Club and of the Molders' Union; and secretary of the United Irish Societies of Worcester. He was prominent in his younger days in the Catholic Debating Society and the Independent Sons of Erin; in later years in the Worcester Society of Antiquity. He was a communicant of St. John's Catholic Church, and to the end of his life occupied the same pew that he rented first, July 20, 1856. He took particular interest in the history of the Catholics and collected a vast amount of data relating to the men, churches and organizations of all kinds. He had been a member of the Emmet Guards, and he saved the material from which their history is written in this work. His natural taste for antiquities and books at length brought about a change in his vocation. He opened an antique and book store near the viaduct on Front street, and his business was highly prosperous as a dealer in textbooks until the State law provided that towns and cities must furnish textbooks in the public schools. He made a very complete collection of Indian implements, etc., and in 1903 it became the property of the Worcester Society of Antiquity. It numbers 1,500 pieces. For many years he was agent for steamship companies and his books showed that drafts amounting to more than \$1,500,000 were sent through him to Ireland to aid families there or bring relatives hither. He was ready with a hearty welcome to the newly-arrived Irish people and a friend of all. Out of his collection he gave to the Worcester Free Public Library 500 books of historical value, some in Celtic. He preserved the inscriptions in the old Catholic Cemetery on Pleasant street near Newton square, now obliterated. He read and spoke the Gaelic, and occasionally acted as interpreter for a countryman in the courts. He paid but one visit to his native land. In 1894, with his daughter and Miss Alice Hyland, he made a tour of Ireland. In later years he left most of the details of business to his sons, and at the close of 1904 he retired.

Mr. O'Flynn married (first) in St. John's Church, April 21, 1861, Anne O'Neil, daughter of Charles O'Neil, Rev. P. T. O'Reilly officiating. His home was at first on Goddard street, later on Grosvenor street. His wife died in 1875. He married (second) Ellen (Foran) White, who died in 1901. By his first wife he had four sons and a daughter: Thomas Francis (see biography); Charles; Richard, Jr., deceased; William E.; Mary, deceased.

William O'Flynn, a brother of Richard O'Flynn, was a soldier and pensioner of the British army. Two other brothers, Nicholas and John O'Flynn, followed him to this city. Five of the seven children of the family came to America. An extended memorial of Richard O'Flynn was read by Hon. Alfred S. Roe before the Worcester Society of Antiquity, of which Mr. O'Flynn was one of the four founders, at a meeting held April 3, 1906, and subsequently published in the proceedings (p. 37, Vol. 22).

THOMAS FRANCIS O'FLYNN, Principal of the Ledge Street Public School, was born in this city, August 28, 1862, son of Richard O'Flynn (see biography).

He attended the public schools here and graduated from the Worcester Polytechnic Institute in 1882 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. In 1898 he graduated from the State Normal School of Worcester. He has been teaching in the public schools of



CARL A. CARLSON

this city since 1899. From 1899 to 1903 he was a teacher in the Providence street school; principal of the Thomas street school, 1903 to 1906; of the Providence street school, 1906 to 1911; and of the Ledge street school since 1911. He is the author of the "Story of Worcester"—a text book of local history which is used in the public schools. Mr. O'Flynn is president of the Worcester County Schoolmasters Club; and was the first president of the Worcester Branch of the M. S. P. C. A. He is a member of the Massachusetts Teachers Association and of the Economic Club. In politics he is a Democrat; in religion a Catholic.

Mr. O'Flynn married, in this city, April 11, 1888, Julia Mary Crowley, who was born here, a daughter of John and Mary (Toomey) Crowley, both of whom were born in Ireland. Mr. and Mrs. O'Flynn have had two children: 1. George Bernard, born October 27, 1889; graduate of the Ledge street school; English High School (1908); Massachusetts Agricultural College (B. Sc., 1912); Clark University (A. M., 1913); associated in 1912 with Dr. R. J. Floody in the Garden City as supervisor; instructor in the North High School, 1912-13; supervisor of gardens, playgrounds department, Worcester, 1913-14; instructor, biology department, Classical High School, since 1914; member of Kappa Gamma Phi fraternity; Sigma of Clark University; of Alhambra Council, Knights of Columbus; and of Bishop P. T. O'Reilly Assembly, fourth degree, Knights of Columbus; Worcester County Teachers Association; Massachusetts Teachers Association; director of the High School Masters Club. 2. Genevieve Gertrude, born January 18, 1892, died February 21, 1894. Mr. O'Flynn's home is at No. 790 Pleasant street.

CARL AUGUST CARLSON, Superintendent of the Weber Piano Company, was born in Sweden, November 11, 1864. He was educated in the public schools of his native place and graduated from the grammar school. He learned the trade of cabinet-maker in the shop of L. A. Larson at Wingåker, Sweden, and worked at this trade until he came to this country in September, 1887. He came to this city and found employment at his trade in the shops of Norcross Brothers, the builders and contractors, and continued there until 1892.

From 1893 to 1900 he was foreman for the firm of Clemence & Searles, manufacturers of builders' finish at No. 74 Central street. He was foreman in the case-making department of the Votey Organ Company, at Garwood, New Jersey, until October, 1911, when he became superintendent of the case factory of the Weber Piano Company, No. 57 Jackson street, Worcester, a position he has filled since that time. This concern employs about two hundred skilled mechanics, mostly woodworkers, in the manufacture of upright and grand piano cases and the cabinets for the Aeolian Vocalions.

Mr. Carlson had military training in Sweden, serving in the infantry for periods during the years 1884-85. He is a member of Athelstan Lodge, A. F. and A. M.; Aletheia Grotto, No. 13, M. O. V. P. E. R.; Thule Lodge, No. 139, I. O. O. F.; the Swedish Masonic Club of Boston, and the Svea Gille Association, of which he has been treasurer since 1914.

Mr. Carlson married in this city, May 9, 1888, Emma Christina Carlson, who was born in Sweden in 1864. They have four children: 1. Edith, born May 25, 1889; graduate of the high school at Westfield, New Jersey; married, in June, 1912, E. G. Anderson. 2. Elsie Elizabeth, born November 9, 1890; graduate of the State Normal School, Montclair, New Jersey, 1911. 3. Carl Roy, born April 28, 1901; student in the South High School. 4. Russell William, born January 3, 1906.

ROLAND VINCENT MARSOLAIS, Treasurer of the Worcester Flexible Tubing Company, was born in Clinton, Massachusetts, October 10, 1894, son of Joseph F. and Julia A. (Nault) Marsolais. Joseph F. Marsolais was born in St. Helene, Ontario, Canada; began to peg shoes when but eleven years old; came to the United States when nineteen and learned the machinist's trade. He is a resident of Boston, and at present superintendent of the Wheeler Reflector Company of Boston. He is president of the Worcester Flexible Tubing Company of this city. His wife, Julia A. (Nault) Marsolais, was born in St. Bartholomew, Province of Quebec, August 18, 1866. They had three other children: Beatrice S., Alice B. and Irene R. Marsolais.

Roland V. Marsolais attended the Greendale public school, completing the course in 1908, and the English High School in this city, graduating in 1912. He began his career in business at the works of the Norton Grinding Company, learning the trade of machinist. At the end of a year and a half he left this concern and spent the next two years as salesman in the Boston Store in this city. The Worcester Flexible Tubing Company was organized January 1, 1916, and he became treasurer and manager at that time. The business was established in the building at No. 65 Beacon street. The company has valuable patents on flexible tubing and has already

built up an industry of importance, with a very promising future. Mr. Marsolais is a member of Sagatabscot Tribe, No. 59, Improved Order of Red Men. He is fond of music, a skillful player himself, and for a number of years has been a member of the Worcester Symphony Orchestra and Battery B and Brigade Military bands.

Mr. Marsolais married, in Pontiac, Rhode Island, September 26, 1917, Elizabeth E. Whittaker, who was born in Dover, New Hampshire, February 26, 1895, daughter of James and Catherine Alice (Wint) Whittaker. Her father, born August 18, 1868, in Manchester, England, is a self-made man, starting at the age of ten in the cotton mills; moving to Canada when sixteen; now superintendent of the Pontiac Mills of the B. B. & R. Knight Cotton Company at Pontiac, Rhode Island. Her mother was born in Manchester, England, January 1, 1871, died December 5, 1911.

HENRY ODIN TILTON, Sales agent of the General Electric Company, was born in Lexington, Massachusetts, June 1, 1885, son of Josiah Odin and Hattie A. (French) Tilton. Josiah Odin Tilton is a physician, practicing in Lexington, Massachusetts; served the town as chairman of the Board of Health and of the Park Commissioners, and in various other offices of trust.

Henry Odin Tilton graduated from the Lexington High School in 1902, and from Harvard College (A. B., 1907). From the month of graduating from college to the present time he has been in the employ of the General Electric Company. He began in the sales department of the Boston office; in 1910 he spent part of the year in the factory at Lynn, and was again in the Boston office in 1910-11. Since then he has been sales agent for the company in charge of the Worcester office. He is a member of the National Electric Light Association; Kappa Sigma fraternity; Worcester Rotary Club; Harvard Club of Worcester; Central Congregational Church.

Mr. Tilton married, September 30, 1914, Olive Northrop Fobes, of Lexington, Massachusetts, daughter of Edwin Francis and Jessie (Burnell) Fobes. They have two children: Edwin Odin, born August 2, 1915, and Harriet, born March 19, 1918.

STEPHEN IRELAND, Superintendent of agencies of the State Mutual Life Assurance Company, was born in Somerville, Massachusetts, November 5, 1883. He was five years old when the family moved to Winchester, Massachusetts, where he attended the public schools, graduating from the high school in 1899. After completing a course in Comer's Commercial College in Boston, he entered the employ of the Home Life Insurance Company, in Boston. Three years later he became a cashier in the Boston office of the State Mutual Life Assurance Company. In the service of this company he came to Worcester, in 1908, and has been in the home office since that time. Since June, 1916, he has been superintendent of agencies. (See history of the company in this work). He is a member of the Worcester Country Club; the Economic Club and the Chamber of Commerce. In politics he is a Republican, and attends the Old South Congregational Church.

Mr. Ireland married, at Woburn, Massachusetts, August 10, 1908, Gertrude L. Lord, who was born in Portland, Maine, daughter of Edwin G. and Latina (Gupill) Lord. Her father was a restaurant keeper in Portland, and died in Boston, in 1909. Her mother now resides in Parsonfield, Maine. Mr. and Mrs. Ireland have one child, Russell Dana, born in Worcester, January 6, 1912. Their home is at No. 8 Ivanhoe road.

Rasselas Warren Ireland, father of Stephen Ireland, was born in Watertown, Massachusetts, and died in Winchester, December 26, 1892, aged fifty-two years. He was a contractor and builder in Winchester; served three years and three months in the Civil War, in the First Heavy Artillery Regiment. He married Adeline Perkins, who was born in Watertown, and died in Winchester, September 20, 1913, aged fifty-nine years. They had nine children, five of whom are living: Addie, married Robert G. Stevens (deceased) of Hyde Park; Ruth M., widow of Graham L. Bruce, of Boston; Eunice, married Dr. Nathaniel R. Mason, of Boston, now in the military service in France; Sarah L., married Stanley B. Bowman, now second officer in the United States merchant marine.

THOMAS MOORE ROGERS, Shoe manufacturer, dealer in shoe findings, president of the Worcester Electric Light Company, was born in Holden, Massachusetts, in 1818, only son of Nathan and Mary Cheney Moore Rogers, though both parents had children by previous marriages.

At the age of twelve he was doing a man's work, attending the district schools in winter. He was a student in Westfield Academy one term. When he was seven-teen years old he "bought his time" of his father for a hundred dollars, and by the time he was of age he had saved a considerable sum besides paying for his freedom. In 1840, when he was twenty-two, he came to Worcester and entered the employ of

Blake & Trumbull, grocers, in the Butman block. In the following year he engaged in business with a partner under the firm name of Smith & Rogers in the manufacture of goatskin shoes at the corner of Main and Mechanic streets, but the stock of the new firm was destroyed two months after its store was opened. The firm could not resume business. Afterward he was in business for a time in Oswego, New York, having a retail shoe store. In 1842 he resumed the manufacture of shoes in Worcester; in 1844 he entered into partnership with John P. Southgate in the leather and shoe findings business. Their store at first was at the corner now occupied by the Piper block; in 1850 they removed to the Rogers block at the corner of Main and Pleasant streets. With several partners in succession Mr. Rogers continued in business until 1873, when he retired. His real estate holdings at that time were very large, demanding all his time. He purchased the Deacon Brooks farm at South Worcester, through which he laid out Southgate and Canterbury streets, both of which are now densely populated. He also bought valuable lots on Front and Trumbull streets when land was cheap. In 1863 he built the first large brick block on Front street west of Church street and east of Harrington Corner. In 1869 he built Rogers block. In 1880, in partnership with Edwin Morse, he built the Odd Fellows block on Pleasant street; in 1883 he erected a business building in Salem square. He built his residence at the corner of High and Chatham streets in 1868. He became very wealthy, largely through the shrewd investment of his capital in Worcester real estate. He was president of the Worcester Electric Light Company until he died. In politics he was a Republican. He was a member of Union Congregational Church. He was a member of the Common Council in 1877-78, and in the Board of Aldermen in 1886-87. He died July 9, 1901.

Mr. Rogers married, April 19, 1843, in Worcester, Mary S. Rice, daughter of Israel and Charlotte Rice, of Shrewsbury. Their children were: Ellen Frances, born here July 7, 1844; Walter Thomas, born September 23, 1847, died February 12, 1865.

JESSE PARTELOW TABER, Contractor and builder, real estate promoter, was born in Upham, New Brunswick, April 15, 1850, son of George and Mary Jane Taber. He was educated there in the public schools, and during his boyhood assisted his father in the work of the farm and in lumbering. In 1871 he came to Worcester and here he has made his home since then. He worked at the carpenter's trade until 1877, when he started in business as a contractor on his own account. He continued in business with uniform success until recently, when he retired to devote all his attention to his real estate interests. He built many fine residences in the city and has been very successful in developing real estate. Mr. Taber has been prominent in municipal affairs. In politics he is a Republican. He was a member of the Common Council in 1896-1908-09-10-11; of the Board of Aldermen, 1913; of the Republican City Committee, 1890-96. He is a member of Damascus Lodge, Knights of Pythias, and a past chancellor; trustee of the Knights of Malta and past commander; member of Improved Order of Red Men; trustee of Grace Methodist Church.

Mr. Taber married, September 29, 1874, Nellie Almira Willoughby, of Hollis, New Hampshire, born September 29, 1853. Their children are: 1. Mary Elizabeth, born March 31, 1877, married James Forrest Howe, of Chicopee Falls, Massachusetts, a graduate of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute. 2. Nellie Florence, born November 22, 1881, married George M. Hardy, superintendent of the Electric Light Company.

Mr. Taber is of the eighth generation from Philip Taber, who was born in England, in 1605, settled in Watertown, Massachusetts, as early as 1634; later of Yarmouth, Massachusetts, Martha's Vineyard and New London, Connecticut, and Providence. He was a teacher by profession. The family was located at Dartmouth, Massachusetts, for several generations. Jesse Taber (5) was born in Monmouth county, New Jersey, where his father settled about 1738; was a Loyalist and went to New Brunswick at the close of the Revolution. Mr. Taber is vice-president of the Taber Family Association, of which Frederick Taber, of New Bedford, is president. A history of the family is being compiled.

EUGENE FRANK GRAY. The ancestors of Eugene F. Gray, of Worcester, Massachusetts, came from Great Britain to Northern New York, and there John C. Gray, father of Eugene F. Gray, was born in 1830, at Palatine, Montgomery county. He settled in Watertown, Jefferson county, and there his son, Eugene F., was born. The Grays came to New York prior to the Revolution and served with the Colonial forces against the King. John C. Gray, an ice merchant, resided at 111 North Third street, Watertown, New York, where he died on December 12, 1918, after celebrating his eighty-ninth birthday.

Eugene F. Gray, son of John C. and Isabelle Amelia (Kilborn) Gray, was born in Watertown, Jefferson county, New York, June 6, 1868, and there was educated in public school and business college. He learned the business of interior decoration, and at the age of eighteen began contracting in that line. He remained in Watertown until reaching the age of twenty-one, then went to Scranton, Pennsylvania. He spent two years from the fall of 1890 until the fall of 1892 with the Charles Griffin studio on Wyoming avenue. On returning to Watertown he opened a studio on State street and Public square in the new Smith building. He studied photography in his home town, Watertown, New York, under A. A. Johnson, and at Watertown conducted a photo gallery for eight years. He sold the Watertown business in 1899 and removed to Hartford, Connecticut, January 1, 1900, remaining there three years, managing the De Larneter studio. While in Watertown, New York, he was the organizer and originator of Corona Lodge, No. 705, of which he was the second presiding officer. Since 1903 he has confined himself largely to home portraiture, a branch of his art in which he has attained the highest reputation. From 1913 until 1915 he was vice-president and manager of the Louis Fabian Bachrach Company, resigning to conduct his own private business. His studio, originally at No. 1 Chatham street, was later moved to No. 476 Main street, its present location. He is skilled in the technique of his art, but more than all possesses the true artistic spirit. The spirit has not been acquired, but is nature's gift, he having begun landscape painting when a lad of thirteen, and before reaching his majority his work commanded good prices for amateur work, several of his paintings selling for one hundred dollars each.

Mr. Gray is a member of the Photographer's Association of America; the Photographer's Association of New England; Watertown (New York) Lodge, No. 49, Free and Accepted Masons; Watertown Chapter, No. 59, Royal Arch Masons; is past noble grand of Corona Lodge, No. 705, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Aletheia Grotto, M. O. V. P. E. R., of Worcester; Worcester Chamber of Commerce; Worcester Retail and the National Credit Men's Association; the Grotto Club of Worcester, and the Worcester Kiwanis Club. He joined the Blue Lodge of Masons in 1893 at Watertown and the Chapter the following year. He is a member of All Saints Universalist Church of Watertown, New York.

Mr. Gray married, in Watertown, New York, September 25, 1894, Sarah Emily Hickok, born in Watertown, daughter of George Francis and Jennie Elizabeth (Jackson) Hickok. Mr. and Mrs. Gray are the parents of five children: 1. Clarence Carlton, died in infancy. 2. Leland Eugene, born in Watertown, New York, January 5, 1897; was in the United States Army, department of Photographic Aeronautics, stationed at Rochester, New York; honorably discharged December 18, 1918. 3. Isabelle, died, aged twenty-two months. 4. Henry Harold, born in Hartford, Connecticut, January 11, 1903, a high school student. 5. Dorothy Adeline, born in Waterbury, Connecticut, September 23, 1904.

CHARLES NUTT, Journalist, genealogist, historian, was born in Natick, Middlesex county, Massachusetts, September 26, 1868, and died September 26, 1918, at Wareham, Massachusetts, the son of Colonel William and Abigail (Puffer) Nutt. His preparatory education was acquired in the schools of his native place, he graduating from the Natick High School in 1886, president and valedictorian of his class. He then entered Harvard University, took second-year honors in physics in 1887, and was graduated in 1890 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, *magna cum laude*, both for general rank and for honors in physics. During his course in school and college, Mr. Nutt did newspaper work for the Natick "Bulletin," Natick "Citizen" and Boston "Evening Record," this experience laying the foundation for his after career in journalism, he having been one of the best known men in that line throughout his section of the State of Massachusetts. In 1890, the year of his graduation from Harvard, he accepted a position as reporter on the staff of the Worcester "Daily Spy," for many years the leading paper in that thriving city, and in the following year, having gained additional experience, he founded "The Paragraph," in New Rochelle, New York, and later became the owner of newspaper and printing plants at New Rochelle and Mamaroneck, New York. On October 1, 1899, he purchased the Worcester "Daily Spy" and conducted it until June 1, 1904, a period of five years, when it passed out of his hands and was suspended. The plant was destroyed by fire, May 21, 1902, and the loss was disastrous to the business. He disposed of the New Rochelle "Paragraph," November 1, 1900, and the Mamaroneck "Paragraph" to Charles F. Rice. With thorough training, true journalistic instinct, broad knowledge of affairs, he reflected honor upon his profession, and in his conduct of the various papers with which he was identified he made them the exponent of the highest interests of the community, of the State and of the Nation.



Charles Nutt

In addition to his journalistic work, Mr. Nutt devoted considerable time to genealogical research, in which he was an expert, and from 1904 until his death was associated with the Lewis Publishing Company, of New York, and at the time of his death was watching through the press the later pages of a monumental work which he had already completed—"A History of Worcester," which will be read with great interest by his many friends and acquaintances in Worcester, his adopted city. He completed a history of the First Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, which was begun by the late Hon. Alfred S. Roe; wrote a history of the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works, one of the largest enterprises in Worcester, and was the author of several other books which received favorable comment from the press and from the reading public.

Although so much of his time and thought were given to the duties above mentioned, Mr. Nutt was also an active participant in political affairs, in which he took a keen interest, and was chosen by his fellow-citizens to serve as delegate to various Republican conventions, including the State Convention when the late Theodore Roosevelt was nominated for Governor of New York. He was the candidate of the Republican party for the office of supervisor; during the presidential campaign of 1904 was in charge of the Speakers' Bureau of the Massachusetts Republican State Committee; was chairman of the Fourth Ward Republican Committee of New Rochelle, New York, and treasurer of the New Rochelle Republican Club. Mr. Nutt held membership in the Massachusetts Sons of the American Revolution; the New England Historic-Genealogical Society; the Worcester Society of Antiquity; Huguenot Council, Royal Arcanum; and Huguenot Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, both of New Rochelle; and during his collegiate course was a member of the Pierian Sodality, in which he played the double bass, and he was also a member of various other clubs.

Mr. Nutt married (first) August 26, 1891, Ada Sophia Robinson, born March 5, 1871, at Natick, died November 17, 1909, at Worcester, daughter of Walter Billings and Ella Maria (Bullard) Robinson. He married (second) at Haverhill, New Hampshire, November 28, 1911, Lucia Jeanette Morrill, born November 28, 1885, at Benton, New Hampshire, daughter of Eben and Nancy (Holt) Morrill, of Haverhill, New Hampshire. Children by first wife: 1. Isabel Ella, born at New Rochelle, New York, June 27, 1892; married, February 15, 1919, Robert Trumen Bamford, United States Navy, of Ipswich, Massachusetts. 2. Harold, born December 3, 1893, at New Rochelle, New York; graduate of Worcester Polytechnic Institute, class of 1916. 3. Arthur, born February 6, 1895, at New Rochelle, New York; graduate of Worcester Polytechnic Institute, class of 1916; married, November 29, 1917, Anne Josephine Dewey, of Buffalo, New York, daughter of Frank Cline and Helen May (Keon) Dewey. 4. Dorothy May, born August 23, 1897, at New Rochelle, New York. 5. Charles Stanley, born at Worcester, November 10, 1899; seaman, United States Navy, on United States Steamship "Kansas." Child by second wife, born at Worcester: Ruth Nutt, born April 7, 1913.

In the death of Mr. Nutt the city of Worcester lost a man who had made a name for himself in the city of his adoption, a man of courage and determination, of untiring energy, who added to these qualities the courtesy of a gentleman. Burial was in Dell Park Cemetery, Natick, Massachusetts.

ROGER FREEMAN UPHAM. President of the Worcester Mutual Fire Insurance Company, was born in Worcester, September 15, 1848, died April 10, 1917, son of Freeman and Elizabeth (Livermore) Upham. His father was born in Mansfield, Connecticut, April 1, 1805, died in Worcester, February 1, 1876; for many years a prominent builder and contractor in Worcester; married Elizabeth, daughter of David Livermore, of Spencer, and Roger F. was the only child. Mr. Upham was a descendant in the ninth generation from the first settler, John Upham, who was born in England in 1603 and came to America with Rev. Joseph Hull's company in 1635, accompanied by his wife Elizabeth, sister Sarah, and three children, locating at Weymouth; he served on the committee to acquire the Indian title to the lands in that town; was magistrate; selectman in 1645, 1646 and 1647, and deputy to the General Court; removing to Malden in 1648, he was also selectman there, 1651-53, and commissioner (magistrate); moderator of town meetings; deacon of the church twenty-four years; and one of the grantees of Worcester at the time of the first settlement.

Lieutenant Phineas Upham, son of the pioneer, and ancestor of Roger F. Upham, was lieutenant of the Malden company in King Philip's War and was mortally wounded in the Great Swamp Fight. Nathaniel Upham, son of Phineas Upham, was a sergeant and also an Indian fighter. Noah Upham, of the next generation, went to Pomfret, Connecticut, and in that section the following generations lived until Freeman Upham came to Worcester. Roger Upham, son of Noah Upham, was the father of Roger Freeman Upham, born 1777, and grandfather of Freeman Upham, mentioned

above. Through his mother Roger F. Upham was descended from Oliver Watson, a soldier of the Revolution, and from the pioneer, John Livermore, who settled in Watertown, in 1638, and his son, John Livermore, also a lieutenant in King Philip's War, and from David Livermore, a soldier in the Revolution, from Spencer.

Roger F. Upham attended the public schools of Worcester and was the salutatorian of the class of 1866 in the Worcester High School. Immediately after graduation he entered the employ of the People's Fire Insurance Company of Worcester as entry clerk, and soon was promoted to the position of bookkeeper. A few years later he became the assistant secretary, an office that he held until the company failed after the disastrous losses in the great fire in Boston in 1872. Soon afterward he entered the service of the Worcester Mutual Fire Insurance Company, of which he was for thirty-five years secretary, for about twenty-five years treasurer, and during the last three years of his life the president.

The Worcester Mutual Fire Insurance Company is the oldest mutual fire insurance company in the State, incorporated by act of the Legislature, February 11, 1823, by leading men of the town and county. Levi Lincoln, the first president, resigned during the first year to become governor of the Commonwealth. Mr. Upham was elected president, January 13, 1914. An account of the company is given in the chapter on insurance in this work. Mr. Upham was among the foremost fire insurance men in the State for many years, able, upright, tactful, and highly respected by all classes of people. He had been president of the Massachusetts Mutual Fire Insurance Union, an organization of the managers of the fire insurance companies of the State, and president of the Worcester Protective Department. For many years he was prominent also in banking circles, as trustee, vice-president and member of the board of investment of the Worcester Five Cents Savings Bank. From early life he was a faithful member of the church and for a long time deacon of the First Baptist Church of Worcester and leader of the Olivet Men's Bible Class in the Sunday School of that church.

In politics he was a Republican and influential in his party and in municipal affairs. He was interested in various charities and benevolent organizations and secretary of the Home for Aged Men, and trustee of the Rural Cemetery Corporation.

Mr. Upham married, June 16, 1875, Clara C. Story, born April 2, 1850, daughter of Simeon N. Story (see biography). They had one child, Edith Story Upham. His widow and daughter reside at No. 38 Fruit street.

Home for Aged Men. An appreciation. Roger F. Upham. Presented to Board of Directors, April 13th, 1917.

The death of Roger F. Upham on April 10th, removes from this Board one who has served it long and well. For more than twenty-four years he held the office of secretary. His heart was in his work, and no one could have been more faithful in the performance of his duties or more helpful to this Institution. It is a sad commentary that he should pass away just at the time that the dream of his life is to be realized by the erection of a new Home. He met the problems of life with courtesy and kindness, combined with an earnestness and energy that was a constant inspiration to his associates. He was a man of the highest ideals, of modest and unassuming manner, always a true and loyal friend and citizen, who won the respect of every one with whom he came in contact. He has left a void that it will be hard to fill, but he has left a record of a stainless character and an unselfish service which will long continue as an example to his fellowmen. We deeply mourn his loss, and if words fail to adequately express our appreciation of his worth, feelings of esteem and affection for him are imprinted in our hearts and cannot be effaced. Our sincerest sympathy is extended to the members of his family in their even greater bereavement.

Tribute to the memory of our late President and Treasurer, Roger F. Upham.

The death of our President and Treasurer, Roger F. Upham, which occurred April 10, 1917, calls for an exceptional testimonial to the faithful and efficient service which he rendered to this Company. Entering its service in 1872, as Assistant Secretary, he was elected Secretary in 1880 and elected Treasurer in 1887, serving as Secretary and Treasurer until January, 1914, when he was elected President and Treasurer, which offices he held at the time of his death. In 1883 he was elected a Director. He was connected with the Company as an Officer for 45 years and as a Director for 34 years. In 1894 he was elected President of the Massachusetts Mutual Fire Insurance Union, and served for three years. He was at the time of his death President of the Worcester Protective Department which maintains the Fire Patrol and was also identified with banking and charitable institutions. His one great desire was to give his very best to the Company and he was always loyally devoted to its interests, and under his able leadership the company has prospered. Certainly no man has been more prominently identified with the interests of Mutual Fire Insurance in this State, or wielded a more powerful influence for good underwriting than he. He was recognized as a National figure in his chosen field.

His death means a great loss to the community in which he lived. His genial, kindly nature and his uniform cordiality will not be forgotten by any who knew him. We sincerely mourn his loss and honor the memory of his splendid character. We extend to the family our sincere sympathy and desire to spread this testimonial upon the records of the Company.

Worcester Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

Worcester, U. S. A.

SIMEON NORMAN STORY, Merchant and jeweler, was born in Norwich, Connecticut, January 24, 1817, died in Worcester, April 9, 1909, son of Isaac and Lucy (Ross) Story. His father was a sailmaker; deacon of the Baptist church; magistrate. The pioneer ancestor of the Story family was William Story, who was born in England, 1614, a carpenter by trade, coming to this country in 1637 and locating in Ipswich, where he afterward owned a mill, followed farming and held various town offices. His son, Samuel Story, removed to Norwich, Connecticut, and in that town and vicinity the ancestors of Simeon N. Story lived afterward.

Simeon N. Story was of the seventh generation from the immigrant. He was educated in the public schools of his native town, and at the age of fourteen left home to learn his trade in the employ of P. & D. Goddard, watch-makers and jewelers in Worcester. After serving an apprenticeship of seven years, he started in business in partnership with Mr. Dunbar, one of his former employers. In 1840 he bought out his partner and continued alone for a period of fifty-five years in Worcester. Few merchants in the city have had so long and successful a record. His name was a household word, standing for high business honor and integrity for three generations. When he disposed of his business on account of advancing age, he continued to occupy himself at his trade by repairing watches and doing other fine work for some of his old customers.

Joining the Baptist church at the age of fourteen, he was baptized by Elder Going in 1831 in the baptismal pool in the Providence and Worcester canal at the corner of Green and Temple streets. He served the church for a long series of years as its treasurer and as superintendent of the Sunday school. In consequence of his forty years' service as deacon, he was made deacon emeritus. From 1846 until the end of his life he was a trustee of the Five Cents Savings Bank, and during most of the time its vice-president. In early life a Whig, he became a member of the Republican party when it was organized and continued so until his death.

Mr. Story married, May 21, 1839, Eunice Howe, daughter of Levi Howe, of one of the old Worcester families. Children: Emma M., and Clara C., who married Roger F. Upham (see biography).

FREDERICK ANTON HAWES, President of Barnard, Sumner & Putnam Company, was born in Oakdale, West Boylston, January 17, 1859, son of Lafayette and Julia (Gilman) Hawes. Lafayette Hawes was born at Weld, Maine, February 12, 1826, and died at Oakdale, February 10, 1874. He was a Forty-niner, sailing in the ship "Regulus" around Cape Horn and remaining in the gold fields three years. During most of his active life, however, he was a shoe manufacturer in Oakdale. He married there, January 1, 1852, Julia Gilman, who died in this city, October 7, 1905, aged seventy-one years, daughter of Samuel and Hannah (Bickford) Gilman, both natives of New Hampshire, and descendants of early pioneers of New England. She was born at Phillips, Maine, August 13, 1830. Mr. Hawes has one brother, Arthur W., who fills a position of responsibility in the Barnard, Sumner & Putnam store. Stephen Johnson Hawes, father of Lafayette Hawes, was born in Goffstown, New Hampshire, December 6, 1784; removed to Weld, Maine; followed farming. His second wife, Betsey (Dalton) Hawes, mother of Lafayette Hawes, died in Weld, Maine, January 26, 1865. Nathan Hawes, father of Stephen J. Hawes, was a soldier in the Revolution and took part in the battle of Bennington when but sixteen years old. In 1840 he bought a farm at Farmington, Maine. Obadiah Hawes, father of Nathan Hawes, was born at Stoughton, Massachusetts, June 12, 1729; removed to Goffstown, New Hampshire. His father, also named Obadiah Hawes, lived in what is now Sharon, Massachusetts; died January 3, 1755. Obadiah Hawes, father of Obadiah Hawes, was born in England about April, 1635, and died in Dorchester in 1690, son of Richard Hawes, immigrant ancestor, who was born in England, 1606, and came to this country in September, 1635, with wife Ann and two children in the ship "Truelove." In all his lines of ancestry Mr. Hawes is descended from the early English settlers of New England.

Frederick A. Hawes attended the public and high schools of his native town and Howe's Business College in Worcester. He began his career in business in the employ of Denholm & McKay. After one year, however, he entered the employ of Barnard, Sumner & Company, and since 1881 has been with that house. He won promotion from time to time; became a buyer and in 1903 general manager. Two years later he was made treasurer and manager of the company. In 1911 he was elected president, after the death of Otis E. Putnam, and he has been at the head of the company since that time. (See history of Barnard, Sumner & Putnam Company). Under his administration the business has continued to expand and prosper. Mr. Hawes is also director and vice-president of the Dry Goods Alliance of New York, a buying syndicate composed of department stores in various parts of the

of the country. He is a member of the Worcester Club, Commonwealth Club, Worcester Country Club, Tatassit Canoe Club, the Chamber of Commerce, Worcester Society of Antiquity, the New England Dry Goods Association, and the National Retail Dry Goods Association, New York. Mr. Hawes is unmarried. He makes his home at the Bancroft Hotel.

LUCIUS ADELBERT MURDOCK, Merchant, life insurance agent, was born in Hubbardston, August 28, 1837, and died January 29, 1905, in this city, son of Elisha and Nancy (Temple) Murdock. Until he was eleven years old he lived in his native town and attended the public schools there. He then went to work for William Joslin, and soon proved that he was possessed of business ability and thrift, as well as the capacity for hard labor. He was but fifteen years old when he bought a farm in Hubbardston, and in three years he had cut wood enough to pay for the property. He sold the farm and located in East Templeton, where he became stationary engineer for the Derby Chair Company, and afterward was in the employ of William Smith, manufacturer of tinware in Templeton Center. In 1861 the business was moved to Worcester, and Mr. Murdock became a partner of his former employer, under the firm name of Smith & Murdock. The store of the firm was at No. 174 Main street. They made tinware, and dealt in silver and tin goods. The firm was dissolved in 1873, and Mr. Murdock engaged in business with his son Frank L., dealer in wool stock in a store in Bigelow court. In 1880 Mr. Murdock was appointed general agent of the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company of Philadelphia, with offices in Boston, and he withdrew from business in this city. For twenty-five years he filled this position with the Penn company, and built up a large business.

Mr. Murdock's home was at No. 21 Highland street, in this city. He attended Plymouth Church, of which he was one of the founders. He was a charter member of the Brookline Lodge of Elks; member of the Home Market Club.

Mr. Murdock married, November 25, 1858, Ellen Hagar, daughter of Charles White and Lydia Parkhurst (Whipple) Hagar, of Hubbardston. Their children were: Frank Lucius (see biography); William Herbert, born July 10, 1863, died August 24, 1864; Mary Boyden, born March 17, 1870, married (first) Charles Crompton (divorced); and (second) Wilson T. Ide, now principal of the Manual Training School, Des Moines, Iowa.

Mr. Murdock was descended from the pioneer stock of New England. The Murdock line is: Frank L. (7), Lucius A. (6), Elisha (5), Robert (4), Robert (3), John (2), Robert (1). The immigrant, Robert Murdock, was born in Scotland, and came in 1688, with his brother John, to Plymouth. Robert Murdock came to Roxbury in 1692, and removed to Newton in 1703. Robert (3) was a soldier in the Revolution, a lieutenant.

FRANK LUCIUS MURDOCK, Salesman, vice-president, was born in East Templeton, February 29, 1860, son of Lucius A. and Ellen (Hagar) Murdock. (See biography of father). He received his education in the public schools of this city, leaving the high school at the end of his sophomore year to engage in business with his father. Four years later, when his father left the mercantile business to engage in another occupation, the son started in the wool business in the employ of Tower, Wing & Company, of Lawrence, manufacturers of wool stock, and commission merchants. He continued with this company until 1892, when he became vice-president of the Busch & Greenfield Company, of Newark, New Jersey.

Mr. Murdock was formerly one of the board of governors of the Worcester Automobile Club, and of the Home Market Club, Boston; chairman of the executive committee of the National Wool Fibre Association. From 1877 to 1880 he was a private in Company C, Second Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry (the Worcester Light Infantry). In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Murdock married, January 1, 1880, Inez Estelle Budding, daughter of Benjamin Quincy and Lucy Ann (Fessenden) Budding, of this city. She is a member of Col. Timothy Bigelow Chapter, D. A. R., and was for many years a member of the Home Club. Her father was a well known inventor of shoe machinery. Mr. and Mrs. Murdock have one daughter, Alice Camille, born March 22, 1881; married George B. Cutting (see biography).

GEORGE H. CUTTING, Contractor and builder, was born August 17, 1837, at Lyme, New Hampshire, and died December 24, 1907, son of Hiram and Harriet Newell (Chapin) Cutting. When he was quite young his father left the farm at Lyme and removed to a new location at Newport, Vermont. Though never very successful in accumulating money, Hiram Cutting was an able mechanic, such as New England

alone could produce. He drove an eight-horse team between Quincy and Boston. He shod his own horses and ironed his own sleds. He began to farm after he was married at thirty-five. He never confined himself strictly to farming. He framed houses for his neighbors and ironed their wagons and sleds. His mechanical skill was called upon often by the pioneers in Vermont with whom he went to Newport. Perhaps the art of doing things was inherited by George Cutting from his father and other ancestors. He did not like farming. He did more farming than schooling in his youth on the Newport farm. The old district school offered few advantages. Here he learned to read and write and "cipher." That was about all, but he was a persistent reader and early in youth formed a habit of reading at every opportunity. There are few men in his business with a better education along the technical lines necessary for success in constructing buildings.

But he did not break loose from the farm at once. He "worked out" a year at Coventry for Loren Soper, whose farm was about two miles from the Cutting home. At seventeen he went to work at Derby, Vermont, for William Norris, a carpenter, and learned the trade in seven months. He told his father that he was not born to be a farmer and the father consented to have him follow the trade he had learned. He worked two years at the carpenter trade in St. Johnsbury, Vermont. The following two years he spent in the sash and blind factory of Orrin L. Stevens at St. Johnsbury. Here he had excellent mechanical training and mastered the art of wood working in its finer branches. After he left the Stevens factory he worked for John D. Chase, who manufactured mill machinery. One of his first positions was to set up some mills at Troy, Vermont, for May, Aiken & Smalley. This firm did a general business. They had saw mills, shingle mills, flour mills, an extensive plant.

George H. Cutting came to Worcester in 1863 and worked with his brother in the wood-working shop of Russ & Eddy for about two years, when he had to give it up on account of ill health. He went back to Troy, Vermont, and opened a shop where he built all kinds of vehicles. After about two years he returned to Hartford, Connecticut, and became superintendent in the business of William S. White. He had charge of a brick yard, lumber mill, grist mill, and general lumber and builders' finish business. He remained in this position for about nine years. He then took charge of the completion of a contract interrupted by the death of the contractor in building the First Congregational Church in Meriden, Connecticut.

He then came to Worcester and entered into partnership with J. W. Bishop as contractors and builders. After a very successful business of a few years the firm was dissolved and each partner went into business for himself. George H. Cutting was at the head of the firm, Cutting, Bardwell & Company. His partners were Everett J. Bardwell, Burton C. Fiske and William W. Carter. Among the large contracts of this firm were: The construction of the Young Men's Christian Association building at Fitchburg, Massachusetts, the Leominster town hall, Unitarian church, Leominster Bank building, four large mills at Ludlow, Massachusetts, for the Ludlow Company, and handsome private residence in Boston, for Mr. Hubbard of the Ludlow Company, on Commonwealth avenue and, for Mr. Hubbard of the company, on Bay State road, in all amounting to over a million dollars; the Grosvenor cotton mills, extensive brick buildings at Grosvenor, Connecticut, and Cutting, Bardwell & Company constructed the hydrant system at Grosvenor Dale, Connecticut. They built the Medford High School building, one of the first modern buildings for school purposes in Boston. They built many buildings in Boston, for the Boston Wharf Company, the plant of the Norwood Press, established by Grafton Cushing, of Norwood, Massachusetts, and the New Pearl Street Baptist Church at Hartford, Connecticut, on Farmington avenue.

In 1900 Mr. Bardwell sold his interests in the firm to his partners. Mr. Cutting's son, George B., entered the firm, and the name of the firm was changed to G. H. Cutting & Company with Mr. Fiske and Mr. Carter remaining partners. From that time on the business has been one of the most successful. In the spring of 1900 Mr. Cutting went South to begin the erection of a series of cotton mills and they achieved unusual success in this new field. He built first at Gainesville, Georgia, one of the largest cotton mills in the South. Besides the brick buildings he erected one hundred and eighty tenements. The buildings form a village in themselves just outside the city limits of Gainesville, near the New Holland Spring. The firm had the contract next for the Gainesville cotton mills, about two miles from the Pacolet mills. Here a modern brick mill with a capacity of thirty thousand spindles was erected, and besides eighty houses for the employees were erected. Mr. Cutting took personal charge of this work in the South. He built a large new mill at Abbeville, South Carolina, then a mill with a capacity of thirty thousand spindles at Greenville, South Carolina. This is known as the Woodside mill and the company had also seventy-five houses for employees built by this firm. They also constructed the famous Bluck mill of the Anderson Cotton Mill Company, at Anderson, South Carolina. This mill has a capacity of thirty thousand spindles and is a new departure in mill construction in that it is only one story high.

When the plant at Gainesville for the cotton company was wrecked in 1903, Mr. Cutting had the contract to restore the buildings. In the same year the same thing happened to the Pacolet mills. Two mills were washed out, dams destroyed, and warehouses swept away. He restored the dam, rebuilt mill No. 3, and built on the site of Mill No. 1 a forty thousand spindle mill, one hundred and seven by five hundred feet. The damage done at Pacolet by that cloudburst amounted in less than an hour to one million, five hundred thousand dollars. Among other buildings not mentioned that this firm built in the South was the new Baptist church at Spartanburg, South Carolina, said to be the finest church in the State. It is yellow brick trimmed with brown-stone. The firm has been carrying on an equally large business in the North. They built the Weymouth, Massachusetts, Public Library. They built two large buildings at Quincy for the Fore River Ship Building Company, one an erecting room one story high, sixty by two hundred feet, the other a large galvanizing room. They had the contract to build the Worcester and Southbridge Railroad at Charlton, Massachusetts. They constructed new quarters for the woolen mills of Dexter & Son at Newport, New Hampshire, replacing those built eighty years before. They built three large mills at Ludlow, Massachusetts, for the Ludlow Associates, a residence at Hudson for ex-Congressman Apsley, a spacious addition to the Grafton flax works, ten tenement houses and storehouse at Barre for Wiley & Company, in connection with their carding plant, a thirty thousand dollar summer home and seventeen thousand dollar stable and servants' quarters at Newport, Rhode Island. They had a large contract at Winooski, Vermont, for two mills. The American Woolen Company built one, the Burlington mills the other.

In addition to the business of G. H. Cutting & Company, Mr. Cutting was interested in the granite business. With Peter Ross he bought the Milford Granite Company with quarries at Milford, Massachusetts, and bought more land in Milford until they owned some two hundred acres. The granite business was incorporated as the G. H. Cutting Granite Company. This company joined forces with Norcross Brothers, The Bay State Granite Company, the Milford Pink Granite Company, and formed the Consolidated Milford Quarries, a corporation of which O. W. Norcross was made president. B. C. Fiske, F. H. Dewey, Lois Britton, George O. Draper and George H. Cutting, directors. Among the large contracts that Mr. Cutting's company had at the time of merging was the State of New York monument on Lookout mountain where was fought the "Battle above the Clouds" in the Civil War. This monument cost about seventy-five thousand dollars, and was three thousand feet above the Tennessee river. In 1903 Mr. Cutting had his second serious illness. He had a severe attack of nervous dyspepsia from which he slowly recovered. He loved his business, was one of the best-informed men in his line of work, and was always a student of papers and books that dealt with the art and science of architecture. He was independent in both politics and religion. He was a Mason, having joined the order when he was in St. Johnsbury, Vermont. He was made master Mason in the lodge at Troy, Vermont, and was elected secretary. He was senior warden and master of the lodge, but left the town during his term of office. He took the chapter and council degrees at Hartford, Connecticut, and joined the Worcester County Commandery after he returned to Worcester.

Mr. Cutting married, September 19, 1863, Vamelia Houston, daughter of James Houston, who was the son of James Houston, of Waterbury, Vermont. They have one son, George B. Cutting, born at Troy, Vermont, July 16, 1864. Since 1889 Mr. Cutting has resided at No. 67 Cedar street.

AMOS PORTER CUTTING, Architect, was born September 13, 1839, son of Hiram and Harriet Newell (Chapin) Cutting. He died February 6, 1896, at Los Angeles, California. He married Lora Jane Smith, daughter of Thomas Smith. Children: 1. Amos Walter, born February 7, 1870. 2. Nellis May, died young. 3. Minnie Gertrude, born February 10, 1872; married, September 9, 1896, Nelson S. Pike, of Worcester, resides in Worcester. 4. Frank Herbert, born May 3, 1874; married Marion I. Gates, daughter of Edwin Gates, of Worcester, November 10, 1897. 5. Jennie, born June 26, 1877; married Alfred E. Studley, October 8, 1901. 6. Harry Smith, born November 1, 1879; married Violet E. Craft, of Worcester, October 14, 1903, resides in Worcester. 7. Arthur Grover, born October 22, 1881; married Grace A. Fisher, of Belchertown, Massachusetts, January 1, 1902, resides in Springfield. 8. Norman Seth, died young. 9. Florence, died young. 10. Daisy Lena, born November 1, 1886.

GEORGE BRADLEY CUTTING, Formerly partner of George H. Cutting & Son, was born in Troy, Vermont, July 16, 1864, son of George H. Cutting (see biography). His parents came to this city, March 17, 1865, when he was an infant, and

he has resided here since then. He was educated in the public schools and graduated from the Classical High School in 1884. After a business experience of two years he studied architecture in the office of his uncle, Amos Porter Cutting (see biography). After following the profession of architect for six years he was admitted to partnership in his father's business under the firm name of George H. Cutting & Company, builders and contractors. The firm conducted a very extensive business in all parts of the country and continued until the time of his father's death in 1907. Since then he has been associated with F. W. Mark, builder and contractor. He is a thirty-second degree Mason, a member of Athelstan Lodge; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; the Massachusetts Consistory. He is also a member of the Worcester Agricultural Society and formerly of the Automobile Club. In politics he is a Republican. He attends the First Universalist Church. His home is at No. 67 Cedar street.

Mr. Cutting married (first), December 19, 1894, Janet Chapin, and had one child, Ezra Chapin, born June 3, 1897. He married (second), Alice Camille Murdock, daughter of Frank L. Murdock (see biography). They have one child, Mrs. Cutting is a member of the Memorial Charity Club and of Colonel Timothy Bigelow Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution.

Mr. Cutting is a descendant in all his lines of ancestry from the pioneers of New England. The Cutting line is: George B. (8), George H. (7), Hiram (6), Bela (5), Isaac (4), Hezekiah (3), James (2), Richard (1). Richard Cutting, the immigrant, was born in England in 1623 and came to New England in the ship "Elizabeth" of Ipswich in 1634 in charge of Henry Kimball; settled in Watertown; was a wheelwright; died March 21, 1695-96. Isaac Cutting (4) settled in Windham county, Connecticut. Bela Cutting (5) located in Lyme, New Hampshire. Mr. Cutting is also a descendant of Deacon Samuel Chapin, one of the founders of Springfield. The Chapin line is: Harriet (7) (wife of Hiram Cutting); John (6), of Lyme; John (5), of Milford, Massachusetts; John (4), of Milford; Captain Seth (3), of Milford; Josiah (2), of Mendon; Deacon Samuel (1). Thomas Wedge was another immigrant ancestor.

EARL B. MORGAN, Safety engineer of the Norton Company, was born in Moulton, Iowa, November 14, 1884, son of A. R. Morgan. After attending the graded schools of his native town, he became a student in the Manual Training and High School in Memphis, Tennessee, and later of the St. Louis High School, from which he graduated in 1900. After a few years he entered Washington University at St. Louis, Missouri, and was graduated in 1908 with the degree of Bachelor of Science, taking both civil and mechanical engineering courses. His graduation was delayed on account of his need for funds to pursue the course. He won a scholarship through his prominence in athletics. While a student he was away from college for fourteen months in engineering work at Galveston, Texas, and for two months in the West in the employ of the Union Pacific Railroad.

After graduating, he entered the employ of general contractors and was engaged in the work of constructing large public buildings, such as that of the Seattle Trust Company at Seattle, where he was engaged for two years. He was afterward office engineer for the Rock Island Railways in charge of construction work. After a year with the Union Pacific Railroad Company in construction work, he was engaged in contracting in St. Louis, and at this time began his research in the subject of safety engineering. He taught various mechanical subjects in the evening high schools of the city of St. Louis for three years. He was afterward in the engineering department of the Commonwealth Steel Plants at Gary, Indiana, and Granite City, Illinois, as plants engineer. He continued the study of methods and devices to prevent accidents in steel plants and finally organized a system there.

After the Morgan system was in satisfactory operation at the Commonwealth Steel Company, he came to the Norton Company to put a similar system in operation. He has remained in the employ of this concern as its safety engineer. His duties have extended not only to the protection of the workmen in the great plant of the Norton Company, but in providing proper safeguards on the machines manufactured by the Norton Company. In a booklet written by Mr. Morgan recently there is a description of a great variety of appliances and methods to avoid danger in using grinding machinery. It is entitled "Safety in Cutlery Grinding." In November, 1917, he issued a small folder entitled "Health and Safety for the Guidance of Workman Who May Receive Slight Injuries." From time to time publications of this character have been issued to supplement the work of guarding the machinery in an effort to eliminate accidents of all kinds in the works. The movement to protect the health of employees and to guard against accidents was tremendously stimulated in the mills and factories by recent progressive legislation providing com-

pensation for all injured workmen, and at the same time a great awakening in the interest of employers in the sanitary condition of their plants, in providing physicians and surgeons, establishing hospitals and in innumerable other provisions for keeping workmen and workwomen healthy has been taking place in all parts of the country. But no company has been more progressive in this respect than the Norton Company, which has been a model for others to follow in recent years.

Mr. Morgan is a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers; the American Society of Mechanical Engineers; the National Safety Council, and Kappa Sigma fraternity. He is a thirty-second degree Mason, a member of Tuscan Lodge, and Missouri Consistory, No. 1. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Morgan married, June 2, 1915, Mary Alice Wimmer, daughter of Walter Wimmer. They have one son, Earl B., Jr. Their home is at No. 37 Burncoat street.

ALBERT E. LYONS, President of the Allen-Higgins Wall Paper Company, is a member of the Worcester Country Club. He married Blanche Brainard. Mrs. Lyons is a member of the Woman's Club and of the Worcester Country Club. Their home is at No. 34 Monadnock road in this city.

WALDO LINCOLN, President of the American Antiquarian Society, banker, trustee, was born in this city, December 31, 1849, son of Daniel Waldo and Frances Fiske (Merrick) Lincoln. (See Early Settlers).

He graduated from Harvard College with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1870, and studied for a year afterward in the Lawrence Scientific School of Harvard University. From 1873 to 1893 he was engaged in the manufacture of chemicals and paint in this city. Since then his time has been occupied by the various duties of his positions in banks and other corporations, charitable organizations and historical societies. He devoted much time to the compilation of the Waldo Genealogy, published in two volumes in 1902. He has been engaged for many years in compiling material for the Lincoln Genealogy, not yet published. Historical and genealogical research has been his hobby. He has been a member of the American Antiquarian Society since 1898 and its president since 1907, when he succeeded the late Edward Everitt Hale. In the building of the present library structure, arranging the books, manuscripts and other material he has given in recent years a large part of his time. (See American Antiquarian Society). He is a member of the Massachusetts Historical Society, the Colonial Society of Massachusetts, the New England Historic-Genealogical Society, and the American Historical Association. He is also a member of the Harvard Club, the Natural History Society, the St. Wulstan Society, the Worcester Club, the Worcester Horticultural Society, the Worcester Fire Society, all of this city; the Society for the Preservation of New England Antiquities, the Harvard Club and the Tavern Club of Boston. He is a member of the First Unitarian Church.

Mr. Lincoln married, in this city, June 24, 1873, Fanny Chandler, a daughter of George (6) (John Wilkes (5), Peter (4), Joseph (3), John (2), William (1)) and Josephine (Rose) Chandler, of Worcester, born in Worcester, January 5, 1852. Mrs. Lincoln is a member of the Alliance Francaise, the Colonel Timothy Bigelow Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, the Grandmothers Club, the Worcester Society of Antiquity, the Society for the Preservation of New England Antiquities, the Colonial Dames, the Art Museum and the Horticultural Society. Children, born at Worcester: 1. Merrick (see biography). 2. Josephine Rose, born February 28, 1878; married Frank Farnum Dresser. 3. Daniel Waldo (see biography). 4. George Chandler (see biography). 5. Dorothy, born March 4, 1890, died April 1, 1909, at Singapore. Their home is at No. 49 Elm street.

MERRICK LINCOLN, Physician, surgeon, was born in this city, May 25, 1875, son of Waldo and Fanny (Chandler) Lincoln. He was educated in public and private schools in Worcester and in Harvard University, graduating in 1896 with the degree of A. B. and from the Harvard Medical School in 1900 with the degree of M. D. Afterward he passed eighteen months as house officer of the Massachusetts General Hospital and a year of study in Germany and Vienna. He settled in Worcester in the general practice of his profession and continued until he entered the service. From 1909 to 1912 he was city physician. Since 1911 he has been on the visiting medical staff of the Memorial Hospital. He has paid particular attention to the feeding of young children. He is a member of the Worcester District Medical Society, the Massachusetts Medical Society and the American Medical Association. From time to time he has contributed to various medical journals.

Dr. Lincoln enlisted in April, 1917, in the Medical Officers Reserve Corps and was commissioned first lieutenant. Since August, 1917, he has been in active service and is now (February, 1918) attached to the Three Hundred and Fortieth Infantry, stationed at Camp Custer, Michigan. In politics he is an independent Republican. In

religion he is a Unitarian, and he has been superintendent of the Sunday school of the First Unitarian Church. He is a member of the Harvard Club, the Tatnuck Country Club, the Worcester Club, the Worcester Agricultural Society, the Worcester Fire Society, the Worcester Tennis Club, and the Tavern Club of Boston.

Dr. Lincoln married, in this city, April 29, 1908, Mary Bowker, daughter of Charles H. and Mary (Grant) Bowker, of Worcester. She was born in this city, March 23, 1884. Mrs. Lincoln is a member of the Massachusetts Society of Colonial Dames of America. Their home is at No. 61 William street.

DANIEL WALDO LINCOLN, Lieutenant, lawyer, was born in this city, September 2, 1882, son of Waldo and Fanny (Chandler) Lincoln. He attended private schools in Worcester and the Pomfret School, Pomfret, Connecticut. He entered Harvard College, from which he graduated in 1904 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and studied his profession in Harvard Law School, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1907. Since then he has been practicing law in this city. For several years he was in partnership with Charles H. Derby, but afterward was alone. He was at the Plattsburg camp for officers from May to August, 1917, and was commissioned first lieutenant. He is now (February, 1918) with the Three Hundred and First Infantry stationed at Camp Devens, Ayer, Massachusetts. In politics he is a Republican. He served in the Common Council in 1912-13, and in the Board of Aldermen in 1914-15. He was representative to the General Court in 1916-17. In religion he is a Unitarian, and has been clerk of the Second Parish. He is a member of the Bohemian Club, the Chamber of Commerce, the Harvard Club of Worcester, the Tatnuck Country Club, the Worcester Club, the Worcester County Bar Association, the Worcester County Republican Club, the Worcester Tennis Club, and the Harvard Club of Boston.

Mr. Lincoln married, in this city, December 29, 1917, Harriet Brayton Nichols, daughter of Dr. Charles L. Nichols.

GEORGE CHANDLER LINCOLN, Physician, surgeon, was born in this city, August 6, 1884, son of Waldo and Fanny (Chandler) Lincoln. He attended private schools here and the Hackley School, Tarrytown, New York, entering Harvard College from which he graduated in 1905 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Afterward he was a student in the Harvard Medical School, graduating in 1911 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. For two years after graduating from college he was in the telephone business in Kansas City, Missouri. He settled in Worcester and engaged in the practice of medicine here in 1911, making a specialty of obstetrics. He and his brother, Dr. Merrick Lincoln, shared offices at No. 2 Linden street. He is a member of the Worcester District Medical Society, the Massachusetts Medical Society and the American Medical Association. He enlisted, in April, 1917, in the Medical Officers Reserve Corps and was commissioned first lieutenant. He has been in France since July, 1917, at Base Hospital, No. 101. Dr. Lincoln is a member of the Harvard Club of Worcester, the Worcester Club, the Tatnuck Country Club, the Worcester Tennis Club, and the Harvard Club of Boston.

CARL GUSTAF WESTLUND, President of the Carl G. Westlund Company, was born in Sweden, December 21, 1873. He received his education in the public schools of Sweden and in the evening high schools of this city. He came to Worcester, June 24, 1890, and followed his trade here in various shops. He was employed about a year in the Knowles Loom Works. Afterward he worked for six months in the Whitin Loom Works at Whitinsville, returning here in the employ of Rice, Barton & Fales Machine & Iron Company, where he remained for four years; then for three years with the Crompton Company, Cambridge street, now the Reed-Prentice Company. Afterward he was employed for three years and a half by John J. Adams in his machine shop, and by the Norton Company for three years as assistant foreman of the machine shop. He started in business for himself in September, 1909, at 47 Hermon street, doing repairing under his own name. In 1910 his business was incorporated under the present name of the Carl G. Westlund Company. He began to manufacture friction clutches and cut-off couplings in 1912. In 1913 he moved to another building on Cherry street, and in 1914 to the present location, at 498 Millbury street. In 1915 he began to manufacture engine lathes in addition to his other business, and to make special machinery of all kinds. His inventions have been the basis of the business which has grown rapidly from the beginning. His home is in Auburn.

ELI THAYER, was born in Mendon, Massachusetts, June 11, 1819. He was the seventh in direct descent from John and Priscilla Alden, through Ruth, daughter of Rev. Noah Alden, of Bellingham, who married Eli's grandfather, Benjamin Thayer. W.—II-37.

His early schooling was had in Bellingham Academy and in Amherst Academy, but his immediate preparatory training for Brown University was in the Worcester County Manual Labor High School, which he attended for three years and from which he was graduated in 1840. Even as his preparatory work was interrupted by a year's service helping his father in the country store at Millville; so also was his college career broken by a year of teaching in the Boys' High School of Providence. This school had need of a master hand to restore it to good discipline and the need was filled by Mr. Thayer, whose graduation at Brown was thus delayed until 1845, when he took second honor; and in 1848 he received from his college the degree of Master of Arts. He was inclined to study law, and did qualify for the bar, but did not seek admission. He felt a deep interest in education, and while in college formed certain original ideas and plans regarding the development of an institution for instruction of young women. Early in his senior year, his predecessor, Principal Wheeler, offered him the assistantship in the Manual Labor High School at a salary of \$500. This sole assistantship he declined, but later accepted at \$550 "with prospects of a raise."

During the summer of 1845 he purchased a barren and rocky eminence on the opposite side of Main street from the school known as Goat Hill; subsequently added to his original four acres until he possessed ten, extending from Piedmont street nearly to King street, at \$150 per acre. He began his assistantship in the fall of 1845, and was regarded by Principal Wheeler as a loyal and competent helper and an accomplished teacher. These two men ever after entertained for each other the highest regard and friendship. In 1847, when Principal Wheeler resigned to assume charge of the Worcester High School, Mr. Thayer was elected his successor, though Thayer's name has no mention in the trustee's records during his four years of teaching. It is said of Mr. Thayer that he was invariably good-tempered and patient with his pupils; condoning rather than condemning their shortcomings; helpful to those needing assistance; direct, simple, and clear in his method of instruction. He governed by a quiet confidence rather than by show of power, but the transgressor soon found that offences could not be repeated with impunity. He tolerated no evasion of rules, but is said by his diplomacy to have quietly settled an open rebellion against Principal Wheeler to the satisfaction of the disputants. The catalogue of 1848, the second issued under the new corporate name, Worcester Academy, bears the name of Principal Thayer and one assistant, George Capron, his brother-in-law. The total student enrollment was one hundred and fifty-two, of which nearly one-third were in the "Classical" and the remainder in the "English" department. As a scholar, Mr. Thayer's attainments were high. He was familiar with English and classical literature. Though a man of great dignity and apparent reserve, he showed to those closely associated with him warm feelings of friendship and affection, great benevolence of heart, and practical charity. Taken all in all, he became one of the most eminent of Worcester's citizens.

In the middle of Mr. Thayer's two-year principalship (June, 1848) the trustees entered upon the construction of the four-story brick-and-stone structure known as Academy Hall, in alignment with the two original buildings, the "Mansion House" and "Chapel." The brief life of this fine building is noted in this article. Later in this year (1848), while still principal of the Academy, Mr. Thayer began on Goat Hill the construction of an edifice in which he was to realize his cherished plans for the education of young women. Of this castle-like structure, the "Oread Institute," he was his own architect and he personally supervised its construction. Originally designed to form a quadrangle, the south facade only was built. The stone of which the edifice was built was quarried from the rocky hill on which the Oread stands. So reticent was Mr. Thayer as to his intentions that his purpose in building was not known until the north tower was well under way. The enterprise was nicknamed "Thayer's Folly." But early in 1849 the north tower was completed, and having now resigned the principalship of the Academy, on May 14 of that year Mr. Thayer here opened a school with seven rooms and fourteen boarding pupils. He reserved the remainder of the building for his family and for teaching rooms. Completing the south tower in 1850 and the connecting part in 1852, he had in hand at once a popular school, filled to its capacity with boarding pupils and with day pupils bringing the total of one hundred and fifty names. Twelve teachers were on the staff in 1854. Here Mr. Thayer embodied his long-cherished plans, and in the higher "collegiate" department he offered a four-year course of study closely modelled after that of Brown University. Here was given for the first time in New England education of a collegiate type for women. No Smith, no Wellesley, no Vassar, no Bryn Mawr had heard the demand of women, and no college, save Oberlin, had opened its doors to the sex. At no period of the school's history was it more prosperous than in these years when Mr. Thayer was the active head of the school. It is worthy of note that as his own chapel was too small for a proper audience, the first graduating exercises of the

Oread were held in the Academy Hall Principal Thayer had a few years before been master. The spirit with which Mr. Thayer embarked on this new enterprise, and the independence with which he assumed the entire burden of responsibility for its success or failure, is shown in the following statement from one of its early catalogues:

"Individual effort originated and has so far sustained this institution. It has received no endowments from private munificence or public bounty, except good wishes and liberal patronage; and this is all the endowment it will receive in the future. Whatever may be the result, it must stand on its own merits and the will of the people. We hope that its patronage will never be prompted by any feelings of compassion or condescension. We sell education at cost. If our merchandise is not worth our price, or if we have brought our wares to a market for which there is no demand, we ask no one to share our loss. Oread Castle was founded in good faith under the honest conviction that it might serve the country and the world, by advancing, in some degree, the worthy cause to which it is devoted. Such we hope may be its destiny."

Of his enterprise he found cordial approval and moral support in such eminent men as Presidents Wayland and Sears of Brown, and in the then pastor of the Church of the Unity, Edward Everett Hale.

Mr. Thayer's active mind was not content with solely educational matters, and in the midst of his successful enterprise, the Oread, he began taking active interest in political life. He was elected a member of the School Board in 1852, a position which he held for several years. He gave freely of his time and attention to public affairs, leaving the school more and more to the care of his corps of excellent teachers, and in 1857 he retired from the principalship permanently. In 1853 he became an alderman, and in the following year became a member of the State Legislature.

Mr. Thayer was always interested in beautifying and improving the city of Worcester. Many of the streets in the neighborhood of the Oread and Academy were laid out by him, and he had much to do with the development of the southern part of the city as a manufacturing district. The failing fortunes of the Academy, his former charge, led to his taking a ten-year lease of that school and assuming control, and in 1854 he purchased of the trustees the remainder, about one-quarter of their original sixty acres, with the building thereon. These buildings, with the exception of "The Mansion House," were demolished, and of the bricks of Academy Hall, only six years after its erection, were built the four brick tenements, even now known as "Brick City" on Canterbury street, the very first buildings in those open fields.

The lasting fame of Eli Thayer will not be due to his local reputation as an educator, honorable as that is. His part in the stirring politics of the "Fifties" was unique, efficient, and most valuable. On March 11, 1854, in the City Hall of Worcester, he first divulged his plan to settle the disputed State of Kansas with emigrants from the free states. Most historians have failed to make a clear distinction between the agitation of this period against slavery, *per se*, and the sentiment of the North against the advance of slave power. One was a movement of so-called philanthropy, exclusive of all other considerations. To this party belonged Garrison and his fellow agitators. The other body had to do, as its supporters believed, with the welfare of the Nation, the preservation of the Federal Union, and the maintenance of the true principles of the Constitution and Republican government. To this body belonged Thayer and his co-workers. There was as wide a difference between the Garrisonites and the political workers for the anti-slavery cause as between the Garrison-men and the slave holders.

Mr. Thayer secured from the Massachusetts Legislature the charter of the "Emigrant Aid Society," designed to foster organized emigration from the free states into Kansas, and to utilize the provisions of the "Squatter Sovereignty Act," whereby the question of legalizing slavery was left to the decision of local suffrage. This Society was financed by efforts of Amos Lawrence, of Boston, and his work found permanent recognition in the naming of Lawrence, Kansas, in his honor. And to Eli Thayer fell the task of lecturing and preaching the gospel of organized emigration, a task which he executed with such entire success as to enlist cordial and active support.

Beginning August 1, 1854, when a party of twenty-nine set out to found Lawrence, over five thousand men and women were sent directly by this company. Later Mr. Thayer carried on a similar work in Western Virginia, founding the town of Ceredo, and infusing such healthy sentiments into that part of the country that when the Civil War ensued the State was saved to the Union. Mr. Thayer in his latter days embodied the record of these epochal years in a book entitled, "The Kansas Crusade," a copy of which, bearing his autograph, was recently placed by his son in the Nelson Wheeler Library.

In 1856 Mr. Thayer was elected to the National Congress, retaining his seat until 1861. The admission of Oregon to statehood, in spite of much opposition, was

brought about almost wholly by Mr. Thayer's untiring efforts, which found recognition when he was sent as delegate from that State to the famous National convention of 1860. Under President Lincoln Mr. Thayer was a special confidential agent of the Treasury Department, 1861-62, and in the remaining years of the Civil War he was active in councils of the National government. From 1864 to 1870, Mr. Thayer was New York agent of western railroad interests. He was himself an expert in the matters of invention and often acted as referee in such cases. His later years, in Worcester, were occupied with private pursuits incidental to his land holdings. He spent much time in study and travel.

His long-time friend, the immortal author of "The Man Without a Country," Dr. Edward Everett Hale, says: "Hon. Eli Thayer was a most remarkable person to whom this country is more indebted than it knows. When the Southern leaders chose to throw Kansas and Nebraska open to all emigrants, Mr. Thayer accepted the challenge. In consequence of his prompt action, Kansas became almost immediately a free State, and the population of that State, to this hour, has been a body of self-respecting, intelligent people, fit founders of a great republic."

Ex-President Taft, in his address at the semi-centennial celebration of the founding of Kansas in 1904, says: "These two men, Robinson and Thayer, superintended and guided the movement to preserve this State to the cause of freedom. With their lives often at stake, nothing daunted or discouraged these two patriots. To their one purpose they sacrificed everything but honor and honesty. There are no greater heroes in the history of this country than Eli Thayer of Massachusetts and Charles Robinson of Kansas, who, almost alone and single-handed, entered upon the work of peopling a vast territory with free and brave men so as to forever exclude slavery from its limits."

The author cannot better conclude this monograph than by using the language of the critic of the New York "Herald," directly after Mr. Thayer's death on April 15, 1899: "Eli Thayer is dead! Had this announcement been made four decades ago, it would have convulsed a continent! But, coming as it does, at the latter end of the century, people simply stop and ask, 'Who was Eli Thayer?' Charles Sumner shall supply the answer: 'Kansas should have been named Thayer! I would rather have accomplished what he has done than to be the hero of the Battle of New Orleans.' Nor was Sumner wrong! What Eli Thayer accomplished directly or indirectly through his work in and for Kansas was the final disruption of the Whig party, the birth of the Republican party, the Civil War, the Emancipation of the slaves, the restoration of the Union, and the manifold blessings accrued from these events. Lincoln, Stanton, and Grant were demi-gods compared to Eli Thayer. Yet, Eli Thayer was the humble instrument who made these demi-gods possible to the United States. For it was Eli Thayer, a luke-warm abolitionist, who snatched victory from the jaws of defeat, and who, when the slave oligarchy of the South seemed triumphant turned their triumph into permanent defeat."—George O. Ward, M. D.

In August, 1845, Mr. Thayer married Caroline M. Capron, of Millville. To them were born five daughters and two sons, one of the latter, John Alden, postmaster of Worcester (see biography).

JOHN ALDEN THAYER, Lawyer, later postmaster, former congressman, son of Hon. Eli Thayer, was born in this city, December 22, 1857, and died in Boston, July 31, 1917.

He graduated from Harvard College in the class of 1879 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, ranking ninth in a class of two hundred. He became a teacher in the Oread Institute, of which his father was the proprietor, and afterward was a teacher in Dobbs Ferry, New York. In 1887 he entered Columbia Law School, graduating in 1889. He was admitted to the bar in this city in 1890, and immediately began to practice. For many years he was in partnership with Charles B. Perry under the firm name of Thayer & Perry. Their offices were at No. 340 Main street. In politics he was a staunch Democrat. He was a personal friend of Governor William E. Russell and very active in the campaign that resulted in Mr. Russell's election in 1890. The governor appointed Mr. Thayer clerk of the Central District Court in 1891 and he held that office for five years. He was elected to Congress in 1910 and served one term. He was appointed postmaster, March 3, 1915, and held that office at the time of his death. He was always held in high esteem by the leaders of the Democratic party in City, State and Nation. He threw himself into the work of the postoffice with characteristic energy and the strain affected his constitution, which was never robust. He was a member of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce, the Economic Club, the Harvard Club, the Worcester County Bar Association.

His home was at No. 7 Market road.



Albert S. Rieker

Mr. Thayer married, June 20, 1900, J. Maude Albee, born in Hopkinton, Massachusetts, daughter of Dr. George S. and Elizabeth (MacDonald) Albee. Children: John Alden, Jr., born March 22, 1910, and Elizabeth Albee, born January 22, 1912.

ALBERT SUTTON RICHEY, E. E. Professor, a native of the Central West, is a son of Webster Scott and Julia (Thomas) Richey of Muncie, Indiana. Webster S. Richey was a private in the Eighth Ohio Battery, 1861-1865, and auditor of Delaware county, Indiana, 1890-1894. Albert S. Richey is a great-great-grandson of Major Benjamin Dennis, commissioned as captain of the First Company, Third Regiment of New Jersey, by the Provincial Congress of New Jersey, July 17, 1776. Major Benjamin Dennis was at one time confined in the prison ship "Jersey," in New York harbor, and was killed by Lewis Fenton, a notorious refugee and woods robber, whose outlaw friend, Fagan, had been brought to his merited end through the instrumentality of Major Dennis. Mrs. Benjamin Dennis twice narrowly escaped death, once at the hands of the outlaw, Fagan, and again by a party of Hessians.

Albert Sutton Richey was born in Muncie, Indiana, April 10, 1874. He completed public school courses, with graduation from Muncie High School in 1890, passing thence to Purdue University, Lafayette, Indiana, where he was graduated Bachelor of Mechanical Engineering, class of '94. In 1908 Purdue conferred upon him the degree of Electrical Engineer. Immediately after graduation he entered the service of the Citizens Street Railway Company of Muncie, Indiana, as an electrician, going three years later to the Union Traction Company of Indiana as electrical engineer, later advancing to the post of chief engineer. He continued for ten years with the last named company, then resigned on October 1, 1905, to come to Worcester Polytechnic Institute as Professor of Electric Railway Engineering, a chair he has filled during the fourteen years which have since intervened.

In addition to his duties as an instructor in Worcester Polytechnic Institute, Professor Richey has, during the same period, been practicing as consulting electric railway engineer, and in professional capacity has served many corporations of the business and transportation world. His clients include most of the larger street railway companies of New England. He has attained national reputation in his profession, and was recently selected by the Premier of New Brunswick (Canada) under authority of the Provincial Legislature as a member of a special commission to investigate the affairs of the New Brunswick Power Company and recommend legislation.

In the pursuit of his profession he has become affiliated with many scientific and professional societies and organizations. He is a fellow of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers; member of the American Electric Railway Association; American Railway Engineering Association; National Electric Light Association; and the New England Street Railway Club. The literature of his profession has been enriched by his contributions, his "Electric Railway Handbook," published in 1915, being his most important work. For several years he was an editorial contributor to "The Electric Railway Journal," New York City; and is the author of numerous special reports, among them, "Traffic and Operation of the Springfield Street Railway;" and "A Zone System of Fares for the Boston Elevated Railway." His clubs are the Worcester Country, Engineers of New York, and Engineers of Boston. His college fraternities are the Phi Delta Theta and Tau Beta Pi, the latter an honorary fraternity. In the Masonic order he holds all degrees of the York Rite, and is present senior warden of Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar. In the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite he has attained the thirty-second degree, and in 1916 was sovereign prince of Goddard Council, Princes of Jerusalem, Massachusetts Consistory. His religious affiliation is with the First Presbyterian Church of Muncie, Indiana.

Mr. Richey married, in Worcester, Massachusetts, June 14, 1907, Edith H. Kendrick, daughter of the late George A. and Mary (Flagg) Kendrick. Mr. and Mrs. Richey are the parents of two daughters: Frances, born January 14, 1909, and Janet, born October 6, 1911. The family residence, built by Mr. and Mrs. Richey in 1909, is at No. 9 Regent street, Worcester. Mrs. Richey is a member of Piedmont Congregational Church. The foregoing reveals a man so thoroughly devoted to his own line of work, and so well-grounded and established in that work as to merit his generally accepted position as an authority in the field of electric railway engineering.

WILLIAM SEYMOUR HARDY, Musical conductor and composer, was born in Groveland, Massachusetts, August 21, 1874, son of Allen and Ellen (Morse) Hardy. Allen Hardy was born in Groveland, Massachusetts, May 14, 1840, died in Worcester, March 14, 1918; merchant; served twenty-seven months in the Third

Massachusetts Regiment of Heavy Artillery in the Civil War; married Ellen Morse, who was born in Waterville, Vermont, January 22, 1840.

William S. Hardy attended the public schools of Groveland, and for two years was a student in the high school at Haverhill, Massachusetts. He graduated from the Mt. Hermon School at Mt. Hermon, Massachusetts, in 1893, and entered Dartmouth College in September of that year, leaving college in his sophomore year to engage in musical pursuits. He taught music in Haverhill and Boston, and engaged in orchestral work until coming to this city in the fall of 1901. Early in life he began to write music and he has composed many songs and instrumental pieces. He wrote the class song at Mt. Hermon School. He was a member of the College Glee Club at Dartmouth. He has published most of his compositions, but some have been published by New York and Boston publishers. He writes both music and verse. His best-known work is of a popular nature, well-known throughout New England, and some of them throughout the country. His temperance version of his patriotic song, "I Love the U. S. A.," has been sung by millions and sold in large quantities by the organization known as "The Flying Squadron of America," and the Anti-Saloon League of America, and the National W. C. T. U. A chance meeting brought this song to the attention of Frank Whitbeck, manager of Poli's Theatre. The song made a hit at Poli's, where Vera K. Mullin, soloist of the Flying Squadron, heard it. After singing the song a few times she became enthusiastic over it and requested Mr. Hardy to write a temperance version for it. Miss Mullin demonstrated the song before ex-Governor J. Frank Hanly, of Indiana, head of the Flying Squadron, and Congressman Wayne Stewart, of Illinois, member of the executive committee. In consequence the song was adopted as the official battle song of the Flying Squadron, and has since then been sung at all their meetings in a campaign including all the large cities of the country. Among the singers are D. V. Poling, Frederick Butler, who for several seasons sang a leading role in the Alice Neilson Opera Company, and Vera K. Mullin, who is among the leading concert singers of the West. The Gazette said at the time Mr. Hardy produced this song at Poli's: "I love the U. S. A. It has a swinging melody and there is just enough of the martial pomp and red fire and a mingling of brass to make the number a splendid theatrical piece of property." Other successful songs by Mr. Hardy are: "The School Where Lincoln Went;" "Starland, I Envy You;" "That's Some Honeymoon;" "Sister Louisa;" "A Moonlight Stroll;" "Billy Ballou." He organized Hardy's Orchestra in 1902, and since that time it has won a reputation second to none in Central Massachusetts, if not in all New England. The orchestra consists of from six to twenty men, Mr. Hardy acting as pianist, manager and director.

In politics Mr. Hardy is a liberal Republican, but has taken no active part in public affairs and accepted no public offices. He is a member of Worcester Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; the Dartmouth Club of Worcester; Worcester Rotary Club; Worcester Musicians Association; Theta Delta Chi fraternity; Omicron Deuteron Chapter of Dartmouth. His wife and children are communicants of the Catholic church in Notre Dame parish.

Mr. Hardy married, at the rectory of the Church of the Holy Name of Jesus, January 23, 1902, Corinne Grace Benoit, who was born in Sherbrooke, Province of Quebec, Canada, March 17, 1874, daughter of Narcisse and Sophie Benoit. Her father was born at St. Jacques, Province of Quebec, September 16, 1834, died in this city May 19, 1912; her mother was born in St. Philip, Province of Quebec, May 14, 1841. Mr. and Mrs. Hardy have four children: Floyd Allen, born July 1, 1905; Ruth Corinne, born December 27, 1907; Helen Courville, born July 27, 1910; Jeanette Seymour, born August 19, 1911.

FREDERICK ELLSWORTH BARROWS, Partner in the firm of Irving B. Barrows & Company, plumbers, was born in this city, May 29, 1861, at No. 19 Webster street, where he has always lived. William Dexter Barrows, father of Frederick E. Barrows, was born at Foxborough, Massachusetts, in 1814, died in this city in 1887; a machinist, employed in the factory of Curtis & Marble for forty-seven years; married, in Oxford, Massachusetts, Lydia Ann Brown, who was a native of that town and who died in this city. They had four children: Achsah, died in infancy; George P., now of Medford, Massachusetts, married Lenora Keene, and had two children, George W. and Marion; Frederick Ellsworth; William Anderson, died in 1904, aged forty years, a Worcester merchant. William D. Barrows erected, in 1844, the house in which his son Frederick E. is now living. His father, William Barrows, was also a mechanic, and in his later years lived in Worcester.

Frederick E. Barrows received his education in the public schools of Worcester, leaving at the end of his second year in the high school to become book-keeper for Albert S. Brown, but he left this position in a short time to enter the employ of Curtis & Marble, manufacturers of cloth-finishing machinery, and for



Gilbert G. Davis

a period of thirty-five years continued in the mechanical department of this concern. Since 1914 he has been in partnership with his son under the firm name of Irving B. Barrows & Company, plumbers and dealers in hardware, paints and oils at No. 1088 Main street. Mr. Barrows is a member of the Trowbridge Memorial Church and has been its treasurer for the past thirty-nine years. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Barrows married, March 25, 1886, in this city, E. Mabel Wheeler, who was born in Wrentham, Massachusetts, March 8, 1867, daughter of William A. Wheeler, who was born in Hardwick, Massachusetts, and died in this city at the age of seventy-two years. Her mother, Ellen M. (Hawes) Wheeler, was born in Wrentham, died there at the age of fifty-two years. Mr. and Mrs. Frederick E. Barrows have two children: 1. Irving Brown, born December 19, 1887; founded the firm of Irving B. Barrows & Company in 1914. 2. Elmer Ellsworth, born February 19, 1896; now in the Medical Corps of the United States Army, stationed at Camp Merritt.

GILBERT GATES DAVIS. President and treasurer of the Davis Press, Incorporated, was born in Paxton, Massachusetts, January 27, 1859. He attended the public schools of that town until he was twelve years of age, afterwards the schools in this city, whither his parents removed, and he graduated from the Classical High School in 1881. For five years he was clerk in the book store of Putnam & Davis. He then entered into partnership with George L. Sanford under the firm name of Sanford & Davis; the firm bought the business of the old Franklin printing office and continued the printing business at No. 38 Front street. The firm continued until 1890, when Mr. Davis bought out his partner, and since then he continued the business under his own name until it became the Davis Press, Incorporated. In 1903 the corporation was formed under the name of the Davis Press, of which Mr. Davis is president and treasurer. For many years the Davis Press has been among the largest and best equipped offices of the city and its work has the best reputation for style, accuracy and artistic merit. Mr. Davis located his business in its present spacious quarters, No. 25 Foster street, when the Graphic Arts building was erected. He is a member of the United Typothetae of America. He is a member of Morning Star Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; the Worcester Chamber of Commerce; the Commercial Travellers' Association; the Worcester County Mechanics' Association; the Worcester Agricultural Society; the Commonwealth Club; and the Worcester Country Club. He is an active member of the First Baptist Church and was superintendent of the Sunday school for fifteen years and has been treasurer for twenty years.

Mr. Davis married in this city, June 9, 1885, Sarah Minnie Warren, who was born here, daughter of Samuel Warren. Her father was born in Auburn, Massachusetts, October 31, 1816, and died in this city, September 25, 1895. He was a tanner and a manufacturer of card leather in Holden for fourteen years, and for thirty-five years in Worcester. He was a Baptist and a Republican. Her mother, Nancy (Flagg) Warren, was born in Holden, Massachusetts, April 7, 1818, and died in this city, September 25, 1875. Mr. and Mrs. Davis reside at No. 11 Catherine street. Mrs. Davis is a member of the Worcester Woman's Club and of the Worcester Country Club. They have two children: Warren Gilbert, born December 19, 1887; graduated from Worcester Academy in 1906, and Yale University in 1910; he is now lieutenant in the quartermasters department, United States Army, Washington, D. C. 2. Inez Flagg, born July 20, 1890; graduate of the Classical High School, 1910, and of Wheaton Seminary, 1912.

David Gates Davis, father of Gilbert Gates Davis, was born in Paxton, and died in Worcester, aged ninety-one years. His active life was spent in his native town, following farming, but afterwards he retired to make his home in Worcester. His eldest son, Dr. William P. Davis, was assistant surgeon in the navy during the Civil War. Two children of David G. Davis are now living: Dr. Elias W. Davis, of Seymour, Connecticut, and Gilbert G. Davis, of the present mention. The deceased children are: Dr. William P., who died in North Reading, Massachusetts; David, who lived in Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania, and Eliza A., who married John D. Hudson, and lived at Mason City, Illinois.

David Davis, father of David Gates Davis, was also a farmer in Paxton; his father, also David Davis, was a soldier in the Revolution, serving as a captain, and his shoe buckles and spurs are now in the possession of his great-grandson, Gilbert G. Davis. David Davis was descended from Dolor Davis, the progenitor of Governor Davis and many other prominent men of this country and city. (See Early Families). In various other lines of ancestry Gilbert G. Davis is descended from the pioneers of Massachusetts.

GEORGE MERRICK RICE, Manufacturer, one of the founders of the Rice, Barton & Fales Machinery and Iron Company, was born in West Brookfield, Massachusetts, in 1810 and died in this city, November 9, 1894.

He was educated in the public schools. After serving as clerk for a few years in a country store in Leicester, he came here in 1829 and became a partner in the firm of Andrew, March & Company. The store was in Goddard's row between Thomas and School streets, nearly opposite the Waldo store. The business was destroyed by fire and the firm dissolved after a few years. He bought the dry goods business of Burt & Merrick and his advertisement as a dry goods dealer, dated December 1, 1830, was found afterward in the "Spy." A few years later he had a flour and grain store near the canal basin on Central street. In 1846 he became a partner in the firm of Howe, Goddard & Company (H. P. Howe and Isaac Goddard) in the manufacture of paper, calico printing and bleaching machinery. This concern became eventually the Rice, Barton & Fales Machinery and Iron Company. He became president of the Worcester Steel Works in 1882, succeeding George W. Gill, who died April 13, 1882, and subsequently he became the sole owner. The original title of the company was the Washburn Iron Company, Nathan Washburn, president, George W. Gill, manager, Edward L. Davis, treasurer. A Bessemer steel plant was installed and the first steel made in June, 1884. Later an open-hearth furnace was added; four hundred men were employed, producing 230 tons of steel daily. For thirty years this industry was one of the largest and at one time the largest single industry of the city. The business no longer exists. Mr. Rice was for many years president of the Manufacturers Mutual Insurance Company; president of the Worcester Safe Deposit and Trust Company. He was president of the Common Council three years; state senator, 1869-70. He was active in the temperance movement in his day.

Mr. Rice married, January 23, 1832, Rutha J. White, a sister of Mrs. Nathan Heard. They lived to celebrate their golden wedding. They had four children: George Merrick, born March 29, 1833, died at sea, unmarried. 2. Henrietta Heard, born March 15, 1840. 3. Elizabeth Jane, born November 15, 1841. 4. Mary Louisa, born August 4, 1848. The daughters married William Holmes, editor of the Boston Journal of Commerce; Dr. David Hunt, of Boston; James H. Vassar, of Boston.

THOMAS LEVERETT NELSON, Judge, was born in Haverhill, New Hampshire, March 4, 1827. He was the eldest son of a family of twelve children. His father, John Nelson, was graduated from Dartmouth College in class of 1803, and was a contemporary of Daniel Webster, whose class was 1801. John Nelson was a lawyer, and, following the custom of country squires of his day, had other interests, including farming. He studied his profession with Christopher Gore of Boston, and practiced in Haverhill until his death, at the age of sixty years, in 1838. His wife was Lois Leverett, the daughter of John Leverett of Windsor, Vermont, who went there from Middletown, Connecticut, after the birth of the daughter. The Leveretts were prominent in Boston, previous to the Revolution. Governor Leverett, the lineal ancestor of John, was knighted by the crown, and his dust now rests in the ancient King's Chapel burying ground.

Judge Nelson prepared for college at the Kimball Union Academy in Meredith, New Hampshire, and spent two years at Dartmouth College, leaving to go to the University of Vermont, from which he graduated in 1846. This college later conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Laws. He engaged in civil engineering upon leaving college, and was employed for some years in railway construction in New England, New York, Ohio and Pennsylvania. Owing to an injured knee, he was obliged to give up this profession. During his confinement on account of his injury, he began the study of law, and later came to Worcester, where he finished his law studies in the office of Judge Francis H. Dewey. In 1855 he was admitted to the bar, and became the partner of W. W. Rice, and later of Judge Dwight Foster. Upon the removal of Judge Foster to Boston, he became associated with Senator George F. Hoar. He enjoyed a large and lucrative practice, and won pronounced success in equity cases, being considered one of the best equity lawyers in the State. He was one of the committee appointed by the Supreme Court which drafted the rules of equity now in use in that court.

From 1870 to 1874 he was city solicitor, and during the year that George F. Verry was mayor he did splendid work in upholding the assessment against a bitter opposition, and succeeded in establishing the validity of the \$450,000 assessment levied upon the property holders. It was during this time that the Union Station act, which changed the whole railway system of Worcester, was passed. The act was framed by Judge Nelson. In 1869 he represented ward 2 in the legislature, and was chairman of the judiciary committee. He was appointed United States judge for the district

of Massachusetts by President Hayes in 1879, succeeding the late Judge John Lowell, who was promoted to the circuit court.

In 1872 he was elected a director of the Free Public Library, serving a term of six years, during four of which he was president. The local Worcester county law library and very meagre. Judge Nelson became interested in it, and as managing director devoted years to its improvement until it stands as one of the best in New England. He secured appropriations from the legislature until the yearly income now available for the purchase of books from all sources is about \$4,000. The library will stand as a monument of his foresight and devotion.

He was a member of the American Antiquarian Society, a charter member and director of the St. Wulstan Society, and was formerly a member of the Worcester Fire Society. He was elected director of the Central National Bank in October, 1862, and was the senior member of the board. He was a director of the State Mutual Life Assurance Company, and a trustee of the Worcester County Institution for Savings. For years he was the commissioner for Massachusetts of the Providence and Worcester Railroad.

Judge Nelson was twice married. His first wife was Anna Hayward of Mendon. The two children of the union, Harry Leverett and Mary Hayward, are both dead. His second wife was Louise Slocum of Millbury. The four children by this marriage are John, of the editorial force of the "Gazette;" Louisa; William, an electrical engineer, and Thomas Leverett, Jr., a law student.

Quiet and studious in disposition, he cared little for social life outside of a small circle of cultivated men. He read a great deal in the library of his home and kept up his classics as well as matters current with his profession. He took little part in politics, but always manifested a deep interest in matters of public interest. He was fond of nature and an ardent lover of birds and flowers. He devoted some time to astronomy. Many important cases were tried before him, including the famous Bell telephone case, and in his rulings he established many precedents. Methodical in his habits, he made the trip to and from Boston each day as long as his health would permit. His early church associations were with the Congregationalists, but on coming to Worcester he became connected with the First Unitarian Church, and later attended Central Church, doubtless owing to his personal friendship with Rev. Dr. Merriman.

REUBEN H. SOUTHGATE, Dealer in shoe findings, son of John P. and Sarah (Swan) Southgate, was born in Leicester, December 8, 1833, and died in this city. In 1835 he came to this city with his parents and received his education here in the public and high schools, and at the Worcester Academy. When he was eighteen years old he became associated with his father in business, and in 1855 he succeeded his father as partner in the firm of Southgate & Rogers, dealers in shoe findings, the firm becoming Rogers & Southgate, and continuing in business at the corner of Main and Pleasant streets until 1873, when Mr. Southgate became sole proprietor, and removed to Franklin Square where he continued in business until April 1, 1888. After retiring at that time, he spent much of his time in travel, visiting most of the countries in Europe, Asia and Africa.

LOUIS WARREN SOUTHGATE, Patent lawyer, was born in this city, February 25, 1865, son of Reuben H. and sixth in descent from Richard Southgate, who settled in Leicester in 1715. He attended the public schools here, the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, and the National University Law School of Washington, D. C. He received the degree of Bachelor of Science from the institute in 1885, and the degree of Master of Laws from the law school in 1890.

From 1885 to 1887 he was employed as engineer in the office of the Pond Machine Tool Company of Worcester; from 1887 to 1890 as assistant examiner in the United States Patent Office, Washington, D. C. Since 1890 has been practicing as a patent lawyer in New York City and Worcester. He was admitted to the Massachusetts bar in 1890 and to the New York bar in 1895. He formed the firm of Southgate & Southgate, in partnership with his brother, Philip W. Southgate, in 1893. His brother died in 1905. Since then the firm name has been continued, Albert E. Fay, Charles T. Hawley and O. E. Edwards, Jr., being associated with him. The offices of the firm are at No. 25 Foster street in the Graphic Arts Building, and in the Woolworth Building in New York.

Mr. Southgate is a director of a number of New York corporations, and trustee of the Worcester Mechanics Savings Bank. He is a member of the Worcester Club, the Tatnuck Country Club, the Worcester Country Club, the Worcester Art Museum, the Worcester County Bar Association, the Worcester County Republican Club, the Worcester Polytechnic Institute Alumni Association, the Engineers Club and the Aero Club of New York, and the Wianno Club of Cotuit, Massachusetts.

Mr. Southgate married in this city, June 1, 1892, Clara Brigham, who was born here in 1868, daughter of Lucius L. and Abbie H. Brigham. (See biography). Their home is at No. 84 William street in this city; their summer residence at Hyannisport, Massachusetts. They have one son, Richard Brigham, born May 5, 1893, graduate of Harvard University (Bachelor of Arts, 1915); student afterward in the Harvard Law School; now (1918) an attaché of the American Embassy at Paris, France. Mrs. Southgate is a member of the College Club and the Worcester Woman's Club.

PHILIP WOOD SOUTHGATE, Junior member of the original firm of Southgate & Southgate, patent lawyers, was born in this city, May 14, 1868, died here November 30, 1905, son of Reuben H. Southgate. He attended the public schools here; graduated from the Worcester Polytechnic Institute (Bachelor of Science, 1889) and the National University Law School (Master of Laws, 1893).

Mr. Southgate married, June 8, 1864, Anna J. Wood, daughter of Ichabod and Anna (Warren) Wood, of Watertown. Children: 1. Louis Warren, born February 25, 1865 (see biography). 2. Philip Wood, born May 10, 1868, died December 7, 1905 (see biography).

The Southgate line of ancestry is: Reuben H. (6), John P. (5), Samuel (4), Isaac (3), Richard (2), Richard (1). Richard Southgate, the pioneer, came from Coombs, County Suffolk, England, 1715, and settled in Leicester. Isaac Southgate (3) was a card manufacturer in Leicester; was representative in the General Court, and trustee of the Worcester Agricultural Society.

ELLIOTT TOLMAN SMITH, Merchant, was born in Rockland, Maine, July 31, 1833, and died March 8, 1913, son of Lewis and Maria (Rice) Smith.

He was sixteen years of age when the family moved to Worcester, on his birthday, July 31, 1849. He spent his boyhood in Rockland, where he attended the district schools, and learned his first lessons in business. He went to work for the Western Railroad, as gate tender, now the section of the New York Central between Worcester and Albany, and remained in this business for three years, most of the time in the freight department. He was then employed by Hitchcock & Muzzy, manufacturers of firearms in the Merrifield buildings, until 1857. The winter of 1857-58 he spent in New Orleans in the lightning rod business. He started in business for himself in Worcester at the corner of Shrewsbury and Millbury streets, where the Smith-Green Company was located. That was in 1858, and for nearly fifty years he was in business and was among the most successful merchants of this city. His grocery store was in a building used by his father to store lime. The business grew steadily. In 1868 he took up the wholesale department and found that more attractive than the retail business. In 1870 he turned over the retail business to his brother and, thereafter, devoted his attention to jobbing and wholesale business. At that time he took as partner Charles A. Bigelow. For fifteen years the business continued under the name of E. T. Smith & Company. Upon the death of his partner, in 1885, Mr. Smith formed a new partnership with Charles F. Bigelow, Frank A. Smith, Charles A. King, F. B. Waite, and Charles H. Robinson. The two latter soon withdrew from the firm. The present E. T. Smith & Company was incorporated in 1896 with a capital stock of \$100,000, with Elliott T. Smith, president; F. A. Smith, his son, vice-president; C. F. Bigelow, treasurer; and C. A. King, secretary. The large block erected by Mr. Smith in 1874, in Washington square, was occupied until 1893, when the company moved to its new building on Summer street, and the Smith-Green business then occupied the older building.

Mr. Smith was a lover of nature and enjoyed fishing and hunting. He was a member of the Worcester Sportsmen's Club. He was a member of the Board of Trade, and was a well-known Free Mason, belonging to Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar, and the other Masonic organizations of the city. He lived at No. 839 Main street, where he had a handsome home. His business ability placed him in the front rank of merchants. His long and uniformly successful career gave him a place among the foremost men of business in this section. His personal character won him the respect and confidence of his associates and fellow-citizens to an unusual degree.

Mr. Smith married, January 12, 1860, Elizabeth C. Campbell, of Worcester, and their only child, Frank A. Smith, born April 1, 1864, is now conducting the business.

FRANK ALBERT SMITH, President of E. T. Smith & Company, was born in Worcester, April 1, 1864, son of Elliott Tolman and Elizabeth C. (Campbell) Smith.

He received his education in the public schools of Worcester, taking a two-year course at Classical High School. In 1880 he went to work for his father's firm, E. T. Smith & Company, then on Shrewsbury street, as clerk in the office, continuing until

1885, when the new company was formed, after the death of Charles A. Bigelow. At that time Charles F. Bigelow, Charles A. King, F. B. Waite and Charles H. Robinson, as well as Mr. Smith, became partners. Later Mr. Waite and Mr. Robinson withdrew from the firm. In 1896, when the firm became a corporation, Frank A. Smith was elected vice-president and Charles F. Bigelow treasurer. On the death of Mr. Bigelow, in 1900, Mr. Smith became vice-president and treasurer.

Mr. Smith attends All Saints' Church. In politics he is a Republican. He is a prominent Free Mason, member of Quinsigamond Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; Massachusetts Consistory, thirty-second degree, Scottish Rite Masonry. He belongs to Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; Chamber of Commerce; Commercial Travelers' Association; Economic Club; Tatassit Canoe Club; Tatnuck Country Club; Worcester Club; Worcester Country Club.

Mr. Smith married (first), June 20, 1888, May L. Walworth, of Worcester, born February 13, 1865, daughter of George and Ella (Pierce) Walworth. Her father was a merchant at Coventry, Vermont. He married (second), March 4, 1902, Marie C. Duval, of Springfield, who was born January 2, 1872, daughter of Peter C. and Clara Duval. Her family originally came from France. She is a member of the Tatnuck Country Club, the Tatassit Canoe Club, and the Worcester Country Club. Their home is at No. 61 Wachusett street, and they have a summer place at Eagle, Maine.

DWIGHT FOSTER, Lawyer, congressman, United States senator, was born in Brookfield, Massachusetts, December 7, 1757, died there April 29, 1823, son of Jedediah and Dorothy (Dwight) Foster. He graduated from Brown in 1774; studied law in the office of Joseph Hawley, of Northampton; was admitted to the bar in 1780; began practice in Providence, soon removing to Brookfield; served as delegate in the State Constitutional Convention in 1779; member of both branches of the General Court; of the Governor's Council; for ten years chief justice of the Court of Common Pleas; in 1792 was elected sheriff of this county, and in the same year presidential elector; was congressman from 1793 to 1800, when he was elected to the United States Senate. He retired from public life in 1803. He was a Federalist of National reputation; a great political factor and trusted leader. He married, in 1783, Rebecca Faulkner, daughter of Colonel Faulkner, of Acton.

WILLARD SCOTT, Former pastor of Piedmont Church, was born in Amsterdam, New York, June 23, 1850, son of Alexander and Louisa Jane (Clizbe) Scott.

He graduated from Williams College (A. B., 1875); from Union Theological Seminary, New York (B. D., 1878); and received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Beloit College in 1892, and from Williams in 1900. He was ordained in the Presbyterian ministry, 1879; was pastor of Bethany Congregational Church, New York, 1878-79; West Farms Presbyterian Church, New York, 1879-83; St. Mary's Avenue Congregational Church, Omaha, Nebraska, 1883-91; South Congregational Church, Chicago, 1891-98; Piedmont Congregational Church, of this city, 1898 to 1909. Since 1910 he has preached from time to time, and has spoken frequently as an after-dinner humorist, and has a National reputation.

He was trustee of Doane College, Nebraska, 1887-98; president of the Nebraska Chautauqua, 1890-96, and superintendent of instruction and programs, 1892-96; president of the Chicago Congregational Club, 1895; president of the Illinois State Congregational Association, 1897-98; vice-president of the Boston Congregational Club, 1902; president of the Congregational Sunday School and Publishing Society, and chairman of the board of directors, 1899-1906, and also chairman of the publishing committee of the Congregationalist, 1900-06; chaplain of the Worcester Commercial Travelers' Association and the Worcester Continentals. He has been college preacher at Williams and Amherst.

In 1901 he raised pledges to cover the whole accrued debt of Piedmont Church (\$24,500) and the bills were paid and the mortgage discharged January 13, 1903. In that year Piedmont became in membership the fourth largest Congregational church in Massachusetts.

It was in this city that Dr. Scott began his career as a public speaker, a career that he has followed with distinguished success to the present time. In 1900 he and Hon. Curtis Guild were the speakers at a dinner of the Republican Club. He presided at the memorable meeting when Mrs. Ellen Stone returned from captivity to relate her story to a great audience in Mechanics' Hall. At the Queen Victoria Memorial he delivered the oration. Out of these preparations came his present vocation. In 1917 he spoke at 117 gatherings, forty-one of which were return engagements. He has

declined many post rates and college presidencies. He is a member of Phi Beta Kappa, Boston City Club, Winthrop Club of Boston, Apollos Club of Chicago.

Mr. Scott married, October 3, 1878, Mary Bell Stewart, of Amsterdam, New York. His home is in Brookline, Massachusetts.

DONALD BAXTER McMILLAN, Arctic explorer, teacher, was born in Provincetown, November 10, 1874, son of Neil and Rebecca (Gardner) McMillan. He is a graduate of Bowdoin College (A. B., 1898; A. M., 1910), was in the Graduate School of Harvard University, 1910-11. He taught school for several years; was principal of the Levi High School, Gorham, Maine, 1898-1900; at Swarthmore College, 1900-03; in Worcester Academy, 1903-08. He became well-known in this city. In 1910 he went with the Peary Arctic Expedition that discovered the North Pole; in 1911 he was engaged in ethnological work in Labrador. In 1913 he was leader of the Crocker Land Expedition. His home is at Freeport, Maine.

JOHN FRITZ HARTZ, Musician. Finland, formerly the northwest corner of the Russian Empire, but now, through the results of the great European war, 1914-1918, to become a free political division, was the birthplace of John F. Hartz, but since his sixth year he has been a resident of the city of Worcester, Massachusetts. He is a son of John Eric Hartz, who was born in Finland, September 12, 1850, who came to Worcester in 1888 and is now in the employ of the Norton Grinding Company of that city. John Eric Hartz married Johanna Matilda Hendrickson, born in Finland, and they are the parents of six children: 1. Eric Augustus, born November 1, 1879; resides in Mt. Vernon, New York; married, and has four children, Edith, Ellis, Herbert, and Linena. 2. Johanna Lena, born November 24, 1881; married John Hoagland, and resides in Worcester, and has a daughter, Helen. 3. John Fritz, of further mention. 4. Hilda, born March 16, 1884; married Charles Nygard, of Worcester, and has two children, Edwin and Walter. 5. John Oscar, born October 6, 1886; of Worcester. 6. Anna Irene, born June 23, 1893; of Worcester. All of these children were born in far away Finland except the youngest, who was born in Worcester, Massachusetts.

John Fritz Hartz was born in Finland, at the village of Napes, April 7, 1883, and there passed the first six years of his life. In 1889 his mother got the message for which she was waiting, and with her five children, the eldest but ten years of age, set out on the long journey which was to end in a joyful reunion with her husband in Worcester, Massachusetts. The journey was safely accomplished, and the family reunited on American soil where peace and prosperity has attended them. John F., the third child, after completing his public school education, decided to cultivate the musical talent which had strongly developed with the years, and placed himself under local instructors. At the age of twenty he entered Boston Conservatory of Music, there spending two years. From Boston he went to Gustavus Adolphus College, located in St. Peter, capital of Nicollet county, Minnesota, and there specialized in organ music until graduated. He then returned to Worcester where, for a time, he was organist of the First Lutheran Church. His next position was with the First Lutheran Church of St. Paul, Minnesota, as organist, a position he filled with equal acceptability for seven years. During this period he was also an instructor in music in Minnesota College. He remained in St. Paul until 1916, then returned again to Worcester, having accepted a recall from the First Lutheran Church of that city. In connection with his duties as organist he instructs on both piano and organ, having a studio at No. 542 Day Building for piano students, and giving lessons on the pipe organ at the church. He is an accomplished musician and a successful instructor, having the rare art of imparting to his pupils the finer points which distinguish his own performance. He is also a member of the First Lutheran Church of Worcester, and for a time was superintendent of the Sunday school of that church, and is now a teacher in that school. He is a director of the Swedish Oratorical Society of Worcester, a well-known and popular organization throughout New England. Prof. Hartz is unmarried.

HENRY STUART MICHIE, Principal of the Worcester Art Museum, was born in Fergus, Ontario, Canada, in 1871, son of Henry and Anne (Argo) Michie, both of whom were born in Aberdeenshire, Scotland.

He was a student in Upper Canada College, 1888-1900; in the Toronto University, department of architecture, 1900-02; Pratt Institute, Brooklyn, 1902-05; London County Council Schools, England, 1906-07. He was an instructor in decorative design in the McKinley Manual Training School, Washington, D. C., 1905-06; director of Arts and Crafts School, George Washington University, 1907-08; instructor in design at the Summer School of Columbia University, 1908. From 1908 to 1918 he was principal



J. J. Hardy

of the Worcester Art Museum (see Art Museum and School). Professor Michie is a member of the Bohemian Club, Economic Club, Worcester Natural History Society, Public Education Association, Tatnuck Country Club, and Worcester Tennis Club.

Henry S. Michie married, June 4, 1909, Jeanne Mary Hatch, of Camden, New Jersey, and they have three children: Henry S., Jeanne H. and Forbes S. Their home is at No. 10 Military road.

WALTER ANSLEY SWEET, Assistant treasurer of the Wiley-Bickford-Sweet Company, was born at East Putnam, Connecticut, October 30, 1862, son of Esek Johnson and Eunice Caroline (Page) Sweet. Esek Johnson Sweet was born in Gloucester, Rhode Island, November 29, 1833, died January 5, 1918. He was the tenth in line from the first settlers, viz.: Esek J. (10), Solomon (9), Timothy (8), Jeremiah (7), Job (6), James (5), Dr. Benoni (4), James (3), John (2), Isaac (1). Isaac Sweet lived in Wales; his widow and children came to this country, and his son John was an early settler in Providence, after a short stay in Salem, Massachusetts, whither he came in 1632. Dr. Benoni (4) was the first of a remarkable family of natural bone-setters and many of his descendants have been surgeons. Job (6) was a distinguished bone-setter. Jeremiah (7) was a soldier in the Revolution. Esek J. Sweet was a merchant at Dayville, Connecticut, Gloucester, Rhode Island, East Putnam, Connecticut, and South Providence, Rhode Island. From 1879 to the time of his death he was a mason and contractor in Stafford, Connecticut. He married (first) May 6, 1857, Eunice Caroline Page, born September 23, 1833, died July 15, 1865; married (second) January 18, 1868, at Pascoag, Rhode Island, Mary Frances (Warner) Hopkins; (third) October 26, 1876, Sarah Ann Kenyon, born August 2, 1839. Walter Ansley Sweet was born of the first marriage. (For a fuller account of the Sweet ancestry, see page 109, Vol. V, *New England Families*, American Historical Society, 1916).

Walter Ansley Sweet received his early education in the public schools of Pascoag, North Foster, East Providence and Providence, Rhode Island, and in the private school of Miss Sally E. Ellery, at Stafford Springs, Connecticut. He also attended the public schools at Stafford Springs. After the death of his mother, he lived for a short time at his grandfather's, and while at school he lived with an aunt. He began his career as clerk in a dry goods store in Stafford Springs. In his sixteenth and seventeenth years he worked in a flock mill and in the satinette mill of the Mineral Springs Manufacturing Company. Afterward he was employed in the Warren Woolen Company mill at Stafford Springs, and later as clerk in a grocery store. When he was nineteen his aunt died and he went to Hartford, Connecticut, remaining there for a short time. Since January, 1883, he has made his home in Worcester, Massachusetts. He was clerk for Charles F. Sampson & Company, boot and shoe dealers, located in the Clark building, now occupied by the Boston Store. Mr. Sampson's store was afterward on the site of the present Knowles building. Subsequently, Mr. Sweet held a similar position in the employ of Charles E. Davis & Company, whose store was in the Burnside building, and of his partner, Ezra A. Day, who succeeded the firm of Charles E. Davis & Company. He continued in this business until February 16, 1894, when he became a partner in the firm of Bickford & Sweet, slipper manufacturers. The business of the firm was located first in Washington square, then on Grafton street. Since 1912 the business has been located in the spacious factory built by David Cummings for a shoe factory, at No. 60 King street. His partner, John Charles Bickford, retired in January, 1900, and his son, Ernest Armand Bickford, took his place, the firm name remaining unchanged. The business has been highly prosperous, and for a number of years the firm has been among the foremost manufacturers in its line of business, the largest producers of slipper soles of the kind they make in the country. In 1916 a large brick addition to the factory was erected. In April, 1916, the firms of Bickford & Sweet and William H. Wiley & Sons Company, another large slipper sole and overgaiter concern of Hartford, joined forces, incorporating under the name of the Wiley-Bickford-Sweet Company, having a capitalization of \$300,000, common, and \$50,000, preferred stock. Of this new company, J. Allen Wiley, of Hartford, is president; Ernest A. Bickford, vice-president; William H. Corbin, of Hartford, treasurer; Walter A. Sweet, assistant treasurer and clerk; these four being directors. This company is the largest in the country making this class of goods. Mr. Sweet is a member of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce, the Economic Club, the Credit Men's Association, the Publicity Association, and is treasurer of the National Felt Shoe Manufacturers' Association. He is also a member of Worcester Council, Royal Arcanum. He has recently built a new residence at No. 25 South Lenox street.

Mr. Sweet married (first), May 22, 1884, Annie E. Sprout, daughter of Bradford E. and Lucia (Train) Sprout. She died December 22, 1886. He married (second), April 27, 1892, Lizzie Elnora Batchellor, daughter of Silas H. and Sarah Field (Hol-

man) Batchellor. Her father has been a building contractor in Worcester for more than fifty years, and her mother is one of the most wonderful planners and workers. Child of the first marriage: Robert Bradford, born March 13, 1885, died May 10, 1885. Children of second marriage: 1. Ruth Page, born April 20, 1894, graduate of the South High School and student for two years at Mt. Holyoke College, from which she graduated Bachelor of Arts, 1916; now a student in the Boston School of Physical Education. 2. Clifford Batchellor, born June 27, 1898, student in Mercersburg Academy, Pennsylvania, class of 1919.

WILLIAM FRANCIS LITTLE, Grain dealer, was born in Glasgow, Scotland, August 3, 1861, son of James and Mary (McLeisch) Little. He came with his parents to this country in September, 1865, and after living five years in Providence, Rhode Island, came with them to Millbury, Massachusetts, where his father was employed at his trade as spinner in the mills of that town. In 1874 the family moved to Worcester. The father died here in 1890; the mother died in 1874.

Mr. Little attended the Thomas street public school in this city. Early in life, however, he became a wage-earner, beginning in the Washburn & Moen wire mills, where he worked three years. Afterward he was for ten years clerk and bookkeeper successively in the freight office of the Boston & Albany Railroad Company in this city. He entered the employ of the late George P. Rogers, grain merchant, in 1887, and continued with him to the end of his life, succeeding then to the business of Mr. Rogers, whose daughter he had married. The business has been continued by Mr. Little under his own name, at Nos. 96-98 Franklin street, dealing in flour, grain, baled hay and straw. He has a grist mill and elevator at No. 15 Grafton street.

Mr. Little is a member of Montacute Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; Worcester Lodge of Perfection; Goddard Council, Princes of Jerusalem; Lawrence Chapter of Rose Croix; Quinsigamond Lodge, Odd Fellows. He is best-known for his musical career. He has sung for thirty years in Worcester choirs and in the Shumann Quartette. For eight years he has been a member of the choir of the Old South Church, and for the past three years chairman of the music committee. He is a member of the Worcester County Musical Association, and has sung for many years in its annual music festival. He is treasurer of the Worcester Choral Union. He has been in concert work, as soloist and in quartettes all over New England, singing first tenor. Mr. Little studied under James A. Bartlett and Franklin P. White, of Boston, and Edward N. Anderson, of this city. In politics he is a Republican; in religion a Congregationalist. From 1887 to 1891 he was a member of the Worcester Light Infantry, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia.

Mr. Little married, October 11, 1887, Josephine Almira Rogers, who was born August 14, 1865, died January 24, 1918, daughter of George P. Rogers. They had two children: 1. Ruth McLeisch, married Dr. Leslie P. Leland, of Worcester, a physician, and they have one daughter, Dorothy Leland. 2. Joseph Rogers, born June 11, 1906. Mr. Little's home is at No. 14 South Lenox street.

GEORGE PAINE ROGERS, Grain merchant, was born in Rutland, Massachusetts, May 12, 1834, died May 11, 1910, in Worcester, son of Jeremiah and Sally Paine (Meade) Rogers. He attended the public schools here and Worcester Academy. After leaving school he began to teach, and while working for his father on the farm in North Worcester during the summer he taught school for six years in winter. In 1865 the farm was sold and he went to work in the grain store of Francis Harrington in Worcester. Four years later he went to farming again, having bought the homestead in Shrewsbury where Charles H. Hutchins now resides—Ard-na-Clachen. Again he was a clerk for Mr. Harrington, and in 1881 bought the business which he conducted to the end of his life. He was very successful in business. Mr. Rogers was a Republican; a member of the Old South Church and a deacon for eight years.

Mr. Rogers married, March 6, 1855, Almira W. Knight, of Leicester, daughter of Horace Knight, and sister of Joseph A. Knight, one of the founders of the Graton & Knight Manufacturing Company (see biography of Joseph A. Knight). Horace Knight was a lumber dealer, bank director, prominent in town affairs. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Rogers: 1. Charles Elmer, born September 24, 1856. 2. Sarah Elizabeth, born May 28, 1859, died in 1900; graduate of the State Normal School, married Edwin W. Sanderson. 3. Frank Knight, born January 23, 1864, professor in Hampton Normal Institute. 4. Josephine Almira, born August 14, 1865, died January 24, 1918; married October 11, 1887, William F. Little, who succeeded to the business of Mr. Rogers.

WILLIAM ARTHUR LYTLE, Former president and treasurer of the W. A. Lytle Company, was born in Binghamton, New York, June 21, 1853, son of William Joseph and Julia M. (Jackson) Lytle. His father died when Mr. Lytle was only four weeks old, and his mother four years later married Levi Edward Brigham, of Worcester, and they then removed to this city.

Mr. Lytle attended the Worcester public schools until 1864, when with his parents he removed to New Jersey, where he continued his education at the South Jersey Academy at Vineland. He returned in 1870 to Worcester, where he has since resided, and where at the age of seventeen he began his mercantile life in a shoe store located at No. 14 Front street. The following year Mr. Lytle secured employment as a salesman in the clothing and custom tailoring establishment of Davis & Company, one of the oldest and most reputable clothing houses in Worcester county. Mr. Lytle rapidly became a master of the business, and six years later was admitted to a partnership in the firm under the name of Davis, Lytle & Company. His partners were J. Edgar Davis and Frederick Goulding, and their place of business was in the Flagg block, No. 286 Main street, opposite the Bay State House. Nine years later this firm was dissolved, Mr. Lytle retiring. He later became the senior partner and sole manager of a new firm, W. A. Lytle & Company, which was established August 1, 1886, in the Walker building at No. 409 Main street. The new venture was a success from the start, Mr. Lytle conducting it on sound business principles and progressive methods. He believed in making his place of business attractive, and in 1895 and again in 1900 he made extensive additions and alterations with this end in view, adding men's, furnishing goods, hats and shoes to his clothing and tailoring business.

While all this was going on in Worcester, Mr. Lytle received a flattering offer in June, 1897, to assume the position of manager of the great clothing house of Jerome Kennedy & Company, corner Westminster and Dorrance streets, Providence, Rhode Island. For two years Mr. Lytle, besides keeping an eye on his own business in Worcester, made the round trip from Worcester to Providence almost daily. In 1900, with a view to expanding, he incorporated the business under the style of the W. A. Lytle Company, continuing in full control as president and treasurer. In 1905, in order to meet the demands of continued growth, the W. A. Lytle Company leased the large store in the Walker building at the corner of Main and Mechanic streets. It was very tastefully and expensively fitted up, and carried one of the largest stocks of clothing, furnishing, hats, boots and shoes and cloths for men's custom garments in Central Massachusetts. The business was sold to the Kenney-Kennedy Company.

The demands of Mr. Lytle's private business by no means absorbed all of his abounding energy and rare administrative ability. As a public-spirited citizen he has found time and inclination to take an active part in the political and social life of the city. Always a Republican, his political career has followed the fortunes of that party. He was for three years, 1891-92-1907, a member of the Board of Aldermen, where he served as chairman of the finance committee and of the important committees on fire department and water. He was also a member of the committees on sewers, street lighting and claims. He made his influence felt in all these committees, and the reorganization of the fire department, effected in 1892 while he was chairman of the fire department committee, and the establishment of a new public lighting department are largely the result of his ability for organization. The ordinances, which were drafted and adopted at that time, are regarded as models of their kind.

In 1900 Mr. Lytle was the Republican candidate for mayor, the nomination coming to him by the indorsements of every ward caucus in the city with one exception. In the campaign which followed, in some respects the most remarkable in the city, he was less successful. It came directly after a bitterly-contested congressional campaign in which the Republican candidate was defeated by a narrow margin, and the local Republican party was full of warring factions, and badly disorganized. On the first count Mr. Lytle was apparently elected by a plurality of forty-one votes in a total of over 16,000. Then an error in the tabulation was discovered in one of the wards, which apparently gave the election to Phillip J. O'Connell, his Democratic opponent. Finally a recount, followed by an appeal by the Democratic candidate to the Supreme Court, decided that the vote was a tie between the two candidates, each being credited with 8,061 votes. A special election followed, February 22, 1901, when, although Mr. Lytle's vote increased nearly 1,000, he was defeated. The Socialists did not nominate a candidate at the special election, and their votes went to the Democratic candidate for mayor.

Mr. Lytle's most important public office was that of executive council from the seventh district, which comprises the whole of Worcester county. The nomination was tendered to him unanimously by acclamation in the Republican councillor convention,

both in 1904 and 1905, and at the polls the opposition to him was merely nominal. Mr. Lytle's taste and capacity for public affairs found opportunity for exercise in the work of the executive council, which decides many important matters of state expenditures, advises with the governor upon all applications for pardon, and passes upon all appointments to office made by the Governor. The good opinion which his associates in the council entertained for Mr. Lytle was illustrated in the summer of 1905, when in his first year they selected him as their representative to go to Portland, Oregon, with the State delegation, made up chiefly of members of the two branches of the Legislature, to assist at the dedication of the Massachusetts building at the Lewis and Clark Centennial Exposition. Mr. Lytle's active participation in politics has been by no means confined to campaigns in which he was a candidate. For fifteen years he was a member of the Worcester County Republican Committee, and he served on many other committees organized to advance the interests of Republican candidates. Mr. Lytle was president of the Worcester Board of Trade. An illustration of his public spirit is afforded in the active part he took in 1904 as a member of the Worcester Merchants' Association to abolish the use of trading stamps. He never used stamps in his own business, and believing that their use was prejudicial to the interests of merchant and customer alike he led the crusade against them. Mr. Lytle was for five years president of the Worcester Merchant Tailors' Association and had the honor to represent the association at the National Convention held at Atlantic City in February, 1904. He was vice-president of the National Merchant Tailors' Association.

Mr. Lytle is well-known in Masonic circles. He is a life member of Athelstan Lodge, of Eureka Chapter, Hiram Council, and Worcester Commandery of Knights Templar, and a member of Worcester Lodge of Perfection, Goddard Council, and Lawrence Chapter of Rose Croix. He took great interest in the movement for the erection of a Masonic temple in Worcester, and for three years was president of the Worcester Masonic Charitable and Educational Association, which had the charge of building the temple. He is a member of Worcester Lodge, No. 56, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and of Quinsigamond Tribe, No. 7, Improved Order of Red Men. He has been for years a member of the Worcester Agricultural Society, and with a full knowledge of his capacity and enthusiasm for work his associates made him a member of the committee that had charge of laying out and building the trotting track at the Greendale Fair Grounds. Mr. Lytle for nine years served as a trustee of the First Universalist Church. Mr. Lytle is a member of the Commonwealth Club, the Economic Club, and of the Worcester Automobile Club since their organization, also the Republican Club, and Lakeside Boat Club.

Mr. Lytle married, August 10, 1876, Alice Eva Jackson, daughter of Dwight Stacy and Mahali (Kimball) Jackson. They have had five children, all of whom are living. 1. Alice May, born January 31, 1878; graduated from the Worcester High School in 1896; married, June 9, 1903, George Emery Williamson, a graduate of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, class of 1900, who is now mechanical engineer for the Strathmore Paper Company of Springfield, Massachusetts. 2. Lora Marion, born March 24, 1884; was graduated from the South High School in 1903. 3. Harriet Jackson, born July 8, 1886; was graduated from the South High School in 1905, from Smith College in 1908; married Harry C. Bonney, manager of the Barrett Company in Canada, residing in Montreal. 4. Frederick Myron, born September 9, 1888; class of 1907 at the Williston Seminary, Easthampton, and the Wharton School of Finance, University of Pennsylvania, 1911, now ordnance sergeant in headquarters train, Three Hundred and First Ammunition and Military Police, now serving in France. 5. William Arthur, Jr., born July 20, 1893. Mr. Lytle is descended from early Colonial ancestry.

FRANK ALLEN KNOWLTON, Dean of the jewelers of Worcester, was born in Shrewsbury, June 7, 1850, son of Joseph F. and Sarah Elizabeth (Johnson) Knowlton, and descendant of many of the pioneers of New England.

He received his education in the public schools of his native town. He left the high school at the age of sixteen years and began to learn his trade under the instruction of Benjamin Goddard, who had a jewelry store in the old Brinley Hall in Worcester. Mention is made of Mr. Goddard and other jewelers in the chapter on early merchants. Mr. Knowlton received as wages \$50 the first year; \$75 the second and \$100 the third and last year of his apprenticeship. He had good instruction, however, and became a skillful craftsman. For more than fifty years he has followed his trade, as employee or in business in this city. He was a partner of Mr. Goddard under the firm name of Benjamin Goddard & Company until the death of Mr. Goddard in 1873, when he succeeded to the business. From 1873 to 1876 Charles N. Scott was his partner, the name of the firm being unchanged. He purchased the interests of Mr. Scott in 1876, and since that year has conducted the business under his own name. The store was formerly located at the corner of Main and Walnut streets; then on the

north corner of the present site of the State Mutual building, and for many years at the present location, No. 374 Main street. Mr. Knowlton is one of the few men in this line of business who have never failed. His credit has been of the best always. This is proof of his business ability. At the same time his store has been at all times the best in point of stock and equipment. His repair and manufacturing department has maintained the highest reputation.

Mr. Knowlton has always taken a keen interest in public affairs and has a very extended acquaintance. Few men are better-known or more highly-esteemed in the city and county. He is a member of the Worcester County Mechanics Association, the Worcester Agricultural Society, and the Chamber of Commerce. He is a charter member of the Commonwealth Club and the Worcester Continentals. He attends the Church of the Unity. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Knowlton married Lucy Jane Stratton, daughter of Joel D. Stratton. Their home is at No. 10 Waconia street, and they have a summer residence at Falmouth, Massachusetts. They have three children: 1. Maude Louise, who married Edward Fuller, vice-president of the J. E. Fuller Construction Company of New York; now residing in Brattle street, Worcester; children: Frances Fuller, graduate of Smith College, 1918, and Virginia Fuller, graduate of Wellesley, 1918. 2. Fred Murray, graduate of the Worcester Classical High School and Worcester Academy, now engaged in ship-building in the Hog Island yards. 3. Clifton, graduate of the Classical High School, studied dentistry in the Harvard Dental School, now salesman for a paint concern in Boston.

SAMUEL ELIAS HULL, Merchant, was born at Millbury, August 12, 1843, and died May 5, 1911, in Worcester, Massachusetts, son of Elias and Miriam (Wheeler) Hull.

He resided on the home farm and helped his father until he was twenty-one. He attended the public schools of his native town and the Eastman Business College at Poughkeepsie, New York. He enlisted, May, 1864, in Tenth (unattached) Company, Massachusetts Militia Infantry, and served at Fort Warren, guarding among other distinguished Confederate prisoners Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, vice-president of the Confederacy. He was honorably discharged from service in August, 1864. He entered upon business with a saw mill that had been owned by his grandfather and father before him, and which he operated for about four years. He then came to Worcester and worked as a wood molder for five years for I. N. Keys, patternmaker. From here he went to Philadelphia, where he worked for about three years for the Hale & Kilburn Manufacturing Company; was then employed about eleven years by C. D. Morse & Company; and was one year watchman and guard in the Massachusetts State Prison at Concord.

In April, 1871, Mr. Hull, by his quickness, courage and coolness saved five persons from drowning. He was on the bridge at Millbury when a carriage containing five persons was backed over the rail into the river by the frightened horse. Mr. Hull managed to get all five out safely. The horse was drowned, and the town was obliged to pay damages for the loss, but in recognition of the sum that the action of Mr. Hull had saved the town and in appreciation of his achievement the town presented him with a watch. It bears the inscription: "In April, 1871, S. E. Hull rescued five persons from drowning. This watch presented to him by the town of Millbury, Massachusetts, as a testimonial of his services at that time."

In 1882 he embarked in trade for himself, buying the business of Briggs & Company, dealers in cotton and wool, of Millbury, established some fifty years. In 1892 he purchased of D. C. Sumner his wool business at No. 112 Front street, Worcester. He was very successful in these enterprises, and developed a large trade with the mills of New England, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and some Western States. Mr. Hull also had large mining interests in Alaska. He made a trip to Alaska and the West in 1905, and stayed at the mines for several weeks. He traveled extensively in the United States, and made a trip abroad in 1903. He divided his time between his business in Millbury and Worcester, although he always retained his residence in his native town. He was president of the Millbury National Bank and trustee of the Millbury Savings Bank, a director of the Millbury Water Company.

In politics Mr. Hull was very active, being a member of the Republican party. He was selectman for seven years, from 1892 to 1899, inclusive, and for four of these terms chairman of the board. In 1900 and 1901 he represented his district, composed of the towns of Auburn, Douglass, Sutton, and Millbury, in the general court. He was on the committee on banks and banking, and on labor and prisons, and was a member of the special legislative committee which went to Georgia to dedicate the monument erected by the Commonwealth in memory of the Massachusetts soldiers buried in the W.—11-38.

graveyard at the military prison at Andersonville during the Civil War. In 1905 and 1906 he served his district in the State Senate, representing the towns of Auburn, Blackstone, Douglass, Grafton, Hopedale, Mendon, Milford, Millbury, Northboro, Northbridge, Oxford, Shrewsbury, and Southboro, Surron, Upton, Uxbridge and Westboro, containing about thirty thousand legal voters. He received large majorities at both his elections as State senator. In 1905 he was on the committee on mercantile affairs; chairman of the prison committee and committees on towns. In 1906 he was chairman of the committee on military affairs, and member of the committees on railroads and liquor laws. He was elected delegate to the Republican National Convention at Chicago with Hon. Charles G. Washburn to represent the Third Congressional District. He was a prominent figure in the convention on account of his stand for Charles W. Fairbanks for vice-president, the nominee of the convention, and newspapers called Mr. Hull at the time the original Fairbanks man. He was master of Olive Branch Lodge, of Millbury; high priest of Tyrian Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, of Millbury; member of Hiram Council, of Worcester, of Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar, and of Massachusetts Consistory, Lodge of Perfection. He was an active member of George A. Custer Post, No. 70, Grand Army of the Republic, of Millbury; of the Home Market Club of Boston, Massachusetts Republican Club, Commonwealth Club of Worcester, and various other organizations.

Mr. Hull married (first), May 8, 1866, Jane E. Gay, daughter of John and Margaret (Gowen) Gay, of Millbury, and sister of Frank C. Gay, of Millbury. She died June 6, 1902. He married (second), June 15, 1905, Mary F. (Cole) Bowen, widow of Roland E. Bowen, late of Millbury, and daughter of Albert V. and Sophia Cole, of Millbury. She was born December 21, 1845. The children of Samuel Elias and Jane E. Hull were: 1. Nathan R., born at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, June 20, 1869; educated in the public school and at Bryant & Stratton's Business College, Boston; married Annia Fisher; died July 10, 1904. 2. Harry C. (twin), born at Millbury, December 23, 1874; educated at Millbury public schools, Worcester Academy (1894); Brown University (1898) in the mechanical engineering department; was connected with the Worcester Umbrella Company for a time; has been for several years in the cotton and wool waste business in Worcester; married Helena L. Prentiss, daughter of Frank E. and Mary (McGlathery) Prentiss, and they have one child, Samuel P. Hull, born April 16, 1904, at Millbury. 3. Edward F. (twin), born December 23, 1874; graduate of the Worcester Academy (1894); and of Brown University (1898) in the mechanical engineering department; was for three years connected with the Millbury National Bank; since then has been in the cotton and wool business; married Bertha E. Sutton, daughter of Arthur E. and Eliza (Congdon) Sutton, born in East Douglass, Massachusetts, and they have one child, Jennie Phyllis, born in Millbury, October 14, 1902.

THOMAS WENTWORTH HIGGINSON, Author, pastor of the Free Church of this City, came to Worcester in 1852. His home was on Harvard street, corner of Bowdoin, for about two years and at No. 16 Harvard street in the three years following. His congregation worshiped in Horticultural Hall and in Brinley Hall. No attempt will be made to write his biography here, but the following quotation from his "Cheerful Yesterdays" properly belongs in this history:

"Worcester was so important to me as a means of development, my connection with the Worcester of fifty years ago was so active and varied, and I was connected with so many of its early enterprises, that it has always remained near my heart. My old friend, Dr. Hale, has described the Worcester of that period by calling it 'a western settlement in the Heart of Massachusetts.' Its business life, its social life and its intellectual life were all springing up together, and I had, even before that time, just enough childish recollection of it to feel myself not wholly a stranger there. I still remember with delight certain drives I took thither in early childhood with my father, Stephen Higginson, whose first wife had been a Salisbury, and who so cherished his connection with the old Worcester families that he named my elder brother Waldo, a name transmitted to my daughter. Our visits there were made primarily that he might call on the Misses Waldo, and I might play with their celebrated kittens. My subsequent life there accordingly seemed to connect itself with the old maidenly household, although my reputation for serious radicalism might justly have led the descendants of those kittens sometimes to show their claws.

"The society of Worcester was, at the time I removed there (1852) singularly agreeable. The town was becoming very prosperous and yet retained its simplicity of tone. There was a circle of very cultivated and active-minded people who worked hard and were thrifty, and yet counted wealth as a secondary thing. Even the aristocracy of employment counted for very little. Some of the most cultivated

families were employed in mechanical occupations and made their workshops the very centers of wit and humor. There were the traditions of an earlier aristocracy of birth, but it counted for very little, because those who represented it readily accepted the prevailing tone. There was a great deal of pleasant outdoor life and indoor intercourse and great public and private activity.

"It seems to me on looking back, that innumerable enterprises were undertaken, and that I had a hand in almost all of them. There was a Free Church, for instance, the first of various organizations of the kind that were started in Massachusetts in the spirit and on the platform of Theodore Parker, who was still under condemnation as a heretic. Then I served on the school committee, helped organize the Public Library and the Natural History Society, was president of a gymnastic club, a cricket club, a skating club and various minor organizations. It is a wonder that I did not belong to a volunteer engine company, such as then existed everywhere, and I was indeed elected an honorary member of 'Tiger Engine Company, No. 6,' and was only prevented from accepting the appointment by the fact that the Tigers got into a general fight meanwhile and were disbanded by the city fathers.

"At any rate, when the storm of the Civil War approached, I was found to have popularity enough among the younger generation in Worcester to enlist without difficulty a company in the Fifty-first Massachusetts, and afterward I learned, as I have always thought, from that admirable officer, now General A. B. R. Sprague, enough of the rudiments of military life to carry me through two years of actual service without discredit.

"During my absence at the front, my wife removed to Newport, Rhode Island, for her health and I ceased with some regret to be a resident of Worcester.

"It was during my life in Worcester that my literary career, such as it is, began. It dates back, properly speaking, to a paper in the 'Atlantic Monthly,' March, 1858, entitled, 'Saints and Their Bodies.' After this there followed a number of papers on outdoor life and pursuits, the scene of all of which was laid in the vicinity of Worcester, and which included 'April Days,' 'Water Lilies,' 'My Outdoor Study,' 'The Procession of the Flowers,' 'The Life of Birds,' 'Gymnastics,' and others which were published subsequently under the name of 'Outdoor Papers' in a variety of editions."

JOSEPH KNIGHT GREENE, Lawyer, was born in Otisfield, Maine, September 23, 1852, son of John and Elizabeth March (Knight) Greene. His father was born in the same town, September 20, 1811; his mother, December 6, 1812.

He attended the country schools, Bridgeton Academy, Norway (Maine) Academy, and South Paris (Maine) Academy, graduating in 1873. He entered Bowdoin College, from which he graduated in 1877 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He is a member of the Phi Beta Kappa fraternity. He studied law in Des Moines, Iowa, and was admitted to the bar there in 1878. Returning to New England, he was admitted to the Massachusetts bar in 1879 and since that time has been practicing in this city. His office is at Room 715, State Mutual building. He was commissioner of insolvency for a number of years, appointed by Governor Oliver Ames. In politics he is a Republican and for many years he served on the Republican city committee. Active in the temperance movement all his life, he had charge of a number of the no-license campaigns in Worcester. He has been for many years a trustee of the Worcester County Horticultural Society and also of the Worcester County Agricultural Society. For seventeen years he was a director of the Young Men's Christian Association of Worcester. He is a member of the Worcester Country Club, the Economic Club, the Theta Delta Chi fraternity, Bowdoin Alumni Association, Worcester County Bar Association. He is past noble grand of Central Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; past commander of Bay State Commandery, Knights of Malta, and was grand captain general of the Grand Commandery of Massachusetts. He was a member of the supreme judiciary committee of the American Protective Association; member of Regulus Lodge, Knights of Pythias, and the American Mechanics. Mr. Greene is an active member of Trinity Methodist Church; for five years he was superintendent of the Sunday school and for thirty-three years (1918) he has been a member of the official board.

Mr. Greene married, in this city, December 12, 1880, Frances Lillian Newton, who was born in Providence, Rhode Island, February 28, 1860, a daughter of Edmund and Phebe (Wicker) Newton. Her father was born in Maine, died here in 1865. Mrs. Greene died here in 1915. They had one son, Winthrop Stephenson Greene, born here May 16, 1891, graduate of Bowdoin College, 1913, now captain of infantry in the National Army in active service. Captain Greene is a member of the Appalachian Mountain Club. Mr. Greene's home is at No. 171 Highland street.

MOSES MASON GARFIELD, Merchant, was born in Princeton, January 29, 1828, and died in Worcester, December 22, 1896, son of Moses and Hannah Maria (Hoyt) Garfield. His father was also a native of Princeton, born April 6, 1794, son of Moses and Abigail (Mason) Garfield. He was descended from Edward Garfield, the immigrant (Moses M. (9), Moses (8), Moses (7), Daniel (6), Eliakim (5), Samuel (4), Captain Benjamin (3), Edward (2), Edward (1)). Edward Garfield was born in England, about 1575, and came to New England about 1630, locating at Watertown, where he died June 12, 1672, aged ninety-seven years. He was the ancestor of President James A. Garfield.

Moses M. Garfield received a common school education, and worked on his father's farm in Princeton during his boyhood. When a young man he came to Worcester and soon afterward engaged in the express business in partnership with David F. Parker under the firm name of Garfield & Parker, operating a line between this city and Barre. The firm afterward engaged in the ice business, purchasing the Worcester Ice Company in 1871, and also in the coal business. This firm built the ice house at Lake Quinsigamond. The firm became well-known and was prosperous. After the firm was dissolved Mr. Garfield was a dealer in fire-wood for two years, and for three years superintendent of streets under David F. Parker, his former partner, who was street commissioner. In politics Mr. Garfield was a Republican. In 1884 Mr. Garfield and Charles A. Harrington formed the firm of Garfield & Harrington and conducted an extensive ice business. After his death the business was consolidated with other firms in the Walker Ice Company. He remained in active business until his death. In religion he was a Congregationalist, attending the Salem Street Church. He was a member of Worcester Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and of the Wachusett Encampment. His home for many years was at No. 274 Lincoln street. Mr. Garfield was a thoroughly upright and highly esteemed man of affairs, possessing the confidence of a very large number of friends and acquaintances in all parts of the city.

Mr. Garfield married, November 25, 1864, Lucy Gilbert. They had one child, Roy Mason (see biography).

ROY MASON GARFIELD, Dentist, was born in this city, June 14, 1876, son of Moses Mason and Lucy (Gilbert) Garfield. He attended the public schools and the Worcester High School and entered the Harvard Dental School, from which he was graduated in 1898 with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery. He began to practice here immediately after graduating, buying the office and practice of the late Dr. James R. Fitzpatrick, and he has continued in active practice to the present time, taking a high rank in his profession. He is a member of Worcester Lodge of Elks; of Pakachoag Tribe, Improved Order of Red Men; Worcester Lodge, Knights of Pythias; and of the Harvard Club of Worcester. In politics he is a Republican.

Dr. Garfield married, at Worcester, November 11, 1911, Lula A. Ellis, born in this city, August 18, 1873, daughter of George W. B. and Maria J. (Peck) Ellis. Her father was born in Brighton (Boston), Massachusetts, and for thirty-five years was superintendent of the annealing department of the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Company; died here at the age of sixty-one years. Her mother was born in Sutton (recorded Elvira Mariah), March 13, 1832, daughter of Pomroy and Amanda Peck, and died here at the age of fifty-six years. Dr. and Mrs. Garfield reside at No. 405 Main street and his office is at the same location.

WILLIAM SWINTON BENNETT HOPKINS, Lawyer, was born in Charleston, South Carolina, May 2, 1836, died in Pinehurst, North Carolina, January 14, 1900, son of Erastus and Sarah Hannah (Bennett) Hopkins. Erastus Hopkins was a prominent political leader of Western Massachusetts, in both Free Soil and Republican parties, a delegate to the convention that nominated Lincoln for President. His great-grandfather, Dr. Samuel Hopkins, was minister of Hadley for fifty-four years, son of Dr. Samuel Hopkins, of West Springfield, and Esther (Edwards) Hopkins, a sister of the Rev. Jonathan Edwards. The immigrant ancestor was John Hopkins, who came from London, England, with Rev. Mr. Hooker, in 1633, and located in Cambridge; removing to Hartford, Connecticut, in 1636. Colonel Hopkins' mother was a descendant of Thomas Bennett, who came from England to Charleston, South Carolina; married Mary Swinton, whose father came from Scotland, and was of a very ancient Scotch family. Their son, Thomas Bennett, married (first) Hayes Singletary, of St. Paul's Parish, and (second) Anna Hayes Warnock. William Swinton Bennett, son of Thomas Bennett, Jr., and grandfather of Colonel Hopkins, married Anna Theus, daughter of Major Simon Theus, a soldier of the Revolution, and Rebecca (Legare) Theus, both of Huguenot ancestry.

When Mr. Hopkins was very young his father returned to Northampton, Massachusetts, where his boyhood was spent, and where he attended the public schools and various private classical institutions. He entered Williams College, and graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1855. In 1896 he received from his *alma mater* the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. In 1893, when the Centennial anniversary was celebrated, he was chief marshal. He had served as president of the Alumni Association. He studied law in the office of Hon. William Allen, of Northampton, and in the Harvard Law School, and was admitted to the bar in January, 1858. He opened an office in Ware, Massachusetts, the following August, but his practice was interrupted by the Civil War. Receiving a captain's commission from Governor Andrew, in October, 1861, he raised a company for the Thirty-first Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, and went South with his command, landing at New Orleans, May 1, 1862. He was promoted to the rank of lieutenant-colonel soon afterward and commanded his regiment during the greater part of his term of service, from November 1, 1861, to April 8, 1864. He went through the Teche campaign in 1863, ending with the capture of Port Hudson. He remained with his regiment until December, when it was converted into cavalry. He resigned soon afterward, and began to practice law in May, 1864, in New Orleans, where he remained until September, 1866, acting during that time as special counsel for the United States Treasury. Returning to Massachusetts he located in October, 1866, at Greenfield, where he practiced seven years. In 1873 he came to this city and from that time to the end of his life made his home here, attaining a place of leadership at the bar, sharing for many years the highest honors in his profession with F. P. Goulding, rivalled at no time in his ability and success but by few lawyers in the Commonwealth. He was in partnership at first with Peter C. Bacon, later with Henry Bacon and Frank B. Smith, under the firm name of Hopkins, Bacon & Smith, and after the death of Henry Bacon with Frank B. Smith and his son, William Swinton Bennett Hopkins, Jr., under the firm name of Hopkins, Smith & Hopkins. He devoted himself to the profession he loved with zeal and earnestness and declined to be drawn away by offers of promotion to the bench or great public service. Interested always in public affairs, he performed the duties of citizenship with a grace and fidelity that was exemplary. He was on the stump for Fremont before he was of age. He was later a staunch Republican and often presided at rallies in Mechanics Hall. He was a delegate to the Republican Convention that nominated Garfield. In 1897 he presided at the Republican State Convention. In later years he declined the offer of a position on the bench of the Supreme Judicial Court. He was district attorney of the Northwestern District, 1871-74, and of the Worcester District, 1884-87; city solicitor 1893-97.

As a public speaker, it can be said that Mr. Hopkins had no superior during the riper days of his later life. Gifted as an actor, he made the most of his voice and manner in his addresses. It was always a pleasure to hear him, even in the dry discussion of legal points in court. He was fond of the theatre and often took part in amateur theatricals. As an orator on Memorial Day, he was especially at home, and his services were in wide demand every year. He made the presentation speech, one of great eloquence, when the portrait of "Tom" Plunkett was placed in the Hall of Fame in Mechanics Hall. Both Col. Hopkins and F. P. Goulding were orators at the exercises in Mechanics Hall, commemorating the fiftieth anniversary of the city. Mention of this event has been made in the civic history in this work. But the present war makes one paragraph of Col. Hopkins' address pertinent at this time.

"Worcester has always been and is patriotically devoted to the country and the flag, and in its defense in every time of need she has been ready to shed her young blood. Under Bigelow, she promptly started her minutemen for Concord, and her citizens stood for the flag with Washington through the Revolution and at Yorktown; her sailors and soldiers stood for the flag with Perry and Decatur on the sea and with Jackson at New Orleans; under the lead of Lincoln she stood for the flag with Taylor at Buena Vista and Scott at Chapultepec; under the lead of Devens, another Lincoln and a Ward, she stood for the flag from Bull Run to Appomattox; and now again in army and navy she stands bravely for the flag which waves over Dewey and Manila, and Sampson and Schley and Shafter at Santiago."

His erstwhile opponent at the bar, his personal friend outside the court room, F. P. Goulding, delivered an eulogy, April 10, 1900, in the Court House. From this address, the following abstract is made:

"We shall say that he was, on the whole, equipped with the finest and best trained powers for the trial of causes of any displayed at this bar for a generation. We shall say that if he was not the best beloved of our associates, no one was more closely or securely placed in our affections. . . . I must draw him as I saw him from

day to day, in an association which for the most part was one of antagonism—professional antagonism—always strenuous and unyielding, and looking for a victory on each side, yet friendly and constantly with mutual respect. Such a relation is calculated to put the touchstone to character; and he must be a dull scholar who in that school does not learn the limitations and infirmities of his opponent, whether or not he learns the most difficult lesson of his own limitations and infirmities. I think I knew the strength of this great lawyer, and knew also where the limits of it lay, if any such were discoverable. In my estimate, the most striking characteristic of his power was his readiness. Nobody ever crossed swords with our friend who did not soon understand that he had met not merely an adroit master of legal fence, but also one whose powerful stroke could break down any opposing force not based on solid reason and fact. . . . There was something in that imperturbed equipoise, that self-contained tranquility, in the manner of our friend, on the eve of a great case, and in the midst of strife, where he was putting forth his utmost powers. Others might fret and sputter with ill-suppressed nervous anxiety. He had no energy to waste in that way. An over-anxious client, who did not know him well, might think his counsel indifferent to his cause, and apprehend that this quiet gentleman was hardly up to the grade of a more demonstrative antagonist; but when the engagement was on, he would find that no resource of skill, no sagacity in choice of position, no strength of argument, no eloquence of appeal, were wanting to bring his cause to a prosperous conclusion, whatever the force might be which was arrayed against him.

"He knew the law well, as he knew general literature well. His wide experience of cases had necessarily acquainted him with the whole field of legal principles and his legal intuitions were quick and sound, so that the bearing of authorities at once was luminously clear to him.—Rarely did he, if ever, fail to concede what might plausibly be claimed on the other side, and more rarely did he shun the hard places in his own case. He had small skill in dust-throwing and befogging a subject. He would fight his opponent in the open, squarely meeting the real case in dispute. His attack or defense had rarely any finesse, except the legitimate finesse which is another name for true art in expression and exposition.

"No man in the state was listened to with more interest and respect by the higher courts. He wasted none of their time in irrelevancies, but got at the heart of the controversy at once, and treated it in a natural way, that could not but illuminate the path to a just decision.

"With juries he was a power not easily matched. Possessed of a natural ease and fluency of speech, he had encountered in youth some of the strongest men of the Massachusetts bar and learned what Webster learned in his encounters with Mason that success in forensic contests that depend upon rhetoric is short lived. He eschewed rhetoric that did not advance his argument and he had ample supply of the kind that is ancillary to logic. If ever a man in these modern days illustrated by his work that the art of advocacy is a liberal art, he did so. The pettifogging instinct was foreign to his nature and to his practice. With a patience not easily surprised, even by the annoying tactics of the most vexatious antagonist, he never met such onsets by anything similar. And what was strong evidence of his just valuation of his own powers, he was never unduly cast down by any defeat.

"He died possessed of a great reputation as a lawyer. What was said of him by a distinguished friend of his and a member of our bar under the first shock of bereavement that 'he was at the very head of the Massachusetts bar,' will be endorsed after mature reflection by our whole fraternity."

Mr. Hopkins was a member of the Sigma Phi at Williams College; of the New York and Boston University Clubs, and of the Worcester Club, of which he was at one time the president.

Mr. Hopkins married, January 20, 1859, Elizabeth Sarah Peck, of Easthampton, and they had four children: Sarah Bennett, Erastus, Elizabeth Peck, married Alfred L. Aiken; and William S. B., Jr., (see biography).

WILLIAM SWINTON BENNETT HOPKINS, JR., Lawyer, assistant clerk of courts, was born in Greenfield, November 21, 1871, son of William S. B. Hopkins (see biography) and Elizabeth Sarah (Peck) Hopkins. His mother, Elizabeth Sarah (Peck) Hopkins, born at Hatfield, Massachusetts, November 8, 1837, died here September 24, 1915, was descended from Joseph Peck, who came from Hingham, England, to New Hingham, Massachusetts.

William S. B. Hopkins, Jr., prepared for college in Worcester, and entered Williams College, in the class of 1894, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. In 1895-96 he was a student in Harvard Law School; in 1897 in his father's office, and was admitted to the bar, June 30, 1897. From 1897 to 1902 he was a

partner in the law firm of Hopkins, Smith & Hopkins, practicing in this city; from 1902 to 1907 he was in partnership with Edward T. Esty, under the firm name of Hopkins & Esty. Since 1904 he has been assistant clerk of courts in this county. He is a trustee of the Worcester County Institution for Savings; vestryman and clerk of All Saints' Protestant Episcopal Church; member of the Sigma Phi fraternity, the Chamber of Commerce, the Quinsigamond Boat Club, Worcester Society of Antiquity, Tatnuck Country Club, Worcester Art Museum, Worcester County Bar Association, Worcester County Republican Club, the Fay Club of Fitchburg, the Williams College Club of New York. Mr. Hopkins is unmarried. He resides at No. 167 Pleasant street.

CHARLES ALLEN FISHER, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, was born at Lebanon, Pennsylvania, October 15, 1874, son of John H. and Caroline M. (Singer) Fisher. John H. Fisher was born at Lebanon, July 26, 1845; Caroline M. (Singer) Fisher was born at Hummelstown, Pennsylvania, September 17, 1843. John Heim, Mr. Fisher's great-grandfather, served in the War of 1812 in Captain McIlheny's Company in a Pennsylvania cavalry regiment. All his ancestors were of old Pennsylvania pioneer stock. Frederick Hummel, founder of Hummelstown, Pennsylvania, was one of his ancestors.

Charles A. Fisher attended the public schools of his native town, and entered Lebanon Valley College, from which he was graduated in 1903 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He then became a student in Princeton University, graduating with the degree of Master of Arts in 1905 and from the Princeton Seminary in 1906. He was ordained into the gospel ministry of the Presbyterian church, June 26, 1906, and has held pastorates at Manalapan, New Jersey, 1906 to 1909; Second Presbyterian Church at Providence, Rhode Island, 1909 to 1913; and of the First Presbyterian Church in this city since December, 1913. Rev. Mr. Fisher is a Republican of the Progressive wing of that party. He is a member of the Modern Woodmen of America.

Rev. Mr. Fisher married, in Lebanon, Pennsylvania, June 27, 1906, Ellen S. Rupp, who was born in Lebanon, February 27, 1877, daughter of George and Amanda (Sarge) Rupp. Her father was a native of Lebanon; was a soldier in the Union Army, Third Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery, 1861 to 1865; died at Lebanon, December 28, 1891; her mother was born at Fredericksburg, Pennsylvania, July 26, 1841, died December 24, 1905. Rev. and Mrs. Fisher have two children: Caroline Sarge, born February 28, 1908, and Karl Singer, born April 1, 1913.

SAUL ELIAS, Clothing merchant, was born in Providence, Rhode Island, February 3, 1875, son of Simon and Rachel (Hellman) Elias. Simon Elias was one of the pioneers in the clothing business in Providence. He was born not far from Hirschberg, near Breslau, Germany, the birthplace of his wife. Both came to this country when young; married in Boston and had three children of whom two survive, Saul, mentioned above, and Leon, a manufacturing jeweler in Providence. Simon Elias was a dealer in men's clothing in Providence for fifty years, continuing to the time of his death, after which the business was sold.

After completing the course in the grammar school of his native city, Saul Elias went to work in his father's store, at the age of fourteen years. Four years later he became a salesman for Caesar Misch, a well-known dealer in men's and women's clothing. After about two years of experience as salesman he became assistant manager, and from time to time took charge of the various stores owned by Mr. Misch. Mr. Elias managed the Misch stores in Fall River and Pawtucket, and on September 23, 1898, began the management of his store in this city. In 1898 the business of his employer was incorporated under the name of Caesar Misch, incorporated. The Worcester store was at No. 9 Pleasant street until August 1, 1900, when it was moved to the present location, No. 282 Main street. Mr. Elias made his home here at that time and became the resident manager of the Worcester business. He bought the business, June 22, 1908, and since that time has been the proprietor. He carries an extensive stock of clothing for men, women and children and makes a feature of extending credit to his customers. His store is the largest in this line of business in the city. Mr. Elias is a member of Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester Lodge of Perfection; Goddard Council of Princes of Jerusalem; Lawrence Chapter of the Rose Croix; the Massachusetts Consistory; and Aleppo Temple, Order of the Mystic Shrine; also member of Binai Brith, the Worcester Country Club, Chamber of Commerce, Economic Club. He is vice-president of the Tuberculosis Relief Association, director of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, member of Temple Bethel Reformed Jewish Church of Providence. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Elias married, September 3, 1901, at Providence, Esther Helen Fox, who was born in Richmond, Virginia, a daughter of Samuel and Mina (Kleinmann) Fox. Both her parents were born in Germany. Mr. and Mrs. Elias reside at No. 320 Highland street. They have three children: Augustus Fox, born April 3, 1906; Wilhelmina, born December 24, 1910; Dorothy Rose, born February 20, 1914.

SAMUEL REEVES LELAND, Founder of the firm of S. R. Leland & Son, music dealers, was born in Sherborn, Massachusetts, May 12, 1817, and died in this city, January 14, 1885. He was descended from many of the pioneers of New England, his paternal immigrant ancestor being Hopestill Layland, who came from Yorkshire, England, where he was born in 1580. He settled first at Weymouth; living after 1644 at Dorchester. About 1650 he removed to Bogistow (Sherborn) where he died in 1655.

Samuel Reeves Leland came to this city when twenty-two years old and resided here the remainder of his life. He was self-educated in music and before he was of age was recognized as a musician of ability and an authority on musical matters in his native town, where the value of his work as an instructor had already received recognition. Upon coming to Worcester he added to his profession as teacher of music the sale of musical instruments and musical merchandise, being one of the earliest in this line of business. The growth of the mercantile business made such demands upon his time that he abandoned teaching finally, though he continued his work as church organist. His store was originally in Brinley Row on Main street, later on the north side of Front street; then on the Burnside property, Main street, and finally in a brick building at No. 442 Main street, opposite the City Hall, where the business was continued until shortly before the death of his son.

Mr. Leland was especially fond of military band music and he was an accomplished leader, said to be in his day the best bandmaster in New England. He was best-known perhaps as an organist, being gifted in that direction. For twenty-one years he was instructor of music in the College of the Holy Cross, and he also filled the position of organist at the Church of the Unity, the First Unitarian Church and Central Congregational Church in this city. Mr. Leland also enjoyed an extended reputation as a composer. He was one of the founders of the Worcester County Musical Convention, October 2, 1863, being for several years one of the directors. The name of the organization has since been changed to Worcester County Musical Association.

At the time of his death, the "Spy" said of him: "To Mr. Leland Worcester and Worcester County are much indebted. To his persistent and well-directed efforts is largely due the prominence which this city and county have attained in musical circles throughout the country. By his efforts musicians and musical organizations were induced to visit Worcester. When the prospects of pecuniary reward were not of the most encouraging character and when other inducements failed of success, Mr. Leland personally assumed the responsibility. While always endeavoring to offer Worcester people opportunity for hearing the best musicians, he was doing a work of greater and more permanent value by his instruction.—Those in any way interested in music found in Mr. Leland a valuable adviser and ready assistant. Naturally of a retiring disposition he never forced himself into prominence, but was readily approachable and received all with courtesy and kindly consideration.

Mr. Leland married, at Worcester, May 26, 1844, Mary, daughter of Joseph Draper and his wife, Polly (Colburn) Draper. She was born at Medfield, February 28, 1821, and died at Worcester, September 29, 1910. Their children were: Francis Augustus (see biography); Julietta, born November 8, 1848, died 1851.

FRANCIS AUGUSTUS LELAND, Son of Samuel Reeves Leland, was born at Worcester, April 22, 1846, and died there May 15, 1915. He was educated in the public schools, and at Worcester Highland Military Academy where he had a captain's commission. He was associated with his father in the music and piano business under the firm name of S. R. Leland & Son. He invented and manufactured the Eclipse Cornet which he had patented. He was an accomplished player on the flute. He always took an active part in the musical affairs in his native city. For several years he was an officer of the Piano Dealers Association of America. His will was dated December 30, 1907, and allowed June 2, 1915.

Mr. Leland married, at Worcester, November 3, 1873, Harriet Mowry, daughter of Mowry Lapham, and his wife, Harriet (Thayer) Lapham. She was born at Blackstone, October 16, 1853, and died at Worcester, August 29, 1911. Their only child, Hattie May, born February 27, 1879, married, December 1, 1915, Daniel Kent.

REV. FREDERIC W. BAILEY, Clergyman, genealogist, was born in Brooklyn, New York, January 31, 1858, son of William Egbert and Jane (Sharpe) Bailey.

Graduating from the public schools, he was for a time with H. J. Baker & Brother, wholesale druggists of New York. Under the pastoral care of Rev. Dr. Almon Gunnison, then pastor of All Souls Church, Brooklyn, he was led to think of the ministry as his vocation. He graduated from St. Lawrence University, Canton, New York, in 1878, with the degree of B. D., and after serving in pastorates in East Jaffrey, New Hampshire, and Hightstown, New Jersey, and pursuing a course of study at the Boston School of Oratory under Professor Moses True Brown, he received a call from the new All Souls' Universalist Church on Kilby street, Worcester, as its first pastor. For some three years he served thus, in which time the land at the corner of Woodland and Norwood streets was secured and plans for a new brown stone church were drawn after designs prepared by James A. Norcross. At this period Mr. Bailey found himself little in sympathy with the prevailing thought of the Universalist denomination, and in January, 1889, promptly withdrew therefrom to seek orders in the Episcopal church. He was confirmed at St. James' Church, Cambridge, and after a special course at the General Theological Seminary, New York, was ordained deacon by the Rt. Rev. B. H. Paddock, D. D., Bishop of Massachusetts, at Christ Church, Brooklyn, Eastern District, in 1889, and a priest in St. Paul's Church, Natick, in 1890. Of this parish he remained in charge until 1891, establishing during that time St. Andrew's Church in Wellesley, which became part of his parish. In 1891 he returned to Worcester as the rector's assistant at All Saints Church, and in 1893 was called to the rectorship of the Church of the Ascension in New Haven, Connecticut.

In 1898 he was chosen secretary of the Commission on Parochial Archives, Diocese of Connecticut, and copyist, and did much to preserve the old church records and papers there. Since 1901 he has resided at No. 33 Harvard street, and has served as a missionary of the Diocese of Western Massachusetts, under his former associate, Bishop Vinton. He had charge of Christ Church, Rochdale, in 1903, re-opened and renovated the dormant Grace Church, Oxford, and in 1905 established Holy Trinity Church at Southbridge. Mr. Bailey is widely-known as a genealogist and historian, especially such as pertains to early Connecticut. He has himself published seven books of early Connecticut marriages, all taken from church records, and three books of early Massachusetts marriages which have had wide circulation and been of great service in establishing old family connections. In 1892 he copyrighted and patented a book for the keeping of family records and tracing ancestry which is in such favor that a fifth edition is now in circulation, greatly enlarged and improved. He is a member of the New England Historic-Genealogical Society in Boston, the Connecticut Historical Society, and the Massachusetts Society of the Sons of the American Revolution.

Rev. Frederic W. Bailey married, January 14, 1891, Lena Olive Marble, born August 9, 1870, died April 8, 1918, daughter of Jerome and Susan Emeline (Blanchard) Marble. Her father was born in Charlton, September 10, 1824, and died in Worcester, February 14, 1906. Their children: John Marble, born October 17, 1891, at Worcester; Nella May, August 25, 1897, at New Haven, Connecticut; Frederic Starr, October 18, 1900, at New Haven, Connecticut, and Francis Howarth, born February 18, 1907, at Worcester.

ERNEST G. ADAMS, Member of the firm of Kinsley & Adams, bankers and brokers, was born in Honolulu, Hawaiian Territory, September 15, 1874, son of Edward Payson and Ellen (Fisher) Adams. His father was born in Castine, Maine, August 31, 1829; a merchant in Honolulu for many years; his mother was born in Yarmouthport, Massachusetts, August 8, 1848.

He prepared for college in the Cambridge Latin School and was a student in Harvard College one year, 1899. He then entered the employ of E. Rollins Morse & Brother, bankers, at No. 38 State street, Boston, remaining five years. During the following four years he was a bond salesman for H. W. Poor & Company, brokers, No. 52 Devonshire street, Boston, and then for two years in a similar position with Fisk & Robinson of this city. In partnership with Edward W. Kinsley and his brother, Charles P. Adams, he formed the firm of Kinsley & Adams, bankers and brokers, in 1906. The firm has been highly successful. Their offices are at No. 15 Foster street. Mr. Adams is a director of the Worcester Bank & Trust Company and the Worcester Cold Storage & Warehouse Company. He is treasurer of the Worcester Boys Club, in which he has been keenly interested since coming to Worcester. He is a Republican and was elected alternate-at-large from the State of Massachusetts to the Republican National Convention at Chicago in 1912.

His military record began in May, 1898, when he joined Company A, First Corps Cadets, Massachusetts National Guard, and he served until 1908, being advanced grade by grade from private to corporal, sergeant, first sergeant, and second lieutenant. He was first sergeant of the first company in the Worcester Military Training School, 1915-16. April 14, 1917, he enrolled in the United States Navy Reserve Force and was called into active service the same date, as a lieutenant (J. G.). Served at the Boston Navy Yard under the district enrolling officer of the First Naval District until July 2, 1917. Then made an aide to the commandant, First Naval District, holding this position until January 19, 1918, when he was assigned to duty at Washington under the chief of naval operations, Admiral William S. Benson. During various campaigns for raising money for the Boys Club, the Young Men's Christian Association, the Red Cross and other public purposes he has served on important committees and given largely of his time and ability. He is a member of the Harvard Club of this city, the Worcester Club, the Tatnuck Country Club, the Harvard Club of Boston and the Boston Yacht Club.

Mr. Adams married, in Weston, Massachusetts, October 14, 1902, Mary Edith Russell, who was born at Durand, Illinois, 1881, a daughter of Rev. Charles F. Russell, pastor of the Unitarian church of Weston for more than thirty-three years (1917). Mr. and Mrs. Adams have had four children: Margaret Germaine, born August, 1903, died November 25, 1905; Elizabeth Fisher, born June 23, 1906; Edward Payson, born June 4, 1907; Mary Rogers, born July 10, 1911.

DANIEL EDWARD DENNY, Senator, councillor, was born in Worcester, July 14, 1845, son of Edwards Whipple and Elizabeth D. (Stone) Denny. Edwards Whipple Denny was born in Hardwick, Vermont. He was a deaf mute, but notwithstanding this handicap was very successful in business. He was educated in the American Asylum at Hartford, Connecticut. He married Elizabeth D. Stone, who was also a deaf mute. They were both pupils of the famous Rev. Thomas Gallaudet, who accomplished so much for the deaf and dumb during his lifetime. Mr. Denny came to Worcester when it was a small village and bought a large estate on Highland street, which has grown very valuable since. The residence of Daniel E. Denny on West street stands on a portion of the old place. His line of ancestry is as follows: Isaac, Colonel Samuel; Daniel, who was the immigrant ancestor, born in Combs, England, came to America in 1715, to Boston; Thomas; Edmund; Edmund; Edmund; Robert; to whom the line of Daniel Edward Denny has been traced, was born in England about 1590. He was buried at Combs, Suffolk county, England, February 1, 1624. Colonel Samuel Denny, great-grandfather, was an officer at the battle of Bunker Hill. His grandfather, Isaac Denny, enlisted at the age of fifteen in the Revolution.

Daniel E. Denny attended the public schools of Worcester and Worcester Academy. He learned the trade of machinist in the shops of Lucius W. Pond and worked for twenty years at his trade, principally for Mr. Pond and at the Washburn shops of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute. He was a skillful mechanic, and perhaps should be cited in a history of Worcester as a fine example of the combination of brains and mechanical skill in the workshops of Worcester that have built up the city and attracted new enterprises here. After twenty years of labor at the lathe and drill, Mr. Denny accepted a position in the railway mail service. He was promoted step by step until he was "clerk-in-charge." He retired at the end of twenty years to enter the real estate and fire and accident insurance business. Since 1902, when Mr. Denny went into business for himself, he has been in public life and has served the city creditably in several capacities.

He served the city in the Common Council in 1904 and 1905. He was elected from ward one for a two years term. In his second year he was elected president of the board, one of the highest honors in the city government. Some matters of great importance have been acted upon since Mr. Denny has been in the City Council. He has been on the committees on streets, sewers and on military affairs. The making of a boulevard out of Shrewsbury street from the railroad station to Lake Quinsigamond has been carried into effect. The Greenwood Street Park has been acquired and the magnificent Green Hill estate has been acquired at a nominal figure from the heirs. The water works have been extended along the Asnebumskit brook in Paxton. The city has been redistricted, making ten wards instead of eight. He was a member of the redistricting committee. Mr. Denny has been an active and efficient councilman. His good record in the city government was recognized by his constituents, and by a flattering vote he was elected to the General Court for 1906, from ward one, the fifteenth district. He was re-elected from year to year, serving until 1910, taking an influential part in legislation and serving on the most important committee. In 1910-11-12 he was State Senator and he continued a most efficient

legislator. In 1913-14-15 he was a member of the Governor's Executive Council. He is a trustee of the Soldiers' Home, Chelsea, Massachusetts. He served on the State Committee at the dedication of the soldiers monuments at Winchester, Virginia; Newbern, North Carolina, and Baton Rouge, Louisiana, and Petersburg, Virginia. He has been captain of the Worcester Continentals; was president of the Worcester Mechanics Association and the County Republican Club.

Mr. Denny is best-known from his brilliant Grand Army career. He entered the service at the age of eighteen in Company E, Forty-second Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia. He joined the Worcester Grand Army Post in 1869, and has since then been an active member and held various offices from time to time. He was the commander in 1904 and 1905, and during those two years this post made a remarkable gain in membership. Forty years after the Civil War and over forty after the military service of the most of the men began, this post added to its membership one hundred and twenty-six members, bringing the total to seven hundred and sixty-eight and putting the post in the first place in the country in point of numbers. Those who know the men believe this post stands at the head also in character and standing of the members, in their records as soldiers and as citizens. Mr. Denny was commander of Department Massachusetts, Grand Army of the Republic, 1917 and 1918.

Mr. Denny is known all over the State among the Knights of Pythias. He was a charter member of Regulus Lodge of Worcester, No. 71, and was first master-at-arms of that body. He was admitted to the Grand Lodge the year following under the administration of Charles B. Newton and was appointed grand master-at-arms. In 1891 he was elected grand prelate by a handsome vote. The year following he was chosen grand vice-chancellor, and in 1893 was given a unanimous election as the twenty-second grand chancellor of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts. Mr. Denny is a Free Mason of high standing. He belongs to Morning Star Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters, and to Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar. He was formerly a member of the Royal Arcanum. He has attended Central Church since a young boy.

Mr. Denny married, April 17, 1867, Martha Alice Fisher, daughter of Robert D. and Alice (Russell) Fisher. She was born in Northbridge, Massachusetts, October 8, 1844. Their children are: 1. Frank Edward, born September 9, 1869, died May 16, 1872. 2. Alice Elizabeth, born March 27, 1871, a graduate of the Worcester Classical High School, 1890, and afterwards a teacher there for four years; married Peter Robinson Culbert, who is a newsdealer at No. 334 Main street, Worcester, January 11, 1900; they have one child, Janet Denny Culbert, born December 7, 1904. 3. Edward Arthur, born in Worcester, December 16, 1872, graduate of the Worcester Classical High School, 1892; married Bertha J. Griswold, September 17, 1901, at Worcester; he has been with the State Mutual Life Assurance Company for ten years and is at present cashier. 4. Florence Isabel, born November 11, 1881, graduate of the Worcester Classical High School, class of 1900, now employed at the Worcester County Registry of Deeds.

PERCY HAROLD EPLER, Former pastor of Adams Square Congregational Church, was born in Jacksonville, Illinois, July 19, 1872, son of Judge Cyrus and Cornelia (Nettleton) Epler.

He graduated from the Illinois College, Jacksonville (A. B., 1892); was a student in Yale University, 1892-93, and graduated from Yale Divinity School (B. D., 1896). He was ordained in the Congregational Ministry in 1896; became associate pastor of Phillips Church, South Boston, serving from 1896 to 1903; was pastor of the First Church, Detroit, Michigan, 1903-05, and pastor of the Adams Square Congregational Church from 1905 to 1916. He was a member of the Economic Club. In 1906 he was a lecturer at Yale. He has written various books and contributed to newspapers and periodicals. He married, January 1, 1903, Helen Esther York, of New Haven, Connecticut.

EDWARD EARLE, Mayor of the city, merchant, card-clothing manufacturer, was born in Leicester, February 10, 1811, and died in Worcester, May 19, 1877, son of Timothy and Ruth (Keese) Earle. His father died when he was eight years old and his mother afterward married Henry Earle, her brother-in-law, who became an invalid and the management of the farm devolved on the son Edward at an early age. He also had charge of a saw mill on the homestead.

Edward Earle attended the district schools of Leicester, Leicester Academy and the Friends School in Providence, Rhode Island. He came to this city in 1832 and engaged in business as a dealer in grain and flour. Subsequently he was admitted to

partnership in the iron and steel business of Joseph Pratt, a pioneer in this business, and he continued in the firm of Pratt & Earle for many years. In 1842 Mr. Earle purchased the interest of his cousin, Timothy K. Earle, in the card-clothing business, and in partnership with his brother, Timothy Keese Earle, continued in the business until he retired in 1869. After that time he was occupied in the care of his real estate and various public and private trusts. He was in his day one of the leading business men here. His public career was highly creditable also. He was elected a selectman of the town of Worcester in 1843; was representative to the General Court in 1851 and voted for Charles Sumner for United States Senator; in 1853 he was an alderman, and from 1861 to 1871 a member of the school committee. He was elected mayor of the city in 1871 and served one term. He was an honest, faithful and conscientious executive. He was an anti-slavery man and during the war went South as a member of the friends committee to look for the welfare of the Freedmen. He was for many years a member of the Board of State Charities and its chairman during the latter part of his service. He was one of the founders of the American Social Science Association. Throughout his life he was a consistent member of the Society of Friends.

Mr. Earle married, in 1835, Ann Barker, daughter of David and Susan Ann (Buffum) Barker. Their only child, Anne Buffum, married, in 1865, James S. Rogers.

TIMOTHY KEESE EARLE, Business man, was born January 11, 1823, in Leicester, and died October 1, 1881, in Worcester, Massachusetts, son of Henry and Ruth (Keese-Earle) Earle.

His education was obtained at a common school, the academy at Leicester and the Friends' School in Providence, Rhode Island. In 1842, in company with Reuben Randall, he purchased the card setting machines previously operated by his uncle, Silas Earle, then just deceased, and continued to operate them with success. The interest of his partner, by purchase and sale, passed through several hands until at last his half-brother, Edward Earle, came into the firm, which was known as T. K. Earle & Company. They removed the business to Worcester where it rapidly grew until it became the most extensive establishment of its kind in the United States. In 1878 it was organized as the T. K. Earle Manufacturing Company with Timothy K. Earle, as trustee, and Edwin Brown, agent and treasurer. Mr. Earle was never a seeker of political honors, though he was active in every movement designed to promote the progress and prosperity of the community. He was at one time a member of the school committee of Worcester, which position he held for several years. He was a consistent and firm advocate of temperance and prohibition of the sale of liquor. In 1878 and 1880 he was the candidate of the Prohibition party of Massachusetts for lieutenant-governor. He was a member of the Society of Friends and in his later years often spoke at its meetings.

Mr. Earle married (first) September 12, 1849, Nancy Shove Hacker, born September 26, 1829, in Salem, Massachusetts, died January 24, 1864, daughter of William E. and Nancy (Shove) Hacker, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. She was the mother of six children, as follows: 1. Mariana Miffin, born August 24, 1850, married Edwin Brown. 2. Lloyd M., born March 20, 1853, died May 18, 1868. 3. Helen H., born November 16, 1854, died March 9, 1860. 4. Hettie H., born April 16, 1859, died January 27, 1860. 5. Caroline H., born June 18, 1861; died April 26, 1862. 6. Nancy Hacker, born in Worcester, July 22, 1863, died May 6, 1918. She attended the public and high schools of Worcester and the Friends' School in Providence, Rhode Island, a graduate of the class of 1881 of the latter school; married Frank Bulkely Smith, born in Worcester, August 25, 1864, son of Charles Worcester and Josephine Caroline (Lord) Smith. Mr. Earle married (second) October 10, 1867, Caroline Cartland Osborne, of Dover, New Hampshire, daughter of Daniel and Caroline (Cartland) Osborne. Children: 1. Daniel Osborne, born September 3, 1869; married December 21, 1899, Grace Howard King, of Providence, Rhode Island; their son, Osborne Earle, was born November 10, 1904. 2. Caroline, born March 19, 1873. 3. Henry Halleck, born May 31, 1874, died February 13, 1879.

SUSAN A. GIFFORD, Known as Mother Gifford, temperance leader and lecturer, was born in Fall River, Massachusetts, March 2, 1826, died December 13, 1902, daughter of Richard and Lydia Mitchell. Her early childhood was spent in Scipio, Cayuga county, New York. She married, in 1846, Samuel Gifford, of Fall River. She became a resident of this city in the early seventies while her son was a student in the Polytechnic Institute. She became a great power in the temperance movement in 1874 and was instrumental in establishing the Reform Club. Her activity in this work is shown by the fact recorded in her diary that from 1876 to 1878, three years, she received 2,553 callers, made 770 visits and attended 532 meetings. She was a mem-



Timothy H. Earle

ber of the Society of Friends and for thirty years was a preacher in that denomination. From a tribute by Sarah B. Earle, we quote: "It was wonderful in a woman like her, so brave yet always so womanly, so shrinking yet always daring to do right, so modest yet willing to face the greatest crowd if she could give God's message, so meek yet defying in all opposition to her idea of justice, so weak yet so strong, so mild and so gentle in manner yet so firm and aggressive when the way was once made plain."

ALLYN KING FOSTER, Former pastor of the First Baptist Church, was born in Baltimore, Maryland, April 14, 1868, son of Robert Edward and Josephine (Wilkinson) Foster.

He graduated from Baltimore City College in 1886; was a student in Johns Hopkins, 1886-88, and in the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, Louisville, Kentucky, graduating in 1894. He received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale in 1901. He was ordained in the Baptist ministry in 1894, pastor of the Olivet Church, New Haven, 1895-1901; headmaster of the Foster School for Boys, Cornwall and Litchfield, Connecticut, 1901-08; acting pastor of the Lafayette Avenue Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, New York, 1907-08; pastor of the First Baptist Church of Worcester, 1909-16. While in Worcester his interest and influence centered in all movements having to do with the settlement of civic life. On leaving Worcester, he became pastor of the Washington Avenue Baptist Church of Brooklyn, New York, in January, 1916. He was given a year's leave of absence from the church to become director of Religious Work at Camp Beauregard, Louisiana. In April, 1918, he resigned from the pastorate of the Washington Avenue Church and sailed at once to do Young Men's Christian Association work in France for the French Government. He was chaplain of the Worcester County House of Correction; member of the corporation of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute; Phi Gamma Delta; Worcester Country Club, and the Rotary Club. He was the author of "Making Religion Efficient" (1912); "Cartoons in Character" (1915); contributing editor of the Worcester "Evening Gazette."

Rev. Mr. Foster married Emily Howard Foley (Ph. D., Yale) of Cincinnati, Ohio, October 28, 1902. They have two children, Allyn K., Jr., and Cicely.

DANIEL DOWNEY, Merchant, was born in North Brookfield, Massachusetts, October 8, 1849, son of James Downey, one of the earliest Irish settlers in that town, a substantial and successful farmer.

Mr. Downey received his education in the public schools of his native town and graduated from the high school there. He then came to this city and for several years was a clerk in the dry goods store of Josiah H. Clarke. He went West, remaining for a year. Returning to this city he became a clerk in the clothing store of A. P. Ware & Company, now the Ware-Pratt Company, and continued with that concern for a period of twenty-five years. He started in the clothing business on his own account in September, 1893, having a store in the Knowles building, corner of Main and Chatham streets, and from that time until he retired from business in 1906 held a leading place among the clothing merchants of the city. Since quitting the clothing business he has been a dealer in real estate, having offices in the State Mutual building. He is a vice-president of the Worcester County Musical Association; director of the Bay State Savings Bank; member of the Chamber of Commerce; trustee of St. Vincent's Hospital; for many years director of the choir of St. Paul's Catholic Church. He has a unique record, having been fifty-one years in St. John's and St. Paul's choirs.

Mr. Downey married, in Boston, August 21, 1883, Mary L. Power, daughter of Richard Power, who was at the time of his death the oldest marble dealer in Massachusetts, having been engaged in that business more than fifty years. Mr. and Mrs. Downey have three children: 1. James Richard, married Theresa Donnelly; had one son George. 2. Dr. George Charles, dentist, graduate of the Classical High School and the University of Maryland, 1910, now in the United States service; married Eleanor M. Usher. 3. Marion Frances, married Edward P. Fitzgerald, of Worcester, an architect, and has a daughter Paula Fitzgerald.

ERNEST ARMAND BICKFORD, Vice-president of The Wiley-Bickford-Sweet Company, was born at Berlin, Massachusetts, November 23, 1872, son of John Charles and Sarah Metcalf (Hebard) Bickford.

He attended the public schools in his native town, the Clinton High School, the Worcester Classical High School, and was graduated from the Worcester Polytechnic Institute in 1894 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. He became associated with his father in the slipper business in September, 1894, and succeeded him as partner

in the firm of Bickford & Sweet, now The Wiley-Bickford-Sweet Company of Hartford and Worcester, in January, 1900. He is first vice-president and works manager. The business of the firm was first located in Washington square, then on Grafton street. Since 1912 the business has been located in the building erected by David Cummings for a shoe factory at No. 60 King street. His father, John Charles Bickford, retired in 1900, and he took his place, the name of the firm remaining unchanged. The business has been highly prosperous, and for a number of years the firm has been among the foremost manufacturers in its line of business, the largest producers of slipper soles of the kind they make in the country. In 1916 a large brick addition to the factory was erected. In April, 1916, the firms of Bickford & Sweet, and William H. Wiley & Sons Company, another large sole and overgaiter concern of Hartford, joined forces, incorporating under the name of The Wiley-Bickford-Sweet Company, having a capitalization of \$300,000 common and \$50,000 preferred stock. Of this new company J. Allen Wiley, of Hartford, is president; Ernest A. Bickford, vice-president; William H. Corbin, of Hartford, treasurer; Walter A. Sweet, assistant treasurer and clerk; these four being the directors. This company is the largest in the country making this class of goods. Mr. Bickford is a member of the Adams Square Congregational Church, of which he has been a deacon and member of the standing committee for many years and treasurer. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Bickford married, June 5, 1895, Alice Bertha Crossman, who was born in Fitchburg, July 29, 1872, daughter of Frank Harrison and Lelia Ward (Farwell) Crossman. Her father and mother are living at Berlin, Massachusetts. Children: Dorothy, born March 2, 1896, student in Mt. Holyoke College, class of 1919; John Crossman, born May 5, 1898, student in Phillips Andover Academy, killed in an automobile accident in Florida, April 25, 1918; Franklin Armand, born September 3, 1899; Miriam, born September 30, 1900; Sarah Marjorie, born March 19, 1902; Richard Hebard, born August 20, 1907; Roger Murray, born February 23, 1910; Harrison Howe, born August 28, 1914.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Bickford are descended from old Colonial stock.

ELWOOD ADAMS, Hardware dealer, was born in this city, April 15, 1856, and died here April 11, 1918, son of John Quincy and Harriet L. (Botume) Adams.

He was educated here in the public schools. He began his business career as clerk in the hardware store of Henry W. Miller, and was later for a short time in the employ of O. S. Kendall. Returning to the employ of Mr. Miller, he became a few years later a partner in the firm of Smith & Adams, which succeeded to the business of Mr. Miller. This store is the oldest in its line in the city, and next to J. Russel Marble & Company the oldest business in the city. It still occupies the old site of the Waldo store, which was established in Lincoln square by Daniel Waldo in 1782; continued by his son, Daniel Waldo, Jr., from 1791 to 1821, when Henry W. Miller became the proprietor, as partner in the firm of Rice & Miller, and later sole proprietor until he sold out to Smith & Adams. Mr. Adams conducted the business for many years alone, after Mr. Smith retired in 1891. In recent years his son has been associated with him, and has succeeded to the business. Mr. Adams was a member of the Merchants Association, which became a branch of the Chamber of Commerce, and was its treasurer for a time. He was a member and for many years a director of the Builders Exchange, and director of the Mercantile Bureau of the Chamber of Commerce. He was also a member of the Worcester Automobile Club, the Tatassit Canoe Club, Worcester Lodge, Odd Fellows, and Worcester County Mechanics Association. In politics he was a Republican; in religion a Universalist.

Mr. Adams married Carrie Pierce, and has one son, Robert P., and a daughter, Gertrude Elizabeth Adams. He was descended from the early settlers of the Commonwealth in various lines of ancestry. His home was at No. 13 Schussler road.

From a tribute adopted by the Builders Exchange, the following extract is taken: "Becoming a member of the Builders Exchange in March, 1894, he has faithfully performed the duties which have been placed upon him for a little more than twenty-four years, during which period his wise counsel has often been sought as questions of a perplexing nature have arisen. He served many years on the board of directors, has filled the office of vice-president, and although the office of president had repeatedly been offered him he always very modestly declined the honor, not, however, with the idea of shirking a duty, but because he believed he could render more and greater service to the association in a less conspicuous position. Should we not, therefore, by word and deed seek to make our life here consistent, so that when the end comes, we, like him, may deserve the kind, generous words of friends in paying final tribute to our memory, as we today pay loving tribute to the noble character of Elwood Adams and to the high esteem in which he was held as a citizen, friend and member of our organization."

ROBERT PIERCE ADAMS, Hardware dealer, president of the corporation, Elwood Adams, Inc., was born in this city, September 1, 1884, son of Elwood Adams. He attended the Worcester public schools, graduating from the high school in 1902, and for two years was a student in the University of Pennsylvania. Since 1904 he has been in the hardware business in this city, associated with his father, and since the death of his father at the head of the business of Elwood Adams, Inc. He is president, treasurer and clerk of the corporation formed soon after Elwood Adams died. The other directors of the company are his sister, Gertrude E. Adams, and Norman E. Woodis. Mr. Adams is a member of the Lakeside Boat Club, of which he has been the commodore; the Worcester Rotary Club, the Chamber of Commerce, and the First Universalist Church. In politics he is a Republican. He is unmarried.

WALDO EMERSON BUCK, President and treasurer of the Worcester Manufacturers Mutual Insurance Company, was born in Stonham, Massachusetts, February 21, 1856.

He attended the public schools and was for four years a special student in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. He followed the profession of civil engineer, serving as agent of a Water Power Company, then special inspector and adjuster for the Associated Factory Mutual Insurance Companies. In 1897 he was elected secretary of the Worcester Manufacturers Mutual Insurance Company, and two years later he became president and treasurer, offices that he has held since that time. Mr. Buck is also a director of the United States Envelope Company and of the Merchants and Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Company. In politics he is a Republican. He is a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, the Boston Society of Civil Engineers, the Worcester Club and the Tatnuck Country Club. He is a Unitarian, a member of the Second Parish of Worcester.

Mr. Buck married, at Woburn, Massachusetts, June 6, 1894, Frances S. Jones, who was born in Woburn. They have two children: Sherwood Emerson, born December 18, 1898; Eleanor Frances, born March 18, 1901.

ELBRIDGE BOYDEN, Architect, was born in Vermont, and died in this city, March 25, 1898, son of Amos Boyden, who was a soldier in the Revolution from Sturbridge, and Abigail (Wood) Boyden. The father moved to Orange, where the son received his education. At the age of sixteen he began to learn the trade of carpenter in Athol and to study architecture. He came to this town in 1844. He became an architect of prominence. His best known work is Mechanics Hall. A painting of Mr. Boyden hangs in the hall. He was a member of the Massachusetts Society, Sons of the American Revolution, of which he was vice-president in 1897. Mr. Boyden married Louisa Davis, of Royalston, who died in 1888.

GEORGE EVERETT BATCHELDER, Water registrar, was born in Middleton, Massachusetts, February 16, 1836, and died March 12, 1899, son of Joseph W. Batchelder.

He received a public school education in his native town, and learned the trade of shoemaker. He came to Worcester in 1869 and until 1884 he was engaged in the shoe and leather business in Worcester, foreman in the Bay State Shoe and Leather Company. He was a soldier in the Civil War, serving three years in Company F, Fortieth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers, at Lynnfield, Massachusetts, was transferred to Company B, Twelfth Regiment, Veteran Reserves, August 26, 1864; mustered out as first sergeant. In politics he was a Republican. He served in the Common Council of the city of Worcester in 1880-81-82; as representative in the General Court in 1883-84, resigning in February, 1884, to accept the office of water registrar of the city, succeeding J. Stewart Brown, and serving until the time of his death in 1899, when he was succeeded by his son, George W. Batchelder, the present registrar. He was a member of Montacute Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Worcester Lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Mr. Batchelder married, in Georgetown, Massachusetts, January 1, 1857, Olive M. Boardman, who was born at Marblehead, Massachusetts, March 18, 1836, a daughter of Daniel W. Boardman. Mr. and Mrs. Batchelder had two children: Grace E., born October 4, 1857, died in 1884, unmarried; and George W. (see biography).

GEORGE WELLINGTON BATCHELDER, Water commissioner and water registrar, was born in Georgetown, Massachusetts, March 17, 1864, son of George E. and Olive M. (Boardman) Batchelder. He was educated in the public schools of this city and in the Worcester High School. From 1878 to 1884 he was a clerk in the employ of the Bay State Shoe and Leather Company of Worcester; from 1884 to 1889

reader of meters in the water department of the city; from 1889 to 1899 in the railway mail service. He was elected water registrar of the city, March 20, 1899. He became water commissioner, June 6, 1904, and has filled that office since. He has also been water registrar since March 20, 1917. He is a member of Quinsigamond Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; the Chamber of Commerce, Commonwealth Club, Commercial Travelers Association, Worcester Country Club, and Worcester County Republican Club. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Batchelder married, at Ottawa, Illinois, September 17, 1890, Sarah V. Hatheway, who was born at Ottawa, Illinois, January 3, 1868, a daughter of Stephen and Ellen P. (Fay) Hatheway. They have one son, Robert Fred, born here March 27, 1895, graduate of the South High School, 1913, now in the service in the Naval Pay Corps, ensign, assistant paymaster. Their home is at No. 3 Midland street in this city. Mrs. Batchelder is a member of the Timothy Bigelow Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, the Woman's Club and Worcester Country Club.

JOHN G. BRADY, Water commissioner, was born in Norwich, Connecticut, October 28, 1833, died in this city, May 27, 1904. He was educated in the public schools of Norwich, and learned the trade of machinist in the shops of the Norwich & Worcester Railroad there. About 1856 he became a locomotive engineer on the Norwich Road and followed that occupation for twelve years. He made his home in this city in 1860. In 1868 he became foreman in the repair shops of the Worcester & Nashua Railroad in this city, and afterward was master mechanic of the Portland & Rochester Railroad, and lived for a time in Portland. Returning to Worcester in 1875 he was for eleven years afterward master mechanic for the Worcester & Nashua Road. His public life began in 1881 when he served his ward in the Common Council. He was councilman again in 1882 and alderman in 1883-84-85. From April, 1886, when he succeeded Lucian A. Taylor as water commissioner, he was in charge of the water system of the city until he died. He was a member of the Worcester Society of Antiquity.

LEON JEFFERSON BARRETT, of Barrett & Snow, general agents of the State Mutual Assurance Company, was born at Ilion, New York, January 12, 1877, son of John Bunyan and Adella Arthermise (Clough) Barrett.

He attended the public schools, and the private school of Joseph Gile, of New Haven, Connecticut. He entered the employ of the Winchester Repeating Arms Company as a machinist's apprentice, after he left school, at the age of fifteen, and he followed his trade, and in 1902 he became mechanician in the Sheffield Scientific School of Yale University. This proved his opportunity, as it opened a way to obtain more education, and his associates also were of great benefit to him. In 1905 he decided to change his occupation and started upon his career in the insurance business, as district manager of the John Hancock Life Insurance Company at New Haven. A year later he became the agency director of the Underwriters Agency Company in New Haven, a prosperous corporation, of which F. C. Bushnell and R. S. Woodruff (the latter then governor of Connecticut) were his backers. A year later he resigned his position, but remained on the board of directors, and he accepted a more lucrative offer of the general agency of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, with headquarters at Bridgeport, Connecticut. A year and a half later he was elected inspector of agencies of the Home Life Insurance Company of New York. In this office his duties required him to travel extensively, and he made a wide acquaintance among insurance men. In June, 1909, he entered into partnership with Benjamin Bigelow Snow, under the firm name of Barrett & Snow, as general agents of the State Mutual Life Assurance Company of Worcester, Massachusetts. The firm is one of the largest in New England, and the business has steadily grown each year. His hobby is his machinist trade, in which he has always kept up-to-date. He was one of the incorporators and vice-president and treasurer of John Bath & Company, Inc., of Worcester, manufacturers of precision tools, gauges and grinding machinery. He is a past master of Corinthian Lodge, No. 103, Free and Accepted Masons, Northford, Connecticut, and a member of all the Masonic bodies including Pulaski Chapter, No. 26, of New Haven, Connecticut; Jerusalem Council, of Bridgeport, Connecticut; Hamilton Commandery, No. 5, Knights Templar, of Bridgeport; Worcester Lodge of Perfection, fourteenth degree; Goddard Council, Princes of Jerusalem, sixteenth degree; Lawrence Chapter, Rose Croix, eighteenth degree; Worcester, Massachusetts Consistory, thirty-second degree, Boston; Palestine Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Providence, Rhode Island; Aletheia Grotto, No. 13, of Worcester. He is a member of the Adams Square Congregational Church, and the Congregational Club of Worcester, and the Economic

Club. In politics he is an Independent. He is a member of the Commonwealth Club, Worcester Automobile Club, Worcester Country Club, Chamber of Commerce, and Worcester County Mechanics Association.

Mr. Barrett married, May 26, 1896, Martha Sackett Hyde, born at North Haven, Connecticut, January 13, 1877, daughter of Lyman Munson and Elizabeth Gertrude Hyde (adopted, name prior to adoption Givens). Children: Ellen Elizabeth, born May 19, 1898, at Westville, New Haven, Connecticut, now at Wellesley; Virginia Bernice, born March 17, 1900, at North Haven, Connecticut; Leone Martha, born at North Haven, Connecticut, September 7, 1903.

EDWIN GRANT BARRETT, Lieutenant-colonel, deputy-sheriff, merchant, was born June 29, 1868, in Springfield, son of Joseph and Alvina (Spencer) Barrett. He died in this city, June 3, 1917.

He received his education in the public schools. For many years he was a retail shoe dealer with a store at No. 171 Main street. In later years he was a deputy-sheriff with offices in the Slater building. He enlisted in 1888 in the City Guards and at the end of three years held the rank of first sergeant. His promotion to second lieutenant, lieutenant and captain followed soon afterward. He was commissioned captain, April 5, 1894, and commanded his company until he was retired in 1914 with the rank of lieutenant-colonel. His service in the Spanish War is described elsewhere. He was the first commander of Colonel E. R. Shumway Camp, United Spanish War Veterans, in 1901, and in 1907 was made head of the department of Massachusetts in this organization. He was at one time active in municipal politics and was president of the Board of Aldermen. He was defeated in the nomination for mayor by Walter H. Blodget. In politics he was a Republican.

Mr. Barrett married Florence G. Pond, daughter of Frank and Elizabeth (Bond) Pond, of this city, and they had one son, Franklin Elliott, born December 24, 1896, who served in the United States Marines during the World War. His home was at No. 5 Norton street.

DANA MARSH DUSTAN, Special agent of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, was born in Tunbridge, Vermont, June 14, 1859, son of George Dustan, who was born in Lebanon, New Hampshire, November 28, 1828, died in Hartford, Connecticut, March 27, 1902; married Lucy A. Marsh, who was born in Orford, New Hampshire, September 2, 1831, died September 14, 1862.

Dana M. Dustan attended the public schools; graduated from the high school of Peterborough, New Hampshire, in 1874; from Kimball Union Academy at Meriden, New Hampshire, in 1876; and from Dartmouth College in 1880 with the degrees of Bachelor of Arts and Master of Arts. He was principal of the People's Academy, Morrisville, Vermont, 1880-82; of the high school, Groton, Massachusetts, 1882-83; of the high school, Weston, Massachusetts, 1883-87; of Monson Academy, Monson, Massachusetts, 1887-93; of Tabor Academy, Marion, Massachusetts, 1893-1901. He was connected with the New England Publishing Company of Boston, 1901-02, and since then has been the special agent of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, having offices in this city. In politics Mr. Dustan is a Republican. He was a member of the Worcester School Committee from 1906 to 1916; a member of the Ward Ten Republican City Committee, 1904-06; president of the Worcester County Republican Club. He is a member of the corporation of the People's Savings Bank; of Quinsigamond Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; the Sons of Temperance; United Order of the Golden Cross; Commonwealth Club; Congregational Club; Worcester Country Club; Dartmouth College Club; Worcester Chamber of Commerce, of which he is clerk; and the Plymouth Congregational Church.

Mr. Dustan married (first) at Weston, Massachusetts, December 22, 1885, Abbie C. Fiske, daughter of Alonzo S. Fiske, who was born December 3, 1852, died at Weston, Massachusetts, in 1893. He married (second) at Atlantic, Massachusetts, July 2, 1901, Myra A. Safford, daughter of Roby R. Safford, who was born May 12, 1858. Mr. Dustan's only child, Helen C., born August 14, 1888, graduated from the Classical High School in 1908, and from the Bridgewater State Normal School in 1911; married, January 1, 1915, Tracy C. Buswell.

EDWARD ELLERY FRANKS, Jeweler, proprietor of the Moulton Store, was born in Medfield, September 27, 1875, son of Ellery and Emma Franks.

He attended the public schools of his native town and the Bryant & Stratton Business College in Boston. He began his business career in the employ of the American Rubber Company of Boston, and for four years was a clerk and for six years a traveling salesman for this concern. In 1901 he engaged in business on his W.—II-39.

own account in the retail jewelry business in Boston. He came to this city in 1910, and purchased the business of Edward Moulton (see biography). He has continued the business at the old stand since that time, and maintained the high standards of his predecessor. This is one of the largest and best-known jewelry stores in this section. Mr. Franks has taken the thirty-second degree in Free Masonry, and is a member of Quinsigamond Lodge, Worcester County Commandery, Lawrence Chapter of Rose Croix, Goddard Council of Princes of Jerusalem, and the Massachusetts Consistory. In religion he is a Unitarian. He is a member of the Worcester Country Club.

Mr. Franks married, May 14, 1902, Miriam Sugarman, of Boston. They have three children: Edward Ellery, Jr., born December 6, 1903; Robert Sherman, March 1, 1907; Lawrence Addison, October 7, 1913.

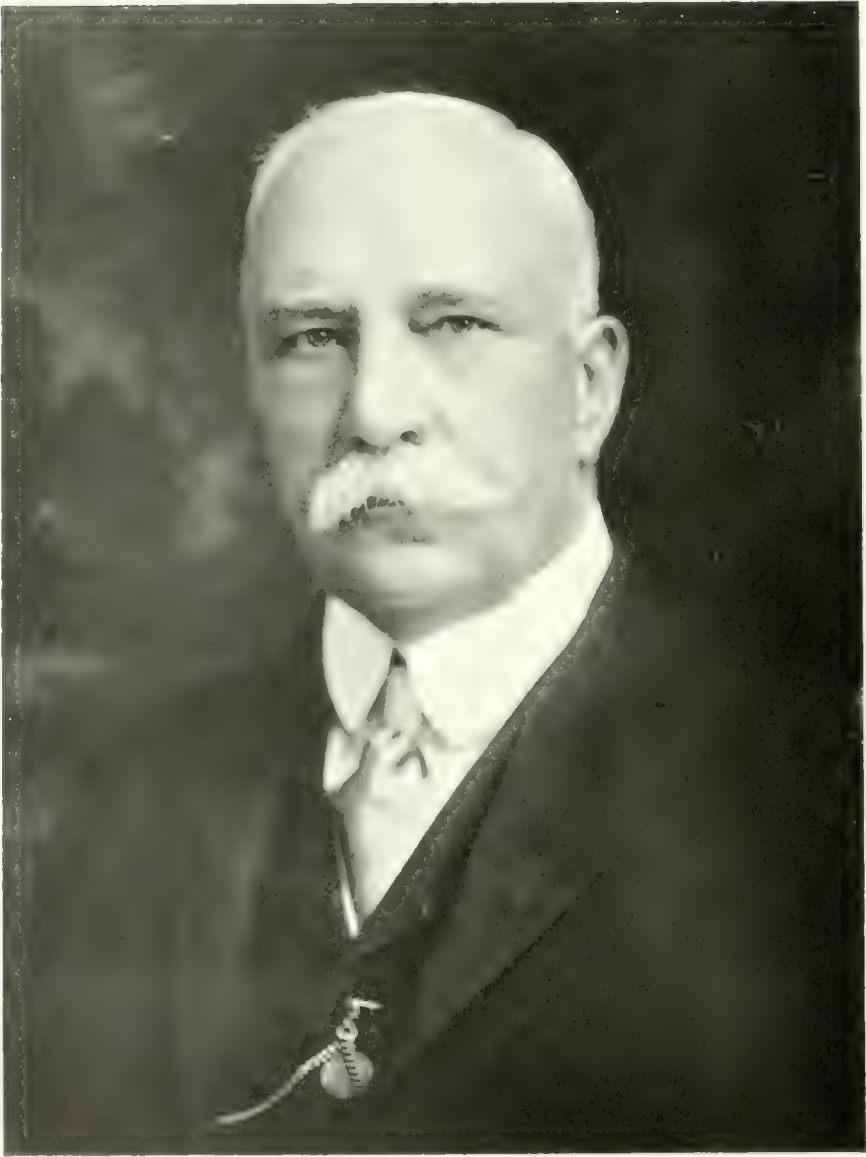
ELBRIDGE REED HOLMES, Member of the Development Board, entered the employ of the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works in August, 1902, after about seven years of experience as a machinist and draftsman. He learned the trade of machinist in the shops of Pratt & Whitney, of Hartford, Connecticut, and for three years and a half was employed as draftsman and designer in the works of the Beaman & Smith Company, manufacturers of machine tools, Providence, Rhode Island. His specialty here has been drafting for the narrow-fabric looms, and he is at present in charge of that branch of the work. In the course of his work he has taken out five patents in his own name, and four others jointly, all assigned to the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works. Most of these are improvements on the narrow-fabric looms; one is a box motion for broad looms. For several years Mr. Holmes was a teacher in the drafting classes of the Young Men's Christian Association evening schools.

Mr. Holmes was born in Erving, Massachusetts, August 21, 1876, son of Samuel and Jane Elizabeth (Reed) Holmes. His father was a farmer and lumberman. In the district schools of his native town and in the Salem (Massachusetts) Commercial School, he received his early education. He married, February 14, 1900, Harriet May Rhodes, daughter of Ralph Clifford and Mary Elizabeth (Cowles) Rhodes, of Wethersfield, Connecticut, and they have two daughters, Marian Reed and Doris Elizabeth.

DANIEL KINSLEY, Retired, court messenger, was born in Fletcher, Vermont, June 17, 1829, son of Ben Alvah and Catherine (Montague) Kinsley. Ben Alvah Kinsley was a soldier in the War of 1812, and was wounded in the battle at LaCole Mill, Canada. He wrote the history of the town of Fletcher for the "Gazetteer." He had five sons in the Civil War; he died at Lowell, Vermont, December 6, 1870, aged seventy-four years. The Kinsley line of ancestry is: Daniel (8), Ben Alvah (7), Daniel (6), Daniel (5), Samuel (4), Samuel (3), Samuel (2), Stephen (1). The pioneer, Stephen, was born in England, and came to Braintree about 1639. He settled in Dorchester, but returned to Braintree, where he was an elder in the church, and deputy to the General Court. He died in 1673. Daniel (5) Kinsley left Dorchester, where his ancestors had lived for a century, and settled in Charlemont; his brother Samuel died in this town on his way from Deerfield to Bridgewater, and was buried here; Daniel (5) Kinsley and his son Daniel (6) both served in the Revolution, and both removed to Bennington, Vermont, afterward, and later to Cambridge, in that State. Through the Montague line, and many others, Mr. Kinsley is descended from the original pioneers of Massachusetts. The Montagues were among the most prominent families of Sunderland.

Daniel Kinsley was educated in the district schools. He came to North Brookfield, and entered the employ of Bonum Nye, through whose influence as one of the county commissioners he was elected messenger of the courts at Worcester, June 21, 1853, and he filled this office for fifty years. In the early days of his service at the Court House he planted a seedling elm, now known as the Kinsley elm. Hon. Alfred S. Roe wrote an appreciation of Mr. Kinsley in the Worcester Magazine, October, 1903. Mr. Kinsley has lived for many years on the old Isaiah Thomas estate at the rear of the Court House. He is a member of Plymouth Church, and was formerly active in the Young Men's Christian Association.

Mr. Kinsley married, August 24, 1854, Harriet Newell Mudgett, daughter of Jesse Mudgett. She died March 4, 1900. Their children were: 1. Catherine Montague, born June 23, 1855; married Charles A. Reed. 2. Fanny Amelia, born September 10, 1857, died January 17, 1863. 3. Florence Josephine, born October 26, 1860. 4. Carrie Carleton, born March 26, 1864, kindergarten teacher in the Gates Lane School. 5. Sumner Alvah, born April 8, 1868, married Maybelle Pierce. 6. Edward William, of further mention.



Rufus P. Fowler

EDWARD WILLIAM KINSLEY, Banker and broker, of the firm of Kinsley & Adams, was born in this city, January 12, 1871. He attended the old Dix Street Grammar School and the Classical High School. From 1890 to 1906 he was in the employ of Kinnicutt & DeWitt, bankers, rising to a position of responsibility and trust. Since that time he has been senior partner of the firm of Kinsley & Adams. Their offices are at No. 15 Foster street. Mr. Kinsley is a trustee of the People's Savings Bank. In politics he is a Republican. He is a member of the Worcester Club, the Worcester Country Club, the Tatnuck Country Club, the Commonwealth Club and the Lakeside Boat Club.

Mr. Kinsley married, in this city, December 1, 1905, Edith Lancaster, who was born here, December 12, 1883, a daughter of William and Catherine (Christopher) Lancaster. Her father was born in England, July 11, 1845, died in this city, October 21, 1906; was for many years general agent of the State Mutual Life Assurance Company. Her mother was born at St. John, New Brunswick, June 5, 1861, died in this city, June 22, 1915. Mr. and Mrs. Kinsley have two children: Joan, born February 6, 1912, and Edward William, Jr., born July 13, 1915. Their home is at No. 9 Cedar street.

EARL ELLIOT HOWARD, Vice-president, secretary and manager of one of three sales departments of the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works, has been with the company since November, 1899. For several years he was employed in office work, being in charge of the cost department. When Deacon H. H. Merriam resigned in 1906, Mr. Howard succeeded him. Since July, 1910, he has been in the executive office. He became clerk of the corporation, February 28, 1912, and a director, February 26, 1913. In February, 1917, he was elected one of the vice-presidents. His department as sales manager comprises the broad looms, both woolen and worsted, carpet, duck and other looms of this class. His duties call him from time to time to the mills in which Crompton & Knowles looms are used and to those in which he is seeking to introduce the looms, giving him a wide acquaintance among the agents and manufacturers in all parts of the country.

Mr. Howard was born in Lynn, Massachusetts, March 18, 1872, son of James Elwin and Kate Elizabeth (Gilman) Howard. He received his education in Miss Ayers's private school and the public schools of Milford, Massachusetts, being a member of the 1890 class of the high school there. After taking a course in the Hickox Commercial School, Boston, in 1891, he began his business career in the office of the George F. Blake Manufacturing Company, at Cambridge, Massachusetts. This concern, it may be said, succeeded to the steam pump business established by Lucius J. Knowles, as stated elsewhere in this book. For three years Mr. Howard was the chief cost clerk of this company. From the time he left until he came to the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works he was employed in the offices of the Draper Company, at Hopedale. He is a member of the Worcester Country Club, the Tatnuck Country Club, the Worcester Club, the Commonwealth Club, the Chamber of Commerce, Carpet Association of America, National Cotton Manufacturers Association, Textile Exhibitors Association, Home Market Club of Boston, Republican Club of Massachusetts, Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of which he is past master; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; and the Massachusetts Consistory; the Milford Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and an attendant of the Adams Square Congregational Church.

Mr. Howard married, September 15, 1896, Elizabeth Heath, daughter of John M. and Clara (Ambler) Heath, of Lynn, Massachusetts.

MARY J. STUDLEY, Physician and surgeon, was born in this city, and died here in 1881. She was graduated from the New York Infirmary and Medical School for Women in 1872. Returning to Worcester, she practiced medicine in this city until 1876. Much of her time, however, was spent in lecturing on medical subjects, as she preferred that service to the routine of general practice. In 1877 she was appointed a teacher of hygiene at the State Normal School, Framingham, Massachusetts, and while on duty there she wrote a book that became widely known, entitled "What Our Girls Should Know." Her last years were devoted to travel and study abroad. Along the lines of hygiene, and preventive medicine and treatment, she was far in advance of her times.

RUFUS BENNETT FOWLER, Patent Attorney, was born December 5, 1841, in Northbridge, Massachusetts, son of Charles and Susan F. (Bennett) Fowler. Mr. Fowler is a descendant of Philip Fowler, a native of Marlborough, England, who came to Ipswich in 1634 at the age of forty-four years. His father, Charles Fowler, who died in 1895 at the advanced age of eighty years, was a farmer, and was of the Quaker faith.

Rufus B. Fowler was graduated at the Barre Academy, Barre, Vermont, in the class of 1861, and was for a time assistant superintendent of the Uxbridge Woolen Mill. He later took a course in the Eastman Business College at Poughkeepsie, New York, the first to adopt actual business methods in its course of instruction, and at that time at the height of its popularity, having about fourteen hundred students. At the close of his course, Mr. Fowler accepted the position of superintendent and instructor in the banking department of Eastman College. In this department two banks and a clearing house illustrated in a practical manner the functions of banks in business life. In addition to his duties as superintendent and instructor Mr. Fowler also studied law. In 1864-65 he became lecturer on commercial law at the United States College of Business in New Haven, Connecticut, which college was an ambitious undertaking of Thomas H. Stevens, for many years teacher in the Claverack Institute, New York, to broaden the instruction in schools of this class.

From 1865 to the time of the great fire in Chicago, Mr. Fowler was a member of the wholesale firm of Fowler, Stewart & Wilson, at No. 39 Lake street, Chicago. From that time Mr. Fowler gradually drifted into mechanical pursuits and patent law, urged both by his natural ability and his inclination in that direction. His services as an expert in such matters were in constant demand. In 1872 he went to Norwich, Connecticut, and was later for some time engaged in designing special machinery at Worcester. He also at this time completed an invention of a ribbon loom. Other inventions related to wire-working machinery, wool-carding engines, and a mechanical piano player of unique capabilities, to which he gave the name, of Pianochord. After his marriage he conducted the manufacture of narrow wares by means of looms of his own invention. In 1881 he returned to Worcester, and took up the profession of patent attorney and expert in patent causes, with offices in the Exchange building. On May 1, 1915, he moved his offices to the New Park building, corner of Main and Franklin streets, Worcester, where he is associated with Mr. Kennedy, under the firm name of Fowler & Kennedy, patent attorneys, of which Mr. Fowler is senior partner.

The nature of his profession is such that a comparatively few become acquainted with his merits and ability, and although he ranks high in the profession he is better known through his connection with various organizations devoted to public service. He was president of the Worcester Board of Trade in 1900 and 1901, his natural fitness and ability for the position and his public spirit and interest in the public welfare of Worcester directing attention to him, and he was recognized as a very capable and efficient executive. While at the head of the Board of Trade there was a spontaneous movement to run Mr. Fowler for the office of mayor of Worcester, and he could have had the Republican nomination with the support of all the newspapers, but he declined the honor on account of the pressure of his private business. The only public office he has accepted is that of park commissioner of Worcester, which he held from 1905 until 1917.

He was a member of the commission appointed by Governor Foss to consider the preservation of Lake Quinsigamond. He is a trustee of the Worcester Academy, of the Worcester County Institution for Savings, director in the Weight Wire Company, the Morgan Spring Company, and other corporations. He is a member of the Worcester Society of Antiquity, the Worcester Economic Club, the Public Education Association of Worcester, the Worcester County Musical Association, the Massachusetts Civic League, the Massachusetts Forestry Association, the National Conference of Charities and Correction, the American Civic Association, the National Municipal League, and the National Geographic Society. Mr. Fowler is also a member of the Engineers Club of New York City. He is an honorary member of the Worcester Continentals. Although Mr. Fowler was reared a Quaker, he and his family are attendants of the Central Congregational Church, and he was active in the building committee, the board of assessors and the music committee, while Mrs. Fowler has served on the woman's committee.

Mr. Fowler married, November 17, 1875, Helen Maria Wood, a daughter of Stillman and Harriet (Clark) Wood, of Barre, Vermont. Children: Henry Wood (see biography); Susan Bennett, born in Worcester, January 1, 1885, died in Worcester, June 6, 1892. Mrs. Fowler is a descendant of Hugh Clark, who came from England to Watertown about 1640.

Henry Wood Fowler, only son of Rufus B. Fowler, was born November 11, 1876, at Stafford Springs, Connecticut, and died in Boston, February 17, 1912. He was educated in the Worcester schools and Worcester Academy, graduating in 1894, and in Harvard College, from which he graduated in 1898 (*A. B. magna cum laude*) with honorable mention in Latin and History. He received his degree in law at the Harvard Law School in 1901, and in the same year was admitted to the Massachusetts bar. In 1903 he was admitted to practice in the United States Cir-

cuit Court, and in 1905 in the United States Supreme Court. After practicing two years in the offices of Charles M. Thayer and Henry F. Harris he became associated with his father, continuing in practice as a patent lawyer to the end of his life. He had literary gifts and was a student of English, French and German literature. For about a year he assisted in editing the "Worcester Magazine." He was a member of the Harvard Club of Worcester, the Worcester Club, the Quinsigamond Boat Club and the Winter Club.

Mr. Fowler married, September 14, 1904, Mabel Curtis Price, and they had three children: Helen, born February 24, 1906; Margaret, June 7, 1906; Anne, September 11, 1910.

IRA B. HUBBARD, Manufacturer, for many years active in the manufacture of textile machinery, is considered, by men familiar with the different types of such machinery, to be an authority in that line of work, to which he has devoted the greater part of his life. Mr. Hubbard is of a disposition inclined toward a somewhat taciturn reserve. He always evinces an unmistakable comity in his resolution and executive strength.

Mr. Hubbard was born July 7, 1850, at Holden, Massachusetts, where he received his education in the common schools. At an early age he sought employment, being first employed by Witherby, Rugg & Richardson, of this city, with whom, after serving an apprenticeship of three years, he continued as a journeyman machinist for seven years, following which he had charge of the barb wire department of the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Company for two years. He then became employed by the Lombard Machine Company, of which he was soon made superintendent, in which capacity he continued for a period of thirty years, this plant then being located at the corner of School and Union streets. While there he not only efficiently performed those duties set immediately before him, but with the keen observation of youth which aspires to more than a common existence, he took advantage of the opportunity afforded him to learn the business in its detailed entirety. As a result he was for more than a quarter of a century identified with this organization, serving it the greater part of that time as superintendent. He spent many long hours outside of business working in its behalf, and while there he added many of his own mechanical devices and some new machinery to the equipment of that plant. Afterwards the company was sold and re-organized and then it was that Mr. Hubbard decided to enter into business for himself. When the Lombard Company built and moved to the building in the south part of Worcester, Mr. Hubbard started his business on a portion of the floor space which that company formerly occupied, with a hand drill, one man to help operate it, and a comparatively small amount of capital. The announcement of the fact that he was thus to be henceforward independently established proved the stimulation of a large and rapidly-increasing business which came in from all sections of the New England States and elsewhere. This necessitated a speedy expansion of his plant, which was immediately accomplished by the addition of both new and second-hand machinery, together with a number of hands to manipulate it. The idea which Mr. Hubbard had in mind was to specialize in textile mill machinery which should be different from others of its kind, because by the installation of proper shafting and by the replacement of old friction bearings with new ball bearings a tremendous amount of power might thus be conserved. Mr. Hubbard was the first to make use of the ball bearings for the conservation of power in the use of machines for making cotton and woolen textiles in the United States. The company has since the time it was founded been re-organized. It now operates a branch office in Charlotte, North Carolina, which is in the very center of the cotton raising and manufacturing belt of this country. A short time ago the introduction of what is known as the S. K. F. Ball Bearings brought a contract for \$19,000.00 for the installation of machinery in southern mills. Mr. Hubbard, himself, recently supervised the installation of all the machinery in a new mill for the Merritt Woolen Company, which mill is located at Webster, Massachusetts. He carries on his business activities in the same alert, intensive, vigorous manner in which he first began them. Years seem to count for nothing with him, for youth is his today, as it was one-half century ago. He has the profound respect, not only of the young and mature men with whom he is most habitually associated, but of many others with whom he has no business connections whatever. His reputation is not limited to his State alone, but is known throughout the entire New England States, where his ingenuity and untiring energy have played no small part in the development of one of America's and one of the World's most vitally important industries.

Mr. Hubbard is a member of the Knights of Pythias, in which he has been a captain of the Uniform Rank; the Ancient Order United Workmen, and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He attends the Universalist church. In politics

he is a Republican, and served for two years as a member of the Common Council from Ward 2.

Mr. Hubbard married, October 20, 1874, Josephine Chenery, of Holden, Massachusetts, who died September 20, 1916, in this city. They have one daughter Ada, now Mrs. Clifford A. Blake, of Worcester, who has two children: Richard and Virginia Blake.

CALVIN FARNSWORTH, Founder and proprietor of the baggage transfer and carriage service, and the baggage checking service at the Union Railroad Station, was born at Lunenburg, Massachusetts, November 20, 1831, son of Calvin and Pluma (Adams) Farnsworth. His father was born in Shirley, 1799, died in 1879; for many years a manufacturer of band-boxes; inventor of machinery for making the material for his business. Jesse Farnsworth, father of Calvin Farnsworth, Sr., married Sarah Sawtell, whose father, Obadiah Sawtell, was a soldier in the Revolution, town clerk, selectman, delegate to the Provincial Congress and the first constitutional convention of Massachusetts. Joseph Farnsworth, father of Jesse Farnsworth, a native of Groton, was selectman; he was a son of Jonathan Farnsworth, grandson of Jonathan Farnsworth, Sr., and great-grandson of Matthias Farnsworth, the pioneer, who was born in England and came to Lynn, Massachusetts, about 1650, a weaver by trade.

Calvin Farnsworth attended the district schools of his native town, and at the age of seventeen began his career as a driver of the stage between Lunenburg railroad station and the village. Soon afterward he went to Fitchburg, where he worked for a year in a restaurant. In spite of his youth he persuaded President Phillips of the Fitchburg Railroad to give him a trial as baggage man on the train between this city and Fitchburg. He proved competent and afterward became a conductor, a position he held for four years. When he left the service of the railroad company, President Phillips made him a present of a silver pitcher and salver as a token of his appreciation of his faithfulness and tendered him a dinner. He then became a brakeman on the Boston & Albany Railroad and soon became conductor again. For several years after, he had the contract for carrying the mail between the railroad station and post office in this city. After six years he took charge of a drawing-room car line from Fall River to the White Mountains, but this venture proved a failure and the service was discontinued.

What seemed at the time a misfortune proved eventually a boon to Mr. Farnsworth. At that time he evolved the idea of a parcel room where packages could be left safely in railroad stations. When he proposed his idea to President Lincoln it was rejected, but his successor permitted a contract between the company and Mr. Farnsworth to give the parcel room a trial. At the end of three months the trial proved the idea was sound and the rental was fixed in accordance with the volume of business. He was a pioneer in this field, his example being followed elsewhere. Soon after he established the parcel room he added the baggage transfer business, at first losing money, but later making it an important part of his business. He added a hack service and before the day of taxis used forty horses in this department alone. He now has taxis, but retains one horse for the few who prefer the hack to the automobile. At the age of eighty-seven he is still in active business. His stables are at No. 9 Piedmont street; his residence for many years has been at No. 34 Benefit street. He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce; the Old South (Congregational) Church, of which he was formerly a member of the music committee. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Farnsworth married, April 12, 1854, Martha A. Hayward, born at Bedford, Massachusetts, April 16, 1834, daughter of Ebenezer and Ann T. (Bingham) Hayward. Her father was a railroad man. She died October 23, 1915, after more than sixty-one years in wedlock. They had three children: Caroline H., Josephine M. and George B. (see biography).

GEORGE BARTLETT FARNSWORTH, Proprietor of the School Street Storage Warehouse, was born in this city, May 17, 1865, son of Calvin and Martha A. (Hayward) Farnsworth. He received his education in the public schools of this city, and in Hinman's Business College, from which he was graduated. For many years he was associated in business with his father. In 1913 he purchased the School Street Storage Warehouse of George T. Aitchison, and has conducted this business since that time with offices at No. 44 School street. His home is at No. 68 Moore avenue. He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce; the Kiwanis Club, and the Economic Club. He is a member of Old South (Congregational) Church of this city. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Farnsworth married, October 5, 1899, at Keswick Ridge, New Brunswick, Canada, Phebe Sykes, born August 17, 1871, daughter of Rev. Simeon and Hannah



Walter D. Ross.

Sykes, both natives of England. Her father had pastorates in Congregational churches at Economy, Pleasant River and Keswick Ridge in New Brunswick. Mr. and Mrs. Farnsworth have two children: Calvin, born March 16, 1901; Thornton A., born November 19, 1902.

WILLIS E. SIBLEY, Lawyer, was born December 10, 1857, at New Salem, Massachusetts, son of Sylvanus and Abigail Elizabeth (Briggs) Sibley. He read law and was admitted to the bar in March, 1887. Since then he has been in general practice in Worcester, and is now the senior partner of the law firm of Sibley, Blair & Young, his associates being his brother, Charles H. Sibley, Carl M. Blair and Arthur J. Young. Mr. Sibley is a director of the Merchants National Bank; the Worcester Electric Light Company; trustee of the Worcester Five Cents Savings Bank; director of the Worcester County Law Library. He is a member of Plymouth Congregational Church.

Mr. Sibley married, December 21, 1892, Marion E. Chapin, daughter of Alfred Chapin, of Shrewsbury, and has one son, Elbridge, born in Worcester, September 19, 1903.

JAMES OLIVER MAGAY, Optician, was born in Cambridge, Massachusetts, October 24, 1884. He received his education in the public schools of his native city, graduating from the Washington Grammar School in 1905. He left home at the age of fifteen and was employed for four years in a wholesale jewelry business in Boston; afterward for three years in the store of Andrew J. Lloyd & Company, Boston, where he learned the trade of optician. Mr. Magay came to this city in 1908 and was employed by the firm of Wheaton & Bowers, opticians, for four years. In 1912 he engaged in business as partner in the firm of Magay & Barron, opticians. His partner is Ralph T. Barron. For five years their place of business was in the arcade of the Slater building; since May, 1917, the firm has been located at No. 368 Main street. He served eight years in the Massachusetts militia, in Company C, Eighth Regiment, Infantry. He is a member of the Worcester Rotary Club and of the Shaffner Society of Odd Fellows; of Central Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Mr. Magay married in Cambridge, November 9, 1909, Alice Gertrude Connor, who was born in Cambridge, daughter of James W. and Elizabeth B. Connor. Her father is a builder, living in Cambridge. Mr. and Mrs. Magay have three children: Robert Andrew, born September 28, 1910; Ruth Edna, born August 4, 1912; Gordon, born November 9, 1914. Their home is at No. 114 Paine street.

Andrew B. Magay, father of James O. Magay, a native of the North of Ireland was an upholsterer by trade, coming to this country in boyhood and living in Cambridge the remainder of his life; died there in August, 1895. His mother is living in this city. Andrew B. and Rebecca L. Magay had four children, of whom two died in infancy. Besides James O. they had a son, William J., now of Erie, Pennsylvania, also an optician; has two children, Edith and Donald.

WALTER DANIEL ROSS, President and treasurer of the Ross Brothers Company, was born in West Boylston, Massachusetts, July 29, 1858, son of William J. and Maria E. (Loring) Ross, both of Sterling, Massachusetts.

He received his educational training in the public schools of his native town. In 1881 Mr. Ross came to this city, where he became a clerk for William H. Earle, a dealer in grain, grass and vegetable seeds, and agricultural implements, the store then being located in the Granite block at Nos. 2-4-6 Washington square. In 1888 Walter D. and Henry F. Ross bought out the business of Mr. Earle, which was continued under the firm name of Ross Brothers until 1906, when it was incorporated as Ross Brothers Company under the laws of Massachusetts, the capital stock of which is \$100,000. The business was removed from Washington square to No. 162 Front street, which location it occupied for a period of ten years, when it was then moved to Nos. 90 and 92 Front street, its present location, where it occupies three blocks. These buildings consist of what is known as the Granite block, the Whitcomb block and the Bigelow court block, all three being the property of the late G. Henry Whitcomb, and comprising fourteen floors. This company also has a large storehouse extending along the Boston & Maine Railroad tracks for about one hundred feet. This company is extensive dealers in grass, field and flower seeds, agricultural implements, fertilizers, poultry supplies, bulbs, etc., etc., in fact everything for the farm from a hand weeded to a tractor. They import large quantities of seed from across the water, and also contract with the largest growers in this country. Their sales cover every State in the Union, also Canada and many of the foreign countries. Some twenty years ago this company furnished the Japanese Government with their outfit of seeds and implements for establishing their

Agricultural College and Experimental Station at Sabora, Japan. The present officers of the Ross Brothers Company are Walter D. Ross, president and treasurer; H. Wilson Ross, vice-president; Clifford T. Eldridge, clerk; all of whom also constitute the board of directors of the company.

Socially and fraternally Mr. Ross is a prominent and active member of various organizations. He is president of the Worcester Agricultural Society; a member of the New England Agricultural Society, the Worcester County Harvest Club, the Worcester Chamber of Commerce, the Commercial Travelers' Association, the Economic Club, the Worcester Country Club, the Worcester Grange and the Kiwanis Club. He is a Mason of high standing, holding membership in Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Worcester Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar, and the Massachusetts Consistory, (thirty-second degree). He is also a member of Aletheia Grotto. In political faith he is a Republican, and in religion a Congregationalist, holding membership in the Central Congregational Church.

Mr. Ross married (first) Mabel Newton, of Southington, Connecticut, daughter of Daniel Newton, and to this union were born three children: Harold A. and Howell E., both of whom died in infancy; and Hazel A., who is a graduate of the English High School in Worcester, and the Mary Hemmenway School of Household Arts, of Framingham, Massachusetts, and is now a teacher in that branch at Plymouth, Massachusetts. The mother of these children died in this city, April 9, 1895. He married (second) Mary E. Eldridge, of this city, daughter of Louis E. Eldridge, and to this union has been born one daughter, Eloise E., a student of the High School.

EDWARD JAMES SAWYER. Vocation counsel. As an expert relating to commercial employment of every kind and in his professional capacity as a vocation counsel, Mr. Sawyer has been of great value to both employers and employees, and has established a unique and highly-necessary business. The vocation counsel is one of the special positions arising out of the complications of modern commercial life, and has proved so beneficial and so helpful that its permanence is assured. Mr. Sawyer maintains regular office hours at his rooms, No. 4 Walnut street, Worcester, and may be there consulted or by appointment elsewhere on all matters pertaining to commercial employment. He has constantly registered the best class of office workers for store, factory or corporation, and his clientele of employers is equally large and of the best class.

Edward J. Sawyer is a son of Frank Clark Sawyer, born in Hanover, New Hampshire, of ancient and honorable New England family, who died in Charlton, Massachusetts, in 1905, aged seventy-three years, a veteran of the Civil War, serving four years in the United States Navy, and a long time woolen mill overseer and superintendent. He was a son of Noah Sawyer, who died in Charlton, Massachusetts, a farmer and a shoemaker, aged eighty-seven years. Frank Clark Sawyer married Mary Elizabeth Nutter, born in Portsmouth, New Hampshire, in 1832, died in Rochdale, Massachusetts, in 1895. They were the parents of three children, two dying young, Edward J., the eldest and only child to survive infancy.

Edward J. Sawyer was born in Portsmouth, New Hampshire, September 4, 1863, and there the first ten years of his life were passed. In 1873 his parents began a series of removals which, by way of Lake Village and Laconia, New Hampshire, brought them to Worcester. The lad, Edward J., was educated in private and public schools in these places, finishing with courses at Leicester (Massachusetts) Academy. He began wage earning in Rochdale Mills, then for twenty-five years was connected with the business department of the Worcester "Telegram." Three years were next spent as employment manager for the American Optical Company of Southbridge, Massachusetts, then in 1914 he established his own private business in Worcester, and as vocation counsel has won for himself success and high reputation. Mr. Sawyer is a Republican in politics, but has always been content to serve in the ranks, political office holding no lure for him. He is a member of and past noble grand of Worcester Lodge, No. 56, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; is a member of the Improved Order of Heptasophs, and an attendant of Old South Congregational Church of Worcester.

Mr. Sawyer married (first) June 5, 1895, in Worcester, Massachusetts, Harriet J. Morse, daughter of James H. and Mary E. (Spring) Morse, who died in Worcester, Massachusetts, August 13, 1913. He married (second) in Warner, New Hampshire, September 4, 1915, Mrs. Eleanor (Hackett) Golden, daughter of George and Mary Frances (Bryer) Hackett. The present Mrs. Sawyer has one daughter, Mildred Frances (Golden) Goodrow; she married George A. Goodrow, of Worcester, Massachusetts, October 17, 1916.

FREDERICK WARREN WHITE, Treasurer of the People's Savings Bank, was born in Millbury, Massachusetts August 1, 1859, son of Nathan and Louise Maria (Cole) White.

He attended the public schools of Worcester and entered the high school with the class of 1879, leaving after his first year to enter the employ of the People's Savings Bank as clerk. From time to time he was advanced to positions of greater trust and responsibility. He served the bank as messenger, bookkeeper and teller, and in 1898 became assistant treasurer. For a number of years he was virtually treasurer on account of the infirmities of Mr. Bent, the treasurer. Since 1913 he has been treasurer. The People's Bank is one of the largest in the county. (See People's Bank in this work). From time to time Mr. White has been interested in various business enterprises. He was one of the founders with his brother-in-law of the firm of White & Bagley, dealers and manufacturers of oils, but is not now a partner. He was at one time a developer of real estate on a large scale, buying tracts of land in Worcester, laying out the property in house lots, building attractive residences and selling them. In the aggregate he erected dwellings valued at about a million dollars, a substantial addition to the taxable property of the city. In musical circles Mr. White has been prominent from boyhood. He is a skillful organist and for thirteen years was chorister and organist of the First Universalist Church. He was organist in the Old South Church many years. He is a member of Quinsigamond Lodge, Free Masons, and held in succession all the offices; member of Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar, in which he held office three years; Massachusetts Consistory; Aleppo Temple, Mystic Shrine; trustee of the Masonic Charitable and Educational Association, and a member of the house committee of the Worcester Masonic Temple. He was a member of the Commonwealth Club, and is a member of the Worcester Country Club, and the City Club of Boston. In politics he is a Republican. He served as member of the Common Council in 1897-98-99 and was president during his last term. He is a communicant of All Saints' Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mr. White married (first) Cora Bagley, daughter of Hiram and Mary (Boardman) Bagley. She died in 1914. He married (second) Marion Churchill, and they have two children: Frederick W., Jr., born July 24, 1916; Howard Bradford, born December 4, 1918. Their home is at No. 44 Fruit street.

DAVID EDWARD SHERIN, Clothing merchant, was born in Uxbridge, Massachusetts, December 9, 1868. The family came to this city when he was four years old, and he attended the public schools here and in Grafton, attended the Grafton High School and afterward attended the Hinman Business College in Worcester. He started in life as a salesman, employed in various shoe and clothing stores of Worcester. Mr. Sherin has been in business as a dealer in clothing on his own account since October 1, 1906. His first store was at No. 522 Main street, and his business grew constantly and extended until it took rank among the largest of the city. In 1916 he removed to his present location at No. 412 Main street in the heart of the retail business section. He made his home in Grafton until 1910. In politics he is a Democrat, and while a resident of Grafton he was active in town affairs, serving on the Board of Selectmen from 1907 to 1910 and being chairman in 1909-10. His father had a farm at North Grafton, and in his youth he spent his spare time assisting his father with the work of the farm. At the age of fourteen he began to work in the old Finlayson & Bousfuld mill. Mr. Sherin is a member of Alhambra Council, Knights of Columbus; the Ancient Order of Hibernians; Pakachoag Tribe, No. 18, Improved Order of Red Men, of which he is a past sachem. He is a director of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce, and a communicant of St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church.

Mr. Sherin married, in this city, August 28, 1900, Anna Frances Keenan, who was born in Cleveland, Ohio, daughter of Patrick and Ellen Keenan. Her mother is living in this city; her father died in Cleveland. Mr. and Mrs. Sherin reside at No. 76 Elm street. They have three children: 1. Marion, born May 28, 1901, graduate of the North High School. 2. Ruth E., born December 8, 1902, now student in the North High School, class of 1921. 3. David E., Jr., born August 17, 1906.

David Sherin, father of David E. Sherin, was born in Limerick, Ireland, died in Grafton, January 31, 1905; married, in 1866, in Uxbridge, Mary Dunleavy, who was born in County Kerry, Ireland. He was a boot-maker by trade; afterward a machine operator in a shoe factory. He came to this country with his father when but three years old and lived during boyhood in Keene, New Hampshire. In later years he made his home in Grafton and Uxbridge in this county. The children of David and Mary Sherin were: 1. John, who died in infancy. 2. David E.; men-

tioned above. 3. John J., now living in Grafton. 4. Timothy F., a tinsmith, Whitinsville. 5. William, died young. 6. Francis, died young.

JAMES MONROE SCOFIELD, was a resident of Worcester during the last six years of his life. He came here as general agent for Massachusetts of the Charter Oak Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut, and had offices in the Mechanics Hall building which are now used for administrative purposes by the Mechanics Association. He developed a large business and had many sub agents in Worcester and in other parts of the State. He also established his half-nephew, the late Lyman A. Ely, in the real estate business with offices in the Rogers building at the corner of Main and Pleasant streets. In the first two or three years of his residence here, he took the leading part in the re-organization of the Street Railway Company, which then had tracks from Lincoln square to Claremont street but had suspended operation, and he was one of the organizers of the old Worcester Safe Deposit Company.

The late Hon. Joseph H. Walker once told the writer that if Mr. Scofield had lived a few years longer, South Main street would probably have become one of the most beautiful residence streets in New England. The Scofield plan was to have unoccupied land from Wellington street to Webster square so restricted that the houses on both sides of the street should be set back approximately one hundred feet. At that time, about fifty years ago, when the Ethan Allen estate occupied most of the Main street frontage from Wellington to Piedmont street, when the Oread buildings were unobscured and when there were only three or four houses between the Baptist church at the corner of Hermon street and the Walker estate at Main and Ripley, the project seemed reasonable, and it should also be remembered that from Ripley street to the two handsome residences of the Coes family at Webster square the land on both sides of Main street was largely held by a few individuals. For instance, Cook, the florist, occupied all the land between Loudon and Hawthorne streets. The Heywoods owned the next block. John C. Mason's residence comprised all the land now occupied by Clark University. Mr. Scofield owned the land between Wyman and Grand streets where St. Peter's Church and the Royal Worcester Corset Company stand, and also that part of the Gates farm on Main street between Crystal and Richard streets, while the Stone family owned nearly all the land on both sides of the street on the long slope of New Worcester hill. Soon after Mr. Scofield undertook this project he became ill and died at the age of forty-seven, September 26, 1871.

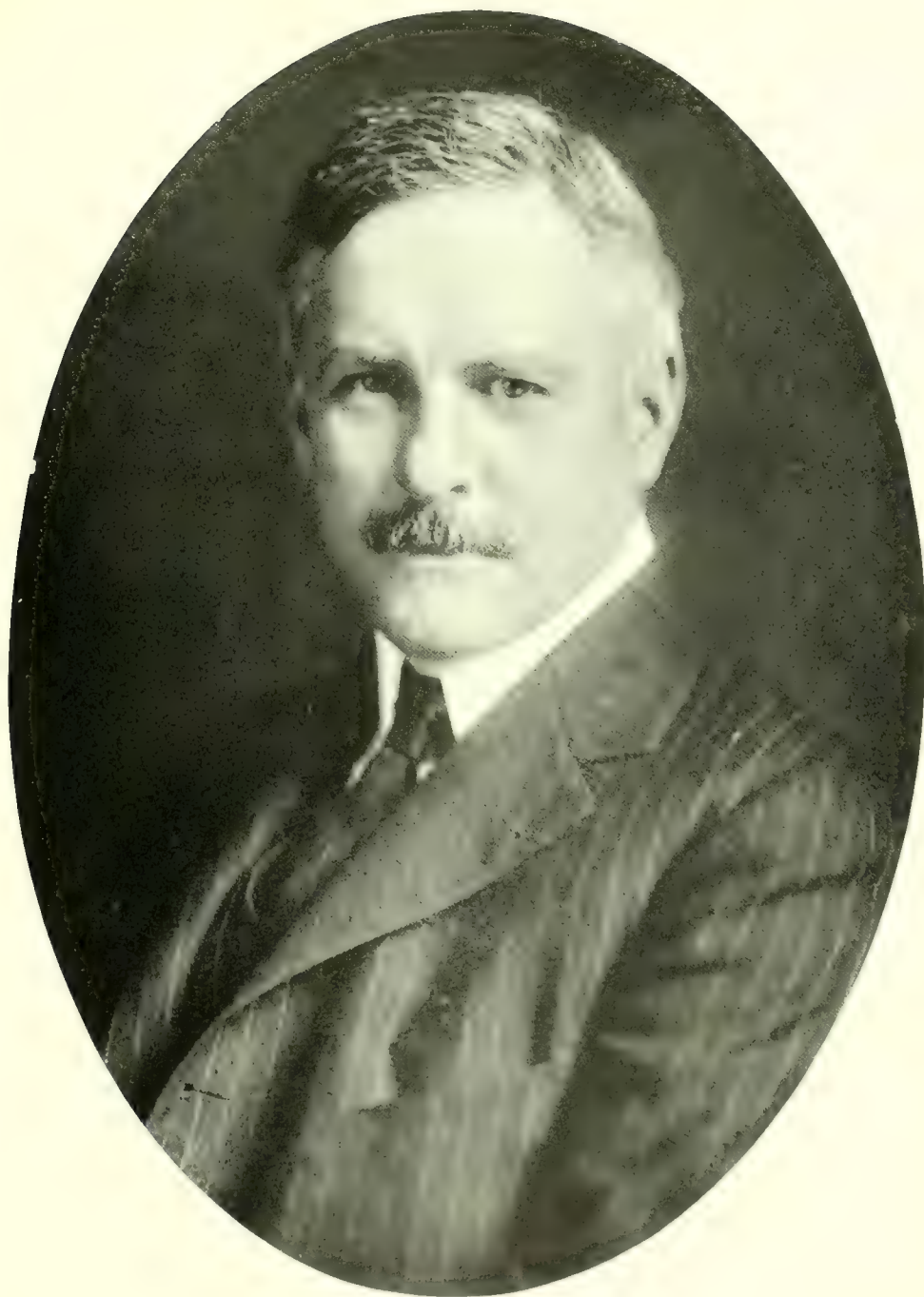
James M. Scofield, in 1845, at the age of twenty-one was the proprietor and editor of a successful newspaper in New London, Connecticut. He edited this paper until 1849, when he was appointed collector of the port of Stockton, California. While in Stockton, which was the doorway of the mining districts in that part of the State, he transacted a profitable wholesale business in miners' supplies. He ordered a newspaper press sent out to him, probably the first press of this kind ever purchased for the Pacific coast, but unfortunately it was lost in transit. The first few years of his married life were passed in Stockton and his oldest son, James M. Scofield, Jr., was born there. He returned East after six or seven years in California and founded the Hartford "Post," which he edited until he came to Worcester, where, as already said, he passed the last six years of his short life.

James M. Scofield was the son of Nathan and Eunice (Plumb) Scofield, and his branch of the Scofield family came originally from Lancashire, England. His wife was Madilia Hoche, daughter of Dr. John B. Hoche and Mary (Brown) Hoche. He left besides his widow, three children, James M., Florence M., and William B. Scofield. His widow lived until 1916, her home being at the corner of Main and Richard streets. His oldest son died in 1878, at the age of twenty-two years, in Paris, France. His daughter, the widow of the late Edward Davis Thayer, and his youngest son, William B. Scofield, are still residents of Worcester, and his grandson, Scofield Thayer, lives in New York.

WILLIAM BACON SCOFIELD, Manufacturer, was born in Hartford, Connecticut, February 8, 1865, son of James Monroe and Madilia (Hoche) Scofield. The family moved to Worcester when he was about one year old. He attended the public schools of Worcester, but fitted for Harvard at Adams Academy, in Quincy, then under Dr. William Everett, the head master of the school. He entered Harvard in the class of 1887 and remained in college less than three years and attended the Law School for one year. While in college he was secretary of his class, manager of the class nine, and a member of the first faculty-student advisory board on athletics. He was a member of the D. K. E. and the Hasty Pudding clubs. The poems,



W. L. G. L.



W B Scofield

"John the Orange Man," and "Harvard and the War," which he wrote for class reunions, were reprinted by vote of the class.

After leaving college, he was a reporter on the Worcester "Evening Gazette," then edited by the late Charles H. Doe, became city editor of the paper and held the position until he became treasurer of the Worcester Thread Company in 1892. This company was sold in 1900 to the Linen Thread Company of America. In 1903, with his brother-in-law, the late Edward Davis Thayer, George Crompton and Randolph Crompton, he began the manufacture of weaving machinery under the name of the Crompton-Thayer Loom Company. The business was sold in 1907 to Crompton & Knowles Loom Works. In 1903 Mr. Scofield and Mr. Thayer also bought an interest in the Standard Fibre Company of Somerville, manufacturers of vulcanized fibre, and Mr. Scofield is still actively interested in this company as a director. During the last few years he has given considerable attention to writing and to sculpture, studying under the famous sculptor, Gutzon Borglum. He has published two books of verses, illustrated by photogravures of his work in clay. He is a member of the corporation of the Worcester Art Museum. He is a member of the Worcester Club, the Worcester Fire Society, the Quinsigamond Boat Club of Worcester, the Harvard clubs of Worcester, Boston and New York, and of the Omar Khayyam Club of America. During the World War he was chairman of the activities committee of the Worcester War Chest, was editor of the "Spy," a publication issued by the war committee of the Worcester Club during the latter part of the war period, and was a member of the committee appointed by the mayor to welcome Worcester's soldiers home.

FOSTER VERGUE YOUNG. This fine old Nova Scotia family is represented in Worcester, Massachusetts, by five brothers trading as Young Brothers, a very successful business house, and by a sixth brother, Foster V. Young, formerly connected with Young Brothers, but now general manager of the B. F. Marsh Company, No. 22 Garden street, Worcester, Massachusetts. These brothers are sons of Obadiah Parker Young, born in New Germany, Nova Scotia, who there spent his life until near its close, when he retired and spent his last years in Worcester, Massachusetts, where he died. He was a farmer most of his life, but for some years was also postmaster at Lake Paul, Nova Scotia. He married Annie Cushman, born in Caledonia, Nova Scotia, died in Worcester, Massachusetts, in 1911. They were the parents of twelve children: Harris W., now a farmer of Nova Scotia, married, and has six children; Wallace H., a member of the firm of Young Brothers, married, and has one child; William, of the firm of Young Brothers, married, and has no children; George, killed in a railroad accident in Worcester; Parker J., a plumber of Worcester, married, and has three children; Cora B., a bookkeeper with Young Brothers; Clara, died in Nova Scotia, aged eighteen years; Frank, a farmer in Nova Scotia, married, and has five children; La Mert, unmarried, a resident of Worcester, in the employ of Young Brothers; Mary A., unmarried, a resident of Worcester; Judson O., manager of the Springfield, Massachusetts, branch of Young Brothers of Worcester, married, and has three children; Foster Vergue, of further mention.

Foster V. Young was born in Aylesford, Nova Scotia, July 13, 1886, and there lived until the age of fifteen years when he came to Worcester, Massachusetts, which has since been his home. He attended Aylesford schools until coming to Worcester, and here in 1907 was graduated from Worcester Academy. He then spent four years as a student at Brown University, whence he was graduated, B. Sc., class of 1911. Upon his return to Worcester after graduation, he entered the employ of the firm of Young Brothers, a Worcester business house, organized, owned and conducted by his five brothers: Wallace H., William, George, Frank and Judson O. He remained with Young Brothers three years, until 1914, then became traveling salesman for McAndrews & Forbes, of Camden, New Jersey. He continued with that house for two years, until July 15, 1916, when he became city salesman for the B. F. Marsh Company of Worcester, wholesale and retail dealers in mason and sewer supplies. He continued city salesman until June 1, 1918, when he was promoted to his present position, general manager, a post he ably fills. Mr. Young has a tract at Millbury, Massachusetts, of three acres upon which he resides and enjoys to the full his passion for gardening, fruits and flowers, the distance between his home and place of business being quickly covered in his auto. He is a member of Lincoln Square Baptist Church, and in his political faith is a Republican.

Mr. Young married, June 15, 1912, at Millbury, Massachusetts, Marian Williard, born there, her father deceased, her mother, Mrs. Rachel Williard, yet a resident of the same village. Mr. and Mrs. Young are the parents of a son, Donald Williard, born June 18, 1916.

LEON HAFFERD WETHERBEE. Although a native son of Massachusetts, Mr. Wetherbee spent the years prior to 1904 in other States and cities, returning in that year and locating in Worcester, where he is well-established in business at No. 64 High street, his specialty japanning, color enameling and striping of bicycles, motorcycles, automobile parts, castings of all kinds, and stamped metal goods. Air brush work of the most delicate and artistic character is a specialty, and along these lines he ranks as one of the leading artists of the city. He is a son of Henry A. Wetherbee, who after five years spent in the United States Navy settled in Boston, Massachusetts, and there spent his after life, a painter and decorator. He married, in Boston, Clarissa A. Matthews, of the old Matthews family of Maine, who died in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, aged fifty-three years. They were the parents of three children: Leon F. and Corin Alfred, twins, the latter deceased, passing away in Riverside, New Jersey, in 1918. The third child, George Oren, is a wool merchant of Philadelphia, unmarried.

Leon H. Wetherbee was born in Boston, Massachusetts, July 5, 1857, and there lived until 1864, when the family moved to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where he attended the public school until thirteen years of age. He then secured a boy's position in a shoe store, but soon went back to school, continuing until the age of fifteen, when he became a clerk in a Philadelphia gentleman's furnishing store, but a year later he began working in a lithographing plant, continuing in that line. He then became an employee of the Wells & Hope Company, lithographed advertising signs, a million dollar corporation, one of the largest in the United States. He became assistant to the manager of that company, and later was in business in Buffalo, New York; Cincinnati, Ohio; and New York City; continuing in the last-named until 1904, when he located in Worcester, Massachusetts, his first connection there being with the American Dry Plate Company. He did not begin business under his own name until 1913, when he located at No. 64 High street, as previously stated. Mr. Wetherbee is a past sashem and a past deputy of the Improved Order of Red Men, and organized, as chairman of the committee, the first Red Men's parade Worcester ever had. He is a member of the Knights of Maccabees, Knights of Pythias, and Kiwanis Club, is a Republican in politics, and a member of the Episcopal church. He is very fond of reading, ancient history and scientific works his favorite books.

Mr. Wetherbee married in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, August 24, 1878, Sarah A. Johnson, born in that city, daughter of Rush and Mary Johnson, both deceased, her father giving his life for his country in the Union Army during the Civil War. Mr. and Mrs. Wetherbee are the parents of four children: Clarissa, who died at the age of four years; Mabel May, married William Howes, pay teller of the Worcester Bank Trust Company; Leon H. (2), of The George C. Whitney Company, married ———, and has a son, Leon H. (3); C. Hyatt, with the Wright Company, married ———, and has a son, C. Hyatt (2).

WILLIAM H. BALCOM. Business man, son of Abel Hartwell and Elizabeth (Stevens) Balcom, was born in West Townsend, Massachusetts, January 29, 1862. Abel Hartwell Balcom was born in Groton, Massachusetts, in 1826, and is now, at the age of ninety-two, residing on an Iowa farm, having spent his active years engaged in painting and farming. He is a veteran of the Civil War, serving in Company H, Fifth Regiment, Veteran Reserve Corps, continuing on duty until mustered out with an honorable discharge at the close of the war. He married Elizabeth Stevens, who died in Saundersville, Massachusetts, in 1866, aged thirty-six years. They were the parents of five children, (all living except Sylvia, who died in infancy) as follows: Frederick L., of Providence, Rhode Island, associated with the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, married, and has a family of six; Edward E., section foreman on the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, a corporation with which he has been connected for over forty years, is a resident of Worcester, married, and has four children; Estella Elizabeth, married John A. King, of West Townsend, and has four children; William H., of further mention.

A few years after the birth of William H. Balcom, the family moved to Saundersville, and after the war moved to Worcester, then went West, in 1869, settling on a farm in the State of Iowa, and there William H. spent his early youth. He attended the public school near the Iowa farm, continuing until January 1876, when he came East with his brother and sister, arriving in Worcester, and attended school here until sixteen. He entered the railroad employ, remaining with P. & W. for eight years. On June 20, 1885, he established in the laundry business on Waldo street, but three months later moved to his present location, No. 17 Church street, where he has been in business for thirty-three years. He conducts his business under the name of the Bay State Laundry, Balcom & Drisko, proprietors. The business

is one of the oldest of its kind in the city, and has a record of uniform excellence for work. Mr. Balcom is a director of the Independent Co-Operative Bank, member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, thirty-second degree Mason, the Independent Order of Good Templars, Piedmont Congregational Church, and of the Men's Bible class of that church. He is a good musician and very much attached to his violin.

Mr. Balcom married, in Worcester, December 1, 1894, Nora A. Smith, born in Pelham, Massachusetts, daughter of John A. Smith, a veteran of the Civil War, now deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Balcom have no children.

WARREN STILLMAN CHAMBERLIN, Business man, was born in Columbus, Ohio, July 18, 1891. He lived in Ohio until eighteen years of age when he came to Worcester with his parents, where he attended English High School, Irving street. On January 1, 1910, he entered the employ of the H. M. Waite Hardware Company, and after mastering the details of the various departments of the business, he was elected a member of the board of directors, and in 1919 secretary of the corporation.

He married in West Medway, Massachusetts, Pearl Elsie Taylor, daughter of Rev. Lucius E. and Martha (Pierce) Taylor, her father now pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church of Orleans, Massachusetts. Mr. and Mrs. Chamberlin are the parents of Alden Warren, born June 20, 1916.

Warren S. Chamberlin is the only son of Fred Arthur Chamberlin, who was born in Worcester, and here grew to manhood. His mother, Ida M. (Cummings) Chamberlin, was born in Shrewsbury, Massachusetts. He has two sisters, Edith M. and Helen E. When a lad of fifteen Fred A. Chamberlin became an employee of H. M. Waite, who had been long established in the hardware business. After he was married he left Worcester and went to Columbus, Ohio. After spending twenty years in Central Ohio, dealing in hardware, he returned to Worcester and organized the H. M. Waite Hardware Company. He has been president and treasurer since its organization.

GARRETT FLEMING. While Ireland has given generously of her sons and daughters to enrich the blood of other lands, to no country has she been more generous than to the United States and to no section more liberal than to New England. Worcester has had many brilliant and gifted Irishmen whose deeds have added lustre to the city's fame, and among these Garrett Fleming was among the most brilliant. He was a man of scholarly attainment, and the great aim of his life was to place educational advantages within the reach of all the youth of his race, and to this object his talents were ardently devoted. He came of ancient and honorable family, all antiquarians agreeing that the family of Fleming is descended from Archembald, a nobleman of Flanders, in the train of William the Conqueror, 1066. He became possessed of valuable lands and titles in Cornwall, England, though chiefly connected with the town and Lordship of Bratton, in Cornwall. He left a son, Sir Stephen Fitz-Archembald, Lord Bratton, whose valor in war won him a direct grant from Henry II. of the lordships of Astmayn and Eskertenen in Tipperary, Newcastle and Slane, on the River Boyle in Ireland. The third Baron of Slane and son of Sir Stephen styled himself "Baldwyn le Fleming," and from him sprang a line of noblemen and historical characters. Sir Christopher, thirteenth Baron, was lord high treasurer of Ireland in 1513; the Right Honorable Sir Thomas Fleming, eighteenth Baron, was a Roman Catholic bishop of Dublin; Sir Randall Fleming, twenty-first Baron, was a man of great prominence and to him was restored all the manors and estates taken from his father by Cromwell; Sir Christopher Fleming, twenty-second Baron, was raised to the peerage by Queen Anne as Viscount Longford; Sir Thomas Fleming was lord mayor of London in 1568; Sir Thomas Fleming was lord chief justice of London in 1584. Armorial bearings were granted to the lords of Slane in 1537.

Arms—Vair, a chief chequy or and gules.

Crest—A mortar piece casting out a bomb with flames all proper. Chains and rings gold.

Supporters—Two greyhounds argent collared and armed gules.

Motto—"Bheir na rìgh gan." (May the King live forever).

The ancient seat of the family, "Cumbernauld," still stands in Dumbarton and although in a ruined condition externally bears ample evidence within of the taste and liberality of the owners. And well it should, for there was seated a long line of illustrious Flemings, of the highest antiquity and purest blood in all Scotland. Flemings intermarried with Robert, Duke of Albany and regent of

Scotland; Earl Douglas; Lord Drummond; Drummond Earl of Perth and with many others of high rank.

From this ancient and noble family of Flemings through the Irish branch sprang Garrett Fleming, born in Coolick in the Parish of Kilcummin, County Kerry, Ireland, in 1841, died in the city of Worcester, Massachusetts, May 2, 1892. When a lad of twelve years, in 1853, he was brought to the United States by his widowed mother, his two sisters also being in the family party which sailed on the vessel "Albert Gallatin." This slow-sailing vessel consumed fifty-one days in the passage from Queenstown to Castle Garden, New York, and in Worcester, Massachusetts, they joined two brothers and two sisters who had there located some time before. The lad availed himself of Worcester's fine educational advantages and became one of the finely-educated men of his day.

Garrett Fleming became an ardent worker in the cause of labor and Irish freedom, beginning with the young, whom he encouraged by forming debating societies where could be discussed the vital questions of the day, although history and other subjects were taken up in turn. These meetings were often held in private homes, the societies having no hall of their own, but great good was accomplished and there are many men of mark in Worcester who as boys received their first inspiration from their friend, Garrett Fleming. About 1867 he gathered seven other Irishmen and in the home of Patrick McCarthy on Pond street formed the first lodge of the Ancient Order of Hibernians in Worcester. Mr. Fleming was an accomplished penman, an art he had perfected while a student at the B. G. Howe Commercial College. This led to his selection for the post of secretary of the new lodge, and the minutes he recorded in those early years have been the admiration of all later secretaries, for the lodge is yet in existence.

The "Fenian" movement also attracted him and he entered into it with all his heart, giving freely of both time and money. He was a personal friend of Michael Davitt, a great Irish leader in later years, and warmly supported the Irish Land League, forming Women's Auxiliaries, instructing them in procedures and accomplished a great deal in building up a strong sentiment in favor of the league. He was secretary of the Worcester branch of the Land League and was one of the men whose influence was always against oppression. When the Order of Knights of St. Crispin was formed in Worcester for the benefit of those employed in shoe factories, Mr. Fleming was the unanimous choice of the organization in Worcester to lead them in their contest for their rights. This was pioneer work in Worcester and a long and bitter fight resulted. When the Knights of Labor appeared as the champion of organized labor, Garrett Fleming affiliated with that order and when it was absorbed by the newer American Federation of Labor he joined that organization. He was also one of the founders of the Worcester Central Labor Union. He had no taste for political office and despised the self-seeking office holder. He believed "public office was a public trust and the only duty was to serve."

A man of deep religious conviction, he was very useful in the work of his church and he was a devout Catholic. He was superintendent of St. John's Sunday school during the pastorate of Father Boyce, one of the first Catholic priests of Worcester, and during the same pastorate his fine tenor voice was a wonderful addition to the church choir. The leader of St. John's choir then was the talented organizer, John Murray. A member of the choir was Captain Tom O'Neill, also a tenor singer, who was killed at the battle of Cold Harbor in the War between the States. Father Boyce, a man of great ability and the author of many books, was a warm friend of Mr. Fleming. Later Mr. Fleming joined the parish choir of St. Anne's, a new parish, the pastor, Rev. Dennis Scannel, asking it as a favor from his personal friend that he lend his splendid tenor to the upbuilding of St. Anne's choir. When St. Stephen's parish was about to be formed the Rev. R. S. J. Burke, then a young priest, called on Mr. Fleming and asked him to assist in forming the new parish. Father Burke, known as the "silver tongued orator," was a man of brilliant talents, a strong friendship existing between the two men. An organization was effected, the people of the Union Hill and Oak Hill districts meeting in the Grafton street school house and services were therein held until a church could be built. Mr. Fleming was most useful in the upbuilding of the new parish, and was the first sexton of the school house church.

Garrett Fleming married, in 1872, Mary Elizabeth Murphy, then residing with Maurice Shahan, father of Bishop Thomas J. Shahan, president of the Catholic University of America, who was her first cousin. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father Doherty in St. Bridget's Church in Millbury, Massachusetts. Mary Elizabeth Murphy was born in Belvoir, Kilkishen, near Six-Mile-Bridge, County Clare, Ireland, about seven miles from the city of Limerick, and came to the United States when quite young, at the solicitation of Maurice Shahan, her uncle. She ar-



Thomas B. Shaw

rived in Boston on the steamer "Bosphorus" in 1867, in care of Patrick Donohoe, then editor of the Boston "Pilot." Later she induced her brother Michael to come to the United States, he and the future Bishop Shahan becoming rare friends. This brother Michael later died and is buried in Millbury, and it was Miss Murphy's intention to return to her native Ireland, but her acquaintance with Garrett Fleming, which began in Millbury, changed her plans. Mr. and Mrs. Fleming were the parents of seven daughters and a son: Mary A., Michael A., Margaret E., Anna G., Theresa, Helen M., Julia E., and Cora E. Four of these, Mary A., Helen M., Julia E. and Cora E. were graduates of Worcester State Normal College and teachers in the Worcester public schools. The son, Michael A., was for many years connected with the telegraphy department of the Associated Press and was connected with newspapers in different parts of the United States. He was one of the first "wireless" telegraph operators in the United States, and in 1904 was a delegate to the Democratic National Convention, representing the Third Massachusetts Congressional District.

HERSCHEL FRANCIS DAVIS, Commercial photographer, is a son of Francis U. Davis, who was born in Oakham, near Dudley, England, and there spent the first years of his life, coming to the United States about 1878. He finally located in Worcester and is there now located and successfully conducting a real estate business at No. 3 Enfield street. He married in Worcester, Lora McNeil, born in New Hampshire, and they are the parents of three children: Herschel F., of further mention: Amy Ardelle, married Edwin L. Bliss, of Springfield, Massachusetts, and has a daughter, Muriel; Stanley G., of Worcester.

Herschel F. Davis was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, July 23, 1879, and there completed grammar school courses at the public schools. He then entered the employ of the Worcester Supply Company (Photographic Materials) remaining with that company for three years. This finally led him into his present line of business, commercial photography, and since 1915 he has been located at No. 571 Main street, Worcester, specializing in commercial photography and out-of-door photography. He is devoted to his work, it agreeing perfectly with his natural love of nature and out-of-doors. He is a member of Pilgrim Congregational Church.

Mr. Davis married in Worcester, November 21, 1905, Annette Maria Mecorney, born in Worcester, who here died the day prior to Thanksgiving Day, 1906, aged twenty-four, a daughter of Herbert and Alice (Gower) Mecorney, her parents yet living.

THOMAS BOND SHAW, Physician, surgeon. One of the most exacting of all the higher lines of occupation to which a man may lend his energies is that of the physician. A most scrupulous preliminary training is demanded, a nicety of judgment but little understood by the laity. Among the prominent representatives of that profession engaged in practice in Worcester is Dr. Shaw, who has made for himself an excellent reputation as a physician and surgeon.

Thomas Asa Shaw, father of Dr. Thomas Bond Shaw, was the only son of Asa Shaw, and his birth occurred in Lyme, New Hampshire, April 27, 1827. He attended the district schools of his native town, and Thetford and Hebron academies, Vermont. His first business experience was gained by service in his father's store, and later he filled positions as clerk in general stores in Buffalo, New York, and Newark, Ohio. In 1864 he located in Hartford, Connecticut, and established a flour and grain store, which he conducted with marked success for thirty-three years, during the greater portion of this time being the sole proprietor of the business. The business became one of the largest of its kind in that section, his establishment being located at No. 542 Main street, and at a store nearly opposite, near the corner of Trumbull street. In 1884 he made arrangements to remove his business to Worcester, and he purchased a residence in that city, but later he decided to conduct his business in Hartford, as heretofore, with his residence in Worcester, and so continued until December 1, 1897, when he retired from active pursuits, and thereafter until his death, which occurred February 9, 1917, spent his days in comfort and quietness, reaping the reward of his years of toil and vigilance. He was an attendant of the Congregational Church, and an adherent of the principles of Democracy. He married, October 11, 1865, Maria Persis Bond, daughter of Thomas Bond. Their only child was Thomas Bond.

Dr. Thomas Bond Shaw was born at Worcester, Massachusetts, December 3, 1866. He attended public and high schools of Hartford, Connecticut, but took his last year and was graduated from the Worcester Classical High School in 1886, after which he matriculated at Yale University, from which institution he was graduated in the class of 1890. For the following two years he was a student in the New York College of Physicians and Surgeons, then entered Dartmouth College, from which he was graduated in 1893. The knowledge thus gained was supplemented by training in the

Roosevelt and other New York City hospitals, and during the year 1894 he served in the capacity of surgeon on a Ward Line mail steamer to Cuba and Mexico, which proved of great assistance to him in his subsequent career. For the two following years, 1895-96, he received instruction in the Allgemeine Krankenhaus, Vienna, and the Hotel Dieu, Paris, which courses of study, in addition to what he had already gained thoroughly equipped him for his chosen line of work. Upon his return to his native land, in 1897, he located in Worcester, opening an office at No. 47 Pleasant street, and that city has been his home up to the present time (1917). By degrees he built up an extensive practice, possessing the essential qualifications, skill, ingenuity, a comprehensive knowledge of disease and cure, and a ready sympathy which endears him to those to whom he ministers in his capacity of physician and surgeon. His work is in harmony with the most advanced and progressive thoughts and methods of the day, and he keeps in touch with his professional brethren by membership in the Massachusetts Medical Society, Worcester District Society and the American Academy of Medicine. He is a life insurance examiner, and acts as staff surgeon of the Second Regiment Infantry, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia. He is a member of the Union Congregational Church of Worcester, of the Yale Alumni Association of Central and Western Massachusetts, of which he is secretary and treasurer; Dartmouth College Alumni Association; Alumni Association of Kings County Hospital, Brooklyn; Hancock, Automobile, Tatassit Canoe, Commonwealth, Uptown, and Lakeside Boat clubs, and Worcester Continentals. Dr. Shaw is a man of strong personality and sterling worth, enjoying the high regard of many friends and patrons.

HAYDEN LEROY SMALL, Proprietor of Worcester Wet Wash Laundry, was born in Lubec, Maine, July 24, 1872, son of Samuel and Damietta (Reynolds) Small. Samuel Small was born in Lubec and died in that town by drowning; was a farmer and fisherman; married Damietta Reynolds, who is now living in Lubec. They had eight children, of whom five are living: Nettie V., married David A. Gillis, of Lubec; Hayden L., mentioned below; Gustavus, of Portland, Maine, milk dealer; Milford W., of Lubec, tinsmith and plumber; Silas G., of Boston, a traveling salesman. Three brothers of Samuel Small served in the Civil War—Gregory, Nelson and John Small. The Small family settled among the pioneers of Maine, and Hayden L. Small is descended from many of the first settlers of New England.

Hayden L. Small received his education in the public schools of his native town, and learned the trade of stationary engineer. In 1894 he engaged in the laundry business in Lubec in partnership with a brother-in-law, whose interests he bought six months after beginning business. After six years he removed to Eastport, Maine, where he continued in the laundry business for another period of six years. Mr. Small came to this city in December, 1906, and established his present business, which has been conducted by him since that time under the name of the Worcester Wet Wash Laundry. His place of business is at No. 48 Mason street. His business has been highly successful. His recreation is hunting and fishing, and while living in Maine he had a camp at Cathance Lake. He is a member of Anchor Lodge, Knights of Pythias. In politics he is a Republican. He attends the Christian church, of which his wife is a member.

Mr. Small married at Lubec, Maine, June 29, 1892, Augusta Reynolds Thayer, who was born in Lubec, daughter of Daniel and Hattie (Reynolds) Thayer. Mr. and Mrs. Small have four children: 1. Muriel H., born January 30, 1894; married Thomas Earl Prouty, who was born in Spencer, Massachusetts, December 9, 1893, now in business with Mr. Small; has one child, Madelyn Augusta, born May 8, 1916. 2. Agatha Louise, born in Lubec, July, 1895; married Dr. George E. Deering, of Worcester, and has one child, George E. Deering, Jr. 3. Harriet Evelyn, born at Eastport, Maine, April, 1906. 4. Oliver Hayden, born at Eastport, Maine, April, 1906.

FRANK EDGEComb STIMPSON, Cashier, was born April 15, 1866, son of Joseph Nickerson and Helen Josephine (Green) Stimpson. He received his early education in the public schools of Worcester. He began his business career as a clerk in the store of Macullar & Son, retail clothing dealers of this city, and remained with that firm four years, being cashier and bookkeeper the latter three years. The winter of 1887-88 he was associated with the firm of Davis & Company, clothiers, of Worcester, as a salesman. He entered the employ of the Knowles Loom Works in May, 1888, as receiving clerk and served in that capacity until April, 1897, when he was appointed cashier and paymaster, which position he held for two years, having been elected to the office at the annual meeting of the corporation in February, 1917. He is a member of the Worcester County Mechanics Association, and has been active in the Plymouth Congregational Church for many years. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Stimpson married, December 6, 1893, at Worcester, Emily Gertrude Whitte-

more, daughter of William Augustus Whittemore, formerly a well known Main street merchant. They have one child, Richard Whittemore.

LOUIS ARTHUR WHEELER. Since 1896 Mr. Wheeler has been a resident of Worcester, Massachusetts, and a year after his coming he entered the service of the Golbert Last Company, a corporation of which he is now secretary and assistant-treasurer. He is of the ancient and honorable Wheeler family, branches of which are found in every State and Territory, a family of strong, capable men. Louis A. is a son of Charles E. Wheeler, of Leominster, Massachusetts, grandson of Mason Wheeler, and great-grandson of Russell Wheeler. Mason Wheeler was a farmer most of his life, but later operated a market. By his wife Sarah he had children: Mason (2); Dora E., married Charles Foster, of Chicopee, Massachusetts; Frank A., who resides in Bolton, Massachusetts; and Charles E.

Charles E. Wheeler was born March 28, 1850, and was for many years a farmer, but is now residing in Worcester in the employ of the Golbert Last Company. He was a member of the Massachusetts National Guard for nine years, attaining the rank of sergeant. In political faith he is a Republican, and in religious affiliation a member of the Unitarian Church, Leominster. He married Ella M. Mead, daughter of Stillman A. and Harriet Mead. Mrs. Wheeler died January 23, 1905. Mr. and Mrs. Wheeler are the parents of a son, Louis Arthur, of whom further mention is made.

Louis Arthur Wheeler was born at Leominster, Massachusetts, March 7, 1872. He passed through all grades of the Leominster schools, completing the high school course with the graduating class of 1888. He returned for a post-graduate course, then was employed in a furniture factory until 1896, when he located in Worcester, where for one year he was in the employ of the Mawhinney Last Company. In 1897 he began his long connection with the Golbert Last Company, advancing through many promotions until 1905, when he became a member of the corporation. Later he was advanced to the post he now fills, secretary and assistant-treasurer. He is a Republican in politics, a member of the Worcester Commercial Traveling Men's Association, Worcester County, Rotary and Automobile clubs. He is also a member of the Church of the Unity.

Mr. Wheeler married in Leominster, Massachusetts, February 15, 1893, Mabel S. Brown, born July 23, 1877, daughter of Lyman W. and Adelia Brown, her father a veteran of the Civil War.

GUY E. WHELPLEY, Sales agent of the Comptometer. The Controlled-key Comptometer, adding and calculating machine, needs no introduction to the head of any manufacturing or mercantile establishment employing an office force of any appreciable size. It is as much at home in modern business as the telephone at your desk—as much a part of modern office equipment as the typewriter. Because of its superior speed, positive accuracy, unquestioned durability, extreme ease of operation and its ability to handle all forms of addition, multiplication, subtraction and division either separately or in any interlinking sequence, the Comptometer is used by the recognized leaders in every branch of business. The operation of the Comptometer is simplicity itself, all operations being completed by simple key depressions alone. With the "Controlled-key" (an exclusive feature of the Comptometer) on guard, even a novice cannot operate the Comptometer imperfectly without being instantly aware of it, because a slighted keystroke automatically locks the machine so that not another figure can be added until the fault is corrected. Sales offices and agents of the Comptometer are found in all the principal cities of the world. Guy E. Whelpley, Worcester county sales agent for the Comptometer, assumed charge of the Worcester office in March, 1913, coming to this city from the New York City sales office. During his six years' residence, through close contact with the business men of Worcester county and through his activity in the Liberty Loan campaigns and other public enterprises, as well as his connection with various local organizations, Mr. Whelpley has become very widely-known to the residents of the heart of the Commonwealth and surrounding vicinity.

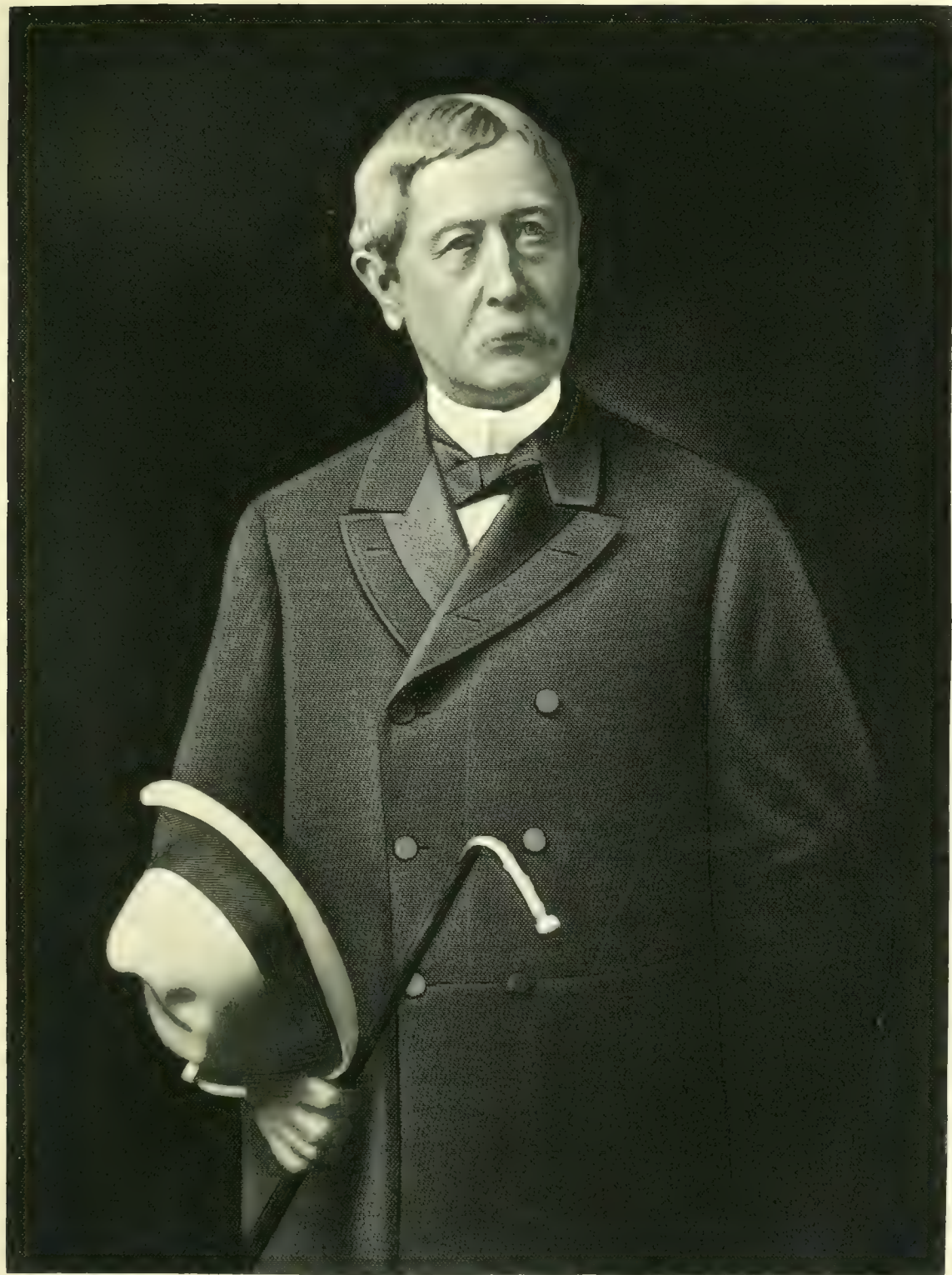
Guy E. Whelpley was born December 6, 1886, in Brandon, Manitoba, Canada, came to Buffalo, New York, at the age of sixteen, where he resided for ten years, being connected with the audit department of the Pennsylvania railroad offices of that city. He joined the forces of the Comptometer organization in 1912, going to New York City, where he received the mechanical and mathematical course given all Comptometer salesmen. He is married and has two children.

The three factories of the Felt & Tarrant Manufacturing Company, manufacturers of the Comptometer, are located in Chicago, Illinois, and are devoted exclusively to the manufacture of the Comptometer. The plants and their equipment are the finest that human ingenuity can devise and that unstinted investment can buy. Many of the

machines were especially designed for their work. Others were adapted and made to work to an accuracy before deemed impossible of attainment. Users of the Comptometer, and all investigating its use, are cordially invited to visit the factories and see, first-hand, the quality of materials and workmanship. The hair-line accuracy that underlies Comptometer efficiency and dependability will be plainly evident to the visitor. Each Comptometer sales office has its factory trained demonstrators, who give extensive instructions to users of the Comptometer, a free service that has proven invaluable as an efficiency producer to all Comptometer owners availing themselves of it. The expert operation of the Comptometer is also taught in the company's many schools maintained for that purpose throughout the country, of which the school connected with the company's office at Worcester is one. Comptometry and its application to all forms of commercial mathematics is taught by a factory trained expert in Comptometer operation. Increasing sales of Comptometers (seven concerns in Worcester county alone now using over two hundred of them) and the constantly-growing demand for trained Comptometer operators made it necessary for Mr. Whelpley to remove his original office in the Slater building to a larger office and school space at No. 511 Slater building during the early part of last year, which is the present location of the Comptometer agency, service bureau and school for Worcester county.

JOSEPH ADDISON KNIGHT, One of the founders of the Graton & Knight Manufacturing Company and its president for many years, was born in Leicester, Massachusetts, March 3, 1829, died in this city, at his home, No. 810 Main street, April 5, 1909, son of Horace and Sarah (Partridge) Knight. His education was obtained in the public schools of Leicester and in Leicester Academy. In 1849 he began an apprenticeship in the card clothing factory of Earl Warner, at 92 Front street, in this city. During his service here his wages were \$110 for the first year, \$125 for the second and \$150 for the third. He afterward worked for nine years as journeyman for Timothy K. Earle & Company, manufacturers of card clothing, on Grafton street, in this city. Mr. Knight entered partnership with Henry C. Graton, with whom he had worked in the Earle factory, and began to manufacture leather belting. The partners knew the leather business thoroughly and had received the best possible training. Their capital was small, but they made up in energy and thrift what was lacking in a financial way. Both worked long hours, and gave to the business their utmost ability and skill. The first date in the books of the new firm was February 13, 1861. The entire capital of the partners was \$1,057.29. The first stock of belt tools was bought of Mr. Earle. The firm began business in the Earle factory but soon removed to two rooms at 137 Front street, in the Harding block. They bought leather and made leather belts. In 1867 the firm began to manufacture its leather in a tannery on Bloomingdale road, having a capacity of one hundred and fifty hides a week. In 1872 the business was incorporated under the present name, the Graton & Knight Manufacturing Company, Mr. Knight, president, H. C. Graton, treasurer, and W. M. Spaulding, secretary, with a capital of \$100,000. In 1882 a department known as the Worcester Counter Company was established in a building near the tannery for the manufacture of counters (for shoes), soles, etc. In 1890 the tannery had been increased in capacity to six hundred hides a week. The leather was carried from the tannery to the factory on Front street, which had been enlarged from time to time. In 1893 a branch was opened in Chicago, and soon afterward in other large cities. The factory at Bloomingdale road was occupied in 1893, and in 1898 the entire plant and offices were located there. (See biographies of Henry C. Graton and W. M. Spaulding). Mr. Knight was president of the company from the time it was organized, which covered a period of forty years. He continued active in business until the time of his death, and always enjoyed good health. His death was caused by apoplexy. He was buried in Hope Cemetery. He belonged to no organizations, excepting the Worcester County Mechanics Association. He was a member of no church but a regular attendant of the Congregational church and a generous contributor to various charities in the city. Mr. Knight married, in 1856, Sarah E. Trowbridge, daughter of Luther Trowbridge, of this city. She died April 5, 1908. Their only daughter, Hattie C., married Dr. William H. Raymonton, and died when her only child, Hewstone Knight Raymonton, was an infant. Dr. Raymonton was first lieutenant in Company K, 314th Infantry, in France, during the World War. Dr. Raymonton was best known for his devoted service to the Worcester Natural History Society.

At the time of his death the "Gazette" said editorially: "Joseph Addison Knight was one of the lovable old gentlemen of whom the city was proud and whom every ambitious boy should emulate. Few lives close at eighty so satisfactorily. Perhaps he was not talked about so much as others, on account of his retiring ways, but few will be remembered so dearly by those who knew him well. Mr. Knight was one of the old school of manufacturers, having started in 1861, when cruder methods were in



J. C. Knight

use, but he adapted himself to the times with the result that he and his associates, Henry C. Graton, and W. M. Spaulding, who have been with him all these years, built up from nothing one of the largest belting factories in the world. The partners for eight years and three executive officers for the following forty years must have possessed steadiness of purpose and firm faith in each other to go ahead through forty-eight years without change and without backset.

"Mr. Knight would not countenance the slightest dishonesty in business. The faith of his customers doubtless was based on this. Employees found him generous and square and here again prosperity was courted by him."

During life he was liberal in his benefactions to many organizations and charities. He bequeathed a large part of his estate to public institutions viz: About \$40,000 of present worth, each to Memorial Hospital, the Associated Charities, the Worcester Children's Friend Society, and the Home for Aged Women; about \$30,000 each to the Temporary Home and Day Nursery, the Worcester Boys' Club, the Worcester Society for District Nursing, the Home for Aged Men; about \$20,000 each to the Good Samaritans, the Worcester Employment Bureau, the Young Men's Christian Association, the Young Women's Christian Association. The total present value of these bequests is nearly \$350,000.

CHARLES BROWN KNIGHT, Brother of Joseph Addison Knight, was also a successful manufacturer of this city. He was born in Leicester, August 6, 1836, died here, October 7, 1900. He was educated in the public schools and at Leicester and Worcester academies. Having learned the trade of shoemaker in his father's shop, he left home when he came of age, and worked as a journeyman for nine years or more in Grafton. In 1866 he engaged in the lumber business in this city as a partner in the firm of Chamberlain & Company. From 1871 to 1880 the firm name was C. B. Knight & Company. After withdrawing from business he traveled through the West and South; in 1889 he bought a large tract of land in Northeastern Georgia, and founded the town of Demorest. In 1897 the Demorest Collegiate Institute was established here, in charge of the South Methodist Conference. In politics, Mr. Knight was originally a Republican, but later a Prohibitionist, and he was active in the temperance movement, an able and fluent speaker in great demand in the campaigns of his party. In religion he was a Baptist. His home was at No. 1 Oxford street.

Mr. Knight married, in 1867, Abbie B. Sprague, widow, a daughter of Joseph Bryant, of Leicester. His only son, Horace Joseph Knight, was a graduate of the Worcester High School and the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, and was for some years connected with the Graton & Knight Manufacturing Company. He has one son, Kenneth Knight.

Horace Knight, father of Joseph A. and Charles B. Knight, was born in Leicester, June 23, 1799, died there May 2, 1855. He was a prominent farmer there and a pioneer in the manufacture of boots and shoes. Before the railroad was built he carted his stock and goods between Leicester and Boston. He married (first) in 1823, Sarah Partridge, of Paxton. She died August 20, 1833, aged thirty-three years. He married (second) at Leicester, in 1834, Hannah Brown, of Rutland. She died July 20, 1882, in her eighty-fourth year. By his first wife he had four children: Mary Elizabeth, who married Swift Howe, of Paxton; Joseph Addison, mentioned above; Almira W., who married George P. Rogers, a merchant of this city; and another child that died young. The only child by his second wife was Charles Brown, mentioned above.

Jonathan Knight, Jr., father of Horace Knight, was born in Paxton, in 1773, and was noted for his strength and energy, though not of large physique. He was a lieutenant in the State Militia. He was a farmer in Paxton, but died in Leicester, May 22, 1849, aged seventy-four years, ten months. He married Polly Sprague, daughter of Timothy and Mary (Sargent) Sprague, and granddaughter of Jonathan Sargent.

Jonathan Knight, Sr., father of Jonathan Knight, Jr., died in Leicester, May 12, 1816, aged eighty-two years. In all his lines of ancestry Mr. Knight was descended from the original stock in New England, and he belonged to many very prominent Colonial families.

HEDLEY FRANK BRANGWIN. As representative of the Alexander Hamilton Institute in Worcester, Massachusetts, Mr. Brangwin is aiding in the great work that institution is doing in the United States in spreading sound, economic thinking, sound views on business matters and better understanding of business problems.

Hedley Frank Brangwin was born in England, and obtained his education in the English school, and served a term in the British Army. After coming to the United States he also served in the Massachusetts State Guard. He is a member of the Protestant Episcopal church, and interested in the work of that church. He is an enthusiast over out-of-door recreations, is very fond of horses, plays golf with a great

deal of enjoyment, but perhaps his garden is his real hobby and most favored recreation. Mr. Brangwin has represented The Alexander Hamilton Institute in Worcester since January 1, 1917, that institution dating its beginning only from the year 1909. The object of the Institute is to furnish a modern business course and service to men who are looking and moving ahead, to live, keen-witted, energetic men who are ambitious to attain higher rank or position. It brings to such a man's office or home that business knowledge and training which he needs. It matters not whether such a man is wealthy, a college graduate, or whether he be of the great middle class in regard to wealth, education or position, but he must have ability and enough serious purpose to spend a portion of his spare time in reading and thinking. This Modern Business Course and Service is the result of years of study and experience and represents the best thoughts of a group of successful business and university men, and covers the essential subjects on which every business man should be well-informed. Mr. Brangwin is heartily in sympathy with the aims of the Institute, and is its strong, eloquent advocate. He has been very successful in his efforts to bring its advantages to the business men of Worcester, and is justly optimistic over the results which are to follow.

EZRA RAYMOND ROCKWOOD, Proprietor of the J. B. Brooks Company, piano and furniture movers of Worcester, Massachusetts, has built up a very large business, the volume now being treble what it was when he became its owner and managing head, three auto trucks and six horses now being used in general trucking, teaming and moving. He is a son of George Leland Rockwood, born in Sherborn, Middlesex county, Massachusetts, died in Framingham, Massachusetts, at the age of seventy-four years, a veteran of the Civil War, serving from its beginning until its end. He married Amanda Johnson, born in Holliston, Massachusetts, and died in Hopkinton, Massachusetts, in 1879. They were the parents of eight children: Newell, deceased; Ellen, married Henry Stone, whom she survives; Florence, deceased; Georgianna, married Robert L. Andrews, and resides in Medway, Massachusetts; Susan, married Charles Adams, of Bellingham, Massachusetts; Arthur L., of Somerville, Massachusetts; Ezra Raymond, of further mention; Avery Ulyses, a grocer of Milford, Massachusetts.

Ezra Raymond Rockwood was born in Hopkinton, Massachusetts, January 27, 1870. He attended the public schools until eleven years of age, then began doing a boy's work on the farm, his school attendance being thereafter limited to the winter months. He continued a farm worker until twenty years of age, then became a free-man in the employ of the Derby Desk Company, at Somerville, Massachusetts. At the age of twenty-three he came to Worcester, Massachusetts, and for some time was a mill worker, becoming an expert operator of an automatic screw making machine, in the employ of Reed & Curtis. He continued in that business until April 18, 1914, when he succeeded to the ownership of the J. B. Brooks Company of Worcester. He has been very successful in the management of the trucking and teaming business, and now devotes his entire time to it. His business office is at No. 554 Main street, his residence, No. 6 Piedmont street. He is very fond of a day's sport with rod and reel, and thoroughly enjoys his long rides in his automobile. Mr. Rockwood is a member of Old South Congregational Church of Worcester, and in politics is a Republican.

Mr. Rockwood married, in Worcester, December 14, 1898, Grace Gertrude Brooks, daughter of Joseph B. Brooks, born in Rutland, Massachusetts, but early in life came to Worcester, where most of his years, seventy-four, were spent, and where he died, in 1915. He married Martha Gerals, born in Canada, now living with her daughter, Mrs. Rockwood, in Worcester, aged seventy-three years.

CHARLES RALPH HOYLE. In his devotion to his profession and art Mr. Hoyle has not found it necessary to go beyond the limits of his native city, Worcester, for either instruction or an appreciative clientele. Since 1910 he has practiced the profession of architecture in his city, and since 1904 has been an instructor of freehand and architectural drawing in local schools and art institutions, his present connection being with the Worcester Art Museum School, of which he is a graduate, and Worcester Evening Drawing School. He is well-established in public favor as an architect, and his long connection with the schools of the city as an instructor is evidence of his popularity and ability to impart his knowledge, a faculty or gift all teachers do not possess. Charles R. Hoyle is a son of Francis and Elizabeth Jane (Cummings) Hoyle. His father was a boot and shoe dealer of Worcester.

Charles R. Hoyle was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, June 2, 1879. After completing grammar school courses he entered English High School, whence he was graduated, class of 1900. The same year he entered the office of Earle & Fisher, architects, and for the following ten years was a student of architectural drawing and designing, also completing a full course of art study at Worcester Art Museum School, and after

graduation became an instructor. In 1910 he started in business for himself and has practiced his profession very successfully for the past eight years. He is thoroughly skilled in architecture, and as an exponent of the several orders and periods is fully capable and competent. He has moreover originality and a method of expression which gives to his work a definite character and value. In 1907 Mr. Hoyle taught free-hand drawing in Highland Military Academy. From 1904 until 1910 he was instructor in architectural drawing in Worcester Evening Drawing School; and from 1914 until the present a director of drawing in that school. In 1915 he accepted an appointment as instructor in architectural drawing at the Worcester Art Museum School, and for the past three years he has most satisfactorily filled that position as he has all others to which he has been appointed. He has served as a director and as treasurer of the Art Students Club; is a member of Worcester Chapter, American Institute of Architects, and of the First Baptist Church of Worcester. Mr. Hoyle is unmarried.

ERNEST WHITEHEAD, General contractor and builder, was born in Yorkshire, England, April 20, 1861, and received his education in North Wales. He came to this country at the age of nineteen years and made his home in Providence, Rhode Island, finding employment at first in the cotton mills for a year. He came to Worcester in 1885, beginning work as a car builder and carpenter. He began business as a contractor and builder in 1889 and has continued to the present time. Year by year his business extended and he has been highly successful. Some of the more important buildings that he has remodeled for store purposes, a line in which he has made a specialty, are: Harrington Corner block; Perkins & Butler's building, Federal street; William J. Woods' store; Calder's Bakery; the Woman's Bathhouse at Lake Quinsigamond. He has offices and shops at Nos. 189-191 Commercial street. Mr. Whitehead is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Improved Order of Red Men, Worcester Lodge of Elks, and Plymouth Congregational Church.

Mr. Whitehead married, in Providence, Rhode Island, December 24, 1882, Alma Louise Johnson, who was born in Sweden and came to America with her sister Josephine. Mr. and Mrs. Whitehead have three children: 1. Evelyn Maria, died aged twenty years, eight months, June 27, 1915. 2. Ernest Parker, born November 21, 1899, student at Harvard, class of 1920. 3. Robert Gladstone, born November 6, 1908.

Parker Whitehead, father of Ernest Whitehead, was born in Yorkshire, England, and died in North Wales, 1904, aged sixty-four years; a railroad man; married Esther Clift, who was born and died in Yorkshire. They had eight children, of whom five are living: Walter, Andrew and William are deceased. Emily lives in Liverpool, England; Albert, a machinist, lives in India; Ernest, mentioned above; Annie, of Cheshire, England, married Arthur Lockett; Lillian, of North Wales, widow of George Williams, has children: Mabel, Arthur, Frank, Walter and Lora Williams.

GEORGE SAMUEL BOUTELLE. A twentieth century representative of this fine old French Huguenot family which settled south of the Mason and Dixon line, George S. Boutelle, of Worcester, Massachusetts, has won a business success in an equality with his merits. He is head of the firm, G. S. Boutelle & Company, No. 256 Main street, a house specializing in etching engravings and photogravures and agents for fine photography, water colors and platinum prints. He has developed this business from a small beginning and has made it one of the necessities of Worcester's art life. George S. Boutelle is a son of Samuel Bowers Boutelle, a grocer of Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, and his wife, Marietta Boutelle, his parents both deceased.

George Samuel Boutelle was born in Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, December 24, 1857, and there completed public school study with high school courses. He was a student for one year at Wesleyan Academy, at Wilbraham, Massachusetts, but at the age of sixteen he entered business life with the wholesale grocery firm, E. T. Smith & Company of Worcester, continuing with that house nine years. He established in business for himself at Rochdale, Massachusetts, buying out an established general store and continuing its operation for four years. For this same period he was postmaster of Rochdale, having the postoffice in his store. He then returned to Worcester and soon afterward established his present business. He is a member of the Masonic Order, and an attendant of Plymouth Congregational Church.

Mr. Boutelle married in Spencer, Massachusetts, August 26, 1885, Mary E. Jenks, born in Spencer, November 19, 1863, daughter of George and Martha Spencer. Mr. and Mrs. Boutelle are the parents of two sons and a daughter: 1. George Jenks, born June 16, 1886, a graduate of Worcester Polytechnic Institute, C. E., class of 1908, now successfully practicing his profession with the Chester Construction Company of Chester, Pennsylvania; he married and has two children: Richard R. and Mary E. Bou-

telle. 2. Olive Jenks, born June 16, 1890, residing at home. 3. Richard Samuel, born February 20, 1904. The family residence is at No. 134 Elm street, Worcester.

GEORGE TUFTS DEWEY, Lawyer, was born in this city, September 12, 1858, son of Hon. Francis Henshaw and Sarah Barker (Tufts) Dewey, (See biography of father). After taking courses of study in public and private schools in Worcester and in the Fay School of Southboro, Massachusetts, he entered Mt. Pleasant Institute, at Amherst, Massachusetts, in 1870, continuing there until graduation in 1875, when he entered Williams College, from which he graduated with honors in 1879, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and in 1882 the degree of Master of Arts. He was a member of the Kappa Alpha fraternity. He studied law in the offices of Bacon & Hopkins, in this city, in 1879-81, and afterwards at Harvard Law School, where he completed his studies in 1882. In the same year he was admitted to the Massachusetts bar and began the practice of law in Worcester in the office of Hon. Frank P. Goulding. From 1883 to 1907 he was in partnership with Thomas G. Kent, under the firm name of Kent & Dewey, in general law practice. Mr. Dewey's attention was early attracted to business and corporation law, of which he has made a specialty. On the death of his father, in 1887, he was chosen his successor as director and general counsel for the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Company, and continued that connection until 1898, when the Company was absorbed by the American Steel & Wire Company.

Mr. Dewey has taken much interest in the industrial growth of Worcester and during the last twenty years has been active in the organization and development of several of its large industries. He has acted as counsel and director and also held other official positions in many of these companies, among which may be mentioned: the Graton & Knight Manufacturing Company (vice president), Worcester Electric Light Company (a short time president), Wright Wire Company, (for some time treasurer), Worcester Cold Storage & Warehouse Company (treasurer), Baldwin Chain & Manufacturing Company (president), Massachusetts Corset Company (treasurer), Pure Ice Company (treasurer). He also has been a director of the Columbian National Life Insurance Company of Boston since its organization.

In religious life Mr. Dewey has been connected with All Saints' Protestant Episcopal Church, of which he has been a vestryman for many years. He has also been interested in the work of the Worcester Boys' Club, acting as president for a long time; a director of the Young Men's Christian Association, and on the building committee when the Association building was erected on Elm street, and on the advisory board of the Young Women's Christian Association. He has been a member of the American, the Massachusetts and the Worcester County Bar Associations, a member of the Worcester Club, Tatnuck Country Club, Economic Club, Twentieth Century Club, Worcester Country Club, Quinsigamond Boat Club, Harvard Club of Worcester, the Williams College clubs of Boston, New York and Worcester; the Worcester Chamber of Commerce, and being a Republican in politics, a member of several Republican clubs.

Mr. Dewey married, June 28, 1898, Mary Linwood Nichols, daughter of Dr. Lemuel Bliss and Lydia Carter (Anthony) Nichols, of this city. Their home is at No. 54 West street, and they have a summer residence, "The Boulders," at Sunapee Lake, New Hampshire. They have three children: 1. Mary Linwood, born in Florence, Italy; educated in the private schools of Worcester and for three years at Miss Porter's School in Farmington, Connecticut. 2. George Tufts, Jr., born in this city, April 23, 1900; attended public and private schools here, and from 1913 to 1918 at Pomfret School, in Pomfret, Connecticut; enlisted in the navy in the fall of 1918, and entered the Students' Navy Training Camp at Williams College, from which on the termination of the war he was put on inactive duty and is now pursuing a college course at Williams, in the class of 1922. 3. Charles Nichols, born in this city, July 7, 1903, attended private schools at Worcester, the Fay School at Southboro for three years, and the Pomfret School, Connecticut.

FRED WOODBURY HASKELL. Since 1895 Mr. Haskell has been in business in Worcester, Massachusetts, and since 1900 has been a member of the successful grocery and provision house, Regan & Haskell, No. 72 Green street. He is one of the city's progressive, public-spirited merchants, honorable and upright in business, friendly and genial socially and everywhere being well-liked. He is a son of Jacob Read Haskell, born in Weathersfield, Vermont, in 1814, who there died in 1875, a farmer all his active years. He married, in Weathersfield, Mariette Theasher, born, lived, and died in Vermont, her life ending in 1883 at the age of fifty-seven. They were the parents of three children: Albert Billings, died in 1895; Alice M., married Dr. George Weston, of Springfield, Massachusetts; and Fred Woodbury, of further mention.

Fred Woodbury Haskell was born in Weathersfield, Vermont, September 9, 1867, and there passed his youthful years in school attendance and in farm labor suitable to



George T. Dewey

his years. In 1882 he left home and went to Gilbertville, Massachusetts, and there spent one year as clerk in a general store, after which he returned to Weathersfield, remaining for one year. In 1884 he again went to Gilbertville, remaining in a general store there for five years as clerk. These years had given him the needed experience, and in 1891 he availed himself of an opportunity to engage in business in Windsor, Vermont, and there for four years he conducted a meat market. He closed out the business there in 1895 and the same year located in Worcester, Massachusetts, working the first five years as clerk in a meat market, then establishing his own business with a partner, and trading as Regan & Haskell. The store operated by this firm is located at No. 72 Green street, and there a large and prosperous business is conducted in groceries and meats. He is a devotee of out-of-door sports, his particular and most favored recreation being rod and reel. Automobiling has also won his approval, and many are his hours with his "Reo" and his family.

Mr. Haskell married in Worcester, April 23, 1902, Estelle Vaughan, born in Prescott, Massachusetts, daughter of Walter S. and Sarah (White) Vaughan. Mr. Vaughan, a retired farmer, spends his summers in Prescott and his winters with his daughter, Mrs. Haskell, in Worcester. Mrs. Sarah (White) Vaughan died January 1, 1915, aged sixty-three years. Mr. and Mrs. Haskell are the parents of four children: Frederick Vaughan, born June 1, 1903, now a high school student; Mildred Estelle, also a student in high school, born January 5, 1905; Roger Whitecomb, born May 9, 1906; Alice Reba, born October 5, 1909.

JOHN S. KEMPTON. Although a young man, Mr. Kempton is a veteran in business, having from youth been engaged in operating for himself. He was always keen for a business bargain, satisfied when he saw a profit to let the buyer have the property whether it be store, dwelling, land or stock. He started out from home at the age of seventeen with a cash capital of twenty-five dollars, and from that time he has made his own way in the world and is rated one of the successful men of Worcester. He is a son of John S. and Nora Kempton, of Grafton, his father born there April 9, 1837. John S. Kempton was very active during the Civil War, not as a soldier but in aiding the war committee in financing loans, purchasing supplies and equipping troops.

John S. Kempton was born in Grafton, Massachusetts, January 9, 1882, and was educated in the graded and high schools. In 1898 he came to Worcester and obtained his first position, the agreement with the son of the owner of the business that he would pay him whatever he was worth. He received five dollars from the son for the first week's work, which so disgusted the young clerk that he walked out. The owner, however, interfered and gave him a nice present with some good advice and kind words that the lad never forgot. His next position was with Winslow S. Lincoln, of Willow Farm, and for three years he was employed in delivering milk for Mr. Lincoln and with others. He accumulated about three hundred dollars from his savings, and with that capital opened a grocery store which he sold at a fair profit as soon as a customer presented himself. His next venture was with a hardware and cutlery store in the Warren Hotel block on Front street, and in due time that business was also sold. In succession he opened grocery stores and meat markets on Piedmont, Chandler, Austin, Washington and Grafton streets, Worcester, operating each one until an opportunity offered to sell out profitably. At about the time he opened his first grocery store he also began investing in real estate, and as his capital increased, mortgages and stocks attracted him. From 1906 until the present, 1919, he has dealt largely and successfully, and as a real estate broker he has made some of the largest commission sales made by any broker in the city. He has bought for his own account some of the large business blocks of the city, owning the Weston block, No. 891 Main street; Winslow block, No. 393 Pleasant street; Tuttle block on Lincoln street; Scofield block on Grafton street; Madison block on Madison street; Wellington block on Wellington street, and has developed some residence property by the erection of new buildings. These include West Side Manor building on Main street, a large garage there, and in other sections of the city. He has bought and sold real estate in every street and section of Worcester and in all the surrounding towns, in Boston and vicinity, in Connecticut, Rhode Island and Vermont, has a large timber tract in Maine, and is one of the largest individual taxpayers in Worcester. In the course of his business he has held mortgages on property in nearly every street in Worcester and has always taken frequent "look in's" on the stock market, sometimes profitably, sometimes disastrously. He has also aided in financing new enterprises in Worcester that have left him with beautifully engraved stock certificates as souvenirs, but these he packs up with other losing ventures and charges it up to experience. Another form in trading has been in good horses of which he has owned many. He is a lover of the horse, but when a particularly good one came into his possession a good offer was never re-

fused. But as much as he admired the light harness horse he quickly adopted the automobile and owned one of the first "self starters" in the city.

In politics a Republican, Mr. Kempton has never sought office for himself but has always been most active in behalf of his friends. He was deeply interested in the election of Mayor Wright and Mayor Logan of Worcester, and in the campaigns by Governor Foss and Governor McCall he took a very active part. He is a justice of the peace, appointed by Governor Foss, and a notary public, appointed by Governor McCall. Mr. Kempton was a member of the Worcester Training School, receiving an honorable discharge, trained also at Plattsburg, New York, and did military duty in guarding Worcester reservoir and dams. He is a member of the Worcester Rifle and Pistol Club, and is an ardent sportsman enjoying hunting and fishing. In his motor car he has visited about every sea shore and mountain resort of New England and the Middle States and has toured the South. He was a member of the old Hancock Club and of the Automobile Club. He belongs to Worcester County Club; Morning Star Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; and was one of the enthusiastic workers in all the war campaigns and served as captain of some of the teams, was very generous in contributions to all war funds, and actively interested in the Young Men's Christian Association Boys' Club. He is a member of Piedmont Congregational Church. Mr. Kempton is unmarried.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN CLOUGH, Physician and surgeon, born at Kennebunk Port, Maine, February 4, 1838, and died May 8, 1899, was a son of Arthur and Harriet (Gilpatrick) Clough. His father was a farmer and brickmaker, son of David Clough, and grandson of David Clough, Sr., who was a soldier in the Revolution and took part in the battle of Bunker Hill, and in the attack on Quebec, where he was wounded, captured, exchanged, and later in life was pensioned. Noah Clough and his father, Samuel Clough, lived in Kennebunk Port; Samuel was of the fourth generation (Samuel (4), Samuel (3), Thomas (2), John (1)). The first of the family, John Clough, was born in England, in 1613, and came in the ship "Elizabeth" in 1635; settled in Salisbury, where he died in 1691.

Benjamin F. Clough attended the public schools and Berwick Academy, and then learned the drug business in the store of Alexander Warren, Kennebunk, remaining from 1856 to 1858, in a drug store in Biddeford from 1858 to 1860, and in Boston from April 12, 1861, to October, 1863, when he was appointed surgeon's steward in the navy. He served on Porter's flagship, "Black Hawk," from October 23, until it was burned April 22, 1865; then on the hospital ship, "Red Rover," to the end of the war; he was mustered out August 12, 1865. Returning to Boston he worked in his old position in the drug store at the corner of Tremont and Boylston streets until the fall of 1866, when he entered Harvard Medical School, from which he was graduated in 1869. He began immediately to practice in this city. His office was at No. 2 Myrtle street until September 14, 1886, and from that time until he died at No. 46 Austin street. He was a member of Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church; prominent as a Free Mason, life member of Montacute Lodge; member of Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; and Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters, and Stella Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star; also of Charles Devens Council, American Mechanics. He joined George H. Ward Post, No. 10, Grand Army of the Republic, during the first year that he lived here and was mustered in May, 1869; elected post surgeon, December, 1891, and continued in this office to the end of his life. He was also president of the board of trustees of the post, in charge of the relief work. He was a member of Farragut Association of Philadelphia, the Worcester District Medical Society, Massachusetts Medical Society, and Harvard Alumni Medical Society.

Dr. Clough married, August 13, 1871, Adelia Jane Perkins, born September 13, 1845, daughter of John and Catherine (Sweetzer) Perkins, of Lynnfield. Their only child was Bertha Frances, born August 1, 1873, died November 16, 1884. Mrs. Clough died in Wakefield, Massachusetts, December 25, 1918, and is buried in this city.

GEORGE SYLVESTER CLOUGH, Contractor and builder, was born in Kennebunk Port, Maine, May 2, 1839, and died in this city, July 29, 1903, son of Arthur and Harriet (Gilpatrick) Clough.

George S. Clough was educated in the public schools of his native town, and there he learned the trade of shipwright. Late in the fifties he went South and located in Galveston, Texas, but the outbreak of the Civil War caused him to come North in June, 1861, by way of the Mississippi river. During the war he was employed at the Kittery Navy Yard, and soon after peace was declared he came to this city. For three years he was in the employ of J. C. French, a contractor and builder, and then he formed a partnership with Thomas G. Larned in the building business. His partner withdrew from the firm at the end of six years and Mr. Clough continued alone. He



John A. Clough

was an exceedingly competent builder and from the first was successful. He invested shrewdly in real estate in various parts of the city and built many houses for investment during dull seasons.

After retiring from active business as a contractor in 1885, Mr. Clough became interested more than ever in municipal affairs. He had been somewhat active and influential in the councils of the Republican party. In 1887 he was elected to the Common Council and at the end of his term was elected a member of the Board of Overseers of the Poor. In 1891 and 1892 he represented the city in the General Court from Ward Eight, being a member of the committee on cities both years and known as a hard and conscientious worker. In 1892 he was appointed on the committee representing Massachusetts at the dedication of the World's Columbian Exhibition in Chicago, a very agreeable and interesting duty. He was elected to the school committee in 1900, and at the time of his death was approaching the end of his term. In this office he exhibited the same faithfulness and ability that had distinguished him in other offices of trust and honor. His knowledge and experience as a builder was especially valuable to the city in the course of the construction of various school houses. He was a member of Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Worcester Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; and of Blake Lodge, Knights of Pythias. He attended Piedmont Church.

Mr. Clough married (first) in Saco, Maine, January 5, 1865, Mercy Stone March, of Saco. They had one daughter who died in infancy. He married (second) March 7, 1874, Sarah Jane Worth, of Kennebunk Port, born March 31, 1845, died August 24, 1917, daughter of Thomas Cleaves and Olive Littlefield (Hatch) Worth. Children: John Arthur (see biography); Cora Belle, born December 1, 1877. Their home has been at No. 1 Merrick street since 1885.

John Hill Clough, a brother of George S. Clough, also settled in this city and was a school teacher; born November 7, 1846, died March 23, 1871; married, January 14, 1869, Abbie Elizabeth Redding, of this city.

JOHN ARTHUR CLOUGH, Lawyer, member of the Worcester school committee, was born in this city, December 22, 1874, son of George Sylvester and Sarah Jane (Worth) Clough. He attended the public schools here and graduated from the English High School in 1895. He entered Brown University, from which he graduated in 1899 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. In 1902 he graduated from Harvard Law School and in the same year was admitted to the Massachusetts bar. Soon afterward he began to practice law in this city and has continued to the present time. His offices are at Nos. 531-532 State Mutual building. In politics he is a Republican and for a number of years he gave much time and energy to the local organization of his party. Since January 1, 1913, he has been a member of the Worcester school committee. He has been entrusted with places on the most important sub-committees, including high schools and teachers, having been chairman of the latter. In 1918, upon the reorganization of the school board, he was a member of the special committee on revision of the rules, and on the special committee on the selection of a new superintendent. He has been interested in every phase of school activity; has studied carefully and taken definite positions on every important school question.

Mr. Clough is a charter member of the Worcester Economic Club, and an attendant of Piedmont Congregational Church. He has taken the thirty-second degree in Masonry and is a member of Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Worcester Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, No. 5, Knights Templar; the Massachusetts Consistory; Aleppo Temple, Order of the Mystic Shrine, of Boston; of Aletheia Grotto; of Stella Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star, of Worcester; also a member of Phi Beta Kappa, of Brown University. He is unmarried, residing with his sister in the old home at No. 1 Merrick street.

JAMES ATKINSON NORCROSS, Contractor and builder, partner in the firm of Norcross Brothers, was born March 24, 1831, in Kennebec county, Maine, son of Jesse Springer and Margaret Ann (Whitney) Norcross. He died in Worcester, August 4, 1903. His father was a carpenter and builder, and proprietor of the Norcross Mills at Winslow, Maine; his mother was of a Westborough family. His parents resided in various Maine towns, and in 1849 his father joined the "forty-niners" and went to California, and died at Benicia in that territory in 1850. His mother was a daughter of Jonah and Anne (Rider) Whitney, and granddaughter of Thomas Whitney, a soldier of the Revolution from Shrewsbury and fifth in line from John and Elinor Whitney, the pioneers who came from England and settled in Watertown with the first settlers and founders, 1635 or earlier.

On the paternal side James A. Norcross, in the eighth generation, was descended

from Jeremiah Norcross, who came from England in 1638 and settled in Watertown as early as 1642. His home on the Charles river is now the site of the United States arsenal. The later generations of the line lived in Watertown, Sudbury and Newton until Jonathan Norcross, of the fifth generation, a soldier of the French and Indian wars, removed to Georgetown, Maine.

In 1843, when James A. Norcross was six years old, his father moved to Salem, where he attended the public schools and learned the trade of carpenter. In 1864 the firm of Norcross Brothers was formed to carry on a contracting and building business at Essex, but soon afterward the firm removed to Worcester. The Leicester Congregational Church was their first large contract. The business grew rapidly and extended to all parts of the country. James A. Norcross attended to the clerical and financial matters, while Orlando W. Norcross had charge of the building and execution of the contracts. The firm became one of the largest and most successful in this line of business in the country. No contract was too large or difficult for Norcross Brothers to execute, and there was scarcely a city of importance in the country in which sooner or later the firm did not have large buildings to erect. In 1897 James A. Norcross retired from business and his brother continued alone.

Mr. Norcross built for himself at this time one of the finest residences in this section. It is located on May street, near his former home on Claremont, and is known as Fairlawn. It was first occupied in July, 1895, and at present is the home of his son. After he retired from business he visited numerous cities to import the work of the firm. In 1892 he went abroad, visiting England, France, Holland and Italy, and during his last years traveled extensively.

In politics Mr. Norcross was a Republican. He served the city in the Common Council in 1877. He was a member of the Worcester Board of Trade, the Commonwealth Club, the Worcester Society of Antiquity, the Sportsmen's Club, the Worcester County Mechanics Association. In religion he was a Unitarian and he contributed liberally to the building fund of the South Unitarian Church. He was of a quiet, rather reserved disposition, perhaps conservative in his methods and judgments, a constant reader of good books, a keen thinker, largely self-educated. His family ties were the chief comfort of his life. By nature he was generous and sympathetic and he gave freely to various charities and objects of public interest.

Mr. Norcross married Mary Ellen Pinkham. They had nine children: 1. Julia Ellen, born October 14, 1851; married, June 8, 1871, Thomas Seymour Osborne, of Nova Scotia. 2. James Ephraim, born in Salem in 1853, died in 1855. 3. James Franklin, (see biography). 4. Arthur Warren, (see biography). 5. Rosa Minerva, born at Salem, June 2, 1863, died April 5, 1877. 6. William Ephraim, (see biography). 7. Mary Elizabeth, born at South Adams, October 31, 1868; married, September 20, 1892, William Lorin Davis, brick manufacturer, of Millbury. 8. Florence, born in Worcester, 1871, died July 9, 1871. 9. Jesse Orlando, (see biography).

JAMES FRANKLIN NORCROSS, Son of James Atkinson and Mary Ellen (Pinkham) Norcross, was born in Salem, January 8, 1856. He attended the common schools there and in South Adams and Worcester, leaving school at an early age to enter the employ of his father's firm, Norcross Brothers. After three years in the contracting business, he went to East Longmeadow to learn stone-cutting and quarrying, an important department of the business. He was made superintendent of the plant at Longmeadow and continued there until April 1, 1897, when he resigned to engage in the quarry business on his own account, but after a year he sold his business and removed to Springfield, December 1, 1898, and has made his home there since that time. He was engaged in caring for his father's business mainly until 1901, when he bought an interest in the Westfield Marble and Sandstone Company, a corporation doing business in Westfield and having quarries there. He was vice-president and general manager until 1905, when his widowed mother desired his assistance in managing her affairs, and he resigned as manager, continuing, however, as vice-president. While in East Longmeadow, Mr. Norcross attended the Congregational church and was a member of the parish committee. He was also for one year member and secretary of the school committee. In 1882 he joined Hampden Lodge, No. 27, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Springfield.

Mr. Norcross married, March 7, 1878, Sarah Etta Robinson, born at East Longmeadow, July 13, 1857, a daughter of Jonas and Martha (Bradbury) Robinson. Her father was a quarryman also. Children: Jonas Walter, born May 23, 1879; Mary Etha, August 21, 1882.

ARTHUR WARREN NORCROSS, Son of James Atkinson and Mary Ellen (Pinkham) Norcross, was born at Salem, July 27, 1861. He received his education in the Worcester public school, the Classical High School and in Bryant & Stratton's

Business College, Boston. In 1881 he entered the employ of his father's firm, Norcross Brothers, and was located in various cities in which the firm had contracts, New York, Baltimore, Cleveland and elsewhere, until about 1897 when he became a partner in the firm of Norcross & Cleveland, contractors and builders, of Boston. This firm built the Brewer building on Front street, Worcester. Since the dissolution of this firm Mr. Norcross continued in business as a contractor until about 1905.

Mr. Norcross married, December 18, 1888, Alice Willard Warren, adopted daughter of Otis and Caroline E. Warren, of Worcester. They have had one child, Pauline, born September 12, 1890, died February 10, 1892. Mr. and Mrs. Norcross reside at No. 18 Dean street, Worcester.

WILLIAM EPHRAIM NORCROSS, Son of James Atkinson and Mary Ellen (Pinkham) Norcross, was born at Salem, May 11, 1866. He attended the public schools in Worcester and the Classical High School. He was paymaster for Norcross Brothers for two years, then in the shipping department for three years, and in the drafting department for two years and a half. About a year before the firm of Norcross Brothers was dissolved he took charge of the management of his father's place, Fairlawn, and in 1898 built his residence there near his father's mansion. Since 1903 he has made his home in the mansion house. He attends the South Unitarian Church. He is a member of the Worcester Automobile Club.

Mr. Norcross married, November 23, 1890, Lillian Mabel Blenus, who was born at South Dedham, June 17, 1867, daughter of Charles W. and Vesta (Gates) Blenus, of Worcester. Children: Hazel, born August 19, 1893; Rosemary, born November 26, 1899.

JESSE ORLANDO NORCROSS, Son of James Atkinson and Mary Ellen (Pinkham) Norcross, was born in Worcester, December 1, 1875. He attended the Woodland street school, Dalzell's private school for two years, and then engaged in business as a bookkeeper for his father's firm, Norcross Brothers. After two years in the office, he became associated with his brother in the firm of Norcross & Cleveland and learned the trade of carpenter. In 1901 he purchased a small farm just over the line in Millbury and built a handsome residence, following farming and making a specialty of the poultry business. In January, 1905, he formed the firm of Norcross & Shiland, to deal in automobiles, at No. 214 Summer street. Mr. Norcross was president of the corporation when the business was incorporated, Mr. Shiland retired after six months. In February, 1906, the business was removed to more commodious quarters at the corner of Foster and Commercial streets and the name of the corporation changed to its present form, the Norcross Automobile Company. This concern has the agency of the Packard, Peerless, Autocar and other makes of automobiles. Mr. Norcross resides at Fairlawn. In politics he is a Republican. He is a member of the South Unitarian Church, of Worcester Grange, No. 22, Patrons of Husbandry, the Worcester Automobile Club, charter member of the Wellington Rifles, Second Regiment, enlisting May 2, 1894, and serving three years.

Mr. Norcross married, December 16, 1896, Maud Marie Smith, born July 13, 1877, daughter of Marcus M. and Ann Elizabeth (Butterfield) Smith, of Keene, New Hampshire.

ORLANDO W. NORCROSS, Contractor and builder, president of the Norcross Brothers Company, was born at Clinton, Maine, October 25, 1839, son of Jesse S. and Margaret Ann (Whitney) Norcross. The death of his father when he was a lad left him largely dependent on his own exertions and his schooling was cut short. He learned the trade of carpenter and worked as a journeyman before the Civil War. He enlisted, July 5, 1861, from Salem in the Fourteenth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, afterward the First Regiment Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, as artificer and took part in the many engagements of his command in the Army of the Potomac. He was discharged at the expiration of his three year term of enlistment, July 8, 1864. On joining the Army of the Potomac, the twenty-four artificers of the regiment joined the pioneer corps of the brigade and remained there during the following campaigns. He counts the destruction of the bridge over the North Anna river in June, 1864, under the fire of the Confederates as his most noteworthy service, saying "I never expected to get out alive." Each man was a veritable Horatius at the bridge.

Upon his return from the front in 1864 he formed a partnership with his brother, James A. Norcross, under the name of Norcross Brothers, and began business as a builder and contractor in Swampscott. He had charge of the building, his brother of the office and finances. In 1866 the firm had the contract to erect the Congregational church at Leicester and from that time the brothers prospered. Their place of business was removed to Worcester. In 1868-70 they built the Crompton block on Mechanic

street; the First Universalist Church, and what was formerly the Classical High School, now part of the High School of Commerce in Worcester; All Saints' Church was built later. The firm built the Hampden County Court House at Springfield in 1872; the Woburn Library, 1877; the Ames Library at North Easton; the North Easton Town Hall; Crane Memorial Library at Quincy; Albany City Hall; Alleghany County Court House and Jail, Pittsburgh; Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce building; Howard Memorial Library at New Orleans in 1887; Malden Library in 1885; Union League Club-house, New York, 1879; Boston Art Club, 1881; Algonquin Club House, Boston, in 1886; building for the Union Theological Seminary, New York, 1883; Brownlow Hall at Wellesley College, 1883; Kellogg Terrace at Great Barrington; the Latin High School, Boston; Harvard College Gymnasium; Sever Hall, Harvard University; buildings for Vermont University; school building at Lawrenceville, New Jersey; B. C. M. Durfee High School building, Fall River; Crouse Memorial College, Syracuse, New York; Memorial building at Yale University.

They also built the Cheney Block, Hartford, Connecticut; Ames Warehouse, Boston; Turner building, St. Louis, Missouri; Marshall Field building, Chicago; New York Life Insurance Company building, New York City; Burnside building, Worcester; Lionberger building, St. Louis; Fiske building, Boston; State Street Exchange building, Boston; Ames Store building, Boston. Among the churches built by the firm were the Congregational church at South Adams; the First Universalist Church, Worcester; Trinity Church, Boston; Norwich Congregational Church; South Congregational Church, Springfield; All Saints', Worcester; Trinity Parsonage, Boston; Winthrop Congregational Church, Holbrook; Grace Church, New Bedford; Presbyterian church, Albany, New York; First Spiritual Temple of Boston; St. James Protestant Episcopal Church, New York; Newton Baptist Church, Holy Trinity Church, New York. The firm built the station of the Boston & Albany Railroad at South Framingham in 1885; that at Springfield in 1888; at Hartford in 1888; the Ames Memorial Monument at Sherman, Wyoming, at the highest elevation of the Rocky Mountains crossed by the Union Pacific Railroad.

For many of these large public buildings the stone was taken from the quarries of the firm at Longmeadow and Milford. The woodwork and builder's finish were made in the shops of the firm on East Worcester street. In the early years of the firm, many of their contracts were executed from plans of the late H. H. Richardson, one of the leading American architects of his day. The list of even the larger contracts of Norcross Brothers, and of the corporation, Norcross Brothers Company, would be too lengthy for this work. Year by year the number and value of their contracts increased. Their work is to be seen in almost every large city in the country. Not only public buildings but elegant and costly private residences were built by the firm and company.

In 1897 James A. Norcross retired and the younger brother continued alone under the firm name until 1902 when the business was incorporated. Since then he has been president of the Norcross Brothers Company. The company remodelled the White House, Washington, 1902-03; erected the New York Public Library, Astor, Lenox, and Tilden foundations, 1903-07; built the new buildings of the Harvard Medical School, 1903-06. It had the contract for the removal by submarine excavation of Henderson's Point at Kittery, Maine, navy yard, providing forty-five feet of water in the channel where previously the rocks extended ten feet above the water. The Norcross Brothers Company constructed by pneumatic caisson the foundations for the New York Custom House, when the tower was added, concrete piers being carried down to bed rock of ancient glacial river bed, one hundred feet below the grade, 1910-11. Another notable contract of recent years was that for the Marshall Field Museum, Chicago. Mr. Norcross was a member of the commission to investigate and report on the condition of the Chicago Custom House and post office, appointed by Secretary of the Treasury Bristow in 1875.

Mr. Norcross is noted for his public spirit and his keen interest in municipal affairs. In politics he is a Republican. Mr. Norcross is a trustee of Clark University, director of the State Mutual Life Assurance Company, Worcester.

Mr. Norcross married, May 27, 1870, Ellen P. Sibley, of Salem, Massachusetts. Children: 1. Walter Abbot, born April 9, 1871, died October 21, 1871. 2. Alice Whitney, born March 22, 1872; married Henry J. Gross, October 19, 1897. 3. Mabel Ellen, born July 20, 1874; married William J. Denholm, April 10, 1898. 4. Edith Janet, born October 8, 1878; married Charles F. Morgan, October 5, 1905. 5. James Orlando, born March 5, 1882, died July 28, 1882.

DAVID MANNING, Judge, well-known attorney and man-of-affairs of Worcester, Massachusetts, where he had been identified with the community's life since his youth, was born August 29, 1846, at Paxton, Massachusetts, a son of David Manning,

Sr., a successful shoe manufacturer and business man of that town and a member of the well-known Freedom Club during the War of the Rebellion.

The elementary education of David Manning, Jr., was obtained at the public schools of his birthplace and it was at the Worcester High School that he was prepared for college, having graduated therefrom in 1865. He then matriculated at Yale College, from which he graduated with the class of 1869 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, after having established for himself an unusually fine record for good scholarship. He had in the meantime decided upon the law as his profession and accordingly, upon his graduation, entered the Harvard Law School, where he studied his chosen subject as he did also in the offices of Rice & Blackmer, well-known attorneys of Worcester. He was admitted to the bar in this city in the year 1872 and immediately began his most successful practice here, distinguishing himself highly in his profession. He was also very active in public affairs and was affiliated with the Republican party, of which he was the successful candidate for the Massachusetts State Senate in 1901. He was re-elected to this body upon the completion of his first term and served here altogether two terms. Mr. Manning had already been a member of the Lower House of the State Legislature and was most active in both Assembly and Senate in urging reform legislation for the State. In the Senate he was a member of the judiciary and other committees and was active in drafting special legislation. He was an unusually eloquent and forceful speaker and was recognized as one of the leaders of the Senate during the terms which he served there. Mr. Manning was a distinguished member of the Massachusetts Bar Association, and was always active in doing what he could to subserve the general welfare of his profession in the State. He was a conspicuous figure in social circles in Worcester and was affiliated with the local lodge of the Improved Order of Red Men. He was elected judge of the Central District Court and his record on the bench was not less noteworthy than that before the bar. In his religious belief Mr. Manning was a member of the Church of Unity and was active in the work thereof, serving as chairman of the parish committee for a number of years.

Judge Manning was united in marriage, July 16, 1878, at Worcester, with Lizzie E. Bigelow, a daughter of Alexander and Adeline (Stockwell) Bigelow, old and highly respected residents of this city, where Mr. Bigelow was engaged extensively in the manufacture of woolen goods and was the head of the Hopeville Manufacturing Company here. One child was born to Judge and Mrs. Manning, Alexander B., born November 9, 1879, who was educated at the Worcester High School, and now resides in the old Manning home on Woodland street, Worcester, Massachusetts. The death of Mrs. Manning occurred April 8, 1908, at Washington, D. C.

David Manning, whose death occurred on January 5, 1905, at his home on Woodland street, Worcester, was a man of many virtues and talents. The basic virtue of honesty, strong common sense and an invincible will, the latter tempered by unusual tact and judgment, were the basis of Mr. Manning's character, and incidentally of his marked success in life. Men felt instinctively that he was a strong man, a man upon whom they could lean in time of difficulty, and therefore the more willingly followed his lead in those things wherein they might be associated with him. They felt also the charm of a warm heart and charitable nature, with the result that few men in the community could boast of so large a following of devoted personal friends, or exercised a greater influence in that most direct of ways, the effect of character upon character, of personality upon personality in the common relations of daily life. Of the most versatile talent and the broadest tastes, he was, nevertheless, able to concentrate with the utmost singleness of mind on whatever he set before him as an objective, thus proving himself to have inherited the characteristic New England virtues of his ancestors. Another virtue, doubtless derived from these same ancestors, was the strong love of his home, a domestic instinct that found its expression in his desire to spend his time by his own hearthstone, in the intimate intercourse of family life. A devoted and affectionate husband and father, Mr. Manning's conduct in these close relations was not less exemplary than that in public life.

GEORGE WASHINGTON REID, Osteopath, was born at Spillertown, Williams-town county, Illinois, February 22, 1880. His father, William Michael Reid, was born in Kentucky, and died in the spring of 1917, in Marion, Illinois, at the age of eighty-one years; he was a farmer throughout his long life; served in the Civil War; married Bethany Jane Spiller, of Spillertown, which was named for her family, who were pioneers in that section a century or more ago. She is now living at Marion, aged seventy-four years. William M. and Bethany Jane Reid had ten children, of whom eight are living, viz: Zula, who married Judge W. F. Slater, of Marion; William Edward, married Anna Goodall Barton, of Marion; Carrie, twin of William E., married Chester I. Pease, of Glasgow, Montana; Charles Clifton, married Laura Argyll, re-

sides at Denver, Colorado; James Franklin, married Gertrude Dibble, resides in Warren, Ohio; John Monroe lives at Anchorage, Alaska; George Washington, mentioned above; Gertrude, died in infancy; Ella, married Dr. Edgar Austin, of Benton, Illinois; Nellie, deceased, twin of Ella.

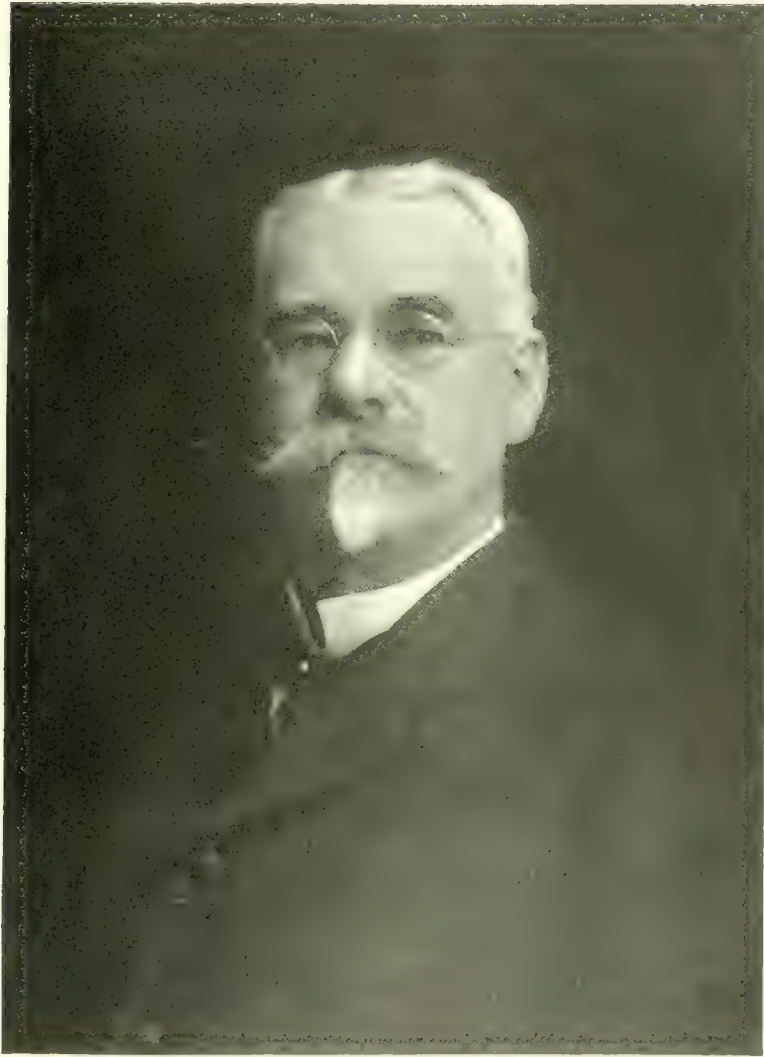
Dr. George W. Reid attended the public schools in his native town and the high school at Marion, Illinois. He entered Hiram College, Hiram, Ohio, and completed the preparatory course. He then began the study of Osteopathy and became a student in the parent college, the American Institute of Osteopathy at Kirksville, Missouri, graduating in 1901 with the degree of D. O. He began to practice Osteopathy in 1901 at Warren, Ohio, but came to this city two years later and has been located here since that time. His offices are at Nos. 411 to 415 in the Slater building. He is one of the most prominent of this school of medicine in this section of the State. For a number of years he has been a member of the faculty of the Massachusetts College of Osteopathy at Cambridge, Massachusetts, and is editor and manager of the "Herald of Osteopathy," a monthly periodical for the laity, published at Kirksville, Missouri. This journal has a large circulation in all parts of the country and is growing rapidly. He is also editor of "Osteopathic Truth," a monthly magazine for the Osteopathic profession, published also at Kirksville. He is a member of the American Osteopathic Association, the Massachusetts Osteopathic Society, the New England Osteopathic Society, the Boston Osteopathic Society, and the New York Osteopathic Society. He has devoted himself almost exclusively to his practice. He is a member of Morning Star Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Stella Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star, and Ridgely Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. In the First Church of Christ of this city he has been an active member for many years, and is now a teacher of the Girls' Bible class. Dr. Reid's home is at No. 42 Beeching street. He has a summer residence on an island in Webster Lake, known as Strip Island, and takes his recreation there mainly in his motor boats. In politics he is a Progressive-Republican.

Dr. Reid married in this city, September 14, 1905, Eva Mae Greene, who was born in Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, daughter of Wellington S. and Elizabeth (Whittemore) Greene. Her parents reside at No. 2 Flagg street in this city. Dr. and Mrs. Reid have two children: Ruth Elizabeth, born February 18, 1909; Jane Louise, born January 31, 1911.

HENRY BRANNON, Manufacturer of builder's finish, was born March 7, 1850, in Nottingham, England, son of John and Margaret E. Brannon.

He came to America with his parents the year he was born and the family settled in Princeton, where Henry Brannon received his early education. At the early age of sixteen he went to work to assist his father in liquidating a mortgaged indebtedness on their farm. His first employment was at the Crompton & Knowles Loom works, then the Crompton Loom Works, in Worcester, where he remained for five years. He then worked for some years in Taylor & Farley's organ factory in this city. In 1874, having acquired a little money by dint of hard and energetic labor, he purchased the turning and cabinet shop of John Goodell, in Worcester, and has been proprietor of that shop ever since. Mr. Brannon has developed a business of considerable proportions, one of the first in its particular line. His product includes all descriptions of doors, sash and blind work, door and window screens, and fine house finishing wood work. A specialty for which his factory is widely famed is artistic bank, office, store and other fine hardwood cabinet work, made to order, and after special designs. The establishment is equipped with the most modern machinery and employs twenty-five operatives throughout the year. His place of business is now located at No. 37 North Foster street, and is carried on under the name of Henry Brannon & Sons, his two sons, Henry G. and Roger W., being in business with him.

Mr. Brannon is actively identified with various institutions of a semi-public nature, and which largely enter into the life of the community. He is a member of the directorate of the Worcester Co-operative Banks, being a director of the Equity Co-operative; the Home Co-operative; and the Worcester Co-operative, and is also president of the latter. He has served as a trustee of the City Hospital, a trustee of the Mechanics' Association, and a director and treasurer of the Young Men's Christian Association. Political honors have been bestowed upon him, and he has served with tact, judgment, and efficiency for four terms as a member of the Board of Aldermen from the fifth ward, and in his last term honorably filled the position of president of the board, the most important in the gift of the citizens next to that of mayor. He served in the Old State Guard, with the rank of orderly sergeant, and is an honorary member of the Worcester City Guards, in which he served four years. He is a member of the Union Congregational Church of Worcester, has been treasurer of the church and parish and on the standing committee of the church for many years. He is a member of the Congregational Club, Worcester Society of Antiquity, Chamber of



Henry Brannon

Commerce, and Home Market Club of Boston. In Masonry he is a Knights Templar, and a trustee of the permanent fund of the Commandery; also a trustee of the Masonic fraternity, and president of the Masonic Charity and Educational Society. In politics he is an unswerving Republican. He is deeply interested in all things effecting the community and has rendered efficient aid in behalf of municipal improvements as well as religious, educational and benevolent institutions.

Mr. Brannon is a man of sterling business integrity. His word is as good as his bond. The popularity of Mr. Brannon among his fellow-citizens was demonstrated some time ago, when he had a unanimous request from the prominent Republicans of his ward to be their nominee for the position of representative to the Legislature. His probity of character, companionable disposition, and genius as a master workman have all tended to place him in an enviable position among his fellow-citizens. He has taken his own full share in the duties of a public-spirited citizen, and all the interests that have engaged his attention, included in the organizations already mentioned, particularly has he rendered invaluable service to the church in which he is an honored member and also in the Young Men's Christian Association, in which organization he has received signal honors and done yeoman service for the young men of the city.

Mr. Brannon married, February 14, 1878, Gertrude Goddard, oldest daughter of Dorrance S. Goddard, who for many years was connected with the wire industry of Worcester, and whose sketch appears elsewhere. Their children were: 1. Alice M., a graduate of the Classical High School, and of Smith College, now engaged in teaching. 2. Mildred I., a graduate of the School of Domestic Science of Boston; married Frank S. Calhoun, of Bridgeport, Connecticut, and they have three children: Gertrude Eleanor, David Brannon and Francis Goddard Calhoun. 3. Olive Gertrude, born February 4, 1883; graduated from the Classical Hill School, 1902, and from the American School of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Missouri, 1919. She married, June 7, 1907, George Harry Williams, who was born in Williamsville, Massachusetts, died in Barre, Massachusetts, August, 1915, aged thirty-seven years. He was a salesman for the American Steel & Wire Company. They were the parents of two children: Harold Goddard, born April 1, 1908; Carolyn Murdock, born March 11, 1912. 4. Henry G., a graduate of the High School, and associated in business with his father; he is a member of the State Guards; he married Doris Harding, and they have two children: Henry G., Jr., and Richard Harding Brannon. 5. Roger W., associated with his father in business, and during the World War served in the Naval Reserve Forces, being stationed at Newport, Rhode Island. 6. Dorothy W., married Russell A. Lovell, of this city, and they have one son, Russell A. Lovell, Jr. 7. Edna L., a graduate of the Classical High School, at home. 8. Marion Louise, died in infancy. 9. Edith Marion, died in infancy.

John Brannon, father of Henry Brannon, was a trunk maker in the city of Nottingham, England, where Henry Brannon was born. He came to the United States in the year in which his son was born, 1850, and the following year his wife and child joined him and they settled in Princeton. In 1857, he bought a farm there and was engaged in its cultivation for the remainder of his life. He was a Republican in politics, and his first vote after his naturalization was cast for Abraham Lincoln, at the first election of that immortal man. Mrs. Brannon died in 1892, and her husband five years afterwards, in 1897. They had ten children, of whom two died in infancy, the other children being: Henry (see biography), Margaret E., James H., William E., Katie M., died aged eleven years, Charles F., Sarah B., and A. Gertrude.

CLARENCE EDGAR TUPPER, Lawyer, was born in Oakland, Maine, July 1, 1871, son of Sanford Jack and Alice L. (Emerson) Tupper. His father was a grocer during his active business career, and is now living in Waterville, Maine, retired. He was for a number of years superintendent of the Standard Oil Company at Waterville. He was active in town affairs and from time to time held various offices of trust and responsibility in that city. Mrs. Tupper was born in Bathurst, New Brunswick. Mr. and Mrs. Tupper had three other children: Alton F., also a lawyer, now practicing in Boston; Ethel L., who married Professor Maxim of the Felton School, Boston, and Jessie A., now of Boston.

The family is descended from Thomas Tupper, who was born in England in 1578 and came to Lynn, Massachusetts, with his son, Thomas, who was a proprietor of that town in 1637. The progenitor died March 28, 1676, aged ninety-seven years, one month (ninety-eighth year, second month) and his widow, Anne, died June 4, 1676, in her ninetieth year. The family has lived mainly in Maine and Nova Scotia until the past few generations.

Clarence Edgar Tupper attended the public schools of his native town and graduated from the Oakland High School in 1888. He began to read law in the office of

Seiders & Allen, associated with Thomas B. Reed, one of the greatest lawyers the country has ever had, the famous speaker of the House of Representatives, and at one time one of the leading candidates for the Republican nomination for president. The firm name at that time was Reed, Seiders & Allen. During this time he fitted for college, took advance work and finished his course at Colby College in 1894; then he entered the law school of the Boston University in the fall of 1895 and graduated in 1896, receiving his degree of Bachelor of Laws. While he was a student at college he studied law in the office of E. W. Webb, general counsel for the Maine Central Railroad, and continued his studies with him after his college course in Waterville, after which he was admitted to the Maine bar in May, 1895, at Skowhegan, Somerset county. After practicing law at Waterville for a short time, Mr. Tupper went to Fitchburg in this county and practiced there until 1906, when he came to this city and since 1906 he has been in active practice here. He is now constantly employed in the trial of cases, legislative work and public hearings. The largest verdict ever awarded in the Superior Court was won by Mr. Tupper at Fitchburg in November, 1914, in the case of Perley R. Eaton vs. six fire insurance companies, \$38,150, a sum ten times that awarded by an auditor who heard the case originally. The verdict was sustained by the Supreme Court, June 6, 1917. The suit was for insurance on lumber and timber destroyed by fire and the most bitterly contested case ever tried in that court. Mr. Tupper is a natural orator, and possessing a strong voice and effective manner, is in popular demand as a speaker at public gatherings. He is a student of history, his extensive knowledge on that subject enabling him to make graphic illustrations as an impromptu speaker.

Mr. Tupper is a Republican and has taken an active part in politics. In 1897 he was a candidate for the State Legislature. He is a member of Ridgely Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Cherokee Tribe, Improved Order of Red Men, of this city; the Worcester Economic Club, Men's Union of Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church, of which he is a communicant, and a life member of the Worcester Horticultural Society.

Mr. Tupper married at Portland, October 8, 1896, Ella G. Webster, who was born in that city, a daughter of John L. S. and Estella F. (Sherwood) Webster. For several years prior to her marriage, Mrs. Tupper was a teacher in the public schools of Portland, Maine. Her father was a wholesale fish dealer, who died soon after the Civil War from injuries received in the service. Her mother is living with Mr. and Mrs. Tupper. They have had two children: Sherwood Emerson, who died in infancy, and Eleanor, born May 21, 1904.

GEORGE EDWIN ADAMS, Physician and surgeon, was born in Lawrence, September 1, 1857, son of Charles Edwin and Sophia Atwood (Perry) Adams, of Lawrence. His parents moved to Lowell, when he was very young, and he attended the public schools there, graduating from the Lowell High School in the class of 1876. He entered Harvard Medical School, from which he was graduated in 1880 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, and in the month of June of that year opened an office in this city. He has been in general practice here since that time, a period of nearly forty years. His offices were at No. 974 Main street for twenty-four years, until June 1, 1918, when he removed to the Park building. He resides at No. 220 Stafford street in this city. He has also a farm of one hundred and forty acres, partly in this city and partly in Leicester, and he finds profit as well as pleasure in conducting this place, in raising fruits and vegetables and in his stock. He is a member of the Worcester District Medical Society, the Massachusetts Medical Society, and the American Medical Association. In politics he is a Republican; in religion an Episcopalian, a member of St. Mark's Church.

Dr. Adams married, at Millbury, in 1886, Fannie E. Farnsworth, daughter of Simon and Cynthia E. (Baker) Farnsworth. Both her father and mother were descended from the original pioneers of the Massachusetts colony. Her father was for many years postmaster of Millbury. Both parents are deceased. Dr. and Mrs. Adams have two children: 1. Harold Farnsworth, born in this city, June 11, 1887; a draughtsman by profession, now (1918) in the United States service in France. 2. Miriam Osgood, born September 28, 1888; a student of music, both vocal and instrumental.

Charles Edwin Adams, father of Dr. Adams, was born at Farmington, Maine, in 1832, and died in April, 1880, near Farmington. For many years he was a manufacturer of leather belting and other supplies for mills, his place of business being at Lowell. He married Sophia Atwood Perry, born 1840, died August 11, 1878. She was of the same family to which Commodore Perry belonged and in various lines descended from the original English settlers of New England. The Adams family was originally in what is now the city of New Bedford and they too were of pioneer stock. Dr. Adams traces his ancestry to a large number of the first settlers of Massachusetts.



John E. Lee

FRANKLIN DAY KEITH. Active manager of the John E. Day Estate, was born in Webster, Massachusetts, December 26, 1875, son of George Franklin and Emma Augusta (Day) Keith.

He received his education in the public and high schools of his native town. At the age of nineteen he came to Worcester and entered the Worcester Academy, and subsequently the office of his uncle, John E. Day, who was engaged in large real estate enterprises in addition to an extensive law practice. Gradually Mr. Keith took over a share of the management of the Day building and other office buildings erected and owned by his employer. Since the death of Mr. Day in 1907 Mr. Keith has had charge of the property, as active manager for the Day Trust under the will of John E. Day. His office is in the Day building, No. 250. In politics Mr. Keith is a Republican. He is a member of the Tatnuck Country Club, the Worcester Chamber of Commerce, and of Union Congregational Church, in which he has held various offices. Mr. Keith is fond of music and takes recreation in automobiling and fishing.

Mr. Keith married, June 8, 1904, in Washington, D. C., Augusta Winifred Prentiss, a daughter of Charles G. and Sarah Elizabeth (Arnold) Prentiss, both now deceased, residents of Washington at that time. Mr. and Mrs. Keith reside at No. 187 Pleasant street. They have one child, Barker Day, born in this city, August 8, 1907.

George Franklin Keith, father of Franklin Day Keith, was born in Raynham, Massachusetts, September 20, 1841, died in Worcester, October 11, 1916. During most of his active life he resided in Webster, Massachusetts. He served in the Civil War and was discharged on account of wounds received in action while in the service at Newbern, North Carolina. He was in Company G, Fifty-first Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry. He was a singer and a member of the Grand Army quartette of Webster, singing from time to time in various church choirs. He married Emma Augusta Day, sister of John E. Day, of this city. She was born in Killingly, Connecticut, July 14, 1845, died in Webster, December 6, 1894. Franklin Day Keith was their only child.

Parmenus Keith, father of George Franklin Keith, was born in North Raynham, Massachusetts, January 25, 1810, died in Webster, February 16, 1886. He was employed for many years in the Slater Mills, Webster; was a member of the Slater Guards of that town; married at Dudley, February 2, 1832, Julietta Sly, who was born there April 7, 1804.

Marcus Keith, father of Parmenus Keith, was a native of Raynham, Massachusetts, as was also his wife, Susanna. He was a descendant of Rev. James Keith, the first minister of Bridgewater, Massachusetts, born in Scotland in 1643, died in Bridgewater, Massachusetts, July 23, 1719. Rev. James Keith was educated in Aberdeen, Scotland, and came to this country in 1662; was ordained in 1664; married Susannah Edson, daughter of Deacon Samuel Edson. In various other lines of ancestry Mr. Keith is descended from the pioneers of New England.

JOHN E. DAY, Lawyer and real estate owner, the son of Augustus Eddy and Lucy Ann (Short) Day, was born at South Killingly, Connecticut, March 26, 1851, and died in this city, November 12, 1907.

He attended the public schools of his native town and of Webster, Massachusetts, and prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Massachusetts. He then entered Amherst College, from which he graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, in the class of 1871. In the autumn of that year he was chosen principal of the Westboro High School and continued in that position until 1874, when he was elected superintendent of the Westboro schools. At the end of the year he became a student in the Boston University Law School, from which he graduated in 1876, having previously begun the study of law in the office of Hon. George Frisbee Hoar. Soon after graduation he was admitted to the bar of Suffolk county. He immediately opened a law office in Worcester, in the old postoffice building on Pearl street. He made a specialty of real estate law, and early in his career came to be recognized as an authority on the subject and an expert judge of values. He also had an extensive practice in the Probate Court, being trustee of many estates. Gradually he came to devote practically all of his time to real estate, in which he invested largely and wisely. He built a number of large business blocks, in most cases being his own architect and builder. When the State Mutual building was to be erected, his keen instinct, together with his ability to judge real estate values, prompted him to buy from the Brinley Estate and the other owners the present site which was finally selected. He built the Day building, one of the largest office buildings in the city, which extends from Sudbury to Walnut street, with the exception of the Worcester Five Cent Savings Bank building on the corner of Walnut street. He was also the owner of the adjoining property on Main street, the Flagg and Higgins buildings, and in the rear of these, three spacious buildings now W.—II—41.

used for manufacturing purposes. He was also the owner of considerable business property throughout the city, including the building at the corner of Chandler and Main streets and the large block at the junction of Foster and Summer streets. All of this property under the terms of Mr. Day's will was placed in trust for the benefit of his wife and children with the Worcester Bank and Trust Company as trustee.

Mr. Day enjoyed the confidence of every one with whom he ever dealt whether in small or large matters. He was also keenly interested in the welfare of the city and assisted many a business through difficulties in its days of weakness. His contribution to the prosperity and growth of the city can never be accurately measured, for he worked ceaselessly although in a quiet way. In politics he was a steadfast Republican, and his influence was often used to induce men of high standing and importance to consent to become candidates for municipal office, yet in no sense was he a politician. He had neither time nor inclination to serve in public office, though often urged to become a candidate. In church matters he was earnest and active from early manhood and later became one of the most influential members of the Union Congregational Church. He was chairman of the special building committee and a liberal contributor to the building fund when the present edifice was erected. He afterwards served for many years in important offices in the church and society. He contributed generously to the building fund of the Young Men's Christian Association, and gave to many of the leading charities and beneficent institutions of the city. He was a member of the Congregational Club, the Tatnuck Country Club, the Amherst Club of Worcester, and the Worcester Bar Association.

Mr. Day married, December 7, 1876, Abbie Frances Fay, daughter of Hamilton Baxter and Hannah (Fairbanks) Fay, of this city. To Mr. and Mrs. Day were born six children, namely: 1. Edith Hamilton, who died at the age of three years. 2. Edna Frances, a graduate of Smith College, class of 1905; married, in 1910, Professor George H. Blakeslee, of Clark University, department of history; Professor and Mrs. Blakeslee have three children: George Day, Frances Hubbard and Edith Augusta Blakeslee. 3. Alice Fairbanks, a graduate of Smith College, class of 1910. 4. Lucia Abbie, a graduate of Dana Hall, Wellesley, class of 1910. 5. John Augustus, who attended Bancroft School and studied with tutors, travelling a year abroad, is a student of law and one of the managers of the Day Trust. 6. Mildred Whitney, a graduate of Rosemary Hall, Greenwich, Connecticut, class of 1915, now a student at Smith College, class of 1919. Mr. Day was descended from the pioneers of New England. The Day family line is: John Eddy (VIII), Augustus Eddy (VII), John Hancock (VI), Colonel Jonathan (V), Jonathan (IV), Ralph (III), Ralph (II), and Ralph (I). The immigrant ancestor, Ralph Day, was born in England, and coming to this country settled in Dedham. In 1647 he married Susan Fairbanks, daughter of Jonathan Fairbanks, who built the noted "Old Fairbanks House" still standing in Dedham, and to them both Mr. and Mrs. Day trace their descent.

WILLIAM H. WENZ, President of the American Publicity Company, was born in Passaic, New Jersey, and attended the public schools there and in Boston, where he went to live when ten years old. At the age of fourteen he began to learn the painter's and decorator's trade, and at the age of twenty he engaged in the business of sign painting in Boston, continuing for three years. He then became a traveling sign painter for advertising concerns, and decorated a large part of this country and Canada with advertising signs. In 1908 he established the business in Worcester, since conducted by him under the name of the American Publicity Company. It was incorporated in 1915, with Mr. Wenz as president. In 1917 the company was reorganized. Mr. Wenz spends much of his time on the road arranging the contracts for his business. He makes a specialty of large electrical and display advertising signs. He is the designer of many unique and artistic signs, especially in the modern electrical styles now in vogue, for customers in all parts of the country. His place of business is at 64 High street. His home is in Shrewsbury, Massachusetts. He is a member of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce; the Rotary Club, and the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Wenz married in February, 1901, Elsa Nustedt, of Boston, and they have one daughter, Erna Carol.

Philip H. Wenz, father of William H. Wenz, was born in 1818, died in 1908; his mother, Rose Theresa Wenz, was born in 1832, and is now living in Salem, Massachusetts. They had seven children: William H., mentioned above; Edward A., now of Dedham, Massachusetts; Fred J., now of Salem, Massachusetts; Philip, of New York City; Anna, living in Passaic, New Jersey; Matilda W., of Passaic, and H. J., of Salem.

CLARENCE JOHN ABBOTT, District manager of the New England Telephone and Telegraph Company, was born in Newtonville, Massachusetts, June 15, 1872, son of John Everett and Sarah (Everett) Abbott.

He attended the public schools and graduated from the Newton High School in 1891. He entered the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, but left during his sophomore year to enter the employ of the Thompson-Houston Company, Lynn, Massachusetts. After completing his training there in the electrical course, he was engaged in installing electric lighting plants in all parts of the country and was sent abroad to assist in the construction of the first electric railway in France, in the city of Havre. Afterward he was with the Mather Electric Company of Boston for a short time, and for a year in the government service as electrician on the training ship "Enterprise," then loaned to the State of Massachusetts, but manned by federal officers. He has been with the Telephone Company since April 1, 1895. For eight years he was stationed in Boston and engaged in installing central offices, switch-boards and apparatus. He was afterward manager of the offices in East Boston, Jamaica Plain, Dorchester and Brookline, successively. Mr. Abbott came to this city as manager of the local office, September 1, 1906. Since August, 1908, he has been district manager here. His district comprises about thirty towns and cities of this county and Middlesex. Mr. Abbott is a member of Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; the Worcester Chamber of Commerce; Commonwealth Club; and the Telephone Employees Association of New England. In politics he is a Republican. He and his family attend Park Congregational Church.

Mr. Abbott married in Allston, Boston, Massachusetts, June 15, 1897, Josephine Eppler, who was born in New York City, daughter of Andrew and Josephine (Martin) Eppler, both of whom were natives of New York. Her mother is now living in Roslindale, Boston. Mr. and Mrs. Abbott reside at No. 19 Franconia street. They have one son, Clarence John, Jr., graduate of the Classical High School, 1918, and a daughter, Josephine, student in the North High School, class of 1919.

John Everett Abbott, father of Clarence John Abbott, descendant of one of the most prominent families of Essex county, Massachusetts (See Abbott Genealogy) and many of the pioneers of the Commonwealth, was born in Barre, Vermont; for many years was in the wholesale clothing business in Boston; his wife, Sarah (Everett) Abbott, was born in England. They had four children: Clarence John, mentioned above; Emma Everett, married Arthur F. Pratt, of Cambridge; Hattie Everett, living at Newtonville; Alice Mabel, married George Martin, of Newtonville.

JOHN WHITAKER, Manufacturer of loom reeds, was born in Lowell, Massachusetts, July 5, 1839, died March 3, 1897. The family moved to Staten Island, New York, when he was very young, and in 1849 his father went to California with the gold-seekers and was never afterward heard from. By trade the father was a silk-printer. At the age of eleven, John Whitaker began to keep books for a coal dealer. Afterward he was sent to Worcester where he attended the public schools. He served an apprenticeship in Brown's Machine Shop, Mechanics street, and followed that trade until he came of age. He then began to manufacture loom reeds, and continued in business to the end of his life. His business has been continued under the corporate name of the Whitaker Reed Company, at 84 Austin street. He was a good business man, keeping in the front rank in his line of business, and acquiring a competence. He was a thirty-second degree Mason; a life member of the Worcester County Mechanics' Association and the Worcester Agricultural Society; trustee and treasurer of Grace Methodist Episcopal Church.

Mr. Whitaker married (first) in 1875, Jeanette E. Waite; (second) January 6, 1890, Mrs. Mary A. Irwin, of Mechanicsburg, near Yazoo City, Mississippi. By his first wife he had one daughter, Nettie S.

HENRY WARD BATES, Insurance, was born at Brookfield, February 13, 1863, son of Dr. Henry Thomson and Charlotte Howe (Bush) Bates. He began his early education in his native town, but soon removed to Norwich, Connecticut, where he went to school for a time. He removed with the family to Worcester, and attended the public and high schools. In 1879 he entered the office of John D. Washburn. He showed an aptitude for the insurance business and has been connected with this firm as clerk, and later partner, ever since. He was admitted to partnership in 1896, and the firm name became John D. Washburn, Willis, Greene & Bates. Upon the death of Mr. Washburn and Mr. Willis, this agency became Greene & Bates, one of the largest as well as one of the oldest in the country.

Mr. Bates attends Central Congregational Church, and has been on its board of assessors for several years, and at present holds an official position. He was treasurer and clerk of the Worcester Board of Trade and Chamber of Commerce for about ten years, president of the Worcester Board of Underwriters several terms, member of the corporation of the Worcester County Institute for Savings, member of the Massachusetts Association of Local Fire Insurance Agents, the Worcester County

Mechanics' Association, and other organizations of the city. In politics he is a Republican. He served four years in the militia and was second sergeant of the Worcester Light Infantry, Company C, Second Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia.

Mr. Bates married, October 15, 1895, Mabel Washburn Jenkins, who was born February 25, 1871, daughter of James E. Jenkins, of Vernon, New York. Children: Rachel, born in Worcester, September 10, 1896; Hester, born in Worcester, June 9, 1900. Mrs. Bates' father was General James E. Jenkins, son of L. Whipple Jenkins, and was born in 1842, in Vernon, New York. His father was one of the ablest lawyers in the State in his day. His father's brother was a congressman for several years. When the war broke out he enlisted and raised a company, of which he was to be captain, but after the company was raised there was a long delay in mustering them in, so the men were scattered. Mr. Jenkins then became first lieutenant of the Oneida Cavalry Company. He was also in the One Hundred and Forty-sixth New York Infantry, known as Fifth Oneida. He was soon made captain and was brevetted for special bravery at the battle of Spottsylvania. After the war he was in business in Worcester. After a short time he returned to New York, but on account of ill health due to exposure, etc., in the army life, he had to retire. In 1887 he was appointed adjutant general of Dakota, and thus became known as general.

FRANK HENRY SLEEPER—GEORGE DOWNING HARTLEY. These gentlemen, respectively president and secretary-treasurer of Sleeper & Hartley, Incorporated, spring from widely-separated families, one owning the Emerald Isle as his birthplace, the other born in the Dominion of Canada. They met on the common ground of self interest under the same flag in Canada, and there joined the personal friendship which has drawn them into such intimate business relations—Mr. Sleeper, the inventor and machine builder, Mr. Hartley, the typographical machine and patent expert and patent attorney. Each won prominence in their own particular field, but combined, they have achieved a wonderful success and served their adopted country well in her recent trial of her military power.

Sleeper & Hartley, Incorporated, is a corporation which took over the business of the partnership of Sleeper & Hartley, which partnership in turn took over in 1913 the business of designing and building special automatic machinery which was inaugurated by Frank H. Sleeper under his own name in October, 1911. The business referred to has shown a remarkable growth, extending practically to every country in the world except those with whom the United States is now at war. The number and variety of high speed automatic machines furnished to the United States Government and to the Allied Governments to assist in the prosecution of the war shows a remarkable list. The arsenals and munition factories of Great Britain, France, Italy, Russia, Canada, Australia, Japan and China have been equipped with high speed spring-making machinery, and it is safe to say that there is scarcely a shell fired on any front today which does not contain springs made on these machines. In addition many new and notable machines have been developed for various purposes, and when the history of the technical aspect of the war comes to be written it will be found that this company has contributed notably to the final victory. One of the special divisions of this corporation's activities was the establishment of a factory entirely devoted to the manufacture of a new type of nail machine of very high speed and great productivity, and practically noiseless in operation. A list of the various classes of standard machines manufactured by this company includes: Spring coiling and winding machines of every description; spring setting, grinding, hooking, and knotting machines; wire straightening and cutting; straightening and bundling; flattening and forming; and coiling machines of every description. Tungsten filament coiling and resistance coil winding machines; flexible shaft coiling machines; casing coilers; metallic tubing coilers; staple, wire nail and double point tack machines; and swagers for screw wire and lock washer outfits. The main plant of the company is located at Worcester, Massachusetts, a Canadian branch being located at Coaticook, Province of Quebec, Mr. Sleeper's birthplace. Many of these machines, if not all, are the invention of Frank H. Sleeper, whom it is safe to say heads Canada's list of mechanical inventors. The company is a member of the National Association of Manufacturers, the Association of Industries of Massachusetts, American Manufacturers' Export Association, and the National Metal Trades Association.

During his active working years he has invented, designed, and built approximately three hundred and seventy-five different machines. The boldness and originality of his conceptions is only equalled by the remarkable perfection of the mechanical details. In very field entered he has produced new types of improved machinery, marking radical advances upon anything previously done. In the early nineties he was a pioneer on the development of electrical apparatus, including continuous current generators and motors with fields wound in series, shunt, and compound. He achieved



F. H. Sleeper

the almost unbelievable in producing a series-wound constant-potential generator. In 1891 he built what was probably the first self-starting, single-phase, alternating current motor made in Canada, and also designed both alternating current generators and motors of an induction type. Other electrical inventions include a great variety of transformers and automatic voltage regulators for three-wire systems and for industrial generators subject to fluctuations of speed. He was the inventor of several lifting jacks, amongst them the jack so well-known under the name of the "Norton Jack." In the field of machine tools he built new types of engine lathes, upright drills, punches and shears, and presses; in the typographical field he invented and built printing presses, paper cutters, etc. The rotary steam engines which he invented and built were remarkable for their high speeds and steam economy; other inventions in this line also include condensers and rotary pumps, but the field in which he will be remembered longest is that of special automatic wire forming machinery. Here his inventions include a very large number of special wire forming machines, wire rolling machinery of many kinds, spring coiling and spring winding machinery, spring setting, spring grinding and spring hooking machinery. It is impossible to enumerate these machines in detail, but mention should be made of the remarkable Flexible Metallic Tube Coiling Machines; the equally remarkable Tungsten Filament Coiling Machines for producing Tungsten filaments of the coiled type used in incandescent lamps, which last machine proved to be the keystone in the nitrogen lamp industry; and a new type of noiseless Nail Machine.

FRANK HENRY SLEEPER was born in Coaticook, Province of Quebec, Canada, November 26, 1862, son of Wright and Philanda (Cole) Sleeper, his father a machine builder and an inventor of note. After graduation from Coaticook Academy, he embraced his father's trade and laid the foundations for his very successful career under the capable instruction of that honored father. At the age of twenty-five he had progressed so far that he started in business as a contracting engineer, a business in which he continued for twenty years, devoting himself largely to special purpose machinery, but also giving his attention to electrical and steam engineering. Until 1907 he confined his business to his native Canada, and there brought out and placed in operation many of the three hundred and seventy-five machines with which he is credited with having invented, designed and built. His reputation as an inventor and builder of special purpose machinery had far outgrown Dominion limits, and in 1907 he received a favorable proposition from the Morgan Spring Company of Worcester, Massachusetts, which he accepted, and that city has since been the scene of his business activities and triumphs. He continued with the Morgan Spring Company as engineer for four years, 1907-11, and in October, 1911, started in business in a small way under his own name. The object was to build the special automatic machinery which he had invented, and for two years he continued alone in his undertaking. Then he was joined by George D. Hartley and the same business continued as a partnership from 1913 until its incorporation as Sleeper & Hartley, Incorporated, Frank D. Sleeper, president, and George D. Hartley, secretary-treasurer. Mr. Sleeper is a member of the Commonwealth and Leicester Country clubs, but his time is given to his business, and he has few outside interests.

Mr. Sleeper married in Coaticook, Canada, December 3, 1883, Lilla Anne Hopkinson, daughter of William Cuell and Clarinda Howard (Smith) Hopkinson. They are the parents of three children: Lotta Frances, born June 11, 1886, married William H. Blount; Ethel May, born January 22, 1892, married Raymond F. Russell; Verna Lilla, born December 3, 1903.

GEORGE DOWNING HARTLEY was born in Tullamore, the capital of Kings county, Ireland, September 2, 1875. He came to Canada in early life, and in Montreal public and professional schools fitted himself for the trade and profession which he has followed with such marked success. He began as mechanical draftsman, passing next to machine designing, and in time became noted as an expert on typographical machines. With his business he took up the study of the law governing patents and inventions, becoming a well-informed patent attorney. He remained in Montreal, Canada, a mechanical expert and patent attorney until 1908, when he came to the United States, locating in New York City, where for four years he continued along the same line of work as in Montreal. In 1913 he joined Frank H. Sleeper in Worcester, Massachusetts, and each fully appreciating the talents and worth of the other they quickly decided upon a plan of operation, and the firm, Sleeper & Hartley, resulted. With the incorporation the partnership ceased, but there is the same friendship and community of interest which has held them for many years. Both are masters of the craft and are authorities.

Mr. Hartley married in Montreal, Canada, Lilian Agnes Rutherford Craig, and

they are the parents of a daughter, Kathleen Elizabeth Morna, born in Montreal, May 4, 1904.

JOHN JOSEPH BROSNAN—When a young man of twenty, John J. Brosnan left his native County Kerry, Ireland, and five years later became a resident of Worcester, Massachusetts, where he is head of the Brosnan Heating Company, No. 64 Green street. He is well-known in the business life of his city, and in the steam fitting trade as the inventor of a valuable boring machine, "Brosnan's Rapid Borer." He is a son of Patrick and Margaret (Sullivan) Brosnan, his father deceased, but his mother yet resides at the old homestead in Ireland. During his lifetime Patrick Brosnan was a farmer of County Kerry, and at the farm all his children were born. Patrick and Margaret (Sullivan) Brosnan were the parents of nine children, seven of whom came to the United States: Delia, married Michael O'Shea, and resides in Worcester; Thomas Michael, who still resides upon the old homestead farm in County Kerry, where his aged mother also resides; John Joseph, of further mention; Maurice, of New York City; Mary, married ——— O'Connell, and resides in Ireland; Patrick, a steam fitter of Worcester, now in the United States Army (1918); Thomas, a meat dealer of Lowell; Cornelius; Margaret, a graduate nurse of Worcester.

John J. Brosnan was born in Dingle, on Dingle Bay, a seaport of County Kerry, Ireland, September 14, 1877, and spent the first twenty years of his life there. He was educated in the Dingle schools, and from youth was his father's farm helper, also was at times employed by other farmers of his neighborhood. In 1897 he came to the United States, settling in Lowell, Massachusetts, where he learned the steam fitter's trade and remained five years. He then came to Worcester, and for ten years was employed as a steam fitter with different contractors of the city. In 1913 he began business for himself by organizing the Brosnan Heating Company, steam and hot water fitting, No. 64 Green street. He has developed a profitable business. He patented Brosnan's Rapid Borer, July 16, 1918, a notable addition to machine shop equipment. He is a member of the Roman Catholic church.

Mr. Brosnan married in St. Ann's Church, Worcester, June 7, 1905, Nora Teresa Mahoney, daughter of Daniel and Ellen (Horan) Mahoney. Mr. and Mrs. Brosnan are the parents of six children: Isabel, born June 2, 1906; John H., March 10, 1908; Leo, July 2, 1911; Paul, October 11, 1913; Walter, June 4, 1916; Joseph H., July 11, 1918.

ALBERT ALDRED RIDYARD, Business man, is a son of Godfrey Aldred Ridyard, born in Manchester, England, who came to the United States at the age of twenty-five years and located in Montreal, Canada. He is now a man of seventy, and after a life of unusual activity is living retired, at Rock City Falls, Saratoga county, New York. He married Sarah MacConnell, born in Shawbridge, Canada, and died in Ottawa, Canada, in 1879, aged twenty-five years. Their only daughter Sarah died in infancy, their only son, Albert Aldred Ridyard, now a practical plumber in business at Worcester, Massachusetts.

Albert Aldred Ridyard was born in Ottawa, Canada, October 16, 1876, but when a babe was brought to the United States by his parents, their first location being at Swanton, Vermont. In 1885 the family moved to Willsboro, Essex county, New York, two miles west of Lake Champlain, and there the lad obtained his education in the public school. His father was a tinsmith, and at the age of sixteen Albert A. drove a team and from his wagon sold tin utensils in several of the New England States. He continued in that business for three years, finally in 1895 locating in Worcester, Massachusetts, and becoming a plumber's apprentice. After becoming master of his trade, Mr. Ridyard established in business under his own name and for many years has successfully conducted a practical plumbing business. He is located at No. 7 Chandler street, and although prosperity has come to him abundantly he gives to his business close personal attention. His reputation for fine plumbing is widespread and he has thoroughly won public favor and esteem. He is connected with the Park Trust Company as an investor, and has large holdings of real estate in the city, principally tenements and store buildings. He conducts his business in the spirit of the "Golden Rule" and has demonstrated that such a course is one that is both practical and profitable. Mr. Ridyard is of a deeply religious nature, and he has long been a leader in Salvation Army work in Worcester. He holds the rank of sergeant major in the army and as a commissioned envoy attends officially, assemblies and meetings.

Mr. Ridyard married, at the Salvation Army Barracks in Worcester, Adjutant Bertha E. Hill, of the army, born in Charleston, Staffordshire, England. From a child Miss Hill had been in Salvation Army work and has held many important offices. In San Francisco, California, she was in charge of a Training School for Girls, selected for that post by Commander Booth Tucker. She had been previously stationed at



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Fall River and Lynn, Massachusetts, Pawtucket, Rhode Island, and Worcester, Massachusetts, her rank in the army at the time of her marriage being that of adjutant. Since her marriage she has continued active in army work as assistant junior sergeant major. Mr. and Mrs. Ridyard are the parents of three daughters and two sons, all born in Worcester and attending the public schools: Ruth M., Myrtle E., Howard A., Mildred E., A. Horace.

EDWARD NAPOLEON LUCIER, Business man, is a son of Joseph Lucier, born in Canada, died in Hopkinton, Massachusetts, in 1900, aged sixty-eight. He was for many years engaged in the wood and coal business in Leominster, Massachusetts, but at the time of his death was living retired from business cares. He married Margaret LaBounty, born in Watertown, Massachusetts, died in Westboro, Massachusetts, August 28, 1912, aged fifty-eight years. Children: Catherine, married J. E. Sampson, of Leominster, Massachusetts; George L., a clerk, residing in Worcester; Mary, married Archer Yarter, of Worcester; Emma, married John A. McCarty; Edward N., of further mention; Fred R., a painter of Worcester; Joseph B., a teamster of Worcester.

Edward N. Lucier, fifth child of Joseph and Margaret (LaBounty) Lucier, was born in Townsend Center, Massachusetts, December 23, 1878, but when very young was taken to Claremont, New Hampshire, by his parents, they later moving to a farm near Acworth in that State. He attended the public schools until twelve years of age, when his parents again moved, Leominster then becoming the family home and there his studies were completed. As a boy he worked in the Leominster Opera House and later he was variously employed, spending three years upon the road. In 1906 he became a member of the firm, Hall & Lucier, electric advertising signs, with plant and offices at No. 64 Southbridge street. The company's line includes advertising novelties and souvenirs of all kinds and places. When a young man Mr. Lucier was a member of the Leominster Base Ball Club, and has always retained a lively interest in that sport. He is a member of the United Commercial Travelers Association, the Kiwanis Club, and St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church. He is highly regarded as business man and citizen, and has a very large circle of friends.

Mr. Lucier married in Boston, Massachusetts, August 28, 1914, Catherine Agnes Duffy, born in Worcester, Massachusetts, December 17, 1883, daughter of John Duffy, deceased.

WILLIAM JOSEPH O'BRIEN, Dentist, was born in this city, August 7, 1888. He attended the public schools at Windsor Locks, Connecticut, and graduated from the high school there; the Villanova Preparatory School at Georgetown, D. C., and the George Washington University, graduating with the degree of D. D. S., in 1916. He began to practice dentistry in this city in June, 1916. He enlisted in the Medical Corps of the Naval Reserves in May, 1918. He is a member of Alhambra Council, Knights of Columbus; of Psi Omega fraternity, of which he is editor; and a member of the Iroquois Club of Windsor Locks. He is a communicant of St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church of Worcester.

John E. O'Brien, father of William J. O'Brien, was born June 15, 1857, at Becket, Massachusetts, and is a farmer in Windsor Locks. He was active in public life; served in the Connecticut State Senate. He married, in Fitchburg, Massachusetts, in 1886, Mary A. Dooley, born in 1861, at Otter River, Massachusetts. They had seven children, all except a brother, Edward J., who is in the Naval Reserves, are at home, and one, John, who died in infancy. The others are: Francis, Mary, Genevieve, Margaret and Eleanor.

Dr. O'Brien stood ready to be called and fully expected to see service in the World War.

REV. OLOF P. PETERSON, Pastor of the First Swedish Evangelical Congregational Church of this city since 1906, was born in Gothland, Sweden, February 10, 1860, son of Gustaf O. and Anna M. (Thonell) Peterson. His father was born in Sweden, March 20, 1832, and died there at the age of eighty-five years; his mother was born there February 3, 1841; she is now living in California.

Mr. Peterson attended the public schools in Sweden, entering the Factory and Trades Institution at the age of eleven years, and finishing the course in cabinet-making in 1879. During his boyhood he worked on his father's farm in summer and attended private and public schools in winter. From 1879 to 1881 he worked at his trade in a cabinet shop in Wisby and Stockholm. He came to this country in 1881, and during the following two years worked at his trade in Bridgeport and New Haven, Connecticut. While in New Haven he started religious work among the Swedes in connection with the Young Men's Christian Association. In 1882 he entered the Baptist Union Theological Seminary at Morgan Park, Illinois, and completed the

three-year course in two years, graduating in 1884. He took a post-graduate course in Bethel Seminary at Stockholm, Sweden, in 1885. Returning to this country he was installed pastor of the church at Moline, Illinois. He resigned in 1890 to become pastor of the church at Brockton, where he preached from April to September; from 1890 to 1905 he was pastor at St. Paul, Minnesota; from 1905 to 1906 at Rockford, Illinois; since then he has been pastor of the First Swedish Evangelical Congregational Church of Worcester. He served in the National Guard at Wisby, Sweden, 1879-80.

Rev. Olof P. Peterson married, at Moline, Illinois, December 9, 1885, Anna A. Kling, who was born at Orebro, Sweden, March 18, 1860, daughter of John O. and Kaim (Larson) Kling. Her father was born in Sweden, died in New York City, August, 1882; her mother was also a native of Sweden, died in 1899. Children: Dr. Hugo O., (see biography); Ruth Amanda; Phyllis Agnes; Florence Angelica; Gordon Frank, sergeant quartermaster Reserve Corps Motor Truck Company, No. 53, United States Army; Gladys Anna Kling, born December 19, 1901, died October 12, 1907.

DR. HUGO OLIVER PETERSON, Graduate in medicine from Harvard Medical School, and since February, 1915, city physician of Worcester, was born in Moline, Illinois, October 14, 1886, the son of the Rev. Olof P. and Anna A. (Kling) Peterson, both natives of Sweden.

Hugo Oliver Peterson received a portion of his primary education in Moline, his native place, and he later attended the Cleveland High School, St. Paul, Minnesota. There he graduated in 1904, after which he proceeded to the University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, where he was an undergraduate for three years, taking the academic course. Then he applied himself exclusively to medical studies, matriculating at the Harvard University Medical School. From that leading medical college he graduated in 1911, gaining the letters M. D., *Cum Laude*. Thus well qualified to enter the practice of medicine, Dr. Peterson decided to open an office for general practice in Worcester. This he did in February, 1912, since which time he has been steadily enhancing his medical standing among the practitioners of Worcester. On February 25, 1915, Dr. Peterson was appointed city physician, and appointment he still holds, though at the outbreak of war between the United States and Germany he volunteered for active service in professional capacity, applying for a commission in the Medical Reserve Corps, United States Army. Dr. Peterson is a popular physician with good prospect of reaching a leading place and an extensive practice in Worcester. He has many outside associations, most of which emphasize his interest in his fellow-townsmen and the community-in-general. He is politically a Republican, fraternally identified with all the Masonic bodies, with the Odd Fellows, the Red Men, and the Knights of Pythias organizations, and socially he holds membership in the Harvard Club of Worcester and the Worcester Economic Club. He is a trustee of Salem Square Congregational Church. Dr. Peterson makes much use of the automobile. He is also an enthusiastic philatelist, and had a good collection of pistols.

Dr. Peterson on May 19, 1915, was married, in Worcester, to Marie E. Dahlstrom. She was born in Sweden, February 11, 1889, the daughter of the Rev. L. J. and Margaret (Johansen) Dahlstrom, the former, like Dr. Peterson's father, also being a Congregational clergyman in this country. The marriage was solemnized at Salem Square Congregational Church, of which both Dr. and Mrs. Peterson are active members. They have one child, Mae Hildegard, who was born February 16, 1916.

JOHN FRANCIS HARRIGAN, Treasurer and manager of Harrigan Press, Inc., printers and publishers, of Worcester, was born in County Louth, Ireland, February 4, 1870, son of Edward and Rose (Byrne) Harrigan. His mother died in Worcester in 1912. Besides his brother, Mr. Harrigan has four sisters, Ellen, who married O. J. Kindelon, of New York; Margaret, who married Henry McQuilliam, of Worcester; Minnie and Annie J., also of this city.

John F. Harrigan received his early education in the Ravensdale national schools in Ireland. He came to New York City, in 1883, when a boy, and was apprenticed to the printer's trade in the office of the "New York Home Journal." Two years later, July 4, 1885, he came to Worcester, and has made his home here since then. He worked as a journeyman at his trade in various printing offices until February 4, 1894, when he engaged in business on his own account as partner in the firm of Harrigan & King. The printing office was first in Franklin square, but was moved shortly afterward to the corner of Southbridge and Myrtle streets. In September, 1897, he bought out his partner and admitted his brother, Benjamin E. Harrigan, to partnership, and the firm name was then changed to Harrigan Brothers. In 1912 it was incorporated and is now known as the Harrigan Press. At first the business was small, but its growth was steady and in the course of time it became one of the largest in New England. The firm now has one of the most extensive plants in the city. While the



Hugo Peterson M.D.

office turns out every sort of job and book printing, the firm has made a specialty of school and college work and includes among its customers the Harvard Dental College, Boston College, Holy Cross, Worcester Polytechnic Institute, Dartmouth, the Emerson School of Oratory, Wellesley, Rosemary, Abbott Academy, and several other colleges. Mr. Harrigan is a third owner and treasurer of the Hart Renting & Power Company, a holding company, owning the buildings at the corner of High and Austin streets, in which the printing plant and office are located, besides other valuable real estate. The building was purchased in 1908. He is a director of the Park Trust Company.

Mr. Harrigan is a member of the American Irish Historical Society; the Alhambra Council, Knights of Columbus; Worcester Lodge of Elks; Ancient Order of Hibernians; Fraternal Order of Eagles; the Washington Club; the Irish Charitable Society of Boston; trustee of St. Vincent Hospital, and communicant of St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church. He is a charter member of McCafferty Court, No. 100, Catholic Order of Foresters, organized in 1804. In 1897 he was elected chief ranger, and in 1906 to the high standing committee, being promoted from year to year until he became high chief ranger, the highest office in the organization of the state. In honor of his election a banquet was tendered to him, July 18, 1909.

Mr. Harrigan married, October 12, 1914, Mary A. C. Roberts, daughter of John and Johanna (O'Connor) Roberts, of Worcester.

BENJAMIN E. HARRIGAN, President of Harrigan Press, Inc., printers, son of Edward and Rose (Bryne) Harrigan, was born in County Louth, Ireland, June 4, 1875. He attended the Ravensdale National Schools in Ireland until he came to this country with his family. Afterward he attended the public schools in Leicester for a year. He followed in the footsteps of his elder brother and learned the printing trade in Worcester offices. In September, 1897, he was admitted to partnership by his brother, who bought out his former partner for the purpose of giving an opportunity to him. Together they have worked in the utmost harmony and most efficiently in building up the extensive business that the firm now enjoys. Mr. Harrigan is president of the corporation, which was formed in 1912, under the name of Harrigan Press, Inc. He is one of the principal owners of the High Street Bowling Alleys. Bowling is one of his principal recreations.

Mr. Harrigan is popular in social and business circles. He is a member of Alhambra Council, Knights of Columbus; the Ancient Order of Hibernians, the Rostrever Club, and Frohsinns. He is a communicant and faithful supporter of St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church.

JAMES MARCUS DRENNAN, Former City Marshal and Chief of Police, was born in Ireland, December 25, 1834, and died in this city, November 6, 1904, son of Martin Drennan. His father was a farmer, settling in Rutland, Massachusetts. He received his education in the Worcester public schools and in Leicester Academy. He then learned the trade of carpenter, and worked as an apprentice and journeyman, and for two years prior to the Civil War was engaged in contracting.

Mr. Drennan enlisted as a private in Company K, Twenty-fifth Massachusetts Regiment of Volunteer Infantry, and rose through the various grades to the rank of lieutenant, and later captain of Company E, of Fitchburg. (See history of this regiment). The regiment was mustered into service October 31, 1861, and took part in nine battles and various other engagements. He was commissioned second lieutenant, October 12, 1861; first lieutenant, August 27, 1862; captain, June 4, 1864, and was mustered out October 20, 1864. After the war he was active in the State militia, and rose to the command of the Tenth Massachusetts, with the rank of colonel.

Soon after his return from the service, he was appointed by Mayor Phineas Ball, in 1865, a deputy marshal, and he held this office during the administrations of Mayor Ball and during the first year of Mayor Blake's administration. In the following year he was made city marshal, as the chief of police was then called, and he served until January, 1872, under Mayors Blake, Chapin and Earle. In 1872 he became a member of the state police force and continued in that office until the time of reorganization of the state police in 1879. In January, 1882, he was again appointed city marshal of Worcester by Mayor Kelley, and in 1882 was reappointed by Mayor Stoddard. Leaving the police force again he was appointed deputy sheriff and held that office under Sheriffs Sprague, Nye and Chamberlain, from 1883 to 1897. Mayor Sprague reappointed Mr. Drennan, chief of police, and he served for three years, 1897-99. From 1900, until he died, he was by appointment of the Justices of the Superior Court, the Probation officer of this county.

Mr. Drennan was perhaps the most popular chief of police in the history of the city. He was tactful and conscientious in the enforcement of the law; considerate of

prisoners, but alert in detecting criminals and keeping crime at the minimum. His military training served to make him enforce good discipline in the police force, and he made every effort to eliminate politics and favoritism in appointments and promotions. He suggested and made many reforms and improvements in the police department, and was the first chief. His military record was highly creditable. He was a brave and efficient officer. He was one of the charter members of the George H. Ward Post, No. 10, Grand Army of the Republic, and a faithful member to the end of his life. Mr. Drennan was a communicant of All Saints' Protestant Episcopal Church. He was the founder of the Lakeview Improvement Society, and its first president. He was generous in his support of church and charity; devoted to his home and family; a man of conspicuous public spirit.

Mr. Drennan married in Boston, October 9, 1856, Sarah E. Leseur, who was born in Hartford, Connecticut, a daughter of Dr. Francis Leseur. Her father came to this city as president of the Mutual Benefit Association, the first mutual benefit life insurance company organized here. His offices were on Foster street, later in the Harrington block, Harrington corner. He died about three years after coming to Worcester; his wife, mother of Mrs. Drennan, was Mary Metcalf. She was a native of Hartford, and her maternal grandmother was Martha Tudor Porter, of Hartford. Mrs. Drennan is descended in all her lines from early settlers and well known Connecticut families. She resides at No. 118 Coburn avenue, this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Drennan had five children: 1. Mary Elizabeth, married Alfred S. Lowell; she died in Rome, Italy, leaving a son and two daughters. 2. Lillian, married Irving E. Bigelow, of this city (see biography). 3. Sarah Porter, married Albert H. Lange, of this city, and has a son and daughter. 4. Ada Barton, married Frederick G. Dews, and has two daughters. 5. Francis Burnside, died at the age of seven years.

GEORGE LEO CHANDLEY. A native son of Worcester, educated in her public schools, and developed in her business institutions, George L. Chandley in turn became one of the supports of Worcester's commercial structure as sole owner and executive head of The Chandley Company, manufacturers of mattresses and pillows, Nos. 274-276 Shrewsbury street, Worcester. This has been his sole business since completing his school years, his beginning being as a clerk, a position from which he advanced to that of manager, then in 1905 becoming head of his own business. This has been accomplished within the limits of a life not yet in its prime through native ability, industry, and close attention to the details of the business in which he had embarked.

George L. Chandley is a son of George Bernard Chandley, born in Leeds, England, who was brought to the United States by his parents when a boy, they locating in Worcester, Massachusetts, where he died January 30, 1901. He early learned the machinist's trade with Rice, Barton & Fales of Worcester. He served in the Union Army with the Thirty-seventh Massachusetts Regiment Volunteer Infantry during the four years of war between the states, 1861-65, enlisting as a private and returning a captain. He was engaged in many of the great battles of the war including Gettysburg and Cold Harbor, was with General Sheridan in the "Valley" and saw the hardest kind of military service. After the war he returned to Worcester, and was employed at his trade with the exception of ten years of active service in the city police force. He married, in Worcester, Mary Theresa Brophy, born in Waltham, died in Worcester, Massachusetts, aged forty-seven years. They were the parents of five children, three of whom are living, all residents of Worcester. Children: A child who died in infancy; Nathaniel Joseph, married Annie Mullaney, and they are the parents of six children: George, Mary, Nathaniel, Jr., Margaret, Anna and John Chandley; Mary Ellen, deceased, who left a son, Walter Chandley Heffern; Gertrude Frances, married Edwin M. Whalen, and has a son, George Chandley Whalen; George Leo, who is of further mention. These children are of the third generation of Chandleys in the United States, their grandfather, Nathaniel Chandley, being the first of his family to cross the seas from Leeds, England, to seek a home in this country. His son, George Bernard, was also English-born, thus the children named constitute the first American-born generation.

George Leo Chandley was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, September 19, 1875. He completed full courses of public school study with graduation from Worcester High School, class of 1893, and at once entered the employ of John, J. Griffin, a mattress manufacturer of Worcester, beginning as a clerk. He continued with Mr. Griffin until the latter's death in 1903, gaining an expert knowledge of mattress manufacture from every angle, having reached a very confidential position in his employer's business. His fitness was recognized by the executors of the Griffin estate, and for two years he was managing head of the business by their appointment. In June, 1905, Mr. Chandley began business as a mattress manufacturer under his own name at Nos.



George L. Chaudley



8-10 Harding street, Worcester. There he continued for three years, moving in 1908 to No. 4 Seward street with offices and salesrooms at Nos. 274-276 Shrewsbury street. He has been very successful in his business, his leading article of manufacture, "The Famous Repose" mattress, with an accompanying line of high-grade pillows.

While wholly devoted to his business, Mr. Chandley is not a "one idea" man, but caters to his social nature by club memberships and by a whole-hearted interest in out-of-door sports of all kinds, particularly golf and baseball, bowling also being one of his favored recreations. He is a fourth degree member of the Knights of Columbus, member of Worcester Rotary Club, Worcester Country Club, Royal Arcanum, the United Commercial Travelers, and the Church of the Blessed Sacrament. In politics he is an independent thinker and voter.

Mr. Chandley married in Worcester, January 24, 1905, Estella Louise Schlenker, born in Worcester, November 17, 1879, daughter of Christian Schlenker, born in Germany, died in Worcester, July 19, 1911, aged seventy-three years, a polisher in the employ of the Harrington, Richardson Arms Company for many years. Mr. and Mrs. Chandley have no children.

CHARLES O'NEILL, Ancestor of the O'Neill family, was born in Ireland about 1723, was a carpenter by trade, married Alice McGee, and six sons and five daughters were born to them, five of whom died in infancy, and among the surviving members were the following: Arthur (see biography); John, born May 24, 1787, was killed at Trafalgar under Nelson, October 21, 1805; James, born in Ireland, May 29, 1789; Charles, Jr. (see biography), and Thomas.

ARTHUR O'NEILL, Son of Charles and Alice (McGee) O'Neill, was born in Dundalk, County Louth, Ireland, October, 1785. This family gave five of its sons, Arthur, James, Charles, John and Thomas, to their country's call, and joined the forces of Wellington, Blucher and Nelson. Arthur O'Neill enlisted in September, 1804, and was assigned to duty under Nelson, upon the seventy-fourth gunship, "Terrible," which proved its name, and he was killed by a cannon ball a few months after enlisting in an engagement which took place near the coast of Holland between his Majesty's fleet and the French naval force. His brother, James, enlisted in May, 1806. He was assigned to the Royal Army of George IV, in the Ninety-sixth Regiment of Foot. After two years and seven months of service, in December, 1808, he was with Sir John Moore on his retreat, and in July, 1809, was killed in the bloody battle of Talavera.

CHARLES O'NEILL, Son of Charles and Alice (McGee) O'Neill, was born June 21, 1793, and died June 16, 1852. At the age of seventeen years he enlisted at Belfast, Ireland, was assigned to the Eighth Regiment of Foot, and after several enlistments completed eight years of service, being honorably discharged at Chelsea, England, in 1818, at which time he was under Colonel McCabe. The horrors of war first presented themselves to this young recruit twelve months after enlistment when, at Gibraltar, he received three hundred lashes for not attending divine services at the Church of England. The Duke of York heard of his treatment, and upon investigation, finding he was a Catholic, immediately issued an order to allow "liberty of conscience" to the soldiers to worship as they saw fit, etc. This was in 1811, and he was confined to the hospital for four months. He saw service during the memorable Peninsular War and the Continental campaigns from 1811 to 1815; the bloody battle of Barossa; the memorable siege of Badajos; and the historic battle of Waterloo, which terminated with the overthrow of the great and mighty Napoleon. In all of the above battles he was an actor, but did not receive a wound until on the field at Waterloo when a ball penetrated his left arm which rendered him practically helpless. Not content to remain idle, he resolved to continue his fighting and had gone but a few hours when a second ball entered his right thigh from which he fell and was compelled to lie in the spot where he fell all that day and night into the next day, or about thirty-six hours altogether, until removed to the hospital at Brussels, where he remained for several months, until the regiment was transported back to England, receiving his discharge as above stated. For twelve years following, Charles O'Neill remained at home in Ireland, and in 1830 he petitioned the government to commute his life pension as he wished to sail for America. This the government allowed and adjusted his pension to a four-year settlement, payable in advance, together with a clear deed for two hundred and eighty acres of land in Upper Canada, which he accepted and then sailed for Quebec, and in turn came to Worcester, Massachusetts, where he died, June 16, 1852.

Prior to leaving Ireland he married Bridget O'Riley, daughter of Thomas and Mary (Collins) O'Riley, and had thirteen children, four of whom died in infancy. The surviving members of the family were: John; Arthur, born February 10, 1831, died about 1892; Charles, born April 12, 1832, died April 7, 1898; Captain Thomas (see biog-

raphy); Mary, born October 10, 1836 (living); Lieutenant James, born April 19, 1838 (living); Annie, born 1840, died June 4, 1875; Ellen, born 1841, died 1844; and Catherine, born August 23, 1843 (living). These children were all born in Worcester.

Of this family, volumes could be written, for it is seldom, if ever, a family gives five sons to its country's cause, and who distinguish themselves as have these five boys. When the War of the Rebellion broke out they immediately responded to the call of President Lincoln for 75,000 troops and enlisted at Worcester. Enlistments, as follows: John, the eldest son, enlisted July, 1861, and was assigned as teamster in Company E, Twenty-fifth Regiment, under his brother, Captain "Tom," and received an honorable discharge at the close of the war; Arthur, second eldest son, enlisted, 1862, as private in Company E, Twenty-fifth Regiment, honorably discharged, 1865; Charles, third son, saw more service than his other brothers, as three years previous to the War of the Rebellion he enlisted in the United States navy, entering the service in the fall of 1857; when the war broke out he enlisted this time in the army with Company F, Nineteenth Infantry, as corporal, in the fall of 1861, and was honorably discharged at the close of the war, 1865; he was twice wounded, but fully recovered.

THOMAS O'NEILL, Captain, was born in Worcester, August 17, 1835, and died June 4, 1864, son of Charles and Bridget (O'Riley) O'Neill. He attended the public schools at Worcester. When a mere boy, possessing all the military ardor of his family, he enlisted with the Jackson guards, an Irish military company of Worcester, remaining in that organization until the disbandment by Governor Gardner, January 9, 1855. In 1861 the Emmet Guards received a charter from the State and Thomas O'Neill attached himself to that organization, was elected second lieutenant, and went to the war as such. He returned after a three months' enlistment and immediately re-enlisted, returning to the field of battle as captain of Company E, Twenty-fifth Regiment. The 30th of October, 1861, was made memorable by a visit to Camp Lincoln by Governor Andrew, accompanied by Colonels Kitchie and John W. Wetherell. In the afternoon His Excellency reviewed the various regiments in the presence of a multitude of people. After the review the governor addressed the battalion saying he had seen all the regiments which the State had sent to the field, but the Twenty-fifth Regiment was the handsomest one he had ever set his eyes upon, and was composed of the noblest-looking body of men he had ever seen assembled in a body.

He was Captain "Tom" O'Neill, of Company E, Twenty-fifth Regiment, and was known the country over for his bravery and daring, also from the immortal words that fell from his lips, which have been quoted and requoted by eminent statesmen time and time again, notably among whom was our own beloved Senator George Frisbie Hoar, who very frequently remarked: "Let the dying words of our brave Captain 'Tom' O'Neill be emblazoned on our flag; teach them to our children; instill them upon the minds of our growing youth, and in the time of need our country can look for the kind of material needed to help it through its difficulties." Captain "Tom" was shot through the abdomen at the bloody battle of Cold Harbor, June 3, 1864, at five A. M., and died the following day, June 4, 1864, at five o'clock. The words of the dying hero were: "Boys! I am dying. Let the Union flag be wrapped around me and place a fold of it under my head. Write to my dear mother, and tell her I die for my country, and I only wish that I had two lives to give." Not a dry eye could be seen in that remnant of the regiment. The flag was produced and the brave and dying hero tenderly kissed it, then, placing it to his bleeding wound consecrated its folds with his life's blood. His dying request was carried out, the flag was wrapped around him, and with blood-stained prayer-book in his hand, and a rosary, scapular, and *agnus dei* around his neck the brave captain awaited the final call of his Maker, a hero in the eyes of his country and a Christian in the eyes of God and man. His body was brought to Worcester, where he was buried with full military honors, June 13, 1864. It was attended by members of the city government, all Irish societies, and a concourse of people. Escort duty was by the state guards. The funeral mass was celebrated at St. John's Catholic Church by the late Bishop P. T. O'Reilly, then pastor of St. John's Church, and obsequies at the cemetery were conducted by the late Rev. John J. Power.

It was during these trying hours that a fond mother, up North, was worrying and weeping for her five sons, who were fighting so bravely in the South for the cause of their country. Unable to stand the strain any longer, Mrs. O'Neill instructed her youngest daughter, Catherine, who was then but twenty-one years of age, to go South and see "my loving boys." Although it was heart-breaking to leave a loving and heart-broken mother, this young girl started on her sad errand, little dreaming of the many obstacles that were to confront her, this being her first trip away from home. Upon her arrival at Washington, she tried hard and unsuccessfully to procure a passport to Fortress Monroe, and was sternly informed that "the office was closed yesterday, and no more passports will be given." After repeated refusals, she determined to

make one last and fervent effort, and going up to the officer in charge, she said "Sir, please listen to my story, and then refuse me if you will." "What is it, my little girl?" She began by saying, "Sir, my mother has given five sons to her country, and one of them is lying at the point of death in that hospital; the fourth was killed at the battle of Cold Harbor, and she (my mother) has sent me here to see him before he dies." The officer was tenderly afflicted by her story, and inquired who she was, and she replied: "I am a sister to Captain "Tom" O'Neill. He was killed three weeks ago at the battle of Cold Harbor, and my other brother—but before she had finished the officer said: "Come with me, and I will give you a "general passport which will take you wherever you want to go." After receiving the passport she still had another obstacle to overcome, as it was difficult to procure a boat, but at last she was successful in getting aboard a collier, and after a long, dreary night of riding was landed at Fortress Monroe the following morning. Upon inquiry at the hospital for her brother, the attendant told her that her brother James had just stepped out and would return soon. This made her happy, but after a half hour's wait the fellow returned, only to inform her that he was James O'Neill from a New York regiment. Keenly disappointed, she then set out to find her brother James and was successful. He was deathly sick and requested her to stay with him until he was well. She did so, remaining three weeks and nursing him. The passport is now tenderly preserved by the surviving members of the family, together with other relics of the memorable conflict. One relic in particular is a sword presented to Captain "Tom" by the citizens of Worcester, and another, a vest pocket prayer book, many leaves of which are besmeared with his life's blood, for during the succeeding twenty-four hours after he received his mortal wound this prayer book, together with other sacred relics, was his constant companion and silent adviser. In life and health his thoughts were of his country as well as his Maker, and in his dying hours when health and strength both failed him, his mind was with his God.

JAMES O'NEILL, Lieutenant, son of Charles and Bridget (O'Riley) O'Neill, was born in Worcester, April 10, 1838. He enlisted, July, 1861, in Company E, Twenty-fifth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers, as corporal under his brother, Captain "Tom" O'Neill, and went from Worcester to Annapolis, leaving that city three months later and going to Roanoke Island, with the Burnside Expedition. He was corporal of the color guard, and during the sickness of the regular color bearer he took the colors and carried them through the fight at Roanoke Island, again at Newbern took the colors through the fight, and was the first man to mount the intrenchment, planting the United States colors on Fort Thompson, the rebel fort, for which distinction he was promoted to regimental color bearer, with rank of sergeant. Continuing to serve his country and his regiment with repeated distinctions his valuable services were very appropriately and speedily recognized, and at Goldsboro, 1863, under Major-General Foster, of the Ninth Corps, he was promoted to lieutenant. Having gone successfully through a number of campaigns, he was yet to meet the worst, the battle of Cold Harbor, the battle in which his brother, Captain Tom, together with thousands of others, lost their lives. Although he never received a wound, he was not without having experience with the horrors of war, and was confined at the Chesapeake Hospital, at Fortress Monroe, while his brother, Captain Tom, lay dead on the field of battle.

After the war was over, James O'Neill established a school for physical culture at Wood's Gymnasium, New York City, which he conducted for two years. He then accepted a position with the New York Racquet and Tennis Club, remaining for nineteen or twenty years. During this period of time he was instructor to a large number of the prominent citizens of New York, including James Gordon Bennett, Herman Oelrichs and members of the Vanderbilt family, all of whom were developed under his supervision. As an athlete in various branches, his fame was known not only in America but in the countries across the water. In 1875, at Troy, New York, on Saratoga Lake, he made a world's record in a single scull, which still holds good, the time being twenty minutes, nineteen and one-half seconds for "dead" water, three miles with a turn. In all of his boat races he was defeated but three times; his winnings include singles, doubles, four-oared and six-oared races. Another world's record of his is the "hand-lift" in dumb bells, lifting 1,325 pounds three inches off the floor, in a match against "Charlie" Foster. Still another feat is that of lifting a dumb bell with one hand, 185 pounds from floor to full length over head, while he himself weighed but 154 pounds.

He married Della Covell, of Saratoga, New York, and had two children, one dying in infancy, and the other Bertha, born in New York City, May 29, 1867. She is a highly accomplished lady; she received a convent and private school education at New York, then went to Italy for four years, taking, with other studies, a complete course in music. She was afterward a dramatic soprano, receiving her musical training from Madam Gillittie, of Milan. She traveled extensively in Europe and North and South America,

having toured these continents with the International Grand Opera Company for several years, bearing the role of star in such important presentations as "Favorita," "Carmen," "Faust," "Bohemian Girl," "Huguenots," "Mignon," "Il Trovatore," etc. She gave up the stage to join her husband who is the owner of Sunset Ranch, one of the largest fruit-growing ranches in California, located at Dinuba, near Fresno, and consists of six hundred and forty acres of land. She too, like her father and her uncles, her grandfather and her granduncles, has seen considerable of the "horrors of war," and is now the possessor of a very costly girdle made from various coins of the Republic of Argentine, South America, which was presented to her by the soldiers of Buenos Ayres, Argentina, South America. The following is the free English translation of the inscription which is written in Spanish on the girdle: "Presented to Mrs. Benito Nichols as a reward for kindness to the soldiers in the time of war. We shall always be under obligation to her and shall always hope for her prosperity and happiness. Buenos Ayres, Argentina, A. A." This reward of merit came as a recognition of her services during the revolution of 1890 in Argentina. At that time she was residing in a modern two-story house, occupying the upper story. In the lower story lived the vice-consul of Belgium. The house faced on a square where the insurrection broke out, and in less than a fortnight over eight hundred soldiers were killed, and more than that number wounded. Grasping the situation at the very start, Mrs. Nichols turned her home into a veritable hospital and tenderly cared for the wounded and dying, bestowing upon each care and devotion, and her services were recognized by the presentation of the above girdle with the inscription. During this battle Mrs. Nichols was shot in the fleshy part of the arm, from a stray bullet, while caring for the wounded on the street, but she recovered in time. Mrs. Nichols is thoroughly versed in several languages, and fluent in Italian, French, Spanish, German, Portuguese and her own native tongue, English.

She married Benito Nichols, son of John Nichols, of Randolph, Vermont, the former named being judge of the Supreme Court of Randolph, Vermont. Mr. and Mrs. Nichols, who reside in California, are the parents of one child, George B. Nichols, born 1887.

CATHERINE (O'NEILL) KANE, the youngest member of this illustrious family, was born August 23, 1843, in Worcester. She received a public school education. She married Owen M. Kane, July 29, 1873, and their children are: 1. Mary B., born September 20, 1874; received her education in private schools in Connecticut, graduated from the convent on Vernon street, Worcester, taking a special course in music; resides at home with her mother. 2. James M., born December 12, 1875, died January 12, 1876. 3. Eugene J., born July 30, 1877; educated in the Worcester public schools, going thence to work in the Steel and Wire Company, and by close application and attention to his duties has risen rapidly to the responsible position of foreman in the Ensley Mills in Alabama. 4. Annie T., born July 30, 1878; received her education in the public and high schools, graduating from the latter in the class of 1897. 5. Katherine A., born January 11, 1880, died November 18, 1883. 6. Charles M., born November 23, 1883; graduated from the Worcester public schools, going thence to work in the Steel and Wire Company where he too advanced rapidly. 7. Catherine J., born September 30, 1886; educated in the Worcester public and high schools, graduating from the latter in the class of 1905.

MORTIN M. MILLER, Manufacturer. The first known record of the Miller family in New England chronicles the fact that in the year 1637 Richard Miller, a descendant of Nicholas Miller, a one time sheriff of County Kent, England, and his wife, Eleanor, had joined the Massachusetts Colony of Puritan adventurers, and was located in Charlestown. A year later Richard and his wife moved to Cambridge, where they received a grant of land. They were the parents of Joseph Miller, who was their eldest son, born in Cambridge, Massachusetts, in 1638. He married Mary Pope, and in 1674 moved to West Newton. In that same year he was one of the petitioners to the General Court for the new town of Newton. Joseph and Mary (Pope) Miller were the parents of a son, Samuel Miller, born in Cambridge in 1678. He married Elizabeth Childs, of Watertown, Massachusetts, in 1708. He was a man of education, and after moving to Newton, kept a school in his own home. Later he gave the land and helped build the schoolhouse in Newton. He was not only a lifelong friend of education but was one of the leaders in all town affairs.

Joseph Miller, son of Samuel and Elizabeth (Childs) Miller, was born in Newton, Massachusetts, in 1716. He located in Westminster, Massachusetts, then called "Narragansett No. 2," as early as 1740. He was one of the proprietors of that town and was one of the first to settle on the town lands. He with two others surveyed and plotted the township, cleared a road through it, and actually made settlement. He

was one of the petitioners for the incorporation of the town, and personally drew up the papers which were submitted to the authorities. He aided in organizing the church in the new town, and for half a century, thereafter, was one of its deacons. He also held town office most of his life. He was a soldier of the French and Indian War, and was third in the list of signers to the Covenant to support the Continental Congress. Four of his sons served in the Revolutionary Army, and he was a member of the Massachusetts Legislature which adopted the first State Constitution. Joseph Miller, the patriot, married Mary Williams, daughter of Isaac and Martha (Whitman) Williams, and they were the parents of a large family. Joseph Miller died in 1794, one of the most active men in the development of the new town of Westminster.

Samuel Miller, seventh child of Joseph and Mary (Williams) Miller, was born at the Miller homestead in Westminster, Massachusetts, July 20, 1751, died October 20, 1820. He received the best education the times afforded, but little is known of his after career further than that he was one of those who enlisted to repel Burgoyne's invasion of New York State. Mr. Miller married, October 23, 1775, Lydia Cutting, and they were the parents of John Cutting Miller, head of the next generation in this branch.

John Cutting Miller was born at the Cutting Miller farm near Westminster Center, June 3, 1785. During his early manhood he was a popular and successful schoolmaster, but after his marriage he settled on a farm near Wachusett Lake, that property being known for a long time thereafter as the "Captain John C. Miller place." He served for several years as a captain of militia, his service happily being of no more warlike character than leading his company on general training days. Captain Miller married Tabitha Whitney, eldest daughter of Deacon David and Elizabeth (Barron) Whitney, she a lineal descendant of John and Eleanor Whitney, who came from England to New England in 1635, and founded the numerous and influential Whitney families of the United States. The Whitneys trace their English ancestry to the time of the Norman Conquest, 1066. Tabitha Whitney was born and lived in the "old Whitney place" near Westminster, Massachusetts, that old home still possessing historic interest, as there may be seen many things dating back to pre-Revolutionary days, when her grandfather drilled his troops under the elm trees in the yard, and where Hessian officers were held as prisoners after the battle of Trenton.

Calvin Miller, youngest son of Captain John C. and Tabitha (Whitney) Miller, was born at the Miller homestead in Westminster, Massachusetts, in 1837, and there he spent his boyhood. Mr. Wyman operated a large paper mill, a general store and the postoffice in Westminster, and with him Calvin Miller began his business life, starting as clerk and bookkeeper. There he gained intimate knowledge of the business methods and management, also became familiar with manufacturing, and was rated a young man of fine business ability. From the Wyman's plant and store he went to Templeton, Massachusetts, there establishing in business under his own name, later selling out to take a position with the firm, A. T. Stewart & Company, New York City. He was for a time also interested in a clothing store in Milwaukee. From the latter business he returned to Massachusetts and entered the employ of S. K. Pierce, a chair manufacturer of Gardner, Massachusetts. Soon afterward he formed the firm of Cardney & Miller, and began the manufacture of furniture, at Athol, Massachusetts, the company doing both a wholesale and retail business. Mr. Miller later became sole proprietor of that business, continuing it very successfully for many years. He also conducted a coal yard, and a bakery was later added to his many business activities. In his later years Mr. Miller moved to Worcester, where he was engaged in real estate development. One of these was that of Westland street, where he made his home. He was deeply interested in public affairs both in Athol and Worcester, and was one of the active, useful men of his day. Calvin Miller married, in Gardner, Massachusetts, Amelia V. Alger, daughter of C. C. and Sabrina (Balcom) Alger, of Winchendon, Massachusetts. C. C. Alger was one of the leading men of his town and on both the Alger and Balcom lines Mrs. Amelia V. (Alger) Miller traced her ancestry to the early Colonial settlement of New England. They had two sons: Mortin M., of further mention; and Allan B.

Mortin Melvin Miller, oldest son of Calvin and Amelia V. (Alger) Miller, was born in Athol, in 1873. He attended the schools of the town, and after graduation from the Athol High School he attended Cushing Academy and continued with courses in accounting and drafting, also at the Worcester Art Museum classes. In business life he first assisted his father in real estate development, and later entered the estimating office of a builder's finish manufacture. Then he changed to the employ of the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works as draftsman and machine designer, where he remained for about ten years. It was while in this place that he became interested in wire weaving, and with another employe he decided to build some looms and enter this line of manufacture. It was from this beginning that the Miller Wire Cloth Company was developed. With some machines that he designed and built, and others that he bought,

he has developed one of the best equipped plants for the weaving of sieve and strainer cloth in the country. After about ten years as president and treasurer of this company he formed a combination with the Morgan Spring Company, who also control the National Manufacturing Company, thereby making a continuous development from the rod down, through wire drawing, wire weaving and the forming of the cloth into the finished product of sieve and strainers ready for the domestic use in the kitchen.

Mr. Miller has always been a Republican in politics, but has never sought or held office. He is a member of several Masonic bodies, more especially interested in the Worcester County Commandery of Knights Templar; also a member of the Worcester Economic Club, and Worcester Congregational Club; and was for some years treasurer of the Worcester Art Students Club; and a member of Worcester Chamber of Commerce. He has always been interested in the work of the church in the community, and he and his family are members of Old South Church.

Mr. Miller married, on December 29, 1906, Mary Lillian Armitage, whose parents, David and Marie (Mills) Armitage, have long lived in Worcester. Mr. Armitage being for many years one of the owners and managers of the "Evening Gazette" as well as one of the organizers of and directors in the Co-Operative Banks in this city. Mr. and Mrs. Miller have two daughters: Marjorie Armitage, and Elizabeth Alger, who are in school.

THE KENDALL FAMILY. The family came to Boylston in 1792 from Ashburnham. Caleb Kendall, the Revolutionary ancestor, was born in what is now Sterling, lived in Shrewsbury and Ashburnham and finally in Winchendon and Boylston, then part of Shrewsbury. He served in the Revolution from Shrewsbury in Captain Ezra Beaman's company. The immigrant ancestor, Francis Kendall, was the progenitor of all the Kendalls of this section; came from England before 1640 and settled in Woburn; was for eighteen years selectman; owned a grist mill; was one of the foremost citizens. Samuel Kendall, son of Francis Kendall, settled in Lancaster, where the family has been prominent to the present time; Samuel Kendall, of the fourth generation, was a soldier in the French and Indian wars. Horace Kendall, father of Charles D., Sanford C. and Frederick H. Kendall, was for many years an auctioneer and dealer in furniture in this city. His place of business was in the Mechanics building. He came here from Boylston, his native town, in 1871.

CHARLES DAVID KENDALL, President of the Warren Leather Goods Company of this city, was born in Boylston, November 10, 1854, son of Horace and Sarah A. (Maynard) Kendall. He received his education in the public schools of his native town. When his father started in business in 1871, the son became clerk in the store. From 1880 to 1888 he lived in Grafton, returning then to engage in business with his father. He and his brother Frederick, who were partners with Sanford C. after their father died, sold their interests in 1902, and with Bamford Elliott and Wm. H. Hayden organized the Warren Leather Goods Company, of which he is now president. The Warren Leather Goods Company was incorporated in 1902 with a capital of \$30,000, and in 1916 was increased to \$300,000. The original officers were J. J. Hickey, of Shrewsbury, president; Charles D. Kendall, vice-president; William H. Hayden, secretary; and Frederick H. Kendall, treasurer.

Mr. Kendall married, June 26, 1884, Kate Elizabeth Lindsay, of Grafton, born January 16, 1860, daughter of Ira and Mary (Estabrook) Lindsay. Children: Horace Clayton, born in Grafton, September 26, 1885, graduate of the English High School, 1904, Worcester Polytechnic Institute, 1907, now assistant manager of Rockwood Sprinkler Company; Herbert Lindsay, born here June 22, 1889; Charles Donald, born here August 14, 1899. Mr. Kendall's home is at No. 84 Burncoat street. He also has a summer home and large farm in Grafton.

SANFORD CLAYTON KENDALL, Furniture dealer, was born in Boylston, October 6, 1856, son of Horace and Sarah A. (Maynard) Kendall. He was educated in the public schools of his native town and came to this city with his parents in 1871. He was associated in business with his father until his death in 1899, managing the business during the last years of his father's life. Under the name of the Kendall Furniture Company, the three sons, Charles D., Frederick H. and Sanford C. Kendall, continued the business their father had established. In 1902 two of the brothers withdrew, leaving Sanford C. as sole proprietor. The Kendall store is well-known to buyers of antique and modern furniture. Mr. Kendall became one of the leading auctioneers of this section, and widely known. The store is still located at No. 319 Main street, in the Mechanics building. Mr. Kendall was prominent in municipal affairs for a number of years. He was elected to the Common Council in 1895, and was president in 1900, and served until elected an alderman. In the Council he was on the commit-



E. W. Wheeler

tees on charities, street lighting, military affairs and various other committees. He served on the Aldermanic Committee on Elections. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Kendall married, December 24, 1877, Jennie Bruce. They have one child, Clayton. Their residence is at No. 30 Wachusett street.

FREDERICK HORACE KENDALL, Treasurer of the Warren Leather Goods Company, of this city, was born in Worcester, January 20, 1875, son of Horace and Fanny (Buck) Kendall.

Frederick H. Kendall was educated in the public schools of Worcester, and at Cushing Academy, of Ashburnham, from which he was graduated in 1894. He immediately engaged in business with his father, and afterward was in partnership in the furniture business with his brothers, under the name of the Kendall Furniture Company. He sold his share of the business, however, in 1902, and in the following July bought an interest in the Warren Leather Goods Company, becoming the treasurer, a position he has filled to the present time. This company was formed to take over the business of the J. J. Warren Company. The business has been enlarged from year to year and now occupies the spacious factory at No. 80 Austin street, manufacturing suit cases of every description, traveling bags and a great variety of leather and canvas goods. Mr. Kendall is a member of the Commonwealth, Worcester County, Automobile and Economic Clubs. In religion he is a Congregationalist; in politics a Republican. His home is on Quinapoxet lane near Mountain East.

Mr. Kendall married, December 7, 1900, Fanny E. Chambers, daughter of Calvin M. and Frances (Keyes) Chambers, of Red Wing, Minnesota. Children: Eleanor, born April 17, 1904; Jean, born March 23, 1916.

HENRY ERASMUS SHAW, Cigar manufacturer and dealer in cigars and tobacco, was born in Wales, Massachusetts, January 3, 1844. He attended the public schools there and when he came of age engaged in business as a retail shoe dealer in that town. After a year or more he went to the adjacent town of Hardwick, where he conducted a general store for three years. He came to Worcester in 1880 and bought a half interest in a cigar store at No. 144 Front street, where he has been in business for thirty-eight years. His store is one of the landmarks of the mercantile business of Worcester, and he ranks now as the oldest cigar merchant, in point of years, in business. His business has been large and prosperous and year by year has grown. He has the largest stock, both wholesale and retail, in the city, and the wholesale department has occupied quarters on the opposite side of Front street, the old store having been outgrown. The Shaw cigar has grown in popularity and is in great demand throughout New England. It is to be found on every cigar counter in this section. Its manufacture requires constantly increasing space. The business was incorporated in 1909 under the name of the H. E. Shaw Company, of which Mr. Shaw is president. In politics Mr. Shaw is a Republican. He has devoted himself all these years to his home and business, though at times he has indulged his fondness for good horses, also music and dancing for recreation. He has preserved his health and looks twenty years younger than most men of his age.

Mr. Shaw married at Wales, Massachusetts, November 27, 1869, Adella J. Church, who was born in Wales, a descendant of various pioneers of New England. She is a member of Colonel Timothy Bigelow Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, and of the Worcester Woman's Club. She is a daughter of Sherman and Josephine (Shaw) Church, of Wales. Mr. and Mrs. Shaw reside at No. 1017 Main street. They have no children.

Erasmus Darwin Shaw, father of Henry E. Shaw, was born in Wales, died there aged sixty-three years. He married Martha J. Moulton, also a native of Wales; she died at the age of eighty-nine years. Both parents of Mr. Shaw were of Colonial stock. They had two children, both living. The elder son, Edward Randolph Shaw, now lives in the same house in Wales where he was born, and the homestead is cultivated by him. He has a son Randolph, now living in this city.

EDWIN WALLACE WHEELER, Agriculturalist, was born in this city, November 13, 1848, being born in the same house in which he had made his home and where he died, January 14, 1916. He was the son of Erastus Williams and Sarah (Pollard) Wheeler, and was descended from a long line of distinguished New England ancestry. Obadiah Wheeler, the emigrant ancestor of this branch of the Wheeler family, was born in England, in 1608, and came to New England, settling in Concord, as early as 1638, of which colony he was made a freeman, June 2, 1641.

Mr. Wheeler acquired his educational training in the public schools of his native town, after which he took up the occupation of agriculturalist on the home farm, which comprised about sixty-five acres, and which he continued to successfully conduct un-

til his death. For over twenty years he also conducted a milk route in the city, which, together with the home farm, he inherited from his father. He was a member of the Worcester Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, and took a keen interest in all matters pertaining to farming. He was also a valued member of the Worcester Agricultural Society. In political faith he was a Republican, but being of a quiet and retiring nature never cared for public office.

On April 4, 1872, Mr. Wheeler married Clara A. Black, of Salem, Nova Scotia, daughter of Edward Baker and Matilda A. (Freeman) Black, and to this union were born the following children: 1. Edward Williams, born in this city, May 1, 1873, who is engaged in the contracting business; he married Cornelia Blanchard, and they are the parents of one daughter, Dorothy, born January 27, 1917; he has always been keenly interested in military affairs, having attained the commission of major in the First Battalion, Light Artillery, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia; during the World War he enlisted for service with the American Forces, and was assigned to the supervising of construction work, having his headquarters at Washington, D. C. 2. Henry Clifford, born April 19, 1875, unmarried, at home, conducting the homestead farm. 3. Sarah Matilda, born May 9, 1877, died January 22, 1892. 4. Alice Abbie, born June 10, 1888, who was engaged in teaching domestic science, in which she had achieved marked success, died December 1, 1918. 5. Wallace Sumner, born April 30, 1893, at home, unmarried. Mrs. Wheeler, who is a direct descendant of William Black, who was born in Paisley, Scotland, in 1727, and settled in Nova Scotia, in 1775, where many of his descendants still reside, survives her husband, residing on the Wheeler homestead, No. 47 Forest street.

AUGUSTUS FREDERICK TIMME. The business now owned and conducted by Augustus F. Timme was founded in Worcester, Massachusetts, by his father, Ernest Augustus Timme, who was born in Hanover, Germany, October 10, 1826. Ernest A. Timme spent the first twenty-six years of his life in Hanover, then in the year 1852 he came to Worcester, where he found employment with the Ethan Allen Fire Arms Company, being connected with the engraving department of the company. Later he was in the employ of J. B. Knox, but in 1864 he bought the business now known as E. A. Timme & Son, and was its head until his death, March 23, 1900. He married (first) Esther Read, who died in Hartford, Connecticut, leaving two children, now also deceased. He married (second) Anna Henrietta Albinus, who died in 1890, the mother of seven children, one of whom died in infancy. The living ones are: Agnes Louise, married Henry C. Meyer, of Worcester, and has two children, Ernest and Anna; Augustus Frederick, of further mention; Johanna H., married Louis C. Gilbert, whom she survives, residing in Natick, Massachusetts, with three children, Alton, Emil and Stanley; Louise Caroline, married William H. Fisher, of Worcester, whom she survives with children: Charles, George, now with the American Expeditionary Forces in France, Willard, now serving in the United States Navy, Edna, Albert, Henry and Ada Fisher; Albert Sigismund, last maker; Minna Catherine, married Clifford E. Piatt, of Denver, Colorado, and has a daughter, Caroline Piatt.

Augustus Frederick Timme was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, October 5, 1865. His father owned a farm at Holden, Massachusetts, which he bought in 1870, and there the lad spent his youth, acquiring his education in Holden's public schools. In 1864 Ernest A. Timme bought the business in Worcester, which he conducted until his death, and into this business the elder Timme induced his son, after school years were completed. In course of time Augustus F. was admitted a partner, the firm name then becoming E. A. Timme & Son, die sinkers and engravers, manufacturers of steel stamps, stencils and seals, stamped and embossed plates, tags, and embossing dies, and a line of kindred goods. In 1900 the senior partner died, and from that time A. F. Timme has been the managing head of the business which still carries the name, E. A. Timme & Son, the location No. 554 Main street, Worcester. He has been connected with the business since 1884, when he entered it a young man of nineteen, and as assistant partner and head he has passed his entire business life, 1884-1919. He has won business success and high reputation, the product of his plant being in great demand for its beauty of design and quality of workmanship. For several years Mr. Timme was a member of Battery B. of the Massachusetts National Guard, and he is very fond of out-of-door sports and recreations. Both his father and mother were members of the Lutheran church.

ROBERT LESURE FULLER, Architect, partner in Fuller & Delano, was born June 29, 1871, on Quincy street, Worcester, son of James Edward and Clara (Gould) Fuller, both of whom were born in Warwick, Massachusetts, and both buried in that town. Mr. Fuller's father was one of the founders of the Fuller & Delano business.

The Fuller family is descended from pioneers of New England not only in the paternal line but in many others. He is directly descended from Dr. Samuel Fuller, who came over in the "Mayflower."

He attended the Oxford street public school, the Walnut street and Washington street public schools, and graduated in 1891 from the Classical High School of this city. He then entered the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, graduating in 1896 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. After spending part of a year in Europe, he became associated with the firm of Fuller & Delano, architects of this city. In 1900 he went to the Paris Exposition as representative of the George A. Fuller Construction Company of New York. After his return in 1901 he became a partner in the Fuller & Delano Company, architects. His firm ranks among the foremost of this section. Some of the recent important buildings designed by the firm are: The Grafton State Colony for the Insane; the Tuberculosis Hospital (Belmont) of Worcester; the State Armory; American Woolen Mills, Rochdale; residence of Charles H. Hutchins of Shrewsbury, residence of Edward C. Harrington and many others. Mr. Fuller is a member of the Phi Beta Epsilon fraternity, Worcester Automobile Club, Worcester Rotary Club, Technology Club of New York, Worcester Chapter, American Institute of Architects. During the latter period of the war he was corporation representative for the United States Housing Corporation at Quincy, Massachusetts.

Mr. Fuller married (first) Mary W. White, of Worcester. He married (second) July 22, 1914, Luella Morrow, who was born in Holden, Massachusetts, September 28, 1885, daughter of Hugh and Priscilla (Hope) Morrow, both now living in Worcester. Mr. and Mrs. Fuller reside at No. 4 Brattle street, North Worcester. His office is at No. 44 Front street. Mr. Fuller had by his first wife two children: Cecile Wentworth, born May 25, 1901; Robert Bradley, born May 15, 1903.

MARTIN PATRICK BOWES. John Bowes, father of Martin P. Bowes, was born in Leeds, England, and his wife, Almira (Atwell) Bowes, was born in Boston, Massachusetts. John Bowes died in Westboro, his wife in Worcester, and both are buried in Worcester, Massachusetts. John Bowes was a mill foreman, but later became a boot and shoe factory man, and became an expert in that business, also holding the position of foreman. John and Almira Bowes were the parents of six children: Elizabeth and Sarah, deceased; Ellen, now the widow of Eugene Lebeau, of Westboro, Massachusetts; Martin P., of further mention; John W., now a street railway man of Worcester, married Katherine T. Heron, and has three children: Marion, Anna and Francis; James D., a violin instructor and machine foreman; married Elizabeth F. Palmer and has two children: Charles and Frances. John Bowes was the only child of nine that was born outside of Ireland; his youngest brother, Patrick Bowes, settled in Australia and was a large real estate owner and hotel man in Melbourne when he was killed, being thrown off a horse while following a pack of hounds; he left no children and his widow is carrying on the hotel business since he died. Another brother, Dennis Bowes, settled in Rock Island, Illinois. A sister married Michael Brennan, who also settled in Rock Island.

Martin P. Bowes, son of John and Almira (Atwell) Bowes, was born in Westboro, Massachusetts, May 7, 1870. He completed grammar school courses and attended Westboro High School for one year. At that time his father owned a farm at Westboro, and in the intervals of school life Martin P. was employed in farm work, later securing a position in a shoe factory at Westboro. Later still he took up advertising and was quite successful. From advertising to real estate dealing was not a far cry, and for many years he has been in the latter business in Worcester operating as the M. P. Bowes Real Estate Company, real estate, mortgages, and insurance, Nos. 738-740 Slater building. He was twenty years of age when he came Worcester, and for a few years he was employed with Goddard, Fay & Stone, shoe manufacturers. He is well-known in the business world and has won honorable standing in that particular field. In 1912 he established under his present style and title. Mr. Bowes is an Independent Democrat and a former precinct officer in Ward 9. He is a fourth degree member of the Knights of Columbus, member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and a communicant of St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church. His favorite recreations are checkers and bridge-whist, his real hobby, however, is baseball. Mr. Bowes is unmarried.

ROBERT ZOLVEY SARGENT, Business man, was born in Swanton, Vermont, October 18, 1885. He there attended public schools until 1899, when he came alone to Worcester, a lad of fourteen, and Worcester has since been his home. He was employed by the Spencer Wire Company for seven years, after which he was with the DeHaven Manufacturing Company for a time. He then returned to Worcester and became an expert in elevator repairing. In August, 1917, he started in business for

himself as a member of the firm of F. H. German & Company, Nos. 65-67 Thomas street, Worcester, elevator repairers. He enjoys vacation periods out-of-doors, his recreation being his favored sports, hunting and fishing.

Mr. Sargent married, October 14, 1918, Christina Julia Germain, daughter of John and Julia (Dolan) Germain, her father a pioneer contractor of Worcester, her brother, F. H. Germain, her husband's partner in the firm, F. H. Germain & Company. The family home is at No. 4 Queen street.

DANIEL SILVESTER, as violinist, teacher, composer, and for twenty-five years conductor of Silvester's Music Studios, Daniel Silvester has won the highest standing in Worcester's musical circles. He is a son of William and Eliza (Jackson) Silvester, of English birth, life and death. William Silvester, born in 1825, at or near West Bromwich, England, died at Netherton, Dudley, England, in 1906. He was a well-know musician of high merit, a conductor of church and choral music, and for many years a noted bandmaster. Eliza (Jackson) Silvester was born near Bromwich, England, in 1827, died at Rugby, England, in 1904. They were the parents of three sons, who have attained celebrity as musicians: 1. Daniel, whose career is herein traced. 2. John Silvester, an organist and choir master and for many years a teacher of music in the public schools in the State of Wisconsin; he retired on account of ill health, took up his residence in Santa Barbara, California, where he died. 3. William Silvester, the third son, a member of the London Symphony Orchestra, London, England, as is a nephew, John Silvester.

Daniel Silvester was born in West Bromwich, near Birmingham, in Staffordshire, England, November 3, 1803. His parents moved to Scotland in 1870, and the lad Daniel was educated in the public schools of Glasgow, which he attended until eighteen years of age. He also began the study of music in Glasgow, studying the violin and orchestration under John Daly and Alfred Haines, two of Glasgow's leading performers and teachers. Another of his teachers was Vincent Akeroyd, a member of the Boston Symphony Orchestra, but that instruction came later, after coming to the United States. After becoming proficient he became a member of the Royalty Theatre Orchestra in Scotland, in which he played until 1887, he also playing in concert, and teaching music. In 1887 Mr. Silvester came to the United States and for two years traveled with the J. C. Duff Opera Company and with the Gilbert Opera Company. After two seasons with these companies on the road he located in Boston, where he became a member of Baldwin's Cadet Band and Orchestra. In addition to his duties with Baldwin's he did general musical and theatre work, continuing in Boston until 1893. In the latter year, 1893, Mr. Silvester located in Worcester, and until the present, 1919, has continued his residence and his interest in music. He has directed the orchestra in various theatres, leading at Lothrop's, now the Pleasant Theatre, for eight seasons; leader at the Franklin, now the Grand, nine seasons; since then, and now, 1919, conductor of the Worcester Theatre Orchestra. He organized the Worcester Symphony Orchestra, May 3, 1914, and has since been its manager and conductor. During this period he has also taught many private pupils, composed many pieces for violin and piano, also several songs and orchestral numbers. Music has been his sole interest, and he is highly rated as a violinist as well as a conductor and composer. Politically, Mr. Silvester is a Republican, and in religious faith he is a member of Jamesville Baptist Church. His fraternal affiliation is with Grant Commandery, Knights of Malta, his club the Worcester County Republican. He is a member of the Worcester Musicians' Association; Music Festival Association; and the Symphony Society, serving the latter as musical director and agent.

Mr. Silvester married, in Lowell, Massachusetts, April 18, 1892, Mary Louise Paddock, born May 5, 1866, in East Barnard, Vermont, daughter of Augustus and Celender (Culver) Paddock, her parents lifelong residents of Vermont, and both deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Silvester are the parents of four children: 1. William Henry, born October 6, 1893, was in the United States Aviation service, ranking as sergeant, fourteen months, and was honorably discharged, January 19, 1919; he married, November 24, 1917, Bertha Bosworth. 2. Hazel Eliza, born May 29, 1895, a graduate of South High School, was engaged in business as a stenographer; married John Clarke Thomas, who was in the United States Tank Service and was promoted to sergeant before being honorably discharged. 3. Daniel Augustus, born January 21, 1897, a fine violinist and concert master of the Worcester Symphony Orchestra, was a soldier in the United States army, ranking as sergeant and assistant bandmaster, with the First Regiment, Field Artillery Replacement Depot; was honorably discharged in February, 1919, after six months' service at Camp Jackson, South Carolina. 4. Marion Louise, born March 1, 1898, a graduate of Worcester High School of Commerce, class of 1917, a pianist and teacher.



Daniel Silvester



Christian Nelson

CHRISTIAN NELSON, Representative in the General Court, January 27, 1865, was born in Denmark, at Thisted, son of Neils Sorensen and Nilsine Marie Nelson. He came to this country in 1887, landing in New York City with but three dollars, but making his own way thereafter and winning high honors in business and public life. In 1887 he came to this city and secured employment in the Grove street wire mill of the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Company, now the works of the American Steel & Wire Company, beginning with wages of \$1.25 a day. He won promotion step by step and became a foreman. At the end of seven years he left the wire mill to engage in the grocery business, establishing a store at No. 582 West Boylston street in the village of Greendale. Subsequently he opened another grocery at No. 70 Sterling street. His natural business ability and his magnetic personality attracted customers and made for him a host of friends. Few merchants are better known or more popular than Mr. Nelson.

Mr. Nelson's public career has been highly creditable. In politics he has always been a Republican. He was four years a member of the Republican City Committee. He was a member of the Common Council three years, and of the Board of Aldermen for a similar period. He served on the water committee three years, being chairman two years, and he was chairman of the sewer committee for one year. He is now (1918) representative to the General Court, serving on the committees on Roads and Bridges, and is this year (1919) on same committee, and on committee on land and harbor. He is a member of the Danish Brotherhood; Massasoit Tribe, Improved Order of Red Men; Carl XV Lodge; Kronah Lodge, S. B. of A.; Montacute Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; and Aletheia Grotto. Mr. Nelson married, in Worcester, November 8, 1889, Else M. Nelson, born in Denmark, December 8, 1867. He has four children: 1. George Washington, born on Washington's birthday, 1892, and has been with the aviation work in France; he graduated from the Worcester Polytechnic Institute as an electrical engineer when but twenty-two. 2. Gladys Agnes, born March 5, 1893, a stenographer. 3. Edith, born June 6, 1894, at home. 4. Ralph Ernest, born October 8, 1897, assisting his father in the store.

OSCAR SVENSON, D. D. S., was born in Vermland, Sweden, October 30, 1869, and lived in his native town until he was sixteen years old, receiving his early education there. He came to this city in 1885 and has made his home here since that time. During his first years here he was employed in various occupations. He attended the evening schools, perfected his knowledge of the English language, and continued afterward the various high school courses by private study. After working in a dental office for a few years, he decided to study dentistry for a profession, and became a student in the Philadelphia Dental College, Garrettsen Hospital of Dental Surgery, and Philadelphia School of Anatomy, graduating in 1900 with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery. Since 1900 he has been practicing his profession in this city. His office is at No. 311 Main street. Dr. Svenson is a member of the supervisory committee of Skandia Credit Union, member of Massasoit Tribe, Improved Order of Red Men, and of the Second Swedish Methodist Church, of which he is a member of the official board. In politics he is a Republican. He served for four years on the school committee of the city. Dr. Svenson takes his recreation in the woods, hunting rabbits and other game in winter, fishing in the summer.

Dr. Svenson married, in this city, November 23, 1895, Hannah Anderson, who was born January 14, 1875, at Svarta, Sweden, daughter of Andrew and Christina Sophia (Olson) Anderson, both deceased. Dr. and Mrs. Svenson have six children: Violet Seraphia, born September 2, 1896; Adora Cecelia, born June 6, 1899; Linnea Hannah Albertina, born February 27, 1906; Sven Oscar, born May 13, 1908; Lillian Christina, born October 10, 1910; Virginia Louise, born October 2, 1915. Dr. Svenson resides at No. 36 Holden street.

Sven Svenson, father of Dr. Svenson, was born in Vermland, Sweden, where his ancestors lived for many generations. He married, in Sweden, Helena Bjorn, and they came to this country in 1887. He was an iron worker, now retired from business. They had eleven children, of whom six are living: John Adolph, one of the owners of the Ornamental Iron Works, Green street, Worcester; Sophia, married Leonard Fagerstrom, a foreman in the Reed & Prentice works; Albertina, married Carl Ostberg, a master plumber, Main street, Worcester; Otto, machinist, in this city; Charles, a dentist, practicing in Lewiston, Maine, and Oscar S., aforementioned.

CARL HUGO LAURENTIUS BOCK, Lawyer, alderman, was born in Luleo, Sweden, August 9, 1881, son of Lars and Sarah Maria (Bagge) Bock. His father was a pioneer in the iron and steel industry in Sweden and came here in 1890 as an expert artisan. He died in this city in 1905, at the age of eighty years. The Bagge

family was of Swedish origin, locating in France, and taking part in the French Revolution. Mrs. Bock died in this city in 1912, aged seventy-two years. Lars Bock was the father of fourteen other children.

When the family came to this country, Carl H. L. Bock was a boy of eight, and he immediately entered the public schools of this city, completing the grammar school course in 1896. He then engaged in the life insurance business for a period of fifteen years, and for a considerable time was cashier of the local office of the New York Life Insurance Company. In pursuance of a long-cherished purpose, he entered the law school of Boston University, from which he was graduated in 1914, and was admitted to the Massachusetts bar in the same year. Since then he has practiced law in this city. His offices are at 931-932 Slater Building. In politics he is a Democrat. He was but twenty-two years old when elected to the Board of Aldermen of this city, in 1904, and no younger man has ever been elected to that office. It should be noted also that he was the first native of Sweden elected to the board. Mr. Bock takes his recreation out-of-doors and is well known among the fox-hunters, having a record of two pelts in one day in 1916; is a member of the Worcester Fur Club, and he is also a baseball enthusiast. He is a member of Thule Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and of the principal Swedish organizations of the city.

Mr. Bock married at Hartford, Connecticut, July 12, 1909, Bertha Frances Millen, who was born in Boston, daughter of Frank and Margaret Millen. Mr. and Mrs. Bock reside at No. 54 Beeching street.

ALFRED CHARLES N. PETERSEN, Physician, surgeon, was born in Copenhagen, Denmark, January 12, 1868, son of Michael Abraham and Hansine Petersen. He came with his parents to this city when three months old and attended the public schools here, graduating from the high school in 1888. He received his medical education in the University of Pennsylvania, graduating in 1896 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Afterward he was an interne in the Pennsylvania Hospital, Philadelphia, for a year. Since 1897 he has been practicing medicine in this city, and since 1903 his offices have been at No. 692 Main street.

While a student, Dr. Petersen took a prominent part in athletics; was captain of the freshman crew and rowed in the varsity crew for four years. He played right end on the Pennsylvania football team. He has been coach and stroke oar of the Worcester crew for several years; coach of the Holy Cross football team and active in various athletic organizations in this city. Dr. Petersen served a term of enlistment in the Worcester City Guards, Massachusetts National Guard. In politics he is a Republican. He served for six years on the board of trustees of the Worcester Free Public Library. He is a member of Central Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Englebrecht Society.

Dr. Petersen married, in this city, October 12, 1899, Anna H. Lücke, daughter of Herman F. Lücke, the pioneer jeweler. (See biography). Dr. and Mrs. Petersen have three children: Alfred Herman, born in this city, September 9, 1900; Bradley Huston, born June 12, 1905; Dorothea Helen, born October 1, 1908.

Both parents of Dr. Petersen were born in Copenhagen. His father died in this city in 1888, at the age of fifty-three; his mother is living here. Dr. Petersen has one sister, Emily E., wife of Edward S. Fuller, No. 421 Park avenue. The Petersen family have lived for many generations in the city of Copenhagen. Dr. Petersen's home is at No. 821 Pleasant street, Worcester.

CHARLES HJALMAR OSLUND, President of the O. & J. Machine Company, was born in Sweden, September 26, 1869, son of Erick W. and Marie (Ogren) Oslund. He evidently inherited his mechanical ability, for his father and seven generations of his paternal ancestors were blacksmiths and machinists in the old country. His father died when he was but twenty-five years old; his mother died in Sweden in 1902.

Mr. Oslund received his education in the public schools and the extension schools of his native place. At the age of fourteen years he was apprenticed in the trade of machinist. For nine years he worked at the trade of machinist and blacksmith, as apprentice and journeyman in Sweden, receiving a most useful and varied training. He had wide experience in steam engineering, setting up rolling mills, steam hammers, and general machinery work, such as automatics, etc. With his wife and two children, Mr. Oslund came to this country in April, 1893, and made his home in this city. For a few months he was employed as a machinist in the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works. For three years he was engaged in making firearms in the factory of the Harrington & Richardson Arms Company in Worcester. After a short time in the employ of George L. Brownell, manufacturer of twisting machinery in this city, and of the Plunger Elevator Company, he was with the Hobbs Manufacturing Company for three years and with the American Steel and Wire Company of this city for



John J. Adams

a period of fifteen years. In the wire works he began as a machinist, then became a die-maker, and eventually foreman of the spring mill in the machine shop. Here he developed inventive talents and he devised various special tools for the spring mills and rail bond departments, patented and assigned to his employers. In the course of time he was transferred to the rail bond department of the wire works. Here he took charge of the mechanical work for six years and continued to experiment and invent apparatus of various kinds. From this position he was transferred to the North Works of the American Steel & Wire Company and placed in charge of the experimental shop, devoting himself exclusively to the development of new machinery and the perfecting of apparatus of the works. At the end of three years, however, he resigned to engage in business on his own account.

He entered into partnership in 1914 with J. Emanuel Johnson under the firm name of the Charles H. Oslund Company with a shop at No. 87 Mechanic street, building automatic machinery. The first product of the new firm was an automatic labeling machine. In August, 1914, the business was incorporated under the title of O. & J. Machine Company, of which Mr. Oslund was president and Mr. Johnson secretary and treasurer. The business extended soon to large proportions, beginning with eight hands and within three years employing one hundred and fifty skilled mechanics. The growth of the concern has been almost unprecedented. The company owns valuable patents on labelling machinery, and has recently placed on the market a labeling machine that labels both sides and places the seal label on the stopper in one operation. (See biography of Mr. Johnson). Mr. Oslund is a Republican in politics. He is a member of no social organizations, having spared no time from his busy life for recreation of this sort.

Mr. Oslund married, in 1888, in Sweden, Anna Louisa Wennberg, who was born in that country. They were neighbors and acquaintances from early childhood. They have nine children: Fritz H., born 1889, became foreman in the O. & J. shops, now in the United States Aviation Corps during the war; Edwin Carl, born 1891, married Ruth Lundberg, of Worcester; Harry Ellis, born 1894, foreman in the O. & J. factory, now of the Torpedo Station, Newport, Rhode Island; Elmer, born 1896, also in the Torpedo Station, Newport, Rhode Island; Mabel, born 1899; Walter, 1901; Alice, 1903; Ernest, 1906; Robert, 1912. Five of the sons have already learned the trade of machinist. Mr. Oslund's home is at No. 500 Lincoln street.

JOHN JULIUS ADAMS, Manufacturer, was born in Holden, Massachusetts, January 1, 1858, son of Gabriel and Margaret Adams. The same year his parents moved to Worcester, Massachusetts, that city having formerly been their home. The lad began his school life in the old Sycamore street school, passing thence to High School which he attended until thirteen years of age. He then began as a wage earner, even his small contribution to the family being needed. Five years were spent with his first employers, Gross-Strauss Company, his next employer being Fish & Company, corner of School and Union streets, where he remained three years. He was next with E. Fisher & Company, at No. 85 Mechanic street, with whom he remained an employee until 1881. In that year he bought the employers plant at No. 85 Mechanic street, and remained at that location until his death, February 7, 1918. He was a manufacturer of boot and shoe machinery. He built up a prosperous business and continued his single line of manufacture until 1897, when he purchased the business of A. M. Howe, manufacturer of cutting dies and chisels of every description for leather, paper, cloth and rubber. That business was located at No. 81 Mechanic street, and soon afterward was combined with Mr. Adams' shoe machinery business in the factory at No. 85 Mechanic street. In 1914 he erected the fine plant and building at No. 87 Mechanic street, where the business is now conducted by John Jacob Adams, son of John Julius Adams. The business of A. M. Howe was established in 1859 and both that business and the Adams original business is owned and conducted by John Jacob Adams, under the firm name John J. Adams. John Julius Adams was prominent in the Masonic Order, having been a thirty-second degree mason and Knights Templar. He was also a member of Aletheia Grotto, Aleppo Temple, and of Central Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He was a life member of the Massachusetts Mechanics Association.

Mr. Adams married, May 1, 1889, Amelia A. Krumsick, born in Westboro, Massachusetts, December 7, 1869. They were the parents of an only son: John Jacob, born June 26, 1892, at Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, who has succeeded his father in business. Mrs. Adams survives her husband, a resident of Shrewsbury.

AUGUST ERNST DICK, Proprietor of the firm of Thomas & Company, wood workers, was born in Colnberg, Saxony, Germany, March 13, 1858, and died in this city, September 25, 1913, son of Frederick A. Dick. His father was a weaver.

August E. Dick was educated in the schools in Germany and in the North American Gymnastic Seminary, from which he graduated in 1879. He started for this country, July 1, 1872, with his parents, and began work in the Washington Mills in Lawrence, Massachusetts, where the family first located. At the age of nineteen he began to learn the trade of carpenter and joiner. As a journeyman he was employed by Cutting & Bishop, builders and contractors of this city, for a period of eleven years. Then he accepted a position with Thomas & Company, of which he was afterward a partner, and, after the death of Mr. Thomas, sole proprietor. The business was established about 1870 by Carl C. T. Thomas and Elisha Witherell under the firm name of Thomas & Company, cabinet makers. A year later Mr. Witherell died. In 1871 Anton Burckel, a comrade of Mr. Thomas in the First Heavy Artillery Regiment in the Civil War, and a fellow worker and craftsman, became a partner under the same firm name. The shop was then at No. 91 Exchange street and the firm made a specialty of wood-carving and machine cabinet work. The business was afterward removed to the Baker building, where the firm enlarged its cabinet-making department. When Mr. Burckel withdrew from the firm, Edward Minault succeeded him, remaining two years. Mr. Thomas continued the business alone afterward until his son was old enough to enter the firm. This son John died July 11, 1893. In November, 1897, Mr. Dick was admitted to the firm. The shop was then at No. 110 Exchange street. From 1902 to the time of his death, in 1913, Mr. Dick was sole proprietor. His sons, Richard G. Dick and August W. Dick, succeeded to the business, which was incorporated, March 1, 1914, Richard G. Dick becoming president and treasurer, and August W. Dick, secretary, of the corporation known as Thomas & Company, Inc. August E. Dick was a member of the Worcester Socialer Turn Verein, the Lawrence Turn Verein, and was president of the former from 1900 to 1910.

Mr. Dick married, in 1887, at Lawrence, Anna Ottilie Behrmann, who was born in that city, March 7, 1866, daughter of Henry A. Behrmann, born at Buxtehude, Hanover, Germany, in 1837. They had four children: 1. Minna Helene, born August 21, 1887; graduate of St. Lawrence University, A. B., 1908; married, in 1914, William E. Curtis, Dartmouth, B. S., 1911, and has a daughter, Eleanor Louise Curtis, born February 14, 1916. 2. Anna O., born May 8, 1889; graduate of St. Lawrence University, 1911; married, in 1915, Walter E. Safford. 3. Richard George, born February 9, 1891; graduate of Amherst College (A. B. 1912); now president of Thomas & Company; married, in 1916, Florence E. Eggleston. 4. August W., born October 23, 1892; superintendent of the factory of Thomas & Company, Inc.

CARL F. FREDERICKSON, Pattern manufacturer, was born in Sweden, July 28, 1874, son of Frederick L. and Anna G. Gustavson (named according to the Swedish system of patronymics). His mother is living in this city; his father is deceased. Carl was one of ten children; his brothers, John F. and Gustavus E., and his brother-in-law, Gustavus S. Peterson, are associated in business with him. The other children of Frederick L. and Anna G. Gustavson were: Joseph L., A. Ferdinand, Axel E., Anna S., Josephine E., Emma T. and Mary E.

Carl F. Frederickson received his education in the Swedish school, and in his youth learned the wood-working trade under the instruction of his father and worked as a journeyman until he came to this city in 1893. He was employed here first by Hatch & Barnes in their wood-working shops, then by Norcross Brothers, and afterward in the wood-working department of the Norton Company. In 1899 he began in business on his own account. He opened a model and pattern shop in that year at No. 155 Union street and also manufactured cabinet work. After a year and a half he sold this business and went to Detroit, Michigan, in the employ of the Parkard Motor Car Company. In 1912 he returned to this city, however, and again engaged in business, opening a small shop at No. 164 Union street, having no help at first. From the beginning he has prospered in this venture, and in 1915 he was obliged, on account of the increase in business, to seek larger quarters. He located at his present quarters, No. 180 Union street, where he has a thoroughly modern and efficient plant, making not only models and patterns, but turning out excellent cabinet work of every description. His shop is a very busy place, employing a large force of skilled men. Mr. Frederickson is a member of the Skandia Credit Union. Thoroughly domestic in his tastes he has joined no other organizations, however, and divides his time between his office and home. He married, December 25, 1898, Beda Seablom, who was born in Sweden.

JOHN R. ABRAMSON, Manufacturer of architectural sheet metal work, was born in Sweden, September 9, 1870, son of Ephraim and Sarah Abramson. His father came to this country in 1882 and located first at Manchester, New Hampshire, and finally in Worcester, where he died in 1911; his mother died in Sweden; they had eight

children, several of whom are living in Worcester. John R., of whom further, Carl Abramson, at No. 346 Greenwood street, and Ada, wife of Charles Aldrien, at Quinsigamond. Erick, Hulda and Jennie are deceased. Helga married Frank Chapman, of Grovedon, New Hampshire, Bertha resides at Lebanon, New Hampshire.

John R. Abramson attended school in Manchester, after the family came to this country, and when still a small boy went to work in the Amoskeag Mills. Subsequently he learned the sheet-metal business in the shops of W. H. Lawson, Manchester. He then came to Worcester and found employment in the shops of George A. Barnard as a sheet metal worker. In the same line of work he was for three years afterward in the employ of W. H. Robinson, and later still in the shops of the New England Steel Roofing Company. By the time he had saved a little capital to start in business on his own account, his experience in metal work was varied and he was accounted a workman of unusual skill and proficiency in his trade. His first shop was located at No. 126 Commercial street. He began business there January 1, 1905, and continued in that location until 1916, when he moved to his present quarters, No. 146 Union street. His principal business has been from the beginning architectural sheet metal work and metal roofing and ceiling. In addition he manufactures coffee urns and other equipment used by the Buckley Lunch Car Company and the Worcester Lunch Car Company; also fenders and radiators for automobile manufacturers. His business has grown constantly and has been highly prosperous during the recent years in which the building industry has flourished. In religion he is a member of the Lutheran church. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Abramson married, in 1897, Mary Callahan, born in Worcester, daughter of Johan and Margaret (Collins) Callahan. Their home is at No. 166 Massasoit road. They have five children: Grace, Marguerite, May, John, and Florence.

CARL AXEL ANDERSON, Manufacturer, partner in the Worcester Pattern & Model Company, was born in Lindesberg, Sweden, July 9, 1884, son of Carl Johan and Christina Louise (Anderson) Anderson. He received his education in the schools in Sweden and in the Worcester evening schools. He was apprenticed to the trade of pattern maker in Sweden. After following his trade for a few years in Lynn, Massachusetts, where he and his brother located in 1905, he travelled extensively in this country, working as a journeyman in various cities, and living from time to time in Worcester. Since 1911 he has been in partnership with his brother in the Worcester Pattern & Model Company, No. 93 Foster street. Mr. Anderson is a member of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce, the Worcester Employers' Association, the Skandia Credit Union, and the First Swedish Congregational Church. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Anderson married, September 1, 1909, Marie Asplund, who was born in Sweden, June, 1878, daughter of Andrew Asplund. His home is at No. 20 Westview road.

ANDREW AUGUST ANDERSON, Manufacturer, inventor, partner in the firm known as the Worcester Pattern & Model Company, was born in Lindesberg, Sweden, August 18, 1888, son of Carl Johan and Christina Louise (Anderson) Anderson. He received his early education in Sweden and learned his trade there, serving two years as apprentice in a pattern making shop. In 1905 he came to this country, and followed his trade here for nearly five years, afterward working for six months in Bridgeport, Connecticut. In 1910 he came to this city and since then has made his home here. After working for six months as pattern-maker in the works of the Morgan Construction Company, and for a similar period for Albert L. Bemis, he started in business on his own account. In partnership with his brother, Carl A. Anderson, he formed the Worcester Pattern & Model Company, at No. 93 Foster street. From the beginning the business has prospered and from time to time more machinery has been installed, the shop enlarged and more hands employed. The company makes patterns and models for the various industries of the city. At present fifteen pattern-makers are employed. In 1916 Mr. Anderson invented the Anderson Grinder and a machine shop was added to the pattern shop to manufacture this machine. It is designed for grinding keen-edged tools used by woodworkers. It is easy to operate, simple in adjustment and adapted for both wet and dry grinding. Mr. Anderson is a member of the Skandia Credit Union, the Worcester Chamber of Commerce, the Worcester Employers' Association, and the First Swedish Congregational Church, Salem Square. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Anderson married, in this city, May 4, 1912, Olga Cecilia Pearson, who was born August 13, 1890, daughter of Olof A. and Clara (Nelson) Pearson. They have two children: Doris Gwendolyn, born May 5, 1913; Lloyd Rudolph, born July 9, 1915. Their home is at No. 151 Belmont street.

JOHN ALBEN ALSTEN, President of the Alsten & Goulding Company, dealers in rubber tires, was born in Wolsjo, Sweden, son of Olaf and Annie Alsten. His father learned the trade of wire-drawing, and when still a young man came to this country, in 1885, locating first in Brooklyn, New York. In 1886 he entered the employ of the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Company, and during the remainder of his active life he followed his trade in the wire mills in this city. He retired and is now living on a farm. His family came to this country in 1888 and made their home with him.

Mr. Alsten's education began in the schools of his native place, and continued in the public schools of this city. After leaving school he became a helper or apprentice in the Morgan Spring Company's factory, learning the art of winding springs and manipulating wire, and at the end of two years was counted among the experts in his line of work. He was afterward in the employ of the Iver Johnson Company, manufacturers of firearms and bicycles, in this city, as a machinist on delicate lathe work and gunstock cutting. When the factory was moved to Fitchburg, he went with the concern, but remained for a short time only. He was afterward in the employ of the Forehan Arms Company, located at the corner of Taintor and Gardner streets, until the business was sold to Hopkins & Allen. He was associated with Lud C. Havener in the bicycle business on Main street for a year, and then opened a shop on his own account in Franklin square for bicycle repairing. A year later he was induced to give up his business, and for two years was in the employ of Dunn in the bicycle business, Salem square.

Mr. Alsten again started in business for himself in the same location, Franklin square, having for a partner William Krafee, in the bicycle business, but nine months later moved to No. 212 Main street. After two years in this location the business was again moved to Franklin square. The bicycle repairing business fell off with the decline in popularity of the wheel, and he finally sold out. He retained the tools and fixtures, however, and started a shop in an upper floor of a building with John Watson, but the firm was dissolved the following spring, and in 1897 Mr. Alsten went to work for the Lovell Arms Company in this city, continuing until January 1, 1900, as a mechanic in the repair department.

At that time the firm of Alsten & Goulding was formed. They started business at No. 34 Waldo street. Their repairing business flourished and they were obliged to take larger quarters, moving to No. 36 Foster street, and a year later they leased the other half of the store, adding the second floor of the building the year following and a floor each year until they occupied the entire building. To their original business of repairing bicycles and tires of all kinds, they added a stock of automobile supplies, and became wholesale as well as retail dealers. The firm became a corporation in 1910, Mr. Alsten being president and his partner treasurer; P. G. Morgan, the third director. At the present time the company employs a dozen clerks, salesmen and mechanics, and at times a force of about forty hands has been employed. It is the largest supply house in this line in New England. Mr. Alsten has devoted himself exclusively to this business. He is a member of Central Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Sve Gille Association; The United Commercial Travelers of Worcester; and the Swedish Lutheran Church. In politics he is a Republican.

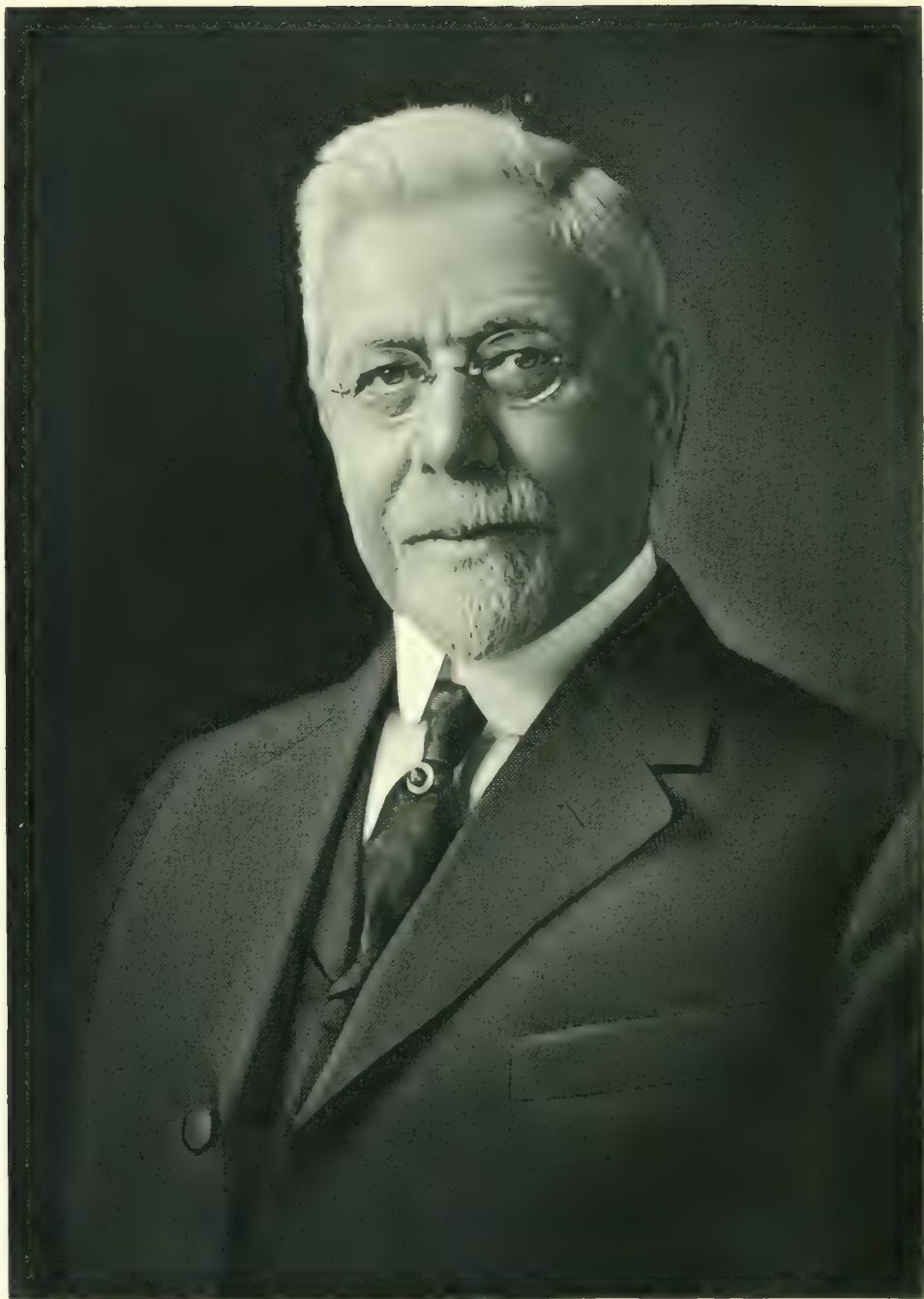
Mr. Alsten married, May 26, 1893, Hannah Berggren Sandin, of Worcester, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Sandin. They have five children: Martha, who married W. C. Cranston, of this city; Aurora, who married F. W. Greene, of this city; Henry Irving, student in Post Business College; Irene T., student; John A. Their home is at No. 17 Andover street.

HORATIO CLARK GOULDING, Treasurer of the Alsten-Goulding Company, was born in this city, April 18, 1876, son of Edwin and Isabelle (Dana) Goulding.

During his youth he attended in succession the public schools on Thomas street, Woodland street, Chandler street and Belmont street. He was as a boy eager to go to sea, and in 1893 he entered the Massachusetts Nautical Training School on the ship "Enterprise," but at the end of two years he decided to return ashore as at that time there was not the opportunity at sea for advancement as at present. He was employed in the tool room of the Spears Manufacturing Company for two years. Afterward he was clerk in a store in the Bay State Building for the same company, then for three years in the sporting goods store of the Lovell Arms Company at the corner of Foster and Main streets, as clerk and traveling salesman. After this firm failed, he entered into partnership with J. A. Alsten, in February 1900, under the firm name of Alsten & Goulding. On account of the growth of the business a corporation was formed in 1910, as is given in the biography of Mr. Alsten.

Mr. Goulding is a member of Central Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; of Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; of Aletheia Grotto, No. 13; of the United Commercial Travelers; the Rotary Club; the Advertising Club; the Re-





Geo. F. Hutchins

tail Credit Men's Association; Automobile Club; and the Massachusetts Alumni Association of the Nautical School. He is an attendant of the First Universalist Church. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Goulding married, November 23, 1899, Pearl Charlotte Adams, of Guilford, Vermont, daughter of Simeon and Mary Jane (Squares) Adams. Children: Dorothy, born October 9, 1900; Donald Clarke, born December 13, 1906.

Edwin Goulding, father of Horatio C. Goulding, was born in this city, April 3, 1844, died in May, 1907. He was a machinist by trade, employed in the Spears Machine Shop, for Prentice Brothers, as tool maker; in the Burlingame shop and in the envelope factory of John A. Sherman, making envelope machinery. He enlisted in Company D, Fifteenth Regiment, Volunteer Infantry, in the Civil War; was mustered into service, February 6, 1862, at the age of eighteen; was wounded in the back in the battle of Gettysburg. He re-enlisted, February 15, 1864, and was transferred to Company G, Twentieth Regiment, serving to the end of the war. He married Isabelle Dana, of Killingly, Connecticut. Besides the son, Horatio C., they had a daughter who died in infancy.

Peter Goulding, father of Edwin Goulding, was born in Holden, March 30, 1810; married Melinda Hubbard. He built a house at No. 28 Hanover street in this city. He was at one time owner of what is now the Hudson Belting Company. He had sons: Edwin, Mark and John, and a daughter Ella. His father, Clark Goulding, is given in the Early Settlers. His line is: Peter (5), Clark (4), Peter (3), Palmer (2), Peter (1). His brother, Henry Goulding, was a manufacturer of woolen machinery; was selectman of the town; president of Mechanics Bank; built the mansion at No. 26 Harvard street; his son, William H. Goulding, founded the drug store later owned by E. D. Buffington.

GEORGE FRANCIS HUTCHINS, Superintendent of the L. J. Knowles & Brother's Loom Works from 1873 to 1885, general superintendent of the Knowles Loom Works from 1885 to 1897, general superintendent of Crompton & Knowles Loom Works from 1897 to 1917, was born in Hepburn, Pennsylvania, October 5, 1841, son of Charles and Harriet N. (Hunt) Hutchins. He came naturally by the talents that he has utilized so ingeniously and profitably in the development of the loom mechanism, to which he has mainly directed his energies throughout his long career. His father and his father's brothers were mechanics of exceptional skill and inventive ability.

Charles Hutchins, father of George F. Hutchins, was born in Biddeford, Maine, June 7, 1814, son of John and Hannah (Stacy) Hutchins, and descended through both paternal and maternal lines from sturdy farmers and mariners of the original pioneer stock. An accident in early life, when he was a lad of ten, proved to be the turning point of his career and consequently in those of his sons. He was saved from drowning by Jarvis Manly, a prominent contractor of Pennsylvania, engaged at that time in the manufacture of heavy machinery, and it was natural for the man to take special interest in the future career of the boy, taking him under his patronage and a few years later giving him the training as a mechanic that developed him in the line of his greatest ability. In the employ of Mr. Manly for a number of years, Charles Hutchins was engaged in setting up machinery and installing rolling mills in different parts of the country. In the early thirties, still in the employ of Mr. Manly, he came to East Douglas to set up improved machinery for cutting bar iron in the famous old Douglas Axe Works. In 1834 he returned to Hepburn, Pennsylvania, and remained there until 1846, when he again came to the Douglas Axe Works as master mechanic, a position he filled to the end of his life. As an inventor he was one of the foremost contributors to the improvement of machinery for manufacturing axes and many of his devices have been in constant use to the present day. The greater part of his life was spent in designing and perfecting machines for manufacturing axes. It was while experimenting on a new buzz-wheel that he lost his life. The wheel burst under the strain and he was fatally injured by one of the fragments. He died a few hours later, April 11, 1867. He was a man of blameless character, a useful citizen, serving as representative in the General Court, active in the church and Sunday school, of which he was superintendent, prominent in the temperance movement, of attractive personality, gifted as an inventor, persistent, indefatigable, determined, his life was cut short in the midst of his usefulness.

He married, at East Douglas, November 2, 1834, Harriet Newell Hunt, a native of that town, born November 21, 1814, the youngest of six children of Deacon Oliver and Phebe (Balcom) Hunt. Her father and his brother Joseph were the founders of the axe industry in Douglas in 1795. Their business was incorporated in 1835 as the Douglas Axe Company and became the leading concern in this line of business in the United States. Her brother, Deacon Warren Hunt, who succeeded his father in the business, was for many years the foremost citizen of East Douglas. Deacon Oliver Hunt was

the sixth generation of the family in this country. His father, Ezekiel Hunt, was a soldier in the Revolution, from Douglas, in Captain Job Knapp's company and served in various other companies, mainly in Rhode Island. His father, also Ezekiel Hunt, was born in Ipswich, July 15, 1710, and died there December 12, 1747, son of Sergeant William and Sarah (Newman) Hunt, and grandson of Samuel and Elizabeth (Redding) Hunt. The pioneer of the family, father of this Samuel, last mentioned, was born in Halifax, Yorkshire, England, in 1604, son of Robert Hunt, and came to this country before 1635, locating in Concord, removing later to Marlborough, where he died in 1667. Through all her ancestry, paternal and maternal, the mother of George Francis Hutchins was descended from the original English Colonial stock, settling the colonies of Massachusetts and Plymouth before 1650.

The family returned to East Douglas from Hepburn when George F. Hutchins was a lad of five years, and his education began in the public schools of Douglas. He completed the high school course at the age of seventeen. He was already a well-trained machinist, for his vacations and spare hours, when free from studies, had been devoted to work in the axe factory in which his father was the master mechanic. After a year or more under his father, he accepted a position in the shop of Harrington & Heald, in Millbury, manufacturers of bayonets. A year later, at the beginning of the Civil War, when the demand of the government for firearms suddenly increased far beyond the facilities of the manufacturers, he went to Boston, where he was employed in the manufacture of Spencer rifles in the old Chickering building at the South end. Under the supervision of an old German artisan, who had been trained to the utmost exactness in work, Mr. Hutchins acquired the skill, precision and thoroughness that ever afterward characterized his mechanical work and doubtless contributed to his success as an inventor. Under the strain of overwork, extra hours and constant pressure in this busy plant, Mr. Hutchins broke down and had to go home, where he spent a year or more regaining his health.

In the fall of 1862 he enlisted as drummer boy of Company I in the Fifty-First Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, commanded by Colonel Augustus B. R. Sprague. This company was composed of men from Douglas and Grafton; the regiment was raised in Worcester county in the fall of 1862 and went to the front in November. Colonel Sprague's command was assigned to duty at Newbern, North Carolina, under General Foster, and took part in the battle of Whitehall in the following month. At White Oak Creek the regiment was again in action in the same month. The companies were later distributed along the railroad between Newbern and Morehead City on guard duty and Company I under Captain Thayer was detailed to guard the line of communication in Newport, South Carolina, and vicinity. In May the regiment returned to Newbern and after remaining in the old barracks from May 4 to 22, went into camp near the junction of the Trent and Neuse rivers, at Camp Darlington. Late in June Colonel Sprague with his regiment sailed for Fortress Monroe, leaving behind 183 sick men and proceeded to White House, Virginia. Soon after the regiment had returned to Fortress Monroe, Colonel Sprague offered the services of his command to the government for additional service as the term of enlistment was about to expire at the critical time of the war when the Confederates were taking the offensive in Maryland and Pennsylvania; the Fifty-first regiment was transported to Baltimore and assigned to the defenses at this point. The ravages of malaria, the hardships of forced marches and other strenuous duty reduced the regiment to 275 effective men. Though Mr. Hutchins remained on duty throughout the eleven months that the regiment served, he contracted malaria and came home a physical wreck. It took a year for him to struggle back to a condition for any kind of labor. He finally went back to work in the Douglas Axe Factory as a machinist. At that time he was a good machinist and was receiving the maximum wages he could expect at his trade, but he was ambitious for something better. While assisting a civil engineer in laying out the cemetery at Douglas, he learned that he received seven dollars a day; his own wages were but a fraction of that amount, and after considering the matter seriously he resolved to abandon the factory and study civil engineering. The bounty money he had received at the time of enlistment, together with a few hundred dollars he had saved, he decided to spend on education, and he entered a Technical Training School at Providence, Rhode Island, studying higher mathematics and civil engineering. By the most rigid economy he managed to make his funds last until he had completed the course in two years. At that time the beginners in the offices of surveyors and civil engineers were usually paid nothing, but Mr. Hutchins was allowed the munificent salary of four dollars a week because of his value as a machinist, and his duties included the care and repairs of the instruments of his employers, Cushing & DeWitt, of Providence. In a few years, however, he, too, was getting the coveted seven dollars a day that had attracted him into this profession. But the work was not steady and he sought a better field. There was a demand for surveyors in the West, where much railroad construc-

tion was under way, and he completed his plans to go there. He went home for a week's visit, and during that week the accident that caused his father's death upset his plans for the future and again changed his occupation. The dying request of his father was that he remain at home and take care of his mother as long as she lived. This he promised to do. The agent of the Douglas Axe Company gave him the position of master mechanic of the works, made vacant by his father's sudden death. He filled the position with credit, but when his mother died, about four years later, he made plans to resume work as a civil engineer and surveyor. Then came an unexpected opportunity to engage in another business. L. J. Knowles & Brother had moved their shop to Worcester and were perfecting the loom which the senior partner had invented and they needed a competent foreman and expert machinist to take charge of the shop and assist in the perfection of the loom. Mr. Hutchins was offered this position and accepted it.

He came to Worcester in February, 1873, and his connection with the Loom Works has been continuous since that time. He proved to be the right man in the right place; he put into form the ideas of the loom inventor and from time to time contributed devices and improvements of his own. While Mr. Lucius J. Knowles lived he was his right-hand man, foreman and superintendent of the factory, constantly engaged in developing new models and perfecting and inventing many new features relating to looms. He has taken out no less than ninety-six patents all relating to the loom industry and most of them are in use at the present time. Under his supervision he has seen the business grow from a small beginning employing about 50 men to a large business employing 2500. At the present time, having retired from the active management of the works, he is giving all his attention to the further development of this industry.

Mr. Hutchins was made a member of Solomon's Temple Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of Uxbridge, Massachusetts, when about twenty-five years of age and is still a member of that lodge. He also has the distinguished honor of being a Thirty-third degree Mason. He is a communicant of All Saints, Protestant Episcopal Church, of which he was a vestryman for many years. When a young man he sang in the choir. He was a teacher in the Sunday school of St. Matthew's Church, having a class of boys for six or seven years. At the time the old building of the Young Men's Christian Association was erected he was one of the collectors and contributors and raised a substantial sum. He is a member of The American Society of Mechanical Engineers, the Worcester Club, the Tatnuck Country Club, Worcester Country Club, the Commonwealth Club, the Worcester Chamber of Commerce, and the Worcester Mechanics Association. In politics always a Republican, he has been urged to accept public office, but on account of the burdens and responsibilities at the works, uniformly refused.

Mr. Hutchins married (first), December 28, 1869, Annie Louise Bodkin, a daughter of Washington Lee and Catherine (Harper) Bodkin, of Alexandria, Virginia. She died June 3, 1874, and he married (second) May 12, 1875, Edna Porter Fairbanks, a daughter of Franklin and Susan (Stewart) Fairbanks. She died August 30, 1884, and he married (third) June 12, 1889, Jennie Maria Kettell, daughter of James and Sarah J. (Metcalf) Kettell, of Worcester. Children by first wife: 1. Charles Francis, a director of the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works, and one of the proprietors of the Standard Foundry; married Helen Julia Wheeler, daughter of Marcellus and Julia (Sheldon) Wheeler, of Rutland, Vermont; children: Helen Julia, George Francis and Charles Wheeler. 2. William Lee, who was accidentally killed at the age of twenty-seven years while launching a boat, was at the time of his death in charge of the Providence branch of the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works; he married Nettie Ella Willis, daughter of Samuel and Clara (Thayer) Willis; children: Francis Willis, at present private in United States army, and Harriet. Children by second wife: 3. Dr. Henry Talbot, graduate of Amherst College and of the medical department of Johns Hopkins University; he specialized in Gynecological Surgery and after two years at the Hospital in Baltimore and six months abroad, he located in Boston; he is Major M. C. with American Expeditionary Force in France; married Else Hardenburgh, daughter of Charles and Mary (Lee) Hardenburgh, of Minneapolis, Minnesota; children: Mary Lee, Margaret and Jane. 4. Edwin Donald, died at the age of fourteen years. Child by third wife: 5. Richard Kettell, previously employed in the carpet department of Crompton & Knowles Loom Works; at present he is lieutenant 303rd F. A. with American Expeditionary Force in France, married Florence Brakeley, daughter of Philip F. H. and Mary K. (Smith) Brakeley; child, Richard Brakeley.

ERIC KNUTSON, Publisher of Skandinavia, was born in Halland, Sweden, December 28, 1852, and died in this city, December 21, 1904. He was educated in Sweden. He came to Worcester in 1882, and in August, 1886, established the Skandinavia, a weekly newspaper, which in time became one of the leading journals of the Swedish language in this country. He was active in all the leading Swedish organizations and

one of the best known and most popular men of Swedish birth. He belonged to the Svea Gille, the Gesang Verein, the Frohsinns and other clubs and societies.

Mr. Knutson married in Providence, Rhode Island, June 23, 1897, Lina Uhrbom, daughter of John H. and Caroline (Sjoberg) Uhrbom. Her father lived and died in Sweden; he was an electrical engineer. Mr. and Mrs. Knutson had one daughter, Elsa K. Knutson, born May 11, 1898, now a student in Sargent's Physical Culture School, Boston.

Mrs. Knutson became the publisher of Skandinavia after her husband died, and managed the printing business and the newspaper with unbroken success for several years. (See history of newspapers in this work). She is a member of the Svea Gille, the Ladies' Society of the First Swedish Church (Lutheran). Mrs. Knutson learned the English language after coming to this country at the age of twenty-four, joining her brother, Carl Uhrbom, who was then living in this city. She resides at No. 38 Orne street.

NARCISSE J. LA VIGNE, Business man, is a member of a family who traces in France back to the Napoleonic wars, when they were banished to Canada. Narcisse J. is a son of Narcisse J. (1) La Vigne, who married Arneline DeLorme, daughter of Narcisse and Philomene (Lamoureux) DeLorme. Narcisse DeLorme was a bootmaker, but later was in the nickel plating business with his son George. He was the father of Narcisse, Arneline, Delia, George, Lydia, Louis, Elizabeth, Emma, Joseph, and Flora. Narcisse J. (1) La Vigne was a last maker, but later was engaged in mercantile business as a drygoods and shoe merchant. He married Arneline DeLorme, and they were the parents of eleven children: Narcisse J. (2), of further mention; George, Napoleon, Alma, Arthur, Albert, Wilfred, Walter, Cora, Oscar and Henry.

Narcisse J. La Vigne was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, and educated in the parochial and grammar schools of Worcester. At the age of seventeen he began work as a printer, his first employer being Kirschner & Son, of Worcester. He did not remain with that firm but a few months, leaving to enter the employ of W. A. Cheney, with whom he remained twelve years, becoming thoroughly familiar with every detail of the printing business. During this period he was also part owner of a newspaper and confectionery store, but soon bought his partner out and was sole owner. After twelve years with Mr. Cheney he bought out Kirschner & Son, and now has a prosperous printing establishment, located on Federal street.

A Republican in politics, Mr. La Vigne has taken active part in city politics, was a member of the City Committee in 1897, 1898, 1899, representing his ward. Was elected alderman-at-large, and served in that office in 1917-18-19. For years he has been a member of the Chamber of Commerce, Worcester Rotary Club, Typothetie, Advertising Club, United Commercial Travelers' Association; president of the Franco-American Dispensary; member of the Catholic Order of Foresters, Ward Four Naturalization Club; Improved Order of Red Men; societies of St. Jean de Baptiste of America, and is a communicant of St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church.

Mr. La Vigne married, in Worcester, October 8, 1900, Georgianna Roberts, born in St. Mary, Canada, in 1877, daughter of Theophile Roberts, a wheelwright. Mr. and Mrs. La Vigne are the parents of three children: Thelma, born July 18, 1902, now a student in high school; Robert, born December 18, 1904, and Germaine, born March 31, 1906; the two younger now in grammar school.

PARNAG ADAM ADAMIAN, Physician, surgeon, was born in Aintab, Armenia, August 28, 1869, son of Adam and Khatoun (Nazarian) Adamian. He graduated from the Central Turkey College, Aintab, in 1897, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts and practiced law for a time before coming to this country. He entered the Episcopal Theological School at Cambridge, Massachusetts, graduating in 1901 with the degree of Bachelor of Divinity, and afterward became a student in the Harvard Medical School, from which he graduated in 1906 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. In 1912 he received from Odesa University the honorary degree of Doctor of Science.

Dr. Adamian has practiced medicine in Boston since 1905, and in this city since 1912, and was professor of pathology in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Boston, from 1908 to 1917. He is now entering upon the third profession that he has followed in this country, that of law. In 1917 he graduated from a law school and is preparing to practice law in Worcester. Many Armenians have need of legal advice and services, especially in the probate courts, owing to the European war. His knowledge of Armenian law is of special value in settling the estates of persons dying in this country, or in the United States service. His law practice is in the nature of a contribution to the public service of his own country and of the United States.

Dr. Adamian is a member of the Massachusetts Medical Society; the Armenian Apostolic Church, and all the other Armenian clubs and societies of this city; the Har-

yard Mumm Association. He was formerly chairman of the Central Commission of Armenian Churches of the United States. His office and residence are at No. 55 Laurel street, in this city. His Boston office is at No. 181 Harrison avenue.

He married, December 25, 1912, Haiganoish Shaninian, daughter of Gabriel, of Smyrna, Turkey. They have two children: 1. Parouhi, born January 10, 1914. 2. Parnag, born May 17, 1916.

His father, Adam Adamian, was born in Aintab, and lived there all his life; a merchant; prominent in business and public life, serving on the government council; died there. His widow came to this city and lived with her son; died here May 14, 1916. They had six children, of whom two are living: 1. Ebrouhi, came with her mother to Worcester in 1909, married Nazaret Panjarsian, a boot and shoe manufacturer of Middleborough, Massachusetts, and has four children: Jacob, Lucy, Mary and Krikor, all born in Aintab. 2. Parnag Adam, mentioned above.

GUSTAVE LEONARD STENBERG, President of Stenberg & Company, Incorporated, interior decorators, was born in Helsingborg, Sweden, July 25, 1853, son of Johan Stenberg, who was born near Helsingborg, Sweden. He was a tailor by trade. He married Katrina Sofia, who died in Boston at the age of forty-eight years. He died in Boston at the age of sixty-two years. They had eleven children, of whom the following are living: Mary, married J. Tjernblom, deceased, and she resides in Cambridge, Massachusetts; Blenda, of Cambridge; Clara, of Cambridge; Gertrude, married Fred Ladd, of Quincy, Massachusetts; Gustave L., and Franz.

Gustave L. Stenberg received his education in his native city, graduating from the third class in the preparatory school for college in Helsingborg. He came to this country in June, 1869, joining his father who came two years earlier. He was accompanied by his mother and her other children. The father located in Boston and engaged in business there as a custom tailor. Gustave L. worked for four years for an interior decorator in Boston. He came to this city in 1893 and has been in business since then, locating first in a store on Pleasant street; afterward his place of business for several years was at No. 4 Elm street, and since 1913 at the present location, No. 6 Walnut street. His brother Franz is associated in business with him in a corporation known as Stenberg & Company, Inc. The brothers have enjoyed the best of work in their line and have held a place among the leading decorators in this section of the State. Mr. Stenberg is a member of Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; the Worcester Continentals; the Worcester Commercial Travelers' Association; Commonwealth Club; the Swedish Masonic Club; Swedish Engineers' Club; Worcester Rotary Club; Piedmont Congregational Church. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Stenberg married, November 28, 1878, in Cambridge, Jennie Albertina Danielson, daughter of Gustaf and Anna Catrina Danielson. They have one son, Franklin Harold, born October 14, 1890, married Julia Estes.

SELDEN BICKFORD LIBBY, Manager of the Libby Electric Company, was born in Deblois, Maine, September 1, 1865. He attended the public schools there until he was fifteen years of age, when he entered the Providence Polytechnic School, Providence, Rhode Island. After leaving school in 1882, he entered the employ of the American Bell Telephone Company, working for several years at various places in New York State, and for seven years at the central station in Haverhill, Massachusetts, as superintendent of the Haverhill Electric Company. From this position he was transferred to that of superintendent of the Boston Industrial Company. After ten years he resigned his position with this company in Boston to become superintendent of the electric plant of the north works of the American Steel and Wire Company in Worcester. Thence he went to the Carpenter Steel Works at Reading, Pennsylvania, of which he was superintendent of electrical works for two years. Mr. Libby returned to Worcester in 1907 and engaged in his present business under the name of the Libby Electrical Company, of which he is manager. The concern is engaged in general electrical business, electrical construction and supplies, agents for General Electrical Company motors and lamps; dealers in new and second hand dynamos, motors and gasoline engines, shafting, pulleys, hangers and belting. The place of business is No. 100 Mechanic street, corner of Union street. Mr. Libby is a member of ——— Council, Royal Arcanum, of this city. He takes his recreation in out-door sports and is especially devoted to baseball.

Mr. Libby married at Haverhill, Massachusetts, October 30, 1888, Lucy Emma Barton, who was born at Pembroke, Maine, August 4, 1866, daughter of Alonzo and Mary Ann (Pineo) Barton. Her father died at the age of fifty-four years; her mother at sixty-nine. Mr. and Mrs. Libby reside at No. 8 Dodge avenue. They have one child, Royal Barton, born October 30, 1889, graduate of the Worcester Classical High School, student for two years of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, now lieutenant in the Ordnance Department, stationed at the Raritan Arsenal, New Jersey.

Mr. Libby's father, Daniel Farnsworth Libby, was born in Baddington, Maine, September 5, 1826, and died at the age of seventy-nine at Deblois, Maine. He was a millwright. He married Caroline Amelia Joy, who was born October 20, 1826, at Gouldsboro, Maine, and died at Deblois, aged eighty-one years. They had the following children: Floristine; Artel, deceased, leaving a son Harry, of Columbia Falls, Maine; Judith Abigail, deceased; Alma E., lives in Seattle, Washington; Howard Joy, resides at Columbia Falls, Maine, and has one son; Earl, engaged in the electrical business in Lynn, Massachusetts; Mary Ada, deceased; Selden Bickford, mentioned above.

CHARLES O. JOHNSON, Manufacturer of wire, head of the firm of C. O. Johnson & Sons, was born in Orebro City, Sweden, August 3, 1866, son of John O. and Cathrina (Malstrom) Johnson. John O. Johnson was born in Sweden in 1838; came to this country with his family in 1883, and has been employed since then in the wire mills of the city; he is now with the Spencer Wire Company. He resides at No. 21 Coes street. He married Cathrina Malstrom. They had four children. Besides the son there were three daughters: Amanda, Emily, and Anna, who married John Basstrom, now of New York City.

Charles O. Johnson received his education in the schools of his native place, and learned the trade of cabinet-maker there. He worked at this trade as apprentice and journeyman from the time he left school until he came to this country. He came to this city, May 6, 1883, among the early Swedish settlers, and his first employment, like most of his countrymen, was in the wire works of the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Company. He became a wire-drawer and in the course of time was made foreman of the fine wire department. In 1904 he resigned to accept a similar position in the works of the Spencer Wire Company, for which he organized the fine wire department, making card wire, rope wire and other special kinds of wire. He continued as foreman of this department until May 1, 1917. After resigning he engaged in the business of manufacturing wire at No. 22 Lakewood street under the firm name of C. O. Johnson & Sons. His sons, Charles D. and Bernard A., are his partners. The factory is now under construction on a spacious lot at Jamesville Station and will be ready for occupancy early in 1918. Mr. Johnson is a member of the Scandia Credit Union and one of its board of directors. In politics he is a Republican. He is chairman of the deacons and superintendent of the Sunday school of the First Swedish Congregational Church and also vice-president of the society.

Mr. Johnson married, June 25, 1885, Emma Matilda Bengson. Their home is at No. 22 Lakewood street. They have four children: Charles D. and Bernard A., now in partnership with their father in the firm of C. O. Johnson & Sons; Florence H., graduate of the Domestic Science School; George G., now a student in the High School.

MATTHEW NIGOHOS NAHIGAN, Physician and Surgeon, was born in Harpoot, Turkey, (Armenia), January 28, 1876, son of Nigochos and Sirpoochi (Rustigian) Nahigan. He attended private schools in his native city, the missionary school and the Euphrates College at Harpoot. He came to this country and located in Worcester in 1895. For several years he worked in various factories. For some time he was employed in a cordage factory in Newburyport, Massachusetts, at five dollars a week. He worked in Boston and Hartford. In April, 1898, he enlisted in Company C, First Connecticut Regiment, Volunteer Infantry; served through the Spanish War, and received an honorable discharge at the end of the war.

Returning to Hartford he entered the Hartford High School, and at the same time worked for his former employer during his spare time for fifteen cents an hour in the Woven Wire Mattress factory. He graduated from the high school in 1902. Though in debt \$80 at that time, he had paid \$125 of debts during his high school course and he entered Yale College determined to work his way through. After a year in the academic department, however, he became a student in the Yale Medical School in 1903, graduating in 1907, with the degree of doctor of medicine. He then became an interne in the Seaton Hospital, New York City. Subsequently he took a graduate course in Harvard Medical School. He began to practice in this city in 1908, and has continued here to the present time. His office is at No. 26 Lincoln street.

Dr. Nahigan is intensely interested in public affairs. Until 1912 he was a Republican. He followed Colonel Roosevelt in the Progressive party movement, and was one of the most active leaders in the campaigns of 1912 and 1913. He is a member of the Church of the Martyrs and its treasurer. He is surgeon of Col. E. R. Shumway Camp, No. 28, United Spanish War Veterans.

Dr. Nahigan's father and mother were both natives of Harpoot. His father was self-educated, studying at night, acquiring a knowledge of English, and fitting himself so well that he became a teacher at Harpoot. He came to this city in 1876, and

was employed for ten years in the Crompton Loom Works. He returned to Harpoot in 1886, and engaged in business as a banker and broker. Both he and his wife were massacred by the Turks in Harpoot. He was seventy-five years old; his wife was sixty-six.

ALFRED WEBSTER ROSE, Accountant, was born January 31, 1829, in Bridge-water, New York, son of Abraham and Margaret (Edwards) Rose.

He lived in his native town until 1853, when he went West and was employed for a number of years as cashier of one of the largest dry goods stores in Milwaukee, Wisconsin. He came to this city in 1861, and for a period of twenty-nine years he was accountant and paymaster at the Albert Curtis Woolen Mill, which was located on the present site of the power plant of the Worcester Electric Light Company on Webster street. For the past eighteen years he has been retired. He is a Democrat in politics, casting his first vote for Franklin Pierce for president and voting since then for every Democratic presidential nominee. He is a member of Worcester Lodge, No. 56, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, which he joined in 1874; Canton, Worcester, the Worcester County Odd Fellows Relief Association. He filled the various chairs of the Encampment. He was formerly a member of Worcester Lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; and the Worcester Continentals. His home is at No. 4 Crown street.

Mr. Rose married Sarah E. Eaton, and they had two children: 1. Marion H., graduate of Smith College (A. B., 1884), now a teacher in the High School of Commerce. 2. Lydia H. (deceased) married Walter H. Allen, and had two children: Walter A. Allen, graduate of Beloit College and of Yale University (B. S., 1917), professor of Pomona College, Claremont, California; and Marguerite R. Allen, graduate of Miss Wheelock's School, Boston, now teaching in Los Angeles, California.

HELEN A. GOODSPEED, Physician and surgeon, was born in Southbridge, Massachusetts, in 1844, and died in this city, January 23, 1913. She attended the public schools of Webster, Massachusetts, and Putnam, Connecticut. At the age of twenty years she began the study of medicine in the office of Dr. Manning, a woman physician of Norwich, Connecticut. Thence she went to New York City and became a student in the New York Eclectic Medical School, from which she graduated in 1870. In the same year she located in this city, where she practiced medicine to the time of her death. She was a member of the Massachusetts State Eclectic Society, which she represented at the medical congress at the World's Fair in Chicago. She made a valuable and interesting collection of Japanese curios, and had a library of unusual quality. She bequeathed liberally to Clark University and the Art Museum.

ALBERT B. F. KINNEY, Merchant, was born in Barnston, Stanstead county, Canada, 1831, and died in Worcester, July 1, 1912. He had a common school education in his native place. At the age of eighteen he came to Lawrence, Massachusetts, and engaged in business with a brother; afterward he went to Portland, Maine, becoming a salesman for the Dillingham Paper Company until 1873, when he came to this city and entered the employ of Blackmer & Davis, brokers. He eventually became a partner in this firm and the name became Blackmer & Kinney. The place of business was at No. 12 Front street, later at No. 44 Front street. After moving to these larger quarters the firm extended its business to include firearms, ammunition and all other kinds of sporting goods. In 1901 larger quarters became necessary, and the business was moved to No. 539 Main street, Chester W. Doten becoming a partner at that time and the name of the firm being A. B. F. Kinney & Company. He continued active in business to the time of his death.

The Worcester Magazine said of him: "As a rule one does not associate with the same name a person who has gained equal recognition in the affairs of the church and sporting world. But in the achievements of Mr. Kinney this is true to the last letter of the word. His interest and work, financially and otherwise, in the progress of the Methodist faith in Worcester and the county at large made him one of the most widely known laymen in New England. At the same time his love for the open country and all that goes with it for sport—hunting, fishing and trapping—brought him recognition as one of the most experienced and best informed sportsmen in the East. In his death Trinity Church and kindred organizations of Worcester lose one of the leaders, a man who not only gave time, energy and strength to broaden the church field in the heart of the Commonwealth, but who came forward with financial aid at times when additional funds were necessary to carry the church organizations over the crisis in their early lives.

"Probably one of the best examples of the loyalty and labor of Mr. Kinney in his
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church work was his activity in the Worcester Methodist Mission and Church Extension Society. Accepting the presidency of this organization in 1891, after repeated solicitation and urging on the part of other church workers in the city, he carried on the work to such a successful end that three churches were built, at a cost of \$46,000, one each in Leicester, Lake View and on Park Avenue; dedicated and then turned over to the Methodist General Conference entirely free of debt. As president of that group of church officials banded together to increase the holdings of the Methodist Church in America by \$20,000,000 to pay off church indebtedness and erect new churches, he stimulated the local field to such an extent that Trinity M. E. Church reduced its debt from \$18,000 to \$8,000 in two years and is now entirely free from debt. As a member of the Methodist General Conference and the World's Methodist Home Mission Board he had opportunity to assist in the national extension work of the church society.

"Some idea of the many associations which he had in the sporting world and the value placed on his knowledge of the hunt may be secured from the fact that he had a record of being either a president or member of the executive committee of fifty-two different sporting organizations throughout the United States."

JAMES A. HEALEY, JR., Sealer of weights and measures of the city of Worcester, was born in New Bedford, Massachusetts, September 6, 1880. He was educated in the public schools of this city, and graduated from the English High School. He was afterward, for fourteen years, engaged in the plumbing business here. After a civil service examination he was appointed deputy sealer of weights and measures in 1914, and in the following year to his present office as sealer of weights and measures of the City of Worcester. This department is of great importance in regulating the standards of weights and measures, effectually preventing fraudulent methods by unscrupulous merchants in weighing goods and measuring. There are two assistants in the office. These deputies, Charles Ross and Patrick A. Nolan, co-operate with the chief and the department is constantly on the alert, making the rounds of the city for inspection and standardizing weights and measures and regulating all kinds of weighing machines. The office is at No. 2 City Hall. The office of sealer of weights and measures is as old as the New England town meeting, where it was established. Mr. Healey is at present second vice-president of the Massachusetts Sealers Association. He is a communicant of St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church, and a member of Alhambra Council, Knights of Columbus.

Mr. Healey married, in this city, February 6, 1918, Marion I Creeden, who was born in Lewiston, Maine, in 1887.

James A. Healey, Sr., was born in Cork, Ireland, and came with his parents to this country when an infant. He attended the public schools, and learned the tailor's trade in New York City; removed to New Bedford, Massachusetts, and finally to this city, where he died in 1901. He enlisted in the Sixty-ninth New York Regiment, Volunteer Infantry, in the Civil War, and later in the Second Pennsylvania Cavalry Regiment, serving through the Civil War, taking part in the battles of Fredericksburg, the siege of Petersburg and other important engagements. Mary A. (Ronayne) Healey, his wife, was born in London, England, and came with her parents to this city when a young child. Mr. and Mrs. James A. Healey, Sr., had three children: A daughter, died in infancy; Alice M., now living with her mother in this city; and James A., Jr. The Healey family lived in Cork, Ireland, for many generations.

SIMON VARTON PAZEIAN, Dentist, was born August 15, 1870, in Van, Armenia, and living there until he was twenty-five years of age, graduated in 1887 from the high school of his native place. Afterward, from 1888 to 1895, he was a teacher in this school, giving instruction in physics, geography and the local languages. In October, 1895, he came to this country, and after spending a short time in New York City and Boston made his home in Worcester. For four years he was employed in the wire mills of the American Steel & Wire Company. In 1902 he became a student in Tufts College, but left that institution to study his profession in the Harvard Dental School, from which he graduated in 1905 with the degree of D. M. D. Since then he has been practicing dentistry at 183 Main street, in this city. In politics he is a Republican; in religion a Congregationalist.

Dr. Pazeian married, in this city, January 28, 1911, Rose Der Kervorkin, who was born in Van, Armenia. Her parents escaped to Egypt after the first massacre in Armenia and died there. Dr. and Mrs. Pazeian have three children: 1. Alice, born November 30, 1911. 2. Isabelle, born December 12, 1912. 3. Bessie, born April 18, 1915.

Vartan Pazeian, father of Dr. Pazeian, was born in Van, Armenia, and died there in 1887, aged fifty years; was a well-to-do farmer; later an itinerant preacher; married Bessie Bazigian, who died in this city, August 6, 1916. They had four children:



James A. Healey



Simon V., mentioned above; Mooshegh, baker in this city, served one year in the Russian army; Sedrag, died in this city, December, 1917; Helen, married Dr. Arshag Der Margosian, of Providence, Rhode Island.

HERMAN STAKE, Vice-president and general manager of the Economic Machinery Company, was born in Norway. He came to this country when five years old and located in this city with his parents. He attended the public schools of this city, leaving at the age of thirteen years. After working in various machine shops of Worcester, he then entered the employ of the Economic Machinery Company in 1906. He won rapid promotion and since 1916 has been vice-president. This company was organized by Frank O. Woodland and Horatio Gates in the year 1901. Frank O. Woodland died in the year 1916. After his death the business was reorganized to continue the manufacture of labeling machines that he invented. The company now has the largest business of this line of machinery in the world, employing one hundred and twenty-five hands. Its principal business is the making of the four types of labeling machines, the World Automatic Rotary Labeler, the World Labeler Improved, the World Labeler Junior, the World Can Labeler, covering practically all the uses to which automatic labeling machines can be used for bottles, cans and other purposes, but the company manufactures under various patents other automatic labeling machinery for special purposes. Daniel W. Gurnett, of Boston, is president of the company, and Edward B. Moor, of Worcester, is secretary and treasurer.

CARL JOHAN ROLANDER, Responsible and respected merchant of Worcester, in which city he has lived for thirty-four years, was born at Nora, Sweden, January 28, 1864, the son of Johan and Johanna (Anderson) Rolander, both natives of Sweden, in which country the former was born on August 27, 1828, and the latter in August, 1834.

Carl J. Rolander was educated in the public schools of his native town. He came to America in the year 1883, and since June 2, 1883, has resided and worked in Worcester. At the outset he found employment with the Worcester firm of Washburn & Moen, remaining with that company until 1887, when he entered the employ of Prentice Brothers, of Worcester. For twenty-three years he was foreman of the machine shop of Prentice Brothers, and during the period became a man of substantial means. In February, 1911, he formed association with Carl J. Ekstedt for the purpose of engaging in retail merchandising, in the branches of shoes and jewelry. In 1914 Mr. Ekstedt sold his interest to Charles J. Larson, the firm being now Rolander & Larson; the partners opened a retail store at No. 231 Main street, Worcester, where the company has since conducted a satisfactory and increasing business, dealing exclusively in hats and shoes.

Mr. Rolander has for many years taken active interest in community affairs, and has, particularly, been prominently identified in American organizations composed chiefly of citizens of Swedish birth or antecedents; he has been a director of the Swedish National Federation, and is a past president of the Swedish Charitable Association; and he has held like executive office in the John Ericson Lodge, of the Order of Vasa, of which organization he is at present district grand master of Massachusetts, District Lodge, No. 2. In municipal matters Mr. Rolander has concerned himself for many years, and his popularity with the voters and his standing in the city has influenced the voters to elect him to city office on more than one occasion; he has been a member of the Common Council of the city of Worcester, as a representative of Ward No. 6, since 1915; and at the general election of December, 1917, he was elected a member of the Board of Alderman by a handsome majority. His prominent identification with political affairs of Worcester dates back to 1900, in which year he first became a member of the Republican City Committee, from Ward No. 4. Among the fraternal organizations with which Mr. Rolander is affiliated are the Order of Vasa, before mentioned; the Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; the Thule Lodge of Odd Fellows; and the Massasoit Tribe of Redmen.

Carl J. Rolander is one of five brothers, all now responsible United States citizens, and successful men of business. Three of his brothers, Pehr G., Victor E. and Emil T., reside in Worcester, and one, Oscar A., is in business in New York City. One sister, Albertina Olivia, has remained in Sweden.

On September 10, 1887, at Worcester, Mr. Rolander married Agda M. Bergstrom, who was born in Sweden, January 7, 1861. She is the daughter of John W. and Anna B. (Ramstedt) Bergstrom, both natives of Sweden, where both died, the former in 1864, and the latter in 1873. Mr. and Mrs. Rolander have two children: 1. Mabel Florence, born September 3, 1888; a graduate of the Worcester public school, the English High School, and Beckers Business College of Worcester; she married Emanuel Bergland, October 26, 1910. 2. Oscar Albin, born August 28, 1890; attended the Worcester public

schools, eventually graduating from the English High School; he is at present employed as a mechanic at the Reed Prentice plant, Worcester, in which his father was for so many years foreman.

VICTOR EMMANUEL ROLANDER, Superintendent and Vice-President of the Vernon Machine Company, was born in Sweden, March 8, 1871, son of John and Johanna (Anderson) Rolander. His father was born in Sweden, January 10, 1827, and followed farming with success all his active life. His mother was born August 12, 1834, in Sweden. He has three brothers in this city: Emil T., of the Carlson-Rolander Furniture Company; Carl J., of the Rolander-Larson Shoe Company, and Pehr J., engaged in the real estate business in Worcester.

Victor E. Rolander received his early education in the public schools in Sweden, and in the evening schools of this city. He arrived in Worcester, May 1, 1887, and became an apprentice in the trade of machinist. In 1904 he became foreman in Prentice Brothers Machine Shop in this city. He was afterward for two years in a similar position in the works of the Coppus Engineering Company. He is now superintendent and vice-president of the Vernon Machine Company, manufacturers of engine lathes at No. 54 Hermon street. Harry V. Prentice is treasurer and manager of the company. Mr. Rolander is also a director of the First Swedish Co-operative Store, and of the Swedish Cemetery Corporation. In politics he is a Republican, keenly interested in municipal affairs. Since 1914 he had been a member of the Republican city committee. He has been a member of Ragner Lodge of the Vasa Order since 1899 and held all the offices in succession. He is also a member of Massasoit Tribe, Improved Order of Red Men, and of Athelstan Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons.

Mr. Rolander married, in this city, February 14, 1891, Edla B. Holm, who was born in Sweden, December 8, 1869, a daughter of Jacob and Marguerite (Pettersson) Holm. Her father was born in Sweden, September 12, 1824, and died in this city, April 19, 1909. Her mother was born in Sweden, January 27, 1825, and died here, March 27, 1915. Mr. and Mrs. Rolander have two children: Bernie Emmanuel, born July 19, 1891; Ruth Eugenia, born May 11, 1896, graduate of the Worcester Business Institute, 1912. Their home is at No. 3 West Upsala street.

EMIL THEODORE ROLANDER, Partner in the firm of Carlson, Rolander & Company, furniture dealers, was born in Sweden, July 4, 1873, son of John and Johanna (Anderson) Rolander, who had five sons, all of whom have attained stations of importance in life. The others are: Victor (see biography); Carl (see biography); Pehr J., real estate operator, Worcester; Oscar, an automobile dealer, New York City.

Emil T. Rolander completed the course in the grammar school of his native place in 1886 and in the preparatory school in 1888. He came to this city and soon afterward, in 1900, became a clerk in the store of Carlson Brothers, dealers in furniture and household furnishings. After the death of the senior partner in 1907, he was admitted to partnership in the firm and the name became Carlson, Rolander & Company, as at present. The store is at No. 137 Millbury street. He is a director in the Skandia Credit Union; president of the Swedish National Federation; secretary of the board of trustees of the Swedish Cemetery; member of the Exemption Board under the compulsory military service draft of 1917; ex-president of John Erickson Lodge, Order of Vasa; president of the Chicago Aid Society, the Worcester division, and member of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce. He is local preacher and superintendent of the Sunday school of Thomas Street Methodist Church, and has been president of the Epworth League. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Rolander married, in this city, in 1896, Hilda C. Ribb, who was born in Sweden, August 18, 1875, daughter of Olave Ribb. Her parents were natives of Sweden. Mr. and Mrs. Rolander have one son, Clarence T., born September 25, 1897, graduate of the Classical High School, 1916, now in United States Radio Service.

LOUIS EDWARD FEINGOLD, Prominent lawyer, was born March 1, 1880, at Kadane, Province of Kovno, Russia, son of John and Rebecca (Katz) Feingold, who immigrated in 1882 and 1884, respectively. To Mr. and Mrs. Feingold, Sr., there were born eight children, five in Russia and three in America: David, Charles M., Louis E., Elizabeth, Etta G., Fanette, Pauline M. and Aida E.

Louis E. Feingold received his early education in the public schools of this city, and was graduated from the old English High School in the class of 1900, being one of the honor pupils. He entered Brown University, from which he was graduated in 1904 with the degrees of Ph. B. and A. M. He was elected to the Phi Beta Kappa. His professional training was received in the Harvard Law School, from which he was graduated in 1906. He was admitted to the bar, February 15, 1907, and began to practice in this city, continuing with marked success to the present time. His offices are at



Carl C. T. Thomas.



Mrs Louisa D Thomas



Nos. 420-421-422-422A and 430 State Mutual building. He has won a high and honorable place in his profession and enjoys the esteem and confidence of bench and bar and a wide circle of clients. In public affairs he has taken a keen interest and has contributed a considerable part of his time to the service of the municipality. In politics he is a staunch Republican. For a number of years he was a member of the Republican city committee, and is now serving his seventh year as its treasurer. He is also a member of the executive board of the Worcester Republican Club, and on the executive committee of the Worcester Economic Club.

His election as trustee of the Worcester Free Public Library was notable, as he was the first man of the Jewish race to hold this office in Worcester. Mr. Feingold has been specially interested not only in the library but in other lines of public education. Perhaps his most useful and important work has been in the Hebrew Sabbath School of Worcester, of which he is the founder and superintendent. This school has a regular attendance of more than three hundred children and it has been pronounced of great educational as well as ethical value. Not only in this work but wherever opportunity has offered Mr. Feingold has demonstrated his public spirit. His kindly disposition, his wide acquaintance and numerous friends among all classes of people, his willingness to give his time and ability in movements designed for the public welfare, and especially his influence among the Hebrew people of this section have made him one of the leaders of the city. He is a member of the Worcester Economic Club and of the Young Men's Hebrew Association, of which he is a member of the advisory board. He is also a member of every other Jewish social organization in the city. He is a director of the New England Credit Union. During the great world war in Europe and other places which has involved so many nations, Mr. Feingold has been active and most patriotic in his adopted land, America, in the various campaigns such as the Liberty Loans, Red Cross and United War Work, and is a member of the Public Information Bureau as a "Four Minute Speaker."

BERNARD ERIC WALBERG, Manufacturer of Drums and other Musical Instruments, was born in Sweden, April 19, 1877, son of Eric and Augusta (Tengdilus) Walberg, both natives of Sweden.

He came with his parents to this city and received his education here in the public schools. He followed the profession of musician for fifteen years, being trombone soloist in some of the best bands and orchestras of the country. He bought a half-interest in the business of Taylor & Auge, of which A. L. Auge was then the sole proprietor, October 1, 1903. The place of business was at that time in the Crompton building, No. 13 Mechanic street. No help was employed and the business was confined to repairing and dealing in musical instruments. After Mr. Walberg entered the firm, the manufacture of drums and other instruments was begun. In order to secure larger quarters, the business was moved to the Bigelow building at the corner of Mechanic and Mercantile streets, the present location. Two floors and a half are occupied. Since the death of Mr. Auge in August, 1910, Mr. Walberg has been the sole proprietor, but the firm name Walberg & Auge has been retained. At the present time he employs a force of sixteen people. A number of inventions and improvements on drums and appliances for which letters patent have been granted have been instrumental in building up the business, which is now the largest of its kind in the East. Mr. Walberg is a member of the Worcester Musicians' Association. He is unmarried. His home is at No. 4 Intervale road.

CARL C. T. THOMAS, Cabinetmaker, was born in Pomerania, Prussia, June 22, 1838, and died in Worcester, May 31, 1905, son of Frederick C. T. and Mary Frederika (Sass) Thomas.

He started in life under the most depressing conditions, being left alone in a strange country, with a younger brother and sister unprovided for. He knew something of the wood-working business and found employment in the cabinet shop of Shaeffer & Suckow, manufacturers of fine furniture. He and Anton Burckel, who was afterwards his partner in business, learned the trade together. The shop was at 127 Anthony street, later on Mulberry street, New York.

In 1859 he removed to Beverly, Massachusetts, in order to be with his brother and sister and he contributed to their support. He enlisted in July, 1861, in Company D, Fourteenth Massachusetts Regiment, and served three years. He was wounded June 19, 1864, in the battle of Spottsylvania, and sent home by the way of Fredericksburg. His regiment was in the Second Army Corps, in General Birney's division, General Mott's Brigade, General Hancock commanding. Anton Burckel was in the same company and they were transferred to the heavy artillery. After the war he worked at his trade in Beverly, Boston and Cambridge, Massachusetts, and finally decided to locate in Worcester. He worked first for Wm. G. Anderson & Co., cabinetmakers, corner

of Union and Exchange streets, for a short time. He did wood carving for various furniture makers and builders. In the early seventies he formed a partnership with Elisha Witherell, under the firm name of Thomas & Company, and established his business as cabinetmaker. A year later his partner died. In 1873, his old friend and comrade Anton Burckel became his partner, the firm name remaining the same. Their shop was then at 91 Exchange street, and they made a specialty of wood-carving and machine work; later they removed to the Baker building where they carried on cabinetmaking on a larger scale. His father, Frederick Carl Thomas, was a native of Mecklenberg, Germany, and came to America in 1853. He died on the way. The mother, who was Mary Frederika (Sass), a native of Sweden, was sent to Ward's Island with a baby and three children.

After Mr. Burckel left the business, Mr. Thomas took another partner, Edward Minault, who was a member of the firm two years. After that he was alone in business until his son was old enough to join the firm. This son, John Thomas, died July 11, 1893, again leaving the senior partner sole proprietor. His shop was then at 110 Exchange street. He took in November, 1897, as his last and surviving partner, August E. Dick, whose sons now conduct the business.

The firm of Thomas & Company has done the finest interior wood-work such as church altars and pews, in the churches of Worcester, and, in fact, all over New England. The firm always prospered and never met with failure in business.

Mr. Thomas was a member of George H. Ward Post Grand Army; Athelstan Lodge of Free Masons; Encampment 83, Union Veterans; and Stella Chapter, Order of Eastern Star.

He married, December 11, 1865, Louisa D. Allen, daughter of Samuel Allen. She was born September 4, 1839, and resided at the home, 66 Jacques avenue, which place has since become the nurses' home for the City Hospital. Their children were: 1. John Carl, born January 1, 1868; educated in Worcester; was his father's partner; died July 11, 1893. 2. Louise Augusta, born October 3, 1870; married Charles Amos Black, January 23, 1895; their three children are Arline Mildred, born August 15, 1897, now deceased, Harold Everett, born October 27, 1899, and Bertha Louise, born July 27, 1913. 3. Bertha Allen, born September 9, 1872; educated in Worcester schools and prominent in the Old South Church; died at Pine Bluff, North Carolina, March 30, 1906; buried in Worcester. 4. Talbot, died in infancy. 5. Susan Anna, born August 9, 1877, died April 6, 1890. All the children born in Worcester with the exception of the oldest who was born in Beverly, Massachusetts.

DICKRAN MUGERDICK KONJOYIAN, Dentist, was born in Harpoot, Armenia, May 15, 1890, son of Mugerdict and Altoon (Terzian) Konjoyian. He attended school in his native place, and was a student in the American Missionary College there until he was seventeen years old, when he came to this country, landing in New York City, where he remained for seven months, then coming to this city. He was a student in the English High School one term. In various factories he was employed in Worcester until 1911, and in the meantime he attended the Classical High School. In 1912, after receiving special mention in physics, Latin and chemistry at the completion of his courses in the Classical High School, he was admitted to Harvard Dental School, from which in due course he graduated in 1915 with the degree of Doctor of Medical Dentistry. Since then he has been practicing dentistry in this city. His offices are at No. 44 Front street.

Dr. Konjoyian is active in public affairs. He was a Progressive and is now an adherent of the Progressive wing of the Republican party. In 1916-1917 he was secretary of the Armenian National Benevolent Association. Since 1917 he has been secretary of the Armenian Congregational Church. He has been representative to the Armenian National Union from the Church of the Martyrs of this city since 1917. He has been president of the Y. P. S. C. E. of the Church of the Martyrs for two years. He is a member of the Harvard Dental School Alumni Association, and of the Harriet Lowell Dental Research Society.

His father, Mugerdict Konjoyian, was born in Harpoot, and died there in 1901 at the age of forty-eight years; was a butcher by trade and had a market in Harpoot; married there Altoon Terzian, who was born in Harpoot, came to this country in 1914, and now lives in this city with her son, Dr. Konjoyian, No. 20 Edwards street. They had seven children, four of whom reside in Worcester: Mrs. Egsa Zamanigian, Mrs. Prapion Tufenkjian, Rose Konjoyian, and Dr. Konjoyian. Mrs. Konjoyian, by a previous marriage, had Sarkis Sarafian, who has resided in this city since 1893.

JOHN BORG, Undertaker, was born in Sweden, September 29, 1873. He received his education in the schools of his native place. At the age of twenty he came to the United States and made his home in this city, entering the employ of the Holyoke



John Carl Thomas



Bertha Thomas



Machine Company, where he was employed for five years as a mechanic. In 1898 he started in business on his own account in partnership with John T. Ekmon in the grocery and provision trade in a store at No. 149 Belmont street. During the four years and a half that he remained in this line of business, he devoted his evenings and spare hours to study, attending evening schools and business college. Deciding upon undertaking as his future business, he disposed of his interests in the grocery business, and went to New York to attend the Massachusetts College of Embalming. Having completed the course of instruction there, he entered the employ of the Stephen Merritt Company of New York, undertakers, to gain practical experience in the business. Afterward he was employed in another large undertaking concern in Boston.

His business as undertaker and embalmer was established October 10, 1903, at No. 21 Thomas street. His services were immediately in demand among the Swedish-speaking people of the city. He foresaw the opportunity for business when he began to study the art of embalming, and he came to the business thoroughly equipped by study and practical experience. His business was extensive from the beginning, and he demonstrated his natural aptitude for the work. In personality and in character he had the qualifications that must supplement training and experience in this business to command success. The growth of his business from year to year finally caused him to seek larger quarters and in 1915 he bought the brick building, Nos. 13-17 Thomas street, remodeling the ground floor for his business and equipping it in the finest manner for his purposes. He was the pioneer Swedish undertaker in this section of the State, and retains his place as the foremost among the people of that race.

He was formerly a director of the Skandia Union Trust and is a member of the credit commission of that organization. He is a member and trustee of the Second, Swedish Methodist Episcopal Church. He is also a member of Athelstan Lodge, A. F. and A. M.; of Thule Lodge, I. O. O. F.; John Ericson Lodge, V. O.; Carl Fifteenth Lodge, S. F. of A.; Viking Council, I. O. M. B.; Gustavas Adolphus Commandery; Gustavas Adolphus Lodge, Knights of Malta; the Engelbrekt Society; Massasoit Tribe, Independent Order of Red Men. In politics he is a Republican, and he is a member of the Worcester County Republican Club.

Mr. Borg married, June 7, 1905, Emma J. Berge, of Worcester. They have one child, Ruth Meredith, born 1906. Their home is at No. 150 Vernon street.

ALEXANDER BIGELOW, Woolen manufacturer, was born in Natick, Massachusetts, December 12, 1814, died January 22, 1887, in this city, son of Colonel Abraham and Louisa (Train) Bigelow.

He had a common school education, and went to work in a woolen mill at the age of fifteen years. About 1850, in partnership with George Barber, he started in business in this city in a mill on the site of the Whittall Carpet Mills at South Worcester. The firm of Bigelow & Barber manufactured woolen goods. In 1853 the firm bought the mill and water privilege at Hopeville on Middle river below the present power station, building a new mill. Twice their mill was destroyed by fire and rebuilt. In 1870 Mr. Barber withdrew from the firm and Mr. Bigelow became associated with Edward D. Thayer in a stock company which continued the business under the present name, the Hopeville Manufacturing Company. Mr. Thayer was president; Mr. Bigelow, treasurer, and Edward Gould, the third director of the corporation. After ten years Mr. Bigelow bought the other interests in the company and remained the sole owner until the time of his death. He started in life without capital, built up a large business, acquired a very creditable competence, and won high rank among the manufacturers of the city and county. He was prudent, thrifty, upright and industrious. He was a member of the Church of the Unity. In politics he was a Republican.

Mr. Bigelow married (first), April 5, 1845, Adeline Stockwell, who died in this city, December 24, 1879, daughter of Cyrus Stockwell. He married (second), October 18, 1881, Sarah M. Goodwin. Children by first wife: Elizabeth, born here, married David Manning, Jr.; George Alexander. (See biography).

Mr. Bigelow was a descendant in the seventh generation from John Bigelow, whose descendants have been very numerous and prominent in this town and city. (See Early Settlers). The line of ancestry is: Alexander (7), Abraham (6), William (5), Lieutenant Josiah (4), Thomas (3), Samuel (2), John (1). The first five generations lived in Watertown and the towns formerly part of that town. William Bigelow (5) went to Natick in 1778; was a soldier in the Revolution, and the original of the character known as Deacon Badger in Mrs. Stowe's "Old Town Folks." Colonel Abraham Bigelow (6) held a commission for many years in the State militia, and was commander of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company, 1827-28.

GEORGE ALEXANDER BIGELOW, President and treasurer of the Hopeville Manufacturing Company, was born in this city, July 19, 1853, and was educated

in the public schools here and Worcester High School, class of 1870. Beginning in 1871 he had a few years of experience in the banking business as clerk in the Central National Bank. He engaged in the wool business in 1875 in partnership with George W. Coombs, of Worcester, and Joseph Hyatt, of Delaware, Ohio, under the firm name of Hyatt, Coombs & Company. The firm's place of business was at No. 184 Front street. Mr. Hyatt retired from the firm in 1879 and the name became Coombs & Bigelow. In 1883 the business was moved to Boston and the office was on Federal street. Mr. Bigelow retired from the wool business, January 1, 1887, and since that time has been one of the principal owners of the Hopeville Manufacturing Company of this city, serving since 1887 as president and treasurer of the corporation. Mr. Bigelow is a director of the Hahnemann Hospital; a member of the South Unitarian Memorial Church, of which he was treasurer for ten years and member of the standing committee. In politics he is a Republican. He is a member of the Commonwealth Club, Worcester Country Club, Economic Club, Worcester Chamber of Commerce, Worcester County Mechanics Association, and the Manufacturers Textile Association.

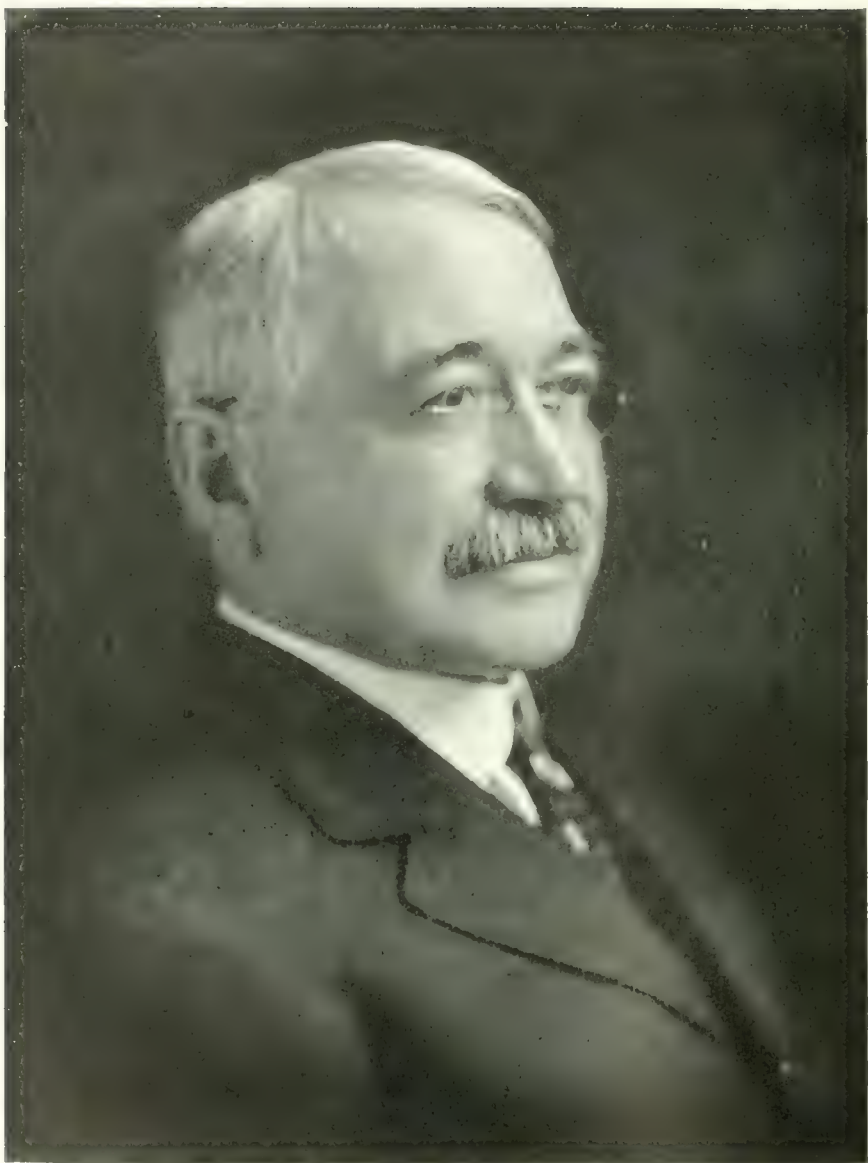
Mr. Bigelow married, at Norwich, Connecticut, October 10, 1877, Dora L. Tucker, who was born at Norwich, September 21, 1854, daughter of James and Ellen (Walbridge) Tucker. Her father was born in Griswold, Connecticut, February 29, 1828, and died January 4, 1916; her mother was born in Bennington, Vermont, September 7, 1832, and died November 28, 1902. Mrs. Bigelow is a member of Colonel Timothy Bigelow Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution. Mr. and Mrs. Bigelow have four children. 1. Adelaide W., born July 27, 1878; married, in 1905, Asa Merrick Parker; children: Edward Harrison Parker, born February 4, 1909; Ruth Bigelow Parker, born June 6, 1911, died March 12, 1912; Paul Remsen, born October 22, 1913; Frederick Parker, twin of Paul R., died October 24, 1913. 2. Helen Louise, born August 5, 1880; married, in 1904, George D. Church; children: Helen Elizabeth Church, born July 7, 1905, and Adelaide Bigelow Church, born February 27, 1907, died July 25, 1910. 3. Edward Alexander (see biography). 4. Dorothy Elizabeth, born September 10, 1891.

EDWARD ALEXANDER BIGELOW, Manager of the Hopeville Manufacturing Company, woolen manufacturer, was born in this city, May 5, 1885, son of George Alexander and Dora L. (Tucker) Bigelow. He received his early education in the public schools of this city, attended Worcester Academy, Abbott School, Farmington, Maine. After taking the course in the Lowell Textile School, Lowell, Massachusetts, he became associated in business with his father in the mills at Hopeville. Since he has been manager of the Hopeville Manufacturing Company. He is a member of the Commonwealth Club; Economic Club; Young Men's Christian Association; Heatherly Golf Club, North Scituate, Massachusetts; Worcester Country Club, Textile Manufacturers Association, Delta Kappa Phi, Lowell Textile Club, and director of Associated Charities. His home is at No. 9 Otsego road in this city.

Mr. Bigelow married Mary Abbott Ball, of Keene, New Hampshire, November 10, 1909. One daughter, Katharine Abbott, born in Worcester, December 8, 1911.

CHARLES ELROY BURBANK, Principal of the North High School, is a thorough student of English and American literature and a man of scholarly pen and speech. His is a personality of balance between the love of rigid mental exercise and the keen enjoyment of outdoor sport. These characteristics make him indubitably popular not only among the students of the North High School, Worcester, of which he is principal, but among men of maturer years with whom he is thrown in contact by his many affiliations with various organizations.

Charles Elroy Burbank was born March 6, 1866, in Fitzwilliam, New Hampshire, the son of Daniel E. and Anna (White) Burbank, both natives of that place. He was educated in the public schools of Fitzwilliam and later in the Belmont street grammar school of Worcester. He then attended the Worcester Classical High School. The year following his graduation from the latter institution he attended the United States Military Academy at West Point. He then entered Amherst College, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1892. In 1897 he received the degree of Master of Arts at Amherst College. Prior to this, however, he had spent some time teaching school. From 1885 to 1888 he taught in the grammar schools at Leicester and Rutland, Massachusetts. From 1892 to 1895 he taught in the Worcester English High School. He then became principal of the Clinton Liberal Institute and Military Academy at Fort Plain, New York, which position he held for two years. He then taught in the Worcester Classical High School until 1911, when he was appointed principal of the North High School, which position he now holds (1917). Outside of the ordinary routine school work Mr. Burbank has edited and published study pamphlets of Milton's "Minor Poems" and Shakespeare's "Macbeth." He also edited Haw-



J. Lewis Ellsworth

thorne's "Mosses From an Old Manse," pocket edition, for MacMillan Company. He gave the address at the dedication of the memorial tablet to the memory of Jonas Rice, founder of Worcester. He was first captain of Wellington Rifles and is now captain of E Company, Nineteenth Regiment, Massachusetts State Guards. He is president of the Worcester Congregationalists' Club, a member of the Worcester Economic Club, the Worcester Schoolmasters' Club, the Massachusetts Schoolmasters' Club, the Amherst Alumni Association, the Worcester Society of Antiquity; he is past vice-president of the Worcester County Mechanics' Association, deacon of the West Boylston Congregational Church, and chairman of the public safety committee of West Boylston. He is a member of the chapter at Amherst of the Chi Phi fraternity. In politics he is a Republican. He owns the old Burbank farms in New Hampshire and has devoted his spare hours during the last few years in bringing them back to a profitable state of cultivation. He is an enthusiastic tennis player and keenly enjoys sailing and motoring.

Mr. Burbank married, June 25, 1896, Alice Greene Arnold, who was born in Worcester, June 24, 1868. Their children are: Alice Lydia, born March 24, 1897, now a senior at Wellesley College; and Harold Addison, born January 29, 1899, now a freshman at Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

JOHN LEWIS ELLSWORTH, President of the Worcester County Farm Bureau, vice-president and treasurer of the Park Trust Company, former president of the Chamber of Commerce, and secretary of the State Board of Agriculture, was born in Barre, November 8, 1848, son of Samuel and Harriet (Proctor) Ellsworth. Both paternal and maternal ancestry of Mr. Ellsworth is of the original pioneer stock of the New England colonies. His father was born in Brookline, followed farming in Barre, and later in Worcester. His grandfather was John Ellsworth for whom he was named. His maternal grandfather, Squire Joseph Proctor, was one of the foremost citizens of Athol, Massachusetts, a magistrate there for many years.

Mr. Ellsworth attended the district schools of his native town and went through the Barre High School. After the family came to Worcester he entered Worcester Academy, where he completed his education. From early youth he worked on his father's farm, and from early manhood he has made farming not only his occupation but his avocation. He attacked the problems that beset the Worcester county farmers with indomitable energy, adopting advanced methods and encouraging others by his enthusiasm and confidence to become progressive. From the beginning he demonstrated the value of modern methods, of utilizing the discoveries of science and experiments in agriculture, and he made his farm profitable. He believed in organizations among farmers, and for more than forty years he has been active in promoting organization and he has good reason to take pride and satisfaction in the progress made and the results achieved. First of all J. Lewis Ellsworth is a farmer. His success has brought to him many positions of trust and responsibility in later years; he has given useful service to the Commonwealth as well as the city; he has aided the farmers of the State in every struggle for improved conditions both in legislation and by means of co-operation and other methods. When he was a young man he was one of the founders and most active members of one of the pioneer organizations of farmers, known as the Chamberlain District Farmers' Club, and from 1873 to 1883 was its president. That club became known throughout the State for its activity, its entertainments to promote social life, its meetings for mutual help in business, its success in getting results, for its influence became extensive. He joined the Worcester Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, an organization in which he has since been prominent and in whose value he has the greatest confidence. He was one of the charter members of the above organization.

Naturally he became active in the Worcester County Agricultural Society, and ever since he became a member he has been one of its mainstays, always supporting progress and believing in usefulness and importance of agricultural exhibitions, helping materially to bring that society in later years to a new era of popularity and prosperity. He was its president during a very important period, when many changes were made, from 1888 to 1893. He became widely acquainted with men of similar faith in Massachusetts agriculture, and in the course of time it was natural that he was called to a position of the highest honor in the State. From 1896 to 1913 he was a member of the State Board of Agriculture and its secretary from 1903 to 1913. In 1913 he was appointed on the American Commission sent abroad to study agriculture. A history of his activity during the ten years he served on the State Board would be a summary of the work accomplished by the State in developing and assisting agriculture in the Commonwealth. In this office he became widely known and widely respected for his earnest, indefatigable efforts to further the cause of the farmer and perform his duties as a State officer. Since he retired from the State Board his

activity in local affairs has increased. He organized the Worcester County Farm Bureau while president of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce, and has been its president since its organization in 1915. From the first this bureau proved practical and useful, and since the realization of the necessity of providing for the food of the world was placed upon this country early in 1917 this bureau has been the center of great activity, providing land for those willing to cultivate it, taking charge of this work throughout the country, giving information needed to the public, tremendously expanding its scope of work in every direction. On every hand the opinion is expressed that the county was fortunate in having already well organized the machinery for doing the work now entrusted to the Farm Bureau and in having as its executive a man of Mr. Ellsworth's practical experience in market gardening and farming and in administrative offices. The formation of this bureau was but one of many fields of growth of the Chamber of Commerce while he was its president in 1914 and 1915. He gave to his office the most scrupulous attention and lost no opportunity to make the Chamber of Commerce of service to its members and to the community. He has been a director and active in this organization for many years.

In politics Mr. Ellsworth is a Republican. His first public office was that of member of the Common Council in 1880 and he was re-elected, serving also in 1881-82-83-84. During 1885-86-87-88-89 he was a member of the Board of Aldermen, and in the City Council he served faithfully on many important committees. In 1899-1900-01, he represented his district in the State Legislature. He served on the committees on agriculture. While he was serving as president of the Chamber of Commerce he was elected a director of the Park Trust Company, which was organized at that time, and since then has been its vice-president, his duties at the bank occupying a large part of his time. Mr. Ellsworth is a member of Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons. He is a member of Central Congregational Church.

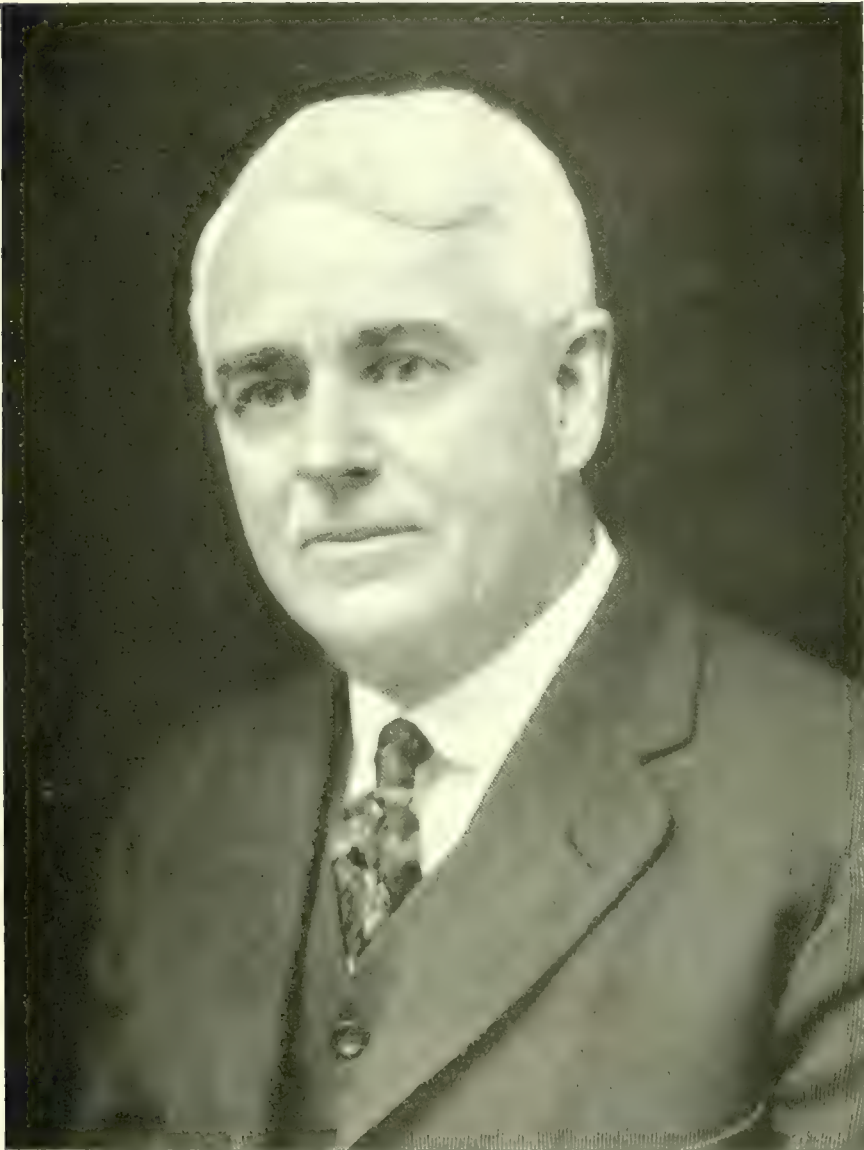
Mr. Ellsworth married, at Worcester, January 11, 1882, Emma L. Richmond, daughter of Willard Richmond. They had one child, Caro, now the wife of Horace Cristy, of Worcester. Mr. Ellsworth resides on the farm, No. 325 Salisbury street.

HERBERT ELBRIDGE CARLTON, President and treasurer of The Carlton Engraving Company, was born at Newark, New Jersey, September 21, 1859, son of Luther and Elizabeth (Gilmore) Carlton. His father was a native of Townsend, Massachusetts, and was a stationary engineer by trade; his mother was born in Fitzwilliam, New Hampshire. Mr. Carlton had one brother, Louis E., who died in 1912, president of Heywood Brothers & Wakefield Company and of the First National Bank of Gardner, Massachusetts, and a director in the Safe Deposit & Trust Company, of Fitchburg.

Mr. Carlton received his early education in the public schools, graduating from the Gardner High School in 1876. He then attended the State Normal Art School in Boston from which he graduated in 1879. Immediately after graduation he began his business career in the employ of the Lithotype Publishing Company, of Gardner, and had charge of the art work of this concern until 1886. From that time until 1890 he was at the head of the cane-cutting department of the Conant & Bush Chair Company of Gardner. Then he returned to the Art Printing Company as superintendent. In 1893 he resigned to engage in gelatine printing at Gardner, Massachusetts, under the firm name of the H. E. Carlton Company. Many offices throughout the East are adorned with splendid bird's-eye-view reproductions of factory plants, testifying to Mr. Carlton's skill as a maker of gelatine plates. In 1902 the business was united with a similar concern in Worcester known as the Woodbury Company under the name of the Woodbury-Carlton Company. Subsequently the business was moved to this city. In 1908 Mr. Carlton withdrew from the Woodbury-Carlton Company and the corporation was dissolved. Mr. Carlton immediately organized a new company. The Carlton Engraving Company, of which he is president and treasurer. His plant at No. 418 Main street is splendidly equipped for producing all kinds of halftone engraving plates. The concern makes a specialty of commercial work; that is, engraving to be used for the illustrations of catalogues, books, newspapers and advertising folders. Many well-known posters in color are the products of the Carlton Engraving Company's workshop. The business has had a steady growth, and throughout New England the halftone plates of the Carlton Engraving Company have won for themselves a well-deserved reputation for excellence. Mr. Carlton is a member of the Worcester Council of the United Commercial Travelers, the Kiwanis Club, the Chamber of Commerce and Advertising Club.

In 1881 Mr. Carlton married Isabelle Hassam, of Northfield, Vermont. Two daughters, Louise Elizabeth and Blanche Margery, were born to them.

THOMAS FRANCIS FOLEY, Major, former captain of Company G, One Hundred and First Regiment, now in France, where he has received his promotion as major, was born in this city, December 27, 1879, son of John and Mary (Carroll)



Herbert E. Carlton.





Major T. H. Foley

Foley. John Foley was born in Ireland; came to this city when a young man and for many years was in the teaming business. His wife was born in Ireland; is now living in Worcester.

Thomas F. Foley attended the public schools here and the evening high school. He learned the trade of interior decorating and followed it until he was appointed to the police force in July, 1908. Since 1912 he has been assigned to special duty in the liquor squad for the enforcement of the liquor laws. Major Foley enlisted in the Emmet Guards soon after the company returned from the Spanish War; served as corporal, sergeant, second lieutenant and first lieutenant. He was commissioned captain, February 5, 1912, and commanded the company during the service on the Mexican border in 1916, and is now in command of the company in the service in France. (See history of the Emmet Guards and list of first soldiers in France). The Emmets were formerly in the Ninth Regiment, Second Brigade. It is now Company G, One Hundred and First Regiment, United States Infantry. His command did valiant service and won high honors in the trenches held by the American Army. The following is an account of the military service of Major Foley, taken from the "Telegram," of January 23, 1919:

Major Thomas F. Foley, 101st Inf., formerly captain of G Co., 101st Inf., the Emmet guards, was wounded and gassed in action at Chateau Thierry in July, and beside being awarded the distinguished service cross for extraordinary heroism was honored on Christmas day by being invited to dine with President and Mrs. Woodrow Wilson at Chaumont, being the only Worcester soldier present as an invited guest, according to a letter received from Maj. Foley by Mrs. Foley yesterday. Maj. Foley's letter clears up all reports regarding his being wounded. He writes that the wound in one of his arms, was slight, but as it was not given immediate attention, it required longer to heal when the injury was brought to the attention of the doctors.

For repeated acts of extraordinary heroism in actions, Maj. Foley was awarded the distinguished service cross. These actions were July 15 and July 22, the first when the German third offensive was started, and the second when the great American drive was well on its way. He never has written of these exploits, but returning members of the 26th division have brought back the stories.

It was in one of these actions that he was struck by shrapnel. It is evident from his letter, although he does not say so, that he went right on leading his command after being wounded. It is surmised that an infection set in, and that this caused a long stay in a hospital. Now that the wound is healed, Maj. Foley has written his wife of the injury.

Only winners of the distinguished service cross and French war cross among the officers of the 26th division, were guests at the Christmas dinner which President and Mrs. Wilson attended to honor the 26th division, and Maj. Foley was the only Worcester soldier who was invited.

In his letter he also tells of meeting Col. Edward L. Logan, deposed commander of the 101st Inf., and he states that Col. Logan will regain his command. The letter to Mrs. Foley, written Christmas night, follows, in part:

"Attended mass at 9.30 Christmas morning, celebrated by one of our chaplains, Fr. Nitler. Just as mass was finished the clerk notified me that I was invited to be present at the dinner of the 26th division, at which President Wilson was to be a guest. I had planned to eat dinner on Christmas day with the Emmets, and was greatly disappointed that this should prevent.

"However, when I arrived at the dinner, I realized that I was the only person present from Worcester, so felt pleased that someone from the Heart of the Commonwealth was a guest at such an occasion. I felt mighty proud. It is a fact, also that I was the only old-timer from the regiment there, with the exception of Fr. O'Connor, who is now attached to division headquarters. The dinner was an informal affair, with no attempt at decorations, and all officers of the division with the D. S. C. or croix de guerre were invited.

"After dinner Brig. Gen. Charles H. Cole asked me to return with him to his headquarters, saying that Col. Logan was there, and he was anxious to see me. It was a treat to see Col. Logan again; he was looking fine. We are all in hopes, and he is very optimistic, of returning to the regiment soon, as he believes his case won, and that he will soon return to duty. A great injustice has been done to him and others, and this can only be righted, in part, by returning him to his command.

"As long as you have heard of my being wounded, I might as well say that there is no cause for worry whatever. Last July, in a hot scrimmage, a piece of shrapnel nipped me in the arm, but not giving it proper attention at the time, it gave me some trouble. However, they did a fine job at the hospital and removed the shrapnel, healed the wound in such fashion that hardly a scar will show when I get home."

Maj. Foley is a member of Alhambra Council, Knights of Columbus. In religion he is a Catholic, a communicant of St. Peter's Church. His residence is at No. 84 Lovell street.

Major Foley married, in this city, December 27, 1909, Mary E. O'Donnell, daughter of Michael and Mary (Burke) O'Donnell. Her father was born in Milford, Massachusetts; her mother in this city. Major and Mrs. Foley have three children: John Joseph, born August 10, 1911; Thomas F. Jr., born March 7, 1913; and Robert Emmet, born March 7, 1915, all born in this city.

HAMILTON BROOKS WOOD, Secretary and assistant treasurer of The Commonwealth Press, was born in Worcester, May 28, 1889, son of Oliver Brooks and Jennie Chase (Flagg) Wood.

Hamilton B. Wood attended the public schools of his native city and graduated from the South High School in 1906. He entered Williams College, from which he was graduated in the class of 1910 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. In high school and college he was prominent in athletics and music. For two years he played center in the college football team and for three years was on the college track team. He was leader of the College Glee Club in 1909-10; member of the Mandolin Club, the Banjo Club, the college orchestra, and was the author of several college songs. He has continued from time to time to compose and publish music since graduation. He was a member of the Zeta Psi fraternity and the Gargoyle Society. He was one of the editors of the "Williams College Song Book." He was marshal of his class at Commencement, and is its permanent secretary.

In 1906 he became associated with his father in the printing business, and since 1912 has been secretary. A large share of the management has been given over to him in recent years. He has been active in musical organizations. From the fall of 1914 to the spring of 1916 he sang in the choir of the Westborough Congregational Church. He is a member of the Worcester County Musical Association, director of the Publicity Association, clerk of the Quinsigamond Boat Club; member of the Worcester Economic Club, the Worcester Country Club, the Worcester Fish and Game Club, the Worcester Commercial Travelers Association, and the Worcester County Horticultural Society. In politics he is a Republican.

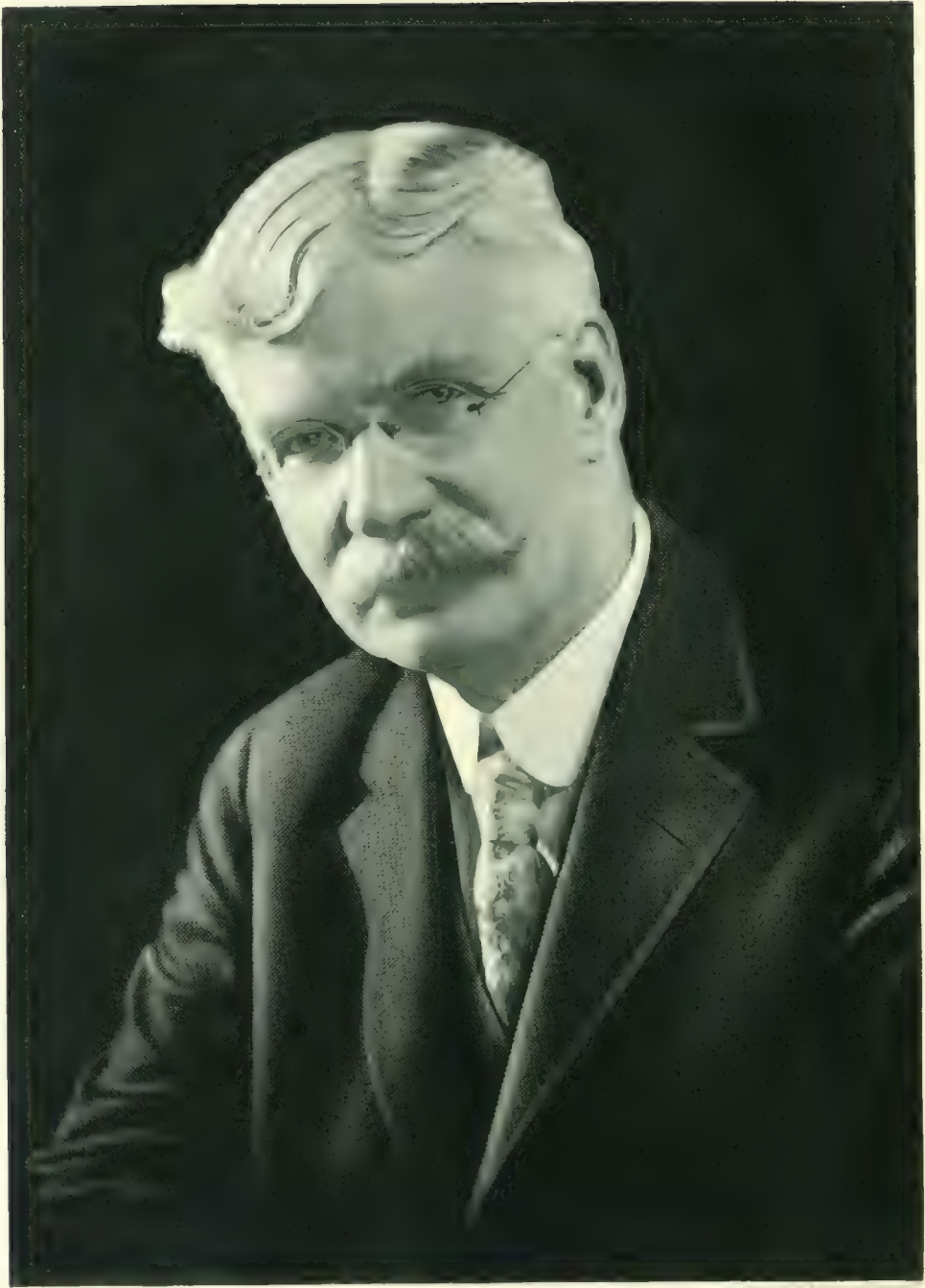
Mr. Wood married, November 26, 1912, Helen Osgood Bradley, who was born in Worcester, June 16, 1888, daughter of John Erving and Emma M. (Dingley) Bradley. She graduated with first honors from the Worcester High School in 1906, and from Smith College in the class of 1910. She was a member of Phi Kappa Psi Society, and was president of the College Settlement one year. Mr. and Mrs. Wood have a daughter, Elizabeth, born January 18, 1915. They reside at No. 67 Lancaster street, Worcester.

OLIVER BROOKS WOOD, President and treasurer of The Commonwealth Press, was born in Ashburnham, February 7, 1857, son of Eliphalet S. and Susan H. (Farrar) Wood. His father was also a native of Ashburnham, where he lived until 1866, when he became express agent at Winchendon, a position he held until 1886. He was appointed deputy sheriff in 1870 and held that office many years, was constable and overseer of the poor. George Farrar Wood, a brother of Oliver B., is a prominent merchant in Winchendon, and Ernest Freeman Wood, another brother, succeeded his father as express agent and deputy sheriff. Isaac Wood, grandfather of Eliphalet S. Wood, was a soldier in the Revolution, selectman of Rindge, New Hampshire. He was a son of Michael Wood, who was born in Concord, and settled in Lunenburg, the fourth in line from the pioneer of the family in this country, William Wood, who settled in Concord, author of "New England Prospects," one of the first books written in America.

Oliver B. Wood attended the public schools of Winchendon. At the age of twelve years he began his career as apprentice in a printing office, and with the exception of five terms in school he has been constantly engaged since then in the printing business. When a young man he became foreman of the newspaper and job printing office of the "Franklin County Times" at Greenfield. He worked afterward in printing offices in Fitchburg and Chicago. In 1878 he returned from the West and took charge of the job printing establishment of Edward R. Fiske, then one of the largest in the city. In 1880 he became foreman of the printing department of Sanford & Company, stationers and printers of Worcester. Two years later he bought a half interest in the business, which was conducted afterward under the firm name of Sanford & Wood, and shortly afterward he became sole proprietor.

In 1894, having outgrown the quarters on Maple street, Mr. Wood removed his plant to Foster street and again in 1913 to the Graphic Arts building, No. 25 Foster street, where his business occupied the whole fifth and sixth floors. His imprint, The Commonwealth Press, is widely known. At the time of moving to the present location, Mr. Wood purchased the plant and business of F. S. Blanchard & Company. In 1911 the business was incorporated under the laws of Massachusetts under the name of The Commonwealth Press, of which Mr. Wood is president and treasurer, E. H. Marsh, vice-president, and Hamilton B. Wood, secretary and assistant treasurer. The company has a large business in law, catalogue, book, and mercantile printing. A branch office is maintained in Boston at No. 44 Bromfield street. Mr. Wood is a director of the Merchants National Bank. He is a member of Athelstan Lodge, Free Masons; also has received the thirty-second degree. He was formerly president of the Worcester Typothetae, an association of master printers. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Wood married, October 19, 1882, Jennie Chase Flagg, born March 23, 1857, daughter of Samuel Curtis and Elizabeth Wood (Merriam) Flagg, of Grafton. Her



Alice B. Wood



Hamilton B. Wood





Chas N Heywood

great-grandfather, Colonel Benjamin Flagg, was in command of a company of minutemen that marched on the Lexington Alarm. (See early families in this work). Mr. and Mrs. Wood have had four children: Olive Marguerite; Roger Hamilton, deceased; Hamilton Brooks (see biography) and Gladys Jeanette. Mr Wood's home is at No. 36 Richards street.

CHARLES HENRY HEYWOOD, Was a descendant of John Heywood, who was probably born in London, England, about 1620. Later he settled in Concord, Massachusetts. He was admitted a freeman in 1670. He married (first) August 17, 1656, Rebecca Atkinson, daughter of Thomas Atkinson. She was probably not his first wife unless his age is estimated wrongly. She died in 1665. He married (second) August 5, 1665, Sarah Simonds. He married (third) Priscilla ———, who survived him. The children of John and Rebecca (Atkinson) Heywood, born in Concord, were: Rebecca, died young; Rebecca; John, Jr. (see biography); Persis; Benoni, died young. The children of John and Sarah (Simonds) Heywood: Sarah, Judith, Mary, Abigail, William, Huldah, James, Joseph and Benjamin.

Deacon John Heywood, third child of John Heywood, was born in Concord, Massachusetts, April 5, 1662, where he also settled and lived, and where, January 2, 1718, he died. In 1676 he was a constable. He was keeper of an ordinary at Concord in his later years. He married Sarah ———. Their children were: Sarah, Thomas, Samuel, Edmund, Josiah, Daniel, Eleazer, Nathan, Sarah, John, Mary, Phinehas (see biography), and Benjamin.

Phinehas Heywood, son of Deacon John Heywood, and brother of Major Daniel Heywood of Worcester, was born in Concord, Massachusetts, July 18, 1707, and died in Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, March 26, 1776. He married Elizabeth Moore, daughter of Nathaniel and Grace (Rice) Moore. (Jonas Rice, of Sudbury, brother of Grace Rice, was the first settler of the town of Worcester). Elizabeth Moore was born June 23, 1711, and died in Shrewsbury, June 2, 1797.

Phinehas Heywood settled in Shrewsbury in 1739, being selectman of the town, representative of the General Court, delegate to the Provincial Congress; Committee of Safety and Correspondence, 1774 and 1775. On May 2, 1774, Phinehas Heywood, Isaac Temple, etc., were chosen a committee to examine Rev. Ebenezer Morse and others suspected of, Toryism. Phinehas Heywood's estate with its spacious residence and ample barns was a noted one along the great road from Worcester to the western part of the State. It was over this highway that the captive Burgoyne passed in going from Saratoga to Cambridge after his surrender. It is an historical fact that in making his journey Burgoyne and his officers were frequently permitted to be entertained by prominent residents along the route. At Rutland the soldiers of the conquered army were left in permanent quarters while the officers continued the journey to Cambridge. On their arrival at the Phinehas Heywood place the officers and guards tarried for several days and this circumstance has always been remembered in connection with the estate. One of the legends of the place is that Burgoyne and several of his officers planted some chestnuts near the house from which grew seven trees that attained great magnitude. This tradition cannot be true for the trees were giants and centuries old at the time of Burgoyne's entertainment. The seven trees were irregular as regards their locality, but all were in the immediate vicinity of the residence.

The children of Phinehas and Elizabeth (Moore) Heywood were: 1. Elizabeth, born September 14, 1732, married John Curtis, of Worcester; died May 16, 1777. 2. Mary, born December 10, 1733, married Samuel Jennison, of Worcester; died September 8, 1820. 3. Deborah, born April 11, 1736, married David Bigelow, of Worcester; died May 23, 1822. 4. Seth, born December 4, 1737; married Martha Temple, of Shrewsbury; died August 24, 1826. 5. Timothy, born February 12, 1740; married Patience Stebbins, of Shrewsbury; died August 11, 1825. 6. Kezia, born April 30, 1742; married (first) Bezaleel Howe, of Northboro, Massachusetts; second, Lieutenant Jonas Temple, of Boylston, Massachusetts; died August 22, 1788. 7. Phinehas, born July 29, 1744; married Kezia Snow, of Westboro; died April 29, 1821. 8. Benjamin, born October 25, 1746; married Mehitabel Goddard, of Sutton, Massachusetts; died December 6, 1816. 9. Nathaniel, mentioned below. 10. John, born May 5, 1751; died October 19, 1756. 11. Levi, born May 12, 1753; died April 4, 1774.

Nathaniel Heywood, son of Phinehas Heywood, was born in Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, November 5, 1748, and died November 18, 1834. Lieutenant Nathaniel Heywood was corporal in Captain Timothy Bigelow's company, Colonel Artemas Ward's regiment, April 19, 1775, at Lexington, and also in Captain Jonas Hubbard's company, Colonel Ward's regiment, in 1775. He was lieutenant under Captain William Gates in 1777, and served in New York in Jonathan Holman's regiment. He married (first) April 23, 1777, Hannah Heywood, of Worcester, daughter of Abel and Hannah (God-

dard) Heywood. She was born December 12, 1756, and died in Shrewsbury, March 25, 1792. He married (second), July 1, 1793, Mary Chamberlain, of Worcester, daughter of Jacob and Lydia Chamberlain. She was born July 13, 1763, and died November 21, 1802. The children of Lieutenant Nathaniel and Hannah (Heywood) Heywood were: 1. Levi, born September 21, 1778; married Hannah R. Leland, of Grafton; died September 17, 1804. 2. Nathaniel, born February 6, 1780; died, unmarried, October 4, 1836. 3. Benjamin, born March 29, 1782; married Hannah R. (Leland) Heywood, widow of his brother Levi; died January 18, 1855. 4. John, born August 24, 1784; died, unmarried, August 16, 1833. 5. Phinehas, born May 4, 1788; married (first) Alice Pratt, of Shrewsbury, Massachusetts; (second), Dolly Williams, of Hubbardston, Massachusetts; died April 30, 1863. 6. David, born November 17, 1790; died December 20, 1802. The children of Lieutenant Nathaniel and Mary (Chamberlain) Heywood were: 7. Hannah, born February 9, 1794; died, unmarried, October 28, 1873. 8. Daniel, mentioned below. 9. Marietta, born March 9, 1802; married Elijah Stowe, of Grafton, Massachusetts; died June 28, 1853.

Daniel Heywood, son of Nathaniel Heywood, was born in Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, March 9, 1796, and died February 16, 1875. He married, October 21, 1824, Maria Brooks, of Princeton, Massachusetts, daughter of John and Rachel (Savage) Brooks. She was born October 19, 1802, and died in Shrewsbury, February 5, 1866. Their children, born in Shrewsbury, were: 1. John Brooks, born August 8, 1825; married Mary R. Andrews, of Boylston, Massachusetts. 2. George Chamberlain, born June 18, 1827; died November 12, 1829. 3. Charles Leland, mentioned below. 4. George Chamberlain, born June 17, 1832; died November 9, 1850. 5. Edwin Chapin, born September 27, 1836; married Louisa A. Chadwick, of Natick, Massachusetts; died December 12, 1905. 6. Henry Adams, born July 23, 1842; died, unmarried, April 10, 1888.

Charles Leland Heywood, son of Daniel Heywood, was born in Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, October 21, 1828, and died in 1906. He married, February 14, 1855, Mary Ellen Stone, of Errol, New Hampshire. She was born in Wentworth, New Hampshire, May 15, 1831, and died in Errol, October 19, 1887. Their children were: 1. George Herbert, born November 15, 1855. 2. Levi Stone, born September 13, 1860. 3. Charles Henry, mentioned below. 4. Clara Arvilla, born October 8, 1863. 5. Mary Ellen, born September 8, 1865. 6. Daniel Ellworth, born May 3, 1869; died, unmarried, July 4, 1911. 7. Maria Estella, born January 31, 1871; died, unmarried, January 21, 1890.

Charles Henry Heywood, son of Charles Leland Heywood, was born in Errol, New Hampshire, February 21, 1862. When an infant he was taken to Shrewsbury by his grandfather, Daniel Heywood. Upon his grandfather's death he came to Worcester, and two years later became shipping clerk at the Whitcomb Envelope Company. David Whitcomb soon discovered his mechanical ability and aided him to obtain a knowledge of the different departments. When the Logan & Lowe Envelope Company was organized in 1882 he was employed to have charge of the machinery, but when the company dissolved he returned to the Whitcomb Envelope Company. A few years later Frederick Kellogg, of the P. P. Kellogg Envelope Company, induced him to go to Springfield, Massachusetts, where, as superintendent, he redesigned and altered its machines. In 1890 the National Envelope Company, of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, was organized by Nathan D. Bill, George D. Dutton and Charles H. Heywood. The following year Mr. Heywood went to Hartford where he designed and built his first envelope machine of the type now in use by this company. Here he made the necessary machinery for the new company which started operations in Milwaukee, May 8, 1893, proving such a success that five years later it was absorbed by the United States Envelope Company as one of the ten largest plants in the country. Later Mr. Heywood invented a card machine and organized the Leader Card Works, which was incorporated for the manufacture of die and hand-cut cards, Mr. Heywood being president and manager. He invented another envelope machine, and in connection with the card business manufactured envelopes until this interest was bought by the United States Envelope Company in 1904. At this time the Leader Card Works was moved to Waukegan, Illinois. In 1910 Mr. Heywood withdrew and the company was reorganized. In 1904 the National Envelope Company was moved to Waukegan, where Mr. Heywood installed the plant, and later, when the enterprise was well under way, devoted his time to the invention of special machines. His home was in Lake Forest, Illinois. Owing to failing health Mr. Heywood retired from business in 1912, and died in Worcester, June 11, 1913.

Mr. Heywood married, November 22, 1886, Cora Maria, only child of Amos Madison Eaton (see biography), of Worcester, Massachusetts. The children of Charles H. and Cora M. (Eaton) Heywood are: Muriel Clio, Vincent Eaton and Charles Errol.

JOHN EATON, Emigrant ancestor of Amos Madison Eaton, of Worcester, was the son of Nicholas and Katherine (Marston) Eaton, and was baptized in England, August 21, 1611. Nicholas Eaton was a curate and church warden. John Eaton received a bequest of ten pounds from his stepmother's will dated April 10, 1635.

John Eaton is believed to have come with others of the family on the ship "Elizabeth and Ann" in April, 1635. He settled first in Watertown, Massachusetts, where he was a proprietor, and where May 25, 1636, he was admitted a freeman. He removed to Dedham a year later and was a proprietor there in 1637. He had grants of land at Watertown, July, 1636, and February 28, 1636-37-38. He joined the Dedham church in 1641 and signed the famous Covenant there. He bought the rights of Thomas Hastings when he went to Dedham, May 11, 1637. He was first present at the Dedham town meeting, November 28, 1637, although he was one of a committee in 1637 to cut pines for the meeting house. He helped build the first foot-bridge across the Charles River. He was on a committee to lay out land for settlers and survey highways. He was wood reeve for several years; had the delicate task in 1647 of deciding who were behind on the highway work; in 1650 he was on the committee to repair the foot-bridge. He had numerous grants of land. He married, in England, Abigail Damon, or Dammant, who had two children, John and Jane, by her previous marriage. He died November 17, 1658. His will was made November 2, 1658, and proved December 16, 1658. The children of John and Abigail Eaton were: 1. Mary, baptized in Dover, England, March 20, 1630-31; married, May 5, 1651, John Mason. 2. John, baptized in Dover, England, October 1, 1633, buried there January 27, 1734. 3. Thomas, born in England, 1634, died in Dedham, September 10, 1640. 4. John (see biography). 5. Abigail, born in Dedham, January 6, 1640, married Robert Mason, of Medfield. 6. Jacob, born in Dedham, June 8, 1642, died March 20, 1646.

John Eaton, fourth child of John Eaton, was born probably in 1636, in Watertown, Massachusetts. He inherited the homestead at Dedham. His wife Alice died May 8, 1694. Children: John, born July 15, 1665, died October 15, 1665; John, September 17, 1671; Thomas, July 23, 1675; William, August 11, 1677; Judith, September 17, 1679, died April 26, 1780; Jonathan (see biography); David, March 8, 1683, died March 28, 1683; Ebenezer, May 3, 1687, died May 23, 1688.

Jonathan Eaton, son of John Eaton, was born in Dedham, Massachusetts, September 3, 1681. He went to Connecticut in 1703, and bought land in Woodstock in the part now Putnam, Connecticut. In 1702 he paid taxes in Dedham, in 1704 in Woodstock; in 1705 he paid in Dedham only, being "eased from all rates" in Woodstock by special vote of the town. He attended church at Woodstock until the establishment of a church at Killingly, January 28, 1730, of which he was chosen the first deacon. This church is now the North Society of Thompson, Connecticut. He married the second daughter of Comfort and Mary Starr, of Dedham. Comfort Starr was the son of John Starr and the grandson of Dr. Comfort Starr, of Dedham, Massachusetts. Abiah (Starr) Eaton was born February 8, 1687-88. Although her name was Abiah she was baptized Lydia, June 17, 1688. Her sister, Mary Starr, married her husband's brother, William Eaton. Deacon Jonathan Eaton died June 25, 1748, aged sixty-seven years. His gravestone is at Putnam, Connecticut. His wife died March 4, 1751. Children, all recorded at Woodstock: Lydia, born November 5, 1707, married Philemon Chandler; Keziah, May 24, 1710; Alice, November 28, 1712; Susannah, April 8, 1715; Jerusha, April 16, 1717; Hannah, August 17, 1719; Jonathan, November 10, 1721; John, May 18, 1724, settled at Adams, Massachusetts; Penelope, March 21, 1727; Comfort, September 25, 1729; Marston (see biography).

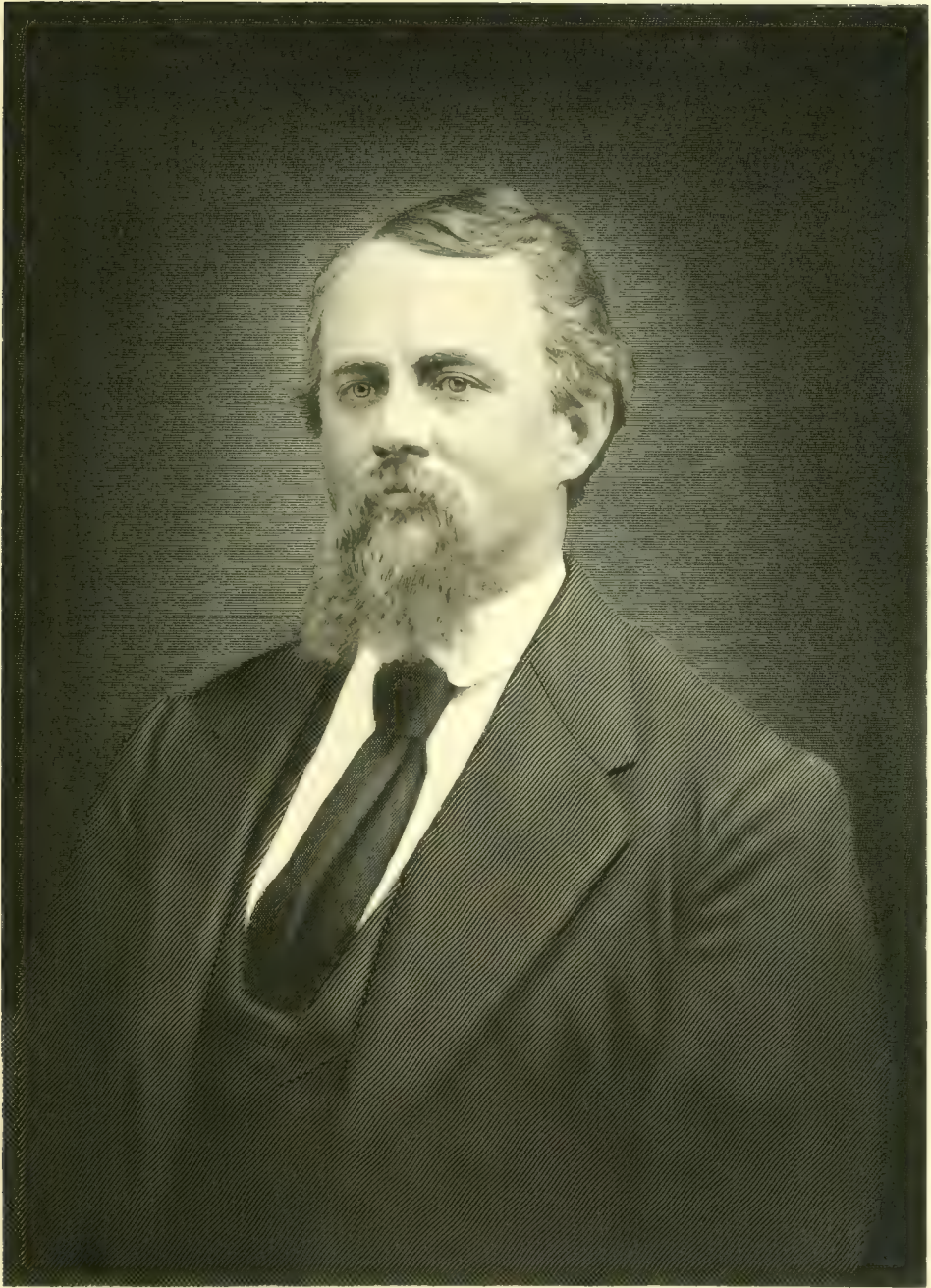
Marston Eaton, youngest child of Jonathan Eaton, was born in Killingly, Connecticut, in the section now Thompson. He removed to Belchertown, Massachusetts, in 1776, and shortly after his arrival there he died, May 3, 1776. He and his brother Comfort operated a mill on the Quinnebaug river on land given them by their father. He married Elizabeth Lyon, of Woodstock, January 7, 1762. Children: Comfort, and Marston (see biography).

Marston Eaton, second child of Marston Eaton, was born at Killingly, Connecticut, April 13, 1767. When a young boy he moved with his parents, in 1776, to Belchertown, Massachusetts, where he attended the public schools. He also lived and went to school in the adjoining town of Pelham, Massachusetts. In 1804 he moved to Amherst, Massachusetts, and established a store there, removing to Pelham in 1806. He was prosperous and had what was for his day and location a fortune. The loss of \$10,000 of convention money embarrassed him, and he finally retired to his farm, where he spent the later years of his life. His farm in Pelham, where, October 10, 1845, he was accidentally killed by a tree which he cut and which fell upon him. He was a member of the Universalist church. He was a Whig in politics and influential in town affairs. He was collector of taxes in Pelham for many years and held other town offices. He was a Free Mason. At the time of Shay's Rebellion he and other

citizens in that vicinity started for Worcester to join the ranks of the malcontents, but he failed to carry out his purpose and went to Connecticut until the trouble was at an end. He married Charlotte Dutton, of Ludlow, Massachusetts, December 22, 1793. Children: Rufus, born in Belchertown, Massachusetts, May 1, 1794, married Fannie Holden; Mary, born in Belchertown, December 29, 1796, married David Abercrombie, of Pelham, and had seven children; De Marcus, September 10, 1798, married Ora Austin, of Canterbury, Connecticut; Lily, June 29, 1800, married Asa Briggs, of North Adams, Massachusetts, and had eight children; Walter, July 24, 1802, married Jerusha Austin, of Canterbury, Connecticut; Jefferson, June 26, 1804; Marston (see biography); Hannah, September 25, 1808, died at the age of three; Madison, August 23, 1811, died October 19, 1836, married Orinda Hall, of Shutesbury, Massachusetts; Calvin Dutton, October 20, 1814, married Harriet Dudley, of Dudley, Massachusetts, and had five children; Monroe, July 24, 1817, married Clarissa Boyden and had three children.

Marston Eaton, seventh child of Marston Eaton, was born in Pelham, Massachusetts, May 26, 1806. He received his early education in the district schools of his native town, but he was a self-educated man in the proper sense of the word. He was a life-long student. He began to teach school when he was about nineteen years old, working at home on his father's farm during the summer seasons. For about fifteen years he was a school teacher in Pelham, Amherst and vicinity. During this time he worked two summers for his brother De Marcus, in Canterbury, Connecticut, in his axe factory. He then returned to his home and resumed teaching and farming for two or three years. In 1847 he came to Worcester with his family and settled near Millstone Hill. Later he bought a farm in Holden and lived there for six or seven years, during which time he had charge of the quarries at Millstone Hill. He finally exchanged his Holden property for a farm at the corner of Belmont and Elizabeth streets, as the location is now known. He built two dwelling houses there, and lived there and in other parts of the city. In 1869 he retired from active business and went to Shrewsbury, where he bought another farm, on which he spent the remainder of his days, and where he died January 3, 1873. He was a member of the Baptist church. He was a Republican in politics. He served in the militia in his younger days and was drummer of the Pelham Company, being very expert with the drumsticks. He married (first), May 23, 1829, in Millbury, Massachusetts, Betsey, daughter of Sylvanus and Alice (Sprague) Joslyn, of Douglas, Massachusetts. Sylvanus Joslyn was a farmer. He was drowned in a pond on his own farm. Marston Eaton married (second) Sarah Whitney, of Boylston, Massachusetts. He married (third), Abigail Winter, of West Boylston. He married (fourth) Angeline L. Bond, of Worcester. Children of first marriage: 1. Rufus Joslyn, born in Pelham, Massachusetts, 1831, married Julia Sampson, of Brookfield, Massachusetts, who died February, 1905; they had four children. 2. Amos Madison (see biography). 3. Marston Monroe, born in Worcester, June 14, 1836; married (first), Emily Thayer, of Barre, Massachusetts; they had two children; married (second) Marietta Knowlton, of Springville, New York; they had two children. 4. Calvin Jefferson, born in Worcester, June 3, 1839, killed at battle of Gettysburg, July 4, 1863; he was in Company B, Fifteenth Massachusetts Infantry. 5. Elizabeth Dimmis, born in Worcester, April 14, 1841, died in 1873, married Augustus D. A. Guild, of Worcester, who was killed in the battle of Spottsylvania; married Thanksgiving Day, 1858, and had one child. 6. Mary Harriet, born in Holden, Massachusetts, March 7, 1847, lives at No. 24 Maywood street, Worcester, unmarried. 7. Orinda, born in Holden, Massachusetts, April 6, 1849, married Benjamin T. Marsh, of Worcester. Children of fourth marriage: 8. Walter Fayette, died young. 9. Lily Luthera, married Edward A. Bartlett, of Shrewsbury, Massachusetts; they had five children. 10. Annie Eliza, married Charles A. Bacon, of Worcester, and they had five children. 11. Carrie Belle, married William T. Pratt, of Shrewsbury, Massachusetts. 12. Annie Frances, married Fred C. Pratt, of Shrewsbury, and had one child. Annie Frances Pratt died December 25, 1901.

Amos Madison Eaton, second son of Marston Eaton, was born in Pelham, Massachusetts, October 21, 1833. At the age of ten or twelve years he came to Worcester with his father's family, who soon afterward went to Holden, where he attended the district schools. After receiving a common school education he attended the Claremont (New Hampshire) Academy. His first employment was driving a baker's cart for George T. King, of Orange street, Worcester. Then, after a year or two in the bakery business, he went into partnership with Oran A. Kelley, on School street, in the retail grocery business. After two years he bought out his partner, and for twenty-five years he carried on the business there, at No. 19 School street. After retiring from the grocery business he carried on a real estate business for about thirteen years, and cared for his own real estate interests. He was also in the sand business



Thomas H. Eaton



for a few years, and died while engaged in that line of business, July 4, 1895, at his home in Worcester, No. 807 Main street. Mr. Eaton had a kindly social disposition that won him many friends. He was a man of uprightness and integrity. He won the esteem of his friends by his frankness, honesty and good nature. He was a member of the Unitarian church. In politics he was a Republican. He married Eliza Maria Kelley, daughter of Oran A. Kelley, of Worcester (see Kelley family). The only child of Amos Madison and Eliza Maria (Kelley) Eaton was Cora Maria, who married Charles H. Heywood, of Worcester, November 22, 1886 (see Heywood).

ROBERT KELLEY, Progenitor of Oran Allan Kelley, in Worcester county, was probably a descendant of the Kelley family of Boston, which was among the earliest in that town. Edward Kelley came to Boston on the "Hopewell" in April, 1635, and settled in Boston. He had a son Edward, born November 4, 1664. He was, very likely, a relative of David Kelley, also of Boston. Elizabeth was the name of the wives of both. There was a Robert Kelley (Calley) in Charlestown about the same time, who left descendants, and who for several generations used this spelling, which was common in the Worcester county family also down to recent times.

David Kelley settled first on Hog Island in Boston Harbor, but bought a place in town, May 13, 1656. He died in 1662. His widow married Robert Smith, seaman, of Boston. The children of David Kelley were: David, born December 18, 1647; William, born 1653, died young; Samuel, born October 9, 1657, died young; Samuel, born November 30, 1661. Five children were living in 1662. Henry Kelley and wife Eliza had three children, in Boston: Henry, born May 13, 1709; Elizabeth, born March 18, 1711-12; Robert, born April 26, 1714. Robert Kelley, of Boston, trader (probably this Robert), bought land east of Lake Quinsigamond in and near Worcester, November 2, 1734, of Wigglesworth Sweetzer, and sold it, August 25, 1738, to James Moore, of Grafton, for five hundred pounds. It was Richard Moore, Jr., who sold to Robert Moore of Charlton, the three hundred acre homestead in Charlton, where he lived and died.

Robert Kelley, of Charlton, was the great-grandfather of Oran A. Kelley, of Worcester. He bought the farm, November 27, 1764, but seems to have lived in Charlton before purchasing this place. He had relatives there, as Richard Kelley was witness of some of his papers, and David Kelley, of Upton, the adjoining town. There were Kelleys in Hopkinton, early; Hopkinton adjoins Upton.

Although it is difficult and perhaps impossible to trace the line from Robert Kelley to the emigrant, there is no doubt that the family is of English descent, that the Charlton settler was descended from the Boston family, and that other members of the family settled in Middlesex county from 1730 to 1760, when the movement of population from the old colonial towns was going on actively.

Robert Kelley was a leading citizen of Charlton. When the Revolution broke out he was lieutenant of the militia company of which Benjamin Richardson was captain. They were drafted from General Jonathan Warner's brigade to serve in the siege of Boston. In 1776 he was lieutenant of the same company, in Colonel Nicholas Dike's regiment. The records show that he marched with his regiment, September 26, 1777, to reinforce the Continental army under General Gates, in the northern department. He served during the greater part of the war. He married (first) Ruth Wheelock (intentions declared September 22), 1756. He married (second) Lydia Marrs, of Western (Warren), Massachusetts (intentions dated September 5), 1770. The children of Robert and Ruth (Wheelock) Kelley: Abigail, born 1757; Chapin, born 1759, married Sally Thompson, 1793 (intentions dated September 12); Rachel, born about 1761; Joel, born 1764; he became a prominent man and dealt extensively in real estate, as the records show. The children of Robert Kelley and Lydia, his wife, were: Ruth, married Asa Newell, October 24, 1790; Mary, born 1772, married Thomas Town, April 27, 1794; Lydia, born 1774, married Isaac Patrick, of Western; Robert, born 1776; Henry, born in 1778; William, born in 1780; Abner Kelley (see biography) was a baby at the time of his father's death. Edward Wheelock, relative of their mother, was appointed guardian of Joel, Chapin and Abigail Kelley. The father's will was dated May 30, 1783, and proved July 1, 1783. Richard Kelley, possibly Richard's father, was a witness of the will and, to judge from the handwriting, was a very aged man. The guardian for the younger children was appointed at the same time. The records of the family were obtained from the probate records, the town records not giving birth, though it seems probable that the children were all born in Charlton—certainly all but one or two of the older ones.

Abner Kelley, son of Robert Kelley, was born in Charlton, Massachusetts, in 1783. His father died when he was an infant in arms, and he was reared by relatives. He settled in Western, Massachusetts, an adjoining town, now called Warren. In 1805

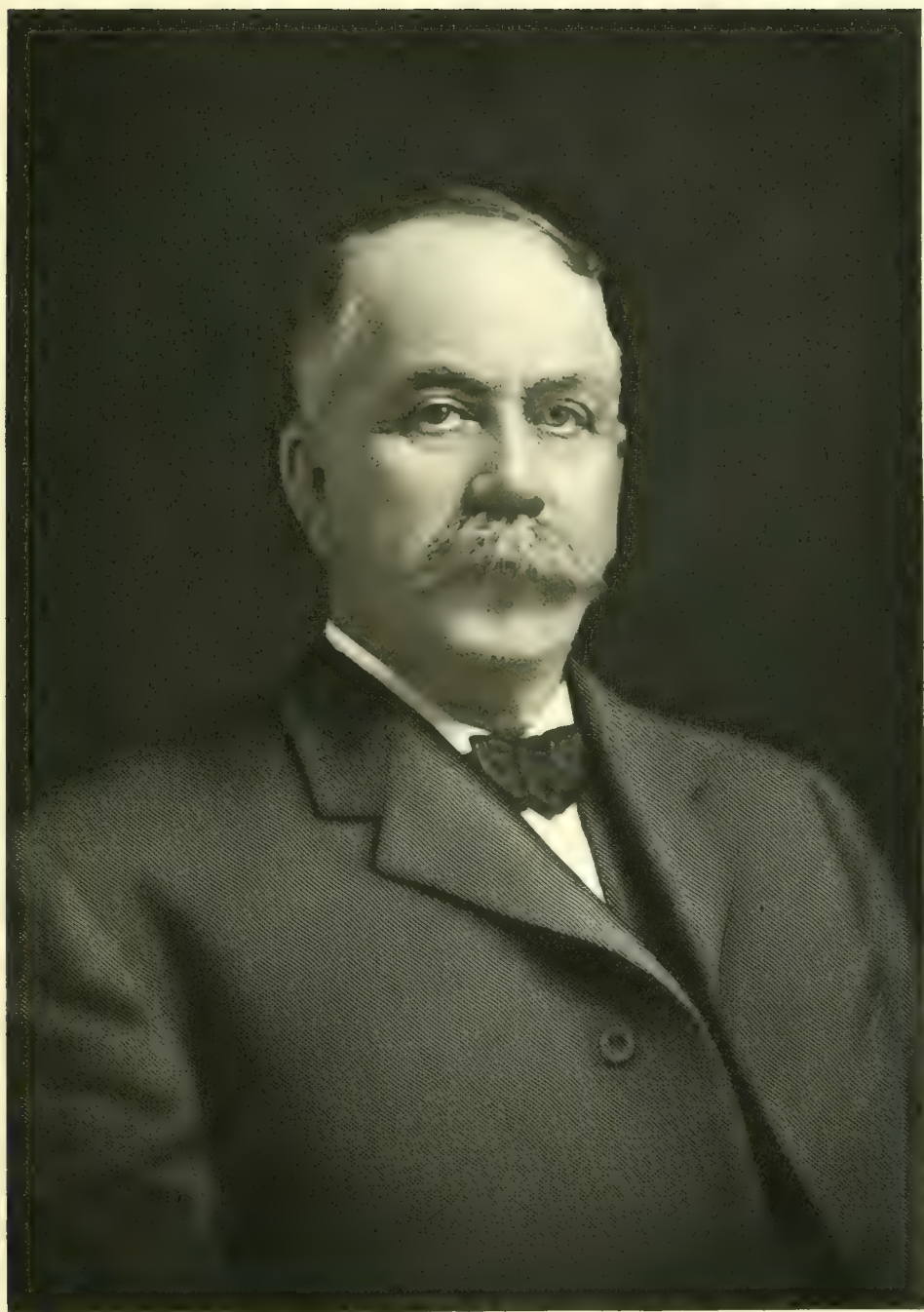
he and other heirs of Robert Kelley made a quitclaim deed of land of his father, in Sturbridge. Abner Kelley was a carpenter by trade. The first name of his wife was Eliza. Their children were: Eliza, born at Warren, 1806, died 1832; Lydia Ann, born September 18, 1809, married Charles Parkes, of Stowe, Massachusetts; Oran Allan, born at Warren, September 1, 1812; Abner, Jr., born 1814, married Susan M. Whittemore, of Leicester, May 31, 1839; she was the daughter of Amasa and Senta Whittemore, born March 13, 1818, in Leicester; he had a farm on the road from Brookfield to Warren.

Oran Allan Kelley, son of Abner Kelley, was born in Warren, Massachusetts. He married, in 1833, Maria Bacon, who was born in Charlton in 1815, and adopted when young by her uncle. Her father's name was Lafling. They settled first in West Winchester, New Hampshire. They moved to Worcester in 1846. Mr. Kelley built a house on the corner of Arch and Hanover streets; opened a grocery store and was known as a prosperous merchant. He was a carpenter by trade, and in addition to carrying on his store was a prominent contractor and builder in the early days of the city, at a time when its growth was rapid. He became interested in real estate and built and owned many houses. He was a shrewd judge of the value of real estate and dealt extensively in it. In politics Mr. Kelley was a Republican; served the city in the Common Council, and in other positions of honor and trust. He was an earnest temperance advocate; was highly esteemed as a citizen, and was a leader in the church as well as in public affairs. He was a member of the Methodist church and active in the building of the Laurel Street Church. He died in Worcester, July 2, 1881, his wife September 16, 1892. Children: Eliza Maria, born 1837, married Amos M. Eaton (see Eaton); Louisa, born 1839, died 1840; Oran Allan, Jr., (see biography); Emma Louisa, born 1844, married Samuel D. Houghton, real estate dealer of Worcester, and has a son, Ernest R. Houghton, and a daughter, Grace M. Houghton.

Oran Allan Kelley, Jr., son of Oran Allan Kelley, was born in West Winchester, New Hampshire, September 2, 1842. He was perhaps the best known horse dealer in Worcester, and one of the best known in New England. The stock dealers of the West, as well as the horse dealers and farmers of New England, all traded with Mr. Kelley. He came to Worcester with his parents when only three years of age, and he had grown up with the city. He was educated in the Worcester schools. At the age of eighteen he became a clerk in his father's grocery store on Arch street, Worcester. A few years later he started the stock farm, which his father formerly owned, and with which his name was afterwards associated. His farm, which at first comprised forty acres, was increased to about four hundred acres. It is located on Lincoln street and is all in the city of Worcester, near the Worcester almshouse. It is one of the best dairy farms in the State. He produced more milk than any other dairy in the city. The entire product was taken by the Worcester Insane Asylums, and he furnished them with milk for thirty-two years. His stock were prize winners at the fairs and the dairy farm a model in every way. He lived on the farm, giving it his personal supervision.

In 1886 he opened a sales stable on Sumner street, and established a large business. He bought stock in Vermont and the West by the carload, and his judgment in buying has made this line of business very successful. As a dealer in horseflesh, Mr. Kelley stood at the head in Worcester. In 1899 he bought the property on Foster street, where his stables were located. He had built up also a very large trade in carriages, harnesses, blankets and sleighs. He was a good advertiser, and shrewd enough to tell nothing but the truth in his advertisements. His success was due to upright dealing with men, thus retaining them as his customers year after year, and bringing to him new customers all the time. His thorough knowledge of his business and his magnetic personality contributed largely to his business success. He was tactful and clever in his dealings with men in social as well as in business life. Another and important field of Mr. Kelley's activities had been in real estate in Worcester. He had some four hundred acres within the city limits and from time to time had put building lots on the market, notably a section of May street, one of the most attractive residential streets in the city. He loved good horses and always owned some fast ones. He had bred some that became famous. "Don Pedro" trotted in 2:16; he was sold in Australia. For years Mr. Kelley had contributed to the interest of the frequenters of the Worcester Boulevard, where the winter racing took place when the sleighing permitted. He knew and always had an artistic rig. Mr. Kelley was a Republican and had always taken an interest in public affairs. He served the city in Common Council and as an overseer of the poor. He was a prominent Free Mason, having taken all the degrees to and including the thirty-second in the Scottish Rite.

Mr. Kelley married, January 19, 1864, Mary S. Bond, of Boylston, Massachusetts. She was the daughter of Thomas and Harriet (Slocum) Bond, of Boylston, and was born there, March 2, 1842. Her mother was a native of Shrewsbury. Thomas Bond



O. H. Kelley,





John Carlsson

was a prosperous farmer. He lived to the advanced age of eighty-three, and his wife to the age of eighty-one. They reared a family of two sons and four daughters. The children of Oran Allan and Mary S. (Bond) Kelley were: 1. Oran A., 3rd, born in Worcester, May 8, 1866; married Frances Hewett, daughter of George Hewett; he is associated with his father in business, keeping books and sharing the management of the stable business; they have one son, Oran Allan, Jr. 2. Herbert B., born September 24, 1867; married Anna Leverett; was formerly a clothing merchant in Worcester; is now associated with his father in business. 3. Florence G., born in Worcester, June 11, 1870; married J. Howard Joynes, of Worcester, and they have one daughter, Marion Joynes. Mr. Kelley died in this city, July 5, 1910.

JOHN CARLSON, Head of the firm of Carlson, Rolander & Company, furniture dealers, was born in the Province of Skona, Sweden, April 2, 1858, son of Carl and Kerston (Anderson) Carlson. His father, who was a seafaring man all his life, died in Sweden in 1867; his mother died in this city in 1892. His only brother, Peter, died here in April, 1907.

John Carlson was educated in the public schools of this city. At the age of fifteen he went to sea and for nine years was a sailor, visiting Sweden, England, Germany and various other countries on his voyages. In 1880 he arrived from Nova Scotia at the port of Charleston, South Carolina, intending to stay there, but soon afterward he shipped on a steamer for Liverpool, returning on the same vessel to Charleston. Afterward he was with Commodore Watrous, a "Forty-niner," on his yacht, cruising along the Atlantic coast one summer. He was advised by his employer to take a course in a business college. He followed the advice and afterward worked as book-keeper in lumber yards in New York City. From 1883 to 1885 he lived at Palmer, Massachusetts. In May, 1885, he came to Worcester and entered the employ of the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Company in the wire mill. Later he became a salesman in the furniture store of Flint & Barker in this city. He started in business in partnership with his brother Peter in 1889 on Millbury street, dealing in furniture. After the death of his brother in 1907, he admitted to partnership Emil T. Rolander and the present firm name, Carlson, Rolander & Company, was adopted. The store of Mr. Carlson's firm was originally at No. 133 Millbury street and is now at Nos. 133 to 137 Millbury street. Mr. Carlson built, in 1907, a building on the lot adjoining his store and the business now occupies two floors in both buildings. He is a member of the Skandia Credit Union, John Erickson Lodge, and North Star Lodge. He has been treasurer of the Thomas Street Methodist Episcopal Church for twenty years. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Carlson married, in New York City, July 12, 1883, Hannah Pearson, who was born in Sweden. They have seven children: Mamie; John P., married, in 1917, Lillian Hedberg, of this city, and has one child, Mae Lillian; Henry J., now in the United States Navy; Esther C., assists her father in the store in the capacity of book-keeper; Ruth Gladys; and Myrtle. Mr. Carlson resides at No. 50 Marsh avenue.

CARL JOSEPH HAZELTON. From the year in which he left school until the present, 1910, Mr. Hazelton has been connected with the manufacturing interests of New England, his first experience being with Warner Brothers, of Bridgeport, Connecticut, his present position being as president and general manager of the American Narrow Fabric Company, a business founded in 1906.

Carl J. Hazelton was born in Waitsfield, Vermont, July 15, 1880. He completed graded and high school courses, continued his education at Montpelier Academy, and completed his studies at Union Business College at Bridgeport, Connecticut. He began his business career with Warner Brothers, the large manufacturers of Bridgeport, Connecticut, continuing with that well-known corporation until 1906, when he founded the American Narrow Fabric Company in Worcester, Massachusetts, and for the past thirteen years has been intimately connected with the growth and development of that most successful manufacturing enterprise, being its efficient and capable general manager. Mr. Hazelton is a member of Quinsigamond Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Aleppo Temple, Boston; Worcester Rotary, Commonwealth, Country and Automobile clubs, and Worcester Chamber of Commerce. In politics he is a Republican, and in religious affiliation, a member of the First Presbyterian Church of Bridgeport.

Mr. Hazelton married, at Bridgeport, Connecticut, September 20, 1905, Anna Russell Zeller, born at Hagerstown, Maryland. Mr. and Mrs. Hazelton are the parents of a son, Russell, born August 18, 1906; and a daughter, Ruth Frances, born May 4, 1910.

CHARLES ARTHUR HARRINGTON. Worcester has long been the home of this branch of the Harrington family, Francis Harrington, a grandson of Robert

Harrington, the founder, purchasing a farm in Worcester in 1741. It is believed that he settled on his purchase the same year and gave to Worcester the first Harrington to appear on the books as a settler. Robert Harrington settled in Watertown, Massachusetts, in 1634, coming from England in the ship, "Elizabeth." He married, October 1, 1648, Susan George, daughter of John George, of Watertown. She died July 6, 1694, her husband surviving her until May 11, 1707, his age then being given as ninety-one years. He was the owner of 647 acres which he disposed of by will and a house and a mill. Descent is traced in this branch from the founder's son, Edward Harrington, who was a selectman of Worcester, 1716-1730-1731. He married (first) Mary Osington, and they were the parents of Francis Harrington, the first owner of the old Harrington homestead farm in Worcester.

Francis Harrington was born June 11, 1709, and in 1736 married Prudence Stearns, of Watertown, who died in Worcester in August, 1751, aged about thirty-eight years. He settled with his bride in Grafton, Massachusetts, and there their eldest child, Francis (2) Harrington, was born. In the spring of 1741 he bought of Joseph and Mary Dana, of Pomfret, Connecticut, the farm in Worcester, previously referred to, which became his home. He held many town offices and founded a worthy family. This line traces through his second son, Nathaniel Harrington, the first of the family born at the old homestead in Worcester, his birth occurring in 1742.

Nathaniel Harrington grew to manhood at the homestead, and from there marched away as sergeant with that band of immortals, the "minute-men of '75," who made such glorious history at Lexington. Later he was a first lieutenant in Captain Timothy Bigelow's company. He first held office in 1777, and served continuously thereafter until 1809, in some office, his last public service being the running of a boundary line between Worcester and Shrewsbury. He died in February, 1831, aged eighty-nine years. Lieutenant Harrington married Ruth Stone, July 2, 1776, she born in 1748, died August 24, 1817. This line continues through Captain Francis Harrington, their eldest child.

Captain Francis Harrington was born at the old homestead in Worcester, May 15, 1777, and there passed his life. He was a captain of militia, and while not prominent in public affairs held several town offices. He married, May 13, 1801, Lydia Perry, and died October 17, 1841. They were the parents of Captain Daniel Harrington, grandfather of Charles Arthur Harrington, of Worcester.

Captain Daniel Harrington was born at the homestead, which later he inherited, October 4, 1802, and died there September 11, 1863. He was a member of Worcester Common Council in 1849-50, and of the Board of Aldermen in 1851. He married Clarissa Gray, born August 23, 1809, died June 6, 1885. They were the parents of nine children including a son, Francis Alfred Harrington, their seventh.

Francis Alfred Harrington was born at the homestead, which he later possessed, November 17, 1846. In addition to the management of his farm he took a deep interest in public affairs, serving as councilman, alderman, mayor (three terms), and State Senator. He attained high prominence in the State Grange, Patrons of Husbandry; the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and the Masonic order; he and his two sons all being past masters of Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, and past commanders of Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar, a coincidence which probably has no duplicate anywhere. He married (first) Roxanna M. Grout, who died December 24, 1900; (second) Mrs. Lillia (Dudley) Leighton. Children: Charles A., of further mention; Frank C., prominent in the insurance business, married Leora Leighton (see biography); and May Emily, who married James P. Gray.

Charles Arthur Harrington, of the eighth American generation, eldest son of Francis Alfred and Roxanna M. (Grout) Harrington, was born January 26, 1874, and has ever since been a resident of that city. He was educated in the public schools of the city and at Worcester Polytechnic Institute, completing his studies with the graduating class of 1895. From 1896 until 1900 he taught mathematics in Worcester High School, then entered the insurance field as assistant manager of The Ridgely Protective Association, becoming general manager in 1909. In 1915 he resigned to accept the office of secretary of a similar health and accident insurance association, The Masonic Protective, and in 1918 became general manager of that association. He also is a member of the corporation of Worcester County Savings Bank. He is a Republican in politics, and for five years was a member of the Common Council, presiding over that body as president for two of those years. He, as well as his father, has taken all degrees of the York and Scottish Rites of Free Masonry, including the thirty-third, a degree only conferred for "distinguished service rendered the order." He is a past master of Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, and was district deputy grand master for two years. He is past commander of Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; past sovereign Prince of Goddard Council, Princes of Jerusalem; past grand warden of the Grand Commandery of Knights Templar of

Massachusetts and Rhode Island; member of Quinsigamond Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; was master of Worcester Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, for two years; and archon of the college fraternity, Sigma Alpha Epsilon. He is a member of the Worcester Country Club. The family are members of Piedmont Congregational Church.

Charles A. Harrington married in Columbus, Ohio, June 27, 1900, Luella Blanche Crook, daughter of David and Frances (Cushing) Crook, her father a public works contractor. Mr. and Mrs. Harrington are the parents of two daughters and a son: Ruth Anna, born July 23, 1901; Mildred Elizabeth, March 4, 1903; and Francis Alfred, 2nd, August 28, 1909.

FRANK CHESTER HARRINGTON, Youngest son of Francis Alfred and Roxanna M. (Grout) Harrington, was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, and was educated in Worcester public schools and Worcester Polytechnic Institute. He began business life with the Chandler Company, manufacturers of special machinery at Ayer, Massachusetts. In 1909 he was elected secretary of the Masonic Protection Association, a health and accident insurance company, is at present its treasurer, also treasurer of the Wells Chemical Bronze Works, founders of brass, bronze, aluminum, etc. He is also a member of the corporation of the Worcester Five Cents Savings Bank. Mr. Harrington is a member of all bodies of the York and Scottish Rites of Masonry and in the latter has attained the thirty-second degree. He has held many offices in these bodies, and is a past master of Athelstan Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, as is his father, and his brother, Charles A. Harrington, all being also past eminent commanders of Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar. Frank C. Harrington is also past thrice potent master of Worcester Lodge of Perfection, and past sovereign prince of Goddard Council, Princes of Jerusalem. He is affiliated with Quinsigamond Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Worcester Grange, Patrons of Husbandry; his clubs the Worcester Country and Commonwealth, both of Worcester, his college fraternity the Sigma Alpha Epsilon (Worcester Polytechnic). The family are attendants of Central Congregational Church.

Frank C. Harrington married, in Worcester, in 1900, Leora Leighton, daughter of Frank and Lillia H. (Dudley) Leighton, of Pepperell, Massachusetts, her father a shoe manufacturer, now deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Harrington are the parents of two sons and two daughters: Frank L., born January 17, 1902, now a student of Phillips Exeter Academy; Robert D., born October 17, 1903; Lillia L., born November 4, 1904; and Anna G., born March 6, 1906.

CHESTER E. WILLIAMS, Young and enterprising business man, recently appointed secretary and treasurer of the Hubbard Machine Company, of Worcester, which is of more than sectional, interstate reputation and industrial prestige, was gifted with an innate executive ability. This, together with his early mechanical training and the hopes of youth, was spurred on by his ambitions which in turn have been augmented by the realization of his hope of making for himself a place of importance and responsibility in a great industry of the country.

The family name of Williams is one of the very oldest names of ancient English families. It is a derivative of the personal name of William, and has been acquired by using the latter with the possessive, in accordance with an old traditional habit common to the Welsh, of indicating in a man's name that of his father. The practice is peculiar to Slavic peoples to-day. For instance in the name Nikolai Alexandrovitch Petrosky, it is meant that Nikolai, to whom the name applies, is the son of Alexander Petrosky. It is in other words a patronymic. So it was the Welsh custom to use a name such as Richard John's, meaning Richard, the son of John, the latter evolving into Jones; or John David's, which gave rise to the names of Davies and Davis. Thus was the name of Williams similarly derived.

The father of Chester E. Williams, Eugene A. Williams, was born in July, 1851, in Dorchester, Massachusetts. He was reared on a farm there, where as a lad he cherished the possibility of going some day to the city to seek a livelihood. When he had reached his twentieth year he came to Worcester, Massachusetts, where he began this undertaking. With a steadfastness of purpose and a zealous disposition he applied himself. He is now the foreman of the highway department of the city of Worcester. He married, in 1877, Fannie Josephine Cook, a native of that city. They became the parents of four children: Dr. F. R. Williams, of Worcester; Everett C., of Riverton, New Jersey; Chester E., of whom we make further mention; and Amy J., wife of Frank C. Smith, attorney of Worcester and president of the Hubbard Machine Company since its recent incorporation, and with whom Mr. Chester E. Williams is associated on that account.

Chester E. Williams, son of Eugene A., and Fannie Josephine (Cook) Williams, was born May 31, 1885, in Worcester, Massachusetts. Here he received a common

school education which was followed by intermediary work and attendance at the English High School there. Upon leaving the high school he set himself to the work of what constituted for him a valuable and anticipatory mechanical training. For six years he was engaged as a stationary engineer. By the year 1911 he had so availed himself of every opportunity which offered a possibility of advancement and progress, and he was so equipped as to warrant his entering into partnership with Ira B. Hubbard, forming what is now known as the Hubbard Machine Company. This organization is one of the most conspicuous, and justly so, in its success in the manufacture of machinery used in the making of cotton, wool and other textiles. It was also distinguished as being the first to introduce ball bearings in their machinery, promoting the highest possible degree of efficiency to be got from the use of such machinery. This innovation revolutionized the industry of textile machinery in the United States, and it was for this organization largely the means of creating an extensive and steadily increasing demand on the company's output. Consequently this business of this concern has since been one of great growth. It also manufactures attachments for woolen cards. In July, 1917, the company was incorporated with its officers named as follows: Frank C. Smith, president; Chester E. Williams, secretary and treasurer; Luke Nakashian, vice-president and manager of the southern territory with headquarters at Charlotte, North Carolina. In December, 1917, this company became affiliated with the S. K. F. Ball Bearing Company, of Hartford, Connecticut. Mr. Williams is a member of the Credit Men's Association; Mt. Zion Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, Barre, Massachusetts; the Kiwanis Club; and attends the Congregational Church. In politics he is affiliated with the Republican party.

Mr. Williams married, September 1, 1908, Susie E. Johnson, of Worcester, Massachusetts.

LOUIS N. WILSON, Librarian of Clark University, was born in Yorkshire, England, September 4, 1857; educated in St. Petersburg, Russia; came to this country in 1871; engaged in business until 1884; librarian of Clark University since April, 1889. He is author of a "Bibliography of Child Study." He received the honorary degrees of A. B. from Clark University and Litt. D. from Tufts College.

CHARLES FRANK HILL CRATHERN, Former pastor of Park Congregational Church, was born in Worcestershire, England, son of George Frederick and Louisa (Parsons) Crathern. He was educated in the public schools of Aylesbury, Howard Academy, Thame, Oxford; Cambridge University and Nottingham Theological Seminary.

He came to this country several times on a visit during his college career and preached for a year in Mason, New Hampshire, when he was ordained. He came again in 1880. In 1893 he was installed as pastor of the First Parish Church of Charlestown, Boston, and remained three years. Owing to the changed conditions in that city, he accepted a call to the South Church of Braintree where he was pastor for fifteen years. In 1910 he removed to Worcester and was pastor of Park Church until 1916, in which place he organized the First Children's Church in America. In 1916 he organized "The Mission of the Master" and with the aged artist, Darius Cobb, of Boston, went on a mission to the Pacific coast with the famous painting, "The Master," speaking and lecturing on "Christ in Art" in many of the churches of thirty or more States of the Union. On his return from the Mission, he accepted a call to the Old First Church of Bennington, Vermont, which is the oldest religious organization in the State. For several years Mr. Crathern was chairman of the Board of Education in Braintree and an active worker in all civic affairs. In politics he is a Republican. He is a Free Mason, a member of the Appalachian Mountain Club of Boston and the Green Mountain Club of Vermont. He has traveled and studied extensively in Europe, and is a well-known lecturer before Women's clubs on "Travel in Foreign Lands" and on historical and literary subjects. He was assigned to Young Men's Christian Association work overseas and was attached to the secretarial contingent in France.

Mr. Crathern married, in 1893, Sadie G. Tarbell, of Brooklyn, New York, and they have five children: Alice Tarbell, Mt. Holyoke, 1916; Helen Goodwin, Worcester Art School, 1917; Lieutenant Charles F. H., Jr., Dartmouth, 1920; Louise Parsons, Wheelock School, Boston, 1920; and Marion Hill, Middlebury, 1922.

FAIR WORCESTER.

By Rev. C. F. Hill Crathern, Pastor of Park Church.

Fair Worcester thy name and thy glory we sing,
As we bow down thee, the Queen of the years,
Our love and allegiance we gratefully bring
For with thee are our hopes and our fears.



Eugene W. Moriarty

O! "Heart of the Commonwealth," tender and strong,
 As it throbs with the passion of life,
 For thy peace and prosperity ever we long,
 And the end of all discord and strife.

We remember with pride how our fathers of old,
 Saw the star of hope shining on high,
 How they followed the gleam of its silver and gold,
 As it shone and illumined the sky;
 With the plow and the ax, with a courage divine,
 They wrested their bread from the sod,
 They laid their foundations, with plummet and line,
 As they builded the City of God.

Through the forests primeval they walked in the light
 Of a faith that was noble and grand,
 'Neath the roof of the stars by their watch fires at night;
 They dreamed of the long Promised Land;
 From the scenes of their youth and their childhood so dear,
 In the pioneer days of the state,
 They turned to the hills with a song and cheer,
 And their hearts all aflame and elate.

In the church and the school, in the home of our birth,
 We will honor their zeal and their love,
 We will treasure their names at the altar and hearth,
 While they rest from their labors above;
 O! valleys and hills where their footsteps once trod,
 Shout aloud your glad triumphs, nor cease,
 Where the wilderness stood blooms the garden of God,
 With the Angels of love and of peace.

May the future be bright as the glorious past,
 And our sons be as great as our sires;
 May Righteousness, Justice and Truth ever last,
 To inspire and control our desires;
 May the Stars and the Stripes ever wave o'er our land,
 And our watchword "Prosperity" be,
 May "Obedience to Law" with true liberty stand
 For "Fair Worcester," the home of the free.

EUGENE M. MORIARTY, Editor and publisher of the "Worcester Evening Post," Democratic leader and legislator, was born in Castlemaine, County Kerry, Ireland, April 15, 1849, and died in this city, August 27, 1907. He received the equivalent of a high school education in his native land. At the age of seventeen he came to this country and made his home in Worcester.

He began his career here in the employ of the Boston & Albany Railroad Company, as a checking clerk, then he became a clerk in the main office and later in the train despatcher's office. His interest in public affairs soon drew him away from the railroad business. He became active in the local organization of the Democratic party as soon as he came of age, if not before. He was but twenty-three years old when he was elected in 1872 to the Common Council from Ward Three, serving two years, 1873 and 1874. His energy, force of character and zeal for service and the public welfare were in evidence here. He was elected to the school committee, serving from 1878 to 1896, a period of nineteen years from Ward Three, and during most of that time was the leader of the Democratic members. At the time of his death the school committee placed on record the following tribute:

The members of the School Committee place on record this tribute to the personal character and devoted public service of Eugene M. Moriarty, who for nineteen years was an active and very useful member of this board and whose death on the twenty-seventh day of August, 1907, is a public bereavement.

From his first position in his adopted country, he steadily advanced until death found him editor of one of our evening papers. He was a natural-born student and was all the time acquiring the education which made him one of the best-read men in Worcester county. He served the schools of the city of Worcester, all its public interests, and actively identified himself with every uplifting and refining local effort of a public character. He was one of our best citizens. The best years of his life were devoted to the service of the public schools. He was ever firm in his convictions, lofty in his ideals, steadfast in his principles, and always endeavored to do what, as he saw it, was for the best interests of the schools. No amount of persuasion, no influence of friends, could ever cause him to deviate from the path which he thought was right. He was a good man; may his memory live.

Mr. Moriarty was particularly active in the support of General Butler in the historic campaign in 1884, and was appointed by Governor Butler to a clerkship in the insurance department under Commissioner John J. Tarbox. In 1885 he was appointed by President Cleveland deputy collector of internal revenue for Worcester. He was elected to the State Legislature in 1879 from Ward Three and served four successive years; was elected again in 1889 and served until 1897, when he withdrew from the legislative contest to assume the editorship of the "Worcester Evening Post," of which he became one of the owners at that time. Some of the very best laws on the

statute books of the Commonwealth were enacted through the influence, perseverance and zeal of Mr. Moriarty. During ten years in the House of Representatives, he was a leader among his colleagues, serving on committees that investigated and reported on matters of vital interest to all sections of the State. The act in which he justly took the greatest pride and satisfaction, and which links his name everlastingly with the liberality and progress of the Commonwealth, is the measure providing free textbooks for the pupils of the public schools, a measure that has been adopted by other States, one after another, throughout the country. Colonel Thomas Wentworth Higginson called Mr. Moriarty "the father" of this bill. During the first four years of his legislative career, Mr. Moriarty was incessantly agitating the subject of free textbooks, nor did he confine his efforts to the House; he wrote constantly in support of the bill to newspapers all over the State and never lost an opportunity to speak in public in its favor. Year by year, during the nine years that he served, his power grew and he became more successful, sharing the leadership of a minority party, in procuring legislation in the interests of the laboring people, of whom he was always a champion. He was a member of the committee that investigated the big Boston gas combination in 1893, and was a prime mover in securing a reduction in the price of gas in Boston. In 1890 he originated and put through the measure appropriating \$10,000 annually for the aid of the Massachusetts Firemen's Association.

He was an able public speaker, quick of wit, ready in repartee, a keen debater on the floor of the house or in committee, and a popular after-dinner and campaign orator. His political campaigns were lively. He was fond of politics and always struck straight from the shoulder. There was no cunning or finesse about 'Gene Moriarty. In politics as in everything else he played a fair, square but strong game. He told the truth bluntly. Defeated again and again in measures he believed just, he renewed the fight and generally fought to a successful finish. He advocated the bill to make the poll-tax a prerequisite for voting; the Eight-Hour Bill for women and children; the Weavers' Fine Bill, the Anti-Pinkerton Detective Bill; the Ten-Hour Bill for Street Railway Employees and every other measure designed for the benefit of the people-at-large and especially wage earners. He was largely instrumental in securing the legislation providing the two-cents-a-mile railroad rate, being the originator of that law. It was through his efforts that a law was passed in 1892 giving better protection for policy holders in insurance companies. His reply to a speech reflecting upon the supporters of legislation for the benefit of railroad employees in 1892 was not only characteristic, but was a bit of eloquence well worth preserving. In the course of this speech, he said:

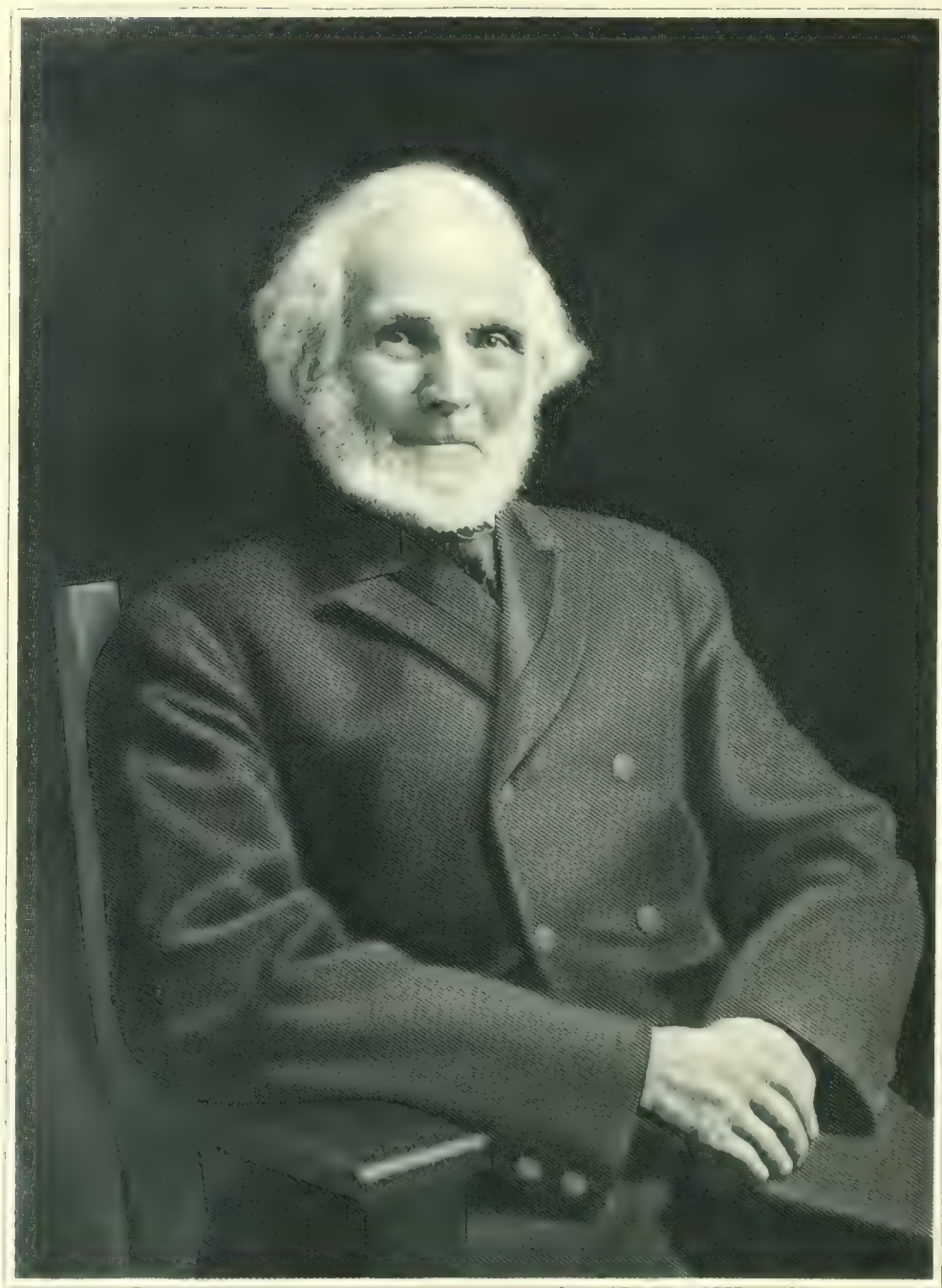
I have done some manual work in my life, Mr. Speaker, but I never belonged to a labor organization, because the opportunity did not present itself to me. I yield to no man, however, in an earnest desire to advance the interests of the working people by proper legislation. I have advocated this bill and kindred measures with a vigor and persistence and if for doing that the gentlemen from the Boston classes me as a demagogue or an anarchist, let me tell him that in all that goes to make up a citizen's character and conduct I am willing to be weighed in the balance with him every day in the week and I do not think I will suffer by any comparison that can be instituted between us.

The House has twice put itself upon record in favor of this bill. It is the only surviving remnant of all the labor legislation which was proposed this year. It is the only measure which has passed through the legislative Dismal Swamp where the ten-hour bill for railroad and street railway employees perished and where other measures in the interest of the people were stricken with disease and death. Upon the tombstones which mark the graves of all these good legislative measures the same monotonous epitaph "rejected by the Senate" has been inscribed.

In this speech he urged the adoption of the Saturday half-holiday. In the same year he made an historic speech in support of the municipal coal yard legislation. As early as 1890, the "Boston Traveler" commended Mr. Moriarty in an editorial that is typical of the support given to him by the more progressive newspapers at that time.

Mr. Moriarty's record in the Legislature as a champion of the laboring class and especially of railroad employees, has been creditable in all respects, while his manly independence and sterling integrity on all matters of legislation during his year's service has been such as to merit the esteem and commendation of all his associates, irrespective of party. Last session he was the particular opponent of the lobby, and was one of the first to demand a thorough investigation of the charges with reference to the West End investigation. If any Democrat in Worcester deserves to be returned it is Eugene M. Moriarty.

Mr. Moriarty made a name for himself as a writer as well as a speaker. When he became editor and publisher of the "Worcester Evening Post" in 1889 he had had long experience as "Globe" correspondent for this city, and for twenty years had been a close student and an active participant in public affairs. He had a wide acquaintance among public men and an intimate knowledge of events in the city. His training for the editorial chair could hardly have been more thorough. In the newspaper he found a powerful weapon of usefulness. His editorials became the strong



David Carroll

feature of the paper, but he valued the news wisely and made the "Post" attractive to all classes of readers. Year by year he made his newspaper better and stronger, and at the time of his death he had it securely placed on a successful financial basis.

As a fellow publisher, the writer came into close personal relations with him for five years and came to know his sterling worth. At that time all his other ambitions had been subordinated to attain his ideal for the newspaper and to make it serve to the utmost not only his party and the legislation in which he believed but the city of Worcester in all possible ways. There was no narrowness in his policy, no sectarianism; he detested bigotry, shams and snobs. (See history of the "Evening Post").

Mr. Moriarty took pleasure in social life. He was one of the organizers of the Ancient Order of Hibernians in Worcester; was county and state president of this order and gained a national reputation for his service and devotion to it. He was a charter member of Alhambra Council, Knights of Columbus, and member of the Round Table Club, an exclusive social organization composed of kindred spirits. He was kind of heart, liberal with his means, giving generously in charity and various worthy objects, regardless of creed, politics or race. He was a faithful Catholic and for many years a communicant of St. Paul's Catholic Church.

His death came suddenly, while he was in the zenith of his powers, apparently in the enjoyment of his usual vigorous health. He was taken by an attack of heart disease while swimming in Lake Quinsigamond, off the landing at the Wachusett Boat Club, where he had been participating in an outing with friends. Twice he had been to the middle of the lake and started again, but when about twenty feet from shore was seized with a fatal attack. Life was extinct when he was brought ashore, after it was seen that something was wrong. His funeral at St. Paul's was largely attended by the most prominent citizens. Rev. John A. Nugent, of Ardmore, Pennsylvania, a cousin of Mr. Moriarty, officiated, and Rev. Dr. John J. McCoy pronounced the eulogy.

Mr. Moriarty married, in November, 1892, Julia E. Carroll, daughter of David Carroll (see biography). They had no children.

DAVID CARROLL, Pioneer and last survivor of the Irish settlers who came to Worcester in the first half of the nineteenth century, was born in Bruree, County Limerick, Ireland, August 15, 1814, and died in this city, March 21, 1911, son of David and Ellen (Fitzgerald) Carroll, both of whom were natives of Ballingarry in the same county.

David Carroll learned the trade of cabinet-maker in his native country. With his brother James and sister Mary, he left Bruree, a parish of Rockhill, in April, 1840, and after a voyage of about thirty days, landed in Mirimichi, on the northeast coast of New Brunswick, where they remained about four months, the boys being employed at shipbuilding and the sister as a domestic. In October, 1840, all three came to Boston, and on November 9, 1840, came to this city. James and David were employed in the meantime repairing bridges on the Boston & Albany Railroad. David became a real estate owner as early as 1842 in this town, and was the first of Irish nativity to pay a real estate tax in Worcester. In that year he worked at his trade, and was the first carpenter of Irish birth employed in building Holy Cross College. About the same time he was employed in the construction of the north wing of the insane asylum, Summer street, and on the Dr. Joseph Sargent house, Main street. He worked for Raymond & Tower, (Tilly Raymond and Horatio N. Tower) and was employed in erecting many public buildings and residences. He came to know such men as Governor Lincoln, Governor John Davis, Isaac Davis, and other such prominent men three-quarters of a century ago.

His first purchase of land here was a lot bounded by Southbridge, Madison and Portland streets at a cost of \$300. Soon afterwards he sold half of this lot for more than he paid for the whole and the buildings he erected are still standing, forming parts of the present structures. He also bought land on Orange street where the school house now stands, but before he took possession sold his contract at a profit. About 1854 he bought half an acre in the Island district and was preparing to erect buildings there, when he decided to try farming, bought a 400 acre place in Charlton, and remained there for seventeen years, during which time he prospered in business, not only in farming, but by shrewd dealing in real estate and lumbering. During the Civil War he was one of the few who took advantage of the depreciation in paper money, turned his property into gold coin and held it until the gold dollar was worth \$2.50 in paper.

In 1873 Mr. Carroll sold his farm and returned to Worcester, making his home on what is now known in his honor as Carroll Hill. In January, 1875, he bought the homestead at No. 125 Central street, where he passed the remaining years of his life, with the exception of a brief period previous to his death in the mansion at No. 18 Crown street, owned by the David Carroll heirs.

Mr. and Mrs. Carroll were among the first contributors to the fund for building St. John's Church. They were communicants of the old original Christ Church. He contributed sixty days of his time, working on the old St. Anne's Church on Shrewsbury street. Mr. Carroll was selected by the pastor of St. John's Church in 1846 to buy land in some convenient location for a cemetery and had struck a bargain for a lot of land on Cambridge street, between the Norwich & Worcester and Providence & Worcester railroads, when the owner, discovering the purpose for which the property was to be used, refused to give the deed. The present cemetery was finally purchased by Mr. Carroll from Hon. Eli Thayer, sixteen acres at \$100 an acre, and \$400 paid down, the remainder being paid in instalments. (See St. John's Cemetery).

When he was ninety-two years old, the "Post" published an account of his life, saying:

David Carroll is now undoubtedly the oldest resident Irishman in Worcester. * * * Though now in his ninety-second year, he is in good health and does something for exercise almost daily at his trade of carpentering. He never was sick a day in his life until five years ago. He was ill then for twelve weeks and for a time his life was despaired of. He rallied, however, and has since enjoyed as good health as any man of his years could expect to enjoy. During his whole life, although not a teetotaler at any time, he used very, very little stimulants of any kind. He is no believer in the power of stimulants to brace up the human system. Tobacco he began to use in early life, however, and uses it today. He likes the weed and enjoys the pleasure of his daily smokes now as much as he ever did. * * * He never wore glasses until a few years ago and he can even now with good light read without them. His memory is still clear and he rolls stories of the olden times off the reel without apparent effort.

Mr. Carroll married, October 6, 1842, Margaret Purcell, who was born near Limerick, Ireland, daughter of James and Mary (Quinn) Purcell, the former being an uncle of Archbishop Purcell. Their children are: Thomas E., John F., Margaret A., Mary J., and Julia E., widow of the late Eugene M. Moriarty. The grandchildren are: Adeline M., Florence G., wife of William N. McLaughlin, of Yarmouth, Nova Scotia; Julia C., Charles A., David Chester, and Mildred M., sons and daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas E. Carroll.

GEORGE EDWARD STIMPSON. In 1898 Mr. Stimpson came to Worcester, establishing at the corner of Pleasant and Chestnut streets the business which as the G. E. Stimpson Company has grown into a very large and prosperous office outfitting business. As head of the company he founded Mr. Stimpson has outlined its plans and policies, and it is due to his vision and wise management that so great a degree of success has been reached. The G. E. Stimpson Company holds the exclusive Worcester agencies for the Standard Furniture Company; Globe-Wernecke Company; Safe Cabinet Company; Art Metal Construction Company; B. L. Marble Chair Company; all of these being leaders in the manufacture of their special lines.

Mr. Stimpson is a son of Edward Sutton Stimpson, born in Fredericton, the capital of New Brunswick, Canada, in 1834, but spent his entire life in Hopedale, Worcester county, Massachusetts, a city noted for its loom and spindle manufacturing. There he has been in the continuous employ of the Draper Company, and is yet (1919) in charge of the experimental department maintained by the company. He has patented one hundred and twenty-five different machines and attachments to machines used in the manufacture of cotton mill machinery, and is one of the wonderful men of a wonderful industry. Mr. Stimpson married, in Hopedale, Isabella A. Farnum, born in Vermont, and died in Hopedale. Children: Wallace I., now agent of the Draper Company in Hopedale; George Edward (see biography); Harry F., proprietor of Wheelock, Lovejoy & Company, of Cambridge, Massachusetts; Warren D., an officer of the G. E. Stimpson Company; two other children who died in infancy.

George Edward Stimpson was born in Hopedale, Massachusetts, February 7, 1867, and there spent the first twenty-one years of his life. He was educated in Hopedale grammar and Milford high schools, finishing his courses in both with graduation, from the latter in 1887. He acquired an expert knowledge of stenography, and in 1890 secured a position in Boston which he filled for three years. He then returned to Hopedale and entered the employ of the Draper Company, continuing until 1898 when he resigned to engage in business for himself. He organized the G. E. Stimpson Company in Worcester, Massachusetts, and engaged as office outfitters, a line of business he has successfully developed and brought to a most satisfactory degree of prosperity. The original store has been again and again enlarged until it now occupies seventy-five feet frontage on Pleasant street, and is the largest business of its kind in New England. Mr. Stimpson is one of Worcester's progressive, enterprising merchants who have won fame for their city in a commercial sense, and individually have gained high reputation and the favors of fortune. He is a member of the Wor-



George E. Stimpson

cester Country Club, is an enthusiastic motorist, belonging to the Automobile Club, and represents the office outfitting business in the membership of the Kiwanis Club. His favorite recreation is fishing.

LAWRENCE BATES JENCKES, Director, has been with the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works since 1905, having charge of the drafting during most of the time, now a member of the Development Board.

Mr. Jenckes has had a wide and extensive experience in engineering and manufacturing. Preparing for college in H. W. King's School, at Stamford, Connecticut, he was graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School of Yale University in 1887, with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy, and during the following two years was employed as civil engineer in various localities. From 1889 to 1892 he was in the employ of Cheney Brothers, silk manufacturers, South Manchester, Connecticut; from 1892 to 1894 of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company and city engineer of Stamford. From 1895 to 1898 he was purchasing agent of the G. H. Hammond Company, of Hammond, Indiana, and of allied companies. In 1899 and 1900 he was superintendent of public works of Stamford and general manager of the Electric Light & Power Company. From 1900 to 1903 he was assistant purchasing agent of the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company, and in 1904 manager of the cable department of Waterbury & Company, of New York. He is a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers; the American Society of Mechanical Engineers; the Worcester Chamber of Commerce; the Squantum Association, of Providence; the Atlantic Tuna Club; the Tatnuck Country Club. He is a communicant of All Saints' Protestant Episcopal Church, of Worcester.

Mr. Jenckes was born at Millville, Massachusetts, March 23, 1867, son of Marcien and Amelia Marian (Bates) Jenckes. He married, in Boston, in 1899, Alice Goddard Child, daughter of Calvin Goddard and Mary Catherine (Godfrey) Child. They have two children: Marcien, born 1900, and Alice Child, born 1901.

ALBERT TOLMAN, Carriage manufacturer, was born in Lincoln, Massachusetts, December 23, 1808, baptized in the Concord church, December 25, 1808, died at his home, Catherine street, this city, October 21, 1891. The Tolman line of ancestry is: Edward F. (8), Albert (7), Elisha (6), John (5), John (4), John (3), John (2), Thomas (1). Thomas (1) Tolman was born in England about 1608, and was an early settler of Dorchester, Massachusetts, owing land there as early as 1639. Six generations lived in Dorchester. Elisha Tolman moved to Concord. Albert Tolman was descended from many prominent families of Dorchester, including Nicholas Clapp, John Pope, and Lieutenant Richard Hall. (See p. 160, Vol. III, Genealogical and Personal Memoirs of Worcester County, 1907).

The parents of Albert Tolman moved to Concord when he was quite young and he attended the public school there. He was twenty-two years old when he came here. He engaged in business as a manufacturer of carriages in a building on Exchange street in partnership with Samuel L. Hunstable, who died a few years later, and afterward, until about 1880, he continued alone, building up a large and flourishing trade and a high reputation for square dealing and reliable vehicles. The firm name was Albert Tolman & Company. The place of business was No. 10 Exchange street. Albert Tolman devised the vehicle known as the jinrikisha in Japan and made the first one in his shop here. The carriage was made for a missionary, whose wife was an invalid. She had to be carried in a sedan chair when in China. Rather reluctantly Mr. Tolman complied with the missionary's request that he build a vehicle that could be drawn by a man, for he was opposed to anything that might add to the burden of the slave or coolie. The first jinrikisha was shipped to the west coast of Africa, where other missionaries saw it and realized its value in such countries as China and Japan, where it was soon afterward introduced and where it eventually came into universal use. The carriage was made in 1846, and by 1854 the jinrikisha was very popular in Japan and also in China.

Few men took a more active part than he in the development of Worcester from a country village to a thriving city. He was one of the last Board of Selectman of the town; member of the Common Council of the city; member of the School Committee; representative in the General Court, in which he served on a committee to revise the statutes and at one session cast the only vote in favor of receiving a petition of the anti-slavery people. He was one of the charter members and founders of the Worcester County Mechanics Association and was its first secretary; one of the founders of Hope Cemetery and a commissioner from the beginning to the time of his death; trustee of the Home for Aged Women and also of the Home for Aged Men from the time these institutions were organized until he died. He was one of the original members of the Church of the Unity and was deacon for many years and at various times

superintendent of the Sunday school. He was a charter member of the Worcester Society of Antiquity and at one time vice-president; member of the Worcester Lyceum and the Natural History Society; one of the founders of the Worcester Free Public Library, having the enviable distinction of offering the resolution establishing the institution while a member of the Common Council, and later serving on the board of trustees. He was one of the original members of the Book Club (See Book Club) and served as treasurer. He was one of the founders of the Reformatory for Girls at Lancaster, served on the first board of governors and later as treasurer.

Active in the anti-slavery movement, he was successful in preventing the prejudice against negroes from gaining headway in the public schools. Believing the Mexican War unrighteous, he refused to make wagons and ambulances for the Government for use in that war. He was treasurer and disbursing agent of a fund for the relief of widows and families of soldiers during the War for the Union. He was one of the engineers of the famous Underground Railroad before the war and his house and barn sheltered many escaping slaves on their way to Canada. He was one of the founders of the Free Soil party and afterward a Republican. To the end of his life he maintained his interests in politics. He was trustee, vice-president and member of the board of investment of the Worcester County Institution for Savings.

Mr. Tolman married (first) April 2, 1839, Lusanna R. Hunstable, widow of his partner, daughter of Gardner and Lucy (Cook) Whiting. She was born May 27, 1813, died October 21, 1858. He married (second) August 1, 1861, Olive N. Flagg, born August 31, 1819, died October 10, 1874. His children, all by first wife, were: 1. Albert Hunstable, born May 12, 1841, died October 3, 1841. 2. James Albert, born May 2, 1842, died July 13, 1857. 3. Mary Elizabeth, born March 24, 1844, died July 22, 1844. 4. Mary Lusanna, born October 10, 1847, married Benjamin N. Bradt. 5. Edward F. (see biography). 6. Sarah Lucretia Pike, born September 28, 1852, died December 26, 1857. Lusanna R. Tolman was descended from the early settlers of Massachusetts and Plymouth. Among her ancestors were James Whiton or Whiting, who came from England to Hingham, Massachusetts, before 1647; and Francis Cook, who came in the "Mayflower" to Plymouth.

EDWARD F. TOLMAN, Manufacturer, trustee of various institutions, treasurer of many organizations, was born in Worcester, June 13, 1850, died January 2, 1910, in this city, son of Albert Tolman.

He was educated in the public and high schools of Worcester and in the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, from which he graduated in 1871 in the first class receiving degrees (S. B.). He began his career as a mechanical engineer in the employ of the Flushing & Northside Railroad Company at Flushing, Long Island. In 1872 he was in the employ of the Globe Nail Works at South Boston, Massachusetts; in 1873 with the Hoskins Steam Engine Company of Fitchburg, Massachusetts; in 1875-76 in the machinery department of the Centennial Exhibition, Philadelphia. In 1874-76 he was an instructor in mechanical drawing in the Worcester evening schools; in 1877-78 instructor of mechanical drawing in the Clinton evening schools. He became a partner of Edward K. Hill in 1874, opening an office here and doing business as mechanical engineers under the firm name of Hill & Tolman. The office was in the Harrington building, Harrington Corner. The firm was among the first to make use of blueprints on a large scale in duplicating drawings, photographic negatives and plans used in their work. Mr. Tolman was a pioneer in the bicycle business. In 1877, in partnership with William R. Pierce, he introduced the bicycle, not only riding the high wheels and selling them, but building them for a time. This firm continued in business until 1885-86 and was discontinued on account of the other business interests of the partners, both of whom had become interested in the Wheelock Engine Company, of which Mr. Tolman was treasurer. Mr. Tolman remained with the engine works as its mechanical engineer and treasurer until the business was sold in 1895 to the American Wheelock Engine Company. The factory was on Union street for many years, later on Southgate street. Subsequently, owing to various consolidations of engine works, the business was removed from Worcester.

After 1895 Mr. Tolman was largely occupied in the settlement of estates and in administering various other private and public trusts, but he followed his profession also. He was executor of the estate of his father and of his wife's father, William H. Heywood. For more than thirty years he was clerk of the parish of the Church of the Unity and for several years its treasurer. He succeeded his father as trustee of the Home for Aged Women in 1891, and also was treasurer to the end of his life. For more than twenty-five years he was an active and influential member of the Worcester County Mechanics Association, a trustee for several years, vice-president two years, and president two years. He was a trustee of the Worcester County Institution for Savings, also its auditor. From 1890 to the time of his death he was



John J. Lewis.

secretary and treasurer of the ancient Worcester Book Club. He succeeded John C. Otis as treasurer of the Worcester Unitarian Conference in 1802 and served until he died. He was for many years treasurer of the Sunday school of the Church of the Unity, a member of the board of advisers of the Children's Friend Society, and was a member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers. In politics he was a Republican, an intimate friend and next-door neighbor of Senator George F. Hoar. He served for five years on the Worcester school committee.

Mr. Tolman married, November 12, 1884, Emily Ann Heywood, born September 1, 1852, daughter of William H. and Mary G. (Sutton) Heywood. The Heywood line of ancestry is: William H., Henry, Abel, Abel. (See Heywood in Early Settlers). The Gates ancestry: Mary Sutton, Sarah (Gates) Sutton, Simon, Simon, Simon, Simon, Stephen Gates, who was born in England, and settled in Hingham. (See Gates in Early Settlers). Mrs. Tolman is also a descendant from various other pioneers of Massachusetts. Mr. and Mrs. Tolman had two daughters: Olive, born December 18, 1885, graduate of Smith, 1907, teacher in North High School; and Mary Heywood, born March 2, 1893, graduate of Smith College; after graduation from college she did social service work with John Wanamaker's store, New York; in Rockford, Illinois, 1914, in community service work under the Government.

EDWARD LEE DUNN, Mechanical and electrical engineer, was born in Lexington, Missouri, July 8, 1868, son of Rev. John W. and Anne Maria Dunn. Rev. John W. Dunn was born in Pennsylvania, died at Independence, Missouri, July 4, 1902; was a Episcopal clergyman, in active service for about fifty-three years; married Anne Maria —, who was born in Virginia. Their children: Howard, Lizzie, Minnie A., Sally V., Ivah L., Florence, John, Reginald H., and Edward Lee.

Edward L. Dunn received his education in the public schools of Lexington and in Woodland College, Independence, Missouri. Before graduating he had learned the trade of machinist in the shops of the Kansas City, Fort Scott & Gulf Railroad at Kansas City, Missouri, and worked at his trade after leaving school for six or eight years in various western cities—Kansas City; Pocatello, Idaho; Helena, Montana; Marysville, Montana; and Chicago. During 1896 he entered the employ of the Burdett-Rountree Manufacturing Company of Chicago and was promoted step by step to erecting foreman, shop foreman and finally to the position of factory superintendent. After eight years with this concern, he came to Worcester in September, 1904, as mechanical engineer for the Standard Plunger Elevator Company and has been in the engineering department of this company since then. During this time he has been granted twenty patents for improvements on automatic elevator machinery. He has served as clerk of the corporation, director and chief engineer. Mr. Dunn entered the government service, May 16, 1918, as mechanical and electrical engineer in the ordnance department. He is a member of the Commonwealth Club, the Worcester Automobile Club, the Leicester Country Club, the American Society of Mechanical Engineers. In politics he is independent. He is a vestryman of St. Mark's Protestant Episcopal Church of Worcester.

Mr. Dunn married, in Kansas City, Missouri, June 2, 1892, Marion Burdett Perkins, who was born in Nashville, Tennessee, July 10, 1872, a daughter of Edward and Ann V. (Potts) Perkins. Her father was born in Ripley, Illinois; was superintendent of the public schools in Nashville, Tennessee, and Clarksville in that State for about ten years; died April 1, 1914. Her mother was born at Pulaski, Tennessee, died February 5, 1911. Mr. and Mrs. Dunn have had four children: 1. Edward Lee, Jr., graduate of the South High School, 1913, now in the aviation service. 2. Marion Valencia, graduate of the South High School, 1914, a graduate nurse. 3. Francis Whitelaw. 4. Janet, twin of Francis W.

JOHN JAMES LEWIS. Prior to 1914 Mr. Lewis was associated with his father in the cleaning and dyeing business in Salem, Massachusetts, there thoroughly mastering the secrets of the art. Since 1914 he has been one of the most successful men of his business in Worcester, each year of the five which have since passed having witnessed a one hundred per cent. increase in patronage. There can be but one explanation of such a record and that is the excellent service rendered patrons. Mr. Lewis is a son of John Henry and Elizabeth (Lowe) Lewis, his father proprietor of The Lewis Cleaning & Dyeing Company of Salem, Massachusetts. John H. Lewis is one of the devoted Christian men of his city whose time outside of business hours has largely been given to church work and civic affairs.

John J. Lewis was born in Milford, Massachusetts, July 29, 1883. He was educated in the public schools, and completed his studies with graduation from Watertown High School, class of 1904, then and for three years engaging in the wholesale

fruit and produce business in Boston. In 1907 he entered the employ of his father in Salem, Massachusetts, and under him spent seven years in the cleaning and dyeing business. In 1914 John J. Lewis came to Worcester, Massachusetts, and purchased the cleaning and dyeing business which was then operated as The Naptha Laundry. He at once put the establishment on a true basis, and with his thorough practical knowledge of his trade soon brought it into public favor. Quality of work and excellent service has been maintained through the years which have followed, and Mr. Lewis may view his business record with a great deal of satisfaction. His place of business is at No. 85 Gardner street. He is a Republican in politics, and in Salem was a member of the Republican City Committee in 1913. He is a member of Starr Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Salem, and in Worcester is a member of the Kiwanis Club, the Young Men's Christian Association, the Commonwealth, and the Leicester Country Clubs. His church affiliation is with the Plymouth Congregational Church.

Mr. Lewis married, in Watertown, Massachusetts, October 9, 1907, Blanche Ella Moore, daughter of Frederick Kenneth and Leona (Dodge) Moore. Mr. and Mrs. Lewis are the parents of a son, John Kenneth, born in Salem, May 1, 1910.

GEORGE BUTMAN DOWLEY, President of the Ware-Pratt Company, was born in Newport, Rhode Island, April 26, 1864, son of John Elisha and Julia M. (Barker) Dowley. John Elisha Dowley was born in Brattleboro, Vermont. His father was killed in action in the Mexican War. John Elisha Dowley was a "Fortyniner." Julia M. (Barker) Dowley was a native of Rhode Island. They had four children, of whom three are living. Children: Mary, died young; Amelia, married John W. Murray, Jr., of Plainfield, New Jersey; Levi B., resides in Newton Center, Massachusetts; and George B.

When George B. was seven years old the family moved to Plainfield, New Jersey, where he attended the public schools. At the age of seventeen he left the high school and entered the employ of the well-known firm of Chamberlain & Currier, of Boston, May 3, 1881. He was with this concern in various positions for nine years, and acquired a thorough knowledge of the clothing business. He began business on his own account in 1900 at Hyde Park under the name of George B. Dowley Clothing Parlors. Two years later his business required larger quarters, and he opened his first store on the ground floor on River street, Hyde Park. In 1909 another extension was made, and in 1916 the present spacious store was occupied in Cleary square. Mr. Dowley has been in business in this city since December 16, 1911, when he bought the controlling interest in the Ware-Pratt Company, then conducting the oldest and largest clothing store in the city. Since 1917 his son, Leroy L. Dowley, has been general manager. George B. Dowley is president of the Ware-Pratt Company. Mr. Dowley bought the Wells-Coverly Company and incorporated the business, April 1, 1914. This company operates stores in Troy, Syracuse and Oswego, New York. George B. Dowley is president of this corporation and his son is treasurer. Mr. Dowley added to his string of clothing stores by purchase, May 2, 1918, another place in Springfield, Massachusetts, buying an old established business, which will be run by the Ware-Pratt Company of Springfield. Mr. Dowley's extensive interests in the clothing business place him among the foremost merchants of the city and State.

Mr. Dowley is a member of the Worcester Country Club and of the Country Club at Martha's Vineyard, where he has a summer residence. He is active in the church, and was for fourteen years president of the Hyde Park Young Men's Christian Association, for which he erected a building and left an ample endowment for its maintenance. He is a member of Hyde Park Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Royal Arch Masons; Royal and Select Masters; Hyde Park Commandery, Knights Templar. In politics he is a Republican; in religion a Baptist, a member of the First Baptist Church. He is keenly interested in civic work.

Mr. Dowley married at Canton, Massachusetts, October 20, 1887, Augusta Lentell, who was born at Weston, Massachusetts. Mr. and Mrs. Dowley have four children: 1. Leroy L. (see biography). 2. Miriam Gladys. 3. Kenneth C., now in the United States service in France; has been under fire since July, 1917, (August, 1918, date of writing). 4. Hazel Arline, who prepared for duty as nurse in the service.

LEROY L. DOWLEY, General manager of the Ware-Pratt Company, was born in Hyde Park. He attended the public schools in Hyde Park, then he spent two years at Dartmouth College, leaving to go into business with his father. He has been manager of the Ware-Pratt Company, the oldest and largest clothing store in

Worcester, since 1917, and under his administration the store has continued to grow and extend its business. He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, the Rotary Club and the Worcester Country Club.

Mr. Dowley married Marion Curtis, of Saratoga Springs, New York, and they have one child, George B. 2d. Their home is at No. 36 William street.

JAMES HARVEY CURTIS, Insurance, is a grandson of John W. Curtis, who was born in 1815, and came from his native country, Leeds, Yorkshire, England, to the United States about 1840 and settled in Massachusetts. He died in Gaysville, Vermont, June 13, 1875. He was a woolen spinner by occupation, and a member of the Protestant Episcopal church. He married Fannie Hollensworth, also born in Leeds, England, in 1818, and died December 24, 1879, at West Hartford, Vermont, and they were the parents of: Ann Elizabeth, also born in Leeds, England, in 1839; Sarah Siddles, born in Leeds, England, in 1840; Matilda (Curtis) Weston, born in Billerica, Massachusetts, in 1844; Edward James (see biography); William H., born in Lowell, Massachusetts, in 1850, still living in Lowell; Martha (Curtis) Badger, born in Andover, Massachusetts, in 1851, now living in West Hartford, Vermont; Alfred, born in Andover, in 1852, died in the Civil War from eating food poisoned by Southern women; Lucy (Curtis) Haley, born in Gaysville, Vermont, in 1856, and died in White River Village, in 1911.

Edward James Curtis, son of John W. and Fannie (Hollensworth) Curtis, became a mill worker at the age of eight years in a woolen mill at Danvers, Massachusetts, working fourteen hours daily, even at that tender age. At the age of seventeen and one-half years he enlisted in the Eleventh Vermont First Heavy Artillery, which later became a part of the Sixth Corps and took part in all of the Shenandoah Valley campaigns. He was in fifteen of the hardest battles and over eighty minor engagements. He had bullets go through his hat and clothes, but was never wounded. After the war he returned to the textile trade, becoming overseer in a woolen mill, a position he held for thirty years. For the past twenty years he has been a janitor in the Worcester schools, only being off duty three hours in that entire period. Recently he has retired and been pensioned by the city. In 1874 he married Lucy Minard, who was born in Queens county, Nova Scotia, April 18, 1850, and who died in Worcester, Massachusetts, September 25, 1917. She was a daughter of Lewis and Jane (Sanders) Minard. Lewis Minard died in 1892, and Jane (Sanders) Minard died in 1885. Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Curtis were the parents of three children: James Harvey (see biography); William Edward, born June 21, 1885, in Saugus, Massachusetts; Inez B., born July 10, 1888, in Saugus, Massachusetts; the two latter teaching school in Worcester, Massachusetts.

James Harvey Curtis, eldest son of Edward James and Lucy (Minard) Curtis, was born in Littleton, New Hampshire, June 17, 1875. He completed his preliminary education with graduation from Leicester Academy, class of 1894, and from Worcester High School in 1895, the two and a half years following being spent as a student at Worcester Polytechnic Institute. After finishing his school years, Mr. Curtis began business life as an insurance solicitor, a line of business with which he has since been continuously connected, being widely known as "Curtis the Insurance Man." He continued a solicitor until 1908, when he became a general agent for a casualty and surety company, and established a business for himself with offices in the Slater building, Worcester, Massachusetts. He is a Republican in politics, a member of Piedmont Congregational Church, Worcester, Massachusetts; Worcester Country Club; Rotary Club and Economic Club; Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter; Hiram Council; Aletheia Grotto; Central Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Young Men's Christian Association, which he serves as director and chairman of its membership committee; Chamber of Commerce, of which he was a director for four years and chairman of its membership committee for two years; Worcester Oratorio Society, of which he is a director and secretary.

Mr. Curtis married, in Worcester, January 12, 1904, Mabelle A. Pierce, born in Middlebury, Vermont, October 9, 1880, daughter of George Leland Pierce, a former confectioner of Worcester, and Olive A. Pierce.

WILLIAM FRANCIS BURBANK. The surname Burbank, spelled Bowerbank, is found in Domesday Book. At a later date the spelling is Bowbank, while some of the American families use the form Burbancke. Most, if not all, of the New England families use the spelling Burbank, and are descended from John Burbank, born in London, about the year 1600. He settled in Rowley, Massachusetts, where he was admitted a freeman, May 13, 1640, and the same year recorded a proprietor.

He left many descendants, among them Abijah Burbank, the pioneer manufacturer of Worcester county, producing his first paper in June, 1776. Almost all the children and grandchildren of Abijah Burbank became paper manufacturers, and many of the name served in the Revolution. The holy calling has attracted many of the name, three of the sons of Samuel Burbank, of Newfield, Maine, being clergymen. Rev. John F. Burbank, grandfather of William Francis Burbank, of Worcester, was a Baptist preacher, active in the ministry until his death. Rev. John F. Burbank, was a son of Colonel John Burbank, of Bridgton, Maine, born May 17, 1774, died October 29, 1841; married, January 27, 1800, Sarah Felch, born June 22, 1778, died September 3, 1845. Colonel Burbank was a son of Colonel Burbank, who fought in the French and Indian War in Maine, and later was an officer in the Revolutionary Army.

Rev. John F. Burbank was born December 4, 1811, in Saco, Maine, died at Rochdale, Massachusetts, November 15, 1853. He was a minister of the Gospel, and at the time of his death was pastor of the Baptist church at Rochdale. He married, March 10, 1840, his wife dying about 1845, leaving two children: George L., born in 1842, died 1917; and Charles William, of further mention.

Charles William Burbank was born in Webster, Massachusetts, August 9, 1844, died in Worcester, Massachusetts, February 16, 1900. He was a man of education, and for a time taught school at Worcester Academy; later he finished a special course at Laurence Scientific School, Harvard University, qualifying as a civil engineer and surveyor. He conducted professional business in Worcester until he died, and also was interested in the printing and publishing business. He was a Baptist in religion, and in politics a "sound old-fashioned Republican." He married, in Worcester, November 4, 1868, Persis Eliza Cheney, born August 26, 1848, daughter of Leonard and Persis W. (Hemenway) Cheney. Leonard Cheney was born in Barre, Massachusetts, November 27, 1821, died December 10, 1902. He married Persis W. Hemenway, June 1, 1846. He was superintendent of a department of the American Steel & Wire Company, a corporation in whose employ he continued for more than fifty years. He was a member of the Church of Unity. Children of Leonard and Persis W. Cheney: Leonard Warren, born March 25, 1847, died August 6, 1917; Persis Eliza, born August 26, 1848, yet living (1919), widow of Charles W. Burbank; Mary Elizabeth, born May 21, 1850, died April 4, 1855; Ellen Sophia, born September 12, 1853, yet living; Ida Elizabeth, born September 22, 1858, died August 2, 1907. Leonard Cheney was a son of Artemas Cheney, son of Artemas Cheney, son of Caleb Cheney, son of William Cheney, son of William Cheney, son of William Cheney, son of William Cheney, who came from England, and settled in Roxbury, Massachusetts, about 1630. In England the Cheney family traces back to about the year 1200.

Charles W. and Persis Eliza (Cheney) Burbank were the parents of four children: Lillie, born March 28, 1871, died April 5, 1918; William Francis, of further mention; Albert, born May 16, 1876, died 1878; Minnie Tamar, born December 16, 1877.

William Francis Burbank, son of Charles William and Persis Eliza (Cheney) Burbank, was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, February 10, 1873, and there has spent his forty-six years. After completing grammar and high school courses of study in Worcester, he studied civil engineering and surveying under his honored father, and after becoming proficient was admitted to a partnership, the firm operating as Charles W. Burbank & Son, civil engineers and surveyors. Later father and son both became interested in the printing business of Charles W. Burbank & Company, the son entering both of these firms as a partner in 1894. After the death of Charles W. Burbank in 1900, William F. sold the civil engineering business, and has since devoted himself entirely to the printing business, purchasing all other interests in that business and now is its sole owner and active head.

Mr. Burbank is a member of all bodies of the York and Scottish Rites, and holds all degrees up to and including the thirty-second. He is affiliated with Montacute Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; Stella Chapter, No. 3, Order of the Eastern Star, of which he is past patron; and with all bodies of Massachusetts consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; other orders with which he is affiliated are: Cherokee Tribe, No. 16, Improved Order of Red Men; Worcester Council, No. 136, United Commercial Travelers of America, serving in all chairs and now senior counselor; Worcester Commercial Travelers' Association; Green Mountain Commercial Travelers' Association; Worcester Typothetae, fifteen years its secretary, two years president; Worcester County Mechanics Association, Worcester Agricultural Society and others. He is a member of the First Baptist Church.



P. A. Bauman

Mr. Burbank married, February 6, 1906, at Worcester, Maude E. F. Taft, born in Uxbridge, Massachusetts, May 18, 1884, daughter of Henry F. and Cora E. (Prouty) Taft.

ARTHUR WILLIAM BEAMAN, Secretary and treasurer of the Stockbridge Machine Company, was born in Winchendon, Massachusetts, July 6, 1876. He attended the public schools of his native town and the Murdock School, completing his education in the Worcester Polytechnic Institute. He began his business career in this city in the employ of the Shredded Wheat Biscuit Company, then located on Jackson street, and during the year that he was with this concern assisted in the removal of the plant from this city to the new quarters at Niagara Falls. He then spent a year and a half in the Middle West and West. For some time he was employed by the Denver Iron Works and the Detroit Iron Works.

Returning to Worcester for family reasons, he was in the employ of the Bay State Stamping Company of this city, in 1902-03, resigning his position in 1903 to become secretary and treasurer of the Stockbridge Machine Company, and he has filled these offices and been active in the management of this company since that time. Mr. Beaman is also the sole proprietor of the A. B. Manufacturing Company of this city, a concern engaged in making safety-razor blades, sheet-metal crank handles and other specialties. This company was organized in 1909, and has been very prosperous, having an excellent market for its products in this country and abroad. All the products are inventions or designs of Mr. Beaman. He is treasurer of the Worcester County Employers' Association; member of the National Manufacturers' Association; the Commonwealth Club; Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, and of Plymouth Congregational Church. In politics he is a Republican.

John Webster Beaman, father of Arthur W. Beaman, was born in Winchendon, September 18, 1855, died December 3, 1888. Educated in the common schools and trained in the office of E. Murdock & Company, he afterward worked for his father in the manufacture of woodenware, became general manager of the business; from 1884 to 1888 was traveling salesman for Slade, Gordon & Company, of Gloucester, fish products. He married, January 20, 1876, Alice Wood, of Ashburnham, daughter of Eliphalet S. and Susan (Farrar) Wood. (See sketch of her brother, O. B. Wood). She is now living in this city at No. 8 Shepard street. Besides the son, Mr. and Mrs. Beaman have a daughter Gertrude A., born April 1, 1881, now living here with her mother.

William Beaman, father of John Webster Beaman, was born in Winchendon, September 16, 1818; engaged in business there in 1847 in the manufacture of pails, tubs, firkins, matches and other woodenware; retired in 1887 on account of ill health; was selectman of the town and assessor. He married, February 27, 1848, Eliza Caroline Whitney, daughter of Webster and Eliza Parks (Whitman) Whitney, of Winchendon.

David Beaman, father of William Beaman, a farmer, prominent citizen of Winchendon, captain, selectman.

Gamaliel Beaman, father of David Beaman, was the first in that town, buying a farm of James Otis, the Patriot. He was with General Washington at Valley Forge, died in the service, October 11, 1777, in the Continental Hospital at Bethlehem, Pennsylvania. Gamaliel Beaman was the fourth generation from the pioneer, also Gamaliel by name, who came from England in 1635 at the age of twelve in the ship "Elizabeth and Ann," settled at Dorchester, Massachusetts, but removed to Lancaster soon; died March 28, 1678. Gamaliel Beaman, of the third generation, was the first inhabitant of what is now Sterling, Massachusetts.

GEORGE BERNARD O'FLYNN, A. M. Three generations of O'Flynn's were contemporary in Worcester for several years, until 1905, when the eldest of the group, Richard O'Flynn, called by Hon. Alfred S. Roe, in a memorial read for Worcester Society of Antiquity, Worcester's Irish Old Mortality, was called to his reward. He was the father of Thomas Francis O'Flynn, educator and author, and grandfather of George Bernard O'Flynn, educator, the last-named coming upon the scene of action after the death of his grandfather, but spending the first sixteen years of his life under the influence of that fine old Irish scholar and gentleman.

The history of the family is traced to O'Flainn of Munster, a brother of Ealathach, and who was of the ninety-ninth generation in the "line of Heber," according to O'Hart. This name was anglicised O'Flynn and Flynn. The O'Flynn's of Connaught bore arms:

W.—II-45.

Argent, a dexter arm couped between two swords in pale all proper.

Richard O'Flynn was born in County Waterford, Ireland, February 27, 1829, died in Worcester, Massachusetts, December 24, 1905, son of Thomas and Margaret (Powers) O'Flynn. He came to Worcester in 1865, and for many years kept a book store at No. 244 Front street. He was also long an agent for steamship lines and was known in all parts of Ireland. He was a lover of books, an antiquarian in the best sense of the term. He was an authority on American Indian relics, old coins and stamps. His collection of Indian relics, valued as one of the finest private collections in Worcester county, is now the property of The Worcester Society of Antiquity, an organization founded in January, 1875, by Samuel E. Staples, John G. Smith, Franklin P. Rice and Richard O'Flynn. In 1895 Richard O'Flynn visited Ireland and was most cordially entertained in many of the large cities, while in Ireland his antiquarian proclivities led to his discovery of a very old stone in the Abby Yard at Waterford. This stone, exquisitely carved, is evidently of great antiquity, but the secret of its inscription is yet unsolved. It is now carefully placed in the British Museum at London, Mr. O'Flynn having a linen rubbing of the stone made which he presented to the Worcester Society of Antiquity.

While he collected and sold many books, there were some of the choicest of which were never offered for sale but retained for his own private library. These he finally presented to the Worcester Public Library, his gift comprising eight hundred valuable volumes. Many of these were volumes bearing upon the story of Ireland, and only to be found in few private libraries, also a considerable part were printed in Gaelic. He copied and presented to the Society of Antiquity the inscriptions on all the tombstones in the old Catholic Cemetery in Tatnuck, and also copied the inscription on the old part of St. John's Cemetery. Richard O'Flynn was the Irish historian of Worcester. He wrote the history of the Emet Guards, and left four large volumes of clippings and records which but for his love of the work would have been lost. He wrote sketches of all the Catholic parishes which existed in Worcester up to the time of his death, and fully justified in his life and work the title bestowed upon him, "Worcester's Irish Old Mortality." He was one of the founders of the Father Mathew Total Abstinence Society in Worcester, was its secretary-treasurer for twenty-five years, and for a long time its honored president. In politics he was a Democrat, represented his ward on the city school committee in 1884 and 1885, and for a number of years was an assessor of his ward.

Richard O'Flynn married, April 21, 1861, Anna O'Neil, who died in Worcester, June 2, 1875, daughter of Charles O'Neil, a veteran of the British Army, who fought Wellington at Waterloo. While stationed at Gibraltar he was ordered to attend the Church of England service, but taking the ground that being a Catholic he should have the privilege of worshipping after the manner of his own faith, he refused to obey. This was deemed insubordination, and according to the manner of punishment then sanctioned in the British Army he received three hundred lashes as punishment. Later he wrote to the Duke of York, who ascended the English throne subsequently as William IV., stated his grievance and lived to have the satisfaction of knowing he set in motion the sentiment which resulted in British soldiers worshipping, each according to the dictates of his own conscience. Charles O'Neil was the author of "Military Adventure," published in 1851. His brother, Arthur O'Neil, was killed on the ship "Terrible" in a battle with the French off the coast of Holland in 1807. Another brother fell at Talavera de la Reina in New Castile, Spain, Wellington there defeating the French, July 27-28, 1809. Charles O'Neil had five sons, all of whom enlisted in the Union Army at the outbreak of the War between the States. One of the sons, Captain Thomas O'Neil, commander of the Emmet Guards, was killed at the battle of Cold Harbor, June 3, 1864. Another son, Lieutenant James O'Neil, served in the same regiment (Twenty-fifth Mass.) and later was an aide on the staff of General Marshall, of New York, ranking as colonel. Richard and Anna (O'Neil) O'Flynn were the parents of four sons and a daughter: Thomas Francis, of further mention; Charles, deceased; Mary, deceased; William and Richard J., deceased.

Thomas Francis O'Flynn, eldest son of Richard and Anna (O'Neil) O'Flynn, was born in Worcester, August 28, 1862, and there yet resides, a highly-esteemed educator and school principal. He is a graduate of Worcester Polytechnic Institute, class of 1882, and of Worcester State Normal School. He chose pedagogy as his profession, and won his way to high position in the Worcester schools, holding successively the principalship of the Thomas street, Providence street and Ledge street public schools of the city. He is highly-regarded among educators, and is president of the Worcester County Teachers' Association. He is the author of "The Story of

Worcester," and has otherwise enriched the literature of his profession. He is a Democrat in politics, and in religious faith a Roman Catholic. He married Julia M. Crowley.

George Bernard O'Flynn, son of Thomas Francis and Julia M. (Crowley) O'Flynn, was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, October 27, 1889. He began his education in Worcester schools, and in 1908 was graduated from the English High School. He then entered Massachusetts Agricultural College, completing courses there with graduation, class of 1912, and the degree of B. S. He continued his studies at Clark University, there receiving the degree of A. M., class of 1913. He chose the profession of pedagogy, and in the fall of 1913 began as a teacher of biology at North High School, Worcester, and in the fall of 1914 became head of the biological department in Classical High School and teacher of the same study. During 1913-14-15, he was supervisor of playground garden work in Worcester.

Mr. O'Flynn is a member of the Alumni Council, and of the college fraternities, Kappa, Gamma Phi (Massachusetts Agricultural College); Sigma Fraternity (Clark University); Alhambra Council, No. 88, Knights of Columbus; Bishop O'Reilly Assembly, Fourth Degree, Knights of Columbus; member of the National Security League; Worcester Red Cross; director of Worcester High School Masters' Club; Worcester County Teachers' Association; Massachusetts School Masters' Club; is a Democrat in politics, and a member of Blessed Sacrament Roman Catholic Church.

HORATIO CLARK GOULDING. When the tide of battle rolled back and Pickett's men in despair retreated from the bloody field of Gettysburg, one of the men who repelled that terrific charge paid for the honor with a severe wound. That man was Edwin Goulding, of Company D, Fifteenth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, a toolmaker of Worcester, and father of Horatio Clark Goulding, of the Alsten & Goulding Company, automobile supplies of Worcester. Edwin Goulding married Isabelle Dana Miller, and at the time of the birth of their son, Horatio Clark, they were living in Worcester. Mr. Edwin Goulding was an expert toolmaker, and with the exception of his three years' service in the Union Army followed his trade in Worcester.

Horatio Clark Goulding, son of Edwin and Isabelle Dana (Miller) Goulding, was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, April 18, 1876. After completing public school grammar courses he completed a two years' course in the Massachusetts Nautical Training School, maintained on board the ship "Enterprise." After completing the nautical course he entered the employ of the Spears Manufacturing Company, manufacturers of bicycles, and for two years continued with that company. The next three years were spent as a salesman of bicycles and sporting goods, he representing the J. P. Lovell Arms Company. In 1900 Mr. Goulding began business for himself by forming a partnership with J. A. Alsten, and in a store, thirty by fifteen feet, they conducted a bicycle repair shop and sold bicycle accessories. The business proved a success, and in 1910 was incorporated as the Alsten & Goulding Company, capital stock \$75,000. The business was then enlarged to include automobile tires and accessories, and tire vulcanizing, seven thousand eight hundred square feet now being devoted to the different departments; four floors and basement of a city business building being used. Mr. Goulding is a Republican in politics, and an attendant of the First Universalist Church. His fraternal relations are with Athelstan Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Alethia Grotto, M. O. V. P. E. R.; Central Lodge, No. 168, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is connected with the United Commercial Travelers' and Worcester Travelers' associations, his clubs the Rotary and Automobile of Worcester.

Mr. Goulding married, in Worcester, in November, 1899, Pearl Charlotte Adams, daughter of Simeon Adams. Mr. and Mrs. Goulding are the parents of two children: Dorothy, born October 9, 1900; and Donald Clark, December 13, 1906.

CHARLES ALBERT LATIENS, Proprietor of the Latiens Manufacturing Company and of the C. A. Latiens Auto Company, was born in Salem, Massachusetts, June 13, 1867, son of John P. and Marie S. (Merrill) Latiens. John P. Latiens was born in Amesbury, Massachusetts, and is now living at Manchester, in this State, aged eighty-seven years. He was a carriage builder all his active life. He married Marie S. Merrill, who was a native of Newburyport, and died aged sixty-one years. They had two children: Louis O., now living in Manchester, and Charles Albert, mentioned above. Charles A. Latiens attended the public schools of his native city until he was thirteen years old, then he began an apprenticeship in the making of shoe patterns. After learning his trade he became a traveling salesman at the age of

eighteen in the employ of the J. S. Smith Shoe Company, of Beverly, Massachusetts. After three years with this company he filled a similar position with the Smith Made Suspender Company of Boston, and continued with that concern for a period of sixteen years, being manager during the last three years. He came to this city in 1907, buying at that time an interest in the Narrow Fabric Company, manufacturing hose supporters and similar goods in Worcester. In 1910 he sold his holdings in this company and established the Latons Manufacturing Company. The factory is at No. 142 Green street. The company manufactures hose supporters, suspenders, garters and webs, and make a specialty of double-life suspenders, long-life suspenders and secret-service garters. He is also an owner in the Latons-Sons Company, repairers of automobiles, No. 152 Green street, and president of the C. A. Latons Automobile Company, No. 739 Main street. He has always been keenly interested in athletics and was the owner of the first polo team organized in this city. In his younger days he was a noted roller skater, giving exhibitions of his skill in rinks in all parts of the country. He took part in numerous six-day skating matches. As a professional and semi-professional bicycle rider, he was also known throughout the country. At present his recreation is found mainly in his automobile. Mr. Latons possesses great inventive ability and has to his credit various valuable patents. He is a member of New Haven Lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; Worcester Rotary Club; Worcester Chamber of Commerce; Commercial Travelers of Worcester, and United Commercial Travelers. In politics he is a Republican, and while living in Beverly was a nominee for representative on the Republican ticket.

Mr. Latons married, at Springfield, Massachusetts, June 30, 1892, Sophia M. Frese, who was born in Boston, Massachusetts, a daughter of August and Anna (Frank) Frese, both now deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Latons have two children: Phyllis M., and Karl W., who is now serving in the United States Navy. The former is a member of the faculty of the Hultman-McQuade School of Music in this city.

MICHAEL PHILIP QUARREY. Displaying as a motto the assertion that, "Quarrey's Quality in Flowers Stands for the Best," the Quarrey Floral Company, No. 150 Franklin street, Worcester, makes their strong plea for public confidence, and in the generous patronage which has rewarded his efforts Mr. Quarrey finds his great encouragement for the future. The business he has conducted for the past six years is one to which he was naturally attracted through his intense love of nature and the out-of-doors. He enjoys a ramble in the woods above all other forms of recreation, while long drives in his automobile are almost an equal source of delight, not for the pleasure the swift motion affords but for the constant panorama nature unfolds to his view.

Mr. Quarrey is a son of William Quarrey, born in Dungarven, a seaport and watering place of Waterford, County Waterford, Ireland, on the Collegan river near its mouth, in the bay of Dungarven. William Quarrey spent the first twenty-one years of his life in his native town then, accompanied by his mother, he came to the United States, locating in Worcester, Massachusetts. He became a well-known truckman of Worcester, and there resided until his death, April 1, 1904, aged fifty-two years. He married, in Worcester, Mary Kearney, born in County Waterford, Ireland, who survives him, a resident of Worcester. Mr. and Mrs. Quarrey were the parents of six children: William S., a florist of Worcester, employed by his brother, Michael P.; Bridget, died in Worcester, aged fourteen years; Joanna, died at the age of seven years; Michael P. (see biography); Charles, died aged three years; John Francis, born in 1890, a soldier of the Forty-second Massachusetts Regiment, stationed at Camp Upton.

Michael Philip Quarrey was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, September 15, 1885, and until fifteen years of age attended the public schools. He then entered the employ of Barnard, Sumner & Putnam, as cash boy, and a year later began a connection with McClouds Screw Works. He was next engaged with the American Steel & Wire Company of Worcester, beginning as a gauger, and at the end of three years being promoted to the post of foreman, so continuing until 1912, when he established in business as a florist at No. 14 Front street. He prospered in his undertaking from the first, and soon found larger quarters necessary. These he found at No. 542 Main street, where he remained until 1913, when he moved to his present location, No. 150 Franklin street. There he is conducting a most satisfactory business under the firm name, the Quarrey Floral Company, a business which is founded on the soundest principles of commercial honor, and on a genuine love for every plant and flower that passes through its owner's hands. Mr. Quarrey is a member of St. Anne's Roman Catholic Church, Father Matthew Association, Knights of Columbus, and the Improved Order of Red Men.

Mr. Quarrey married, September 1, 1915, Amastasia Mary Raymond, born in Worcester, September 18, 1885, daughter of Robert and Joanna (Powers) Raymond,



David William Armstrong

her father now with the Walker Grinding Company, her mother deceased, killed in a street railway accident in Worcester, March 19, 1913. Mr. and Mrs. Quarrey are the parents of two children: William Philip, who died in infancy; Patricia, born July 14, 1918.

CHARLES HENRY SHIPPEE, Real estate, formerly of the city police force, was born in Colerain, Massachusetts, October 9, 1846, son of Jesse and Jane R. (Donaldson) Shippee. Jesse Shippee was a native of Colerain; a farmer there until 1855, when he moved to Barre, Massachusetts. Afterward he located in North Dana, in this county. He followed farming and teaming all his active years. Jane R. (Donaldson) Shippee was also born in Colerain. She died in North Dana. They had thirteen children, of whom seven are living. Four of them reside in this city—Herbert R., is a member of the Fire Patrol; George W., of the Fire Department; Eva May, widow of Charles Brigham; and Charles Henry, of further mention.

Charles Henry Shippee lived in his native town and attended the district schools there until he was ten years of age, when he went with the family to Barre, Massachusetts, where he completed his education in the public schools, and was associated with his father in the work of the farm until he came of age. He came to this city in 1867, and worked for a time for the firm of Garford & Parker. Later in the year he was appointed driver of Steamer No. 2, in the City Fire Department, and he filled this position until 1877, when he was appointed instructor at the county jail, afterward being made steward. From 1882 until he retired in 1916 he was a patrolman on the city police force. By shrewd investment and untiring industry Mr. Shippee acquired a competence during his long years of service. He is now occupied in the care and improvement of his real estate. His residence is at No. 68 Merrick street. Mr. Shippee is a Republican in politics. He is a member of Worcester Lodge, Independent Order of Foresters; of the American Order of United Workmen, the Worcester Police Relief Association, and the First Universalist Church.

Mr. Shippee married, October 1, 1888, Ella F. Worth, who was born in Kennebunk, Maine; was educated there and in the public schools of Portland, Maine. She is a daughter of Thomas Worth, a farmer of Kennebunk. Mr. and Mrs. Shippee have three children, all born in this city: 1. George Elmer, automobile dealer, Springfield, Massachusetts; married Ruth Carpenter. 2. Charles Worth, enlisted in the United States Army, May, 1918, now in the service. 3. Hazel Jane.

DAVID WILLIAM ARMSTRONG, Superintendent of the Worcester Boys' Club and probation officer for juveniles, was born in North Adams, Massachusetts, November 19, 1885, son of David and Leah (Busierre) Armstrong. His father was born in Canada in 1869; his mother in New Bedford, 1867.

David W. Armstrong attended the public schools, evening school and a business college in Pittsfield. The greater part of his education, however, was secured in study outside of schools. He began business as a newsboy; then became messenger and collector for the Western Union Telegraph Company; worked a few months in a shoe factory; was office boy for the Berkshire Life Insurance Company; office clerk of the Pittsfield Young Men's Christian Association. He then became a clerk in the loan and policy departments of the Berkshire Life Insurance Company, and assistant superintendent and physical director of the Boys' Club of Pittsfield, whence he came to this city at the age of twenty-one years in 1907 as superintendent of the Boys' Club (see Boys' Club). He was subsequently appointed probation officer for juveniles of the Central District Court. Since then the Boys' Club has grown from an organization of eight hundred boys to one of thirty-one hundred boys, and the value of its property and endowment has grown from \$8,000 to \$200,000. He is a member of the Rotary Club, the Chamber of Commerce, the Monday Evening Club, the Twentieth Century Club, the Boy Scouts Council, the Motion Picture Censorship Board; the Massachusetts Child Welfare Committee. He was formerly a member of the executive council of the Boys' Club Federation of the United States, and is now a member of the executive committee of the Massachusetts Federation of Boys' Clubs. He is a communicant of All Saints' Church. During the World War he was director of two membership campaigns for the Red Cross in the Worcester county district, was assistant chairman in two war fund campaigns, and a member of the executive committees of several others. He was assistant chairman for New England for the Red Cross Christmas Roll Call.

Mr. Armstrong married, in this city, May 3, 1911, Antoinette Whittle, who was born here, December 13, 1887, a daughter of James H. and Louisa Burnette (Starrett) Whittle. Her father was born in Lewiston, Maine, May 15, 1859, a manufacturer; her mother was born in Millville, Massachusetts, May 3, 1862, died 1904. Mr. and Mrs. Armstrong have one child, Robert Whittle, born March 30, 1917.

HENRY WAYNE GUY, With the Guy Furniture Company, was born in this city, October 4, 1869, son of Henry Martin and Hattie Myria (Cleveland) Guy. Henry Martin Guy was born in Dover, Massachusetts, October 10, 1837, and died in this city, April 18, 1912. He was an expert woodworker by trade and was employed in this city for more than fifty years. He served in the Civil War, Company D, Forty-third Regiment, Volunteer Infantry. He married, June 26, 1864, in Medfield, Massachusetts, Hattie Myria Cleveland, born in said town, October 29, 1840, daughter of Captain Anthony Wayne Cleveland, and had four children: Helen A., born in Medfield, May 2, 1865, died in Worcester, July 10, 1909; Henry W. (see biography); Alfred M., born in Worcester, December 15, 1873, and is a traveling salesman; Nettie J., born in Worcester, January 16, 1879, a bookkeeper. All the living children reside in the family home at No. 21 Ball street. Mr. Guy is a descendant in various lines from pioneers of New England, and from ancestors who fought in the War of the Revolution. He is a direct descendant of Timothy Guy, of Boston Tea Party fame.

Henry W. Guy was educated in the public schools. When he was seventeen years old he entered the employ of the Guy Furniture Company of Worcester, and excepting a period of five years, when he held an executive position in the store of Bell, Orme & Burrill, house furnishers, located in the Knowles building, he has been with the Guy Furniture Company as salesman and in other positions of responsibility to the present time. In politics Mr. Guy is a Republican, and he has always taken an active part in the Republican organization. He served three years on the Republican city committee; was vice-chairman two years, and acting chairman at the time of the municipal election in 1905. He represented Ward Seven in the Common Council in 1914 and 1915, serving on several of the more important committees, and has been a member of the Board of Overseers of the Poor of the city. He finds recreation in keeping stock, and farming on a small scale. He is one of the charter members of the Worcester Poultry Association; member of the Worcester Grange, Patrons of Husbandry; the Worcester County Republican Club; and Bethany Congregational Church.

Mr. Guy was married in this city, June 21, 1893, to Cora E. Bruso, by Rev. W. N. Richardson, pastor of the Webster Square Methodist Episcopal Church. They were the parents of two children: Alfred Henry, born April 14, 1896, died August 7, 1897; and Waldo Wayne, born May 17, 1907.

EDWARD MILTON WOODWARD. During his earlier manhood Mr. Woodward was a resident of Worcester, engaged as a machinist. The demand of his position as a mechanical expert took him from Worcester for a period of seventeen years. Then in 1887 he returned, organized a company and established an industry which has added to the manufacturing prestige of the city and of which he is still the honored executive head, The Woodward & Lowell Plane Company.

Edward M. Woodward was born in Marlboro, New Hampshire, November 11, 1846, son of William A. and Louisa J. (Whitcomb) Woodward, his father a builder of Winchendon, Massachusetts. Edward M. Woodward attended the public schools of Marlboro, later completing his studies at New Hampton (New Hampshire), Literary Institution. On arriving at suitable age he began learning the machinist's trade with his uncle, Charles Buss, of Marlboro, a manufacturer of wood-working machinery. After completing his years of apprenticeship he came to Worcester, entered the employ of Lathe & Morse as a journeyman machinist, continuing in Worcester until 1870. In that year he located in Baltimore, Maryland, where he was mechanical expert at the Southern headquarters of the Weed Sewing Machine Company, filling that position for ten years. In 1880 he resigned to accept a position as salesman with E. P. Bullard and for seven years made New York City his headquarters. During that period he was admitted to partnership with Mr. Bullard and together they operated until 1887, when they dissolved. Mr. Woodward then locating in Worcester, Massachusetts. Soon afterward he organized the Powell Plane Company, which later was incorporated as the Woodward & Powell Plane Company, of which he is president and treasurer. The history of the company is one of continued success, and as executive head Mr. Woodward has been the principal contributing cause of that success.

He is a member and is an ex-president of the National Tool Builders' Association, being third in the lists of presidents of that body. He is also an ex-president of the National Metal Trades Association, the Worcester County Mechanics' Association (1902-03-04) and Worcester Chamber of Commerce (1911-12). These honors, held by the favor of his contemporaries of business and mechanical circles, indicates the high regard in which Mr. Woodward has long been held and as the years progressed these feelings of esteem have but strengthened. In politics he is a Republican, and in 1896 was president of the Worcester Common Council. In 1897 he was president of

the Board of Aldermen, and in 1905-06-07 was chairman of the city board, Overseers of the Poor. He has given freely of his time, energy and ability to the public service and has always been found among these public-spirited, progressive citizens to whom communities are always indebted for their forward movements.

Mr. Woodward married Elsie A. (Jones) Woodward, who died in 1911.

CLARENCE EDWIN WAKEFIELD. Two generations of Wakefields have been engaged in the manufacture of wrenches in Worcester, John E. and Clarence E. Wakefield, father and son, the latter succeeding to the business founded by the father. The Wakefields early appeared in New England, John Wakefield, the founder, born in Hertfordshire, England, coming in 1632. He was an inhabitant of Marblehead, Massachusetts, January 1, 1637, but in 1642 he had a grant under the authority of the Ligoniat patent which was later known as the Great Hill Farm in Maine. He settled in the town of Wells, Maine, and there was a man of considerable prominence. He made several moves in the State of Maine, finally locating in that part of Biddeford now known as Saco, where he died, February 15, 1764. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Edmund and Annie Littlefield, of Wells, and had sons, James, John, William, all of whom married and reared children. From him sprang George Wakefield, a veteran of the Civil War, and a jewelry merchant, living at Lewiston and Lishon, Maine, and the father of three sons, John E., Otis J., and Arthur Wakefield. John E. Wakefield married Ella M. Wood, at Winchendon, Massachusetts, and they were the parents of Clarence Edwin Wakefield, of Worcester. John E. Wakefield died in 1910, and was succeeded by his only son, Clarence E., now head of the business conducted under the firm name, Clarence E. Wakefield.

Clarence Edwin Wakefield was born in Worcester, February 28, 1878. Graduating from the High School, class of 1898, in Worcester, he entered Pratt Institute, Brooklyn, New York, and there was graduated with the class of 1901. After completing his school years he became associated with his father, a manufacturer of wrenches in the city of Worcester. Like his forbears Mr. Wakefield is a Republican in politics, but is essentially a business man, public office holding no allurements for him. He is a member of Blue Lodge, Chapter, Council, Commandery and Shrine of the Masonic order, the Worcester Country Club, Commonwealth Club and Economic Club.

Mr. Wakefield married, in 1905, at Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, Mary I. Hickey, daughter of Thomas Hickey, of the Green & Hickey Leather Company. Mr. and Mrs. Wakefield are the parents of a son, John Thomas, born October 7, 1911, in Worcester.

LUCIUS WALLACE BRIGGS, Architect, was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, son of Cornelius Winters and Lucy Ryder (Wallace) Briggs. Cornelius W. Briggs was a veteran of the Civil War and was by occupation a mechanical engineer.

Lucius W. Briggs completed public school courses of study at Worcester Classical High School, going thence to Massachusetts Institute of Technology, where he took a special architectural course. After studying a number of years with prominent architectural firms he established in business in 1896 as Lucius W. Briggs, architect, so continuing until 1899 when he became a member of Frost, Briggs, Chamberlain, firm dissolved in 1912, and Mr. Briggs reorganized his business as the L. W. Briggs Company, Incorporated. He is a member of the American Institute of Architects, Boston Society of Architects, Society for the Preservation of New England Antiquities, the Worcester Country Club, Kiwanis Club, and Union Congregational Church.

Mr. Briggs married Lillian Fraser Vickers, of Portland, Maine, daughter of Captain John Randolph and Janet (Fraser) Vickers. Mr. and Mrs. Briggs are the parents of four children: Carlyle Wallace, died in infancy; Janet Fraser; Kathryn Barbara; and Stuart Wallace, a student in Worcester Polytechnic Institute.

EPHREM GIRARD. When Maxine Girard came from France he settled in St. Germain, Province of Quebec, Canada, and there reared a family, which consisted of nineteen living children. Among his children, Severin Girard, was the first born, and he married Angele St. Pierre. They had thirteen children, six of whom survive. Among these survivors but one came to Massachusetts, Ephrem, a contractor of steam, water and gas heating systems, at No. 99 Fairmont avenue, Worcester.

Ephrem Girard was born at St. Germain de Grantham, a village of Drummond county, province of Quebec, August, 1867. There he spent his years of minority, obtaining his education and assisting his father in the cultivation of the home farm. Upon arriving at legal age he was given a farm by his father, and during the following three years of his life he cultivated that property. He was then twenty-four years of age, but not content to remain a farmer he closed up his Canadian affairs and came to Worcester, Massachusetts, in 1891. Here he learned the steam fitter's trade at the Winslow shops, remaining there until a term of twenty-two years had been

completed. He then started in business for himself, opening a shop at No. 99 Fairmont avenue, where he has built up a prosperous business in steam, water, and gas heating construction. His home is also at the same location, and everything around his place of business and his home bespeaks the progressive, prosperous business man. Mr. Girard is a member of St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church, and is very fond of the out-of-door sports, hunting and fishing, sports inbred in every true French-Canadian.

Mr. Girard married (first) Rose Duhamel, who died in 1904, who bore him six children. He married (second) Malvina Louise Roy (King), in Worcester, May 28, 1904, daughter of Mitchell and Florence (Amelotte) Roy (King), both born in Canada. His children: Fred E., born March 9, 1889, now serving in the Aviation Corps, United States Army, with the rank of sergeant; Eveline, born May 26, 1891, married Joseph Boyer Leicester, and has two sons, Edmund and Joseph; Joseph R., born February 22, 1892, unmarried; Evangeline, died March 18, 1912, aged nineteen years; Leda, born in September, 1895, married Harold Baer; Henry, born April 13, 1899, now a soldier of the United States in the Medical Corps.

CHARLES ARCHIBALD MIDDLEMAS. When a young man of twenty-two, Mr. Middlemas left his Nova Scotian home and came to Worcester, Massachusetts, where he has since resided. That was in 1880, and four years later he had perfected his knowledge of the plumber's trade, bought out the Sisson plumbing shop and established in business for himself. Since 1884 he has been continuously engaged as a plumber, and since 1912 has been located at the present headquarters of his business, No. 40 Southbridge street. He is a son of John S. Middlemas, born in Middleton, Nova Scotia, Canada, died in Los Angeles, California, and his wife, Rebecca (Parker) Middlemas, born in Middleton, Nova Scotia, April 19, 1830, and there yet resides in her eighty-ninth year. Children: David W., an ice and coal dealer, Helena, Montana, married, and has three children, George, Ethel, and May; George E., a machinist of New York City, married, and has sons, George and Raymond; Henrietta E., married Albert Beals, of Middleton, and has two children, Robert and Maud; Charles Archibald, of further mention; Isaac N., deceased; Jerusha T., deceased; Parker J., a plumber of Worcester, married, and has three children, Mary, Newton, and Alice. The Middlemas family came to Nova Scotia from Scotland, Peter Middlemas, grandfather of Charles A. Middlemas, being the founder of the family in Middleton, Nova Scotia.

Charles Archibald Middlemas was born in Middleton, a port of entry of Annapolis county, Nova Scotia, one hundred and one miles west of Halifax, November 11, 1858. He obtained a good education in his native town, and there resided until he was twenty-two years of age. He then came alone to Worcester, Massachusetts, where for a short time he was a grocer's clerk. He then became a plumber's apprentice, and when "out of his time" bought the Sisson plumbing plant formerly owned by his employer and trade instructor. Since that year, 1884, Mr. Middlemas has steadily pursued his successful way as a contracting plumber and has gained honorable standing among the substantial business men of his city. He conducts his business at No. 40 Southbridge street under the firm name, Charles A. Middlemas, practical plumber. He is an expert workman himself, a good business man, well-liked and highly-esteemed. Mr. Middlemas is a member of the Masonic order, belonging to lodge, chapter and commandery of Knights Templar; is an Odd Fellow, member of the Grotto, the Kiwanis Club, Trinity Protestant Episcopal Church, and in politics a Republican. He is fond of hunting and has brought many deer out of the Maine North woods and one Caribou.

Mr. Middlemas married in Spencer, Massachusetts, November 11, 1885, Clara Josephine Prouty, born in Spencer, June 19, 1865, daughter of Francis N. and Sarah J. (Hill) Prouty, both deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Middlemas are the parents of a daughter, Sibyl Frances, born January 15, 1895, married Glen Vernon Powers, and has a daughter, Virginia, born in 1916.

DAVID BERNARD ISENBERG, Real estate and insurance agent, was born in Hull, England, December 25, 1878. He came with his parents to this country when eighteen months old. They located in Albany, New York, and lived there until he was five years old. Since then his home has been in Worcester. He attended the public schools here until he was thirteen years old. As a boy he worked in a mill and afterward learned the trade of stone carver in the employ of T. J. MacAuliffe in this city, continuing as apprentice and journeyman in this trade for a period of five years. He left his trade to accept a position as solicitor for the Equitable Life Insurance Company, and having an aptitude for this line of business he opened an office in 1906 at No. 733 State Mutual building, engaging in the real estate and insurance



David B. Isenberg

business and year by year extending his business, attaining marked success in both branches. He is a director of the Metropolitan Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Boston. He is one of the most prominent underwriters of life, fire and other insurance in the city. In politics Mr. Isenberg is a Democrat, keenly interested and active in public affairs, and in his party organization in the city and State. He is prominent in the various Hebrew organizations; was a vice-president of the Maccabees; president of the B'nai Brith for two years. He is a member of Worcester Lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; the Worcester Board of Underwriters; the Massachusetts Fire and Life Underwriters. He is a member of Shara Thora Synagogue.

Mr. Isenberg married, at Providence, Rhode Island, November 14, 1911, Anna Klein, who was born in Russia, coming to this country in infancy with her parents, Simon and Fannie (Priest) Klein, and spending her girlhood in Providence, where her parents are now living. Mr. and Mrs. Isenberg have one child, Harvey Alton, born August 26, 1913.

Bernard Isenberg, father of David B. Isenberg, was a native of Russia; removed to England where he lived for ten years before coming to this country. He is now a resident of this city, a retired contractor and builder, now in the undertaking business at No. 2 Rice lane. He married, in England, Sarah Rainwater, also a native of Russia. They had eight children of whom seven are living: Moses, died in infancy; David B., mentioned above; Myer P., a music dealer in Boston; Harry, a ship builder, resides in Worcester; Samuel, of this city, is in the installment business in Portland, Maine; Frances, married Louis Hahn, and resides in Boston; Alfred G., of Worcester, is now in the United States Navy; Ethel, resides with her parents. David B. Isenberg's home is at No. 19 June street.

GEORGE LEMUEL TUPPER. While the early life of George L. Tupper, of Worcester, was largely spent in the State of Maine, he located in Worcester in 1887, and has been a resident ever since. He began life a farmer boy, and after many attempts at other occupations he returned to his boyhood occupation, and on his farm, six miles from Worcester, maintains a herd of twenty-three cows whose product he disposes of daily to the Worcester public. His father, also George Lemuel Tupper, was born in Oakland, Maine, died in Fairfield Center, Maine, aged fifty-six years. He was a farmer all his active years, a kindly, considerate man, a hard worker, and an honorable, upright citizen. He married Cordelia Clements, born in Fairfield Center, Maine, where she yet resides, nearing her eighty-seventh birthday. They were the parents of nine children, six of whom are living: George L. and Fred, both living in Worcester, the latter a member of the police force; Harry, of Augusta, Maine; Veiza, of Fairfield Center; Alta, of Fairfield Center, widow of Charles Fuller; Lillian, married Edward Blake, and resides at Bangor, Maine.

George Lemuel (2) Tupper was born in Fairfield Center, Maine, April 20, 1865. He resided at the home farm until he was of legal age, obtaining his education in the public schools. As his father's assistant he became well informed in agricultural matters, but tiring of the farm he left home and for one year engaged as a teamster with his brother in Woonsocket. In 1887 he located in Worcester, Massachusetts, and there secured a position as driver with the street car company. For eight years he remained in that position, then from his savings bought a livery business on Central street and there he continued for six years. He then sold out and bought his present place of business, No. 83 Charlotte street, and has since conducted a retail milk business. In May, 1917, he bought a farm at Leicester, Massachusetts, six miles from Worcester, which he cultivates and makes a home for his herd of cattle and his other stock. It will be noted that Mr. Tupper has never had a position or conducted a business in which a horse was not a necessity, and this fact arises from his love for the horse as a racer, that being his favorite recreation. Nevertheless he has discarded that animal and has substituted the motor car, driving a Buick. He has invested his profits in Worcester real estate, owning his own residence on Park avenue, and a three tenement house at Shirley and Park avenues. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, an Independent in politics, and a member of Woodland Street Church.

Mr. Tupper married in Worcester, Massachusetts, in 1900, Minnie L. Twiss, born in Worcester, daughter of Amos and Sarah (Cummings) Twiss, both deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Tupper have no children.

CHARLES ANDREW POFF, Business manager of the Worcester "Evening Post," was born in Londonderry, New Hampshire, April 6, 1870. After graduating from the high school at Nashua, New Hampshire, in 1888, he was employed in the business office of the "Nashua Daily Telegraph," and from 1889 to 1898 was its business manager. He resigned during the Spanish War to enter the service. From 1899

to 1900 he was business manager of the Gardner "Daily News," and from April, 1901, to September 1, 1913, advertising solicitor of the Worcester "Telegram." He negotiated the sale of the Worcester "Evening Post" to John H. Fahey, former owner of the Boston "Traveler," acting for Mrs. Julia Moriarty and the Conlon estate, in 1913, and became business manager. Under his management the circulation was increased about fifty per cent. and the advertising rates have been advanced twice. He arranged for the new quarters of the newspaper in the Burgess-Lang building on Federal street. Here in August, 1916, the "Post" occupied quarters planned for its special use and at that time new machinery was installed.

Mr. Poff became a private in Company C, First Regiment, New Hampshire National Guard, in 1887; was made corporal, then sergeant, commissioned second lieutenant in 1890, first lieutenant in 1896. During the Spanish War he was ordnance officer, adjutant, quartermaster and engineering officer. He resigned from the National Guard in 1900. He is a member of Worcester Lodge, No. 56, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is a thirty-second degree Mason, a member of Montacute Lodge, Worcester Lodge of Perfection, Goddard Council, Lawrence Chapter of Rose Croix, and the Massachusetts Consistory. In religion he is a Congregationalist. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Poff married in Nashua, 1892, Annie Wynn, who was born in Truro, Nova Scotia, a daughter of Joseph and Bessie Wynn. They have no children.

ADRIAN VAN LEEUWEN, Park commissioner, landscape gardener, was born in Amsterdam, Holland, December 15, 1867, son of Adrian and Antje (De Kort) Van Leeuwen. Adrian Van Leeuwen was born in Boskoop, Holland, and like his father and grandfather was a gardener. He died September 15, 1917. Antje De Kort was born in Leiderkorp, Holland, and died June 13, 1912, in Franklin, Massachusetts, aged seventy-six years. Of their children, three are living: Adrian, mentioned below; Mathew Jacobus, a nurseryman at Franklin, Massachusetts; Janette, who married Abraham Groeneweg, of Rotterdam.

When Adrian Van Leeuwen was two years old his family moved to Rotterdam, where he was educated. When eighteen years of age he was appointed assistant gardener to the Emperor of Austria. Returning from Austria, a year later, he was drafted in the Dutch army, where he served twenty-two months with the Royal Guard, at the Hague, and attained the rank of sergeant. After his release from the service, he came to this country, in 1888, landing at Passaic, New Jersey, October 14. He spent the next five years in Passaic, where he was employed as a gardener and florist, and was afterward in the same line of business in Bridgeport and New Haven, Connecticut. He came to this city in 1901 and has since that time been in business as a landscape gardener and expert in horticulture. His gardens and residence are at No. 17 Heywood street. He has choice nursery stock of every kind; ornamental and fruit trees, hardy garden plants and bulbs. As a landscape architect Mr. Van Leeuwen is well known throughout the State. His business is conducted under the name of the Horticultural Company. He is also known as a writer on landscape topics and horticulture. He had an illustrated article in the Worcester Magazine in 1916. He was appointed to the Worcester Park and Playgrounds Commission in 1917, and was reappointed for a term of three years in 1918. While in Holland he was a member of the Royal Sharpshooters and afterwards took a first prize while a member of the Korps Koninklyke Scherp-schutters. He is a member of Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Aletheia Grotto; the Worcester Rotary Club.

Mr. Van Leeuwen married at New Rochelle, New York, June 21, 1893, Helen Marie Weeda Schrieken, who was born in Amsterdam, Holland, daughter of Nickolas Schrieken. Both her parents are deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Van Leeuwen have five children: 1. Henry A. H., born May 1, 1894; served in the World War; now at home recuperating from shell-shock suffered in the trenches while fighting in France. 2. Anita Helen, born July 17, 1897; married June 11, 1917, in Springfield, Massachusetts, Carleton Russell Wheelock, of Millbury, Massachusetts, who is now a sergeant of the Medical Corps, now serving in the United States army in France; they have a daughter, Helen Marion, born March 17, 1918. 3. Adrian James, born May 6, 1907. 4. Helen Isabelle, born July 22, 1909. 5. John Kenneth, born August 12, 1912.

ARTHUR JAY WALLACE, Former general manager and treasurer of the Economic Machinery Company, was born in this city April 21, 1881, son of W. C. Wallace. He attended the old Winslow Street School and the English High School. He began his business career as architect's apprentice in the employ of Lucius W. Briggs, and was afterward draftsman for the Vocalion Organ Company, of this city. He was, subsequently, for a short time, employed in the drafting department of the

Flexible Door and Shutter Company of Worcester, and for five years in the cost and estimating department of the George W. Carr Company, contractors, of this city. Since 1907 Mr. Wallace has been with the Economic Machinery Company, manufacturers of labelling machinery of all kinds. At the time he came into the concern it was at the beginning of a period of great growth and he was engaged to systematize the business. The company had very valuable patents on machines for applying labels to bottles and other containers. So great was the saving of labor effected by these machines that the demand in this country and abroad created a very extensive business in a very short time and there were unusual difficulties to be overcome in the plant, in the operation of the factory, and in filling orders. Mr. Wallace adopted the most approved systems in office and shop and made the plant a model of efficiency and order. After the work was well systematized, he took charge of the correspondence and advertising, and from time to time assisted in the selling department. He was eventually made assistant to the general manager and business manager. After the reorganization of the company, in 1915, Mr. Wallace was made secretary, treasurer and general manager of the company. The factory is at No. 72 School street. The labelling machinery has been constantly improved under the administration of Mr. Wallace, and has reached a high state of perfection. "The machines that do the world's labelling" is the motto of the company, well-justified by the universal demand for the product of the factory. The company makes the World Labeller, improved, for body and neck labels applied at one operation and also the World Labeler, Junior, that applies body labels on bottles and jars of all shapes and sizes. The World Cigar Bander is another wonderful machine manufactured by this company. Another device is the Center Gum World Labeller, adapted for bottles having flat surfaces, and this machine has a practical monopoly of the field. An entirely new machine called the World Automatic Rotary Labeler does the work of three standard type hand-fed machines, with a capacity of labelling body and neck of 120 bottles a minute. The company maintains a service department, and its inspectors make periodical visits to all plants using the machines and make the necessary repairs. D. W. Gurnett, of Boston, is president of the company; Herman Stake is vice-president and manager of the works; George Putnam and Carl Bonney are directors. Offices are maintained in the principal cities of the country.

Mr. Wallace is a member of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce, and one of the board of governors of the Worcester Country Club. He served five years in Company C, of the Second Regiment, Massachusetts National Guard, and is now a member of Company 56, of the Nineteenth Regiment, State Guard. He is a member of the Rockport Country Club, of Rockport, Massachusetts; and of the Worcester Rotary Club, of which he was vice-president for two years. In politics he is a Republican. He is a member of the Second Church of Christ, Scientist, of this city and one of its board of directors.

Mr. Wallace married, November 5, 1905, Martha Fletcher Haselden. They have one son, Arthur Jay, Jr. Mr. Wallace now resides in Brookline, Massachusetts, having severed his connection with Worcester affairs. At present he is in Paris on War Relief Work.

JOHN HAROLD DODGE, General Manager of the Lowell Wrench Company, manufacturers of reversible ratchet wrenches, fills a responsible position with the company to which he came a young man of twenty-five, in the year 1904. He is a son of Rev. John E. Dodge, a Congregational minister, grandson of Rev. John Dodge, born in Brooksville, Maine, great-grandson of Benjamin and Mary (Veasey) Dodge, and great-great-grandson of Ephraim Dodge, a private in the Continental army, serving in 1775 and 1776. This branch of the family springs from John Dodge, of Somersetshire, England, and through his son, Richard Dodge, who came from England to New England in 1638. Richard Dodge, the American ancestor, settled in "Dodge Row," North Beverly, Massachusetts, where he built a house which was occupied and owned in the family for two hundred years. His wife, Edith, whom he married in England, survived him seven years, dying June 27, 1678, at the age of seventy-five years.

Rev. John Dodge, of Brooksville, Maine, was a Congregational minister. He married Ann Godfrey, and they were the parents of four children: Rev. John Edward, of further mention; George S. Mary, and Ella.

Rev. John Edward Dodge was born October 8, 1850, at Waldoboro, Maine, died in Westboro, Massachusetts, May 6, 1908. He studied theology and became a minister of the Congregational church, serving congregations at Paxton, Sterling, Worcester, Harvard and West Boylston. He married (first) October 12, 1876, Emma Backus, born October 18, 1847, in Hebron, Connecticut, died January 26, 1901, in Worcester,

Massachusetts, daughter of Ezra and Jane (Bears) Backus. They were the parents of two sons: John Harold, of further mention; Rowland B., born in Westboro, Massachusetts, a minister of the Gospel.

John Harold Dodge, son of Rev. John Edward and Emma (Backus) Dodge, was born in Westboro, Massachusetts, October 7, 1879. He was educated in the public schools of Sterling and Worcester, Massachusetts, and when school days were over he began business life with the Newton Company, wholesale grocers, continuing with that company for six years. In 1904 he entered the employ of the Lowell Wrench Company of Worcester, manufacturers of reversible ratchet wrenches, and for fifteen years has been continuously in the service of that company, having been general manager since 1908. Mr. Dodge is a member of the Worcester Country Club, the Kiwanis Club, Worcester Chamber of Commerce, and Adams Square Congregational Church.

Mr. Dodge married, in Worcester, September 2, 1903, Helen Sinclair, daughter of Professor John E. Sinclair, of Worcester Polytechnic Institute, and his wife, Marietta (Fletcher) Sinclair. Mr. and Mrs. Dodge are the parents of four children: John Sinclair, born December 17, 1904; Helen Chadwick, born July 30, 1908; Richard Sinclair, born October 7, 1911; and Elizabeth Ann, born April 3, 1916.

CHARLES HENRY SAGAR, General agent of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee, was born in Albany, New York, September 27, 1856. His parents moved to Baldwinsville, New York, when he was but five years old, and he attended public and select schools there until he was sixteen years, when he went to work. Afterward he was employed in Syracuse, New York. In 1879 he established a drug store in Auburn, New York. That business prospered and is still continued under his name. He sold it in 1892, however, and founded another wholesale drug business at Duluth, Minnesota, continuing there for five years. Afterward he was in the wholesale business for several years in Chicago, and during part of that time conducted a manufacturing laboratory. Finally disposing of his interests he engaged in the life insurance business with the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee. He came to this city in the employ of that company in 1912, and is now its general agent for Central and Eastern Massachusetts, with offices in the Day building in Worcester. For eight years Mr. Sagar served in the Wheeler Rifles, an independent military company, while living in New York State. He is a member of the Commonwealth Club, Chamber of Commerce, Economic Club, Leicester Country Club, the Worcester Country Club, Worcester Automobile Club, Congregational Club. In religion he is a Presbyterian, but at present is a member of the Piedmont Congregational Church.

Mr. Sagar married, at Baldwinsville, New York, Charlotte Elizabeth Dyer, of Vermont, daughter of David and Eliza (Breckinridge) Dyer, both of whom are now deceased. Her parents were of the pioneer stock of New England. Mr. and Mrs. Sagar reside at No. 232 Highland street. Their children are: Clara, who was drowned at the age of seven years; Carlotta, who married C. W. Lummis, of this city; Frances, who married Milton C. Knight, of this city; C. Louise, who married R. C. Morenus, of Chicago, now captain in the United States Field Artillery, stationed (1918) in Oklahoma.

William H. Sagar, father of Charles H. Sagar, was born in Albany county, New York, son of Peter Sagar. He died in 1872, aged forty-four years, a cabinet maker by trade. He married Catherine Bradt, who was born in Albany county, and died December, 1916, aged eighty-six years. They had three children: Charles Henry (see biography); Ella S., married Frank Van Ness, and died in 1915, aged forty-eight years; George R., a real estate dealer in Portland, Oregon, having two sons, Paul and Charles F. Sagar.

A. WALFIRD HJELM. At the age of twelve years Mr. Hjelm began his career, starting as an office boy in his native Sweden. This was more than a mere beginning as a wage-earner, it was the opening of a new world to the lad, a world of which he knew nothing. From that period began his interest in those things which were to become of such importance in his life. He has already progressed since that beginning, nearly half a century ago, his Swedish home being exchanged for one in the United States, and the boy of twelve is now the veteran of his own business located in the city of Worcester, Massachusetts.

A. Walfird Hjelm was born in Christinchamn, a town of Sweden in Vermland, twenty-five miles from Karlstad on Lake Vener, October 13, 1860. He is a son of John and Mary (Anderson) Hjelm, natives of Sweden, emigrated to America in 1882, locating immediately in Worcester, Massachusetts. John Hjelm worked for the American



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Steel & Wire Company for over twenty-eight years, and his death occurred in Worcester, in 1916, aged seventy-five years. His wife survives him, residing at the present time in Worcester, over eighty years of age.

A. Walfrid Hjelm attended the public schools until twelve years of age, then became an office boy in a local business house, a place he filled for four years. He next spent two years employed in a steel mill, then with the consent and advice of his parents he decided to come to the United States. He was eighteen years of age when, on January 13, 1880, he bade good-bye to family, friends, and native land, arriving at his destination in due time, reaching Worcester the day of his arrival in this country, February 4, 1880. He secured employment in the Washburn & Moen Wire Works, beginning in lowly position in the galvanizing plant and during the next four years gained valuable experience in about every department of the works. In 1884 he went to Troy, New York, where he was in charge of the galvanizing plant of the Griswold Wire Mill, a position he filled most acceptably until 1888, when he returned to Worcester, and the same year formed a partnership with Albert Whalberg and Leander Anderson, and under the firm name, A. W. Hjelm & Company, they operated for two years, when Mr. Hjelm bought his partners out, and until 1906 continued a successful business under the original firm name. In the latter year the firm was re-organized as A. W. Hjelm & Son, a new partner being admitted, David Arthur Hjelm, son of the founder. In 1911, Mr. Hjelm, the senior partner, sold his interest in the business and moved to Denver, Colorado, hoping that in that health-giving climate his wife and only son might regain their health. But they failed to obtain the hoped-for benefit, and both sleep in the Swedish Cemetery of Worcester. In 1912 Mr. Hjelm returned to Worcester with his two daughters, Ellen and Ebba. In 1914 A. W. Hjelm and John Anderson began business in Worcester. In 1915 the firm was re-organized, and the following year Mr. Hjelm purchased the entire interest, and continues the business under the firm name, A. W. Hjelm. Mr. Hjelm is a member of Thule Lodge, No. 239, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; John Ericson Lodge, No. 25, Vasa Orden; Thule Mutual Sick Benefit Society; Swedish Mutual Sick Benefit Society; Idun Rebekah Lodge, Republican State League, Ward No. Two, Republican City Club.

Mr. Hjelm married, in March, 1885, at Worcester, Anna Charlotte Anderson, who died in Denver, Colorado, in 1912. Children: David Arthur, born in Worcester, his father's business associate until 1911; he died in Denver, Colorado, 1912; Ellen and Ebba, residing in Worcester.

FRANK EDWARD COLESWORTHY, Assistant purchasing agent of the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works, was born in Chelsea, Massachusetts, April 7, 1875, son of George E. and Nellie (Powers) Colesworthy. His father was proprietor of a book store on Cornhill, Boston, established by his grandfather, Daniel Colesworthy, a poet and writer of some distinction. George E. Colesworthy died in 1915, aged seventy years.

Mr. Colesworthy attended the public schools in North Chester, Massachusetts, until he was thirteen years old, and afterward was a pupil in the schools of this city. He began his career in business as clerk in the grocery store of White & Tylee, No. 143 Main street. Four years later he became clerk and cashier in the office of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company in this city, a position he filled for two years. After spending a year in the South he entered the employ of the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works, as clerk in the stores department. Subsequently he became an assistant to Thomas T. Booth, purchasing agent, and since February, 1917, he has been assistant purchasing agent. Mr. Colesworthy was one of the founders of the Cro-Kno Club and its first president. He is a member of Ridgely Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and a past noble grand; member of the Shaffner Club; the Massachusetts Society, Sons of the American Revolution. He served for four years in the Wellington Rifles, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, and is a member and former president of the Veteran Association of that company. In religion he is a Congregationalist, a trustee of Bethany Church. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Colesworthy married, January 17, 1896, Jennie I. Lewis, daughter of James E. and Eliza (Albro) Lewis. They have three children: 1. Frances, born June 30, 1897, graduate of the South High School, 1914, and of the course in household arts, Framingham State Normal School, 1918; now teaching sewing in the Worcester public schools. 2. Edward Herman, born May 17, 1901, graduate of the South High School, 1918, now student in the Worcester Polytechnic Institute. 3. Chester Lewis, born May 30, 1902, student in the South High School, class of 1920.

LOUIS HENRY ELLIOTT, Manager of Worcester Boiler Works, came to Worcester in the year 1900 to accept a position with William Allen Sons Company, operating the Worcester Boiler Works, and has never since severed that connec-

tion. He is a son of Charles Loring Elliott, born in Danvers, Massachusetts, February 27, 1850, a shoe manufacturer of Danvers. He married Almira P. Trask, born in Danvers, December 14, 1851, daughter of Elbridge P. and Mary Trask. Mr. and Mrs. Elliott are the parents of seven children, all living: Louis Henry, of further mention; Helen, married Abner P. Kelly; Bessie, married James A. Perry; Charles Loring (2), a coal merchant; Edith, married Charles R. Dudley; Wilbur P., in the milk business. All these children reside in Danvers except Louis H., the eldest, who resides in Worcester, and the youngest, Wilbur P., of Swampscott, Massachusetts.

Louis Henry Elliott was born in Danvers, Massachusetts, December 13, 1873, and there acquired a public education, finishing with graduation from High School in June, 1891. His first business position was as delivery clerk in a broker's office in Boston, four years being spent in that employ. He then was with the Beacon Trust Company, as bookkeeper and teller, until 1900, his connection with the Worcester Boiler Works beginning in that year as a bookkeeper. He has been continuously with that industry until the present (1919) and is now manager of the plant. Mr. Elliott is an enthusiastic gardener and florist, and takes full advantage of all the opportunity his home on Paxton street, Leicester, affords him to indulge his tastes. He is a member of the Masonic order, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Economic Club, the Congregational Club, and Leicester Congregational Church, he formerly being secretary and treasurer of the Sunday school of that congregation.

Mr. Elliott married (first) in Danvers, Massachusetts, February 11, 1895, Grace E. Haynes, who died February 1, 1908, aged thirty-five years, leaving three children: Dorothy P., born November 17, 1897, now a graduate nurse in Hartford, Connecticut, Hospital; Grace E., born July 2, 1902, now a student in Leicester Academy; Louise M., born March 7, 1905, now attending grammar school in Leicester. Mr. Elliott married (second) in Worcester, Massachusetts, September 25, 1912, Harriet E. Whittum, born in that city, daughter of Charles N. and Sarah Whittum, her mother a widow, residing in Worcester. Mr. and Mrs. Elliott are the parents of a son, Charles Henry, born January 22, 1916.

JOHN EMANUEL JOHNSON, Secretary and treasurer of the O. & J. Machine Company, was born in Sweden, May 30, 1883, son of Carl Johan and Carolina Albertina (Person) Johnson. His father was born in Sweden, in 1849, and was educated there in the public schools. Throughout his active life he followed farming, but is now retired, living on his estate in Sweden.

John E. Johnson attended the grammar school of his native place, and afterward the extension school and the high school, from which he graduated in 1899. He learned the trade of machinist and at the same time studied engineering. He was later employed in the office of the superintendent of the factory, where he gained much useful information relating to business. In this factory he had experience also in the rolling mill as well as the machine shop. After two years with this concern, he was called home to manage his father's farm and remained at this occupation for a year and a half, during a serious illness of his father. He left home again in 1902 and came to this country, locating in Worcester, where for a short time he was employed in a small machine shop on Union street. His next position was in the works of the Morgan Construction Company in this city. For a short time afterward he was employed by George L. Brownell, Union street, manufacturer of twisting machinery, but he returned to the Morgan Construction Company to take charge of the erection of rolling mills. At the end of two years he was engaged by the Reed & Prince Manufacturing Company to follow experimental work, and a few months later was promoted to the drafting room. In the meantime he never relaxed his study of mechanical engineering. In this country he pursued the courses of the International Correspondence School, and for three years was a student of drafting and advanced mathematics in the school of the Young Men's Christian Association. After leaving the Reed & Prince Manufacturing Company and working for a year for the American Steel & Wire Company as draftsman, he became a designer in the employ of the Wire Goods Company of this city and for two years and a half was engaged in designing automatic machinery. He returned to the American Steel & Wire Company as mechanical drafting engineer at the North Works in this city and held this position for a year and a half. During the next two years he was expert designer of gas engines and labeling machinery for the Economic Machinery Company in Worcester. During the past two years he has been associated with Charles H. Oslund in the O. & J. Machine Company. The

success of their business has been phenomenal. They formed an acquaintance and friendship while employed in the wire works together; their tastes were alike and it was natural that they should finally come together as partners in business. They formed the firm of Charles H. Oslund Company and opened a small machine shop, March 14, 1914, at No. 87 Mechanic street, where they began to manufacture machinery. The first machine to be built there was an automatic labeling machine. Within six months the business had grown wonderfully and it was incorporated, August 3, 1914, as the O. & J. Machine Company of which Mr. Oslund was president and Mr. Johnson secretary and treasurer. The quarters were soon outgrown, and in March, 1916, the business was moved to the present building at No. 116 Gold street. Beginning with eight men, the company now employs one hundred and fifty skilled mechanics. The O. & J. Machine Company own several valuable patents relating to labeling machinery. The latest model of this concern is an exceedingly ingenious machine that labels both sides and the stopper of a bottle in the same operation; also can labeling machines which labels a can all around in one operation; also engaged in manufacturing crowning machines for putting caps on all styles of bottles. The company is driven with orders from the largest bottling concerns of the country. All the above machines have been invented by Mr. Johnson and Mr. Oslund. Mr. Johnson is a member of Thule Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; John Ericson Lodge, and the Rotary Club of Worcester. In politics he is a Republican. He is a communicant of St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mr. Johnson married, April 15, 1908, Hilma Elizabeth Johnson, daughter of Nils P. Johnson, who resides at No. 19 John street in this city. They have two sons, Richard Lawrence and Norman Emanuel Johnson.

JAMES JOSEPH TORPEY, Treasurer and manager of the Independent Ice Company, was born in this city, January 8, 1871, son of Maurice and Mary (McEnery) Torpey. Maurice Torpey was born in Ireland; came to this city when a young man; died here in 1876. Mary (McEnery) Torpey was born in Ireland; came to this city early in life, and died here in 1877. They had ten children, of whom two are living: James J., mentioned below; and Elizabeth, who married L. H. Hartwell, of New York City, and has a son, L. H., Jr.

James J. Torpey attended the public schools of Holden, and Hinman's Business College in Worcester. At the age of seventeen years he entered the employ of the Maple Springs Ice Company. A year later he became the manager and continued in charge for twelve years. In October, 1900, he established the Independent Ice Company, and since then has been its manager and treasurer. This concern owns ice houses in Hubbardston, having a storage capacity of 20,000 tons; houses at Tatnuck, in this city, with a capacity of 10,000 tons. The company is also extensively engaged in handling ice from Moosehorn Lake in carload lots. The offices are at 30 Charles street, in this city. Mr. Torpey is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; a communicant of the Church of the Blessed Sacrament (Roman Catholic).

Mr. Torpey married, at Holden, April 24, 1895, Catherine Agnes Nugent, who was born in Spencer, Massachusetts, October 25, 1875, daughter of James and Catherine (Salmon) Nugent. Her father was for many years a foreman in the Houghton Shoe Factory; her mother is living in Boston. Their five children are all living: Grace Elizabeth, born March 15, 1896; Maurice Edward, born April 2, 1897; was in service in the Naval Reserve Aviation Corps, in the World War; James Ralph, born December 18, 1900; Katherine Agnes, born October 26, 1907; Mary Alice, born November 30, 1913. Mr. and Mrs. Torpey reside at No. 34 Westland street, in this city.

JOSEPH JACQUES BOUTHILLIER, Automobile repairer, was born in Dayville, Connecticut, November 2, 1873, son of Jacques and Mary (Rondeau) Bouthillier.

Jacques Bouthillier was born in Longueuil, Province of Quebec, Canada, in 1846; a brick manufacturer, now retired, living in West Warren, Massachusetts; came to this State in 1878; married Mary Rondeau, who died at West Warren, April 1, 1918, aged sixty-seven years. They had three children: Rose Delina, married John Baptist Belrose, of West Warren, and has five children, Hyacinthe, Rose, Ida, Yvonne and Camille; Joseph J., of further mention; Louzias, died at the age of four years, ten months. The Bouthillier family came to Canada among the early settlers from Northern France.

When Joseph J. Bouthillier was five years old his parents moved to West Brimfield, Massachusetts, where he became a pupil in the public schools, and afterward a student in Hitchcock Free Academy. After leaving school he learned the trade of machinist in Providence, Rhode Island, and afterward he also learned the carpenter's trade. He came to this city in 1898 and entered the employ of the Reed & Curtis Machine Company, continuing there for five years, and with the Baldwin Chain Company for five years. He engaged in business on his own account in 1911 at No. 220 Chandler street, opening an automobile repair shop, and has continued there to the present time, building up a flourishing business. He is fond of out-door sports, and a member of the Worcester County Fish and Game Association. He is also a member of Circle Jacques Cartier, of Central Falls, Rhode Island; Sagatabscot Tribe, No. 59, Improved Order of Red Men; Freedom Lodge, No. 21, Knights of Pythias; the United Commercial Travelers of America; Bay State Company, No. 3, Uniform Rank; Worcester Lodge, No. 234, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. He is a communicant of the Holy Name of Jesus Roman Catholic Church.

Mr. Bouthillier married, in this city, June 10, 1901, Malvina Ferdinande Paquette, who was born here, September 14, 1877, a daughter of Peter L. and Rosalie (LeCour) Paquette. Her father was born at St. Pie, Province of Quebec, Canada, October 9, 1840, and died in this city, July 21, 1896; mason and contractor; married Rosalie LeCour, who was born in St. Hyacinthe, Canada, March 20, 1842, and is now living in this city. Mr. and Mrs. Bouthillier have one daughter, Lucille Malvina, born November 10, 1905. Their home is at 222 Chandler street.

EDWARD FRANCIS GOGGIN, Head clerk of the railway mail service, was born January 15, 1856, son of Richard and Mary (Bransfield) Goggin, and brother of Rev. Dr. William H. Goggin, rector of St. Paul's Catholic Church. Richard Goggin was born in Cork, Ireland, died in Worcester in 1876; was for twenty-two years in the employ of Hoppin, the grain dealer. Mary (Bransfield) Goggin was also a native of Cork; died here in 1860. The only survivors of their seven children are Rev. Dr. Goggin and Edward F., mentioned below.

Edward Francis Goggin attended the public schools here and graduated from the Worcester High School in 1872. He began his career as salesman in the art store of A. E. Peck and was in his employ from 1872 to 1885. At that time Mr. Peck retired and Mr. Goggin engaged in the same line of business in a store at No. 336 Main street. Two years later, April 1, 1887, he entered the United States railway mail service. He was promoted step by step and became head clerk in the service between New York City and Boston. In a railroad wreck, October 3, 1912, at Westport, Connecticut, he received terrible injuries that were at first presumed to be fatal, but slowly he recovered. Nothing but a marvellous physique, a lifelong attention to health, temperance and good habits saved him from death. At the present time Mr. Goggin appears to have recovered entirely from his injuries, though he has not resumed active business. All his life Mr. Goggin has been fond of out-door sports. In his youth he was one of the first ball players among the amateurs who made their mark in this city. To him the writer is indebted for information regarding the amateur baseball teams of the seventies. In politics Mr. Goggin is a Democrat. He is a communicant of St. Paul's Church.

Mr. Goggin married, in St. John's Catholic Church in this city, May 28, 1879, Bridget A. Cooney, born here July 23, 1860, daughter of Andrew and Elicia (McKeen) Cooney. Her father was born in County Monaghan, Ireland; was a moulder by trade; died here in 1865; her mother was born in Lowell, Massachusetts, and died here in 1874. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Goggin: 1. Mary, died in infancy. 2. Elicia Gertrude, died aged thirty-five years, unmarried, December, 1917; was a graduate of the Worcester High School and the State Normal School; teacher in the High School of Commerce. 3. Cora Agnes, died May 30, 1913; graduate of the Classical High School and Becker's Business College. 4. Ellen, died aged five years. 5. Caroline, graduate of English High School; was stenographer in the American Steel & Wire Company office; married Charles H. Keenan, now living at No. 12 Abbott street. 6. Edward, died aged eight months. 7. Grace Monica, graduate of the English High School; stenographer in the office of the American Steel & Wire Company. 8. Teresa Elizabeth, graduate of the English High School and Becker's Business College; now stenographer in the Norton Company's office. 9. Isabella Bransfield, graduate of the English High School and Becker's Business College; stenographer in the office of the American Steel & Wire Company. 10. Son, died in infancy. 11. Frances Margaret, graduate of the Classical High School and Domestic



Albert Wood.

Science School; now teaching in the Worcester Girls' Trade School. 12. Richard Andrew, graduate of the Classical High School; student in Holy Cross College, class of 1919.

HARRISON PRESCOTT EDDY, Formerly superintendent of sewers, Worcester, was born in Millbury, April 29, 1870, son of William Justus and Martha A. (Prescott) Eddy.

He graduated from the Worcester Polytechnic Institute in 1891, and from 1892 to 1907 was superintendent of sewers of Worcester. Since then he has been a partner in the firm of Metcalf & Eddy, consulting engineers, No. 14 Beacon street, Boston. Before resigning his office he was in demand in all parts of the country as an expert in sewerage, sewage disposal and other fields of sanitary engineering. He had been consulting engineer for the commissioners of sewerage of Louisville, Kentucky, the Massachusetts Metropolitan Water Board and the cities of Gloversville, New York, and Boston and Fitchburg, Massachusetts, and for various other towns and for corporations. He is member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, the American Institute of Consulting Engineers, the American Society for Testing Materials, the American Public Health Association, American Chemical Society, Society of Chemical Industry (of England), etc., etc. He is a Free Mason, and a member of the Engineers' Club of Boston, Brae Burn Country Club of Newton, and the Beverly Yacht Club.

Mr. Eddy married, June 1, 1892, Minnie Locke Jones, of this city, and they have had four children: Willard Jones, deceased; Harrison Prescott, Jr.; Randolph Locke and Charlotte Frances. Their residence is at No. 65 Gray Cliff road, Newton Center, Massachusetts. His office is at No. 14 Beacon street, Boston.

JAMES FISHER FERRE, Manager of the Worcester and Providence offices of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, was born in Springfield, Massachusetts, February 4, 1871, son of Charles D. and Fannie C. (Fisher) Ferre. Charles D. Ferre was born in Agawam, and died in 1904 in Boston. He was a merchant. Fannie C. (Fisher) Ferre resides in Springfield.

James F. Ferree received his education in the Springfield public schools. His entire business life thus far has been in the service of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, beginning in 1888 as a clerk in the office at Springfield. In 1903 he left this office to engage in field work, and in 1904 came to Worcester as manager of the company's direct agency for Central Massachusetts. In 1914 the State of Rhode Island was added to the agency and since that time he has been manager of both Worcester and Providence offices. The Worcester offices are at No. 507 Main street. Mr. Ferre is a member of the Commonwealth Club, the Worcester Economic Club, and the Worcester Chamber of Commerce.

Mr. Ferree married, in Springfield, 1897, Lillian H. Warner, of that city. They reside at No. 3 Einhorn road.

ALBERT WOOD, Physician, surgeon, was born February 19, 1833, in Northboro, Massachusetts, the third child of Samuel and Elizabeth (Bowman) Wood. Dr. Wood was descended from early Colonial English stock, his pioneer American ancestor, William Wood, born in 1582, coming to Matlock, Massachusetts, in 1638, with his wife, son, Michael, and daughter, Ruth.

Albert Wood acquired his early educational training in the public schools, the classical school of West Newton, the State Normal School, at Bridgewater, and Dartmouth College, graduating from the later institution with the degree of Bachelor of Science, in the class of 1856. During the next three years he taught in the public schools of the county and at Cape Cod, and in 1859 entered Harvard Medical School, graduating therefrom with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in the class of 1862. After a term of hospital service as interne, he enlisted for service during the Civil War, and went to the front as surgeon, serving from July 7, 1862, until July 7, 1863, as assistant surgeon of the Twenty-Ninth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, and from 1863 until November 30, 1864, as surgeon of the First Regiment, Massachusetts Cavalry. In November, 1864, he became active surgeon in the regular United States army, serving in the hospitals at City Point until honorably discharged, May 17, 1865. He saw much hard service, was with his regiment in many of the hardest-fought battles and often operated under difficult as well as dangerous conditions. After receiving his discharge from the service, in 1865, Dr. Wood took up the practice of his chosen profession in this city, and continued in active and successful practice until within a few years of his death. Professionally he was a giant, his four years of service as

surgeon in the army and his wide experience as a practitioner bringing him into close touch with every ailment to which humanity is subject. He was also intimately connected with the great philanthropic institutions and hospitals of the city. He was city physician for five years and surgeon in the City Hospital for ten years. For more than twenty-five years he was a trustee of the City Hospital and continued in that office until his death. In this hospital he took a great interest and to him is due in large measure the development and great usefulness of that institution. From 1874 to 1910 Dr. Wood was treasurer of the Worcester State Hospital, and from 1877 to 1910 treasurer of the Worcester State Asylum, and was one of the most useful and efficient officers in these great institutions. In 1874 he was appointed superintendent of the Washburn Free Dispensary, and served efficiently for a number of years in this office. For many years he was trustee of the Memorial Hospital, of Worcester, taking a deep interest in this institution, being vice-president and trustee until his death. For six years he was a director of the Worcester Free Library. He was a member of the Massachusetts State Board of Health, Lunacy and Charity one year. He became medical director of the State Mutual Life Assurance Company, January 15, 1889, and served in that capacity until his death. He was a director of the State Mutual from January 3, 1883, until his death. For more than forty years he was on the United States Pension Board of Examiners in this district through both the Republican and Democratic administrations. He was a valued member of the Worcester Medical Society; the Worcester County Medical Society; the Massachusetts State Medical Society, of which he was for several years a councillor; the American Medical Association, and the American Association of Medical Directors of Life Insurance Companies. He was a member of George H. Ward Post, No. 10, Grand Army of the Republic, of which he was surgeon for many years, and a member of the Massachusetts Commandery, Military Order of the Loyal Legion. In politics he was a Republican; in religion a Unitarian, and was treasurer of the church for a number of years. He was a member of the Worcester Club until his death.

Dr. Wood married (first), July 7, 1868, Emma Allen, who was born September 13, 1833, in Pomfret, Connecticut, and died in this city, February 26, 1892, and to this union were born two children: Albert Bowman, born June 28, 1869, and Emily Chandler Wood. Dr. Wood married (second), July 13, 1893, J. Isabel Cleveland, who was born September 11, 1861, daughter of Edwin Clarence and Anna Rebecca (Goddard) Cleveland, of this city. Mrs. Wood was educated in the public and high schools of Worcester and at the Roswell Parish School. She is communicant of All Saints' Protestant Episcopal Church, in which she has been an active worker, a member of various committees, and was a member of the board of visitors of the Old Ladies' Home for several years. She is a member of the Worcester Woman's Club. She resides at No. 58 William street.

ALBERT BOWMAN WOOD, Son of Dr. Albert Wood, was born in this city, June 28, 1869, and died December 9, 1900. He acquired his early educational training in the public schools of this city, being prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy. He then entered Harvard where he took the four years' course in the Lawrence Scientific School, but did not attempt to cover the number of courses requisite for taking a degree. Immediately after leaving Harvard he began to study the loom business in the Green street shop of the Crompton Loom Works, where he thoroughly mastered the details of the business. Later he was made manager of the Cambridge street shops, and this position he held up to the time of his death, through the two changes resulting from the organization of the loom business—the combination which established the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works, and the subsequent transfer of the Crompton interests to those formerly at the head of the Knowles side of the corporation. (See history of the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works in this work.) He was an active and energetic business man, and a popular member of various organizations of the city.

Mr. Wood married, May 24, 1899, Georgietta F. Crompton, daughter of George and Mary C. Crompton, of this city.

THOMAS KINNICUTT, Lawyer, judge of probate, was born in Warren, Rhode Island, in 1800, died in this city, in January, 1858, son of Thomas and Amy (Wightman) Kinnicutt, and brother of Francis H. Kinnicutt. He graduated from Brown University in 1822, and read law in the office of Hon. Francis Baylies, of Taunton, Massachusetts, and in the Law School at Litchfield, Connecticut.

He came to this city and began to practice law in 1825, associated with Hon. Isaac Davis. He became a leader at the bar and one of the foremost citizens of his day; representative to the General Court in 1835-37-41-42-43, and speaker of the House of Representatives; state senator from Worcester county, 1838-39; selectman in 1836; trustee of the State Lunatic Hospital. From 1848 to the time of his death in 1858, he

was judge of probate of this county. He was president of the Central Bank, and vice-president of the Worcester County Institution for Savings; member of the old Fire Society.

In the memoirs of the Fire Society, Hon. John D. Washburn says of him: "He had a refined and discriminating mind, but the controversies of the bar and the rugged offices of political life had little attraction for him; and his physical powers were never of the strongest. He was a man of winning presence, and his manners had 'that sweet attractive kind of grace' which was characteristic of the best specimens of the gentlemen of the old school. Hence, and especially from the air of moral purity which surrounded him and in which he always seemed to move, and the genial sympathy which diffused itself from and about him, he was a man greatly beloved and 'bore without abuse the grand old name of *gentleman*.'"

Mr. Kinnicutt married Harriet Burling, and they had a son Thomas, born here July 13, 1835; graduated at Harvard in 1856; studied law in the offices of Devens, Hoar & Hill; took the degree of LL.B. in Harvard Law School; began to practice in this city in September, 1860; was afterward in business in New York City. Harriet Burling, only daughter of Judge Thomas Kinnicutt, resided in this city; died here unmarried.

FRANCIS HARRISON KINNICUTT, Hardware merchant, was born in Seekonk, Rhode Island, April 27, 1812, died September 12, 1885, son of Thomas and Amy (Wightman) Kinnicutt.

Francis H. Kinnicutt came to Worcester in 1828, and two years later entered the employ of George T. Rice as clerk in the hardware store at the corner of Main and Walnut streets. Soon afterward he was admitted to partnership, and a few years later he and his brother Thomas bought the business and Mr. Rice took up cloth manufacturing. Samuel Woodward succeeded Thomas Kinnicutt in the firm, and in later years assumed the active management of the store, giving Mr. Kinnicutt time to attend to other duties. He was a director of the Citizens Bank from 1842 and its president from 1860 until he died. He was a director of the Worcester & Nashua Railroad Company from 1855 and its president from 1866 to 1881, when he resigned. For nearly a quarter of a century he was a member of the board of investment of the Worcester County Institution for Savings.

Mr. Kinnicutt married Elizabeth Waldo Parker, who was born in Charlestown, Massachusetts, May 9, 1817, died 1891, daughter of Hon. Leonard Moody Parker, of Shirley, granddaughter of Levi Lincoln, Sr., and great-granddaughter of Daniel Waldo, Sr. They had six children: 1. Rebecca Newton, born September 17, 1838; married Dr. George E. Francis, June 23, 1868 (See biography). 2. Elizabeth Waldo, born August 18, 1840; married Dr. William H. Draper, of New York, October 15, 1861; she died October 15, 1869, leaving two children: William and Martha Draper. 3. Julia Burling, born July 1, 1843; married John M. Barker, of Worcester. 4. Frank Parker, born July 13, 1846; married Eleanor Kissel, of New York, November 19, 1875; a prominent physician in New York; children: Frank Harrison and Gustave Herman Kinnicutt. 5. Lincoln Newton (see biography). 6. Leonard Parker (see biography).

LINCOLN NEWTON KINNICUTT, Banker, formerly of the firm of Kinnicutt & DeWitt, was born in this city, March 14, 1849, son of Francis H. and Elizabeth Waldo (Parker) Kinnicutt. He was educated in the public schools of Worcester and in Europe. At the age of seventeen he became a clerk in the hardware store of his father, and when he came of age was admitted to partnership. In 1877 he entered the office of George T. Rice, banker, and in 1884 formed a partnership with Alexander DeWitt under the name of Kinnicutt & DeWitt. This firm for many years conducted the largest banking and brokerage business of any private concern in the city. It was later dissolved. He was a director of the Citizens National Bank, the Worcester Trust Company, the Worcester National Bank, and Worcester Consolidated Street Railway Company. He is a trustee of the Worcester County Institution for Savings, the Worcester Art Museum, of which he is treasurer, and the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, of which he was formerly its treasurer. He is a member of the Massachusetts Historical Society; the American Antiquarian Society; the Colonial Society of Massachusetts, the Worcester Society of Antiquity; the Bohemian Club, the Bay Tree Club; Economic Club; Natural History Society; Tatnuck Country Club; Twentieth Century Club; Worcester Club; Worcester Fire Society; Union Club of Boston; Tavern Club; St. Botolph Club; the Club of Odd Volumes of Boston, and the Century Association of New York. He is the author of "Indian Place Names of Worcester County," "Indian Place Names of Plymouth County," "To Your Dog and to My Dog." Mr. Kinnicutt is active in many benevolent organizations, among which are the Children's Friend Society, the Worcester Employment Society and the Home for Aged Men. In politics he is a Republican; in religion a Unitarian.

Mr. Kinnicutt married, in this city, October 10, 1878, Edith Perley, who was born in Concord, New Hampshire, April 9, 1856, daughter of Hon. Ira and Mary (Nelson) Perley. Her father, born 1799, was chief justice of New Hampshire; her mother was born at Haverhill, New Hampshire. Mr. and Mrs. Kinnicutt have one son, Roger, born February 12, 1880, graduate of Harvard College (A. B. 1902; M. D. 1905), graduate of Harvard Medical School, Pathologist of Worcester Memorial Hospital, now serving in United States Army Hospital in France with rank of captain; married, in 1915, Margaret Struthers Moen, daughter of Philip W. Moen (see biography); resides at No. 56 Cedar street. Dr. Kinnicutt is a member of the Worcester Club, the Tatnuck Country Club, Tavern and Union clubs of Boston.

Mrs. Kinnicutt is a member of the Society of Colonial Dames. Mr. and Mrs. Kinnicutt reside at No. 72 Cedar street.

LEONARD PARKER KINNICUTT, Chemist, professor in the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, was born in this city, May 22, 1854, died here, February 6, 1911, son of Francis H. and Elizabeth Waldo (Parker) Kinnicutt. He attended the public schools here, and after three years in the high school entered the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, graduating in 1875 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. The following year he spent at the University of Heidelberg, where he studied under Professor Bunsen; then for two years and a half he was at the University of Bonn under Professor Kekule, the great chemist. During this period he formed lifelong friendships with such men as Anschutz of Bonn, Hempel of Dresden and Treadwell of Zurich. Returning from Germany in January, 1879, he completed that school year in post-graduate study at Johns Hopkins University, and in the autumn became private assistant to Professor Wolcott Gibbs, professor of chemistry. In the following year he was made instructor of quantitative analysis, receiving the degree of Doctor of Science in 1882. In September, 1882, he came to the Worcester Polytechnic Institute as instructor of chemistry, and in January following was made assistant professor, becoming professor in 1886 and continuing in this chair to the end of his life. In 1892 he was appointed director of the chemical department.

He was indefatigable in study and research, and his reputation extended through this country and Europe. He published many valuable reports and papers on chemical subjects. His last important work was entitled "Treatment of Sewage by Intermittent Filtration," published in 1910, and adopted as a text-book in various institutes and universities. He was one of the foremost authorities in sanitation. He had been frequently called upon to aid in solving the problem of disposing of the sewage of this city. He was a member of the Worcester Medical Commission which investigated the milk supply of the city. He was one of the leaders in the movement to secure pure milk for the infants in families of the poor and destitute. To this and other charitable and philanthropic work he gave his time and money without stint. From his own resources or through his influence and the aid of wealthy friends, many a struggling student at the Institute was given substantial assistance. His attitude toward the students was such that he gained their confidence and friendship. He believed in school and class spirit and entered into the affairs and interests of the students year after year with real enthusiasm and enjoyment.

He was a fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, of which he was vice-president in 1904; member of the American Chemical Society, and president of its northeastern section in 1902; member of the Society of Bacteriology; of the England Waterworks Association; the Boston Society of Civil Engineers; the American Antiquarian Society; the German Chemical Society, the London Chemical Society; and the Association of Managers of Sewage Disposal Works of England. In his home city he belonged to the Worcester Club, the Bohemian Club, the Harvard Club, the Tatnuck Country Club, and the Board of Trade. He was also a member of St. Botolph Club of Boston.

Professor Kinnicutt married (first), June 4, 1885, Louisa Hoar Clarke, who died January 22, 1892, daughter of Dr. Henry Clarke. He married (second), July 9, 1898, Frances Ayres Clarke, daughter of Josiah H. Clarke. He had no children. Mrs. Kinnicutt resides at No. 50 Elm street.

The Kinnicutt family is descended from Roger Kinnicutt, who came from Devonshire, England, about 1650, and settled in Malden, Massachusetts, removing later to Swansea, Massachusetts, where he died in 1696. The line of ancestry is: Lincoln N., and Leonard P. (7), Francis H. (6), Thomas (5), Shubael (4), John (3), John (2), Roger (1).

DANIEL ELLINWOOD, Mason, was born in Athol, September 13, 1814, son of James and Rebecca (Higgins) Ellinwood. Daniel Ellinwood was of the seventh generation from the first settler of the family. The line is: Daniel (7), James (6), Dr. Daniel

(5), Thomas (4), Thomas (3), Ralph (2), Ralph (1). The immigrant, Ralph Ellinwood, came from England in 1635 in the ship "Truelove" and settled in Beverly; died in 1674. Thomas (3) Ellinwood settled in Woodstock, Connecticut, and later in Brimfield, Massachusetts. Dr. Daniel Ellinwood was the first of the family in Athol.

Daniel Ellinwood attended the district schools of his native town, and was bound out when about six years of age as apprentice to the mason's trade, which he followed throughout his active life. He was a workman of unusual skill, noted especially for his fine stucco modeling. For two years he lived in this city, moving thence to Michigan, but returning soon. In 1850 he settled in Athol, and soon afterward bought a farm there, but continued to follow his trade. He died in Athol, March 16, 1877. He was one of the founders of the Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church of this city, afterward a member of the Second Advent Church of Athol and for many years a deacon. He was a member of Worcester Lodge, No. 56, Odd Fellows; a Republican in politics; a man of exemplary character; a useful and honored citizen.

Mr. Ellinwood married, October 6, 1835, Dulcenia Chase, a daughter of Moses and Miriam (Twitchell) Chase, of Athol. Her father was a blacksmith. In all her lines of ancestry she was descended from the first settlers of New England. Children: 1. Leroy Sunderland, born August 17, 1837, died April 18, 1839. 2. Miriam, born January 17, 1839; married Franklin Sawtelle, of Athol. 3. Leroy, born December 4, 1840; married Emily Homer, of Westborough. 4. Sarah, born January 17, 1842; married Samuel F. Parsons, of Woodstock, New Brunswick. 5. Hannah Maria, born July 30, 1843; married Eliphas S. Gage, of this city. 6. Edwin, born March 29, 1845; married Clara Webster, of Athol. 7. Daniel Webster (see biography). 8. Dr. Eugene (see biography). 9. Eva Rebecca, born February 8, 1854; married Harry H. Leland, of this city.

DANIEL WEBSTER ELLINWOOD, Mason and contractor, was born in Athol, February 21, 1847, son of Daniel Ellinwood. He was educated in the schools there, and came to this city at the age of eighteen and served an apprenticeship under A. T. Burgess, mason, remaining in his employ several years. In 1869 he engaged in business as a mason, in partnership with Anthony Potter, but after six months the firm was dissolved and Mr. Ellinwood continued in business alone. Among the many buildings of which he has been the contractor for the masonry are the Salisbury street and Abbott street school-houses; the Millbury street school house; the business buildings of the late John E. Day and G. Henry Whitcomb and the Heywoods of Gardner. In religion he is a second Adventist. He is a member of Damascus Lodge, Knights of Pythias.

Mr. Ellinwood, April 29, 1869, Anna Eliza Withington, daughter of Josiah Muzzey and Isabella Babcock (Smith) Withington, of Harvard, Massachusetts. They have two children: Hattie Dulcenia, born February 24, 1870, and George Francis, born March 30, 1873, school superintendent, married Lois M. Magoon, daughter of Rev. John S. Magoon.

EUGENE ELLINWOOD, Dentist, was born in Athol, May 29, 1851, son of Daniel Ellinwood. He attended the public schools of his native town, and at the age of seventeen entered New Salem Academy at New Salem, Massachusetts. He began the training for his profession in the dental office of Dr. James Hemenway, of Athol, and after two years of study and practice went to Woodstock, New Brunswick, where he had an office for two years. He then became a student in the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery at Philadelphia, from which he graduated in 1872 with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery.

Immediately after graduation he opened an office in Clinton, Massachusetts, and resumed the practice of dentistry. A year and a half later he took advantage of an opportunity to buy the practice of Dr. J. B. Walker, whose office was at the corner of Main and Elm streets in this city. Since then Dr. Ellinwood has practiced here and is now one of the oldest practicing dentists of the city, having been in active practice over fifty years. He has ranked high in his profession. His home is at No. 47 Piedmont street. He attends Park Congregational Church. In politics he is a Republican, and in former years was often a delegate of his party to nominating conventions and otherwise active in the party organization. He was one of the founders and a director of the Fraternal Aid Society, afterward called the Massachusetts Benefit Association; he was treasurer of the Single Tax League of this city; assistant treasurer of the Basin Mining and Milling Company of Portland, Maine. He is a member of the District Dental Society, the Massachusetts Dental Society, and was formerly a member of the old Connecticut Valley Dental Association before it was merged with the Massachusetts Society. He has been a member of the Worcester County Mechanics Association, and is a member of Quinsigamond Lodge, Odd Fellows.

Dr. Ellinwood married, February 3, 1876, Abbie Priest, daughter of Ira and Sarah Jane (Brocklebank) Priest, of Lancaster, Massachusetts. Her father was an officer of the Massachusetts State Prison for many years. Dr. Eugene and Mrs. Ellinwood have one son, Ralph Waldo, born February 21, 1883, graduate of Worcester High School, and of Harvard College, class of 1907, degree of A. B. Then engaged in teaching for a time, and is now connected with the engineering department of the New England Telephone and Telegraph Company. Dr. Ellinwood's offices are at No. 368½ Main street; his home is at No. 47 Piedmont street in this city.

WILLIAM HART, Real estate, was born in Boston, Massachusetts, February 25, 1842, the son of Andrew and Ellen (Lawton) Hart.

His early educational training was begun in the public schools of Andover, Massachusetts, where his parents removed when he was three years of age. Subsequently he entered Phillips Academy, of Andover, and while a student of that academy the Civil War broke out, and he enlisted for service in Company H, Fourteenth Massachusetts Infantry, and with his company went to Fort Warren. The following year this company became the First Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, and with this battery he served for three years, being wounded in the battle of Gettysburg in 1863. Upon being honorably discharged from the service, he entered the employ of a firm of file-makers in Ballardsvale, Andover, where he continued for a time, finally going into business in Boston, on his own account. In 1866 he sold out his business in Boston, and came to Worcester, locating at Washington square. For many years Mr. Hart did the largest business in hand-cut files of any factory in New England, having in addition to his plant in this city another in Springfield. He continued engaged in the file-making industry until appointed special sheriff of Worcester county by Sheriff S. D. Nye. After serving in this capacity for several years he then entered the real estate business, in which he has since continued with success.

Mr. Hart has taken a prominent and active part in the affairs of the city. He was one of the incorporators of the Bay State Savings Bank, and served as president of the same for a period of eighteen years. He was a member of the grade crossing commission appointed by Mayor Rufus B. Dodge, and also served for seven years as a member of the Park Commission. He was for a number of years a member of the Board of Trade, now the Chamber of Commerce, and has served on the boards of a number of charitable organizations. He is an active member of the George H. Ward Post, No. 10, Grand Army of the Republic, in which he has held various offices, and has served as aid-de-camp on the staff of several of the National commanders-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic. In political faith Mr. Hart is a staunch Democrat, having given valued service to the party as a member of the city committee, of which he was at one time chairman. Mr. Hart and his family are prominent in Catholic church and social circles, being members of the Roman Catholic Church of the Blessed Sacrament of this city.

On January 28, 1865, Mr. Hart was united in marriage in St. Mary's Church, Lawrence, Massachusetts, to Julia Ann Keating, who was born September 9, 1845, the daughter of Thomas Keating, and this union has been blessed with seven children, two surviving infancy, namely: 1. Adelaide, now Mrs. Edmund S. McGrail, of this city, and they have nine children. 2. Mina, who resides at home with her parents. Mr. and Mrs. Hart celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage on January 28, 1910, at their home No. 26 Lenox street, upon which occasion their hosts of friends called to extend hearty congratulations.

OAKLEY SMITH WALKER, Founder, president and treasurer of the O. S. Walker Company, was born at South Rutland, Jefferson county, New York, February 14, 1857, son of Benjamin F. and Ursula C. (Smith) Walker, both of whom were natives of South Rutland. His father was a cooper by trade and also followed farming. He served three years in the Civil War, dying of typhoid on his way to the front in 1864, leaving the mother with five young children without means of support.

Oakley S. Walker was adopted by an uncle, and worked on a farm until he was fourteen years old, when he began to work at the trade of wood-turning in a feather duster factory. Having saved a hundred dollars he bought "his liberty" of his uncle and since then has been self-supporting. He attended school at odd times, and at length apprenticed himself to learn the trade of machinist, serving three years, his pay averaging in that time less than dollar a day. Then, after two terms in the high school, he worked at his trade. In the meantime his mother had qualified herself as a school teacher by attending the State Normal School and was teaching in the grammar grade. Afterward she was appointed to a State position. His next position was with the Eames Vacuum Brake Company of Watertown, New York, and he remained with this concern five years, the last of which he spent in England in charge of an experimental shop for testing railroad brakes.



Oakley S. Walker

Upon his return from abroad he went West and spent a year or more in various shops in Indiana and Ohio, thence going to New York City, remaining for a time, and finally to Watertown, his native city, where he began to manufacture drill grinding machinery of his own design in a small shop. In 1887 he came to this city to arrange for the manufacture of some of his machine tools in the Washburn Shops of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, when he accepted an attractive offer to enter the employ of the Washburn Shops, and he has made his home here since that time. He was for three years engaged in designing and developing machinery here. In the course of his work he perfected a successful twist drill grinding machine that has had a wide sale under the name of the Worcester Twist Drill Grinder. In 1890 he entered the employ of the Norton Emery Wheel Company and remained seven years as designer, inventor and master mechanic. While there he designed machinery for truing emery wheels and also designed a tool grinding machine, the latter of which is now in universal use.

In 1897 Mr. Walker embarked in business with little capital, but with the nucleus of success in the invention of a magnetic chuck that holds machine parts while they are being finished on lathes, planers or grinding machines. It was the first device of its kind, and proved highly successful when finally introduced. He has from time to time added the manufacture of other machines of his invention. From a one-man shop in rented quarters, the business has grown to large proportions. The business was moved from the Washburn Shops to the Porter Last Factory and in four years outgrew the two floors occupied there. In 1910 a large factory of concrete construction was built at Greendale. At that time Mr. Walker bought out his partner and in 1914 the business was incorporated under its present title, the O. S. Walker Company, of which he is president and treasurer; Isaac F. Williams, secretary and manager. The factory is spacious, well-lighted and thoroughly modern. Mr. Walker is a member of the Worcester Country Club, and attends St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church, of which his family are members. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Walker married, in Watertown, New York, December 22, 1880, **Mary A. Cutler**, of Carthage, New York, born at LaCrosse, Wisconsin, August 28, 1856, daughter of Orville L. and Delia (Babcock) Cutler. Her father was a carpenter and builder, and was a lieutenant in the Civil War, born at Bennington, Vermont, January 16, 1821, died December 12, 1912; her mother was born at Champion, New York, July 7, 1831, died December 23, 1911. Mr. and Mrs. Walker have three children: 1. Mildred A., born September 15, 1890; graduate of the Worcester High School. 2. Dorothy A., born June 8, 1893; graduate of Smith College, 1915. 3. Oakley Cutler, born June 19, 1894; graduate of the Worcester High School; student in the engineering course at Michigan University for two years; tried to enlist in the navy after the European War began but was refused; later was drafted and accepted and served for over a year in the aviation corps, and has now resumed his studies at the Michigan University, class of 1920.

CHARLES HENRY PAGE, Retired electrical contractor, was born in Montour Falls, New York, November 20, 1850, son of Henry and Jennie (Ayers) Page. Henry Page was for many years in the furniture business in Montour Falls, New York. He came to Worcester about 1874 and worked at the trade of cabinet-making. He was also in the undertaking business. During the last year or more of his life he was a grocer. He was born in Waterbury, Connecticut, and died in this city, July 7, 1889. His home was on Alvarado avenue. His wife was born in Waterbury, Connecticut, died in this city at the age of seventy-six years.

Charles H. Page attended the public schools and Cook's College in his native town. In 1872 he came to this city and was employed at first by the Monroe Organ Company, having charge of the organ reed department for about five years. He then took a contract to make water meters for the Union Water Meter Company, in sizes varying from an inch to four inches, and his brother, Lucius S. Page, was associated with him in manufacturing these meters during the following six years. He left this line of business to become a pioneer in the electrical construction business. In 1885 he began to take electrical contracts for wiring and as the electric lighting business was extended his business increased to large proportions. For three years he was in partnership with Frank Reed under the firm name of Reed & Page. His store was at No. 28 Pearl street. From 1889 to 1895 he continued under the firm name of Charles H. Page & Company. This firm was succeeded by the Page Electric Company. A few years later he withdrew from the Page Electric Company, and the new proprietor moved to No. 24 Pearl street. Mr. Page remained at the old stand, No. 28 Pearl street, doing business under the name of the Columbia Electric Company. The Coghlin Electric Company is the present title of the company formerly known as the Page Electric Company and established by Mr. Page. Mr. Page did a large part of the electrical wiring and other installation in the early years of the electrical appliances.

He had contracts throughout New England. The company installed many large electric lighting and power plants. He was one of the founders of the William L. Browne Electric Company and built up a very flourishing business. After withdrawing from that company, he became manager of the Henry D. Temple Company, dealing in electrical supplies, established by his son and Mr. Temple. He retired in 1915, and since then has been living quietly and enjoying life at his home, No. 4 Englewood avenue in this city. He was formerly a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and attends Trinity Methodist Church. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Page married, in 1873, at Montour Falls, New York, Martha Mosier, who was born in Switzerland, and came in childhood to New York State. She has always been an energetic and useful assistant to her husband in business, and he gives credit to her judgment for the success he scored in his business career. They have one son, Carl Henry (see biography).

CARL HENRY PAGE, Business man, son of Charles Henry Page, was born in this city and educated here, graduating from the English High School. After being associated with his father for a short time, he entered the employ of the Locomobile Company of America for the purpose of learning the automobile business. He was for a few months at the branch office at Framingham; then at Westborough for a few weeks. For the next three years he was in the office in New York City, Broadway and Seventy-second street. At this time he had a most attractive assignment to investigate the conditions and possibilities of trade in automobiles in all parts of the world, and he made a circuit of the world in the interests of employers. Three years afterward he established the branch office at Paterson, New Jersey; and another in Brooklyn, retaining an interest in the Brooklyn business. He established on his own account a garage at Broadway and Fifty-eighth street for the White Automobile, and afterward had several agencies. He opened eight branches for the White Company in New York State. At the present time he is sole agent for the Jordan Automobile in New York City and the Metropolitan District. He is one of the best-known and most successful automobile men of New York City. He is a Free Mason.

Mr. Page married, in New York City, Hattie Baer Burdell, and they have one son, Carl Henry, Jr.

ARCHIBALD MOSES HILLMAN, Lawyer, was born in Montreal, Canada, August 6, 1882, son of Alexander S. and Eva (Goldstein) Hillman. His father, a native of Russia, came to that city in the early eighties with his wife, who was born in Kovno, Russia. Both were of prominent Russian families, his grandfather, Joseph Hillman, being a man of distinction there, and his uncle, Meyer Hillman, a gifted Rabbi. A brother of Alexander S., named Adolph, was a noted musician of the Conservatory of Strasburg. Alexander S. Hillman was the father of seven children: 1. Archibald M. (see biography). 2. Belle, who married Philip Nanes, graduate of Brown University, 1905, now instructor of history in the Bushwick High School, New York City. 3. Gertrude. 4. Edith, who is engaged in recreation work in Brooklyn, New York. 5. Mildred. 6. Samuel, who was graduated from Clark College in the class of 1918, and was a member of the debating team, which defeated the Tufts College debating team at Medford, in 1917. It is interesting to note that he spoke from the same platform and in a contest similar to that which his senior brother engaged in twelve years ago. He enlisted in the S. A. T. C. at Clark College in September, 1918, and was sent to the Officers' Training School at Fort Monroe, Virginia, receiving his honorable discharge in December of 1918. 7. Ruby, a graduate of Wellesley College in the class of 1918, and while a student there specialized in mathematics, now being engaged in the actuarial department of the State Mutual Life Insurance Company of this city. The father of these children died in this city, May 14, 1916.

Archibald M. Hillman was nine years of age when the family came to this city, in 1891, and he has lived here since that time. He completed the course in the Ledge street public school in 1897, and then entered the English High School, where he studied for a time. Leaving school he was employed in the factory of an underwear manufacturer in this city for five years. In the meantime he studied evenings and fitted himself for the position of bookkeeper. In 1904 he left ledgers to carry out his purpose of going to college. In seven months in the high school he mastered six full courses, and in the fall of 1904 entered Clark College, graduating in 1907 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, with honors. In 1906 he was a member of the Clark debating team which won the debating contest with the Tufts College team; and in 1907 he was again on the debating team and took part in the debate with the Bates College team, and was highly complimented for his part in the contest. He became a student at Harvard Law School, and graduated therefrom in 1910 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws, not only paying his own way, but at the same time aiding others in the family.

He is at the present time president of the Alumni Association of Clark College. After graduating from the law school he passed his bar examinations, and since then has been practicing law in this city. His offices are at Nos. 737-739 Slater building.

Mr. Hillman has been active in various Jewish organizations, and is chairman of the committee on general fund and charitable objects of the District Grand Lodge, No. 1, Independent Order B'nai Brith. This district includes New York, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island, Maine, and Canada. He is and has been for ten years Sunday school instructor in the Lyman School for Boys at Westborough, Massachusetts. In politics he is a Republican, and his services have been in constant demand during recent political campaigns as a speaker. He is a member of the Harvard Club of this city; the Barristers Club; the Economic Club; the Clark College Alumni Association; the Worcester Lodge, No. 600, I. O. B. B., and other social organizations. He is frequently called to act on important committees for civic and welfare purposes. Mr. Hillman was one of Worcester's four minute speakers during the war, and was very actively engaged in every campaign for war drives. He was chairman of the Worcester Branch of the Jewish Welfare Board. This branch kept complete statistics of the Jewish boys out of Worcester in the service, held public send-offs for the boys as they left for the front, welcomed them upon their return and engaged in a program of social and religious service at Camp Devens.

Mr. Hillman's mother passed away in this city, August 12, 1906, while he was a student at Clark College.

CHARLES ALEXANDER STEWART—Long and circuitous was the route traveled by Charles A. Stewart, president of the Stewart, Skinner Company, from his birthplace in Scranton, Pennsylvania, ere Worcester, Massachusetts, became his permanent home. The trip embraced thirty-four years on the Pacific Coast, several years in Vancouver, British Columbia, the State of Washington, a return to San Francisco, finally, in 1908, locating in the city of Worcester, where he is a successful business man, a manufacturer of hardware specialties, including the speedy stitcher, of which Mr. Stewart is the patentee, and the Stewart, Skinner Company the sole manufacturers. The main office and factory of Stewart, Skinner Company is at Worcester, Massachusetts, the company maintaining a New York office at No. 29 Murray street.

Mr. Stewart is a son of Donald McCrary Stewart, born in Scotland, who came to the United States at the age of twenty and settled in New York State. He learned the trade of an iron molder in the United States and continued at that trade in various parts of the country, but later he settled in Vancouver, British Columbia, where he now resides, a prosperous real estate dealer, aged seventy-three years. He married Charlotte Ford Cook, who died in Vancouver in 1908, aged sixty-two years. Donald McCrary and Charlotte Ford (Cook) Stewart were the parents of three children: Anna, wife of Charles Fiddick, who resides in Nanimo, British Columbia; Charles Alexander, of whom further mention is made; Phoebe, wife of Charles Carnwath, who resides at Vancouver, British Columbia.

Charles Alexander Stewart was born in the city of Scranton, Pennsylvania, February 21, 1875. Shortly afterward his parents moved to San Francisco, California, which city was the family home for about two and one-half years. In 1878 the Stewarts moved to Vancouver, British Columbia, and there the lad obtained his education in the public schools, from which he was graduated in 1890. At the age of sixteen he joined a crew and was engaged in lumbering in the State of Washington. From the lumber camp he made an exchange to life on the sea, and for one year was employed on the Pacific coast steamers. He then learned the wood worker's trade, and with that trade as his capital he traveled over a goodly portion of the United States. With wood working he took up architectural drawing in San Francisco, and as a draftsman was employed during the rebuilding of that city. In 1908 he secured a patent for the Speedy Stitcher, a tool which has no rival in leather stitching of every kind. The same year he located in Worcester, Massachusetts, where he organized the Stewart, Skinner Company for the manufacture of his invention. Charles A. Stewart is president and treasurer. From a small beginning the company has developed into one of the important industries of Worcester, the Speedy Stitcher Awl being sold over the United States and in foreign countries. They manufacture other hardware specialties, and during the European War brought out the Lightning Butter Machine by which a pound of butter and one pint of milk was made into two pounds of table butter. The factory and office is now a very large four-story factory building, recently completed, where every modern convenience or method is installed to insure efficiency, health and comfort. Mr. Stewart is a member of the Kiwanis Club, and for the past five years has been a deacon of Pilgrim Congregational Church of Worcester.

Mr. Stewart married, October 12, 1905, Lily Wilson, daughter of Thomas and Annie E. (Cundell) Wilson, her father dying in the Klondike in 1898; her mother now

residing in Los Angeles, California. Mr. and Mrs. Stewart are the parents of three sons: Walter Grant, born June 18, 1906; Herbert Arnold, born February 2, 1909; Francis Noonan, born July 28, 1916. The family home is at No. 30 Woodbine street, Worcester.

GEORGE ALEXANDER MC KENZIE. As the author of that widely-read story of theatrical life, "The Stage Baby," and as an amateur photographer Mr. McKenzie is widely-known and appreciated. Photography may be termed his "hoppy," and so far has he progressed that he possesses one of the finest amateur outfits, a "Graflex 3 A." His reputation far exceeds local limits, and his services as a skilled Graflex operator were asked for by the United States Government. Mr. McKenzie is a son of Kenneth McKenzie, who was born in Prince Edwards Island, and grandson of Duncan McKenzie, who came from Scotland to the Maritime Provinces. Kenneth McKenzie was a contractor all his active years, and died in St. John, New Brunswick, aged seventy years. He married Malinda Porter, who died in 1882. They were the parents of four children: George A., of further mention; Ida, married —, and died at the age of forty-three years, leaving two sons: Harry and Stanley; William, of Sussex, New Brunswick, Canada, a farmer; Laura, married Henry Matherson, of St. John, and they are the parents of nine children.

George Alexander McKenzie, eldest son of Kenneth and Malinda (Porter) McKenzie, was born in St. John, the commercial metropolis of the province of New Brunswick, Canada. After the death of his mother, in 1882, he went to Bangor, Maine, and there attended school, also beginning his business life as a printer in that city. In 1888 he left Bangor and came to Worcester, Massachusetts, where he was in the employ of various printing houses until 1902, when he established in business for himself. He has occupied his present location, No. 554 Main street, since 1906. His business, music, amateur photography and his home fills his measure of life and enjoyment to the brim, and he has no club, society nor political connections. He is an accomplished cornetist and a member of the Worcester Brass Band and the Eighteenth Regiment Band. Both he and his wife are communicants of Old South Congregational Church and members of the church choir.

Mr. McKenzie married, in St. Andrews, New Brunswick, September 4, 1902, Anna Louise Crawford, born in St. John, New Brunswick, February 12, 1871, daughter of William Wallace and Charlotte Mary (Brown) Crawford, both deceased, her father dying in Gagetown, New Brunswick, aged eighty-six years, he the son of the Crawford emigrant from Scotland. Mrs. McKenzie learned the printing trade with her husband and has been his business partner ever since. The family home is at No. 6 Glendale street, a house recently purchased by them.

ABRAHAM BURLINGAME, Inventor and manufacturer, was born August 4, 1841, in Killingly, Connecticut, the son of Harris and Sarah Avis (Warren) Burlingame, and died in this city, February 8, 1900.

After acquiring his early educational training in the district schools of his native town, he became apprenticed to the machinist's trade. In 1865 he came to Worcester, and worked for Bellows & Whitcomb, and later in the Washburn Steam Works. Upon the death of Mr. Washburn a few years later, Mr. Burlingame bought out the business, which was thereafter conducted under the name of A. Burlingame & Company. The business was first located on School street, and in 1882 was removed to No. 22 Cypress street. The steam engines made by A. Burlingame & Company were of the best, and many of them are still in use in this city and giving the utmost satisfaction. The business continued to grow under the management and untiring energy of Mr. Burlingame, who besides devoting himself to the manufacture of steam engines also gave much of his attention to the perfection of an idea of his own for an improvement in machine pulleys. As a result of long months of experimenting the Burlingame pulley, so called, became a valuable and much-demanded property. The factory, while not a large one as compared with those of other steam engine building firms, became known throughout the country. The Burlingame steam engine and the Burlingame pulley made the plant famous throughout New England, and gave employment to sixty skilled hands. Mr. Burlingame was a natural born mechanic, and possessed an unusual manual dexterity and mechanical ingenuity. In manner he was modest and unpretentious, but possessed a genial nature which won him lasting friendships. In political faith he was a Republican. He was a member of the Masonic fraternity.

Mr. Burlingame married (first) in 1861, Emily J. Wade, who was born in Gloucester, Rhode Island, the daughter of Isaac and Sylvia (Young) Wade, of Killingly, Connecticut. By this union there was born one daughter, Lillian, who is unmarried, formerly engaged in teaching in St. Paul, Minnesota. Mrs. Burlingame died in this city, in November, 1875, and Mr. Burlingame married (second) July 7, 1881, Emma J.



W. B. F. F. F.

Burton, daughter of Dr. Putnam and Rosemer (Puffer) Burton, of Ludlow, Vermont. To this union was born one daughter, Alice B., who married, March 22, 1910, Arthur E. Graves, of Leicester, Massachusetts, who is connected with the Graton & Knight Manufacturing Company, of this city, and they are the parents of one daughter, Avis Lillian Graves, born June 14, 1912. Mrs. Burlingame survives her husband, and resides at No. 48 Wachusett street, this city.

CORNELIUS STEPHEN MANNIX. When a youth eye trouble caused a serious break in the school life of Cornelius S. Mannix, that likewise being the cause of his early entrance into the real estate field, he being yet a minor when he made his first deal. Out-of-door life has always appealed to him, and the opportunities which his lifelong business affords him to indulge his natural tastes, have in an unusual degree bound in close ties the man and his calling. A feature of this out-door life has been the growing of roses, Mr. Mannix being one of Worcester's amateur florists. He has caused some wonderful results to appear from his experiments in rose culture, among others being the growing in the open of bushes supposed to have been only possible to propagate under glass. Mr. Mannix is a Worcester boy, son of Cornelius H. Mannix, born in County Kerry, Ireland, another of the sons of Erin who, inspired by the longing for liberty, sought American shores, and from the strength of their manhood contributed to the development and growth of the land which gave them such generous welcome.

Cornelius H. Mannix came to the United States in 1847, settled in Worcester, Massachusetts, where in 1849 he was proprietor of a grocery store located on Front street near the viaduct on the present site of the "Express" building, the property then being owned by his great-aunt, Joanna Sullivan. Mr. Mannix continued in business until 1870, then retired, having prospered and accumulated considerable landed estate. He died in 1878, aged fifty-eight years. Cornelius H. Mannix married Margaret Cronin, born in Ireland, who was brought to the United States by her parents at the age of six years. She died in Worcester, Massachusetts, in April, 1889, aged fifty-two years. Cornelius H. and Margaret (Cronin) Mannix were the parents of seven children, and of these are living: Cornelius Stephen; Mary T. and Catherine L.; the youngest, Myra M., died March 22, 1915. The sisters reside with their brother at No. 70 Green street. The home is located in the same city block in which at Nos. 84-86-88-90, Cornelius H. Mannix erected a large building in 1873. The intervening property consisting of five houses is also owned by C. S. Mannix and sisters.

Cornelius Stephen Mannix was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, December 26, 1861, and has ever continued his residence in the city of his birth. He attended the public schools until the age of sixteen, being a student in high school when eye trouble developed and he was obliged to desist from his studies. Later he was a student at Holy Cross College. This enforced school absence left the lad with a great deal of leisure which he desired to profitably employ, and he drifted into a line of real estate work, finally adopting the real estate operating as his own business. He located in his present offices, room 11, Walker building, as a real estate dealer in 1898, and there conducts a prosperous business. Mr. Mannix is a Democrat in politics, and during the term of Mayor Logan represented Ward Five on the Board of Aldermen. He is a communicant of St. John's Roman Catholic Church, and a member of Washington Social Club.

WILLIS EDWARD PUTNAM. From 1875 until the present, 1919, Mr. Putnam has resided in Worcester, and since 1892 he has conducted his present business, builder's finish and cabinet work; his mill at the corner of Union and Exchange streets. He is himself an expert work worker, and gives to each order his personal supervision, the motto of the shops being "Quality." He is a son of Edward Sibley Putnam, born in Sutton, Massachusetts, who died at the early age of thirty-four, proprietor of a meat market. He married Josephine Denison, and they were the parents of two sons; Willis Edward, of further mention; and Charles Sibley, now cashier of the Merchants' National Bank, of Worcester; he married Mary Emmons, of Oxford, Massachusetts, and they are the parents of three children: Emmons, Stewart and Charles Sibley (2).

Willis Edward Putnam was born in Sutton, Massachusetts, December 14, 1868, but in 1875 his parents moved to Worcester, Massachusetts, where he has ever since resided. He was educated in the public schools of the city, and was constant in his attendance until attaining his sixteenth year, when he apprenticed himself to a carpenter and builder, who taught him the carpenter's trade. He became a finished workman, and for eight years applied himself closely as a journeyman carpenter and cabinet-maker. He then began business under his own name, and is thoroughly well-established as a manufacturer of all forms of builder's finish, and also of the finest cabinet work. He has built up a high reputation, and is rated one of the best men in his line in the

city. Mr. Putnam is a member of the Worcester Builders' Exchange, and Worcester Country Club; his favored recreations are golf and fishing. He is a Republican in politics, and in religious faith a Universalist, belonging to the First Church.

Mr. Putnam married, in Worcester, March 15, 1893, Harriet Washburn Cook, born in Provincetown, Massachusetts, in 1869. Her father died in Hartford, Connecticut; her mother, Mrs. Jennie (Delano) Cook, surviving him, a resident of Worcester, aged eighty years. Mr. and Mrs. Putnam are the parents of four children: Harold F., born March 10, 1897, a graduate of Worcester High School, 1916, now serving with the United States Naval Reserves, stationed at Newport, Rhode Island; Hazel, twin with Harold F., married William Earl Shumway, of Worcester; Willis Edward, Jr., born December 23, 1904; Harriet, born December 7, 1908, died April 13, 1916. The family home is No. 45 Midland street, Worcester.

JAMES FRANCIS TIMON. On both paternal and maternal lines James F. Timon traces his ancestry to Ireland, his grandparents, Charles and Mary (Graham) Timon, residing in County Sligo. His father, John Timon, came to the United States, settling in Worcester, Massachusetts, where his son, James Francis Timon, was born. He married Mary Ann Dougherty, daughter of Francis and Nancy (McNulty) Dougherty, of Ballybofey, Donegal, Ireland. John Timon was a moulder by trade, and a man of influence in Worcester, serving in the city government and sitting on the school board.

James Francis Timon was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, June 1, 1868. He was graduated from Worcester Classical High School in 1888, Holy Cross College, A. B., 1891, Boston University Law School, L. L. B., 1893, Holy Cross College, A. M., 1894. After completing his law studies he began practice in Worcester, and has attained high rank at the Massachusetts bar. He is a member of the Worcester Bar Association, and is held in high regard by his professional brethren. He is a Democrat in politics, and has served his city as a member of the Council, and on both the old and the new school boards. He is a member of Sacred Heart Roman Catholic Church, and the Knights of Columbus, but is oftenest found in his library engaged in literary and classical study, that being one of his favored recreations. His sports are those of the open air, baseball, swimming and golf most appealing to him.

Mr. Timon married, October 18, 1898, Rt. Rev. Thomas A. Conaty, bishop of Los Angeles, officiating, Catherine A., daughter of James L. and Bridget E. Cooney. They are the parents of two sons and a daughter: James Francis, Jr., born April 28, 1902; Grace Theresá, born August 18, 1904; John, born October 7, 1908.

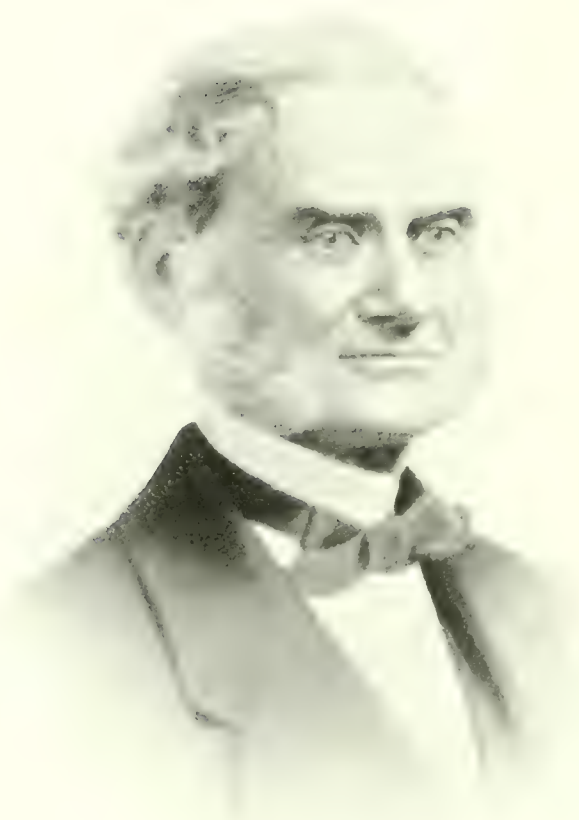
M. EDWARD SKELLEY—When M. Edward Skelley, proprietor of "The Skelley Print," came to Worcester, he had five years experience as printer's devil and apprentice with the "Barre Gazette," but the fourteen years he spent with the Harrigan Press in Worcester completed the finished artistic printer and gave him wide experience and thoroughly finished him for the business he now conducts under the name of "The Skelley Print." He began that business in a very modest way, but his trade has increased until it is most satisfactory to him in its volume.

M. Edward Skelley is a son of Michael Skelley, who was born in County Longford, Ireland, and came to the United States when a young man and settled in Barre, Worcester county, Massachusetts, where he yet resides, a retired farmer. He married, in Barre, Mary Healy, born in Ireland, who came to the United States alone, found a home in Barre, and there died, aged seventy-five years. They were the parents of six children: John, a Boston & Albany Railroad employee; M. Edward (see biography); James, a machinist of Barre, Massachusetts; Elizabeth, residing at home with her father; Lena, married Benjamin Green, of Barre, and has a son, Benjamin (2) Green; Louise, residing at home in Barre.

M. Edward Skelley was born in Barre, Massachusetts, June 7, 1878, and there attended the public school until fourteen years of age. He then decided that he would be a printer, and for five years was employed by the "Barre Gazette." He there completed his apprenticeship and remained until 1897, when he moved to Worcester and secured a position with the Harrigan Press. He continued with that company for fourteen years, then, in 1911, he established "The Skelley Print," and with one man launched that now prosperous printing enterprise. He is widely known as a printer of skill and ability, The Skelley Print giving not alone fine printing but aiding the buyer to determine quality and design. The drawing power of his printing is recognized, and now a large force is required to keep pace with the demand made upon The Skelley Print. Mr. Skelley is a member of St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church, the Knights of Columbus, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the United Typothetae of America, and the Octagon Club. He takes pleasure in bridge whist as an indoor recreation, and in golf as an out-door sport. He is well-liked by a numerous circle of friends, and as a business man he stands high.



M. Edmund Shelly



Samuel Pratt

Mr. Skelley married, in East Providence, Rhode Island, October 1, 1908, Mary G. Ryan, daughter of Lawrence Ryan, of East Providence, her mother deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Skelley are the parents of a son, Edward, born April 18, 1914. Mr. Skelley's presses and print rooms are in the Graphic Arts building, No. 25 Foster street, Worcester, his residence, No. 2 Pelham street.

SUMNER PRATT, Manufacturer, was born at Oxford, Massachusetts, September 30, 1809, and died in Worcester, January 6, 1887, son of Captain Elias and Sally (Conant) Pratt. Sumner Pratt was descended from the pioneers of New England. The Pratt line of ancestry is: Sumner (6), Captain Elias (5), Captain Elias (4), Jonathan (3), Jonathan (2), Thomas (1). The immigrant ancestor, Thomas Pratt, was born in England and came to this country about 1637; lived in Watertown and Framingham; Jonathan (2) Pratt located in Oxford and was selectman of that town. Captain Elias (4) Pratt was a captain in the Revolution from Oxford; selectman of that town; his son, Captain Elias Pratt, was in the State Militia; also a selectman; removed to Worcester; married Sally Conant. The Conant line: Sally (9), Dr. Ezra (8), Ezra (7), Benjamin (6), John (5), Lot (4), Roger (3), Richard (2), John (1). Roger (3) Conant was the immigrant; the first governor of Massachusetts; justice; selectman; one of the founders of Beverly; John (5) Conant served in King Philip's War; Benjamin (6) Conant, was one of the founders of Dudley; Ezra (7) Conant, was town clerk and selectman of Warwick; Dr. Ezra (8) Conant was of Warwick, later of Oxford.

Sumner Pratt was born on the farm where his ancestors lived for three generations, and there he lived during his youth. He received his education in the public schools of Oxford, and Sutton, whither his parents went to live in 1817. He worked on a farm until he came of age. In 1831 he left home and engaged in the manufacture of loom shuttles at North Grafton and Wilkinsonville until 1835, and during the eight years following sold loom shuttles and cotton yarn on commission. In 1843 he came to Worcester, transferring the machinery from Woonsocket, Rhode Island, to a mill in Worcester, where for two years he manufactured cotton thread. In 1845 he sold this business to Albert Curtis, and in the same year he established an agency for cotton and wool machinery and mill supplies in Worcester, and under the well-known name of Sumner Pratt & Company continued in business until he retired in 1883. In 1851 he occupied the building at No. 22 Front street. His business increased rapidly and he became one of the most prominent and successful dealers in his line in New England. He took a keen interest in municipal affairs and served the city in the Common Council in 1869-70-71-72, and in the Board of Aldermen in 1876-77. He was a member of the Board of Trade and at one time its president. He was a trustee of the Worcester County Institution for Savings; a director of the Worcester Safe Deposit and Trust Company (now the Worcester Bank and Trust Company); vice-president of the People's Savings Bank. In early life he was a Whig, later a Republican in politics. In religion he was an Episcopalian and for many years was vestryman and warden of All Saints' Church. He was highly-esteemed in the community, of exemplary character, the highest ideals, sound judgment and sterling common sense. In his social and domestic life he was beloved for his kindness and attractive personal qualities.

Mr. Pratt married (first), May 19, 1836, Serena Chase, born April 4, 1815, died at Worcester, June 19, 1848, daughter of Caleb Chase, of Sutton. He married (second), August 5, 1850, at Worcester, Abby Curtis Read, born April 28, 1818, died April 29, 1896, daughter of Ebenezer and Sally (Curtis) Read. Children by first wife: Frederick Sumner (see biography); Emma Amanda, born May 8, 1848, unmarried. Child by second wife: Edward Read, born May 1, 1851, died October 31, 1880.

FREDERICK SUMNER PRATT, Artist was born in Worcester, September 21, 1845, son of Sumner and Serena (Chase) Pratt. He attended the public schools, and graduated from the Worcester High School in 1862. After four years of service in the Worcester National Bank, he became associated in business with his father and remained a member of the firm of Sumner, Pratt & Company until 1896, when he retired. Since then he has devoted much time to portrait and landscape painting, in which he had some training in early life, and many of his works are highly prized by their owners. Mr. Pratt is a trustee of the Worcester County Institution for Savings; trustee of the Worcester Art Museum; member of various local clubs, and Salmagundi Club, New York. He is senior warden of All Saints' Protestant Episcopal Church. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Pratt married, January 19, 1871, at Worcester, Sarah McKean Hilliard, born in Boston, (Roxbury) Massachusetts, December 21, 1841, died at Worcester, December 27, 1897, daughter of Francis and Catherine Dexter (Haven) Hilliard. Children, born in Worcester: 1. Francis Hilliard, born November 3, 1871, died November 4, 1871. 2. Frederick Haven, A. M., M. D., born July 19, 1873; graduate of Harvard College and

the Harvard Medical School; has published papers on scientific and educational subjects; Professor of Physiology, University of Buffalo, and member of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, and the St. Botolph Club, Boston; he married, June 12, 1912, Margery Wilerd, daughter of George D. and Leora Davis, of West Newton, Massachusetts; children, born in Buffalo: Frederick Sumner, June 15, 1913; Margery, December 4, 1914; Roger Conant, born June 6, 1917. 3. Katherine Chase, born December 29, 1875; married, June 2, 1896, Dr. Alfred Lindsay Shapleigh, of Boston; both went to China as missionaries in 1896 and again in 1904; Dr. Shapleigh and two of their children, Samuel Brooks and Stephen, died of small-pox at Ngankin, a third son, Frederick Gordon, had died in 1900, in Worcester; Mrs. Shapleigh continued her work in China, however, and was located at Yang Chow until 1907, when she returned for a period of rest. 4. Robert Gage (see biography). 5. Elizabeth Hilliard, born July 27, 1882; married, June 23, 1906, Dr. William Irving Clark, of New York City; settled in Worcester; children: Katherine Irving, born January 14, 1908, and William Irving, born July 2, 1910.

Frederick S. Pratt was a descendant also in the maternal line from Aquila Chase, and Mrs. Pratt from Emanuel Hilliard, Sergeant Richard Haven, William Davis, Timothy Foster, and other pioneers, and many of his ancestors served in the French and Indian War and the Revolution.

ROBERT GAGE PRATT, Manufacturer, was born in Worcester, October 17, 1877, son of Frederick Sumner and Sarah McKean (Hilliard) Pratt. He attended the public schools of this city, Fish's Private School, the Dalzell School in Worcester, and entered Harvard College in the class of 1900. After three years as a Harvard student he left college to engage in business. He spent a year in the office of Earle & Fisher, architects, in Worcester. He then entered the employ of the Crompton and Knowles Loom Works, starting in the weave room and mastering the details of the business. For two years he was assistant of George F. Hutchins, in the office of the company. In 1907 he established his present business in Worcester, engaging in the manufacture of textile machinery for narrow fabrics. The manufacturing of narrow fabrics has been growing rapidly in this country in late years, and Mr. Pratt has been highly successful in his business. The plant has been enlarged from time to time and the business has grown steadily. He began at No. 100 Beacon street, removing to No. 43 Lagrange street in 1916, its present location. Mr. Pratt is an incorporator of the Worcester County Institute for Savings; member of the Chamber of Commerce, the Worcester Club, the Worcester Agricultural Society, the Tatnuck Country Club, the Worcester Tennis Club, the Quinsigamond Boat Club, the Worcester Harvard Club, and All Saints' Church. In politics he is a Republican. He is interested in music and while a student was leader of the Harvard University Banjo Club.

Mr. Pratt married, July 9, 1906, Edythe McCord Coleman, born May 8, 1880, at Toronto, Canada, daughter of Frederic G. and Edith (McCord) Coleman, of Toronto, Canada. Her Grandfather McCord was for many years treasurer of the city of Toronto. They have one child, Sarah, born at Worcester, July 17, 1915.

WILLIAM JAMES JAMIESON, Superintendent of Barnard, Sumner & Putnam Company, was born in this city, October 15, 1886. He attended the public schools, English High School and the Stone School in Boston. He began his business career in the Barnard, Sumner & Putnam Company department store in this city and has been with that concern to the present time. He was first office clerk, then collector and bookkeeper, and since 1909 has been store superintendent. Few men have won their way to a position of such responsibility so early in life. Mr. Jamieson resides in Holden, Massachusetts, and is a member of the Holden Congregational Church. In politics he is a Republican. Mr. Jamieson has been prominent in public affairs in Holden; was elected selectman of that town for three years in February, 1918; is president of the Holden Hospital (Inc.); director of the Holden Community Corporation, organized in 1914; captain of the Holden Military Training Company since 1917, when the organization was formed; member of Company H, Nineteenth Regiment, State Guard. He is a member of the Commonwealth Club of Worcester.

Mr. Jamieson married, October 18, 1910, Helen Marion Brierly, daughter of John T. Brierly, of this city (see biography). They have one child, Dorothea Woodbury, born March 9, 1913.

Mr. Jamieson's father, Thomas H. Jamieson, was born in Glasgow, Scotland, died in Worcester, March 26, 1904, aged forty-eight years; married Mary Riddell, also a native of Scotland, born 1853, died 1898 in this city. Thomas H. Jamieson was educated in Scotland; became an interior decorator in Glasgow, and after serving an apprenticeship of seven years worked also as a journeyman in Edinburgh and London. After coming to this country in the eighties he located in Fitchburg, then in Wor-

cester. He was for some twelve years foreman of the painting department of the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works. He was a member of Quinsigamond Lodge, Free Masons; Ridgely Lodge, Odd Fellows; served on the Republican City Committee about five years from Ward Eight. He was one of the founders of the Presbyterian church, Kilby street. Thomas H. and Mary Jamieson had four children: 1. Jennie, married William Henry Brown, of Dundas, Ontario, Canada; resides at East Haven, Connecticut; manufacturer of special machinery; have four children. 2. Sadie, married Harry R. Colby, now of Millbury, a general contractor; has two children. 3. William James, mentioned above. 4. Joseph Andrew, born January 29, 1891, now credit man for Brewer & Company; married Lida Gilbert, of Millbury.

CHARLES DARIUS LLOYD, Superintendent of the W. B. Crombie Company, was born in Framingham, Massachusetts, November 1, 1858, son of Curtis Brewer and Ruth Willis (Puffer) Lloyd. He was educated in the public schools of his native town, and early in life learned the printing trade there. In the course of time he became foreman of the "Lakeview Press," at South Framingham. He came to this city in 1889 to take charge of the printing office of F. S. Blanchard, who was for many years one of the leading printers and publishers of this city, and he continued as foreman of the "Blanchard Press" until 1907, when he resigned to accept a similar position with the "Maqua Press," in Schenectady. After five years with the "Maqua Press," he returned to his former position with the "Blanchard Press," and continued until Mr. Blanchard retired, in 1913. With two partners who had been with the "Blanchard Press," for many years, Mr. Lloyd formed the W. B. Crombie Company (see biography of W. B. Crombie), and established a printing business in the new Graphic Arts building. The new concern has prospered from the start. Mr. Lloyd has had charge of the mechanical part of the business, and is superintendent of the company. In politics he is a Republican; in religion a Congregationalist. He is a member of the Congregational Club and the Mechanics' Association.

Mr. Lloyd married, December 21, 1881, Jennie Janes, born December 19, 1858, died July 12, 1916, daughter of David W. Janes. They had three children: 1. Edna, born at Framingham, October 3, 1882, graduate of the Worcester High School, 1901; married, June 17, 1908, at Schenectady, Harold Barnes Larned, son of James Edward and Hattie (Barnes) Larned, a graduate of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, now a civil engineer in New York City; they have two children. 2. Kenneth Janes, born March 20, 1900, graduate of the Classical High School, 1918. 3. Gertrude, born July 3, 1901, died young.

HENRY PEELE SAVORY, Agent of Adams Express Company, was born in Salem, Massachusetts, May 15, 1860, son of Benjamin and Hannah B. (Peele) Savory, and died March 17, 1918.

He was educated in the public schools. He left the high school at the end of one year, and for several years was employed in the wholesale and retail newspaper trade in Fall River by George D. Johnson. In 1882 he entered the service of the Adams Express Company, and except for a few years was with that company to the time of his death. At first he was messenger on the express cars, making a round trip from Providence to Fall River daily. He was transferred to other runs from time to time until 1885, when he was appointed agent at Westboro, Massachusetts, a position he filled until 1889. During the next thirteen years he was agent or route agent for the company, making his headquarters at Westfield, Massachusetts. From 1901 to 1905 he was division agent at Putnam, Connecticut. Mr. Savory was appointed agent of the Adams Express Company in Worcester in 1905. In 1911-12 he was engaged in other business in this city, and in 1912-15 he was agent of the company in Springfield, but after that he filled his former position as agent in Worcester. It is proper to say that his personality and business ability, his thorough knowledge of the express business, and the requirements of customers won the confidence and esteem of the business men of the city.

In politics, Mr. Savory was a Republican, but he never sought public office or accepted it. He was a member of Quinebaug Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of Putnam, Connecticut, and took the thirty-second degree in the Scottish Rite; he was also a member of Metacomet Tribe, No. 28, Improved Order of Red Men, of Westfield, in which he filled, successively, the various chairs; member of the Ancient Order of United Workmen, Westfield Lodge, No. 114; and of Benchley Conclave of Heptasophs, of this city. He was formerly a member of the Worcester Board of Trade.

Mr. Savory married in Newton, February 25, 1885, Adele Louise Houston, daughter of Enoch and Louisa (Farnham) Houston of Newton. They had two children: 1. Robert Henry, graduate of the Putnam High School, now with the Coglin Electric

Company, Worcester. 2. Helen Louise, married Henry Chapman Swain, of Washington, D. C., a draftsman in the government service, formerly with the United States Envelope Company, Springfield.

HAROLD JOHNSON NEALE, Former superintendent of parks, was born in this city, November 20, 1886, son of Charles E. and Adelaide E. (Riggs) Neale. Charles E. Neale was born in Worcester, October 15, 1866, and his wife, October 21, 1865. They had four sons: Harold Johnson, Albert Sweetser, Ralph Milton and Charles Howard Neale.

Harold J. Neale attended the public schools here and the Worcester Academy, graduating in 1904. He then entered the Massachusetts Agricultural College, from which he graduated in 1909 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. He entered the employ of the park department of the city of Worcester in July, 1909, as a civil engineer and made topographical maps of all the city parks. He was appointed city forester in April, 1910, serving until April, 1917, when he became superintendent of parks. He resigned in January, 1918, to accept his present position as superintendent of Audubon Park, New Orleans, Louisiana. Mr. Neale enlisted in July, 1917, in the Massachusetts State Guard, and was commissioned first lieutenant of Company H, Nineteenth Regiment. He was discharged in January, 1918, on leaving the city. In politics he is a Republican. He is a member of Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, and was junior warden in 1918; member of Worcester Grange, Patrons of Husbandry; the Worcester Country Club; Green Hill Golf Club, of which he was secretary, 1916-18; the American Association of Park Superintendents; Massachusetts Tree Wardens and Foresters Association, of which he was secretary and treasurer, 1913 to 1918; American Academy of Arborists, of which he was director, 1916-18; the Massachusetts Forestry Association; the First Universalist Church of Worcester.

Mr. Neale married, at Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, June 26, 1911, Dorothy Whitmore, who was born in Worcester, April 25, 1888, daughter of Edwin W. and Elizabeth (Scammell) Whitmore. Her father was born in Milford, Massachusetts, January 22, 1853; her mother at Milford, February 19, 1855. Mr. and Mrs. Neale have two children: Richard Whitmore, born August 27, 1912, and Robert Chapin, born June 12, 1915.

AUGUSTUS NELSON CURRIER, Insurance agent, was born in Andover, New Hampshire, June 5, 1820, died in this city, son of Ebenezer H. Currier, who was a shoe manufacturer in Holliston and a prominent citizen.

Augustus N. Currier attended the public schools and academy in Holliston. As soon as he came of age he was elected town clerk, soon afterward town treasurer, and in 1853 representative to the General Court. He was in the flour business on Long Wharf, Boston, in the firm of Towne, Currier & Upham for a few years. He came to this city in 1857 to take charge of the People's Fire Insurance Company, and from that time to the end of his life was in the insurance business here. He was general agent of the Lancashire Insurance Company of England for New England for seven years. Afterward he was in the general insurance business. He admitted to partnership his son, Herbert A. Currier, under the firm name of Augustus N. Currier & Son. William E. Lincoln was also a partner for several years. After he retired the son continued the business under the old name until his death. Mr. Currier was director of the Central National Bank; vice-president and one of the founders of the People's Savings Bank; director of the Worcester Safe Deposit & Trust Company; director of the State Mutual Life Assurance Company; manager and trustee of many important estates. He was in the Common Council in 1868.

He represented the Eighteenth District in the General Court in 1885-86. He was a member of the Worcester Agricultural Society, the Worcester County Horticultural Society, and of Union Congregational Church; trustee of the Rural Cemetery and the Home for Aged Females, and secretary of the Old Men's Home.

LABAN BOARDMAN FISKE, Founder and president of the Fiske Bill Posting Company, was born June 23, 1849, in Hooksett, New Hampshire, the son of Allen and Mary A. (Parmenter) Fiske, and died in this city, September 4, 1910, in the sixty-second year of his age.

When he was seven years of age his parents removed to Holden, Massachusetts, and he there gained his early educational training in the district schools of that town. Leaving school he came to this city to learn the job printing trade, at which he later worked in Providence. Subsequently he became interested in the theatrical business and went on the road for the Van Amburgh circus known as the Golden Menagerie. In 1865 Mr. Fiske returned to this city and joined partnership with Nathan Harkness in the bill posting business under the firm name of Harkness & Fiske. Mr. Harkness died in 1873, and Mr. Fiske continued the business alone, later establishing the Fiske



Laban Boardman Fiske

Bill Posting Company, which business was a success from the beginning, acquiring large contracts for outdoor advertising, Mr. Fiske continuing president of this concern until his death. In addition to the bill posting business he, during the seasons of 1879-80-81-82 was associated with Robert Reynolds in the management of the Worcester Theatre. During the following five years Mr. Fiske successfully managed the Harry W. French lectures, which were similar to the Stoddard lectures.

Mr. Fiske was one of the well-known business men of this city, in the interests and welfare of which he was always interested. In political faith he was a Republican, but never cared for nor sought public office. He was one of the original members of the Boston Lodge of Elks, he and William C. Gale being the only two men from Worcester who were charter members of the Boston Lodge. He was also a veteran Odd Fellow, having joined Quinsigamond Lodge, of this city, when it was organized, and being admitted to membership in Wachusett Encampment in 1875. A valuable contribution to the Worcester Society of Antiquity was made by Mr. Fiske when he presented to that society fifteen volumes of theatrical posters to which he devoted much time and pains in collecting. He acquired considerable property, building his house on Pleasant street, which he had occupied for over twenty-six years. He had always lived in that neighborhood, having resided on Dewey street for a number of years.

Mr. Fiske married, March 7, 1869, Julia E. Trimm, who was born in Franklin, Massachusetts, July 18, 1851, daughter of Arnold K. and Harriet (Richardson) Trimm, and to this union were born four children: 1. Gertrude E., who is the wife of Harry H. Bloss, who was connected with the editorial department of the "New York Herald," and is now editor of the Westboro, Massachusetts, "Chronotype;" one son, Harold Fiske Bloss, served in the United States Navy during the World War, being assigned to service with the large naval guns used in France. 2. Herbert L., proprietor of the West Brimfield, Massachusetts, Brick Company; he married Ethel Davis, of Spencer, and they have one son, Allen L. Fiske. 3. Etta E., who is the wife of William R. Hamill, of Worcester, and have two daughters, Selina E. and Eleanor J. Hamill. 4. Ralph T., residing in Northboro, Massachusetts; he married Maude Crowell, and they have five sons, Chesterfield, Stanley M., Richard H., Stuart C., and Ralph T., Jr.

CHARLES MATTHEW BOOTH, Sales agent, American Steel and Wire Company, was born January 28, 1859, son of Benjamin and Betsey (Charnley) Booth. He was educated in the public and high schools of Worcester. He began business as clerk in Kinnicutt's hardware store. In 1884 he entered Washburn & Moen's offices and rose through various positions to sales agent, and head of the flat wire and specialty department of the American Steel and Wire Company. He is a member of Montacute Lodge of Free Masons; Hiram Council, Eureka Chapter, Worcester County Commandery, the Tatassit Canoe Club, the Automobile Club, Worcester Club, Worcester County Mechanics' Association, and the Worcester Country Club. He is a Republican.

Mr. Booth married Nellie Florence Pevey, November 16, 1881. She was the daughter of Edward Payson Pevey, and was born in Wilton, New Hampshire, November 20, 1859. Their children are: Edith Florence, born in Worcester, December 12, 1884, died August 2, 1885; Martha Pevey, born in Worcester, December 23, 1890. Mrs. Booth is a member of the Home Club and Worcester Woman's Club. The family residence at No. 284 Highland street.

ALBERT LAKE SMITH, Member of the school committee, bookkeeper and salesman for the George C. Whitney Company, was born in Cayuga county, New York, August 29, 1836. He attended the public schools in Tilton, New Hampshire, and the Boscawen Academy at Boscawen, New Hampshire. He began to work in a cotton mill at Panacook, New Hampshire, when but ten years old and continued for ten years excepting for an occasional term of three months in school in winters. While he was a student in the academy, he taught school in East Concord, New Hampshire, and in the following winter at Hookset, New Hampshire. In the spring of 1859 he came to Auburn, Massachusetts, and found employment as clerk in a general store; in 1864 he came to Worcester and since then has made his home here. Since 1884 he has been with George C. Whitney, valentine manufacturer, and the corporation, George C. Whitney Company, as bookkeeper and salesman. Mr. Smith has served for more than nineteen years without interruption on the school committee, being elected first in December, 1895. His long and faithful service in the board has been equalled by few in the history of the city. In arduous committee work as well as the general duties of the board he has served with the utmost fidelity and ability. In politics he is a Republican. He is a member of Morning Star Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons. For many years he was a member of the Worcester Choral Union and of the Music Festival Chorus. He is a communicant of Old South Congregational Church.

Mr. Smith married, in Auburn, March 20, 1861, Maria A. Knowlton, who was born in Auburn, April 6, 1840, died August 31, 1915, daughter of Swan and Sarah (Eddy) Knowlton. Her father was a farmer; deacon of the Auburn Congregational Church for many years; born at Newfane, Vermont, April 21, 1804, died November 27, 1883. Her mother was born in Auburn, January 26, 1799, died June 29, 1889. Mr. and Mrs. Knowlton had three children: 1. Sarah A., born January 4, 1832. 2. Nathan M., born December 5, 1836. 3. Maria A., mentioned above. Mr. and Mrs. Smith had one daughter, Anna L., now the wife of Wilton H. Merriam.

GUY ERNEST STEPHEN, Superintendent of the gas appliance department of the Worcester Gaslight Company, was born in Durham, Province of Quebec, Canada, February 17, 1875, son of William and Margaret (Nick) Stephen. His paternal ancestry was Scotch; his maternal German. He attended the public schools, and graduated from the Durham Academy in 1891. Mr. Stephen came to Worcester in 1892, and entered the employ of the Wire Goods Company. Two years later he became an assistant in the Worcester Polytechnic Institute laboratories under Professor Kinnicutt. He was employed in the stock room and attended lectures in various departments for three years. When the gas appliance store was opened by D. P. Cortis, of Boston, he left the institute to become his assistant. In 1898 the Gaslight Company took over the business. Since 1905, Mr. Stephen has been superintendent of the gas appliance department. The store and service department is at No. 286 Main street. Mr. Stephen is a member of the Worcester Country Club and the Gas Salesmen's Association. He is a communicant of St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Stephen married, June 27, 1908, Bessie Frances Atherton, daughter of Frank A. Atherton. They have one child, Barbara, born February 27, 1913. His home is at No. 10 Munroe avenue.

THOMAS PLUNKETT, Sergeant, was born in Mayo, Ireland, 1841, died in Boston, March 10, 1885. But few men who served in the Civil War became better known. He came to America when a boy, and in 1861 enlisted for three years from West Boylston, where he and his brother, Francis Plunkett, were then working in a shoe factory. He made a good record from the start. He entered as a private in Company E of the Twenty-first Infantry, Massachusetts Volunteers. The regiment entered the battle of Chantilly with 400 men, of whom 140 were killed, wounded or taken prisoners. The call came from headquarters for volunteers to go in and look for the wounded and one of the first was Plunkett. His friend, Louis Moultrie, was missing. He went without his musket, and he came to a Confederate leaning against a tree. Plunkett had the opportunity, however, of approaching the Rebel picket unobserved; and he jumped upon him, seizing him by the arms. Getting possession of the Rebel's gun, he marched his prisoner into camp. For this exploit he received his warrant as sergeant. He took part also in the battles of Roanoke Island, Newbern, Camden, the Second Bull Run and South Mountain. His last fight was at Fredericksburg, December 13, 1862. He was with his regiment in the second line, which stopped a retreat by a gallant charge. The official report of the adjutant general of Massachusetts, states: "Color-sergeant Collins of Company A was shot and fell to the ground. Sergeant Plunkett of Company E instantly seized the colors and carried them forward to the farthest point reached by our troops during the battle. When the regiment had begun the delivery of its fire about forty rods from the position of the Rebel infantry, a shell was thrown with fatal accuracy at the colors, which were again brought to the ground, wet with the life-blood of the brave Plunkett." A piece of this shell struck his right arm, nearly severing it from his body; it then struck a book which had thick covers, a book that he picked up that morning on the battlefield and placed inside his coat. This obstacle diverted the bullet, which wounded his left arm above the wrist in passing from his body. Colonel William S. Clark saw Plunkett wounded and sent him to the rear in charge of a comrade. In the field hospital his wounds were pronounced fatal and he was left unattended two hours before his arms were amputated. But he rallied rapidly, and on Christmas Day the whole regiment turned out in his honor to escort him to the station on his way home. He was assigned to Emory Hospital, in Washington, and remained there until the following May. On his way home he received an ovation in New York and Boston and finally at his home in Best Moylston. After the war, Congress awarded him a medal of honor and a total disability pension of \$72 a month.

In 1879 Mr. Plunkett was appointed a messenger at the State House, Boston, and placed in charge of the coat room. He was later for a time messenger at the Custom House. Sergeant Plunkett came to have a very large circle of friends. He had a strong liking for politics. He was a member of but one organization, George H. Ward Post, No. 10, of Worcester. At one time he was an officer of the Massachusetts Department of the Grand Army. In spite of the loss of both arms he was always brave



W. T. Carroll

and cheerful and found a way to do many acts of kindness and benevolence.

Mr. Plunkett married, in 1865, Helen Lorimer, of this city, daughter of Alexander Lorimer, then proprietor of a rope-walk here. They had two sons, Thomas Walter and Harry Clifford Plunkett.

ARTHUR JACKSON MARBLE, Civil engineer, was born in Grafton, Massachusetts, May 18, 1850. He attended the public schools, the Grafton Academy and the Worcester Polytechnic Institute. His first engineering work was on the St. Louis & Iron Mountain Railroad, where he was in charge of the construction of a seven hundred foot bridge over the Bayou Cashe, later engineer in charge at the end of the track. He was subsequently field engineer in the surveys for the Fitchburg (Massachusetts) waterworks; field engineer in the surveys for the Worcester & Webster Electric Railway, the plans being made in his office; field engineer for a large power reservoir at Hadley, New York, the plans for which he made and the design for the dam. He was the engineer in charge of rebuilding the dam and constructing the reservoir near the Oxford-Charlton town line, the plans for which were filed with the county commissioners, Worcester. He was engineer for the Worcester postoffice (Federal) building; field engineer for the water-shed surveys of Lake Singletary, Sutton, Massachusetts. His offices are at No. 393 Main street. He is a member of the Worcester County Horticultural Society and was one of its trustees, and a member of the library committee. For many years he has been interested in horticulture and is an authority in this subject, widely known throughout New England among horticulturists. He was a member of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce; Worcester Economic Club; the Wapiti Club; the Worcester Automobile Club, and the Unitarian Club, and was a member of the old Hancock Club. He was exalted ruler of the Worcester Lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, 1899-1900. He is a thirty-second degree Mason; member of Montacute Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, Worcester Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Worcester Lodge of Perfection; Goddard Council, Princes of Jerusalem; Lawrence Chapter of Rose Croix; Massachusetts Consistory, Boston, Massachusetts. He was for six years a trustee of the Worcester County Mechanics Association and was president of the Worcester County Society of Engineers for four years. In religion Mr. Marble is a Unitarian; was chairman of the building committee of the South Unitarian Church; chairman of its finance committee and for twelve years moderator.

Mr. Marble married (first) in this city, in 1875, Georgie F. Dadmun; (second) in 1882, Abbie S. Maynard, born April 13, 1860, in Worcester, Massachusetts, a daughter of Joseph A. and Maria A. Maynard. By his first wife he had one child Georgie Alice, born October 8, 1876, married J. William Patstone, and has one daughter, Muriel L. Patstone. His home is at 36 Birch street.

WILLIAM THOMAS CARROLL, Inventor, was born at Easton, Massachusetts, June 29, 1829, and died May 14, 1917, son of John and Emily (Phillips) Carroll.

He was educated in the public schools of Easton and Middleboro. He then went to work in the thread mill of Charles H. Morse, at Easton. Two years later the family moved to Canton. He worked there in the Neponset Cotton Mills for ten years. He started his career as machinist and inventor in the shop of L. R. Wattles, at Canton, and three years later was foreman of the shop. He started in business for himself in the town of Stoughton, which is near Canton. Later he removed to Newton Lower Falls, where he had a machine shop. He manufactured spinning rings and spindles. He was very prosperous at this business, and moved to Medway, where he manufactured various devices used in cotton mills. While there he invented a new form of spinning ring, which he patented and sold to the Drapers of Hopedale. In May, 1874, he moved to Worcester, and opened a machine shop at No. 17 Hermon street, where he remained until 1905. He devoted his time chiefly to experimental work here. He had over fifty patents on different improvements and inventions for cotton machinery. Almost all of these patents have been bought by the Drapers of Hopedale. He is the inventor of the oilless bearing patents owned by the Massachusetts Oilless Bearings Company. In 1896, he was awarded the John Scott Medal for his non-metallic bearings on the recommendation of the Franklin Institute.

Mr. Carroll married, January 23, 1857, in Canton, Frances Cedelia Taft, daughter of Dr. Caleb S. Taft, then of Canton. She was born at Walton, New York, August 20, 1836. Mr. Carroll was a Baptist. He was a member of the Order of United American Mechanics, and of the Ancient and Illustrious Order of Knights of Malta. Their children were: Hattie Lodema Frances, born at Canton, October 22, 1858; Ada Estelle, born at Canton, March 11, 1860; William Eugene, born at Medway, March 28, 1862, died there, September 28, 1862; Edgar Judson, born at Medway, July 17, 1864; Elbert

Henry (see biography); Emma Lavilla, born at Medway, February 16, 1869; William Edward, born at Woonsocket, Rhode Island, November 18, 1872; Herbert F., born in Worcester, August 21, 1874, died September 11, 1874.

ELBERT HENRY CARROLL, Chief engineer of the Morgan Construction Company, was born at Medway, Massachusetts, April 7, 1867, the son of William Thomas and Frances C. (Taft) Carroll.

He was seven years of age when his parents removed to this city, and he attended the Woodland, New Worcester and Dix street public schools here. He left school at the age of fourteen years and went to work, but continued his studies in the evening schools during the winter terms in the drawing courses. He afterward returned to the Dix street school and prepared to enter the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, where he continued a student for six months with the class of 1890. After spending a year in Michigan, he returned to this city, and during the following four years was employed in the engineering department of the Holyoke Machine Company. Mr. Carroll had charge of building of the Hydraulic Testing Laboratory of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute at Chaffins. Since February, 1895, he has been connected with the Morgan Construction Company, as superintendent and chief engineer. At the age of seventeen years Mr. Carroll perfected improvements in spinning machinery, for which he received patents. Since then he has received a number of patents and is constantly devising new machinery and processes. He has taken out various patents, many of which have proven to be valuable and useful. Mr. Carroll is president of the Hill Clothes Dryer Company, director of the Morgan Construction Company and the Worcester Syndicate, and a stockholder in the Alsten & Goulding Company, and the Bancroft Hotel Company, of this city. He is a member of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce; the Worcester Country Club; the Commonwealth Club; Quinsigamond Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Stella Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star; Anchoria Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Mt. Vernon Encampment, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and Utopia Rebekah Lodge. In political faith he is a Republican.

Mr. Carroll married, in September, 1893, Elizabeth C. Moore, who was born in Worcester, June 4, 1872, the daughter of Luther and Mary Caroline (Reed) Moore. Mr. and Mrs. Carroll reside at No. 3 Rutland terrace, in this city, and have a summer residence in West Boylston, Massachusetts.

JOHN MAY RUSSELL, Treasurer of the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works, was born in Oakdale, in the town of West Boylston, Massachusetts, August 31, 1857, and died in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, May 15, 1910. He was a son of Samuel and Anna E. (May) Russell, both of whom were descended in various lines from the pioneers of New England.

John M. Russell attended the public schools in his native village and entered the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, from which he graduated in 1876 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. At one time he was president of the Alumni Association of the Institute. After graduating he was employed for a number of years in the offices of the L. M. Harris Manufacturing Company and the West Boylston Manufacturing Company at Oakdale, and developed unusual ability as an accountant. He came to the employ of the firm of L. J. Knowles & Brother in this city in 1882, and during the next three years was head bookkeeper. In 1885 he was one of the incorporators of the Knowles Loom Works, and filled the office of cashier with marked ability during the existence of that corporation. In 1897 when the present corporation, the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works, was formed, he became the assistant treasurer, afterward treasurer, an office he held until he resigned in 1903. From that time to the end of his life he was engaged in expert work as accountant and as a salesman of high-grade securities. Mr. Russell was popular in social life; a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Royal Arcanum and other clubs and organizations. In politics he was a Republican. He was chairman of the board of directors of the Free Public Library for a number of years, and a member of the Greenhalge, Middlesex, Republican and Home Market clubs, well-known and important political organizations. In religion he was a Congregationalist, member of the board of trustees of Pilgrim Congregational Church and was at one time superintendent of the Sunday school.

Mr. Russell married, at Gorham, Maine, July 22, 1879, Martha L. Roberts, who was born at Gorham, September 13, 1857, daughter of John H. and Martha (Worcester) Roberts. Her father was born at Gorham, January 21, 1838; enlisted in 1862 in Company I, Seventeenth Regiment, Maine Volunteers, in the Civil War; died from the effects of wounds received in the battle of Spotsylvania, in Washington, D. C., September 15, 1864; married Martha Worcester, who was born in Gorham, September 9, 1819, died January, 1901. Mr. and Mrs. Russell had three children: 1. Earl



Elbert H. Carroll.

Spencer, born November 28, 1883, died May 17, 1894. 2. Madeline, born April 8, 1890; married, September, 1913, Ralph Temple; now residing in Rutland, Massachusetts. 3. Genevieve, born April 15, 1892; graduate of the Worcester Classical High School, 1910; of Mount Holyoke College (B. A., 1914); of Columbia University (A. M., 1916); now engaged in editorial work in New York City; residing with her mother at No. 90 Morningside Drive, New York.

HERBERT MYRON WILSON, Court stenographer, was born in Spencer, Massachusetts, December 24, 1857, son of John Abner and Angeline (Livermore) Wilson. He attended the public schools of his native town, Boston and Roxbury, and studied shorthand in a business college in Boston and in Howe's Business College in this city. He was afterward employed as a stenographer in various offices in Boston until he was appointed official stenographer of the Superior Court in Worcester county, November 18, 1885. From that time to the present he has filled that office, being now in point of years of service one of the oldest court stenographers in New England. He is a member of Spencer Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and Worcester Chapter, Royal Arch Masons. In politics he is a Republican. For eighteen years he served on the Worcester school committee. He attends the Congregational church.

Mr. Wilson married, in 1884, Sarah F. Bemis, who died in 1898. Both Mr. and Mrs. Wilson are descended from pioneers of New England.

WILLIAM LANCASTER, General agent of the State Mutual Life Insurance Company, was born in Newton Moor, Cheshire, England, July 11, 1845, died in this city, October 21, 1906. He received a limited education in the common schools, attending half-day sessions from the age of eight to eleven years, and working the other half-day in a carding room. He learned the weaver's trade, working full time after he was eleven years old, attending night school for several years. He came with his mother to this country and was employed at first in the Worcester Bleach and Dye Works in South Worcester for a year and a half. In 1870 he became a clerk in the store of C. Foster & Company, hardware dealers, predecessors of the Duncan-Goodell Company, and for about fourteen years was bookkeeper for this concern. He entered the life insurance business in 1884 and developed special aptitude for this kind of work, achieving distinction early and winning promotion rapidly. For many years he was general agent of the State Mutual Life Assurance Company. He was a member of Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; and the Worcester Lodge of Perfection. From 1898 to 1904 he was secretary of Worcester Lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. He was also a member of Gesang Verein Frohsinn, the Lakeside Boat Club, the Hancock Club, Commonwealth Club, Worcester County Mechanics Association. He was the first treasurer of St. Matthew's Protestant Episcopal Church. His family were communicants of St. John's Church.

Mr. Lancaster married, in 1883, Catherine A. Christopher, daughter of Henry Christopher. Their children were: 1. Edith Clare, born December 12, 1883; married Edward William Kinsley. 2. Richard Christopher, born in Worcester, May 9, 1887; graduate of the English High School and of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute; now assistant traffic manager of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, New York, residing in Rutherford, New Jersey; married, in 1914, Miriam Russell, and has a daughter Katherine, born November 18, 1916. 3. Olive Haworth, born January 5, 1891; graduate of the Classical High School, 1908, and of Vassar College, 1912; married, September, 1912, William Wallace Smith, 2d, of Poughkeepsie, New York, manufacturer, now ensign in the Naval Reserve, stationed at Newport.

Mr. Lancaster's father, John Lancaster, was born at Padiham, England, May 15, 1838, died in England, 1860, and is buried at Newton Moor. His mother, Catherine (Haworth) Lancaster, was born in England, January 15, 1838, and died in Worcester in November, 1874. She came to this country with six children in 1864, locating in Dodgeville, Massachusetts, removing later to Lonsdale, Rhode Island, and finally to Worcester. George Y. Lancaster, of this city, was a brother of William Lancaster.

RT. REV. PATRICK THOMAS O'REILLY, First Bishop of Springfield, was born in County Cavan, Ireland, December, 1833, son of Philip and Mary (Conaty) O'Reilly.

He studied under a famous schoolmaster, father of Rev. Charles Boylan of this diocese; completed his academic education at St. Charles College, Baltimore, and studied theology at St. Mary's, Baltimore; was ordained in the Cathedral of the Holy Cross, Boston, by Bishop Bacon, August 15, 1857. He founded St. Joseph's Church,

Boston, but soon afterward became rector of St. John's in this city. He was consecrated Bishop at the age of thirty-seven years and filled that office twenty-one years, confirming 77,000 persons, ordaining hundreds of priests, laid nearly a hundred church corner stones, dedicated forty-five new churches; opened many hospitals and orphanages. He died May 28, 1892.

REV. DENIS SCANNELL, rector of St. Anne's, was born in County Kerry, Ireland, July, 1846, died August 20, 1899. His great uncle, a distinguished priest and teacher of classics, prepared him for college. After coming to this country at the age of eighteen, Father Scannell attended St. Charles College, Maryland, and the theological seminary at Alleghany, New York, where he was ordained in October, 1870. He was for a short time in charge of the Blackstone parish, succeeding Father William Power, and became an assistant to Father John Power of St. Anne's in October, 1870. Two years later he was appointed rector of St. Anne's. Father McCoy writes of him: "Father Scannell was an unaffected, kind-hearted man, honest in every thought and act. It might be said of him that no priest in New England was more beloved by his fellow priests than he. He found in St. Anne's a small wooden church at his coming, but he left it with a magnificent temple of brick and stone with a splendid presbytery and grounds adjoining. No man ever had an unkind thought or word to say against Father Scannell."

HARLAN PAGE DUNCAN, Merchant, was born in North Brookfield, January 31, 1837, died in this city, February 2, 1905. His father, Charles Duncan, was a grocer in North Brookfield. Mr. Duncan had two sisters, Emma Frances, who married Hon. Theodore C. Bates, and Ellen Tryphosa, who married Dr. Albert G. Sprague, of Providence, Rhode Island.

Harlan P. Duncan was educated in the public schools of his native town. He came to this city in 1854 and entered the employ of Calvin Foster & Company, hardware dealers, Main street, and as employee and owner of this concern he continued to the end of his life. He lived to celebrate his fiftieth anniversary in the business. With John B. Goodell, he became a partner in the firm in 1866, and in 1881 the firm name of Duncan & Goodell was adopted. After the incorporation in 1887 the name became the Duncan-Goodell Company (see history of this business). It was the first of all the mercantile companies in Massachusetts to be incorporated. Mr. Duncan was president and general manager until shortly before his death. He took rank for more than a generation among the leading merchants of the city. His firm held the foremost place in its line of business in the city and county. He himself was held in the highest esteem. His ability, integrity and character were widely recognized and appreciated in the business world. He was a member of Quinsigamond Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, and for several years was its treasurer. He was a member of the Commonwealth Club and of the Board of Trade.

Mr. Duncan married Anna H. Strong, and they had two children, Frank Edgar, and Charles Henry, who died in infancy.

DR. REBECCA BARNARD was born in Harvard, and was educated in the public schools of Worcester. She taught in the Worcester schools about twenty years and was principal of the Salem street school at the time she began to study medicine with Dr. Helen Goodspeed. In 1874, she entered the New York Infirmary and Medical School for Women, and began to practice in Worcester in July, 1878. She died in 1905.

GEORGE H. NUTT, Expert workman for thirty-five years in the employ of L. J. Knowles & Brother and the corporations succeeding the firm, as toolmaker and foreman, began his work in August, 1879, when the business was located in Allen Court. At that time seventy-five men were employed in the works. He started the first machines in the Junction shop a few weeks later.

"I had been there only a few weeks," Mr. Nutt writes, "when Mr. G. F. Hutchins, the superintendent, came to me and said that business had increased so much that they had to have more room and that the Junction Stone Shops had been hired. He wanted me to go down there to do some work. I asked him what kind of a job he wanted done. He said I had better take plenty of tools. I picked up a lot of handy tools and went with him and I will say that I was rather set back when we entered the building, for all there was on the floor was one engine lathe and one speed lathe. 'Well,' I said, 'what do you want done?' 'I want these machines started,' he said. He told me to order what I needed and promised to send a carpenter to help me. In a few days I had the machines running and men were hired to run them and materials sent from the other shop to make. For a long time we were setting up new machines, which were put into operations as soon as they were ready. It was not long before Mr. A. B.

Whipple started to set up looms, some of the parts being brought from the old shop. There was no end of running from the new shop to the old for tools until I had time to procure them at the new shop.

"After the plant was moved, about February, 1880, I resumed my place as tool-maker, having also charge of the repairs. I built new tools and made special machinery and I also served as timekeeper and, when Mr. Wattie was away, I took his place.

"When the new shop was built on Grand Street, there were a large number of changes in departments and I was placed in charge of the tool department, making repairs, building new machinery, making the patterns and doing certain parts of the loom-making."

In this department Mr. Nutt served the Knowles Loom Works and the present corporation faithfully to the end of his active life, retiring on account of ill health in 1910, but returning after a period of rest to the tool room and later to the experimental department under Mr. Ryon. In 1914 he had to give up work. He is now living in Thomaston, Maine.

In an account of his life written by request and quoted above, Mr. Nutt says:

"Before closing, I think it my duty to say a few things in regard to some of the men I was under. I think there were no finer men in Worcester than the Knowles brothers. I had a lot of work to do that brought me in contact with Mr. L. J. Knowles. He had a way of making his men feel at home. After he had been away for a time, he used to go out in the shop to see the men. He would go to the men that he knew and ask them how they were getting on and about their families. The men appreciated this personal interest in their affairs and in talking of him would say: 'That man thinks something of his help.' He got the best there was in his men.

"While my work did not bring me in contact with Mr. F. B. Knowles as much as with L. J., as we always called him, I always found him very pleasant and kind to us all, and he was always a liberal given when any of the men needed help.

"I think there was no other shop in Worcester where the men were so well as we were. And we could always get all the men we wanted at any time, because of the good treatment and the good wages. The feeling of the men toward the employers was important in the building of such a large business in a few years.

"There is another man about whom I must say a few words. He had marked ability as a mechanic. He is one of the most genial men I have ever known. He was always ready to listen to a suggestion from the men, to hear a complaint or consider a request. Whether he accepted the suggestion or granted the request or not, the men were pleased at the kindly way he talked with them. I think that if all the old hands read this description, they will all recognize the man as George F. Hutchins."

George H. Nutt was born in Tiverton, England, near Bath, August 7, 1844, son of James and Eliza (Silcox) Nutt. His grandfather, William Nutt, served in the British navy for fifteen years and was a warrant officer under General Nelson at the battle of Trafalgar, winning two medals for bravery in action. James Nutt was a wool-finisher by trade. In 1847 he and his brother Henry began to manufacture files at Claremont, New Hampshire; in 1861, after the death of his brother, James removed to St. Johnsbury, Vermont, where he continued in business as a file manufacturer until his death in 1882.

George H. Nutt came to this country in 1850 with his uncle, William Nutt. After the death of his mother, when he was but seven years old, he was bound out to a farmer named Robinson, with whom he went to Wisconsin, where he lived until he was fourteen. Soon after his return to New England he began an apprenticeship of seven years at the gunsmith's trade in Cornish, New Hampshire, under D. H. Hilliard. Coming to Worcester in April, 1866, he was employed as tool-maker and foreman by the Ethan Allen Company and afterward by Forehand & Wadsworth. After doing contract work for one year for the American Arms Company he entered the employ of L. J. Knowles & Brother in 1870.

As a mechanic Mr. Nutt was second to none in his line of work, and he possessed inventive talent, receiving a number of patents of value. He was especially successful in devising the machine tools and operations for manufacturing looms and attachments, and every new mechanism called for new tools. He was constantly at work also in simplifying methods and reducing the cost of production. Good judges have said that he was the most remarkable man in Worcester in getting a large output from his men, and that was before the word efficiency was heard in the factories. He surely got his results with the best of feeling on the part of the men. He always felt that his interests and theirs were identical. In this matter he followed the example of L. J. Knowles in dealing with his help.

Mr. Nutt is a Republican in politics. He represented Ward Seven in the Common Council of Worcester in 1900 and 1901. In both years he was chairman of the com-

mittee on bills in second reading, member of the committee on lighting streets, mayor's inaugural and unfinished business, and in his second year on the committee on sewers. He made a firm stand against junketing and is credited with saving the city a substantial sum by his opposition to this custom.

Though his schooling was limited to a few terms in the district schools, he has always been a great reader and is remarkably well posted on historical and other lines that might be thought quite outside his own. Since he retired in 1914, he has lived at Thomaston, Maine. He is a member of the lodge, chapter and council of Worcester; County Commandery, Knights Templar; Worcester Lodge of Perfection; Goddard Council, Princes of Jerusalem; Lawrence Chapter of Rose Croix; and Aleppo Temple, Mystic Shrine, Boston.

Mr. Nutt married, August 6, 1868, Mary Lizzie Harper, daughter of James C. and Julia G. (Morse) Harper. Her father was a soldier in the Mexican War and died of disease contracted in the service. Mr. and Mrs. Nutt have three children: 1. George Herbert, born June 29, 1869, graduate of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, now professor of manual training and drafting at Newtown, Pennsylvania. 2. Arthur Chase, born September 19, 1874, graduate of Ohio State University, Bachelor of Arts, 1897; Fargo College, Master of Arts; graduate student at Cornell and Harvard; now a teacher in the North High School, Worcester. 3. Harry Garfield, born April 19, 1881, graduate of Dartmouth, sociological worker; died October 7, 1906.

HARRY LAIRD STOCKWELL, Business manager of the "Worcester Telegram" for nineteen years, was born in Alleghany, Pennsylvania, March 4, 1866, and died in this city, February 28, 1907.

He came to New England when a boy, and soon afterward went to Columbus, Ohio, where he became a student in the Ohio State University and the Columbus Business College. He came to this city in 1886 and for two years was bookkeeper in the Worcester Woolen Mills. In 1888 he entered the employ of the "Worcester Telegram" in the advertising department. This newspaper was then in its infancy and much of the credit for securing the business that brought its subsequent prosperity belongs to Mr. Stockwell. His energy knew no limit. He was faithful to his employer and indefatigable in his efforts to increase the advertising in his newspaper. A few years later he became business manager. Until about a year before he died he held this position. In 1906 he became business manager of the "Worcester Evening Post," which position he held at the time of his death.

In politics Mr. Stockwell was a Republican. He was elected an alderman in 1906 from Ward Nine. As a member of the finance committee it was necessary for him to make a tour of inspection on one of the coldest days of the winter, and he contracted a severe cold, developing into pneumonia, which caused his death.

Quiet and modest in his methods of doing business, he always accomplished his purposes and made for himself a reputation for fair dealing, honesty of purpose that brought from his former employer, Austin P. Cristy, one of the most complimentary tributes that could be given any man. Similar expressions of respect and esteem came from many other prominent citizens. Few men were better known or more popular. He had a very attractive personality and made many friends in all walks of life. In the Masonic societies he was especially popular, being a thirty-second degree Mason. He was past noble grand of Worcester Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; member of the Worcester Automobile Club. Mr. Stockwell was interested chiefly in the newspaper business, but he invested at times in real estate and built several houses in the city. His home was at No. 30 Russell avenue.

Mr. Stockwell married, June 20, 1888, Rosa M. Brown, who was born in Trowbridge, England, daughter of the late Henry J. Brown. (See biography.) Mr. and Mrs. Stockwell have two children: Mabel H., who married Hiram B. Gibbs, of this city, and has two children, Barbara Helen and Robert Henry Gibbs; Edith M., who married Leroy W. Ware, of this city, and has two children, Priscilla and Cynthia Ware.

HENRY JOHN BROWN, Woolen manufacturer, was born November 24, 1849, in Westburg, Wiltshire, England, one of the three children of John and Matilda (Whitley) Brown. He died in this city, April 17, 1916.

As a boy he was apprenticed to the cabinet-maker's trade, but soon gave that up to learn the trade of weaver, which he partly learned in his native land. Coming to this country, he went to work at Mapleville, Rhode Island, for his uncle, James Legg. It was not long, however, until he was offered the position of boss weaver of the Sayles Mill at Pascoag, Rhode Island, which position he filled for a period of six years. He then came to this city and became superintendent of the Worcester Woolen Mill, which was then operated by James Legg, Jr. After remaining in this position



Henry J. Brown



Priscilla Brown

for some time he became agent of the Frost & Greeley woolen mills, at Huntington, Massachusetts, continuing in that capacity for several years. The following year he spent in travel in Europe, and upon his return to this country spent the following five years as agent for Dickey & Sons, at Baltimore. Returning to Massachusetts, he entered into partnership with Otis Davis, under the firm name of Davis & Brown, engaged in the manufacture of woolens at Dayville, Connecticut. Later this firm leased the Chase Mill at Killingly, Connecticut, and still later purchased the Mill at Uxbridge, Massachusetts. Although not engaged in business in this city during the later years of his life, Mr. Brown made his home in this city, residing at No. 55 Moore avenue. Mr. Brown was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and of the Worcester Country Club. He was of a musical turn of mind, and in his younger days sang in various church choirs. He attended Trinity Methodist Church of this city. In political belief he was a Republican.

Mr. Brown married Priscilla Matthews, daughter of Robert and Mary Ann Matthews. Mrs. Brown was one of twelve children—six sons and six daughters—and was born in Trowbridge, Wiltshire, England, coming to this country in her youth. Mr. and Mrs. Brown were the parents of two daughters, namely: Rosa M., widow of Harry L. Stockwell, of this city (see biography); and Henrietta, who died in Huntington, Massachusetts, aged twenty years.

HARRISON NEWHALL ARTHUR, Overseer, who has been since 1907 with the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works, assisting in the development and introduction to the trade of automatic filling replenishment devices for multiple-shuttle looms, has had a long and varied experience in cotton and woolen mills, from bobbin boy to overseer in charge. He was born in Lawrence, Massachusetts, September 18, 1877, son of Andrew Sherman and Caroline May (Richardson) Arthur. He attended the public schools of the city of Lawrence. Upon leaving the high school he worked for a year in the silk-finishing business, and for two years as timekeeper, cost clerk and general bookkeeper in the offices of the Boston & Maine Railroad car shops. Since then he has been employed in cotton and woolen mills and at the Loom Works. It was natural that he should enter this business, for his father had been foreman of the weaving department in a cotton mill. Mr. Arthur is an Odd Fellow; member of Trinity Congregational Church of Lawrence.

Mr. Arthur married, at Lawrence, July 11, 1899, Martha Elizabeth Wainwright, daughter of Thomas Grace and Catherine Elvira (Whitehouse) Wainwright, and they have two children: David Eaton, born August 1, 1903, and George Whitehouse, born February 25, 1909.

ALBERT HENRY SHEFFIELD, Captain, First Illinois Engineers, was born in this city, December 8, 1876, son of William and Margaret Jane (Brocklehurst) Sheffield. William Sheffield was born in England, April 7, 1849; married Margaret Jane Brocklehurst, who was born in England, April 1, 1852. They had three children: Albert H., mentioned below; Clara Gertrude and Jane. He attended the Cambridge street and Millbury street public schools in this city and the English High School, from which he graduated in 1895, being the class poet and orator. He entered Brown University, and graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1899. While in college he was captain of the track team. After graduating he was engaged in the building and contracting business, and at the time he entered the United States Army was partner in a contracting firm in Chicago. He entered the service as first lieutenant in the First Illinois Engineers, Company D, and shortly afterward was commissioned captain in the same regiment, now the One Hundred and Eighth United States Engineers, in the service somewhere in France. He is a member of the Delta Upsilon fraternity of Brown University.

Mr. Sheffield married, in this city, June 16, 1903, Dora Claire Tosi, who was born in this city, of Italian ancestry. The family home is at No. 18 Caro street, in this city.

BROR F. STENMAN, Business man, coming to America from Sweden, a man of steady, driving, persistent personality, met with disappointment and unemployment during the whole of his first year, which he spent in Worcester, Massachusetts. Once given the start, however, he has accomplished more in the few years since than many who strive and fail to accomplish in a life-time. Mr. Stenman is keen, quick to grasp, to react, to create and re-create. Such men as he are invaluable to the world today.

Bror F. Stenman was born at Westergotland, Sweden, October 3, 1888. He was educated in the grammar schools there, and then began to work on a farm. He later returned to the city, where he served an apprenticeship in the manufacture of gasoline engines for a period of four years, until he was able to get the papers of a first-class mechanic. In December of 1907 he came to America, settling in Worcester, Massa-

chusetts. That entire winter he was unable to find employment. His first work there was that on a farm. He later secured a position in the department where machines are completed at the Crompton-Knowles Company. He then was engaged to work on the presses with the Spencer Wire Company, and later in the trueing department of the Norton Grinding Company. Still later was he employed in the tool room of the Morgan Spring Company. He left this to go to Springfield, Massachusetts, where he remained for six months with the Bay State Elevator Company. Upon his return to Worcester he entered the National Manufacturing Company as tool-maker. He then was with the Stenman Wire Specialty Company, inventing and building machinery. Following this he went to New York in charge of the Concreter Steel Company, manufacturers of specialties in re-inforcement concrete work. He returned to Worcester to work for Reed & Prince on inventions. He then was identified for a time with the Rockwood Sprinkler Company. This varied employment was fitting Mr. Stenman with the most valuable experience in all branches of mechanical work and in the building of machinery. During his early years in Worcester he spent his spare time working out various ideas in a little workshop in the cellar of his own home. At first he had only a bench, later securing a vice and lathe. He kept at this original kind of work, outside of his regular employment, until he entered in partnership with Albert W. Larson in a machine shop where inventions were worked out that are of vital interest to this country and to the world. The Worcester "Daily Telegram" gave an excellent idea of the things accomplished by this firm and the part which Mr. Stenman played in their accomplishment, as follows:

"Mr. Stenman has been working five years on various inventions, several of which are bringing him returns. He began on the gasoline engine some time ago but is not devoting all his time to this particular invention, as he was called upon to perfect machinery which Uncle Sam is using in turning out ammunition.

"Within three weeks, young Stenman completed a working model of a machine which is used in the manufacture of shrapnel. It is a routing cutter and is used in cutting a ring in the time fuse device of the shrapnel shells. The American Ammunition Company, formerly of Worcester, used several of these machines and others are used by the Detroit Lubricant Company. This machine was among the first successful inventions perfected by the Worcester man and served to bring him to the attention of several large manufacturers of Worcester and other cities. Shortly after completing that invention, Mr. Stenman turned his attention toward perfecting a device for the grinding of valves in automobile engines. This device consists of a miniature electric motor and a secret arrangement which does the work formerly done by hand machinery or a screw driver, worked back and forth in the valves. The invention for which Mr. Stenman has just received patents is compact and weighs less than two pounds, being made almost entirely of aluminum. He plans to manufacture these devices at his shop and in this way have an income that will allow him to perfect other inventions, principally the gasoline motor.

"A new principle is involved in his invention, there being no cylinders. The mechanism is of the turbine effect and takes up little room. The engine is of the explosive type, and is expected to prove valuable for aeroplanes, in view of its compactness and light weight. Owing to the fact that it has not yet been patented, Mr. Stenman refrains from exposing the working parts. The model is about eight inches long and six inches high, and according to Mr. Stenman, when it is perfected, the engine of this size will develop ten horsepower. The whole device is not as large as the ordinary half-horsepower gasoline engine of the type used in motorboats and automobiles. To the uninitiated in the intricate machinery, the invention appears to be a plain casting with two projecting parts on top. Sparks plugs are used and Mr. Stenman feels that when completed it will not be necessary to use a fly wheel. The elimination of this feature will lessen the weight of the engine to a great extent.

"He has perfected a corset protector, a device which protects the wearer from injury resulting in the stays penetrating the part of the corset under the arm.

"Mr. Stenman, besides working out several of his own inventions, is planning to carry to completion work begun by the late Carl Tideman, proprietor of the Worcester Nut Manufacturing Company. Shortly after Mr. Tideman died Mr. Stenman bought several of his incompleated machines. Being an intimate friend of Mr. Tideman, Mr. Stenman realized he would be in a position to complete some if not all of the work started by Mr. Tideman, who was a widely known inventor."

In March, 1918, Mr. Stenman disposed of his interest in the Stenman Electric Valve Grinder Company, and in April, 1918, established the B. F. S. Manufacturing Company, making improved grinder and electric drills. He expects to have his engine ready in the near future. Mr. Stenman is a member of Thule Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Carl the Fifteenth; and the First Swedish Lutheran Church. In

politics he is a Republican. He is a stockholder in the Milton Fountain Mop Company, for whom he manufactures working models.

Mr. Stenman married, June, 1913, Nannie Johnson, of Worcester. They have two children: Linea Viola, and Edith Dorety.

LOUIS DEMITRIOU LIOLION. As founder and publisher of "National Progress," a newspaper printed in the Greek language, now enjoying national reputation and circulation, Mr. Liolion has attained great influence among his countrymen, and has been able to aid them in their endeavors to adjust themselves to their new environment. He is a son of Dimetrius G. Liolion, who died October 4, 1913, aged sixty-three, a lifelong merchant. His three brothers and one of his sons were soldiers in the Greek Army, one of the family being Constantine, who was killed in action, and Sotezios, who is still a captain in the army. Dimetrius G. Liolion married Maria A. Stephanon, born in Greece, where she yet resides, a widow, aged sixty-two. They were the parents of nine children, the four hereinafter named being their only living children: Katherine, married Nicholas Gogos; Basileius, married, who at the outbreak of the European War in 1914 left Worcester, and is now in Greece; Louis D., of further mention; Alexander, living in Worcester, a boy.

Louis D. Liolion was born at Mourcie, Delvinon, Greece, May 15, 1892, and there remained until 1909. He was educated in his native land, attending grammar and high school until entering the college of Corfu, whence he was graduated in the year 1909. That same year he came to the United States, locating at once in Worcester, Massachusetts. He attended the Worcester schools to gain a better knowledge of the English language, and then for three years was in the employ of the American Steel & Wire Company. In 1914 he bought an interest in a grocery store at No. 125 Green street, which he retained until 1917, when he founded "National Progress," a weekly Greek newspaper which has proven a very successful venture. The offices of the paper are at No. 112 Front street, Worcester. Mr. Liolion is a member of the various Greek societies of the city, and in 1917 was elected president of The National Epirotio Society. At present he is a vice-president of that society, and of the Greek Community. He is a member of the Greek orthodox church, St. Lpyridon, The Pan Epirotic Union of America, St. Theodore Society, and St. George Society.

THURE HANSON, State commissioner of standards, was born in Landskrona, Sweden, March 30, 1883, son of Carl Olof and Hulda (Peterson) Hanson. He came to this country with his parents in 1885, and since then has resided in Worcester. He attended the public schools here, the evening high school and Hinman's Business College. He also studied under private tutors. As a young man he took a keen interest in public affairs, and was active in the Republican organization of the State and city. He served on the school committee of the city, was appointed state commissioner of weights and measures, and has held that office since that time, the name being changed by virtue of an act of the Legislature, May 29, 1918, to its present form, commissioner of standards. His office is in the State House, Boston. He has been especially active and vigilant in enforcing the law, and has won a high reputation for efficiency. While holding this office he read law and he graduated May 22, 1918, from the Suffolk Law School with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Mr. Hanson is a director of the Park Trust Company of this city. He is a member of Thule Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Idun Rebekah Lodge; Engelbrekt Society; Carl XV Lodge, S. F. A.; Ragnar Lodge, V. O.; Worcester Economic Club; Gethsemene Lutheran Church, of which he is a deacon. Mr. Hanson is unmarried. His residence is at No. 125 Eastern avenue.

Mr. Hanson's father, Carl Olof Hanson, was born in Landskrona, Sweden, in 1851, and died in this city, April 18, 1918; a carpenter by trade; married, in Sweden, Hulda Peterson, who is now living in this city. They had three children: 1. Anna, died in infancy. 2. Thure, mentioned above. 3. Adhil E., born August 14, 1886.

ANDREW PETERS WERME, Mechanical engineer, was born in 1876, in Wermeland, Sweden. He attended school there until the age of fifteen, when he came with his mother to this country and made his home in this city. Here he attended the evening schools, worked in the factory of the Harrington & Richardson Arms Company, afterward in the wire mills of the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Company. In the meantime he pursued the study of mechanical engineering. He was a machinist for the Morgan Construction Company seven years, later as draftsman with the Otis Elevator Company, the B. F. Sturtevant Company, Hyde Park, and the Homestead Steel Company, Pennsylvania. He again entered the employ of the American Steel & Wire Company (formerly Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Company) and continued in responsible positions with that concern until January 15, 1918, when he re-

signed to enter into partnership with Arthur R. Petterson (see biography) in the mechanical engineering firm known as the Petterson Engineering Company. The offices are in the Central Exchange, No. 311 Main street. Mr. Werme is fond of athletics, in which he excelled in his younger days, winning many prizes and trophies, especially in jumping and swimming contests. He is a member of the Young Men's Christian Association; Thule Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Montacute Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; the Fairweather Club of the American Steel & Wire Company; the First Swedish Lutheran Church.

Mr. Werme married, June 26, 1907, in this city, Hilda J. Nelson, who was born in Sweden, daughter of Nelson and Mary (Hendrickson) Nelson. Both parents died in this city, and she received her education here. Mr. and Mrs. Werme have two children: Irene Marie, born November 23, 1910; Irving Andrew, born January 15, 1914. Their home is at No. 428 Chandler street.

His father, Andrew Werme, was born in Sweden, and died there when the son was four years old; was a Lancashire smith; married Anna Bloomstrom, who was born in Sweden, died in this city, February 15, 1915, aged seventy-six years. They had the following children, of whom four are now living, all in Worcester: Anna, died aged forty-four years in this city; Sophia, died in 1890 in Worcester; Raindhold, now in charge of a rolling mill of the American Steam & Wire Company; Clara, married Clarence McCall, of Worcester; Andrew P., mentioned above; Hannah, of this city; Carl O., died here in 1911.

EDWARD DICKINSON WARD, General Contractor, was born in West Warren, Massachusetts, March 6, 1864, son of Charles Rockwood and Julia Ann (Reed) Ward.

He was educated in the public schools of Enfield, Massachusetts, leaving the high school to work in the Warren Cotton Mills. From the glazing room he was transferred after a time to the carpenter shop, where he learned his trade during a period of three years. For two years he was employed as a journeyman by Charles Knapp, of this city, and then he engaged in business on his own account as a carpenter in this city, employing a half dozen men, having his office on Alvarado avenue. In 1891 he formed a partnership with Willis F. Blanding, under the firm name of Ward & Blanding, and this firm continued in business for five years, building many residences and other buildings in this city. Since that partnership was dissolved Mr. Ward has continued alone in business, extending his field of operations year by year and becoming one of the leading general contractors of New England. Since 1902 his office and headquarters have been in the Baker building, No. 82 Foster street. In recent years he has employed regularly a force of about three hundred men. Mr. Ward erected such buildings as the Church of Christ (Scientist) of Worcester; the plant of the Wright Wire Company in Palmer; the mills of the Hamilton Woolen Company at Southbridge, Massachusetts; mills of the Worcester Machine Screw Company; various buildings for the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works and Matthew J. Whittall, the carpet manufacturer; buildings of the Central Supply Company. In July, 1918, the business of Mr. Ward was incorporated under the laws of this State under the name of the E. D. Ward Company with a capital stock of \$75,000, with the special purpose of enlarging all branches of the business, including painting. The officers are: President and treasurer, E. D. Ward; vice-president, Burt Leroy Knowles; clerk, Harry M. Winchester. Mr. Knowles has been a draftsman and Mr. Winchester bookkeeper for Mr. Ward for several years. Mr. Ward is a Republican in politics, and a Congregationalist in religion. His home is in Shrewsbury, Massachusetts. Mr. Ward married, December 9, 1891, Mabel E. Kibbe, daughter of Eugene Hudson and Mary E. (Hickey) Kibbe. Children: 1. Mildred May, married, September 8, 1915, Frank Hickey, and they have one daughter, Nancy Hickey, born April 23, 1917. 2. Ethel Mabel, married, November 10, 1915, Russell Webb, and they have a son, Russell D., born February 7, 1917. 3. Irene Belle.

P. WALTER FAY, Treasurer of the Warren Garage Company, was born in Galway, Ireland, August 10, 1882, son of Paul and Helen (Fahey) Fay. He came to this country in childhood with his mother and sister Delia in 1888.

The family located in this city and he attended the public schools here, graduating from the Upsala street school in 1896. Afterward he attended the Quinsigamond evening school for two years, and the Hinman Business College for two years. He was for nine years in the employ of the American Steel & Wire Company in the wire mills of Worcester. His career in the automobile business began on June 1, 1906, when he entered the employ of the first garage established in this city, known as the Pond Automobile Station, and he has been in the garage business since that time. He became associated with the Warren Garage Company in 1910, and since then has been its



E. H. Ward

treasurer and manager. The place of business is at No. 12 Vine street. He is also the owner and manager of the garage at Lake avenue and Belmont street.

Mr. Fay graduated from the Military Training School in this city, June 6, 1915. He is a member of Worcester Lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; the Worcester Chamber of Commerce; the Boston City Club. His hobby is baseball and football. He was formerly catcher of the Maxwell Athletic Baseball Club of Worcester. He has been a justice of the peace since August 11, 1911, when he was appointed by Governor Foss.

His father, Paul Fay, was born in Galway, Ireland, and was killed in an accident when Paul Walter was an infant. He was a farmer. Helen (Fahey) Fay was also born in Galway; she is now living in this city; she married (second) in Worcester, Frank H. Buckley, a contractor. Paul and Helen Fay had but two children: P. Walter, mentioned above, and Delia, married George M. Doyle, now of Providence, Rhode Island, and has four children. By her second marriage, Helen (Fahey-Fay) Buckley had two children: Dennis Buckley, now in the United States navy, and Margaret Buckley.

DAVID GOGGIN, Contractor and painter, retired police officer, was born in Killarney, County Kerry, Ireland, September 21, 1840. He received his education in the schools of his native place. In 1866 he came to this city and made his home here until his death. He found employment as a painter and for a number of years worked for E. R. Estabrook, whose shop was located at the corner of Waldo and Exchange streets. He then engaged in business on his own account as a painter and contractor. He was appointed a patrolman on the police force of this city, January 5, 1873, and excepting for two years remained on the force until he died. During those two years he was again in the painting business. He died January 31, 1908. He was at that time one of the officers longest in the service of the city and widely known among all classes of people. After 1892 he was on permanent duty with the Board of Health, and he was very active and efficient in the work of the health department. In all his long service he never had charges of any kind against him. He was kindly, just and charitable, doing his utmost always to relieve the suffering and distress of which he was a daily witness for so many years. He was a zealous worker for temperance and president of the Father Mathew Total Abstinence Society. He was a member of Alhambra Council, Knights of Columbus. At various times he was a parishioner and communicant of St. Anne's, St. John's and St. Paul's Roman Catholic churches. He was a member of the American and French War Board. Naturally thrifty and saving, he invested his earnings in real estate. He was one of the founders of the Bay State Savings Bank and a trustee to the time of his death. He was a Democrat all his life, and at times took an active part in politics.

Mr. Goggin married, in Ireland, in 1865, Catherine M. Sullivan, whose father came to this country in the forties and became a railroad bridge contractor. Mr. and Mrs. Goggin had no children. His widow resides at the old home, No. 81 Portland street.

MAURICE HIGGINS, One of the pioneer employees in the railroad world, is a man of straightforward and upright principles. His early ambitions, which brought him from Ireland, served him through many years of diligent endeavor to bring him at last to a well-earned retirement.

Mr. Higgins was born in the County of Cork, Ireland, in the year 1830. In 1851 he embarked from there on a sailing vessel for America, spending forty-two days at sea. Upon arriving in America he came first to Worcester, where he secured employment with the Boston & Albany Railroad, shovelling snow. He continued under the employ of that company until 1887 as switchman and fireman. He often pulled the passenger cars out of the station with horses. He was the first to throw the switch in the old passenger station of that railroad in Worcester. For a time he was watchman for that road at the Foster street station. Mr. Higgins has always been interested in the city of Worcester. He is a member of St. Ann's Roman Catholic Church, Worcester, being a regular attendant. He is a member of the Holy Name Society of the church and was for many years a collector there. He is a member of the Half Century Club. In politics he is a Democrat. He has lived in his present home on Lake avenue for over thirty years.

Mr. Higgins married, April 15, 1855, Margaret O'Keefe, also a native of the County of Cork, Ireland, who came to Worcester, previous to the arrival of Mr. Higgins. She died in 1908, not, however, before the happiness of celebrating with her husband their golden wedding. She was a woman of great intelligence, a beloved wife and mother. Mr. and Mrs. Higgins were the parents of ten children, of whom eight are living. They are: William F., a conductor on the Boston & Albany Railroad, has one son; James P., of Worcester, an insurance agent with the Mutual Life Insurance

Company; Thomas J., principal of the Canterbury street school, Worcester, has six children; Margaret, Mrs. John J. Kitteridge, who has four children; Anna M., living at home; John B., operator for the Chamber of Commerce, at Providence, Rhode Island, has one son; Mary E., teacher in the Bloomingdale school; and Katherine A., a bookkeeper.

MICHAEL JOSEPH FOLEY. Merchant, police officer, was born in County Roscommon, Ireland, July 1, 1845, son of John and Ann (Petitt) Foley. He went with his family to Liverpool and lived there for several years when a boy. In 1849 his father came to this city and found employment at his trade in the blacksmith shop of Ethan Allen. In the following year his mother came with her two children, Michael and Mary. His father spent the remainder of his life in this city, and died here.

Michael J. Foley attended the Worcester public schools until he was eleven years old, when he went to work in the Fox Mills. Afterward he was employed for several years in the Allen Wheelock Pistol Shop. He enlisted in Company I, Fiftieth Massachusetts Regiment of Infantry, in the Civil War, in 1862, and served thirteen months as a private. He is the only surviving member of Company I. In 1864 he enlisted again in Company F, Fourth Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, and was mustered out with the rank of gunner. In his first enlistment he served under General Nathaniel P. Banks in Louisiana. After he was mustered out at the end of the war, he returned to this city and again found employment in the Pistol Shop, where he worked until 1867. He then entered the employ of Charles Peck, who was building the First National Bank Building, and he worked as a carpenter on that and other buildings. In 1873 he engaged in the grain business as partner of the firm of Chandley & Foley. His service on the police force began in the days when even police officers were appointed for political reasons. In 1874 he was appointed first by Mayor Edward L. Davis and served one year. He was appointed the second time by Mayor F. H. Kelley in 1881. His number, 48, he retained as patrolman for more than thirty-two and a half years. He retired in 1912. For sixteen years he was on the same patrol, between Walnut and Highland streets. Since then he has devoted himself to the care of the property in which he invested his savings. He resides at No. 25 Wyman street. In politics he has always been a Democrat, and when not on the police force has taken an active part in affairs. He served in the Worcester City Guards. He has been for forty years an active member of the Ancient Order of Hibernians and was at one time its president. He was a charter member of Court Quinsigamond, American Order of Foresters, and is still an active member. He was a charter member of the Worcester Police Relief Association. For thirty years he has been a communicant of St. Peter's Roman Catholic Church. He has been president of the Gratton Literary Association and for many years its treasurer. Since 1868 he has been a member of George H. Ward Post, No. 10, Grand Army of the Republic.

Mr. Foley married, in this city, October 17, 1872, Catherine L. Cavanaugh, of Greenfield, Massachusetts. Children: 1. Agnes, principal of a public school at Lenox, Massachusetts, graduate of the Worcester High School and of the State Normal School at Framingham. 2. George P., of this city. 3. Captain Edward, now in the United States service at Camp Dix, Wrightstown, New Jersey, doubtless will be in France before this work is in print. 4. Francis A., a printer, of Worcester. 5. Walter, graduate of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, now chemist for the American Can Company, Brooklyn, New York.

CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS BALDWIN, Librarian of the American Antiquarian Society, was born in Templeton, August 1, 1800, died in Norwich, Ohio, August 20, 1835, son of Eden and Abigail (Force) Baldwin. He prepared for college in Leicester Academy; entered Harvard with the class of 1823, but owing to a disturbance in his class in the senior year, did not receive his degree. He studied law in this town in the offices of John Davis and Charles Allen and was admitted to the bar in October, 1825. In 1825-6 he and William Lincoln edited and published the Worcester Magazine and Historical Journal.

Elected a member of the American Antiquarian Society, October 20, 1827, he was appointed temporarily librarian and cabinet keeper at the same time. He was editor of the National *Wegis* from July, 1829, to May following, when he removed to Barre, resigning as librarian. In the fall of the same year he formed a law partnership with Jonas L. Sibley of Sutton and located there until 1822, when he returned to Worcester and again took charge of the Antiquarian library as its permanent librarian. His death was caused by an accident. While on his way to Zanesville, Ohio, the stage was upset and he was mortally injured.

JESSE JOHNSON COBURN, Pioneer in the development of Lake Quinsigamond, was born at Northfield, Vermont, October 15, 1832, and died in this city, June 13, 1885, son of Ira and Clorinda (Clafin) Coburn.



Jesse J. Colburn

He was educated in the district schools of his native town, and left home at the age of eighteen years, going to California with the Forty-niners, joining relatives who had gone thither in search of gold. He worked in the mining camps and had many thrilling experiences, becoming an expert rifle shot, one of the best, and spending much time hunting for big game. After three years he returned, bringing with him some savings. For several years afterward he was engaged in the old iron and metal business in this city. He was one of the first to see the possibilities of Lake Quinsigamond for a pleasure resort and a site for summer homes, and he proceeded to develop his ideas to the extent of his means and ability. He bought Ramshorn Island and thirty acres on the west shore, including what is now Lincoln Park, and extending for a mile, over the tracks of the Boston & Albany Railroad. He revived the old name, Quinsigamond, to take the place of Long Pond; he cleared away the forest, laid out streets and sidewalks and sold lots. Among the first streets were Agate avenue and Lakeview street. Houses were built, then school houses and churches, for which he gave the land, and the thriving village of Lake View was established. The growth has continued in very direction about the lake and it is now one of the most attractive parts of the city, most of the residents making their homes there the year round. But along the lake front the summer cottages have multiplied wonderfully in recent years.

Mr. Coburn built on the island the old Quinsigamond House, later called Hotel Belmont, and managed it for years. He developed Lincoln Park into a playground and picnic resort. As the lake grew in favor he put steamboats into commission, the first of these being the "Phil Sheridan," a side-wheeler, commissioned in 1866. In 1879 one of his steamers was overturned and several passengers drowned, an accident that proved a severe shock to Mr. Coburn and one from which he never fully recovered. In 1872 he organized a company to build a narrow-gauge railroad from the city to the lake under the name of the Worcester & Shrewsbury Railroad. The road was built and operated by small steam engines and the road became popularly known as the "dummy." It was afterward equipped with electric power and finally leased to the Worcester Consolidated Company and is now operated as part of the city system. He was a pioneer in letting boats on the lake and the business that he established has become very large in recent years. In 1883 he sold his interests at the lake to Horace H. Bigelow, and on account of ill health retired from active business, turning his boat-letting business over to his son who has continued it to the present time. Mr. Coburn was genial, generous, popular; fond of good fellowship and had many friends. To the city he gave twelve acres of land for the building of the Boulevard intended to connect all the parks of the city. Through his influence the site at Bloomingdale was chosen for the State Hospital, at the time that the present site of the Odd Fellows Home was being favorably considered for that institution. He was a member of the Worcester Gun Club and extremely fond of hunting.

Mr. Coburn married (first) Helen Peebles; (second) Susan B. Lunt; (third) Anna C. Perry, daughter of Josiah G. Perry, of this city, and Martha (Homer) Perry. By his first wife he had one son, Alvarado Alonzo. His only child by his second wife died in infancy. By his third wife he had four children: 1. Jesse Johnson, born October 8, 1872, married Belle Curtis, of Brookdale, St. Lawrence county, New York, December 21, 1905. 2. Clara Martin, born April 2, 1876, graduate of Wellesley College, married Professor Edgar James Smith, of Washington University, of St. Louis, Missouri. 3. Charles Bertrand, born July 27, 1878. 4. Amy, born October 11, 1883, graduate of Wellesley College, married Sutton S. Lyseth, of this city.

ALVARADO ALONZO COBURN, proprietor of a fleet of boats and canoes on Lake Quinsigamond, was born in Oakdale Village, West Boylston, Massachusetts, June 8, 1855. Two years later his mother died and he was taken to live with his grandparents in South Royalton, Vermont. He attended the public schools and worked on the farm there until he was ten years old, then became a student in the Friends School at Providence, Rhode Island. At the age of fourteen he returned to his father's home in Worcester and attended the high school here for two years. When he left school he assisted his father in his various projects, and when he came of age he was given the boat letting business.

He had at first only four Whitehall boats, keel boats with smooth seams. The boats were kept at first on Wachusett Island, where the boat house is now located. The next place used by his father for letting boats was where the bowling alleys are situated in Lincoln Park; later at the site of the dancing pavilion, and then where the old footbridge led to the island. Before 1876 there was no boathouse and the Coburns had only a small building in which to keep oars, etc. Mr. Coburn built the first boathouse between the site of the theatre at Lincoln Park and the present boat house. This building was two stories in height, the lower floor being used for storing boats and the upper for building and repairing boats. Not until 1898 were canoes

in use to any extent. In that year he added a number of canoes to his outfit, but ten years later there were fully fifty canoes on the lake. In 1917 Mr. Coburn owned 238 boats and canoes and had storage room for 172 others. Especially in winter the boat-building department has been prosperous and active. Mr. Coburn has built boats for customers in all parts of the country. The boat repairing is always done in the winter. The main building used by the Coburn Company was built in 1891 by the Street Railway Company. Mr. Coburn has charge of leasing the bowling alleys, dancing pavilion and other concessions. The business was incorporated in 1904 under the name of A. A. Coburn Company, of which Mr. Coburn is principal owner, president and treasurer. His business is the oldest and largest of any of the boat liveryies or boat builders on the lake. Besides the Worcester business Mr. Coburn has a similar plant at Lake Whalom, Fitchburg, which, in years past, has been even more popular than Quinsigamond as a resort for canoeing and boating. He has a large fleet of canoes and boats there.

Mr. Coburn resides at No. 108 Lake avenue. He is a member of Montacute Lodge, Free Masons; Worcester Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council; Worcester Lodge of Perfection; Goddard Council, Princes of Jerusalem; Lawrence Chapter of Rose Croix; Stella Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star; Worcester Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Worcester Lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; the Wachusett Boat Club; the Lakeside Boat Club. He attends the Universalist church.

He married November 21, 1881, Addie Jane Booth, daughter of James and Mary Booth of this city. Her father was a manufacturer of reeds, Union street. They had two children: Alvarado Booth, born September 28, 1882, died young; Charles Jesse, born November 27, 1885, died January 10, 1899.

ELIJAH BRIGHAM STODDARD, Lawyer, Mayor, State Senator, Banker, was born in Upton, June 5, 1826, died in this city September 27, 1903, son of Colonel Elijah and Zilpah (Nelson) Stoddard, and a descendant of the pioneers of the Commonwealth. His grandfathers, Ezekiel Stoddard and Isaac Nelson were soldiers in the Revolution. His father was a farmer and at one time in partnership with William Knowlton, hat manufacturer, of Upton. He fitted for college in Phillips Academy, Exeter, and graduated from Brown University in 1847. He then began to read law in the office of J. C. B. Davis, of Worcester, and in 1849 he was admitted to the bar and began to practice here. Soon afterward he became a partner of Hon. Isaac Davis, his father-in-law, continuing until 1855.

Early in life he began to take part in public affairs. He was district attorney, city solicitor, served in the Common Council in 1854 and in the board of aldermen in 1863-64 and was Mayor in 1882. He served in the House of Representatives, the State Senate; was on the Governor's Staff with the rank of Colonel; served in the Council. He served on the school committee of the city for nine years and was chairman a number of years of the high school committee; was a trustee of Brown University and for twenty-four years a member of the State Board of Education. In politics he was a Republican. He was captain in the militia before the Civil War.

The greater part of his time in later years was devoted to the Quinsigamond National Bank, of which he was president and to the Merchants and Farmers Fire Insurance Company, of which he was secretary. He was influential in financial as well as public affairs. He was a faithful member of the Church of the Unity, for many years a member of the old Fire Society and of many other business and social organizations.

He married Mary E. Davis, daughter of Hon. Isaac. She was a generous benefactor to many of the charities of the city. Their only son, Edward D., died shortly before his father.

HON. JOHN DENISON BALDWIN, Editor and publisher of the Worcester "Daily Spy" for many years, congressman, was born in North Stonington, Connecticut, September 28, 1809, and died in Worcester, July 8, 1883, son of Daniel and Hannah (Stanton) Baldwin.

He traced his ancestry to Richard Baldwin, who held the manor of Dunbridge in Aston-Clinton, Buckinghamshire, England, early in the sixteenth century. Sylvester Baldwin, the American immigrant, was of the fourth generation, but he died on the voyage, and his son John, born in England in 1635, settled in Stonington, Connecticut, in 1664. In New London and vicinity the family lived for five generations. Among the ancestors of Mr. Baldwin were many other of the pioneers of Connecticut. All of his ancestry were of the original English stock. Among other notable ancestors were Captain John Mason, the Indian fighter, Rev. Peter Hobart, minister of Hingham, Massachusetts, Colonel George Denison, Thomas Stanton.

When John Denison Baldwin was seven years old the family moved from his

native town to Chenango county, New York, at that time a wilderness, and for seven years he labored with his father and others of the family in the task of clearing the farm. There he learned to shoot straight and to love nature and he grew to manhood strong and vigorous in physique. He returned with the family to Stonington when he was fourteen, attended school there and studied diligently for three years. At the age of seventeen he began to teach school. He entered Yale College, where he pursued his course from time to time as his other duties permitted. He did not graduate in regular course. Beginning the study of law, he soon abandoned it and took up theology. For a short time he preached in a Methodist church, but later entered the Divinity School of Yale College and graduated in 1834. In 1839 he was granted the degree of Master of Arts at Yale, out of the regular course. He was ordained, September 3, 1834, and was pastor of the church at West Woodstock, Connecticut, until July 25, 1837. From January 17, 1838, to May, 1845, he was pastor of the church at North Branford, Connecticut, and from April 29, 1846, to September 17, 1849, at North Killingly. He made his mark as a preacher, and took an active part in public life. He was elected to the General Assembly of the State of Connecticut by the Free Soil party, and as chairman of the committee on education reported a bill to establish state normal schools, a bill that was enacted in 1850, and he was one of the first board of trustees. The site was selected at New Britain. While in the Legislature he became more than ever interested in the Free Soil party and the anti-slavery movement, and sought a larger field to advance the reforms in which he was interested. Turning to journalism he became editor of the "Charter Oak," a Free Soil newspaper (afterward "The Republican,") of Hartford. The work was congenial and he exerted a powerful influence through his editorials. In 1852 he became one of the owners of the "Daily Commonwealth" of Boston, and its editor and manager. At the time of the formation of the Republican party he gave the movement vigorous support, and was intimately associated in politics with Sumner, Wilson, Claflin, Howe, Alley, Spooner, Theodore Parker and other leaders.

Mr. Baldwin bought the Cambridge "Chronicle" and edited it for a few months. In 1859 he bought the Worcester "Spy," and under his management, assisted by his two sons, John S. and Charles C. Baldwin, it grew rapidly in prestige and circulation. The Civil War wrought great changes in the newspaper business; the telegraph came into daily use and comparatively dull and stagnant dailies became real newspapers. The "Spy" prospered, and a brick building was erected opposite the City Hall. A history of this newspaper is given elsewhere. Mr. Baldwin continued as editor to the time of his death. He was a journalist of the old school, but a sagacious business man, progressive, keen, able and upright. He left the management of the counting room and mechanical plant largely to his sons, and devoted himself to editing the paper. He was a clear and forcible writer with high ideals, and a leader of public opinion.

To further the principles that he advocated as an editor he entered public life. In 1859, the year after he came to Worcester, he was elected delegate to the Republican National Convention, and it was upon his suggestion that Hannibal Hamlin, of Maine, was nominated for vice-president. In 1862 he was elected to Congress by a large majority; re-elected in 1864 and in 1868 by even greater majorities. In Congress he served on the committees on expenditures, on public buildings, on the District of Columbia, on printing and on the library. He spoke frequently and some of his speeches were published. He spoke March 5, 1864, on state sovereignty and treason, the house being in committee of the whole, and he made a brilliant speech, April 7, 1866, on Congress and Reconstruction, and another, January 11, 1868, in reply to James Brooks, of New York, on the negro race. He worked in vain for an international copyright act.

Mr. Baldwin will be remembered not only for his prominence in Congress, not only as one of the great editors of the Civil War period and later, but as an author. In his autobiography written during his last years, he confessed that he had never known a time when it was not a pleasure for him to study. While he was a preacher he acquired the French and German languages and made a special study of archaeology. He was one of the first to make portraits by the daguerreotype process and some of his work has been preserved. His book on "Prehistoric Nations" was published by Harper Bros. in 1869. His work on "Ancient America" was published in 1872 and had a large sale. In 1880 he published his genealogy of the descendants of John Baldwin, of Stonington, Connecticut. In 1881, in collaboration with Rev. William Clifton, he published a Record of the Descendants of Captain George Denison, of Stonington, and in 1882 he published a partial genealogy of the descendants of Thomas Stanton, of Stonington. Early in life he was inclined

to poetry, and in 1847 published a collection of his poems entitled, "The Story of Raymond Hill and Other Poems." He was a member of the American Oriental Society, of the New England Historic-Genealogical Society, of the American Antiquarian Society, and an honorary member of the Worcester Society of Antiquity.

One who knew him well wrote at the time of his death:

"Mr. Baldwin was a man of imposing stature, much exceeding six feet in height, of large frame and great muscular strength. In his early manhood, his massive head, erect figure, and stalwart proportions, indicative of activity and power, gave an aspect of uncommon force and dignity. His mind like his body was large and vigorous. His political sagacity was highly esteemed by those who had long associated with him. Though so much of a recluse, especially in later years, he knew human nature well and could foresee with great accuracy the political effect of any measure or event. His election forecasts were in general singularly near the truth, and his judgment of men, their character, capabilities and popularity was rarely at fault. His advice in political matters was often sought and highly valued. It was delivered confidently, but without arrogance, and more than once those who had refused to be guided by it at an important juncture had cause to regret that it had been rejected. As a writer Mr. Baldwin was direct, clear and forcible. His style had no ornament. It was sometimes rugged, but always strong and sincere. His wide range of reading and retentive memory gave him a vast store of facts, and his knowledge of political history was especially large and accurate. But though his profession of journalism kept his mind occupied much with such subjects, his favorite pursuit was the study of antiquity, both the dim past of which authentic history gives only hints and suggestions, and the less remote but almost as difficult field of family genealogy, to which most of his later years, while his health allowed, was devoted."

Mr. Baldwin married, April 3, 1832, Lemira Hathaway, daughter of Captain Ebenezer and Betsey (Crane) Hathaway. They had four children: 1. Ellen Francis, born in Dighton, January 19, 1833, died in New Orleans, March, 1854. 2. John Stanton (see biography). 3. Charles Clinton, born in Woodstock, Connecticut, May 4, 1835 (see biography). 4. Mary Jane, born at Woodstock, May 6, 1836, died in Hartford, Connecticut, December 29, 1850.

JOHN STANTON BALDWIN, Captain, editor and publisher of the "Spy," was born in New Haven, Connecticut, January 6, 1834, son of John Denison and Lemira (Hathaway) Baldwin. He was educated in the public schools and graduated in one of the first classes of the State Normal School at New Britain, Connecticut. He learned the art of printing in the newspaper offices with which his father was connected in Hartford and New York. The Republican office at Hartford had a job printing department, and when his father bought the "Spy," Mr. Baldwin was well equipped in both the business and mechanical departments, as well as the editorial. During the larger part of the time that the "Spy" was owned by the Baldwin family, from 1859 to 1898, he was the active and responsible head of the business. After his father's death in 1883, the firm of John D. Baldwin & Sons continued for five years. The Spy Publishing Company was formed April 23, 1887, with Mr. Baldwin as president; Charles C. Baldwin, his brother, as treasurer, and Robert S. Baldwin, his son, as secretary. In 1892 when Charles C. Baldwin withdrew from the business, John D. Baldwin, another son of John S. Baldwin became a director.

In the Civil War Mr. Baldwin was captain of Company F of the Fifty-first Massachusetts Regiment. He was a member of George H. Ward Post, No. 10, Grand Army of the Republic, and of the Massachusetts Commandery, Military Order of the Loyal Legion. He was a representative to the General Court in 1871, and served the city also in the Common Council, on the school committee and in the board of license commissioners. After he retired from business in 1898 he devoted a large part of his time to his summer place at Marion on Buzzards Bay.

Mr. Baldwin married, October 19, 1863, Emily Brown, daughter of Albert and Mary (Eaton) Brown. Children: 1. Mary Eleanor, born November 25, 1864, teacher for several years in the Worcester High School, married Professor Frederick Dunlap, teacher of chemistry in the University of Michigan. 2. Robert Stanton, born December 17, 1865, graduate of Harvard, 1891, on the editorial staff of the "Spy" until 1898 and since then a school teacher. 3. Alice Hathaway, born November 26, 1867, married Marcus L. Foster. 4. John Denison, (see biography). 5. Emily Brown, born March 27, 1873, died May 24, 1874. 6. Rosamond, born September 24, 1874, died September 2, 1876. 7. Henry Brown, born August 9, 1877. 8. Emily Clinton, born January 28, 1884, a trained nurse, married (first) Wallace B. Goldie, and they had one son, Wallace; she married (second) Ernst Arrowsmith.



J. D. Baldwin

JOHN DENISON BALDWIN, Business manager of the Worcester "Daily Spy," was born in this city, May 20, 1871, and died here, December 8, 1913, son of John Stanton and Emily (Brown) Baldwin. He attended the public schools of this city, and graduated from the High School in 1889. He then entered Harvard College, from which he graduated in 1893 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He became a director of the Spy Publishing Company in 1892, and after graduating he was business manager of the "Spy" until 1898. Mr. Baldwin was a member of many social organizations, including the Worcester Club, Harvard Club and the Worcester Tennis Club. In politics he was a Republican; in religion a Unitarian. He possessed a singularly attractive personality, and was popular among all classes of people.

Mr. Baldwin married, June 9, 1896, Mary Fiske Eaton, a daughter of Thomas B. Eaton (see biography). They had two children: Charlotte, born March 20, 1899, and John Denison, Jr., born November 28, 1902.

THOMAS B. EATON, Successful business man and public-spirited citizen, has been unquestionably throughout his long career one of the most conspicuous figures in the life of the city of Worcester, Massachusetts, identified as he has been with well nigh the entire corporate life of the community, both as a town and later as a city. He came of good old New England stock, and was a son of Thomas B. and Sally F. (Bond) Eaton, both natives of this city, where Mr. Eaton was himself born, January 15, 1840. Mr. Eaton was the last male descendant of eight generations of Eatons, his forebears having lived in New England from early Colonial times.

The childhood of Thomas B. Eaton was spent in his native city, and his education was gained at the public schools here. After leaving school he entered the employ of Josiah H. Clarke and was set to work in a clerical capacity in that gentleman's dry goods store in Worcester. So quick and alert was Mr. Eaton's mind and so readily did he grasp the details of what he applied himself to that it was not long before he found himself in line for promotion and was advanced to the position of bookkeeper. It was just at the close of the Civil War that Mr. Clarke went abroad and left Mr. Eaton in charge of his establishment. The business was so well carried on by the younger man that upon his return to this country Mr. Clarke admitted him into partnership, and this association was continued until the year 1885, when the growing demands upon him in connection with other duties and tasks caused him to retire entirely from the mercantile line. Early in his life he had become identified with the banking interests of the community and with the public-service corporation, and was one of the prime movers in connection with the organization and development of some of these. Mr. Eaton for fully thirty years was a director in the Mechanics National Bank of Worcester, and he was a director, a trustee and the vice-president of the Mechanics Savings Bank of this city. These responsible places he held until his death. He was also a director of the Worcester Trust Company, the Worcester Gas Light Company, the New England Investment and Securities Company, the Norwich and Worcester Railway Company, the New London and Northern Railway Company and the Peterboro Railway Company, and held these positions until October 13, 1916, when a federal law was passed forbidding interlocking directorates. It then became necessary for him to resign his position in these concerns, although he still retained an interest in them. He was also president of the Rural Cemetery Association, and formerly a director of the Worcester Consolidated Street Railway Company. It was Mr. Eaton who was chiefly instrumental in bringing about the consolidation of those banks which came together to form the Worcester Trust Company, and in this and in a score of other ways he worked for the advancement of financial and business interests here. Mr. Eaton was a conspicuous figure in the social life of Worcester, and was a member of prominent clubs and orders. Among these should be mentioned the Quinsigamond Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; the Worcester and Tatnuck Country clubs, of Worcester, and the Union Club of Boston. In his religious belief Mr. Eaton was a Unitarian and attended the First Church of that denomination in this city.

Thomas B. Eaton was united in marriage, December 1, 1864, with Charlotte M. Gill, of Worcester, a daughter of George W. and Sarah (McFarland) Gill, old and highly-respected residents of this city. Mr. and Mrs. Eaton were the parents of two children, as follows: Mary Fiske, who became the wife of John D. Baldwin, of Worcester, and Emily Brown, who became Mrs. George T. Keyes, of East Pepperell, Massachusetts.

The simple account of his life and the various activities engaged in, tells far more eloquently than any formal praise of the remarkable powers possessed by

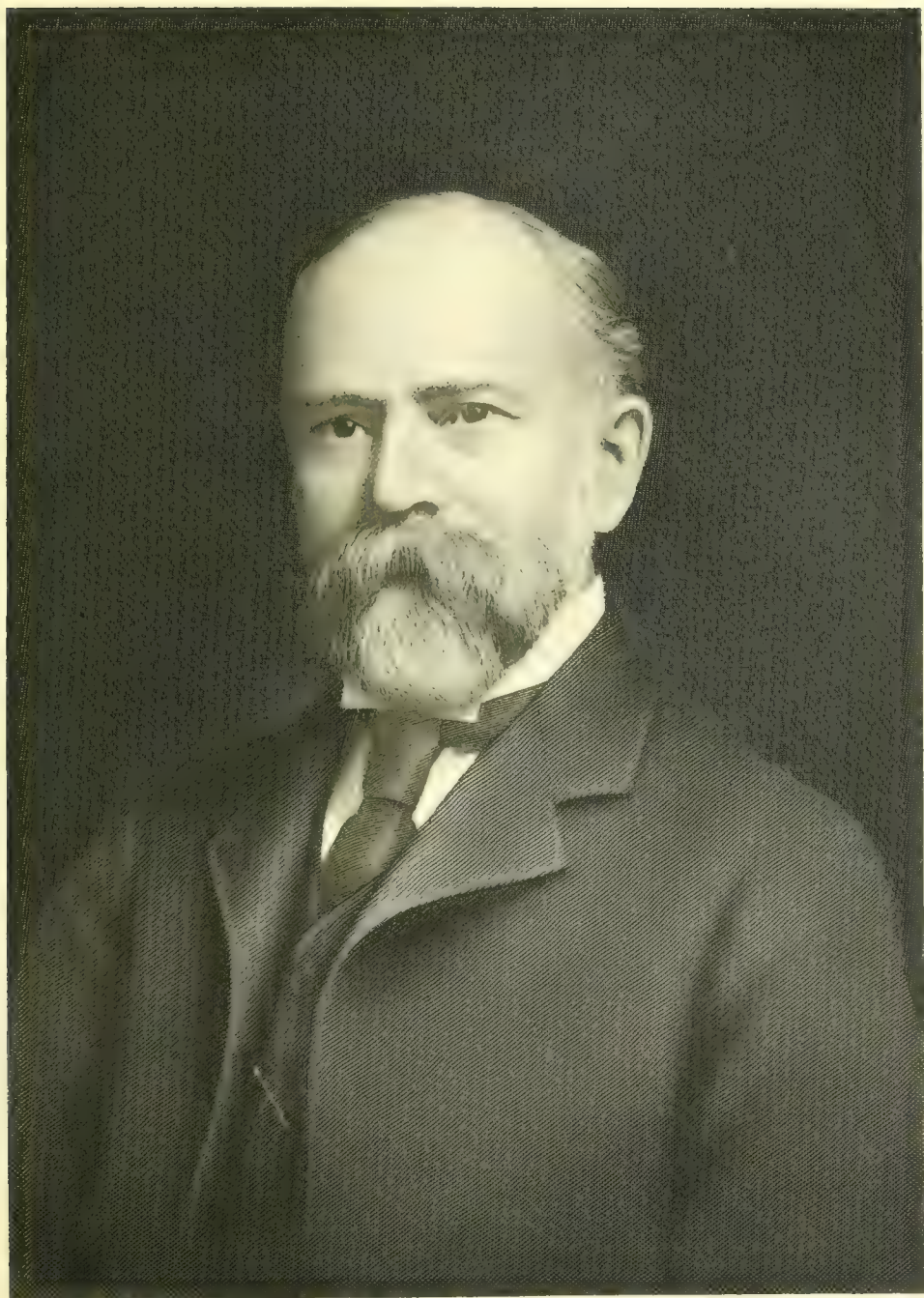
Mr. Eaton, especially if it be remembered that his conscientious nature would not permit his undertaking anything which he was not prepared to do, any obligation which he did not observe to the fullest. His labors were great, but his powers were equal to their adequate performance. Perhaps it was for this ideal of conscientious and enthusiastic energy that the personality of Mr. Eaton stood in the minds of his fellows, yet it was only one of many commendable qualities for which his life might serve as an example. He was a man of strong domestic instincts who found great happiness in his family. He was also a devoted and faithful friend, and one whose attitude towards his fellow generally was open and candid, yet genial in the extreme, so that he easily won and retained the friendship and respect of those who came in contact with him. His personality was an unusual one, extremely distinct and vivid, so that it could not help impressing those about it for good, and it may well be hoped that the memory of it shall be preserved in records such as this to serve as a fair example to those who follow him.

ARTHUR HENRY BOYDEN, M. D. Among the younger physicians of Worcester Dr. Boyden has won a prominent place, and his large practice faithfully reflects the confidence the public reposes in him. He is the son of Charles O. and Sarah J. (Kennington) Boyden, his father born in Northampton, Massachusetts, and long a yardmaster for the Boston and Albany Railroad. Later he settled in Worcester, Massachusetts, where his son, Arthur Henry Boyden, was born, September 29, 1879. After completing public school study in Worcester and Boston grade and high schools the young man decided upon a college course, entered Tuft's College, and after receiving his Bachelor's degree entered the Medical Department of Tuft's College, receiving his degree of Doctor of Medicine at graduation, class of 1909. After a period of service as interne at Worcester City Hospital Dr. Boyden opened offices in Worcester, Massachusetts, at No. 875 Main street, and there has since been engaged in the successful practice of his profession. He is a member of the American Medical Association, Massachusetts State Medical Society, and a member of the Protestant Episcopal church, and is highly esteemed as both physician and citizen.

Dr. Boyden married, in Worcester, June 15, 1917, Contence I. Bottomly, and they are the parents of a daughter, Elizabeth, born August 21, 1918.

CHARLES CALVIN LOWELL. The Lowell store in Worcester is one of the attractive resorts of the city, Mr. Lowell carrying a line of artists' materials, painters' supplies, and a full stock of china for decorative purposes. He is a master of the business, takes a great pride in it, and is one of the most popular merchants of his city. He traces his lineage from Percival Lowell, who at age of sixty-eight came to New England, dying in Newbury, Massachusetts, January 8, 1664, aged ninety-three. Percival Lowell was of the tenth generation of Lowell's, tracing in direct line to William Lowle, of Gardley, Worcestershire, England. He was the great-great-grandfather of Richard Lowle, who is buried in Gardley, his coat-of-arms being displayed on his tomb: Sable, a dexter hand couped at the wrist grasping three pointless darts, one in pale, two in Saltire argent. This coat-of-arms appears in Herald's Visitations of 1573-1591-1632; that Richard Lowle was the great-great-grandfather of Percival Lowell, head of the family in New England, Charles Calvin Lowell being of the nineteenth recorded generation.

Percival Lowell was not the first Lowell to come, his sons, John and Richard, having preceded their father.* He was a man of means and education, his poem on the death of Governor Winthrop being one of merit, and generally circulated. The line of descent from Percival and Rebecca Lowell is through their son, Richard Lowell, and his wife, Margaret; their son, Percival (2) Lowell, of Newbury, and his wife, Mary Chandler; their son, Captain Greleon Lowell, a sea captain, and his wife, Miriam (Uary) Swett, of Newbury; their son, Moses Lowell, a soldier of the French and Indian War, and his wife, Frances Colby; their son, Moses (2) Lowell, and his wife, Miriam Knowlton, who in the year 1800 moved to New York State, finally settling in the town of Grove, in Alleghany county. He was a soldier of the Revolution, fighting at Bunker Hill, as did his eldest son Thomas. The line continues through Daniel Lowell, son of Moses (2) and his wife, Lucy Porter, who settled in the Maine wilderness at East Denmark, there cleared a farm and resided until death; their son, Arable F. Lowell, a farmer of East Denmark, Maine, all his life, and his wife, Mehitible Dodge; their son, Ezra P. Lowell, who left his home in Worcester, Massachusetts, June 19, 1865, for a trip through the West, and since a letter from Salt Lake City, in the spring of 1866, has never been heard from. He



James S. [illegible]



John F. Herman

married, November 17, 1852, Almira P. Goodell, born May 1, 1827, and died June 19, 1881. They were the parents of a son, Charles Calvin Lowell, of further mention.

Charles Calvin Lowell was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, August 9, 1856, and there yet resides, an honored merchant. He was educated in the public schools, and finishing high school study he began business life as clerk under John C. White, dealer in paints, oils and painters' supplies, then located at No. 8 Front street. This was in 1875, and since that year he has known no other business. He continued with Mr. White until the latter's death, in 1880, then purchased the business from his estate and has since been the successful owner and manager. Mr. White had moved from No. 8 Front street to Pearl street, February 1, 1882, and in 1903 Mr. Lowell moved into the old Post Office building, on Pearl street, securing larger and more attractive quarters. He has one of the largest stores in the country dealing in painters' supplies and artists' materials, his business continually growing larger. He is a good business man, just and upright in all his dealings, and highly esteemed. Mr. Lowell is a Republican in politics, and a member of Old South Congregational Church. He is also a member of the Economic and Rotary clubs.

Mr. Lowell married (first) April 7, 1881, Fannie Jane Moore, who died February 26, 1888, aged thirty years, daughter of James D. and Sarah J. Moore, of Worcester. They were the parents of two children: Florence Almira, born November 15, 1883, a graduate of Classical High School, 1902, later a student at Bradford Academy; James Everett, born May 23, 1887, a graduate of high school, Lowell Textile School, class of 1908. Mr. Lowell married (second) May 20, 1889, Mrs. Cora W. (Pierce) Shepard, daughter of Charles I. and Lucy A. Pierce, of West Boylston, Massachusetts.

JOHN AMES SHERMAN, President and treasurer of the Sherman Envelope Company, of which he was the founder, was born in Brimfield, Massachusetts, June 6, 1852, son of John and Sophia (Prince) Sherman. Mr. Sherman descends from a long line of ancestry, tracing his family back to the middle of the thirteenth century, while in this country his branch of the Sherman family is traced in direct line to Edmund Sherman, the emigrant ancestor, who came to America from Dedham, Essex county, England, and settled at Watertown, Massachusetts, about 1632, of which town he was one of the early settlers and founders.

Mr. Sherman attended the public schools of his native town and the Hitchcock School, from which he was graduated in 1869. At the age of sixteen years he came to this city, where he worked at the State Insane Asylum, on Summer street, but at the end of three months left there to again attend school. For a few months he was engaged in the slate-roofing business in this city, when he became a clerk in a grocery store at Northbridge, Massachusetts, where he continued for seven years. Returning to this city, in 1877, for a period of five years he was employed by the Ames Plow Company. In 1882 he went to Boston, where he was employed by the Norton Door Check and Spring Company, the first manufacturers of an automatic door check, remaining with this concern for about two years. On March 17, 1884, Mr. Sherman returned to this city to accept the position of bookkeeper for the Whitcomb Envelope Company, which was incorporated, January 1, 1884, and for which he got out the first balance sheet. Being possessed of a natural-born mechanical ability, he rapidly acquired a thorough knowledge of the details of the envelope manufacturing business in all its branches, and during the fifteen years that he continued with this corporation, of which for several years he was superintendent, he had invented new machinery and improved the old, taking out patents on his various inventions. On July 31, 1898, the United States Envelope Company was formed, of which the Whitcomb Envelope Company became a part on November 3, 1898, when Mr. Sherman resigned, and immediately began to prepare to engage in the envelope manufacturing business on his own account. In December, 1898, he began to construct the machinery for his own plant, which began operations on February 1, 1899. The offices and factory were located on Winona street, corner of Nebraska street. The Sherman Envelope Company was incorporated in 1899, with Mr. Sherman as president and treasurer; Josiah H. Clarke, the dry goods merchant, vice-president; and Francis H. Bigelow, secretary. Mr. Sherman built seven machines of his own invention, with which he began work, later adding thirteen machines of the same pattern. The first quarters were outgrown in one year, and on February 1, 1900, the business was removed to Nos. 73 and 75 School street, in the Paine building, where three floors in the rear of the building were occupied. The business developed and expanded rapidly, and in five years larger quarters were again required, and the present brick building, located at No. 60 Prescott street, was

erected and occupied in 1905. Mr. Sherman raised the original company in three weeks, getting subscriptions for \$65,000. The original capital was \$50,000, but was increased to \$75,000 at the time the present factory was erected. The Sherman Envelope Company at present has 80,000 feet of floor space, and owns land adjoining, upon which it is planned to erect another brick building of equal dimensions. The improvement in envelope machinery in less than twenty years is best shown by the fact that the Sherman machines make 90,000 envelopes a day each, whereas the best machines at the time Mr. Sherman was superintendent of the Whitcomb factory made a maximum of 37,000 a day. The Sherman machines are universally used by other makers of envelopes. The Mercantile Manufacturing Company, of Dayton, Ohio, the concern now holding the contract for printing the stamped envelopes for the United States Government, have in operation forty-seven of these machines. Mr. Sherman has developed this great business practically alone, and now employs a regular force of about 225 hands. The present officers of the Sherman Envelope Company are: John A. Sherman, president and treasurer; Walter H. Davis, vice-president; J. Edward Sherman, clerk; John T. Moore, of Bellows Falls, Vermont, and Benjamin Taft, of Ayer, Massachusetts, directors.

Mr. Sherman is also the inventor of an oil burner which is capable of burning oil in an ordinary house heater. The system is so perfected that one may go away and close his house for a week or more and have it heated to any desired temperature while he is gone. He can set a small thermostat arrangement so that the burner will automatically increase the temperature to the desired degree of heat a few hours before he expects to return home. The whole system is very simple, and yet its success and importance promise to become international, an important feature of the invention being that the burner does not burn steadily, but is automatically lighted and turned off as the temperature of the house falls or increases. Mr. Sherman is a director of the Park Trust Company, of this city; treasurer of the Combination Orchard Company, of Winona, Texas, with offices in Boston; treasurer of the Mutual Rubber Production Company, of Mexico; and treasurer of the Excelsior Gold Mining Company, of California. He has been especially active in religious work, having been for a number of years a member and active worker in the Union Congregational Church, of which he has served on the standing committee, as a member of the board of trustees, and as deacon. He is also a member of the board of directors of the Memorial Church of Worcester. He was instrumental in establishing three Sunday schools in the city, which have since become churches, namely, the Belmont Congregational Church, the Bethany Church, and the People's Church at Greendale. He is a member of the Congregational Club; the Worcester Federated Church Brotherhood; the Worcester Mechanics' Association of which he was president during the fiftieth anniversary of this organization. He is also a member of and vice-president of the Worcester City Missionary Society. He is a valued member the Young Men's Christian Association, of which he was a director for several years, of the Masonic fraternity, having attained the thirty-second degree in that organization, holding membership in Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Worcester County Commandery, No. 5, Knights Templar; and the Massachusetts Consistory. He is also a member of the Worcester Society of Antiquity; the Economic Club; and the Worcester County Manufacturers' Association. In political faith he is a Republican. He has taken a keen and active interest in all forms of modern welfare work, and has kept pace with the foremost in providing modern methods and conveniences in his factory, where the utmost harmony among his employees has prevailed.

Mr. Sherman married, November 27, 1873, Helen E. Greene, of Northbridge Center, Massachusetts, daughter of Emerson and Eliza Greene. To Mr. and Mrs. Sherman have been born two sons, namely: John Edward (see biography); and Marvel Taft, who died in infancy. For a number of years Mr. Sherman has resided at No. 24 Dean street.

JOHN EDWARD SHERMAN, Clerk of the Sherman Envelope Company, was born October 2, 1874, at Northbridge Center, Massachusetts, son of John Ames and Helen E. (Greene) Sherman. He acquired his educational training in the public schools of his native town, the English High School, and Hinman's Business College, of this city. After leaving school he became associated with his father in the offices of the Whitcomb Envelope Company, and upon the incorporation of the Sherman Envelope Company, in 1899, he became identified with the latter corporation, of which he is now clerk, and has been active in the management of the business. Like his father, he is an active member of the Masonic fraternity, in which he has also

attained the thirty-second degree, holding membership in Boylston Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Worcester Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Worcester County Commandery, No. 5, Knights Templar; and the Massachusetts Consistory. He is also a member of the Economic Club; the Congregational Club; the Worcester Mechanics' Association, of which he has served on the board of directors; and the Young Men's Christian Association. He has served as supply surgeon of Company E, Nineteenth Regiment, Massachusetts State Guards. He is a member of the First Congregational Church of West Boylston.

Mr. Sherman married (first) Hattie Peacock; and (second) Emma Adams, daughter of Dr. Edson Adams, of this city. Mrs. Sherman is a member of the Worcester Woman's Club, and of the West Boylston Reading Club. Both Mr. and Mrs. Sherman are members of the Baldwinsville Cottages Association. Their home is at West Boylston, Massachusetts.

HERBERT EUGENE DAVIS. With Walter Hull Davis, great-grandfather of Herbert Eugene Davis, of William L. Davis Company, Incorporated, druggists, the Worcester history of the family begins. Walter Hull Davis came to Worcester from the old homestead at Holden, Massachusetts, a young man of twenty years. He engaged in farming for perhaps forty years, but he invested his savings and profits in Worcester tenement building, finally retiring from the farm to devote all his time to building and caring for his property, owning at the time of his death sixty tenements in the city. He married Roxanna Adams, of Harvard, Massachusetts, and they were the parents of two sons and a daughter, the oldest son, John Walter Davis, being next in line of descent in this branch. Walter Hull Davis was of the sixth generation of the family founded in New England by Dolor Davis, who came from England and settled in Cambridge prior to August 4, 1634, as on that date he received a grant of land. He was a carpenter and builder, living in Cambridge, Concord and Barnstable, Massachusetts. He died in Barnstable in June, 1673. The line of descent from Dolor Davis is through his son, Samuel Davis, who settled in Concord, Massachusetts; his son, Lieutenant Samuel Davis, one of the most prominent citizens of Rutland, Massachusetts; his son, Eleazer Davis, a Revolutionary soldier of Holden, Massachusetts; his son, James Davis, a farmer of Holden, Massachusetts; his son, Walter Hull Davis, the founder of the family in Worcester.

John Walter Davis, son of Walter Hull and Roxanna (Adams) Davis, was born in Worcester, August 21, 1829, died August 17, 1906. For twenty-five years he was a successful manufacturer of refrigerators in Worcester, and likewise was a successful contractor and builder. He was a man of high standing in his community. He married, November 29, 1849, Myra W. Kilburn, of Holden, Massachusetts, daughter of William and Nancy Kilburn, her mother, Nancy, living to the wonderful age of one hundred and three years. Mr. and Mrs. Davis were the parents of a son, William Loren (see biography) and of a daughter, Mary A., who married John A. Sears.

William Loren Davis, only son of John Walter and Myra W. (Kilburn) Davis, was born in Worcester, October 19, 1856, died in the city of his birth, July 18, 1908. After finishing public school courses of study he obtained a position with the drug firm of Harlan Fairbanks & Company, then located on Southbridge street at the corner of Myrtle street. In 1880 he established in the drug business on the present site of the Federal building between Southbridge and Main streets. When the Government bought the property for the post office site, Mr. Davis moved to a store built for him at No. 602 Main street, where his business has since been continued, and since January 1, 1908, has been operated as a corporation, The William L. Davis Company, Incorporated, the founder being connected with the company as president and treasurer until his death at the age of fifty-two. Mr. Davis was an eminent Free Mason, affiliated with all Worcester Masonic bodies of the York and Scottish Rites as follows: Athelstan Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; Worcester Lodge of Perfection; Goddard Council, Princes of Jerusalem; Lawrence Chapter of Rose Croix; and Massachusetts Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite.

Mr. Davis married (first) Jennie Spring, born in Worcester, and they were the parents of a son, Herbert Eugene (see biography). He married (second) Annette Steadman, and they were the parents of two daughters, Florence M. and Grace M., twins, born May 20, 1889, died, respectively, October 10 and 20, 1918.

Herbert Eugene Davis, only son of William Loren and Jennie (Spring) Davis, was born in Worcester, February 17, 1878, and here was educated in the public schools, completing the third year of high school study. He was then eighteen years

of age and left school to become a clerk in his father's drug store. He has since been continuously connected with the business, which since 1889 has been located at No. 602 Main street, corner of Austin. The store was once destroyed by fire, but was rebuilt and reopened March 3, 1891. On January 1, 1908, the business was incorporated as the William L. Davis Company, Incorporated, William L. Davis, president and treasurer, Herbert E. Davis, secretary and clerk, the third member of the company being John A. Sears, an uncle, who died November 12, 1918, Herbert E. Davis now being in full control. He is a registered pharmacist, passing the State Board of Pharmacy Examinations, June 12, 1907.

Mr. Davis is a Republican in politics, but is extremely independent in his political action. He is affiliated with Athelstan Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, and a past high priest; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; past thrice illustrious master, Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; Worcester Lodge of Perfection; Goddard Council, Princes of Jerusalem; Lawrence Chapter of Rose Croix; Massachusetts Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite (thirty-second degree); Aleppo Temple (Boston) Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; Aletheia Grotto (Veiled Prophets); Cherokee Tribe, Improved Order of Red Men (charter member); Worcester United Commercial Travelers' Association; Worcester County Pharmacists' Association, president 1912-13. Mr. Davis is unmarried, his residence the old Davis home, No. 18 Dale street, Worcester, which is also the home of Mrs. Annette (Steadman) Davis.

H. EUGENE WATKINS, D. M. D., Dentist, was born April 6, 1878, in this city. He attended public schools here and graduated from the old English High School in 1898. After putting in one year's study in the dental office of Dr. H. W. Watkins, his father, he entered Harvard Dental School in September, 1899, from which he graduated in 1902 with the degree of *Dentariae Medecinae Doctoris*. He succeeded to his father's dental practice upon his graduation and has since practiced his profession in this city. His suite of offices, located in Pleasant Chambers, 28 Pleasant street, are large and equipped with all the modern dental furniture, including all the apparatus for X-ray examination. Dr. Watkins is a Republican and has been and is keenly interested in all public affairs. He was president of the Tatnuck Improvement Association for two years, after serving three years as secretary of the organization. On September 17, 1917, he was appointed one of the members of the Ward to representatives on the war aid committee by Mayor P. G. Holmes. He is a member of Montacute Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Aletheia Grotto, Mystic Order Veiled Prophets of the Enchanted Realm; and Cherokee Tribe, No. 16, Improved Order of Red Men; and the District, State and National Dental societies.

Dr. Watkins married, December 1, 1902, in this city, M. Edith Chase, the daughter of Otis and Georgia (Gibbs) Chase. They have two children living, Adelbert Eugene, born March 3, 1906, and Henry Willard, 2nd, born February 17, 1908.

Dr. Watkins' father, Henry W. Watkins, began the practice of dentistry in 1875, when he was associated with the late Dr. A. O. Dickey in this city at the corner of Front and Main streets. Since that time he has been in constant practice up to June, 1902, when he retired and began practice in Oak Bluffs, Massachusetts, where he is now located.

HERMANN FREDERICK ALBERT LANGE, Leading florist of his day, was born in Hamburg, Germany, May 11, 1847, and died in this city, November 24, 1909. His father, Johan Heinrich Carl Lange, who was born in Mechlenburg, Germany, was a market gardener and florist in Hamm, a large village two miles east of Hamburg. His mother, Anna Hamrs (Menck) Lange, was of Hanover. He had one sister, Henrietta, who married Amandus Pungler, and had five children.

After graduating from school in Hamburg at the age of thirteen, Hermann F. A. Lange was apprenticed to a firm of gardeners for a term of seven years, but at the end of five years he ended his apprenticeship and resolved to make a start in America. He went to Liverpool, whence he sailed for New York, embarking on Christmas Eve in 1866, and arriving in January. In February, 1867, he came to this city to take charge of the conservatory of Dr. Benjamin F. Heywood at the Heywood farm on Heywood street. After two years a partnership was formed by Mr. Lange and John G. Heywood to conduct the business, and during the next eight years they raised vegetables and flowers for the market. In 1878 the firm was dissolved and he continued the business at the old stand until 1882. In that year he bought the T. W. Wellington place in Grant square and during the first year put five thousand feet

under glass in his greenhouses there and built a substantial residence. His business flourished and he soon had one of the largest establishments in his line in the country. He devoted his attention entirely to flowers and ornamental plants, and cultivated them in an endless variety. He kept pace with the progress of cultivation under glass and stood second to none in the quality of his flowers. He had a retail store on Main street in this city. His sons became associated with him in his later years and eventually succeeded to the business. Since his death the business has been continued under the name of Hermann F. A. Lange Estate. The present retail store is at No. 371 Main street. Mr. Lange started the first floral store in this city, which was then located at the corner of Main and Elm streets, opposite the site of the present store.

He was a trustee of the Worcester County Horticultural Society; member of the Worcester Agricultural Society; Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Worcester Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; Lawrence Chapter of Rose Croix; Aleppo Temple, Order of the Mystic Shrine, of Boston; Worcester Council, No. 12, Royal Arcanum; charter member of the Worcester Lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; member of Einigkeit Lodge, D. O. H.; and the Frohsinn Singing Society. In religion he was a Lutheran. He loved nature and enjoyed his occupation; he was fond of travel.

Mr. Lange married, September 15, 1870, Lena Mayberger, who was born in Northampton, and died in this city, January 7, 1897. They had two sons: Albert H. and Carl C. (See biographies).

ALBERT HERMANN LANGE, Florist, of the Hermann F. A. Lange Estate, was born October 12, 1871, son of Hermann F. A. and Lena (Mayberger) Lange. He attended the public schools of this city, the high school and Worcester Academy. At the age of sixteen he left school and became the manager of his father's business. Since the father's death he and his brother have managed the estate and continued the business with great success. Mr. Lange resides at No. 40 Channing street. The Lange store at Nos. 371-373 Main street is the largest and most artistic in their line of business in the city. The Langes now have fourteen acres of land under cultivation and 125,000 square feet of glass in their greenhouses. He is a member of the Worcester Country Club; the Worcester Horticultural Society, of which he is a trustee; and the Tatassit Canoe Club. In politics he is a Republican. In religion he is an Episcopalian, attending all Saint's Church.

Mr. Lange married, October 11, 1894, Sarah H. Drennan, born in this city, daughter of James M. Drennan (see biography). They have two children: 1. Hermann F. A., born June 30, 1895; now associated with his father in the business; during the World War, he enlisted for service, May 15, 1917, becoming a submarine gunner. 2. Helen Frances, born June 9, 1896.

CARL CENTENNIAL LANGE, Florist, of the Hermann F. A. Lange Estate, was born in this city, September 26, 1876, son of Hermann F. A. and Lena (Mayberger) Lange. He received his education in the public schools and at a Horticultural Establishment. After leaving school he became associated with his father in the management of the florists' business and has continued to the present time. He is a member of the Worcester Lodge of Elks; the Speedway Club; the Frohsinn Singing Society; the Kiwanis Club, and the Boston Social Club.

Mr. Lange married Sarah G. Buchanan, daughter of James K. Buchanan, of Buffalo, New York. They reside at No. 11 Mt. Vernon street.

GEORGE SUMNER, Business man, was born in 1824, and died in 1893, son of Erastus and Lavinia (Boyd) Sumner. The Sumner line is: George (7), Erastus (6), Joseph (5), Samuel (4), George (3), George (2), William (1). The pioneer was born in England, in 1602, and settled at Dorchester about 1635. Among his distinguished descendants were Governor Increase Sumner, Senator Charles Sumner and General W. H. Sumner. Rev. Joseph Sumner (5) was minister in Shrewsbury. In all his lines George Sumner was descended from the early Puritans of New England. (See history of Barnard, Sumner & Putnam Company in this work).

The first entrance of George Sumner into mercantile life was at the age of fifteen years, in the store of Bigelow & Goodnow, in the "Old Tavern House," in Shrewsbury. After two years of training there he came to Worcester as a clerk for Henry H. Chamberlin, founder of the house of Barnard, Sumner & Putnam Company. His ability rapidly advanced him until he was made a partner in the growing business

and continued as its head throughout his life, and his son, Edward P., is still an active partner in the concern. Before his marriage he made his home with Allen Rice, and was thrown into the company of men who have left footprints on the business and social ways of Worcester, including the "Sixteen Associates," a society of social and literary character. He was an active member of the Worcester City Guards, as well as of the old State Guards in time of the Civil War. In the financial circles of the city his judgment was often sought. He became director in the Worcester Safe Deposit & Trust Company, and vice-president of the Five Cents Savings Bank. He was a regular attendant of the Church of the Unity. He had no taste for political preferment, but had deep concern for the business welfare of the city. He was a liberal contributor to the library and museums of the Worcester Society of Antiquity. In 1888 he published a work entitled "Memorials of the Rev. Joseph Sumner, D. D., Minister of Shrewsbury, 1762-1824."

Mr. Sumner married, in 1854, Sarah E. Richardson, born in Nashua, New Hampshire, January 13, 1827, and died at Worcester, September 7, 1907, daughter of Charles and Mary (Locke) Richardson, who afterward lived in Manchester, New Hampshire. Their children were: 1. George R., born May 30, 1861; married Louisa Ford, of Portland, Maine; had one child, George Sumner. 2. Mary Locke, born February 5, 1863; married William D. Sewall, of Bath, Maine; had four children: Arthur, Margaret, Dorothy and Sumner Sewall. 3. Edward Prentiss, born January 18, 1866; attended the public schools and Adams Academy of Quincy, Massachusetts, graduating in 1886; since then he has been actively engaged in the business of Barnard, Sumner & Putnam Company, and for many years has been a director and treasurer; member of the Massachusetts Society, Sons of the American Revolution; Worcester Society of Antiquity, Tatnuck Country Club, Quinsigamond Boat Club, Worcester Club, Shrewsbury Club; married, June 10, 1890, Bertha Perry, daughter of Charles L. Perry; they reside at No. 46 Elm street, and have a summer home in Shrewsbury; Mrs. Sumner is a member of the Wellesley Club and the Worcester Woman's Club; their children are: Frances, and Katharine, who married Eveleth V. Hill, of Worcester. 4. Caroline Allen, born April 12, 1867; married Albert G. Liscomb, of Worcester (deceased); she resides at No. 60 Chatham street in this city.

EDWIN AUGUSTUS BUCK. The E. A. Buck Company, Inc., of Worcester, oils, naphtha and gasoline, is owned and officered by George E. Buck, president, general manager and principal owner, his sons, Edwin A. Buck, assistant treasurer and assistant general manager, and George E. (2) Buck, vice-president and manager. But much farther back dates the name of E. A. Buck & Company. That name was first given to a lumber and glass manufactory at Westford, Connecticut, during the Civil War, founded by Edwin Augustus Buck, of a former day and generation. He, with John S. and Charles L. Dean, bought an established glass factory. This was operated for many years under the name of E. A. Buck & Company. In 1877 George E. Buck and his father, E. A. Buck, established a hardware and oil business at Stafford Springs, Connecticut. A younger son, William A. Buck, was a partner with his father in the grain business in Willimantic, they too trading as E. A. Buck & Company. This head of a firm (which name endures to a third generation), Edwin A. Buck, was a man of unusual business ability and sound judgment, holding many positions of trust and having exceedingly wide and varied interests. He was also prominent in politics, a Democrat, member of the General Assembly of Connecticut, State Senator and State Treasurer in 1876. He was not a member of any church, but contributed liberally to the support of all. He helped many men over hard places, and was ever an open-handed benefactor of those in need of a helping hand. Edwin A. Buck married, March 9, 1855, Delia A. Lincoln, daughter of George and Laura (Ashley) Lincoln, of Ashford, Connecticut. She was a very active church and social worker, a member of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and very popular. They were the parents of seven children: George E., the eldest, his father's business associate and partner in Stafford Springs, Connecticut, and Palmer, Massachusetts, now head of another E. A. Buck & Company, associated with his sons.

This branch of the Buck family was founded in New England by William Buck, who came from England in the ship "Success," which arrived in Boston, in May, 1635. At that time he gave his age as fifty years, and the age of his son Roger, who accompanied him, as eighteen. He settled at Cambridge, Massachusetts, where he died, January 24, 1658. The line of descent is through his son, Roger Buck, who settled in Woburn, Massachusetts; his son, Ephraim Buck, of Woburn; his son, Samuel Buck, of Woburn; his son, Samuel (2) Buck, of Killingly, Connecticut; his son, David Buck, of Killingly; his son, Aaron Buck, of the same place; his son, Augustus Buck, of Ashford, Connecticut; his son, Edwin Augustus Buck, of Ashford, Stafford



Geo. E. Puck

Springs and Willimantic, Connecticut; his son, George E. Buck, of Stafford Springs, Connecticut, and Palmer and Worcester, Massachusetts; his sons, Edwin Augustus Buck and George E. (2) Buck, of the twentieth century firm, E. A. Buck Company, Inc., and of the eleventh generation of the Buck family in New England. During all these generations farming was the family occupation until Edwin Augustus Buck, of the ninth generation, started, at the age of twenty-four, as a lumber and glass manufacturer and dealer, who quickly outgrew local bounds and became one of the most prominent business and public men of his day. His business genius and energy were transmitted to his son, George E., and his to his sons, the ancient name being worthily borne by these descendants.

George Edwin Buck was born in Westford, Connecticut, in 1858, located in 1877 at Stafford Springs, Connecticut, and in 1889 at Palmer, Massachusetts, in the hardware and oil business, and in 1909 came to Worcester, where he established the oil business which later was incorporated as the E. A. Buck Company, of which he is president. The company is one of the large oil companies in New England, operating their own line of tank cars, and having important oil field connections. George E. Buck married Kate Sturtevant, born in Keene, New Hampshire. Mr. and Mrs. Buck are the parents of nine children, three of whom died in infancy: Katherine, married Henry N. Holbrook, of Palmer, Massachusetts; Helen S., married Joseph L. Irwin, of Ardmore, Pennsylvania; Edwin A., of further mention; Marjorie L., married Robert Wilder, of Palmer; George E. (2) vice-president of E. A. Buck Company, Inc., was in the Second Ordnance Supply Company, United States army, honorably discharged, February 15, 1919; Dorothy, residing with her parents.

Edwin Augustus Buck was born at Stafford Springs, Connecticut, November 13, 1884, but a few months later Palmer, Massachusetts, became the family home. At the age of seventeen he completed public school study, with graduation from Palmer High School, and at once began business life as a traveling hardware salesman, continuing "on the road" for three years. He then was with the same wholesale house, E. A. Buck Company, in Palmer, until 1911, when he came to Worcester and joined his father, George E. Buck, who, for two years, had established there in the oil business, Edwin A., acting as clerk. In 1916 the business was incorporated as E. A. Buck Company, Inc., the president, general manager and principal owner, George E. Buck, his son, Edwin A., assistant treasurer and assistant general manager, and George E. Buck, Jr., vice-president and manager. The company does a general oil business as agents for Pennsylvania and Oklahoma refineries, their lines including burning oils, gasoline and lubricating oils. The company's specialty is "Powero," a high grade gasoline, the best known product of its kind in Central Massachusetts. The plant is located at Albany and Casco streets, Worcester, with branches at Palmer, Greenfield, Milford and Webster, Massachusetts. George E. Buck, Sr., is also interested in the E. A. Buck Company, of Willimantic, Connecticut. The company is an important one, and in addition to the foregoing lines deals in sundries of kindred purpose, and tanks of all kinds, surface and underground. Edwin A. Buck is a member of the Kiwanis Club, United Commercial Travelers' Association, Worcester Commercial Travelers' Association, Improved Order of Red Men, and the First Congregational Church at Palmer, Massachusetts.

Mr. Buck married, in Worcester, May 15, 1912, Mabelle (or Mabel) Bertha Oakes, born in Worcester, Dec. 24, 1886, daughter of Collin and Emma Jane (Wood) Oakes, now of Kansas City, Missouri, her father an old Worcester man, engaged in the wire manufacturing industry. Mr. and Mrs. Buck are the parents of four children: Jane Sturtevant, Barbara Oakes, Priscilla, and Kate Sturtevant.

JOHN CUTTING BERRY, Physician, was born January 16, 1847, in the district of Small Point, Phippsburg, Sagadahoc county, Maine, son of Stephen Decatur and Jane Mary (Morse) Berry.

He was but five years old when his father died and he and his mother made their home with her father, Deacon Elijah Morse, of Phippsburg. In this home the boy came under the influence of a strong religious life which did much to shape his character and subsequent career. At the age of seventeen years he united with the church and much of his life since has been devoted to religious work. He was sent to the public schools of his native town, and then to Monmouth Academy (Maine). He began to study medicine at the Medical School of Maine (Bowdoin), was student interne at the United States Marine Hospital at Portland, Maine, and finally completed his undergraduate studies at Jefferson Medical College at the age of twenty-four years. The finances of the family obliged him to support and educate himself after the age of fifteen years.

On his graduation he was appointed by the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions to its newest mission field, as medical missionary, and after a

year of practice in this country he reached Japan in 1872. This nation was just emerging from her great political revolution, and her contact with the civilization of the West so emphasized her own backwardness and darkness as to make her eager to receive the rich gifts which the science and religion of the Occident held out for her acceptance. What later developed into the largest of the Christian missions to Japan, with all its Christian, humanitarian and educational work, had but just begun, and thus at the early age of twenty-five years Dr. Berry found himself the medical member of this great missionary organization, and in a country eager to adopt the Caucasian civilization and the customs and ideals of Christian nations. Never was there more to stimulate a young man to large activity during those early years.

In 1879, in order to open up and establish a mission station in the interior of the country, he left Kobe, and became adviser to the Okayama Prefectural Hospital and Board of Health, where he remained until he came to America in 1884. During the last two years of his connection with the Okayama Hospital the number of patients treated annually in the hospital was over ten thousand. After a year of special study in New York, he returned to Japan in 1885 to establish the Doshisha University Hospital and Training School for Nurses in Kyoto, of which institution he became medical director. He held this position for ten years, during six of which he also filled the chair of Professor of Physiology and Hygiene in the University.

For twenty-three years, during the period of national development of New Japan, he was closely identified with the religious, humanitarian and educational movements of the country. The triumph of sanitation, hygiene, nursing, and surgery during the late war with Russia, when the Japanese made by far the best record ever known in the world's history in the prevention of disease and saving of the sick up to the present time, is indirectly a personal triumph for Dr. Berry, one of the pioneer workers along these lines. His active professional labors and interest in the general work of the mission prevented much attention to writing, though he gathered abundant material in his work in Japan. Among the more important contributions of Dr. Berry to the literature of medicine are: A monograph on the "Climate of Japan," written for the Congress of Hygiene at World's Fair, Chicago, by request of the Japanese Advisory Committee; and the "Kyoto Memorial for the Abolition of Licensed Prostitution in Japan," a document presented to the National Parliament after wide circulation among the Christian communities of the Empire. Referring to him and his recent speeches on the subject of Christian Missions, the "Portland Daily Press" said:

Dr. Berry is a man of large ability and experience and an impressive speaker, who at once finds favor with his audience.

In 1885, while in America, Dr. Berry took post-graduate study in New York, and in 1884 he studied in Vienna. After leaving Japan he came to Worcester and since then has resided in this city, making a specialty of eye and ear diseases. Dr. Berry was welcomed in the professional, social and church life of this city, and has taken a leading position in religious, charitable and humanitarian work. He has been president of the Worcester City Missionary Society for ten years, since 1896. He has been a deacon of Plymouth (Congregational) Church since 1900. He is a corporate member of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, and a member of the board of directors of the Worcester Young Men's Christian Association. He is president of the Memorial Home for the Blind, Worcester. He was president of the Worcester Congregational Club, of which he is still a member, as also of the Worcester Economic Club. He was decorated by the Emperor of Japan with the Third Order of the Sacred Treasury (the highest order of its kind given to foreigners), on account of his humanitarian services to Japan, among which was prominently mentioned his prison reform work. He has been ophthalmic and aural surgeon to the Worcester City Hospital, and visiting ophthalmologist to the Baldwinsville Hospital Cottages. He is a member of the New England Ophthalmological Society, of the Massachusetts Medical Society, of the American Medical Association, also of the Jefferson College Alumni Association.

In January, 1918, Dr. Berry returned to Japan as one of a committee of three representing the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions. At the present writing (April, 1918) this committee is making an extended inspection tour of all the Mission's activities. The visit has been made the occasion of a very warm reception by government officials, native churches, and American missionaries, and the effect of the committee's visit promises to be very important and far-reaching, in which the furtherance of friendship between Japan and the United States plays no small part. On account of Dr. Berry's peculiar services to Japan, he has been especially singled out to be made the recipient of much attention and honor.

Dr. Berry married, April 10, 1872, Maria Elizabeth Gove, youngest daughter of Hartley and Eveline (Hill) Gove, of Bath, Maine. Their children are: 1. Edward Gove, born at Kobe, Japan, January 6, 1874, died at birth. 2. Evelyn Morse, born at

Kobe, Japan, April 22, 1876, died January 4, 1877. 3. Katherine Fiske, born at Bath, Maine, August 31, 1877. 4. Gordon (see biography). 5. Helen Cary, born at Okayama, Japan, November 24, 1882. 6. Almira Field, born at Kyoto, Japan, April 17, 1887, died March 31, 1901.

His line of ancestry is as follows: Stephen Decatur, Samuel Berry, Lieutenant Thomas, who fought in the Revolution, Major George, fought in the French and Indian War, John George, John William, the immigrant ancestor, is presumed to have descended from the Norfolk family, mainly because he came to New England in the service of Captain William Mason, whose native place was in Norfolk county.

GORDON BERRY, Physician, son of Dr. John C. and Maria Elizabeth (Gove) Berry, was born March 7, 1880, in Okayama, Japan, where his parents were then located as members of the Japan Mission of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions. In 1893 he came with them to the United States, where after a preliminary schooling he entered Amherst College, graduating in 1902. Deciding on a medical career he entered the University of Michigan, graduating in 1906. He then carried on the following supplementary study: Assistant in Ophthalmology, University of Michigan (1906-07); house officer in the Worcester City Hospital (1907-08); aural house surgeon at the Massachusetts Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary (1909-10); nose and throat house officer at the Massachusetts General Hospital (1910-11); assistant in Otology at the Harvard Medical School (1912-14); fellow in Laryngology at the Harvard Medical Graduate School (1914-18). He began the practice of his specialty (ear, nose and throat diseases) in 1911 in Worcester, Massachusetts, where he has since been. He is aural and laryngological surgeon to the Memorial Hospital, assistant aural surgeon to the Worcester City Hospital, member of the New England Otological Society, the Massachusetts Medical Society, and the American Medical Society; also member of Plymouth Church, of the Congregational Club, the Economic Club, the Worcester Tennis Club, the Worcester Country Club, and the Worcester Club. In November, 1917, he received his commission as captain in the Medical Reserve Corps.

JEREMIAH W. CALLAHAN. When William Callahan came from his native Ireland he obtained railroad employment, and married, in Keene, New Hampshire, Mary A. Barnett, also born in Ireland. Jeremiah W. Callahan was born in Keene, New Hampshire, January 27, 1853, and there completed grammar school courses of public instruction. He remained for some time in the employ of Davis & Wright, sheet metal workers. He then came to Worcester, where he obtained employment with the J. H. Murphy Company, remaining with that company six months. He then in succession was with the following sheet metal firms: Robey Brothers, one year; a firm in Millbury, Massachusetts, two and one-half years; Clark & Kendall, of Worcester, seven years; John W. Green, sixteen years, being foreman for Mr. Green eight of those sixteen years. He then began business under his own name, first being located on Thomas street, later moving to a shop in the Baker building on Foster street, No. 84, where he was located for three years, then removed to the Foster block, No. 35 Waldo street, where he has been located for the past twelve years engaged in sheet metal manufacturing. He is a thorough master of his business and has developed a most satisfactory trade in the heating and ventilating of public buildings and many of the best residences in the city. Mr. Callahan is a Democrat in politics, and a member of St. Bernard's Roman Catholic Church. For three years he served in the Massachusetts National Guard; is a member of the Catholic Benevolent Association, being their national delegate in four successive conventions, and a member of the Knights of Columbus, also an honorary member of the Emmett Guards.

Mr. Callahan married, September 3, 1873, at Worcester, Mary A. Butler, daughter of James Butler, a cabinet maker. Mrs. Callahan died October 21, 1916. Mr. and Mrs. Callahan were the parents of nine children: John B., employed in the auditing department of the United States Government; William J., a sheet metal and heating contractor; Mary E.; Hugh J., manager under his father; Lewis J., a member of Worcester's police force; Gertrude T., deceased; Ralph R., a United States Marine; George, deceased; Edward F., deceased.

CHARLES H. PERRY. There were several families of this name early in New England, and there seems to have been several in Sandwich, Massachusetts, at the same time. In the early records of that town appears mention of a widow, Sarah Perry, supposed to have been the widow of Edmund Perry, of Devonshire, England, and four persons, supposed to be her children, namely: Ezra, Edward, Margaret and Deborah.

EZRA PERRY, Born about 1630, was an early settler at Sandwich, Massachusetts, and "Freeman's History of Cape Cod" states that he was ancestor of all the Perrys of that town. His son Ezra's name appears on the list of freeman, June 25, 1702, with his other sons, Edward, John and Samuel. The name of Ezra Perry, Sr., is on the list of those contributing to support the minister, July 17, 1657. He married, February 12, 1651, at Sandwich, Elizabeth Burge. Children: Ezra (see biography); Edward, owned a town right in Sanwich, 1676, was a Quaker, and was fined with other Quakers; Deborah, born November 28, 1654; John, January 1, 1656; Samuel, March 15, 1667; Benjamin, January 15, 1670; Remembrance, January 1, 1676. The will of Ezra Perry was dated October, 1689, proved April 18, 1690, bequeathing to wife Elizabeth and son Ezra.

EZRA (2) PERRY, Son of Ezra (1) Perry, was born February 11, 1652, at Sandwich, and died there, January 31, 1729. He owned land in Rochester, Massachusetts, devised to son Ebenezer. He married Rebecca ———. Children, born at Sandwich; Ebenezer, born November 18, 1673, married Judith Savory, and their son Ebenezer removed late in life to Hardwick, Massachusetts, and by his first wife was grandfather of Dr. Marshall S. Perry, of Barre (see Barre "Centennial History"); Mary, December 21, 1675; Hannah; Ezra; Samuel; Rebecca, married Jonathan Washburn; Patience; Freeloze. His will was dated October 21, 1728, and proved February 10, 1729, bequeathing to wife Rebecca and children.

One of the sons of Ezra (2) Perry was father of Elijah Perry (see biography). A search of the available public records has failed to find the birth record of Elijah. In the census of the families of Sandwich in March, 1730, the following are reported as heads of families: Ebenezer, Timothy and Desire; Widow Perry, Abner, Benjamin, Benjamin, Jr., Samuel, Samuel, Jr., Ezra, Jr., Elisha and John Perry, all descendants of Ezra (1) Perry. (See N. E. Reg., 1859, p. 30).

ELIJAH PERRY, Third in descent from Ezra (1) Perry, was born about 1700, in Sandwich, and appears to have lived there all his life. We find the record of marriage of an Elijah Perry to Hannah Damon in the First Church at Scituate, March 7, 1723 (town records, 1722). Elijah Perry, of Sandwich, bought twenty-two acres of land in Barre, Massachusetts, of Lewis and Sarah Turner, of Boston, December 1, 1757. It was part of Great Farm No. 29 on the Hardwick line. He was called deacon in the deed. (Book 39, p. 463). He appears to have sent his son Phineas to clear the land and make a home there. Another deed dated July 1, 1773, over fifteen years later, shows that Elijah Perry, then of Sandwich, for 100 pounds and other valuable considerations conveyed to "my son Phinehas Perry," of Rutland District (Barre) land and buildings, being the place he now lives on, bought of Lewis Turner and wife. He refers to deeds of part of this land to Chipman and Dennison Robinson. Elijah Perry's wife did not sign the deed.

PHINEAS PERRY, Son of Elijah Perry, was the pioneer in Worcester county. He was born at Sandwich, about 1735, and came when a young man to the place his father bought in Barre. Near by in Hardwick, as we have shown above, relatives settled and others of the family appear to have been in Barre for a time. One branch has been mentioned. A sketch of the Perry family in the Barre "Centennial History" is very obscure and misleading. It states that one branch under consideration came from Martha's Vineyard, but the absence of the name in the vital record shows that the family was not there long and probably not at all. All of them were from Sandwich. Phineas Perry, yeoman, bought of James Black, of Mansfield, Hampshire county, Massachusetts (so described in the deed), land in Rutland District adjoining John Wallace's place. This deed was dated March 12, 1773. In the same year he received from his father, as already stated, a deed of another farm there on which he was living. (Book 70, p. 29; Book 71, p. 127). These deeds unlocked a genealogical puzzle of some difficulty. Phineas Perry married at Barre, May 15, 1760, Esther Gates. Children, born at Barre: Justus, born July 30, 1761; Daniel, March 17, 1763; Thomas, October 2, 1764; Hannah, March 25, 1766; William, February 12, 1768; Luther (see biography); Lucretia and Luke, twins, February 9, 1772; Calvin, April 21, 1774; Hemon, May 24, 1776; Martha, April 17, 1778; Hemon, December 31, 1780; Phineas, May 27, 1783. The will of Phineas Perry was dated July 11, 1796, bequeathing to children: Calvin, Luke, Luther, Justus, Daniel, Thomas, Phineas, William, Hemon, Hannah, Lucretia Nye and Martha.

LUTHER PERRY, Son of Phineas Perry, was born at Barre, February 14, 1770, and died there, July 2, 1845, aged seventy-six years. He was a delegate to



Charles H. Perry M.D.V.

the Rutland Convention, January 6, 1801. He married, at Barre, March 15, 1801, Harriet Howes, who died there in March, 1810, aged twenty-six years, of spotted fever (church records). Children, born at Barre: Harriet Howes, born April 5, 1802, died young; Charles Howes (see biography); Mary Bourne, March 18, 1806.

CHARLES HOWES PERRY, Son of Luther Perry, was born at Barre, January 18, 1804. His sister, Mary B. Perry, deeded to him her share in the estate of Edmund Howes, their grandfather, April 5, 1828. Other deeds show that he was living in Phillipston in 1834, and that he was a tanner and currier by trade. He and his wife Mary deeded the homestead on the north side of the turnpike in Phillipston, June 28, 1837, to Jonathan Bowker, Jr. Mr. Perry married (first) (intention dated November 6, 1830, at Phillipston) Comfort H. Bates, born September 11, 1811, died at Phillipston, March, 1834, aged twenty-four years. He married (second) (intention dated April 4, 1835, at Phillipston) Mary B. Peckham, of Petersham, born 1815, died 1896. Children by first wife: Susan, born July 16, 1832; Comfort H., born March 10, 1834. Children by second wife: Charles M. (see biography); Caroline, born January 4, 1839, married Mason Whitney; Matilda, born April 30, 1841, married J. Monroe Rich, member of Company D, Thirty-sixth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers; Luther, born October 30, 1843, resides in Athol, Massachusetts; Mary, born March 30, 1846, married Henry H. Coolidge, of Athol, Massachusetts; Anson, born June 8, 1848, resides in Providence, Rhode Island; Henrietta, born April 5, 1850, died September 29, 1851; Henry H., born February 20, 1852, died August 15, 1850.

CHARLES M. PERRY, Son of Charles Howes Perry, was born in Phillipston, November 9, 1837, and died at Worcester, May 22, 1897. He received his education in the public schools of his native town, and during his youth followed the trade of shoemaking there. He removed to Worcester and entered the employ of N. W. Holden & Company, grocers, as a clerk, a position he filled for a number of years. Subsequently he engaged in the street sprinkling business and was among the first in this line of industry in the city of Worcester. At the present time the streets are sprinkled or oiled by the municipality and the cost assessed on the abutting property. At that time the sprinkling was a private enterprise and the property owners along the route paid for the service voluntarily. Mr. Perry and C. W. Clapp entered into partnership, their place of business being at the City Stock Yard, No. 216 Summer street, Worcester, where they conducted a sales stable, dealing in horses and cattle. A few years later Mr. Clapp sold his share of the business to B. W. Abbott and the name of the firm was changed to B. W. Abbott & Company. During the last twenty years of his life Mr. Perry was the owner of the High Street Boarding Stables at No. 59 High street, Worcester. He leased the building there and conducted the business in a highly successful manner. As the city population grew, his business extended and he became widely-known in the community. He was accounted an excellent judge of horses and was skillful in their care and training. During the Civil War he served in Company H, Thirty-sixth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry. He was a member of George H. Ward Post, No. 10, of Worcester. In religion he was a Methodist and for many years an attendant of Grace Methodist Episcopal Church. He married (first) at Phillipston, Hannah E. Gilbert, born January 29, 1841, died at Hubbardston, February 1, 1866. He married (second) November 27, 1867, Ellen M. Garfield, born June 4, 1839. Children by first wife: Flora A., born in Phillipston, November 5, 1859; Warren, born February 18, 1862, died August 18, 1864. Children by second wife: Charles H. (see biography); Lillian M., born September 30, 1874, married George H. Howland; Alice, born November 26, 1877, died October 28, 1884. Mr. Perry was generous, kind, painstaking and honest, and while he was a man of many cares, he was possessed of one dominant ambition and that was to see his son, Charles H., graduate from Harvard College, but the fates decreed differently, for he died May 22, 1897, while his son was taking his examinations preparatory to receiving his degree.

DR. CHARLES H. PERRY, Son of Charles M. Perry, was born in Worcester, May 10, 1869. He received his early education in the public schools of his native city, beginning in the old "Summer Street" school, which he attended for four years, then spent a similar period of time in study at the "Thomas Street" school. Brought up under the watchful guidance of a painstaking father, who knew the full value of early training, Dr. Perry knew the meaning of hard work long before his school boy friends, for during many years of his grammar school training he delivered milk to customers in the early mornings, and performed many chores after

school hours, selling newspapers during the early evenings and later assisting his father in and around the stable, each successive day seeing the same routine. Early in life Dr. Perry's fondness for animals, and horses especially, was very marked, and at the age of twelve years he was a jockey, and during the following four years he successfully rode the celebrated "Peacock" for a private Worcester family, winning many races and taking many coveted purses of a substantial size. Dr. Perry's successes stimulated him as the years went on, and from private riding he engaged in driving professional race horses, continuing until he was twenty-five years of age. Then came the turning point in Dr. Perry's life, through an accident to one of his fancy horses. It was at a meet at the old Agricultural Fair Grounds that "Koon Kan," the pride of the lot, was overcome by sunstroke and removed from the track. While watching the veterinary surgeons work, he stoutly declared that he could save the horse if allowed to, but because of his youth and non-professional knowledge of horses, at that time, he was not allowed to do so, and then he vowed to "take up medicine," the success of which is here given, and attested to, not only in Worcester, but all over the State of Massachusetts. Dr. Perry trained a string of fifteen or sixteen professional race horses.

Dr. Perry entered the Veterinary School of Harvard University in 1894, and graduated in the class of 1897. Immediately afterward he began to practice, opening an office at No. 59 High street, and resided at No. 22 Wellington street. His wide acquaintance among the owners of horses and stock in this section paved the way for an excellent business, and from the beginning he enjoyed a substantial patronage. Two years later he moved to his present location, No. 82 Park avenue. In 1904 Dr. Perry took a post-graduate course in the Chicago Veterinary College. Since 1894 he has been the local officer of the Massachusetts Cattle Commissioners, afterward known as the Massachusetts Cattle Bureau, and now the Department of Animal Industry. The duties of this office have grown from year to year and its responsibilities have increased as the laws have been made more stringent regarding the inspection of cattle in dairies and all kinds of meat offered for sale. For fourteen years Dr. Perry held the office of inspector of animals in the city of Worcester. At times, when epidemics attacked the animals of the city, Dr. Perry's duties became extremely important to the public health and to the farmers whose stock was threatened. During the recent epidemic of the foot and mouth disease, he handled a trying and difficult situation with tact, energy and efficiency, and received the commendation not only of his superior officers but of the owners of infected stock and of others whose property was saved by the prompt suppression of the disease in this section. While the disease threatened, Dr. Perry worked day and night to stay its progress. At other times, when epidemics of lesser magnitude have appeared, his efforts have been equally prompt and thorough. His work in inspecting the meat supply of the city has been an important factor in guarding the public health. His office represents more than is realized by the public, for it is charged with the application of scientific knowledge to the problems of providing a healthful food supply, and to detect and stamp out diseases of all kinds among the animals.

In his private practice, Dr. Perry has been highly successful. He has a modern hospital for the care of sick animals of all kinds, and it is equipped with the latest apparatus and appliances for surgical and medical treatment, and with a pharmacy in which the drugs and medicines are kept. An inspection of his hospital shows that better provision is now made for animals than were available for human beings fifty years ago. The owners of horses, cows, dogs and other domestic animals have found by experience that it is not only proper and humane to give treatment to animals in times of sickness but that it is wisdom from an economical standpoint. It saves money to fight disease with modern scientific knowledge and equipment. Dr. Perry ranks among the foremost of his profession in this country and is widely-known through the State. He is a member of the Massachusetts Veterinary Association, the American Veterinary Medical Association, the Harvard Club and other social organizations of Worcester. He served as house surgeon at Harvard College during his last year, 1896-97.

Dr. Perry married, June 27, 1892, Mary J. Newton, daughter of Seth S. and Henrietta (Frary) Newton, of Greenfield, Massachusetts. She was a native of Greenfield, and attended the public schools there, graduating from the Greenfield High School in the class of 1884. She entered the State Normal School in Worcester, in February, 1885, from which she was graduated in due course in 1887. She followed the profession of teaching for a number of years, having schools at Shelburne, Massachusetts, one term, at Sunderland High School, Sunderland, Massachusetts, one term, and then came to Worcester, where she held a position in the Quinsigamond School for four years. Her last position as teacher



H. H. Bigelow

was in the Salisbury Street School. She resigned shortly before the expiration of a year in order to prepare for her approaching marriage. Mrs. Perry is prominent in social life. Dr. and Mrs. Perry are members of Plymouth Congregational Church. They are the parents of one child, Roger Newton (see biography).

ROGER NEWTON PERRY, Son of Dr. Charles H. Perry, was born March 12, 1894, in Worcester. He is widely-known as the "Boy Florist." He attended the public schools quite irregularly, owing to sickness, but graduated from Becker's Business College in 1909. His further study was cut short and his professional career that had been planned abandoned on account of the loss of his eyesight as the result of illness. He began his flower gardens as a means of occupying his time, and as his health and sight improved he extended his gardens and operated on a commercial scale with marked success. At the present time (1917) with his eyesight fully restored and in the enjoyment of excellent health, he finds himself the owner of a substantial business and a large plant. He has also what counts most, a thorough knowledge of plants and flowers and skill in their cultivation. In a recent book Dr. Woods Hutchinson cited the Worcester "Boy Florist" as an example of what courage, persistence and hope will do for the afflicted. In 1913 he took the extension course of Amherst Agricultural College. His greenhouses extend from Park avenue to Montvale road and cover an area of one acre. Half the space is devoted to the cultivation of bulbs for which he has built substantial concrete beds. The flowers from his greenhouses stand comparison with those from the most noted conservatories of the State. He has proved a valuable assistant to his father in the management of the animal hospital and the care of its patients.

HORACE H. BIGELOW, Manufacturer, developer of Worcester real estate, capitalist, one of the most widely-known and progressive citizens of Worcester for many years, was born in Marlboro, June 2, 1827, and died in this city, June 3, 1911, son of Levi and Nancy (Ames) Bigelow, and of the eighth generation from the first settler in this country of this surname, John Bigelow. John Bigelow was born in England, in 1617, and his ancestry in this country in the Baguley or Bagley line (Bigelow is the American spelling) has been traced for several centuries, according to the Bigelow genealogy. The pioneer was in Watertown as early as 1642, and married there, October 30, 1642, Mary Warren, who was born in England, daughter of John and Margaret Warren. He was a blacksmith by trade. He became a leading citizen, serving the town as highway surveyor, constable and selectman. He married (second) in 1694, Sarah Bemis, daughter of Joseph Bemis. He died July 14, 1703. Not only in the paternal line but probably in every line of ancestry was Mr. Bigelow of the original Puritan stock that came to New England before 1650.

As a boy, Mr. Bigelow divided his time between the brief terms in the district schools, the work on his father's farm, and pegging shoes in the little shop on the farm originally built to shelter the family chaise. At that time the shoe shop was to be found on nearly every farm in certain sections of this State. In winter the farmer made shoes in the shop, assisted by his sons, if he had any. All the work was done by hand. There were no shoe factories. Mr. Bigelow, as a boy, was one of the first to discern the possibilities of greater economy and efficiency in manufacturing shoes. The Bigelows introduced first the idea of subdividing the work in shoemaking, and their business prospered and was widely imitated. Horace H. Bigelow and his uncle, Lambert Bigelow, soon had a force of sixty men in their employ, divided into departments of four or five each. That was the beginning of the modern shoe factory, with its highly specialized division of labor. Machinery for making shoes came into use very rapidly after the Bigelow idea came into practice. Mr. Bigelow himself was the inventor of many machines used in the early days of factory production. The first of major importance was invented in 1847, to cut heels and prepare them for nailing. Twenty years later he brought the machine to a high state of development, making it one of the most important cost-reducing devices for which his genius was responsible. His heel-compressing and heel-attaching machines alone were the means of bringing to him a considerable fortune. In 1850 Horace H. Bigelow and his uncle, Charles D. Bigelow, engaged in the shoe business in New York, locating in a factory at No. 279 Pearl street. Five prominent men of New York City each contributed a thousand dollars to aid in establishing the business there. These men were Aaron Claflin, Alanson Trask, William Smith Brown, Mark Ward and a Mr. Pitkin. The firm manufactured a heavy shoe called the New York brogan. In the same year Mr. Bigelow had his first experience with prison labor in the New York House of Refuge. An effort had

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previously been made there to utilize the labor of prisoners to manufacture furniture, skates, window curtains and other things, but without success. Mr. Bigelow made such a success in using this labor for manufacturing shoes, however, that for many years he was in demand to install similar factory systems in prisons in all parts of the country.

Mr. Bigelow returned to Marlborough in 1854, and for three years devoted his time to various occupations, farming, building, and speculating in real estate among other things. In 1857 he was engaged to give employment for the convicts in the penitentiary at Albany, New York, making brogans, used largely by Southern negroes. In the meantime he was at work in perfecting his pegging machine, and he conceived the idea of using a long ribbon of wood from which his machine sliced the pegs as used and then drove them into the sole. The first of these machines was set up in the prison at Troy, in 1858, while he was engaged in starting the prison shoe factory there. Afterward, for about three years, he was in charge of the shoe-making plant of the prison in Providence, Rhode Island. When the Civil War created a greatly increased demand for shoes for the army, he left Providence and began to manufacture shoes for the government in a factory installed in the prison at Trenton, New Jersey, and in partnership with his brother-in-law, Harvey T. Buck, continued to make these shoes and women's hand sewed shoes there until 1868. But at the same time he had become interested in a new business in Worcester. In 1863 the Bay State Shoe Company was organized. In this enterprise Mr. Bigelow was associated with Charles D. Bigelow, Lambert Bigelow, Samuel Colton, L. B. Howe and others. Horace H. Bigelow was superintendent of the factory, its manager, and owned a controlling interest in the company. From 400 to 500 hands were employed for many years, and in connection with three prison factories the company had about a thousand hands.

At the Vienna Exposition of 1873 Mr. Bigelow made a very impressive exhibit of boot and shoe machinery. A team of shoemakers there made an average of a pair of shoes in five minutes. That was a remarkable reduction in the time taken to make shoes compared with the time required under the methods prevailing before the Civil War. When Emperor Francis Joseph stood by and saw the result of the team work, he exclaimed: "Were I in the shoe business, I should hate to have you for a competitor." Mr. Bigelow received the medal of progress for this exhibit. Among the earlier inventions of Mr. Bigelow was the gang-punch, which made several holes in leather at the same operation. He substituted a knife for the saw formerly used in pegging machines. While at Trenton he invented the channeling and heel-trimming machines and numerous other improvements in shoe-making machinery. He was constantly on the alert to avoid waste in manufacturing. In 1869 he made an enormous saving by using the waste leather cuttings for making heels, and in that year he obtained patents for an improved heel and heeling machine. Out of a by-product he made a more durable heel than had been previously used. In 1870 the Bigelow Heeling Machine Association was formed. His machines came into use in Great Britain, France, Belgium, Switzerland, Austria and Spain, as well as in this country. In 1875, after a period of litigation, the McKay Heeling Machine Association and the Bigelow concern were consolidated under the name of the McKay & Bigelow Heeling Machine Association.

When Mr. Bigelow withdrew from active management in the shoe business and other manufacturing concerns, he plunged with characteristic energy into an investment and development career that made him one of the best known men of the city. Long before others saw the advantages and possibilities of Lake Quinsigamond he made plans on a large scale for its development as a summer resort and a center of amusement. He bought from J. J. Coburn the Worcester & Shrewsbury Railroad, the old narrow gauge steam road between the city and the lake, and also the land at Lake View and what is now called Lincoln Park. He continued from time to time to buy more land about the lake, until he owned a large part of the property along both shores. Mr. Coburn had made a beginning in the development of Lake View and Mr. Bigelow continued the work, laying new rails and buying new cars and engines for the railway, building an attractive station, and stimulating travel. As early as 1878 he built a summer home on the shores of the lake. In 1885 he gave to the city sixty acres for a park at Lake View out of a tract of 300 acres that he bought of Colonel Isaac Davis's heirs. To this gift Honorable Edward L. Davis added a tract of fifty acres, giving the city what has since been one of the most desirable parks in its system. In later years his vision has been realized. Hundreds of cottages have been built in this section. The lake has become one of the most popular summer resorts in New England. Though he himself carried out but a part of the projects and improvements that he had planned, he lived to see others

join him in the effort to make this beautiful section of the city properly appreciated and utilized.

He was the founder of the old Worcester skating rink. In 1882 he bought a tract of land between Mechanic and Foster streets with the intention of erecting for business purposes the finest building of the kind in New England. He sent architects to Europe to bring back the best ideas for this structure. But he was ahead of the times and failed to secure sufficient support in his project. Instead of the business building, he erected on this land a big skating rink, and alone and unaided succeeded in breaking up a roller-skate monopoly. As a result of his initiative, roller-skating became for some years one of the most popular sports in the country. He also made use of this building as an exhibition hall. In 1887 he held the first electrical exhibition and had the first electric car in operation in this city. He also established here the first electric light and power station in the city. Subsequently, he sold his plant to the present Worcester Electric Light Company. He operated the railroad to the lake until 1896, when he leased his rights to the Consolidated Street Railway Company, now operating the lines as part of its system.

Of preëminent public spirit, Mr. Bigelow supported all kinds of movement designed for the public welfare. Broad and liberal in his views, he lost no opportunity of affording freedom of thought and speech for others. At the time of his death the following was published in the Worcester Magazine:

Almost every business man in Worcester knew Horace H. Bigelow. A full generation before most men he saw the coming greatness and influence of the Heart of the Commonwealth, and many who at that day called him a visionary, have lived to see his predictions more than fulfilled.

Mr. Bigelow was an observant, keen, energetic and successful business man. He gave his confidence to but few, yet there were many hard and many courses that had occasion to learn that his purse was deep and his friendship permanent.

He was a man of strong likes and dislikes, a vigorous and uncompromising fighter for his principles. He cared little which way the tide of public sentiment flowed, although he was not insensible to it. He was often the champion of some unpopular reform and his forceful personality on several occasions enabled him to lead a small minority to eventual victory. Several public enterprises felt so heavily the weight and influence of his opposition that they were abandoned by their projectors. His course was not dictated by enmity to any person or because of some petty spite; rather was it because of that larger vision which enabled him to foresee the size, the importance and the beauty of the Worcester of the next generation and caused him to demand that the public works should be both adequate and whenever possible attractive.

Mr. Bigelow was a typical New England genius. He originated many things and many methods. He brought into the manufacture of boots and shoes the idea of team work that blossomed out in later years into that efficient factory system that has made New England the greatest shoemaking section in the world. In early life he made his own tools; in succeeding years he brought out machine after machine, many of them so successful that they entirely changed the method of shoe manufacture.

His fertile mind found time to conceive many plans for the betterment of social conditions and for the beautifying of the city. To such projects he gave unstintingly, and opposition only made him more determined and more generous. He was one of the incorporators of the first coöperative bank, and he first introduced the profit-sharing to the employees in the manufacturing of shoes between 1860 and 1870.

Mr. Bigelow was one of the largest real estate owners in Worcester and carried through several big deals. He was prominent in the early transportation problems of the city. * * * He was unostentatious in dress, lived plainly and always avoided display. He never used tobacco nor liquor, and was temperate in all other things. He accepted no religious creed nor doctrine as a whole, but had strong ideas and high ideals of what constituted an upright life and was noted for his sincerity of thought and purpose.

Mr. Bigelow married (first) in 1852, Lucy Ann Howe, who died in 1857. He married (second) June 1, 1859, Adelaide E. Buck, of Portland, Connecticut, daughter of James F. and Adeline (Taylor) Buck. She was a member of the Worcester Women's Club, and a parishioner of All Saints' Protestant Episcopal Church, the oldest member of the parish at the time of her death, February 13, 1914, aged seventy-six years, one month and thirteen days. Mr. Bigelow's children by his second wife were: Adelaide Frances, who married George A. Stevens, a merchant of this city; Irving E., and Francis H., who have continued in the real estate business of their father, and have been engaged chiefly in the management of his estate. Their offices are in the Graphic Arts building, No. 25 Foster street.

IRVING ELLSWORTH BIGELOW, Real estate, was born in Trenton, New Jersey, November 11, 1862, son of Horace H. Bigelow. (See biography). He was but a year old when his parents came to this city, and he received his early education here in the public schools. After leaving the high school he attended the Eastman Business College at Poughkeepsie, New York. He began his business career as superintendent of the Worcester & Shrewsbury Railroad, popularly known

as "The Dummy," of which his father was the principal owner, and he continued in this position for a period of thirteen years. Afterward he was with the Speirs Manufacturing Company, of which he was the treasurer for six years. This concern was also one of his father's enterprises. In later years he was associated in business with his father, and since his father died he has had charge of the estate, one of the largest in the city. His office is in the Graphic Arts building, No. 25 Foster street. Mr. Bigelow finds recreation and pleasure in farming. He has a country place and stock farm in Princeton, Massachusetts, and lives at Lake Quinsigamond, in Shrewsbury. His sons are also interested in stock raising and own a prime herd of Holstein cattle. He is a member of the Lakeside Boat Club and of All Saints' Protestant Episcopal Church. In political faith he is a Republican.

Mr. Bigelow married, in this city, November 17, 1887, Lillian A. Drennan, who was born in this city, daughter of Colonel James M. and Sarah E. (Leseur) Drennan. Mr. and Mrs. Bigelow have four children: 1. Chester E., born May 13, 1889; graduate of the Powder Point & Biltmore Forestry Schools, and now an engineer for the New England Power Company, located in Worcester; married Beda C. Wickman, and has three children, Robert, Chester and Marjorie. 2. Horace H., born June 1, 1892, now inspector of wires under Superintendent Henry A. Knight, superintendent of wires of the city of Worcester; married Ethel D. Reagan; resides at No. 22 Ashton street; during the World War served with the American Expeditionary Forces in France. 3. Barbara, born June 8, 1894, graduate of the Classical High School; married Donald W. Ormsbee; resides in Atlanta, Georgia; has one son, Richard Tudor. 4. Irving E., Jr., born June 5, 1896, graduate of the Classical High School, 1917; served in the United States Aviation service during the World War.

FRANCIS HORACE BIGELOW, Real estate, was born in this city, February 8, 1875, son of Horace H. Bigelow. (See biography). His educational training was begun in the public schools of his native city, after which he entered the Worcester High School, being graduated therefrom in 1894. He then became a student at Harvard University, and was graduated therefrom in the class of 1898, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Since leaving college Mr. Bigelow has been associated with his father in the improving and developing of real estate, and since the death of his father has been one of the trustees of the latter's estate. Since boyhood Mr. Bigelow has been keenly interested in athletic sports, taking an active part in all the athletic contests while at the high school, in his youth being a very swift runner, and while at Harvard was captain of the track team of that university, his team defeating the Yale University team, being the only team which defeated Yale from 1894 until 1899. He still retains his interest in various athletic sports, in which he finds recreation and pleasure. Mr. Bigelow is a member of the Harvard Club of this city; the Harvard Club of New York; the Institute of 1770; and of the Phi Eta College Fraternity. In political belief he is a Republican. In religious faith he is an Episcopalian, being a member of All Saints' Episcopal Church of this city.

On October 18, 1898, Mr. Bigelow was united in marriage with Edith Jourdan, of Westborough, Massachusetts, daughter of Charles Herbert and Charlotte Elizabeth Plympton Bigelow Jourdan, and they are the parents of three children, namely: Charlotte Elizabeth, born November 21, 1901; Frances, born January 9, 1903; and Nancy, born July 7, 1910. Mr. Bigelow resides at No. 21 Institute road.

RAY WOODVILLE GREENE, Physician and surgeon, was born at Yarmouth, Maine, July 29, 1857, son of Alvin and Maria (Arnold) Greene. The family returned to Westerly, Rhode Island, when he was very young, and he attended the public schools there. In 1876 he entered the Worcester Academy, graduating in 1879. He then became a student in Brown University, from which he was graduated in 1883 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. In 1886 he graduated from Harvard Medical School with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, and was afterward an interne at the Children's Summer Hospital at Winthrop, and afterward for a year in the Worcester City Hospital, and for four months in the Boston Lying-in Hospital. He began to practice in this city, November 1, 1887, having offices at No. 30 Pleasant street. Since 1900 his offices have been at the present location, No. 21, West street, and his home is also there. He is a member of the Worcester District Medical Society, the Massachusetts Medical Society, and the American Medical Association. He is one of the oldest physicians in active practice in the city. He is physician to Memorial Hospital, and regular visiting physician of the Worcester City Hospital, and has been in the service of both these institutions for more than thirty years. Dr. Greene is a member of the Worcester Country Club, where he devotes much of his spare time to golf;

member of the Shakespeare Club, the Public Education Association, the Worcester Economic Club; the Worcester Fish and Game Association. Another diversion of which the doctor is fond of is fishing. In politics he is a Republican.

Dr. Greene married, June 2, 1892, in Worcester, Mila F. Whitney, born in this city, daughter of George C. Whitney. Mrs. Greene died April 27, 1902. They had three children: 1. Amy Whitney, a graduate of Smith College, 1915; recently secretary to the principal of the North High School, Worcester, but at present engaged in Y. M. C. A. canteen work, stationed in France. 2. Mila Frances, graduate of Wheaton College, 1918; is now a reporter on the "Gazette." 3. Ray W., Jr., student in Brown University, class of 1920; served in the United States Signal Corps Aviation, and received his commission of lieutenant, November 18, 1918.

Alvin Greene, father of Dr. Greene, was a native of Killingly, Connecticut; died at Westerly, Rhode Island, in 1901, aged eighty years; was a mill superintendent in a cotton industry at Westerly for many years. He married, May 2, 1842, in Rhode Island, Maria Arnold, who was descended from many of the pioneers of Rhode Island. They had seven children: 1. Rev. Benjamin Allen Greene, D. D., died aged seventy years, a Baptist clergyman. 2. Stephen, died aged fifty years, a mill engineer, and organizer of the Lockwood Greene Company, of Boston, mill engineers. 3. Rev. Albert, a Baptist clergyman. 4. Alvin, Jr., now living in Greenville, New Hampshire, superintendent of a cotton mill in that town. 5. Emma, died in infancy. 6. Susan, died in infancy. 7. Dr. Ray W., mentioned above.

Allen Greene, grandfather of Alvin Greene, was a soldier in the Revolutionary War; died in 1833. The immigrant ancestor of the family in the paternal line was John Greene, who came early to Narragansett in the family of Richard Smith; settled in Wickford as early as 1639; was conservator of the peace, 1678-9; died about 1695, leaving five sons, who have numerous descendants in Rhode Island and other parts of the country.

WILLIAM TROWBRIDGE FORBES, Judge of Probate, was born in Westborough, May 24, 1850, son of Ephraim Trowbridge and Catharine (White) Forbes. The Forbes line of ancestry is: William T. (7), Deacon Ephraim Trowbridge (6), Captain Jonathan (5), Deacon Jonathan (4), Deacon Jonathan (3), Deacon Jonathan (2), Daniel (1). The immigrant, Daniel Forbes, was a Scotchman, born probably at Kinellar, Scotland. He lived in New Scotland, Maine, Cambridge, Concord, and Marlborough, where he died in October, 1687.

William T. Forbes prepared for college in the public schools there and in the Allen Classical School, West Newton. He also received private instruction under Rev. James Tufts, of Monson. He entered Amherst College, from which he was graduated in 1871 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He won a first prize in mathematics in his sophomore years and a German scholarship in his junior year. At commencement he was class historian, and on the editorial board of "The Amherst Student" in his senior year. He rowed in his class crew in the regatta of 1870 on the Connecticut river. After graduating from college he went to Constantinople in Turkey, and for three years was instructor in mathematics in Robert College. While there he and Dr. George Washburn, president of the College, made a geological survey in that section, collecting about 2,000 specimens of fossils, many of which were new discoveries. The collection was exhibited afterward in the Vienna Exposition.

Returning to this country in 1874, he began to study law in the offices of Bacon & Hopkins. He was admitted to the bar in 1877. He was appointed standing justice of the First District Court of Eastern Worcester in 1875. He resigned in 1879 and engaged in the practice of law in Westborough until he was appointed to his present office as judge of the Courts of Probate and Insolvency in 1888. Judge Forbes held various town offices in Westborough, and was representative to the General Court in 1881 and 1882, and State Senator in 1886 and 1887. He served on the legislative committee on liquor laws and was senate chairman of the committee on education, also on the committees on the judiciary, probate and insolvency and election laws (chairman). In 1887 he prepared and carried through to enactment the law abolishing taxation for church purposes and providing for the incorporation of churches without parish or society. He has taken a keen interest in local history and was the author of the history of Westborough in the Worcester County History (Hurd). He has travelled much in the near East and has delivered numerous addresses on subjects relating to the Balkan States. Judge Forbes is now the Senior Probate Judge of the State.

Judge Forbes is a member of the American Antiquarian Society, the New England Historic-Genealogical Society, the Worcester Natural History Society, the Shakespeare Club, the Worcester Society of Antiquity, the Massachusetts Society, Sons of the Revolution, the Worcester Art Museum, the Public Education Association, the Economic Club, the Amherst Alumni Association, the Worcester County Bar Association.

the Massachusetts Bar Association, the Worcester County Mechanics' Association, the Worcester Association for Detecting Thieves, the Worcester Rotary Club, the Chamber of Commerce, the Tatnuck Country Club. In many of these organizations he has taken an active part and held offices. He is a member of Union Congregational Church, and of the Worcester Congregational Club of which he was formerly president. He is a trustee of Leicester Academy, Memorial Home for the Blind, Worcester Home for Aged Men, and an officer of many other charitable and business corporations.

Judge Forbes married, February 5, 1884, in this city, Harriette Merrifield, daughter of William Trowbridge Merrifield (see biography). They have had six children: 1. William Trowbridge Merrifield, born April 23, 1885; graduate of Amherst College (A. B., 1906); instructor in Robert College, Constantinople, two years; Ph. D., Clark University, 1910; now instructor in biology at Cornell University. 2. Allan White, born June 20, 1886; graduate of Amherst (A. B., 1908); Worcester Polytechnic (B. S., 1910); member of the firm of Forbes & Myers, manufacturers of electric driven machinery at No. 172 Union street; member of the Economic Club, the Rotary Club and the Worcester Tennis Club. 3. Cornelia Brigham, born July 14, 1888; graduate of Vassar College (A. B., 1910). 4. Katherine Maria, born September 23, 1889; graduate of Vassar, 1911, took post-graduate course in hygiene and physical education, Wellesley, and for three years was instructor in this department at Wisconsin University; married Linwood M. Erskine, Esq., of Worcester, 1918. 5. Esther Louise, born June 28, 1891; graduate of Bradford Academy, 1912. 6. Malcolm Stuart, born November 22, 1892, died February 4, 1893. Judge and Mrs. Forbes reside at No. 23 Trowbridge road.

Mrs. Forbes has been in recent years engaged in compiling a Bibliography of New England Diaries, which will be published soon by the American Antiquarian Society. She has made an exhaustive search not only for printed diaries of date before 1800, but of manuscript diaries in the possession of libraries and individuals in all parts of the country. The value of this work to genealogists and historians is incalculable. Mrs. Forbes is a member of the advisory board of this history and has given invaluable assistance to the author. She is the author of "The Hundredth Town," historical sketches of Westborough, Massachusetts, and of many pamphlets and papers prepared for various literary societies and women's clubs. She edited the "Journal of Rev. Ebenezer Parkman." Mrs. Forbes was one of the early regents of Colonel Timothy Bigelow Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, and from the beginning has been one of the most active workers and staunchest supporters of the chapter. She has served on the State Council of the Massachusetts Daughters of the American Revolution. She is a member of the Shakespeare Club, the Woman's Club, the Worcester County Horticultural Society, New England Historic-Genealogical Society, Worcester Society of Antiquity, Colonel Timothy Bigelow Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, Society for Preservation of New England Antiquities. Mrs. Forbes is a graduate of the Old Oread Institute, 1873.

WILLIAM TROWBRIDGE MERRIFIELD, Contractor and builder, owner of the Merrifield buildings in which many of the industries of the city were established, was born in Worcester, April 10, 1807, died December 26, 1895. He had a common school education. At the age of fifteen he began to learn the carpenter's trade and served seven years in the employ of his father. When he came of age he started in business as a contractor and builder, and from the beginning was uniformly successful. He was the contractor for many of the important structures erected here in his day, including the Worcester Academy, the Lancaster Mills, and many of the mansion houses. In 1839 he bought land on Union and Exchange streets and erected brick buildings four stories high covering two acres, renting them according to the needs of his tenants for manufacturing purposes and furnishing steam power to such as wished to hire it. Deacon Ichabod Washburn laid the foundation of the wire industry here. The biographies of Worcester manufacturers in this book give scores of cases where the business began in the Merrifield building. In 1854 the first buildings were burned, causing a serious setback to the industrial growth of the city. But Mr. Merrifield erected new buildings and to the present time he and his descendants have maintained successfully his original idea in supplying quarters for the smaller industries of the city. How important this idea was in determining the industrial growth of the city cannot be estimated, but it was certainly of great value. He was a member of the first Common Council of the city in 1848, and for several years was a representative to the General Court. He was for ten years a trustee of the State Lunatic Hospital, and for several years president of the Worcester County Mechanics' Association.

Mr. Merrifield married (first), April 27, 1830, Margaret Brigham, daughter of Jabez and Nancy (Kingsbury) Brigham. They had four children, two daughters and two sons; the sons were: William Frederick, born in Worcester, August 30, 1837, lives in Brookline, Massachusetts; and Henry Kingsbury, born July 21, 1840, resides



MRS. HARRIETTE MERRIFIELD FORBES



Lynceus A. Gordon

in this city. Mr. Merrifield married (second), March 9, 1847, Maria Caroline Brigham, daughter of Charles and Susannah (Baylies) Brigham, of Grafton. Their daughter Harriette married Hon. William T. Forbes (see biography).

The Merrifield line of ancestry is: William T. (4), Alpheus (3), Timothy (2), Thomas (1). Thomas Merrifield was not the immigrant; the first settler doubtless came with the Puritans, from England. Timothy (2) Merrifield and his brother Asaph came from Sherborn to Holden, in the section now in West Boylston, in 1784. Their old house is still standing. It was built about 1739, when the land was purchased of Benjamin Flagg, Jr., by Joseph Woolley. In 1780 Timothy Merrifield sold his share of this place and bought the farm on Mountain street, where he lived the remainder of his days, and where his son, William T., was born. He died in 1806. He served as a private in the Revolution. He married (first) Lydia Cheney, and (second) Mercy Perry, daughter of John and Mercy (Nelson) Perry. Besides Alpheus, Timothy Merrifield had two daughters, Caroline and Chloe. Alpheus Merrifield held various town offices in Worcester; was selectman five years; deacon of the First Unitarian Church. He was a contractor and builder here and also had a business in South Carolina and Georgia. He married, November 12, 1804, Mary Trowbridge, daughter of William and Sarah (Rice) Trowbridge. Her father, William Trowbridge, was a soldier in the Revolution. (See Trowbridge in Early Settlers).

LYMAN FRANCIS GORDON. Were one to attempt to ascribe the success Lyman F. Gordon attained as a manufacturer to any one particular trait of character, he would go sadly astray, but if it were possible to base his success upon a single attribute it would be upon his clear vision and constant habit of preparedness. Just how true this estimate is may be best seen in his judgment on the future of the automobile. In its early day the automobile was derided as a "rich man's plaything" and manufacturers gave it the laugh, then dismissed it from serious consideration. Not so Mr. Gordon, he saw in it not an expensive toy for the rich but a public utility and the beginning of a great business. He saw its great benefit to the commercial world as well as to the pleasure seeker, and no amount of ridicule could drive him from his belief. Had he simply believed it, it would have availed him little, but he put his belief into practice, and with the courage of his convictions prepared his plant for the business he was sure would come. And it did come, but it found the plant of Wyman & Gordon thoroughly prepared with not a department but what had been remodeled and specialized to play its part in the future greatness of the company. When the parent plant in Worcester was unable to meet the demand for drop forgings, a branch plant was ready in Cleveland, Ohio, in the very heart of the automobile manufacturing district, and equally amazing has been the story of growth and expansion there. To-day the Wyman & Gordon Corporation stands supreme in the manufacture of drop forged parts for automobiles. The plant met the early demand because Lyman F. Gordon foresaw its coming, and the hold the firm gained on the trade has never been broken, on the contrary has tightened and the name is known the world over. Mr. Gordon was never a follower, but always a leader, an indefatigable worker, but his forces were intelligently directed and he obtained a maximum of result with a minimum of effort. He died in the prime of his splendid powers, but left a record men much older may envy, and his monument is the Wyman & Gordon Corporation which he founded as a small firm, and saw expanded into a great corporation of which he was the executive head until his death.

The Gordon clan has a record extending to the days of Malcolm III. of Scotland, a record of distinguished service in every department of national life. Eighty-five coats-of-arms are credited to the family, the most ancient being: Azure, three boars' heads couped or. The three boars' heads appear in most of the Gordon arms. The head of the clan is the Marquis of Huntley, one of whose ancestors first raised that famous regiment, the Gordon Highlanders. Gordon Castle is the family seat, the family badge the Ivy, the war cry: A Gordon! A Gordon! The coat-of-arms of the Gordon family of this review is as follows:

Arms—Azure, three boars' heads couped or.

Crest—Stag's head and neck affrontee proper attired with ten tynes or.

Mottoes—Over the crest: *Bydand* (Romaning). Under the shield: *Amor non Astutia*. (By courage, not by stratagem).

The American ancestor of Lyman Francis Gordon was Alexander Gordon, born in Scotland, a soldier under General Monk, who while fighting for King Charles at the battle of Worcester was captured by Cromwell's forces and sent to this country. He, with others of Cromwell's prisoners, came in the ship "Liberty," commanded by Captain John Allen, a shipmaster of Charlestown. Alexander Gordon first bought land at

Concord, Massachusetts, but in 1660 went to New Hampshire, settling in the township of Exeter on Little river. He married Mary, daughter of Nicholas Lysson, a townsman of Exeter, and died in 1607. The line of descent is through his son, Thomas Gordon, born in Exeter, New Hampshire, who there resided and gave name to Gordon Hill in the western part of the town. During Queen Anne's War, 1710, he was a soldier in Captain John Gilman's company. He died in 1760, aged eighty years. He married (first) November 22, 1699, Elizabeth Harriman, of Haverhill, born November 20, 1675, died 1721. He was succeeded by his son, Timothy Gordon, born in Exeter, New Hampshire, March 22, 1716, died March 30, 1796, a resident of Brentwood, New Hampshire. He remained a Loyalist during the Revolution, but took no active part in the war. During the latter years of his life he was blind. He was a member of the Baptist church. He married Maria, daughter of Abraham Stockbridge, of Stratham, New Hampshire.

Timothy (2) Gordon, son of Timothy (1) and Maria (Stockbridge) Gordon, was born at Brentwood, New Hampshire, December 30, 1757, died January 16, 1836, and was buried in the cemetery at Newburyport, Massachusetts. At the beginning of the Revolution, although a minor, he with three other lads of the town joined General John Stark's regiment. He fought at Bunker Hill, there exchanging his fowling piece for the musket of a dead British soldier. Later he fought at Bennington, White Plains and Saratoga, and in his later years was in receipt of a Revolutionary pension. He married, January 23, 1782, Lydia Whitmore, born October 10, 1763, died January 12, 1835, daughter of David and Lydia (Giddinge) Whitmore, a descendant of Joseph Whitmore, John Giddinge, Richard Bartlett and Gershom Flagg. After his marriage, Timothy Gordon resided in Newbury, Massachusetts.

Ebenezer Gordon, son of Timothy (2) and Lydia (Whitmore) Gordon, was born in Newbury, Massachusetts, February 28, 1797, died in Madbury, New Hampshire, December 29, 1855, and was buried according to the rites of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of which he was a member. His death was accidental, caused by a fall from his sleigh. Although a machinist by trade, he followed farming for several years in Franklin county, Maine. He married, March 20, 1827, in Dover, New Hampshire, Sophronia Anderson, born in Freeport, Maine, February 28, 1807, died May 7, 1888, daughter of Joseph and Elizabeth (Pote) Anderson, granddaughter of James and Mary (Dill) Anderson, great-granddaughter of Jacob Anderson, the family coming to New England from Dungannon, County Tyrone, Ireland. Elizabeth Pote was a daughter of William and Mary (Washburn) Pote, and granddaughter of Gamaliel and Miriam (Irish) Pote, Gamaliel Pote, a soldier in the Louisburg Expedition.

Albert Anderson Gordon, son of Ebenezer and Sophronia (Anderson) Gordon, was born at Farmington, Maine, January 30, 1836, and since 1859 has been a resident of Worcester, Massachusetts. He was educated in the public schools of Dover, New Hampshire, and learned the machinist's trade at Lewiston, Maine, until coming to Worcester in 1850, he was employed at his trade in New York City and Mansfield, Connecticut, becoming an expert machinist, an inherited talent from his father which he transmitted to his sons. During his life in Worcester, he has been connected with the Compton Loom Works the greater part of the time; was foreman and superintendent for many years, and is still active in the present corporation. He is a member of Montacute Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Worcester Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester Society of Antiquity, and Worcester Horticultural Society. He married, at Worcester, January 6, 1861, Ann Eliza Bridges, born March 17, 1840, at Leicester, Massachusetts, youngest child of Sumner and Nancy (Draper) Bridges, the latter a great-granddaughter of James Draper, fifth of the same name in direct line from the Puritan ancestor. Sumner Bridges was a son of Martin, son of Benjamin, son of Haskaliah, son of Caleb, son of Edmund (2), son of Edmund (1) Bridges, the American ancestor, born in England in 1612, came to New England in the ship "James" in 1636, and died January 13, 1684. Albert Anderson and Ann Eliza (Bridges) Gordon were the parents of four sons and two daughters: Lyman Francis, of further mention; Nancy Gertrude, Albert Anderson, George Crompton, Charles Sumner and Isabel Wyman.

Lyman Francis Gordon, son of Albert Anderson and Ann Eliza (Bridges) Gordon, was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, November 14, 1861, and died there December 20, 1914. He was educated in the city public schools, Worcester Academy and Worcester Polytechnic Institute, his courses at the last named ending with graduation, class of 1881. In 1882 he went to California in the engineering service of the United States Central Railroad, later was professionally connected with F. A. Robins & Company, of San Francisco, manufacturers of presses and dies. He remained with that company until November, 1883, then returned to Worcester. The experience with Robins & Company had been valuable and there he had developed the idea of a some-



what similar plant in his native city, a plant his first visit saw would succeed. A month after his return from the West he formed a partnership with an equally practical young man, his friend and fellow student, H. Winfield Wyman, and the firm Wyman & Gordon was born. The young men began a drop forging business in a very small way, Mr. Gordon once relating how small as follows: "For many months Mr. Wyman and I shared all the responsibilities and work, janitor, foreman, engineer, bookkeeper and salesman." Less than a dozen workmen were employed by the infant concern in a frame building, 40 x 60 feet, but ample in size for all their needs, that original shop now but a corner in the group of buildings which comprise the Worcester plant of the company.

For many years Wyman & Gordon was the only drop forging plant in Worcester, and each twelve months saw an increase in business, a growth which was steadily maintained. As they proved their ability to turn out forgings of the required quality and established a reputation for integrity, the Worcester manufacturers gave them their drop forging orders and by gradual stages a fairly sizable plant was kept fully occupied and the young men saw their venture was a success. They did a general drop forging business with mill men, bicycle manufacturers, wagon builders and railroads, but with the advent of the automobile, Mr. Gordon saw the great opportunity of his life, thoroughly remodeled the plant and prepared for what he saw meant a wonderful increase in business for Wyman & Gordon. He specialized every department, and with the former good reputation of the company as an introduction and with the knowledge that his plant was "prepared," he went out for orders, visiting the manufacturers in every part of the country where automobile manufacture had begun. Soon orders began flowing in from him to the Worcester plant and from that time new additions to the plant have been continuous. The increased demand for drop forgings finally compelled the company to erect a branch plant at Cleveland, Ohio, and with its completion Wyman & Gordon reigned supreme in the manufacture of drop forgings for automobiles, five hundred men being employed at the Worcester plant. In 1905 Mr. Wyman died and shortly afterward the Wyman & Gordon Company was incorporated with a capital of \$300,000, Lyman F. Gordon, president and treasurer, Harry G. Stoddard, vice-president, George F. Fuller, secretary and general manager. Mr. Gordon remained executive head of the corporation until his death in 1914, and also had other large business interests. He was a director of the American Thermos Bottle Company of New York City, the Library Bureau of New York, and the Merchants' National Bank of Worcester, and member of the Chamber of Commerce of Worcester and Cleveland.

He was a tireless worker, but in the multiplicity of his business cares he did not forget his duty as citizen, friend and neighbor. He was a trustee of Worcester Academy, an active member of the First Baptist Church and the Young Men's Christian Association, gave liberally of his means to church and charity and freely of his time and experience to every movement to make a better, happier Worcester. His clubs were the Union of Cleveland, the Worcester, Tatnuck Country, Worcester Automobile and Worcester Country. He held all degrees of the York Rite in Masonry, belonging to Morning Star Lodge, Worcester Chapter, Hiram Council, Worcester County Commandery, and in the Scottish Rite held the thirty-two degrees of Worcester Lodge of Perfection, Goddard Council of Rose Croix and Northern Massachusetts Consistory. For many years he resided on German street, and from 1905 had a summer home on the old Norcross estate at Grafton. He had nearly completed a magnificent mansion on Salisbury street, Worcester, in which he took deep pleasure, but never was its occupant.

Mr. Gordon married, February 19, 1880, Prue Louise Cox, daughter of Garland and Charlotte Ann (Borden) Cox, a descendant of William Cox, who was of Penaquid, Maine, as early as 1625. The line of descent to Mrs. Gordon is through the founder's son, John Cox, 1658-1742, who married Susanna Pope; their son, John (2) Cox, 1690-1747, killed in battle with the Indians, who married Tabitha Davenport; their son, John (3) Cox, 1719-1802, a Loyalist, who married Sarah Bodkin; their son, Captain Henry Cox, who married Susannah Eaton; their son, Garland Cox, born 1810, who married Eliza Keziah Pineo; their son, Garland Pinco Cox, 1838-1880, who married Charlotte Ann Borden, they the parents of Prue Louise Cox, wife of Lyman Francis Gordon. Through her mother Mrs. Gordon descends from Richard Borden, of ancient English family, bearing arms:

Arms—Azure a chevron engrailed ermine, two bourdens or pilgrims staves proper in chief and a crosslet in base or.

Crest—A lion rampant above a scroll argent on its sinister foot holding a battle ax proper.

Motto—*Palma Vertuti.*

Richard Borden was a member of the Society of Friends, and a prominent man in Portsmouth, Rhode Island, where he settled in 1636. The line of descent is through his son, Matthew Borden, 1638-1708, married Sarah Clayton; their son, Richard Borden, 1671-1732; his son, Samuel Borden, 1705-1778, married Peace Mumford; their son, Perry Borden, born November 9, 1739, married (second) Mary Ellis; their son, Joshua Borden, 1774-1854, married Charlotte Fuller; their son, Joshua W. Borden, 1813-1891, married Lavinia Martin; their daughter, Charlotte Ann Borden, born May 25, 1838, married, November 17, 1858, Garland Pineo Cox, they the parents of Mrs. Prue Louise (Cox) Gordon, who survives her husband with two sons: Winfield, born November 28, 1889, Forrest, February 5, 1893.

From a leading newspaper of his city, from an association in which he was deeply interested, and from his *alma mater* came fitting testimonials of the honor and respect in which Mr. Gordon was held. Said the Worcester "Gazette" editorially:

One of the most commanding figures in Worcester's industrial life passes from its activities by the death of Lyman F. Gordon. He was a master builder among master builders. His ability was recognized by all his associates. It was through his talents and untiring devotion that the city came to possess an industry which has attained a name nation-wide because of its high grade products. When we reflect that the Wyman & Gordon Company grew from the humblest of beginnings and consider the place which it has won, talent seems hardly the characterization to give Mr. Gordon's abilities. There was genius in his business methods. They were a blessing to Worcester. His death gives a sharper poignancy to those who knew him best, for Mr. Gordon was still a young man, but, nevertheless, and in the past had prospect his years of usefulness should still have been many and of greater fruitfulness even than those that preceded. Bare business ability was not, however, Mr. Gordon's sole characteristic. He was indeed something more than the man of business, absorbed in its details to the shutting out of the larger things in life. He was the citizen always interested in the things that good citizenship signifies in its larger aspects. He believed in and worked for the church as an institution which advances human welfare. The charitable side of his nature was great and most sympathetic but never displayed to win the multitude's applause. It was rare indeed that his left hand knew the good which his right hand wrought. His early going from the activities of men leaves a void in the social and industrial life of Worcester that prompts depressing reflection. But "God fills the gaps of human need." If the loss which Worcester has sustained through the death of Lyman F. Gordon shall be made good through the years to come, it will be because of the high example as a worker and a citizen which he leaves as an inspiration to us all.

Said the Young Men's Christian Association by resolution:

We miss his kind and cheerful presence. His courtesy and helpfulness toward all those with whom he came in contact are cherished memories. His calm and unruffled spirit was a potent example. His firm grasp of essential facts and his quick and accurate judgment have been a most valued guide and help. His true Christian character, his modesty and self-forgetfulness have been a constant inspiration. His work in this association was always done with efficiency, promptness and great joy. His hopes and plans for the future were high and broad. The Lord will not suffer his work to fail, but we cannot but feel that the future of our association would have been more perfectly accomplished had he remained longer with us. In his personal relations with his fellow-workers he was always the Christian gentleman. In civic life he was ever a force for righteousness and clean living. In business life he was diligent, resourceful, successful. In the church, he was faithful to his high calling in Christ Jesus.

Said the Worcester Polytechnic Institute Journal:

Mr. Gordon was very much interested in all developments of the Institute and was for two years a member of the executive committee of the Alumni Association, resigning a year ago in order that he might be released from as many cares as possible. While on the committee he always took a strong positive position on all questions that would mean the greater upbuilding of the Institute, and was especially interested in Alumni Development work. It was in a measure due to his advice while a member of the committee that the purchase of the two pieces of Art Museum property, adjoining the Institute property along Park avenue, was made by the Alumni, thus making it possible to have a separate baseball field in connection with the development for physical exercise at the Institute. He was also one of the few men who came forward at the last moment and increased their subscriptions to the alumni movement so that it was made possible for the secretary to announce at the June commencement in 1913 the completion of the \$200,000 pledging.

DONALD TULLOCH, Journalist, was born in the Highlands of Scotland, claiming Fochabers, in Morayshire, as his birthplace, September 19, 1862, son of Donald and Elizabeth (Campbell) Tulloch, whose children are: Hugh A., William, Donald, John and James.

Shortly after his birth, his parents moved to Inverness, the capital of the Highlands, where the young man was educated in Dr. Raining's School. Early in life he displayed a desire for newspaper work, and in order to secure a solid foundation for his profession, he served a seven-years apprenticeship as a printer in the "Inverness Advertiser" office. During that time he acquired a knowledge of shorthand, purchasing the first two books of Isaac Pitman's system. He studied at home evenings, and when his apprenticeship was concluded he was promoted to the reportorial

staff of the newspaper, fulfilling a pledge given him by the proprietor, William B. Forsyth, that if he was able to write one hundred and twenty-five words a minute he would make him a reporter. In this capacity he served his paper faithfully for a number of years, reporting many of the big events of that city and community, including addresses by Lord Rosebery, Michael Davitt, Henry Campbell Bannerman, John Dillon, Attorney-General Finley and men of that prominence. Mr. Tulloch was trained in Scotch journalism where accuracy of reporting is the chief quality demanded of a newspaper man. He became manager of the "Scottish Highlander," a newspaper which at that time was regarded as the leading paper in Scotland, urging the enactment in Parliament of land laws for the betterment of crofters and cottars of the Scottish Highlands. In connection with this establishment there was also an extensive job printing department, as well as the publication of a monthly, the "Celtic Magazine," much of which was printed in the Gaelic language. Those men of the Fourth Estate, who know what it is to publish a magazine in a foreign tongue, not knowing much about it, will appreciate some of the difficulties which Mr. Tulloch experienced in his early journalistic career.

Like most Scotchmen, he early displayed a fondness for athletics and was one of the prominent members of the then famous Inverness Crown Football and Cricket Club, which won many of the championships of the North of Scotland. He was mainly instrumental in introducing the Association or Soccer game into the northern part of his native country, which finally displaced the old Rugby game, as it was played in Scotland. In order to bring this about he was the leader in inducing to come to Inverness such crack south-country clubs as the Glasgow Rangers, the Glasgow Celtic, Queen's Park, Third Lanark, and an All-Scotland Eleven which played a team representative of the North of Scotland. The outcome of this campaign was that the North of Scotland Football Association was organized in Inverness in 1882 with Mr. Tulloch as its first secretary. A magnificent silver challenge cup was purchased, standing three feet high, and the Crown Club, of which Mr. Tulloch was the secretary, won it the first year of its existence. It has been played for every year since that time, and the soccer game is the only style played in the North of Scotland now.

Mr. Tulloch became secretary to Mr. Thomas G. Henderson, agent for the famed Northern Meetings, the most influential and exclusive summer athletic and social gatherings attended by the elite of the British people in the Highlands, and also agent for deer forest and grouse shootings in Scotland. Mr. Henderson is widely-known in this country by sportsmen of the Bradley Martin type. While Mr. Tulloch occupied this position for two years prior to coming to the United States, as a side issue he owned and published the first sporting paper ever published in the North of Scotland—the "Inverness Football Times." This was a weekly newspaper which was issued Saturday evenings and was progressive in those days, inasmuch as it gave telegraphic reports of all the big football, cricket and athletic events which took place in Great Britain on the evening of the day they occurred, something which was much appreciated by the people in that section of the country who, previous to Mr. Tulloch's efforts, had to wait until Monday before they knew the results of games. That newspaper now is one of the most popular in the North of Scotland.

Looking for a wider sphere of influence, Mr. Tulloch cast his eyes towards the United States, with California as his objective, but relatives persuaded him to stay in Massachusetts, and so in June, 1887, along with his wife and two children he left Glasgow for Boston. He applied for work for his first position in the "Milford Journal" office and secured it. He was hired on the spot by State Senator William H. Cook, since deceased, who was editor of the paper, and remained with the "Journal" for two and a half years. In December, 1891, he became a reporter on the city staff of the "Worcester Telegram," on which he was used extensively in reporting the addresses of brilliant speakers like Bishop Phillips Brooks, ex-President Theodore Roosevelt, ex-President William H. Taft, Henry Cabot Lodge, and scores of the leading men of the country who visited Worcester. He had as a regular assignment general charge of Protestant church work, Young Men's Christian Association, indoor athletics, British sports, and was regarded among the clergy as the best-known newspaper man in Central Massachusetts. After eight years of this work, Hon. James Logan invited him to become his private secretary and he remained with him and the United States Envelope Company, then just organized by Mr. Logan, for fifteen months, until the office of the general manager was removed to Springfield. Mr. Tulloch again associated himself with "The Telegram," and he remained six years, making fourteen years of service on "The Telegram."

In May, 1906, he was invited to become secretary of the Worcester Metal Trades

Association, and he has occupied that position nearly thirteen years, up to the present time. Through his aggressive work this Association, which is now the Worcester Branch, National Metal Trades Association, has more than doubled in membership and expanded all over Worcester county. He was also instrumental with others, five years ago, in organizing the Employers' Association of Worcester County, which has an extensive membership in Central Massachusetts. He is the secretary of both associations which have for their purpose the creating and maintaining of equitable relations between employer and employee. The existence of the principle of fair dealing between employer and employee in industrial life must be evidenced in this community judging from the lack of industrial disturbance in the past few years. Perhaps no one is better-known among the rank and file of both the employers and employees of Worcester county than he is, as those two associations with which he is connected employ some 50,000 men and women.

The Worcester Branch of the National Metal Trades Association was organized in 1902. It has had offices since then at No. 44 Front street. Its membership includes all the principal manufacturers of metal products in the county. Donald Tulloch, the general secretary, is in charge of the business of the association. It has proved highly useful in furnishing competent labor when needed by its members, through the Worcester Free Labor Bureau, which it has operated at No. 44 Front street since its organization. The main object of this Association is to maintain good industrial conditions in the plants of its members. Through the work of this organization, the industrial conditions generally are regarded among the best in the country. The officers for 1919 are: President, William H. Gates, Baldwin Chain & Manufacturing Company; vice-president, A. J. Gifford, Leland-Gifford Company; treasurer, A. W. Beaman, Stockbridge Machine Company; secretary, Donald Tulloch. Its previous presidents were: Clarence W. Hobbs, Frederick Reed (both deceased), George F. Brooks, Edward M. Woodward, A. E. Newton, Charles E. Hildreth, John W. Higgins, John W. Harrington, Jerome R. George.

The Employers' Association of Worcester County was formed in 1914 to support the principle of the "Open Shop," to prevent industrial strife, to conduct an employment bureau and foster a spirit of friendliness and coöperation between employer and employee; headquarters at No. 44 Front street. The officers for 1919 are: Honorary president, George I. Alden; president, E. J. Cross; vice-presidents, George F. Brooks, John A. Sherman and Virgil W. Spaulding; secretary, Donald Tulloch; treasurer, Arthur W. Beaman. Its presidents have been George I. Alden and John W. Harrington.

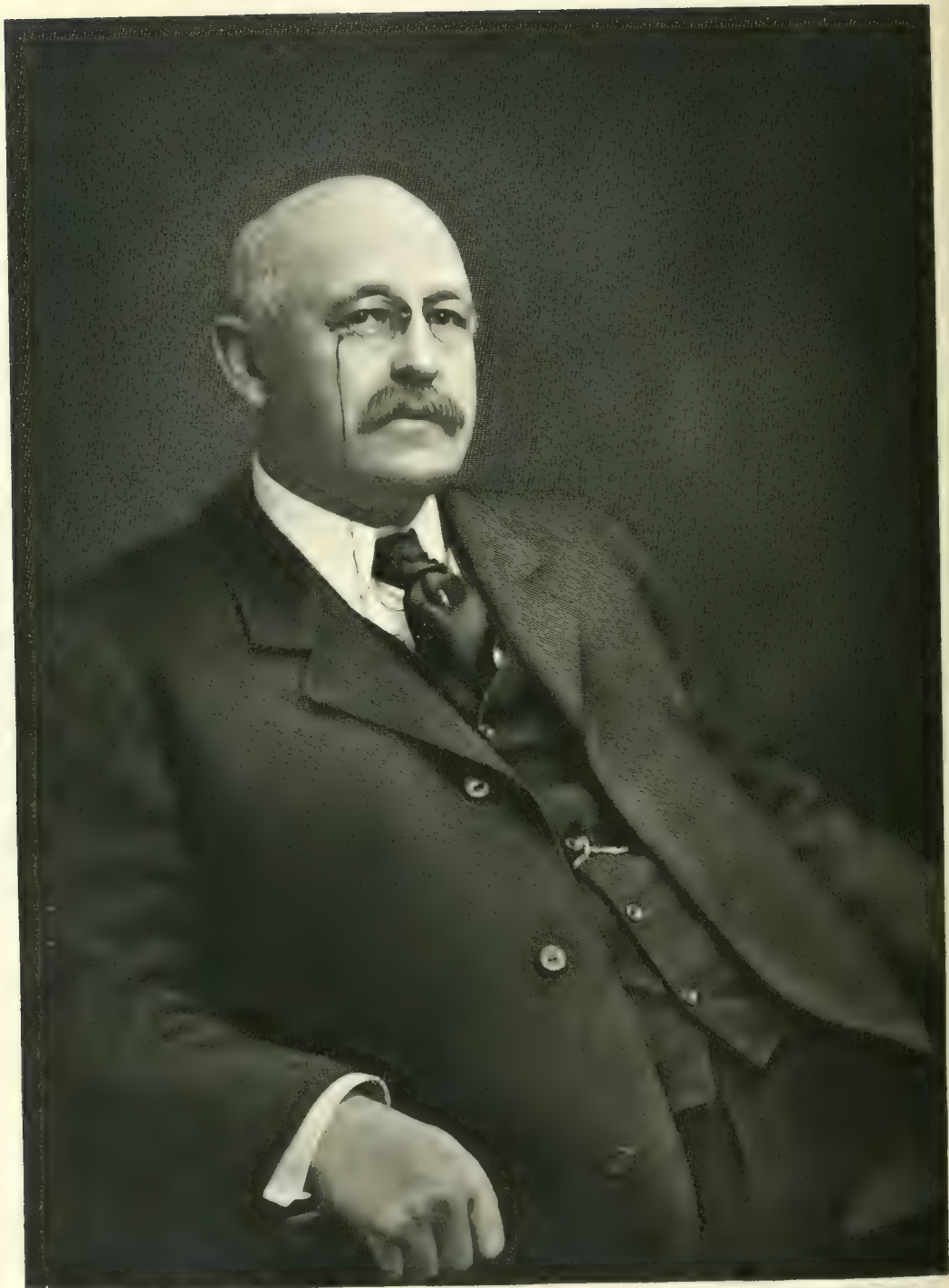
Mr. Tulloch, soon after arrival in this country, allied himself with the Republican party and he has been an enthusiastic follower of that party ever since. He is not an office seeker and has confined his interest to being a member of the Republican City Committee for three years, during the last one of which he was chairman of Ward Ten Committee. He has also represented his ward several years at the Republican State conventions. He was secretary of the Worcester County Football League, which he had a good deal to do in organizing in 1903, and which is still in existence.

Mr. Tulloch organized in 1918 the Worcester Curling Club, of which he is president. He also is regarded as the "Father" of the Anglo Saxon Club, of which he is secretary. He is a member of the Worcester Rotary Club and of the Boston Scottish Society and the Victorian Club of Boston. He is secretary of the Victoria Club of Worcester, which contributed \$3,000 to the relief of the World War sufferers of England.

The Worcester Curling Club was organized January, 1918, with the following officers: President, Donald Tulloch; vice-president, H. Stuart Michie; secretary and treasurer, James Mitchell. Curling is a Scotch game introduced to Worcester sports by Donald Tulloch. The club has played for two winters on rinks at Elm Park Lagoon, and is considered one of the best of winter sports.

The Anglo Saxon Club, Worcester, came into being, December 15, 1917. The purpose of the club is to weld together the people of Worcester who were born under the British flag or their descendants, to assist British subjects to become American citizens, to honor distinguished British Empire citizens by inviting them to Worcester to speak, and to hold cultural meetings among the members. The officers for 1919 are: Honorable president, Matthew J. Whittall; president, Rev. Dr. Archibald McCullagh; vice-presidents, Hon. James Logan and Alfred Thomas; secretary, Donald Tulloch; treasurer, Charles J. Simeon.

Mr. Tulloch was made secretary of the Worcester Vacant Lot Cultivation Society. He was the first secretary of the Worcester Safe and Sane Fourth Committee, when that city began a campaign for a saner celebration of the Glorious Fourth. He



Edwin S. Curtis

is also a member of the Worcester War Chest Committee, which raised about \$37,000 for the relief of the Worcester soldiers and sailors of the World War and their dependents. Mr. Tulloch published two books, "Worcester, City of Prosperity," 1913, and "The Songs and Poems of the Great World War," 1915.

Mr. Tulloch was married in Inverness, Scotland, December 30, 1885, to Isabel Mackenzie, born in Maryburgh, Scotland, May 17, 1865, daughter of Alexander Ross and Christine (Ross) Mackenzie, the former tamed, a farm implement manufacturer, and their children are Elizabeth Mackenzie, Abster Ross, Christine Katherine Donald Hugh Campbell, Flora Isabel, Maud Mackenzie, and James Logan. Abster Ross married Ruth Winifred Knight, and they have one child, Barbara Ruth. They live in Springfield, Massachusetts. Christine Katherine married Guy F. Whitney, of New Hartford, and their children are Louise Isabel and Christine Elizabeth. They live in Jamestown, Rhode Island.

EDWIN P. CURTIS. No State in the Union has given to our country more active, earnest and intelligent business and professional men than has Massachusetts. The State has been the birthplace of a hardy race of men remarkable for their power of endurance and enterprise, as well as superior intelligence and judgment, men who have been leaders in all branches of industry. To this class of Americans, whose energy and individuality never fail to win prominence as factors in the development of the community in which their lot is cast, belongs Edwin P. Curtis, of Worcester, to whom this review is inscribed. While many men owe their success to intense concentration upon one line of activity, and while this quality is one of decided value, there are men in American business life who are so endowed by nature that they have been able to organize and direct successfully a variety of important enterprises. Of these exceptional men Mr. Curtis is an example, although he is best known for his long and prominent connection with the Richardson Manufacturing Company, a corporation with which he has been connected as clerk, director, secretary, treasurer, and president for half a century. A man of quiet tastes and habits, he has taken little part in the political life of his city, but as a business man and executive he has attained the highest rank.

Curtis is a distinctive Worcester name and family. Ephraim Curtis, son of Henry Curtis, the American ancestor, settling in 1673 on five hundred acres, the title to which he had bought in 1672 from the widow of Thomas Noyes. When the authorities found that the five hundred acres which he had located upon (the present site of the city of Worcester) were needed by them in their plans for the settlement, they objected to Mr. Curtis having the land in that location. Later a compromise was effected through the courts, and he was allowed to retain fifty acres of the original five hundred, the balance to be located elsewhere. Upon that tract of fifty acres, duly located and surveyed by order of the General Court, May 27, 1674, by town surveyor, David Fiske, Ephraim Curtis had his home, lived for a time, and carried on trade with the Indians. "He is entitled to rank as the first settler of Worcester," said Senator Hoar in his note to his address delivered at the two hundredth anniversary of the naming of Worcester, "and represents an element which has not received full justice from New England history, the brave and adventuresome frontiersman. His exploit in saving the besieged garrison of Brookfield equalled anything Cooper has imagined of the Leatherstocking." Upon the old homestead at Worcester, Curtis' descendants yet reside, and until the removal of John Edwin Curtis to St. Louis, Missouri, when a young man, the immediate ancestors of Edwin P. Curtis, of the eighth American generation, had lived at Sudbury and Worcester, Captain John Curtis moving from Sudbury to Worcester, and appearing to be the first of the name to permanently settle there.

The name Curtis is derived from a Norman-French word—*curteis* or *courtois*—meaning courteous, civil. The family settled early in Kent, England, and bore arms, the coat borne by the families in Kent and Sussex being identical:

Arms—Argent a chevron sable, between three bulls' heads cabossed gules.

Crest—A unicorn passant or, between four trees proper.

The line is traced to Stephen Curtis, of Appledore, Kent, about 1450. Several of his descendants were mayors of Tenterden, a town from which came many settlers of Scituate, Massachusetts. The family is also found in Suffolk and Warwickshire, England. The coat-of-arms confirmed to John Curtis, of London, Gent., in 1632, who is described as "son of William Curtis of Halton, in the County of Warwick, Gent., son of Eustace Curtis of Malestock, in the said county, Gent., son of William, who was son and heir of John Curtis, of Malestock, aforesaid Gent.," is thus described:

Arms—Azure a fesse dancette between three ducal coronets or.

HENRY CURTIS, The American ancestor, was born in England, in 1607, and came to New England from London with six other passengers (all certified to be members of the Church of England and, to have taken the oath of allegiance and supremacy) in 1635 in the ship "Elizabeth and Ann." He settled at Watertown, becoming a proprietor there in 1636, but in 1639 he was a proprietor and settled in Sudbury. He married, about 1640, Mary Guy, daughter of Nicholas and Jane Guy, of Southampton, England, who with their daughter and two servants came to Massachusetts in the ship "Confidence" in 1638, and settled at Watertown. Henry Curtis died May 8, 1678, leaving three children: Ephraim, born March 31, 1642, known as "lieutenant," founder of Worcester, a noted scout, hunter and soldier of King Philip's War. John, born 1644, died unmarried in Sudbury, December 31, 1678; and Joseph (see biography).

The line of descent from Henry Curtis, the American ancestor, is through Joseph Curtis, his youngest son, born July 17, 1647, in Sudbury, and died there November 26, 1700. In 1675 he served in the Mount Hope campaign against King Philip's Indians in Captain Thomas Prentice's company. His will, dated three days prior to his death, disposed of property at Worcester, probably inherited from his father, and part of the original five hundred acres. He married, in Sudbury, February 5, 1677, Abigail Grout, born October 14, 1655, died April 28, 1745, daughter of Captain John and Sarah (Busby) Grout. They were the parents of two sons, Ephraim and Joseph.

MAJOR EPHRAIM CURTIS, Eldest son of Joseph and Abigail (Grout) Curtis, was born in Sudbury, September 4, 1680, died November 17, 1759, his gravestone in that part of the town now Wayland. He held the rank of major in the militia, was justice of the peace, representative to the General Court, and a special justice of the Court of Common Pleas, appointed in 1741. He married, in Sudbury, May 10, 1705, Mary Stone, of Sudbury, born February 19, 1682, died February 22, 1761, daughter of David and Susanna Stone. They were the parents of four sons, Ephraim, John, Joseph and Samuel.

CAPTAIN JOHN CURTIS, Second son of Major Ephraim and Mary (Stone) Curtis, was born in Sudbury, September 20, 1707, settled in Worcester, and there died June 29, 1797, in his ninetieth year. He was captain of a company which went to the relief of Fort William Henry in 1757. He was a Loyalist prior to the beginning of the war, and signed the Tory protest in 1774. But later he decidedly changed his views and was restored to the favor of his neighbors. From 1754 to 1774 he was proprietor of a Worcester inn; was selectman, 1754-55-56; surveyor of highways, 1756; overseer of the poor, 1758; and member of the school committee. He married (first) in Sudbury, June 4, 1729, Rebekah Wight, of Sudbury, daughter of Benjamin and Elizabeth (Newell) Wight. He married (second) in Lancaster, Massachusetts, November 13, 1755, Elizabeth (Prentice) Robbins, daughter of Rev. John and Mary Prentice, widow of Daniel Robbins. By his first marriage nine sons and five daughters were born: Jonathan, died young; John (2), Jonathan (2); Sarah, died young; Elizabeth; William, died in boyhood; Rebekah; Joseph, deceased; James; Mary; Sarah (2); William (2); Joseph (2); and Tyler; all born in Worcester except the eldest. William and Joseph served in the Revolutionary army.

TYLER CURTIS, Youngest son and child of Captain John Curtis and his first wife, Rebekah (Wight) Curtis, was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, April 28, 1753, and there died April 16, 1807. He resided upon the Curtis homestead in Worcester, and there his children were born. He married, September 5, 1776, Lydia Chamberlain, born in Worcester, October 8, 1755, died there October 5, 1841, aged eighty-six years. She was a daughter of Jacob and Lydia (Stone) Chamberlain, of Worcester. Children: Tyler, died young; Rebecca; John, died young; John (2) (see biography); Sally, died young; Dolly, died young; Elizabeth; Nathaniel; Samuel; Tyler. Tyler Curtis' brother, John Curtis, was grandfather of the distinguished writer, George William Curtis.

JOHN CURTIS, Son of Tyler and Lydia (Chamberlain) Curtis, was born in Worcester, December 23, 1783, and there died August 3, 1826. He married, March 16, 1807, Nancy Stowell, born 1783, daughter of Captain Thomas and Anna (Stone) Stowell of Worcester, and granddaughter of Cornelius Stowell, of Watertown. Children: George Thomas Stowell, Tyler Prentice, Sarah Ann, Harriet Newell, died young, John Edwin (see biography).

JOHN EDWIN CURTIS, Youngest son of John and Nancy (Stowell) Curtis, was born at the Curtis homestead in Worcester, October 11, 1816, died in St. Louis, Missouri, October 4, 1843. He was educated in Worcester schools and grew to manhood at the farm. He chose mercantile life, and when a young man went West, finally locating in St. Louis, continuing in business there until his death. He mar-

ried, May 26, 1841, Amelia Riley, born in Middletown, Connecticut, in 1822, daughter of Calvin and Eunice (Miller) Riley, of Alton, Illinois. Amelia Curtis was a lineal descendant of John Riley, prominent in both the colonies of Connecticut and New Haven, who came with his wife Grace to Wethersfield, Connecticut, in 1645, and there died in 1674, his widow Grace surviving him until November 26, 1703. The line of descent from John and Grace Riley to Amelia (Riley) Curtis was through their son, Lieutenant Isaac Riley, a commissioned officer in the service of Connecticut, born 1670; his son, Nathaniel Riley; his son, Asher Riley; his son, Calvin Riley; his daughter, Amelia (Riley) Curtis. Amelia Curtis was also descended from the Sage, Montague and other well-known Connecticut families, and counted among her ancestors Lieutenant Chileah Smith, of Ipswich, England, who came to Watertown in 1634 and was later a representative to the General Court of Hartford; Richard Treat, of Pitminster, England, a leading citizen of Wethersfield, Connecticut, and one of the patentees of the charter granted by Charles II. to that colony in 1662; Sergeant John Hurlburt, named in the Charter of Connecticut; and Deacon Richard Butler, of Braintree, England, deputy to the General Court.

John Edwin Curtis was a young man of great promise, but died at the early age of twenty-seven leaving two children: Elnora, born March 14, 1842, married Jared Whitman, and died June 6, 1866; Edwin P. (see biography). Mrs. Amelia Curtis married (second) Tyler Prentice Curtis, her husband's brother, who died June 16, 1896. They were the parents of John D., married Clara Nash; Kate, married William T. Brown; William C., who owns and resides upon the old Curtis homestead inherited from his father, Tyler P. Curtis, who lived there all his life.

EDWIN P. CURTIS, Only son of John Edwin and Amelia (Riley) Curtis, and of the eighth generation from the American ancestor, was born at St. Louis, Missouri, February 18, 1844, a few months after the death of his father. He was brought up by his step-father, Tyler Prentice Curtis, on the old Curtis estate in Worcester, which has been held in the family since 1670. He was educated in the public schools of Worcester and at Worcester Academy, and although a minor served in the quartermaster's department of the Union Army during the Civil War, stationed at Cincinnati, Ohio. He returned to Worcester in 1864, and the same year entered the employ of A. P. Richardson, of Worcester, manufacturer of mowing-machines and other agricultural implements. He began in the office, but as time went on held position after position of greater importance, until the incorporation of the business as the Richardson Manufacturing Company, when he was elected secretary of the company, later becoming director, treasurer and president successively, the last of which offices he still holds, rounding out a period of service covering fifty-five years. The company is an important one among Worcester's manufacturing industries and under both the Richardson individual ownership and under its corporate management has pursued a uniformly successful existence.

Mr. Curtis married, January 1, 1868, Harriet Augusta Bigelow, daughter of Walter and Mary (Hyde) Bigelow, a lineal descendant of David Bigelow, of Worcester, prominent there during the Revolution, and brother of Colonel Timothy Bigelow, of famous memory. She is a descendant also of Deacon Edmund Rice, of Phineas Heywood, and Deacon William Trowbridge, early settlers of Worcester; and of Deacon John Jackson, first settler of Cambridge Village (now Newton), Massachusetts, and of Deacon Samuel Hyde, second settler of Cambridge Village. Mr. and Mrs. Curtis have one daughter, Elnora Whitman Curtis, who graduated from Smith College, and later received the degree of Ph. D. from Clark University. On both paternal and maternal lines she traces to the earliest beginnings of Worcester.

THE BIGELOW LINE. Bigelow is a name found in New England at a very early date, and has been well-represented both as to numbers and in the character of citizenship throughout the Union. The Worcester family in this branch trace to David Bigelow, a prominent patriot of Independence days, a brother of Colonel Timothy Bigelow, a brave officer of the Revolution. They were descendants of John Bigelow, baptized in England, February 16, 1617, died in Watertown, Massachusetts, July 14, 1703. He married (first) in Watertown, October 30, 1642, Mary Warren, also of English birth, who died October 19, 1691. He married (second) in 1694, Sarah Bemis. He had six sons and six daughters, and was the ancestor of numerous Bigelow families in New England. His sons were: John, Jonathan, Daniel, Samuel, Joshua, and James. The line of descent is through Joshua Bigelow, born in Watertown, November 5, 1655, lived at Watertown most of his life, but at the age of eighty-six removed with his son Eleizer, in 1742, to land granted them in Narragansett, now Westminister. He died there February 1, 1745, his the first adult death in the town. He served in Captain Ting's company in King Philip's War, was engaged in conflict and received

wounds. Joshua Bigelow married Elizabeth Flagg, daughter of Thomas and Mary Flagg. They were the parents of sons: Joshua, Jonathan, John, Benjamin, Jabez, David, Joseph, Daniel, Ebenezer, Gershom and Eleizer. Descent is traced through Daniel, the eighth son and ninth child.

DANIEL BIGELOW was born in Watertown, his baptismal date August 29, 1697, and died in that part of Worcester known as Pakachoag Hill, about 1789, aged ninety-two. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Nathaniel and Mercy Whitney, and after his marriage settled in Worcester. They were the parents of sons: Daniel (2); David (see biography); Nathaniel; Elijah, died young; Timothy, the Revolutionary officer; and Silence.

DAVID BIGELOW, Of Worcester, second son of Daniel and Elizabeth (Whitney) Bigelow, was born in Worcester, September 19, 1730, died May 10, 1810. He was a very influential patriot during the Revolution, and although physically unfit, owing to a fall which left him a cripple, did yeoman service of a civil nature. He was a member of the Committee of Public Safety; selectman; representative to the General Court in 1777; member of the convention to ratify the Constitution of the United States; deacon of the First Unitarian Church of Worcester; a man of purity of speech, manners and life. He married (first) May 21, 1752, Sarah Eaton, who died October 22, 1761. He married (second), March 8, 1764, Deborah Heywood, who survived him until May 23, 1822. Their home was in the northeast part of the town on the old road to Boylston. Children: David, married Hannah Wellington; Sarah, married Joshua Harrington; Elizabeth, married John Haw; Lydia, died young, born seven days before her mother's death. By second marriage: Lydia (2), married Zachariah Childs; Lucretia, married William Goulding; Dorothy, married Joseph Chadwick; Silas, married Arathusa Moore; Levi, married Nancy Goodhue; Walter (see biography); Tyler, married Clarissa Bigelow, and was the father of Chief Justice General Tyler Bigelow.

WALTER BIGELOW, Next to the youngest son of David Bigelow and his second wife, Deborah (Heywood) Bigelow, was born in Worcester, November 18, 1775, died May 17, 1857. He was a prominent farmer of Worcester, and held several local offices. He married, November 18, 1799, Judith Trowbridge, daughter of William and Sarah Trowbridge. She died March 13, 1863, aged eighty-five years, four months. Children: Sarah Rice, married John (2) Barnard; Andrew, died unmarried; Dolly, died aged nineteen years; Walter (2) (see biography); Mary Elizabeth, married George C. Davis.

WALTER (2) BIGELOW, Younger son of Walter (1) and Judith (Trowbridge) Bigelow, was born in Worcester, August 22, 1811, died February 17, 1880. He was a well-known and influential citizen of Worcester, and in 1861 served as alderman. He married, January 15, 1840, Mary King Hyde, of Newton, daughter of Samuel and Lucy Hyde. She was born in Newton, November 29, 1816, died in Worcester, June 26, 1871. Children: George; Harriet Augusta, married Edwin P. Curtis (q. v.); Mary Frances; Sarah, married Dr. Charles H. Davis; Walter Samuel; Charles Pelham.

THE TROWBRIDGE LINE. Mrs. Curtis' Trowbridge ancestor, Deacon William Trowbridge, was a son of James, son of William, son of Lieutenant James, youngest son of Thomas Trowbridge, of Taunton, England, who married Elizabeth Marshall, and is the progenitor of all of the family in New England of early Colonial ancestry. Lieutenant James Trowbridge was lieutenant, selectman, clerk of writs, deputy to the General Court, commissioner, and deacon. His son, William, born November 19, 1684, married Sarah Ward; their son, James Trowbridge, the first of this name to settle in Worcester.

JAMES TROWBRIDGE was born at Newton, Massachusetts, April 21, 1717, died July 21, 1806. He came to Worcester in 1739 and bought of Matthew Clark his farm of sixty acres and his house on Tatnuck hill, this farm now the property of the Tatnuck Country Club. He lived on that property until 1747, then sold to Richard Flagg, and bought the farm near the Auburn line which for many years was in the possession of himself and his son, the central part of which is now called Trowbridgeville. He also owned a saw mill and a mill for grinding corn, the old house standing on the farm until the present century. He married, in 1740, Jerusha, daughter of Richard and Sarah (Fuller) Park. Of their nine children but one, Deacon William, seems to have remained in Worcester.

DEACON WILLIAM TROWBRIDGE. Of the fifth generation, was born in the homestead at Trowbridgeville, Worcester, Massachusetts, March 20, 1751, died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Lewis Chapin, just over the line in Auburn, September 30, 1838. He was buried in the Mechanics Street Burying Ground in Worcester, but



John G. Johnson

when Foster street was continued through to the Union Station, his remains and those of his family were removed to the old Trowbridge farm and laid in that part now Hope Cemetery. He served as a corporal in the early Revolutionary days, was a member of the committee on correspondence, and held the offices of constable, warden, collector of highway taxes, school committeeman, and in other ways served his day and generation. He was a deacon of the First Unitarian Church for twenty years, and in 1798-99 built his mansion at Trowbridgeville, which, owing to its fine wainscoting and interior finish, was considered one of the handsomest in Worcester. The mansion is still standing. Deacon William Trowbridge married, December 12, 1776, Sarah Rice, daughter of Thomas and Judith (Stearns) Rice. Judith, daughter of Deacon William and Sarah (Rice) Trowbridge, married Walter (1) Bigelow, they the parents of Walter (2) Bigelow, and grandparents of Harriet A. (Bigelow) Curtis, wife of Edwin P. Curtis.

THE HEYWOOD LINE. The Heywood family, under various spellings, Haward, Heywood, Heyood, Heyward, Howard, and other forms, at the fancy of the owner, first appeared in Worcester county with Phineas Heywood, who came with his family about 1739. He was a son of John (2) Heywood, son of John (1) Heywood, who married Rebecca Atkinson in 1656, and is known to have lived in Concord as early as 1650. John (2) Heywood married Sarah Simonds, who bore him thirteen children, including Phineas, the twelfth.

PHINEAS HEYWOOD was born in Concord, Massachusetts July 18, 1707, came to Shrewsbury in Worcester county about 1739, and died March 20, 1776. His widow, Elizabeth, died June 12, 1797, aged eighty-six. Phineas Heywood was prominent in town affairs preceding the Revolution, a delegate to the Provincial congresses, etc. He left a large family of children among whom were: Hon. Benjamin Heywood, was settled in Worcester, served as captain in the Revolution, was judge of the Court of Common Pleas and held various important offices; Elizabeth, born in Worcester, September 13, 1732, died in Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, May 16, 1777, married, May 15, 1755, John Curtis, son of Captain John and Rebekah (Wight) Curtis and father of David Curtis, who was the grandfather of the writer, George William Curtis; Deborah, born in Worcester, April 11, 1736, married, March 8, 1764, David Bigelow, ancestor of Harriet A. (Bigelow) Curtis, wife of Edwin P. Curtis.

THE RICE LINE. The name Rice is of Welsh origin, but there is no record of Deacon Edmund Rice prior to the year 1627, when he, with his family, was living at Berkhamstead, in Hertfordshire, England. He came to New England in 1638 with his wife Tamazine and seven children, one born on the voyage and one dying. They settled at Sudbury in 1639, going thence to Marlboro, where he died May 3, 1663. Four children were born to them in New England.

THOMAS RICE, Son of Deacon Edmund Rice, the founder, was born about 1622, in Buckinghamshire, England, and resided at Sudbury and Marlboro, Massachusetts, settling in the latter town about 1664, and there died November 16, 1681. He married Mary King, who bore him nine sons and four daughters, Ephraim being the seventh child; Jonas, "the father of Worcester," being the eleventh.

EPHRAHIM RICE, Son of Thomas Rice, born April 15, 1665, was a proprietor of Worcester, and had thirty acres granted him there in 1718, but so far as known he never lived there. He was a brother of Jonas Rice, the first permanent settler of Worcester. Ephraim Rice married Hannah Livermore, daughter of John and Hannah Livermore, of Watertown, who died at Sudbury, May 21, 1724.

THOMAS RICE, Son of Ephraim Rice, was born March 21, 1701, died at Worcester, December 17, 1785. He married (first) Mary Hall, who died at Worcester, September 8, 1749. He married (second) Judith Stearns, who died November, 1811, aged eighty-one, the mother of Sarah Rice, wife of William Trowbridge.

SARAH RICE, Born August 22, 1756, married William Trowbridge, she a daughter of Thomas and Judith (Stearns) Rice.

JOHN GOLDTHWAITE JOHNSON, Honored public official, is esteemed and respected by all. There are few men in Worcester who occupy a more enviable position in industrial, commercial and political circles than John G. Johnson, representative of the Thirtieth Worcester District in the Massachusetts Legislature. He is a man of untiring energy, quick perception, forms his plans readily and is determined in their execution, and his close application to whatever he undertakes is responsible for the success which he has achieved in his active career.

On the paternal side, Mr. Johnson traces his ancestry to William Johnson, who went out from Charlestown in 1608 and became one of the first builders of ships in Newbury, afterwards known as Newburyport, and famous as one of the great ship W.—II—50.

building centers of the entire country. This line of the family lived in the old town from 1698 to 1868. William Johnson, born February 12, 1678, died August 3, 1732, married Martha Pierce. Their son, Isaac Johnson, was born in 1710, died in 1782, married Martha Greenleaf, who was born March 18, 1714, and died May 30, 1782. In the third generation, their son, Isaac J. Johnson, was born March 29, 1752, married Frances Holmes, who was born at Newburyport, January 24, 1762. In the fourth generation, their son, Isaac Johnson, was born October 10, 1784, and died October 8, 1863. He married Sarah Broadman Goldthwaite, born October 12, 1791, and died March 25, 1868. In the fifth generation their son, John G. Johnson, was born in Newburyport, September 23, 1818, and died July 26, 1864. He married Malinda D. Swain, who was born at Northwood, New Hampshire, January 10, 1821, and died March 24, 1903, at the age of eighty-two years. They were the parents of the John G. Johnson, an account of whose life is the subject of this biography.

On the maternal side the line of the Swain family in America is as follows: Richard, William, John, William, Phineas, Reuben, Malinda D. On April 6, 1635, William and Francis Swain, sons of Richard Swain, came to America in the "Rebecca," John Hedges, master, and later William Swain and his wife — (Bassett) Swain, sailed from London, England, on the "True-love," John Gibbs, master. They settled at Rowley, Massachusetts, but later, shortly after the settling of Hampton, New Hampshire, removed thither. Phineas Swain, above mentioned, was born in Epping, New Hampshire, October 2, 1762, and died at Northwood, New Hampshire, August 20, 1840, aged seventy-seven years, ten months, and nineteen days. He enlisted in the Revolutionary War when fifteen years of age, and was at West Point at the time of Benedict Arnold's treason. His first enlistment was for six months, and he served from June to July, 1777; his second enlistment was for nine months, from March, 1778; his third enlistment was for six months, from July, 1779; his fourth enlistment was for three months, from July, 1780, under Simeon Marston. He served under Captain Ezekiel Worthen, Captain Henry Butler, Colonel Senter, Colonel Stephen Peabody, Colonel Hercules Mooney, and Colonel Thomas Bartlett. All his enlistments were from Epping, New Hampshire. He married, January 19, 1784, Jane Carr, born May 27, 1765, died January 24, 1838. Their son, Reuben Swain, was born in Northwood, New Hampshire, October 9, 1787, and married Sallie Carswell, born June 9, 1790, died February 4, 1846. Their daughter, Malinda D. Swain, was born at Northwood, New Hampshire, January 10, 1821, and died March 24, 1903, aged eighty-two years. She became the wife of John G. Johnson, of previous mention. They were the parents of another child, Emma Frances, born in Exeter, Massachusetts, March 15, 1859. She was educated at the Portsmouth High School, and when sixteen years old began teaching school and so continued for twenty-two years, teaching in the Newtonville High School, and in the schools of Nashua, New Hampshire, in which city she is now residing.

John G. Johnson was born in Portsmouth, New Hampshire, May 23, 1864, the son of John G. and Malinda D. (Swain) Johnson. He attended the public schools of his native city, completing his studies at the grammar school when fourteen years of age. His first employment was in the Government Navy Yard at Portsmouth, where he remained for one year. He then went to Nashua, New Hampshire, and secured employment in a machine shop, after which he became an employee of the railroad, performing the duties of fireman, and at the expiration of that time he was promoted to the position of engineer, serving in that capacity on a passenger train before he had attained the age of twenty-two years. He had charge of an engine for only one year before he was pulling a passenger train, this fact demonstrating his ability and skill. In 1893 he resigned his position as an engineer on the railroad, and removed to Worcester, Massachusetts, and there accepted the position of engineer in the Worcester County Mechanics' Association building, and later became chief engineer of the State Mutual Life Insurance Company building, his term of service extending over a period of four years and seven months, when he resigned in order to enter the employ of the Electric Storage Battery Company of Philadelphia, with which concern he remained for one year. He then engaged in business on his own account, conducting a bakery and confectionary store located at the corner of Highland and West streets, Worcester, for a number of years, and since 1912 has conducted a wholesale business in peanuts, in which he has been highly successful.

Mr. Johnson has always taken an active interest in the political affairs of Worcester, of which city he has been a resident for twenty-three years, and has been chosen by his fellow-citizens to fill offices of trust and responsibility. He served for four years on the Republican City Committee; for two years, 1913-14, as a member of the Common Council, serving on the committee of sewers and legislative affairs; in 1915 as a member of the Board of Aldermen, serving as chairman of the legislative committee and the committee of sewers and assessments, and as a member of the com-

mittee of finance and ordinances; was chosen to represent the Thirteenth Worcester District in the Massachusetts Legislature and has been re-nominated for the 1917 term, during his period of service being a member of the committee of cities, a very important committee. He is a member of the Worcester County Club, and of the Worcester County Republican Club.

Mr. Johnson married, April 2, 1890, Lula Frances Merrick, born in Holden, Massachusetts, daughter of Deputy Sheriff Edward Wallace Merrick, of Holden, Massachusetts, and of his wife, Mary A. (Chapman) Merrick, and one child was born of this marriage, Ralph Merrick Johnson, born in Worcester, Massachusetts, January 28, 1894. He graduated from the public and high schools of Worcester, and from the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, class of 1915. He is employed as a chemist at the Norton Company works in Worcester. He is a member of Morning Star Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and also of the Council. He married Doris Louise White, daughter of Officer Clinton S. and Louise J. White, of Worcester.

Edward Wallace Merrick, father of Mrs. John G. Johnson, was born in Rutland, Massachusetts, May 22, 1843, and died December 11, 1914, aged seventy-two years. He was engaged in the insurance business; served as deputy-sheriff for twenty-five years, and was overseer of the poor for forty years. His wife, Mary A. (Chapman) Merrick, was born in New Ipswich, New Hampshire, August 21, 1848. Edward Merrick, father of Edward Wallace Merrick, was born at Sterling, Massachusetts, July 16, 1816, and died at Princeton, Massachusetts, July 20, 1892. He married, November 11, 1841, Fannie Clark, of Hubbardston, Massachusetts, born in 1821, died in Worcester, Massachusetts, October 7, 1914. Edward Merrick, who had his name changed to Merrick by the Legislature or the Courts, was a son of Jesse Partridge, born at Walpole, Massachusetts, February 25, 1784, died at Princeton, Massachusetts, October 1, 1882, and his remains were interred in a cemetery at Holden, Massachusetts. He married Lydia Maynard. He is a son of Jesse Partridge, born February 28, 1747, died March 29, 1838, and buried in the old cemetery at Holden, Massachusetts. He was ninety-one years old at the time of his death. He married Keziah Clapp, born May 2, 1753, died September 1, 1819. Jesse Partridge served as a soldier in the Revolutionary War. Mrs. Mary A. (Chapman) Merrick was a daughter of Gates, Jr. and Sophia (Adams) Chapman, who were married September 9, 1847. He was born April 27, 1825, died January 23, 1896, and she was born August 21, 1829, died September 7, 1871. Gates Chapman, Sr., father of Gates Chapman, Jr., was born February 8, 1798, and died March 25, 1873. He married, April 24, 1824, Mary Burnham, born June 16, 1807, died March 25, 18—. Dudley Chapman, father of Gates Chapman, Sr., was born May 19, 1765, died October 17, 1832. He was a soldier of the Revolutionary War, and a leading bass singer of the Peterboro church. He married Elizabeth Wheaton, born November 12, 1760, died November 28, 1826. Mrs. John G. Johnson, and her mother, Mrs. Edward W. Merrick, were charter members of Captain George Webb Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, through the Revolutionary services of their ancestors.

In studying the lives and characters of prominent men, we are naturally led to inquire into the secret of their success and the motives that prompted their action. When we trace the career of those highest in public esteem, we find in nearly every case that they are those that have risen gradually, fighting their way in the face of all opposition. Self-sacrifice, conscientiousness, energy, honesty, these are the traits of character that insure the highest emoluments and greatest success. To these we attribute the success that has crowned the efforts of John G. Johnson.

JOHN JOSEPH HAYDEN, Physician and surgeon, as born in this city, April 23, 1878, son of William and Hannah (Nagle) Hayden. William Hayden was born in County Queens, Ireland, December 8, 1843, and came to this country in 1872, making his home here. He is now living in this city, retired. He married, here, Hannah Nagle, and they had four children: Michael, the eldest, foreman in the employ of the Worcester Gas Light Company; Mary, died at the age of two years; John Joseph; and Hannah A., who lives with Dr. Hayden. The Hayden family has lived in Ireland for many generations in and about County Queens.

John J. Hayden attended the public schools here, continuing with the English High until he was nineteen years of age, when he entered the employ of the Graton & Knight Manufacturing Company, remaining with this concern for seven years. He then became a student in the Baltimore Medical College, from which he graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1908. He was afterward an interne in the Farren Memorial Hospital, Montague City, Massachusetts, and then in the House of Providence Hospital in Holyoke. Since 1909 he has been in private practice in this city. His office is at No. 360 Grafton street, where he also resides, erecting his residence in 1917. He is a member of both the State and Worcester District Medical societies,

Alhambra Council, No. 88, Knights of Columbus; ——— Lodge, No. 59, Massachusetts Order of Foresters; and a communicant of St. Stephen's Catholic Church of this city.

Dr. Hayden married, in this city, September 9, 1914, Katherine P. Bane, who was born in Worcester, June 29, 1883, daughter of John and Anna (Regan) Bane. Her father was born in Galway, Ireland; served in the Civil War, was wounded in action, under General George A. Custer, who was afterward killed in battle by the Indians. Her mother was a native of St. John's, Newfoundland, died in this city, March 21, 1911. Dr. and Mrs. Hayden have two children: John William, born in this city, August 12, 1915; Marion, born in this city, November 17, 1918.

JOSEPH CONVERSE ELLIS, Merchant and real estate operator, was born in this city, September 30, 1850, and died here March 9, 1906. He was the son of Sylvester and Mary Ann (Boynton) Ellis, being one of nine children, he and his sister, Jennie A., being the only two to survive to maturity.

Mr. Ellis received his education in the public schools of this city, and after leaving school became associated in business with his father, who was a dealer in meats and provisions. He succeeded to the business and subsequently entered into partnership with Luther Baker, under the firm name of Baker & Ellis. This firm was located on Park street, now Franklin street, and built the brick building in which the business was conducted. Gradually the firm became more interested in the development of real estate, and finding it more profitable gave up the market and provision business, opening a real estate office on Front street. This firm built several houses and apartments, among them the Boynton and Windsor Apartments, which were among the first apartments in the city. Mr. Ellis was a shrewd judge of land values, and served many years as appraiser and trustee of the People's Savings Bank, of this city. He was often chosen as appraiser and expert in suits at law and in land damage cases. He was also a commissioner on the widening of Shrewsbury street. He was a trustee of the Old Men's Home, and a commissioner of the Hope Cemetery Corporation. Fraternally, he was a member of Quinsigamond Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

On May 8, 1880, Mr. Ellis married Minnie C. J. Salter, who was born in St. John, New Brunswick, Canada, daughter of A. C. A. and Elizabeth H. (Knight) Salter. Mrs. Ellis survives her husband, and resides at the homestead, No. 1200 Main street. To Mr. and Mrs. Ellis were born the following children: 1. Elizabeth Boynton, who is a graduate of the Worcester High School, and is now a clerk in the office of the Register of Deeds in this city. 2. Harold Baker, who is a graduate of the Worcester High School, spent one year at Mercersburg (Pennsylvania), Academy, and two years as a student at the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, after which he became connected with the Graton & Knight Manufacturing Company, in the purchasing department, where he was employed until his enlistment, December 3, 1917, in the United States Army for service in the World War. 3. Mildred Salter, a student at school. 4. Edith Carolyn, a student at school. Mr. Ellis was descended in various lines from the pioneers of New England. Mrs. Ellis is also descended from early Colonial stock.

LEON JOSEPH KREFT. Although a young man Mr. Kreft has from youth occupied such a place in the public service and life of his town that a record of his achievements indicates a man of far greater years. As town official, newspaper writer, reporter, advertising specialist and war worker, he has won high standing among journalists and business men, while his numerous fraternal affiliations have brought into strong relief his admirable social qualities. He is a native son of Worcester county, Massachusetts, born in Webster, a town in which he has always retained his residence although his business interests are centered in Worcester and Boston. He is a son of Valeryan Kreft, also born in Webster, Massachusetts, and there yet residing, having for a quarter of a century been connected with the Boston store of that town. Valeryan Kreft married Kate F. Roche, born in Ware, Massachusetts, and they are the parents of three children: J. Raymond, now an accountant with the Washburn & Garfield Company; Louis F., of Rockland, Massachusetts, engaged in shoe manufacturing; Leon J. (see biography).

Leon J. Kreft, youngest son of Valeryan and Kate F. (Roche) Kreft, completed his studies with graduation from the St. Louis High School, and has since been actively engaged in business as an advertising man, journalist and special writer. He is now treasurer of Leon J. Kreft Company, Incorporated, newspaper advertising specialists, No. 310 Slater building, Worcester. For two years he was a member of the reportorial staff of the "Worcester Telegram," and for two years has been a special writer of labor articles, strikes, etc., for Boston newspapers. For four years he was a member of the Webster Democratic Town Committee and for three years its secretary; member and secretary of the Webster Board of Health three years;



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member of the Massachusetts Associated Boards of Health; member of the Massachusetts Anti-Tuberculosis League. Mr. Kreft was elected on March 24, 1919, for an additional three years as member of the Board of Health in Webster. Since the outbreak of war with Germany, he enlisted for war service in the United States Public Service Reserve, National War Work Council, Young Men's Christian Association, United States Department of Labor, United States (Civilian) Department of Ordnance, and has served as secretary of the publicity board of Webster Home Defence Committee. In these varied activities Mr. Kreft has borne an important part, and in no small measure has contributed to their success. He is a member of the Polonia Political Club, and in 1918 was the candidate of the Democratic party for representative from the Sixth Worcester District. He is a member and ex-secretary of the Webster Automobile Club; member and ex-trustee of Webster Aerie, Fraternal Order of Eagles; member of Lakeside Lodge, Loyal Order of Moose; Court Friendship, Foresters of America; and Elias P. Morton Camp, Sons of Veterans.

Mr. Kreft married, October 27, 1912, Jessie L. Tourtellotte, a granddaughter of Judge Tourtellotte, of Thompson, Connecticut, now deceased, and a daughter of J. Burton and Emma (Ledoux) Tourtellotte, both residing in Worcester, Massachusetts. Mr. and Mrs. Kreft are the parents of two children: Leon Joseph, Jr., born July 20, 1914; Pauline Jessie, June 21, 1915.

WALTER ALAN HARRINGTON. The Harringtons of this branch are of an ancient Shrewsbury family, the progenitors early settling in New England. Walter Alan Harrington is a son of James Henry Harrington, son of Walter Harrington, son of Martin and Lucinda (Temple) Harrington, she a daughter of Joseph S. Temple, also of ancient Colonial family. Walter Harrington was born in Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, July 12, 1816, died in North Grafton, Massachusetts, in 1895. He was a contractor of note, a man of high character and influence. In politics Mr. Harrington was a Democrat of the Jeffersonian and Jacksonian type and always stood by that belief. He married Melissa Taber, of Topsham, Vermont, who bore him two children: Walter, born in Grafton, died aged fourteen years; James Henry, mentioned below.

James Henry Harrington was born at North Grafton, Massachusetts, January 24, 1841, and there died, November 5, 1905. He learned the tool maker's trade, becoming a thoroughly expert workman. In 1865 he went to California, and for three years was employed by the Pacific Iron Company at his trade in San Francisco. He then returned East and was employed in shops in New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts, and Rhode Island. At one time he was employed at the United States Arsenal at Watertown, Massachusetts, and again at the Arsenal of Springfield, Massachusetts. Later he settled in Boston, which was his home for twenty-nine years. In that city he was employed by the J. T. Hancock Company and by the John L. Whitin Brush Company, for twenty-one years. He was a member of the Masonic Order, and politically a Republican. Mr. Harrington married, in 1875, Ella J. Kirby, born in Worcester, August 9, 1852, daughter of Frank A. and Rebecca (Piper) Kirby. Mr. and Mrs. Harrington are the parents of two children: Mildred Ella, born November 20, 1876, married George T. Woodward, a journalist of Worcester, and died in 1908, without children; Walter Alan.

Walter Alan Harrington was born in Boston, Massachusetts, May 11, 1882. He attended the Boston public schools and finished his studies with graduation from Grafton Center High School in 1901. For eighteen months after graduation he was in the employ of Frost, Briggs & Chamberlain, architects of Worcester, after which he entered the service of the Worcester Manufacturers Mutual Insurance Company as a clerk. On March 17, 1911, he was promoted to the post of assistant-secretary, and on March 6, 1912, was elected secretary of the company, an important office which he still fills most acceptably. The company was incorporated in 1855, and is one of the most successful of mutual companies. Mr. Harrington is a Republican in politics, and for two years has represented his ward on the Republican City Committee. He is a member of the Commonwealth Club, is fond of a game of billiards, and of a day with rod and reel by a trout or bass stream or lake.

Mr. Harrington married, in Grafton, Massachusetts, July 20, 1912, Blanche Rebecca Ripley, born at Coldbrook Springs, Worcester county, Massachusetts, daughter of Walter L. and Florence Nightingale (Duffy) Ripley, her father deceased, her mother yet residing in Grafton, Massachusetts. Mr. and Mrs. Harrington are the parents of a son, Walter Alan, Jr., born April 10, 1914. A second child died at birth.

WALLACE HERBERT YOUNG, Treasurer of Young Brothers Company, was born in New Germany, Lunenburg county, Nova Scotia, November 20, 1867. When he was two years old his parents moved to Kings county, where he received his education in the public schools. He came to this city at the age of twenty-five. Here

he found employment with W. D. Graves, ladder dealer, No. 400 West Baylston street. Four years later, in 1896, he and his brother, George F. Young, succeeded to the ladder business and carried on the sale of ladders. In the first winter they made a few extension ladders as an experiment. In 1897 their business had grown and they employed their brother, H. W. Young, and added another wagon for the sale of their ladders. Another brother, W. E. Young, was employed in 1898 selling ladders, and one year later became a partner in the firm, which was afterward known as Young Brothers. In 1900 they engaged another brother, F. M. Young. By 1906 the firm had six wagons employed in selling their product in summer, and later they had eight. In 1902 the firm acquired all of the property of W. D. Graves, and Judson O. Young, another brother, entered the employ of the firm. In 1903 G. F. Young sold his interests to F. M. and J. O. Young, but a year later George F. again became a partner. He was killed in a railroad accident, November 3, 1906, at Barber's Crossing, Worcester. In 1910 F. M. Young sold his share in the business. The business was incorporated, April 7, 1911, with W. E. Young as president; Wallace H. Young, treasurer; J. O. Young, assistant treasurer and manager of the Springfield branch, which Young Brothers have carried on since 1906. The site of the present factory at Greendale was purchased in 1907, and the factory erected. In 1913 the company added the coal and wood business, with spacious buildings and facilities, and a large trade has been built up in a few years. Mr. Young is a member of the People's Church of Greendale.

Mr. Young married (first) April 15, 1900, Mrs. Lucy (Holmes) Kunzelman, of Vermont; she died August 1, 1909. He married (second) September 25, 1912, Maud A. M. Brennan, of Lake George, Kings county, Nova Scotia. Mrs. Young was a daughter of William and Marcia Alice (Ward) Brennan. Children by first wife: Henry P. Kunzelman, graduate of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, 1915; Francis J. Kunzelman, of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, 1918. Children by second marriage: Benjamin Herbert, died in infancy, 1913; and Florence Marcia, born July 21, 1914.

Mrs. Young (Maud A. M. Brennan) was a high school teacher, and was graduated from Truro Normal School, Nova Scotia, Truro School of Science, and MacDonald Institute, Guelph, Ontario. She specialized in nature study, and made a complete collection of ferns native to Nova Scotia; also collected a large herbarium of mounted mosses, plants of fungous growth and flowering plants; studied and collected many insects of different orders, and showed them in different stages of life history; was a deep student of ornithology and could identify nearly all the land birds of the Maritime provinces of Canada. Her father was born in Nova Scotia, in 1829, son of Patrick Brennan, who was an aide-de-camp to a General in the British army, born in Kilkenny, stationed in London, England; in York, Canada, and Halifax, receiving 200 acres for his military services. William Brennan married, in Nova Scotia, in 1871, Marcia Alice Ward, and had Jessie, Maud, Blanche, Florence, Julia, William, Joseph (deceased), Benjamin (deceased), Edward and Laurie. He was keenly interested in politics, in temperance and other reform movements; a strong Conservative in politics; member of the Good Templars and Sons of Temperance; a land surveyor, much employed in surveying the old lines of grants, and in placing the bounds for the farms in that section; the best authority on old landmarks; familiar with every lake and river; a veteran of the Fenian Raids, receiving a grant for his military service, and having an excellent stock farm; member of the Methodist church. Joseph L. Ward, the mother's father, was born in North Alton, Nova Scotia, September, 1813; married Caroline Eliza Calkin, who was born at Cornwallis, Nova Scotia, in 1816. He was of English stock. The Calkin family has been very prominent in Nova Scotia. One of the family compiled the system of bookkeeping taught in the public schools; wrote histories and geography text-books. (See *Geography of the World*, by J. B. Calkin, brother of Mrs. Young's grandmother. He was inspector of schools for several years in Nova Scotia, and principal of Nova Scotia Normal School, at Truro, for thirty years).

Obadiah P. Young, father of the Young brothers of this city, was born in 1839, in Nova Scotia, died in this city, January 27, 1916. He spent his last years in Worcester. He married, in 1862, Annie Cashman, of Nova Scotia. Their children were: Harris W.; Wallace H., mentioned above; George F. (deceased); Parker J., of this city; Cora B.; Frank M.; Lamert L.; Mary A.; Clara (deceased); Judson O.; Foster V.; William E., mentioned below.

William E. Young, president of the Young Brothers Company, was born in Nova Scotia, April 29, 1872, son of Obadiah P. Young, mentioned above. He attended the schools of his native place, and completed his education here in the evening schools. Since the firm of Young Brothers became a corporation he has been president. He is



Stephen A. Lombard

a member of Central Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; of the Greendale Baptist Church and of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce.

WILLIAM H. LELAND, Partner of the Leland-Gifford Company, was born on Granite street, in this city, February 22, 1866, son of R. F. and Jane Leland. He is descended from Henry Leland, the pioneer of the family, who was born in England about 1630, married Margaret Babcock, came to this country in 1652, and died in Sherborn, April 4, 1680. He began his school life in the old Dix street building, where he was a pupil until he was ten years old. When a small boy he assisted his father, who was a teamster, taking long drives, and early in life became accustomed to hard, manual work. He worked also in the cotton mills at Northville when a mere lad, and in the Worcester Slipper Shop, on Mechanic street. At the age of thirteen he entered the employ of Charles G. Washburn, in the Wire Goods Company shops, in Allen Court, and there he learned the trade of machinist, remaining with the concern when it moved to Union street. During his apprenticeship he remodeled and built the threading machines, and was placed in charge of them. He left the Wire Goods Company to enter the employ of Lester Pease, of M. C. Pease & Company, but was soon asked to return by his former employers and accepted the opportunity. Soon afterward he perfected the first machine for manufacturing wire nails in this city. Afterward he was employed in the shops of L. W. Pond, and by Prentice Brothers, for whom he worked sixteen years, beginning as a planer hand, and then working in various departments, finally becoming superintendent of the factory.

In 1901 he formed a partnership with Albert J. Gifford, with whom he had been associated in the factory of Prentice Brothers. Mr. Gifford was a draughtsman there. The firm fitted up a machine shop in a small barn at the rear of Mr. Gifford's home, Oread street, and worked days, nights and Sundays to perfect a screw machine; in 1902 Mr. Leland built a small shop at his residence, and the business was moved thither. They did a jobbing business at this time to meet their expenses, and while grinding some crank-shafts for a Detroit concern, Mr. Leland thought he saw an opening for future business. The firm set to work then to build a machine for grinding crank-shafts and abandoned the screw machine. In 1903 a crank-pin grinding machine was perfected, the first in this country. From that time the success of the business was assured. The old quarters were outgrown, and in 1906 the plant was located in the present quarters, No. 1025 Southbridge street. The building has been repeatedly enlarged, and the capacity of the plant increased. Subbo Nikolaff, a skillful machinist and inventor, became a member of the firm in 1904, and since then the firm name has been the Leland-Gifford Company. In addition to the crank-shaft grinding machinery manufactured by the firm, various other machine tools are being manufactured at the present time.

Mr. Leland married, November 27, 1892, Johannah Mahoney, of this city. They have three sons: William F., born 1894, student three years in the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, now associated in business with his father; Henry, born 1903; Walter, born 1907. Their home is at No. 6 Sheridan street.

NATHAN AUSTIN LOMBARD, Pioneer in the manufacture of textile machinery in this city, was born in Sutton, Massachusetts, April 16, 1808, died in this city in 1894, aged eighty-six years, son of Nathan and Delight (Allen) Lombard. His father was a cabinetmaker in Sutton, and he employed a number of journeymen and apprentices. In front of the house on the old homestead there were four large sycamore trees "the most noble of their kind, affording the most grateful shade for man and beast; for in their day before railroads and iron horses came into use, loaded teams and tired droves of panting cattle passed under their extended branches and were rested and refreshed; many weary droves from beyond the Connecticut have halted there to cool their parched tongues. Even the droves from Kentucky have been refreshed by their shade." These trees were cut down for yoke timber many years ago. Mr. Lombard's shop was made into a dwelling house, taken down, rebuilt and finally burned in 1875 (p. 212-13, History of Sutton). The Lombards were descended from early settlers of New England. Nathan Lombard was the first to locate in Sutton. His children were: Alanson Allen, born January 25, 1803; Adaline Marinda, born August 5, 1804, drowned May 29, 1822; Hervey Faulkner, born May 3, 1806; Nathan Austin, mentioned below; Julia Ann, born August 8, 1814; Emily, born May 9, 1817; and Loring, who died in New York.

Nathan Austin Lombard spent his boyhood in Sutton, working on farms, in his father's shop and attending the public schools. He came to this city about 1838, and made his home here during the remainder of his life. He was employed in various shops until 1851, when the firm of Willard, Williams & Company was formed, consisting of Fitzroy Willard, Warren Williams, Nathan A. Lombard, Charles A. Whitte-

more and H. W. Conklin. This firm, April 1, 1851, bought the business of Henry Goulding, who succeeded Goulding & Davis, November 15, 1844. The business had previously been conducted by Henry Goulding & Company, 1837-1844, who were then building woolen machinery valued at \$60,000 a year; succeeding a number of firms, dating back to the year 1822, when the business was established by Ichabod Washburn. Mr. Lombard's firm became F. Willard & Company, April 2, 1855, and the partners were: Fitzroy Willard, Charles A. Whittemore, H. W. Conklin, and Mr. Lombard. This firm in turn was succeeded by Bickford & Lombard, April 1, 1861, and finally Mr. Lombard became the sole proprietor. From 1823 this business had been confined to the manufacture of woolen machinery of various kinds, carding machinery, spinning machinery, spinning jacks, pickers, dusters, willowers, etc. The location of the business was at the southeast corner of School and Union streets. Mr. Lombard was highly successful in business and never suffered a financial reverse. He owned much real estate here.

Mr. Lombard married in Worcester, May 6, 1834, Sarah Wiswell, and had four children: George Austin, born at Sutton, September 9, 1837; Catherine Curtis, April 5, 1840, in Worcester; Edward Kirk, mentioned below; Samuel Wiswell, baptized December 21, 1844.

Edward Kirk Lombard, son of Nathan Austin Lombard, was born in this town, January 25, 1843, and died here in 1914. He was educated in the public schools of this city, and after leaving school was associated in business with his father. He succeeded to the ownership of the business. He enlarged the factory and increased the business. He sold some of the adjoining real estate. He was in active business for fifty years, and retired shortly before his death, after selling the plant to the Economic Machinery Company. At the time of the sale, the business had been in existence for nearly a century and was one of the oldest industries in the city with a wonderful record of achievement in developing machinery and manufacturing machines for the textile mills. Mr. Lombard was a member of Montacute Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons. Like his father he was kindly, charitable and generous in his dealings with all men; loved his home city and lost no opportunity to work and contribute to its prosperity and welfare. He was a Republican, but not active in politics.

Edward K. Lombard married, November 22, 1865, Malvina A. Foster, who was born in Hubbardston, Massachusetts, coming to this city at the age of eleven years. Her father, Charles M. Foster, came here at that time to make his home in this city. Mrs. Lombard had a brother, Walter R. Foster, who served as drummer boy in the Civil War, afterward station agent of the old Union Station, Foster street. Edward K. Lombard had but one child, who survived infancy. His daughter, Ella D. Lombard, who was born in this city, married, in 1902, in Worcester, Edwin I. Storer, who was born in Brunswick, Maine, in 1876, and came to Worcester in 1893 as a student in the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, class of 1897. After finishing, he entered the employ of Curtis & Marble. He was afterward employed in various gas companies. In 1908 he returned to Worcester, where he was employed as draughtsman and engineer until the time of his death in February, 1915. Mr. and Mrs. Storer had two children: Irving L. and Philip Y. Storer. Their home is at No. 3 Chamberlain parkway, Worcester.

CARL REED BROWNELL. The Brownells, father and son, have for several years been business contemporaries and associates. The father, George Loomis Brownell, is the inventor and manufacturer of the Brownell Twister, a machine made exclusively by him, the son, Carl Reed Brownell, being associated with his father in the Twister business, and both are interested in the Worcester Tire Fabric Company, C. R. Brownell being president of this company. George Loomis Brownell has his factory at Union and Market streets, Worcester, there specializing in the manufacture of the Brownell Twister, a machine for making hard or soft twines, lines and cordage from either cotton, linen, hemp, manilla and paper. He is a successful business man, highly valued as a man of ability and integrity. He married Elizabeth Reed, and they are the parents of Carl Reed Brownell, of further mention.

Carl Reed Brownell was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, November 21, 1889. After completing public school course, graduating from the Classical High School, class of 1907, he entered the Sheffield Scientific School, Yale University, whence he was graduated in June, 1910. After graduation from Sheffield Scientific School, Mr. Brownell became associated with his father, George L. Brownell, in the manufacture of the Brownell Twister, and has maintained that connection until the present, 1919. In 1913 he was active in forming the Worcester Tire Fabric Company, a Massachusetts corporation, of which he is now president. He is a member of the Economic, Rotary, Tatum's Country, and Worcester Country clubs, of Worcester, the Akron City Club, of Akron, Ohio, the Yale Club, of New York City, United Commercial Travelers' of America, and in political faith is a Republican.



Ross C. Purdy

Mr. Brownell married, at Haverford, Pennsylvania, June 6, 1914, Yndita Crosby Hanckel, daughter of Edward Reed and Augusta (Watson) Hanckel. Mr. and Mrs. Brownell are the parents of a son, George Loomis (2), born in Worcester, December 3, 1917.

GEORGE ROBERT BRYANT. Robert Bryant, a farmer, died in Berkshire, Vermont, at the age of twenty-five years. He married Eliza Cowan Bryant, and left two children: Ella Jane, now the wife of Carlos H. Cornish, of Worcester, he a retired pattern-maker. They have two children, Cora and Gertrude Cornish; George Robert Bryant is of further mention.

George Robert Bryant, only son of Robert and Eliza (Cowan) Bryant, was born in Worcester, February 16, 1856, his parents soon thereafter moving to Berkshire, Vermont. He passed the first twenty years of his life in that State, obtaining a public school education, and following various occupations. In 1876 he returned to Worcester and for eleven years was employed with Washburn & Moen. He began business for himself in 1887 and has been very successful in the management of it. Mr. Bryant is a Republican in politics, is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and of Grace Methodist Episcopal Church. He has been very active in church work, and for several years a trustee and also assistant superintendent of the Sunday school.

Mr. Bryant married, in Worcester, September 6, 1883, Henrietta Clapp, born in Springfield, Vermont, December 29, 1861, daughter of Charles Wesley and Eliza (Gould) Clapp, her father a millwright of Vermont, who died in 1913, aged seventy-two years, her mother dying in Worcester, June 17, 1907, also aged seventy-two years. Mr. and Mrs. Bryant are the parents of five children, three dying in childhood; the eldest one, Everett Charles, was born December 18, 1895, and entered Worcester Polytechnic Institute, class of 1919. He is now in the service of his country, a second lieutenant of Field Artillery. The second child, Kenneth Myron, was born April 13, 1900, and is a graduate of Worcester High School, class of 1919.

ROBERT EDWARD WESSON, JR. As a consulting interior decorator and furnisher, Mr. Wesson has won a large clientele of persons of taste and appreciation. Interior decoration now means the difference between a house and a home, and has passed to the dignity of an art. Mr. Wesson in his storerooms in the Sawyer building displays specimens of the antique, historic and modern in furniture and furnishings, and is thoroughly prepared to give expert advice to both the one who has unlimited means and to those who must count the cost. Robert Edward Wesson, Sr., was born in Saundersville, Massachusetts, February 5, 1853. He married Harriet Emily Cary, born in Peterboro, New Hampshire, September 3, 1856. Mr. and Mrs. Wesson are the parents of an only son, who bears his father's name.

Robert Edward Wesson, Jr., was born in Nashua, New Hampshire, February 20, 1881, but eight months after his birth his parents moved to New York City, and there he was educated in the public schools. In 1900 he became a book publisher, but the same year he located in Worcester, Massachusetts, where, until 1917, he was engaged as an art dealer, beginning with the Scherree Studio. This artistic experience led to his present business, and in 1917 he opened show rooms and offered his services to the public as a consulting interior decorator and furnisher. His line includes furniture, draperies, rugs, lamp shades and lighting fixtures, all important to have in harmony in the home. Mr. Wesson is devoted to his art, but is very fond of out-of-door sports, particularly hunting and fishing. He is a member of All Saints' Protestant Episcopal Church, and in New York was interested in mission work among the seamen. He is unmarried.

ROSS C. PURDY, Ceramic engineer, one of the representative and wide-awake citizens of this city, is a native of Jasper, New York, born March 3, 1875. He is the son of Rev. Andrew Purdy, also a native of that town, who for fourteen years was a well-known physician, and later a Methodist minister, serving in that high calling for some eighteen years. Mr. Purdy's mother was Mary E. Coffin, of Brookfield, Pennsylvania.

Mr. Purdy obtained his preparatory education in the public and high schools of Buffalo, New York, and then studied for one year at the Syracuse University, taking a general science course, following which he became a student at the Ohio State University, at Columbus, Ohio, where he took a special course in ceramic engineering, and after two years, in a competitive examination, won the scholarship given by the National Brick Manufacturers' Association, which gave him a third year at the Ohio State University. He then went to Zanesville, Ohio, where he was chemist, and later, assistant superintendent of the Mosaic Tile Company, engaged in the manufacture of

floor tiles, and while associated with this concern he developed a successful line of glazed wall tile. He then became associated with the Roseville Pottery Company, of that city, as a chemist, remaining there for one year in charge of the glazing and coloring of art and majolica pottery. Mr. Purdy's next business connection was with the Buckeye Pottery Company, at Macomb, Illinois, developing a line of stone-ware specialties. After six months with this enterprise, however, he was called by the Ohio State University to become assistant in the Ceramic Department. Here he remained for three years, engaged in teaching, and at the same time continuing his studies. In the fall of 1905, Mr. Purdy was called to the University of Illinois, with the rank of Instructor, to inaugurate a Department of Ceramics Engineering, a position which he occupied for two years, during which time he was also employed in the United States and Illinois Geographical surveys. He again returned to the Ohio State University as Associate Professor in Ceramics, and at the same time continued his studies so that he was enabled to complete the requirements and receive the degree of Ceramic Engineer at the close of the year 1908. He then advanced to the rank of Professor of Ceramics, and occupied that chair at the Ohio State University until 1912. In the latter named year Mr. Purdy came to Worcester as research engineer for the Norton Company, manufacturers of grinding wheels and grinding machines, having full charge of their research laboratories, in which responsible position he has since continued.

Mr. Purdy is very well known in ceramic circles throughout the entire country and abroad, on which subject he is a recognized authority, at one time holding the office of president of the American Ceramic Society, contributing largely to its development, and being still active as chairman of important committees in that organization. He ranks second as author of articles on this subject to the various periodicals in this country, and has also contributed largely to chemical magazines and journals. Mr. Purdy is one of those men who naturally take a leading and influential part in whatever activities they are engaged in. He was president of the Ohio State University Chapter of the Sigma Xi fraternity, having received his election to this honorary fraternity in recognition of researches made and published. He is actively engaged in the work of the American Society for the Testing of Materials as a member of the refractory committee, and is also engaged in a consulting capacity for the American Refractories Association. Mr. Purdy is also a member of the American Chemical Society; the Psi Upsilon College fraternity; and the Masonic organization, holding membership in York Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of Columbus, Ohio; Worcester Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; and Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters, of this city. In his political faith he is a Republican, and served the City of Worcester as a member of the Common Council in 1917, and in 1918 as a member of the Board of Aldermen, in both of which bodies he was a member of important committees. In religion he is a Congregationalist, being a member of the Central Congregational Church. Socially he is a member of various clubs, having been commodore of the Tatassit Canoe Club; also a member of the Rotary, the Economic, the Twentieth Century, the Worcester Commercial Travelers', the Grotto, and various political clubs. During the World War Mr. Purdy took an active part in the various war drives, and was popular as one of the "Four Minute Men" of this city.

Mr. Purdy married, on June 27, 1901, at Zanesville, Ohio, Myra J. Watts, of that city, but a native of Missouri. To Mr. and Mrs. Purdy have been born three children, namely: Reliance Spencer, Constance Hopkins, and Lois Brewster.

DAVID WHITCOMB, Envelope manufacturer, was born at Hancock, New Hampshire, May 30, 1808, son of Abner and Abigail (Boynton) Whitcomb. His father was a Groton minute-man in the Revolution, descendant of John Whitcomb, who was born in England and settled in Dorchester as early as 1633, later of Scituate and Lancaster. Jonathan Whitcomb, son of John Whitcomb, was also born in England, was the great-grandfather of Abner Whitcomb, and both father and grandfather were also named Jonathan.

David Whitcomb, one of the great figures in the industrial history of the city of Worcester, began life under conditions of unusual hardship. At the age of seven he was bound out in a family that treated him harshly, and at the age of nine he became chore-boy in the family of another farmer, where conditions were not much better. All his schooling was received in a few winter terms. At the age of eighteen he left his native town on foot and found employment at Gill, Massachusetts, on a farm located on the present site of Moody's Mount Hermon School, remaining until September, 1829, when ill health drove him back to Hancock. When his health improved he returned to Gill, remaining for a few weeks, then went to Templeton, hoping to engage in business as a tin peddler in the employ of a cousin, John Boynton, but his mission failed. He worked for a time in Northampton and Ware at odd jobs until January, 1830, when John Boynton sent for him and started him on his

career as a tin peddler. He proved his ability on his first trip and after his second trip was hired for a year. His pay was a hundred dollars, his board and a "vest" pattern. From time to time he worked at the bench in the tinsmith's shop. In 1831 Mr. Boynton took him into partnership, and in 1832 he took charge of a branch of the business in Leominster. The partnership continued for fifteen years with the utmost harmony and substantial success. In 1846 Mr. Boynton retired. Two years later Mr. Whitcomb admitted Colonel Henry S. Smith to partnership, and in 1853 he sold his share of the business to his partner, retiring with what then seemed an ample fortune. In the spring of 1854 he came to Worcester, and in January following became a partner in the firm of C. Foster & Company, hardware dealers. During the Civil War he had the courage and foresight to buy heavily at panic prices and the firm profited handsomely. In January, 1866, he withdrew from the firm, which was afterward Duncan & Goodell and is now the Duncan & Goodell Company. After twenty years in the tinsmith and peddling business and another period of ten years in the hardware business, he entered finally, in middle life, upon the career that has made his name one of the foremost in the history of manufacturing in Worcester. He furnished capital to his son to establish the envelope industry, and during his later years devoted his wisdom and experience to the business that George Henry Whitcomb founded.

Mr. Whitcomb was a devout Christian, joining the Trinitarian Congregational church of Templeton in 1839 and becoming the chief pillar of that church, maintaining his faith throughout life. He began early in life to give freely and regularly to church and benevolences of various kinds. He set an example of liberal giving that was perhaps more important to the community than the funds he contributed. The largest sums were for educational purposes, and his favorite form of gift was to establish scholarships. The total amount of his gifts, including public bequests, amounted, it is estimated, to more than half a million dollars.

Mr. Whitcomb was one of the founders of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, originally called the Worcester County Free Institute of Industrial Science. John Boynton, his former partner, had decided to give the larger part of his fortune to promote industrial education, and Mr. Whitcomb persuaded him to establish a school in Worcester. Having formulated no scheme of his own, Mr. Boynton left the task to Mr. Whitcomb, placing \$100,000 in his hands for the purpose. Coöperating with Ichabod Washburn, who had a similar project in mind, and later with Stephen Salisbury, 2nd., who contributed liberally, Mr. Whitcomb saw his purpose accomplished in 1869 and served as a trustee and treasurer of the institution, giving of his own means liberally and having a large share in planning and developing this model school of technology. His gifts amounted to more than \$27,000. He died July 8, 1887. Senator Hoar said of him: "He was one of the best types of the New England character, faithful and true and strong and wise."

Mr. Whitcomb married, April 9, 1833, Margaret Cummings, who was born at Littleton, New Hampshire, November 1, 1808, and died at Templeton, August 1, 1886. Children: 1. Abby Boynton, born January 7, 1834, died May 7, 1898; married Colonel Henry S. Smith, of Boston. 2. Ellen Margaret, born March 31, 1841, died, unmarried, April 18, 1882. 3. George Henry (see biography).

GEORGE HENRY WHITCOMB, Envelope manufacturer, was born at Templeton, September 26, 1842, died at Worcester, February 13, 1916, son of David and Margaret (Cummings) Whitcomb. He came to Worcester with his father in 1853 and attended the Thomas street public school. In 1860 he graduated from Phillips Academy, Andover, and entered Amherst College, from which he was graduated in 1864. He was gymnasium captain of his class and orator at Commencement. On account of ill health he made a trip to Europe in a sailing vessel in the summer of 1863 and returned much improved. In 1867 he received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Amherst. He was a member of Gamma Chapter of the Psi Upsilon fraternity, and was also a member of the Phi Beta Kappa.

During the summer after he graduated he was employed in the hardware store of C. Foster & Company, in which his father was a partner, but in the fall he went West seeking a business opportunity for himself. In Ohio he investigated the manufacture of straw board and writing paper and there he conceived the idea of manufacturing envelopes, an idea that he proceeded immediately to put into effect. With capital advanced by his father, he began in a small way late in the year 1864 to manufacture envelopes in a shop on the site now occupied by the fire department on School street, Worcester, using a primitive machine designed by James G. Arnold in 1858 and doing business under the name of the Bay State Envelope Company. He was clerk, cutter, machine tender, packer and shipper, and his wife was the book-

keeper. During the first year he lost \$1,000, but in the second year he saved \$100 and in the third year made a profit of \$2,000. In November, 1864, the business was moved to the Partridge building at the corner of Walnut street, and in 1865 a new building was erected in Bigelow court by his father, and during that year his father became a partner under the firm name of G. Henry Whitcomb & Company. In 1884 the business was incorporated as the Whitcomb Envelope Company with capital stock of \$150,000, David Whitcomb being president and the son treasurer and general manager. After the death of David Whitcomb, G. Henry Whitcomb became president, serving until 1894 when M. F. Dickinson succeeded him. At the same time Henry E. Whitcomb, son of G. Henry Whitcomb, became secretary, and G. Henry Whitcomb continued as treasurer and was also vice-president. In August, 1898, the business of the company was sold to the United States Envelope Company and Mr. Whitcomb retired from active management, though he continued as a director and vice-president of the new corporation. A sketch of the business will be found elsewhere. Mr. Whitcomb seems to have had a talent for discovering and developing men of ability in his business. Among the prominent men in the envelope industry, trained in the Whitcomb factory, may be mentioned Henry D. Swift, D. Wheeler Swift, James Logan, John S. Brigham, Charles W. Gray, John A. Sherman, Charles Heywood, Byron Emerson, Frederick A. Bill and Ezra Waterhouse.

From 1868 until illness compelled him to relinquish his grasp, G. Henry Whitcomb devoted himself to various financial, educational and benevolent interests. He had already heavily invested in Worcester real estate, erecting the Whitcomb building on Front street in 1877, the Cummings block on Main street in 1870, and the granite block at Nos. 82-84 Front street in 1883. His residence at No. 51 Harvard street was the first granite dwelling house erected in the city. But he found large opportunity for profit in real estate in the West, and he developed much of the business sections of Pueblo, Colorado, and Seattle, Washington. Within a few years he invested a million dollars in real estate in Seattle alone and his confidence in the future of that city was amply justified. He was also interested in various transportation enterprises, among which was the Worcester & Marlborough Street Railway Company, of which he was at one time president. He was one of the principal owners of the West End Land Company of Boston; director of the Columbia Paper Company; director of the First National Bank of Worcester, of the State Bank of St. John, Kansas, and of the Massachusetts Loan & Trust Company; director of the United States Coal & Oil Company, the Hartford Manufactory Company and the Equitable Securities Company, of New York; president of the Standard Cattle Company, of Wyoming, and of the Boston Raisin Company; member of the corporation of the People's Savings Bank of Worcester and of the Worcester County Institution for Savings.

The activity of Mr. Whitcomb in religious and educational affairs, considering the magnitude and engrossing nature of his business, was marvelous. Religion he placed foremost in the duties of life. He was for many years a member of Central Congregational Church and afterward of Plymouth Church, where he taught in the Sunday school, served on the board of assessors and as deacon. He was a director of the Children's Friend Society and of the City Missionary Society. From 1890 to 1906 he was a member of the prudential committee of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, and was chairman from 1903 to 1905. He also served on the executive and financial committees of the American Missionary Association.

Few men of his ability and wealth have devoted themselves more heartily and usefully to the advancement of public education. He served two years on the school committee of Worcester. He succeeded his father as a friend and trustee of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, and in the early eighties was the prime mover in providing a trade school for boys at the institute, the first of its kind in this country. It was under the auspices of the Worcester County Mechanics' Association, of which Mr. Whitcomb was then president. He was also a trustee of Amherst College from 1884 to the time of his death, and he was treasurer of the college from 1895 to 1897. He founded a scholarship at Amherst. He was a trustee of Mt. Holyoke College and of Oberlin College, Ohio. He had been president of the Amherst College Alumni Association; treasurer of the Gamma Chapter of the Psi Upsilon fraternity, and vice-president of the Andover Alumni Association. In memory of his daughter Emma he erected and endowed the School of Music, Whitcomb Conservatory in Doane College, Crete, Nebraska, in 1908, and he erected the Whitcomb Chemical Laboratory at Drury College, Springfield, Ohio, in 1909. In politics he was a Republican. He used his influence constantly for progress and the public welfare. He served as trustee and vice-president of the Worcester Board of Trade.

Mr. Whitcomb married (first), October 11, 1865, Abbie Miller Estabrook, who was born April 8, 1842, died June 11, 1900, daughter of Francis Chaffin and Caroline (Miller) Estabrook. He married (second), January 22, 1902, Elizabeth (Shannon)

Wickware, of Seattle, Washington. Children by first wife: 1. Francis Chaffin, born March 5, 1867, died August 12, 1867. 2. Anne Boynton, born October 22, 1868, died March 28, 1871. 3. Henry Estabrook (see biography). 4. Margaret, born July 12, 1873, died July 12, 1873. 5. Emma Caroline, born February 26, 1876, died May 29, 1902. 6. David, born January 22, 1879; graduate of the English High School, Worcester; Worcester Polytechnic Institute; Amherst College, A. B., 1900, A. M., 1905; Jena University, 1903; George Washington University, LL. B., 1905; president of the Arcade Building & Realty Company, Seattle, Washington, and a prominent attorney in that city; was fuel administrator for the State of Washington, 1917-18, and from April, 1918, to January, 1919, executive secretary of the fuel administration at Washington, D. C.; married, September 13, 1911, Mildred Osgood; one son, David, Jr., born in Seattle, February 19, 1917. 7. Ernest Miller, born February 28, 1882; graduate of Classical High School, Worcester; Amherst College, A. B., 1904; A. M., 1907; president of the First National Bank, Amherst, Massachusetts; a director in several fiduciary, manufacturing corporations and savings banks; was commissioned captain of the American Red Cross, July, 1918; located in France, August, 1918, in charge of Base Hospital at Toul until armistice was signed, November 11, 1918; returned to America and was discharged, January 1, 1919; married, April 21, 1909, Anna Gauntlett, Ithaca, New York; one son, Stephen, born December 10, 1916.

HENRY ESTABROOK WHITCOMB, Envelope manufacturer, trustee of the estate of George Henry Whitcomb, was born in Worcester, August 18, 1871, son of George Henry and Abbie Miller (Estabrook) Whitcomb. He received his education in the Worcester Academy, the Worcester High School and Amherst College, from which he was graduated in 1894 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. While a student he was manager of the musical clubs and arranged and carried out a tour in England in the summer of 1894, taking forty students abroad and giving concerts all over England. He is one of the editors of the 1894 Bugle, a graduate periodical of his class, and is the permanent class secretary. In August, 1894, he began his business career in the office of the Whitcomb Envelope Company and was soon afterward elected assistant treasurer and secretary of the corporation. In 1898 he became manager of the Whitcomb plant, after its consolidation, the business being conducted under the name of the Whitcomb Envelope Company division, United States Envelope Company. In March, 1903, he shared a half interest in the patent of an envelope-folding device invented by George H. Hallop.

In 1909 he became treasurer of the Morgan Company, manufacturers of motor trucks. After a year and a half he left that concern and established the Greendale Lumber & Supply Company, manufacturers of wooden boxes and cases, selling out the business in 1912 to Henry H. Dyke. Since 1909, when he resigned as division manager of the United States Envelope Company, he has devoted his time mainly to the care of his investments and the administration of his father's estate. Under the will he and his two brothers are the executors, sole beneficiaries and trustees. He is secretary of the Wachusett Investment Company; president of the Estabrook Investment Company; vice-president of the Arcade Building and Realty Company. He was one of the organizers and is president of the Worcester Association of Building Owners and Managers, representing about \$20,000,000 of assessed real estate in the city. He was one of the founders of the Merchants National Bank and one of the original board of directors; also founder and vice-president of the North Brookfield National Bank; an incorporator of the Worcester County Institution for Savings and of the People's Savings Bank of Worcester. He is president of the Worcester High School Alumni Association, and has been successively secretary, vice-president and president of the Amherst Alumni Association of Central Massachusetts. In 1915 he was one of the prime movers in forming the Worcester Military Training School, and a charter member of the Worcester Branch League to Enforce Peace. He is a member of the Worcester Chapter, Sons of the American Revolution, having had no less than nine ancestors who served in the Revolutionary War. He enlisted, July, 1917, in Company H, Nineteenth Regiment, Massachusetts State Guard; served with his company during the war, and was honorably discharged, March, 1919. In politics he is a Republican, and in 1898-1900 was vice-chairman and treasurer of the Republican City Committee. For a number of years he has been an assessor and treasurer of Plymouth Congregational Church. He is a life member of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, and the Young Men's Christian Association. He is also a member of the Worcester Society of Antiquity, Worcester Natural History Society, Worcester Art Museum, Worcester Agricultural Society, the University Club of Boston, the Economic Club, the Tatnuck Country Club of Worcester, the Tatassit Canoe Club of Worcester, the Psi Upsilon fraternity and the Psi Upsilon Club of New York. He is a director of the Columbian Paper Company, Buena Vista and Bristol, Virginia.

In war work was vice chairman of the First, Second, Third and Fourth Liberty Loans in the Brookfield district. Was vice-chairman of Worcester County in the Red Cross Campaign, May, 1918, also in United War Work Drive in November. Was chairman of the Red Cross Christmas Roll-Call, December, 1918. Chairman of the material committee on decorations for the "Soldiers and Sailors and Airmen Welcome Home Committee," City of Worcester.

Mr. Whitcomb married, June 20, 1895, at Newton, Gertrude Elouise Dowling, who was born at Providence, Rhode Island, December 27, 1872, daughter of Rev. Dr. George Thomas and Mary Hatfield (Justin) Dowling. Mrs. Whitcomb is a member of the Daughters of the American Revolution, the Friday Morning Club, the Woman's Club, Civic Federation, and the Mothers' Club of Worcester. Their home is at No. 6 Harvard street, North Brookfield, Massachusetts. Children, born in Worcester: 1. Henry Dowling, born June 22, 1897; student at Amherst College, 1921; enlisted in United States Naval Patrol, United States Steamship, "Gurkha," April, 1917; commissioned ensign in United States Naval Reserve Force, June 6, 1918, and detailed to armored cruiser, United States Steamship, "San Diego;" later was deck officer when vessel was torpedoed, July 19, 1918, off Fire Island, New York., the only American battleship destroyed by the Germans during the war; he was subsequently stationed at Brooklyn Navy Yard, Ellis Island, the new receiving ship at Bay Ridge Barracks until released from service, December, 1918; he married, July 21, 1918, Florence Miriam Martin, of Boston, daughter of Bertram T. and Florence Martin, of Winchester and Boston. 2. Douglas, born January 18, 1899; graduated from Milton Academy, 1917; entered Amherst College, 1917, class of 1921; enlisted in army in June, 1918, left for Plattsburg, received commission as second lieutenant in September, 1918, placed in charge of military instruction at Georgia Technical Institute, Atlanta, Georgia, discharged in December, 1918; returned to college in January, 1919. 3. George Francis, born August 24, 1900; student in Worcester Academy, 1919; passed physical and other tests for motor transport service, October, 1918, was to enter service, November 14, but as the armistice was signed on November 11 it made his anticipated entrance into the service unnecessary.

HON. PHILIP JOSEPH O'CONNELL, Justice of the Superior Court of Massachusetts, was born in Worcester, December 18, 1870, son of Philip and Ellen (Skahan) O'Connell. His father was born in Ireland in 1830; came to Worcester in 1849; died there in 1907; served in the Civil War in Company I, Fiftieth Massachusetts Volunteers. His mother was born in Ireland in 1839, and died in Worcester in 1909.

Philip J. O'Connell attended the Worcester public schools, graduating from the high school in 1889, and entered Boston University Law School, from which he was graduated, *magna cum laude*, in 1895, with the degree of LL. B. From 1889 to 1893 he was employed in the department store of the John C. MacInnes Company, Worcester. He was admitted to the bar in 1895 and immediately began to practice law in Worcester, continuing until he was elevated to the bench. His prominence as a lawyer and his success in his profession is indicated by his appointment as judge, by the universal approbation of the governor's selection at that time, and by the testimony of prominent citizens, quoted below. In politics he is a Democrat, and when but a boy he took a lively interest in public affairs and political campaigns, serving early in life on various political committees of his party, as delegate to nominating conventions and as campaign speaker. His first public service was in the Common Council of the city in 1896, and he was re-elected to the Council of 1897 and 1898. He was an alderman from his ward in 1899 and 1900. Though the city was Republican, a division in the party gave the opposition an opportunity, and after a memorable campaign Mr. O'Connell was elected mayor of the city for the year 1901. He was one of the youngest mayors that the city ever had, but he had served an apprenticeship of five years in the City Council, serving on the most important committees of the Common Council and Board of Aldermen, knowing well the heads of departments, and understanding fully, not only the routine business, but the needs of the city. Against their wills, he soon won the commendation of the best men of the other party, and his administration proceeded with the utmost harmony from beginning to end, notwithstanding the fact that for political reasons some members of the Republican majority in the Council attempted to cripple his work for the sake of making political capital for the future. In his public addresses, his personality and natural eloquence won for him great popularity, and as the representative of the municipality on many public occasions he raised the respect and regard for the city in the minds of visitors as well as residents. His legal training as well as his public service proved valuable to the city. Of quick vision, sound judgment, prompt in decision, impartial, considerate of every interest, he was in every respect a model



HON. PHILIP J. O'CONNELL, U. S.



John E. Stinchley

executive. No department interested Mayor O'Connell more than public education. From 1911 to 1915 he was a director of the Free Public Library. He was appointed justice of the Superior Court by Governor Walsh, February 24, 1915, and since then has served in that office with unqualified success and fidelity.

The public estimation of Judge O'Connell was admirably expressed at meetings held in his honor at the time of his appointment. A social organization, known as the Poison Club, of which he is a member, composed of prominent men of both parties, gave him a banquet at the Worcester Country Club, February 25, 1915. Congressman Winslow wrote:

His record is a splendid illustration of the fact that opportunities to rise are still within the reach of the ambitious and persistent. We are rather inclined to think in these days that the stories of the Lord Mayor of London, Abraham Lincoln and hosts of others of earlier times are not to be repeated, nowadays. Yet when we look about, it is possible to note the evidences on every hand of a similar development of men about us, even in our own small community. As a matter of fact, I fully believe that more credit is due to a man who comes to the top from small beginnings in these days than in earlier days when competition was less keen. Phil O'Connell started in life with a good family name and good health, but with nothing to assist him in his career other than that which was native in him. He has spent all his life with us and has gained his education in Worcester public schools and the higher institutions of learning of Massachusetts. From his boyhood until now, he has been a persistent seeker for that which is best in life and he has undertaken and accomplished his obligations as a boy and a man in a thorough and inspiring way. He has sought to be trusted and has merited the trust imposed in him by all who knew him or had to do with him. It is not strange but natural indeed that he should be honored by appointment to the Superior Court bench of Massachusetts. His friends, of which I am glad to be one, can, I am sure, imagine nothing other than a continuance of his splendid career which has been forward and upward from the beginning. * * * I am sure we shall all want to take a moment of silent recollection of our other good friend similarly worthy and honored, the late Judge Ratigan. His usefulness as a judge, his simplicity as a man and his loyal good fellowship among us will long remain in our memory. The rather unique associations of those who have made up our little club are calculated, I believe, to inspire every one of us to take on broadness of view, earnestness of purpose, pride of accomplishment and loyalty toward one another.

Former Mayor James Logan addressed these words to the guest of honor:

We value and prize your integrity, sterling manhood and sense of right and we know that no willful act of yours will ever taint or tarnish the good name you now have, and the good name and honor of Massachusetts will be safe in your keeping. * * * Accepting the position of judge closes the door to anything more than a modest competence when measuring values in terms of the mart. It does not limit the accumulation of those larger assets of life, friendship and honor, and, as the years fly past you into the great storage reservoir of the years, we feel that you will grow rich in the possession of the imperishable assets of life.

Judge O'Connell was greeted and congratulated by fifty or more members of the Worcester bar at the time he took his seat on the bench for the first time in Worcester. Judge O'Connell is a communicant of the Roman Catholic church: member of the Knights of Columbus, Ancient Order of Hibernians and American Order of Foresters.

Mr. O'Connell married, in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, October 18, 1904, Katharine T. Power, born April 8, 1875, in Philadelphia, daughter of Lawrence and Katharine (Magennis) Power. Her father was in early life a resident of Worcester, a native of Ireland; for many years a manufacturer of wood-working machinery in Philadelphia, where he died. Children of Philip J. and Katharine T. O'Connell: Katharine M., born July 21, 1905; Eleanor M., June 25, 1907; Philip J., August 7, 1909; Lawrence P., April 28, 1914.

JOHN ELBRIDGE SINCLAIR, Professor of mathematics in the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, 1869 to 1908, was born at Brentwood, New Hampshire, March 28, 1838, and died September 12, 1915, son of Harry and Ann Eliza (Robinson) Sinclair. He graduated when twenty years old from the Chandler Scientific School of Dartmouth College. After teaching for a time at Adrian, Michigan, and for four years in Washington University, St. Louis, he was made assistant professor of mathematics, in 1863, in the Chandler Scientific School, and three years later professor, resigning in 1869 to become professor of mathematics in the institution now known as the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, continuing in this chair until he resigned, April 7, 1908. He was appointed Professor Emeritus, the trustees declaring at the time that they desired to express their appreciation "of a service distinguished alike by its length and by its high quality. To have served for fifty years in the honorable profession in which he has been so conspicuous and so successful and at the same time to have won the respect and affection of his associates and pupils make a life work of great satisfaction and in recognition of his service and attainments Prof. Sinclair is appointed Professor Emeritus."

At the fiftieth anniversary commencement the chair of mathematics was named "The Sinclair Professorship," in his honor. He received the degree of Master of Arts from Washington University in 1863, and from Dartmouth in 1879; and Doctor of Philosophy from Dartmouth in 1883.

Mr. Sinclair married (first), November, 1864, Isabelle Aiken Noyes, who died in 1868. He married (second), November 21, 1870, in this city, Marietta S. Fletcher, who was an instructor in French and German at the Institute. He had one son, Harry R. (see biography), and six daughters: Annie Noyes Smith; Isabelle Aiken, now dead; Mrs. L. C. Smith, of Newton Center; Mary E. Sinclair, of Oberlin, Ohio; Mrs. R. B. Dodge, of Hawaii; and Mrs. John H. Dodge, of this city.

HARRY R. SINCLAIR, President of the Worcester Stamped Metal Company, was born in this city, August 31, 1872, son of Professor John Elbridge Sinclair (see biography). He attended the public schools here, and entered the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, from which he was graduated in 1893. His first business position was assistant to the superintendent of the foundry department of the Builders Iron Foundry, Providence, Rhode Island. In 1894 he returned to this city to engage in the manufacture of various tools now made by the Lowell Wrench Company, and after this business was successfully established he engaged in the heating business, devoting himself to the highest class of residence and manufacturing installations under the firm name of the Sinclair Company.

In 1906 he bought a half-interest in the firm of Wilson & Smith, metal stampings, and gave up the heating business. In November, 1910, he also bought the interest of his partner, J. Fred Wilson. In December, 1916, the business was incorporated under the name of the Worcester Stamped Metal Company, of which he is president. The plant is at No. 9 Hunt street, off Shrewsbury street.

Mr. Sinclair is a member of the Chamber of Commerce; the Worcester County Mechanics Association; the Commercial Travelers' Association; the Worcester Art Museum; the Worcester County Alumni Association of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute; the Worcester Club and the Tatnuck Country Club. Since 1903 he has been secretary of the Worcester County Musical Association. He is a trustee of the Union Congregational Church. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Sinclair married, in this city, June 28, 1905, Florence Marion Eastman, who was born in Concord, New Hampshire, daughter of Charles L. and Sarah (French) Eastman. Her father was for many years the erecting engineer for the Brown Steam Engine Company, of Fitchburg. He was born in Salisbury, New Hampshire, September 7, 1826, died in this city, December 26, 1907. Mr. and Mrs. Sinclair have no children. Their home is at No. 9 Moreland street.

GEORGE HENRY COATES, President and treasurer of the Coates Clipper Manufacturing Company, was born in Windsor, Vermont, June 23, 1849, son of Henry Moss and Orra Natalie (Cone) Coates. His father was a blacksmith.

George H. Coates was educated in the public schools of Windsor and Windsor Academy. In 1869 he came to Worcester in the employ of the Ethan Allen Fire Arms Company, having charge of the construction of the first self-cocking firearm, and for nearly eight years filled the position of foreman in the works. He was a mechanic of more than ordinary skill and gifted with inventive talent. He was a great lover of horses, and in the course of his getting ready to exercise his horse, he found a man by the name of Hildreth clipping a horse and he was having considerable trouble with his clippers in cutting. He had just got them from New York, where he had sent them to be repaired. Unfortunately, he had broken four or five teeth out of the lower plate and he naturally thought they were a total loss as they were made in England and were quite expensive. At his solicitation, Mr. Coates took them and inserted new teeth, re-hardened and ground them. It required exceptional skill to insert new teeth, temper and grind these clippers. Messrs. McCoy & Saunders, of New York, having heard of Mr. Coates doing such work, came to see him and saw some of the work he had done and they immediately sent all their repairs to him. In the course of time Mr. Coates patented a far better clipper than had been previously made to avoid the objections found in these imported machines, and when he showed this device to the firm of McCoy & Saunders, for whom he had been repairing foreign clippers, he was promptly given an order for five hundred clippers. That was in 1876. From that time to the present he has been engaged in the manufacture of clippers on his own patents. His first clipper was designed for hair cutting and it is likely many of that first order are still in use among American barbers. He began with a small plant, buying a few machine tools of Hill Clark & Company, of Boston, and installing a five-horsepower engine, located in a basement of a dwelling house on Dewey street. A year later he was able to build a one-story shop, forty by fifty, on a lot at No. 237

Chandler street, where his business has been located since that time. In 1878, soon afterwards, he was obliged to make a forty-foot addition. In 1884 he extended the building to one hundred and fifty feet, adding another story and installing an engine of one hundred and fifty horsepower. In 1903 another addition was erected on the Dewey street end. The factory now has more than an acre of floor space. His clippers grew rapidly in popularity, and he was kept busy from the outset in keeping his factory capacity large enough to supply the demand. From time to time he devised other clippers for various purposes. He has received more than forty patents on clippers and other mechanisms that will be described later.

The later clippers are models of simplicity, usefulness and artistic work, fitted with ball bearings, with teeth beautifully cut and hardened, each blade ground with diamond dust to a perfect edge. The power clipper, equipped with his patented flexible non-heating shaft, is the best instrument yet devised for clipping horses and shearing sheep and other animals. Special sheep-shearing machines, operated either by hand or power, are in use all over the world. The Coates grooming brush, operated by power, is warranted to groom twenty-five horses an hour and is obviously a great labor-saving device. The flexible shaft invented by Mr. Coates is one of the most important devices recently introduced in the mechanical world. It is made for varied purposes and in many sizes, large enough to transmit twenty horsepower or more, small enough for the most delicate dental work. It is of great value in the construction of automobile and motor boat, in various forms of grinding machinery. Its use is being extended to many industries. The flexible shaft is becoming more important than the clipper.

Another important department of the company is the manufacture of the Coates' housed-gear breast drill and the Coates drill press, ingenious devices in which the flexible shafting is used with an electric motor for power and a magnetic hold-on and Coates drill for use in marine work, bridge work and elsewhere. It is portable, may be used under water, and is a great time saver in all kinds of drilling. The Coates angle drive is designed to transmit power at right angles. The Coates screw driver is used by chair builders and others. It is also operated by the flexishaft. Other articles made by this company are: The Coates chain feed; the Coates electric drill and grinder; the Coates old man, which affords a novel and rigid method of holding a drill in position; the Coates variable speed drill press; variable speed drills; the Coates ideal motor drilling outfit; the Coates radial drill; the Coates bracket-boring machine; the Coates ideal foundry equipment; the Coates surfacing head; the Coates hand-piece for porcelain manufacturers; the Coates drop-forgers engine; the Coates belt-driven silversmith outfit; the Coates special carborundum wheels; the Coates electrically-driven stove polisher, designed for stove manufacturers; the Coates drafting room eraser; the Coates counter shafts; the Coates heavy universal couplings; the Coates mechanical hammer; the Coates electrically-driven diesinker's hammer; the Coates concrete grinder and the Coates augur head. These devices patented by Mr. Coates represent very important contributions to American industry. They mean saving of time and labor in innumerable factories and mills; they represent progress in arts and civilization. Mr. Coates must take rank among the great inventors of the present century. He is one of the inventors who have also possessed business ability and profited from his own patents.

In politics Mr. Coates is a Republican. He was a member of the Board of Aldermen of the city for five years and president one year. He was formerly a member of the Worcester Continentals, lieutenant several years and member of the staff for three years. He has taken all the degrees of Free Masonry in both York and Scottish rites, and is a member of Quinsigamond Lodge, Eureka Chapter, Hiram Council, Worcester County Commandery and Aleppo Temple, Mystic Shrine. He is also a member of the Economic Club, Commonwealth Club, Worcester County Agricultural Society, Worcester County Mechanics Association, of which he was president in 1912 and 1913, and of the Home Market Club, of Boston.

Mr. Coates married, June 23, 1872, Adelaide Long, daughter of William and Mary A. (Carter) Long, of Worcester. Her father was an expert machinist. They have had two children: Beatrice, who died aged two years, and B. Austin (see biography).

B. AUSTIN COATES, Vice-president and manager of the Coates Clipper Manufacturing Company, was born in Worcester, June 2, 1877, son of George Henry and Adelaide (Long) Coates. He received his education in the public schools, graduated from the Worcester High School in 1900, and after a course in the School of Technology, became associated in business with his father and was admitted to partnership soon afterward, taking an active part in the management of the business. Since the firm became a corporation he has been its vice-president and manager. He

is a member of the Commonwealth Club; the Worcester Automobile Club; Quinsigamond Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; Lawrence Chapter of Rose Croix and the other bodies of Scottish Rite Masonry. He attends St. Mark's Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mr. Coates married, June 5, 1901, Louisa Boyden Coe, daughter of S. Hamilton Coe, of Worcester. They have two children: Helen, born December 15, 1906, and B. Austin, Jr., born May 15, 1913.

CHARLES McILVAINE BENT. In the year 1849 Charles M. Bent, then a lad of fourteen, came to Worcester, Massachusetts, with his parents, his father, Rev. Nathaniel T. Bent, a clergyman of the Protestant Episcopal church, having accepted a call as rector of All Saints Church. From 1849 until his death in his eighty-third year, he was a resident of Worcester, honored in business life, in the church and in social life. His connection with the Peoples' Savings Bank covered a period of half a century, but his connection with All Saints' Church continued through a period of sixty-nine years, during which time he was treasurer, clerk, vestryman, choirmaster, organist, precentor and junior warden. He was among the last of those through whose untiring efforts the Episcopal church obtained a secure place in the somewhat uncongenial atmosphere of a New England community of sixty years ago. He was a man of great refinement of feeling, which seemed to pervade his rather frail physical presence. He loved to see things done "decently and in order" and approached all matters relating to the service of the church in a spirit of deep reverence. He was an authority in all ecclesiastical matters, and frequently contributed to the local church papers articles upon the history of All Saints parish. His love of music was another striking characteristic, and his own talents brought him into close association with musicians and artists all over New England. Music became his chief recreation and to the development of a high order of musical culture he gave many years of official service. He was a son of Nathaniel Tucker and Catherine Eliza Donaldson (Metcalf) Bent, and a descendant of that John Bent who settled in Sudbury, Massachusetts, in 1638, having arrived from England with his wife Martha and five children on the ship "Confidence."

Charles McIlvaine Bent was born in New Bedford, Massachusetts, October 5, 1835, and died in Worcester, Massachusetts, May 18, 1918. In 1849 his father became rector of All Saints Church in Worcester, continuing until 1852, and from the former year Charles M. Bent's residence in Worcester dated. He was educated in the public schools, and he was but a lad in his sixteenth year when he began his long and honorable career as a banker. He entered the employ of the Worcester Bank, in June, 1850, as a clerk, and for fourteen years he continued with that institution, leaving in 1864 to accept a position as treasurer of the People's Savings Bank. He served that bank without interruption as head of its financial department for forty-nine years, 1864-1913, then to his special pride and satisfaction, at the age of seventy-seven. He was advanced from treasurer to managing president, with increase of salary, and he continued in that high and responsible office until January, 1918, when he retired from executive control, the years beginning to weigh too heavily. He accepted the post of senior vice-president, and held that office and title until his death a few months later. Fifty-four years was the span of years he accomplished with the People's Savings Bank, but adding the fourteen prior service with the Worcester Savings Bank and the wonderful term of sixty-eight years of active service is found to have been his record. The next great interest of Mr. Bent's life, or perhaps a greater, was All Saints Episcopal Church, in which he was confirmed when a boy. He was elected treasurer of that parish upon arriving at legal age in 1856, and held many important offices therein throughout a long life, with ability and honor. His relation with the musical department of the church was most intimate and long continued. He was choirmaster and organist in 1857, and in 1871 was appointed precentor by the rector, Rev. William R. Huntington, D. D. He held that exacting office for many years, performing its duties with rare tact and ability. He introduced the first "boys choir" in that section of Massachusetts and brought it to such a high condition of excellence that it became a most important feature of the church services. Mr. Bent was many times a delegate to the Diocesan Convention of Massachusetts, and when in 1901 the diocese was divided he was elected treasurer of the diocese of Western Massachusetts, an office he held for thirteen years. He was treasurer of the Archdeaconry of Worcester. For sixty-nine years, 1849-1918, he was connected with All Saints Church, and while the parish may confidently look forward to a work of constantly increasing usefulness, it should not be forgotten that this is made possible by the unselfish and untiring labor of that group of men among whom Charles M. Bent was prominent. The vestry prepared suitable minutes of the death of their colleague, spread them upon

the records of the vestry, published them in the parish paper and sent to Miss Bent a true copy. From that minute the story of Mr. Bent's connection with All Saints has been taken in preparing this review.

Music was one of the passions of Mr. Bent's life, and he contributed much time and effort toward creating a musical atmosphere and making Worcester a recognized musical center. His work as choirmaster, organist and lay precentor of All Saints has been referred to, but that was but a fraction of his work. He gave freely of his ability as a musician to the Worcester Music Festival for many years; was a member of the first board of directors of the Worcester County Musical Association and served continuously for seventeen years, 1870-96. He was elected president in 1896, serving until 1903, declining another re-election. Prior to the formation of the association, he had been a member and president of Worcester Choral Union. He devoted his energies unstintingly to making the annual festivals events of city pride and no man could have done more than he in that direction. His executive ability, sound judgment, high ideals and tactful harmonizing of the various interests, and bending all toward the one idea was shown in increasing success of the music festivals year by year. The following is taken from a testimonial of regard passed by the Worcester County Musical Association and forwarded to Miss Bent by the secretary, Harry R. Sinclair:

Devotion to business did not prevent Mr. Bent from seeking and cultivating the higher ideals of life. He was an ardent lover of music, believing in its refining influence and in its power to uplift both the individual and the community, when expressed in its higher and nobler forms. He was president of the Worcester Choral Union in the time of its activity, before this association was organized. * * * He was a charter member of this association, a director for many years and its president from 1896 until 1903. He was progressive in method and lent his influence to the attainment of a high and constantly advancing standard of excellence in the work of the association, and any suggestion of sacrifice of merit to box office demands met with his hearty disapproval. At a time when opinion both inside and outside of the board of management was divided on the subject of festival policies, he stood staunchly for maintaining and still improving the standard of its work, advocating the engagement of a now evenly balanced corporation of artists for the performance of festival works and less prominence to the star feature which had been for a long time considered necessary to the success of the festival. * * * Believing that only the best either in music or art of any kind is worth while cultivating he solely was responsible for the change in policy which resulted in the construction of more dignified and homogeneous festival programs, a policy which the association wisely continues to maintain. * * * His life of strict business integrity, his faithful work in the church and his constructive and efficient service as a member of the board of management of this association through many years will cause his name to be held in appreciative and lasting memory.

GEORGE R. BLISS,
ARTHUR J. BASSETT,
Committee.

A copy of this testimonial was spread upon the records of the board of management of the association and a copy sent to Miss Bent.

So too his associates of half a century in the People's Savings Bank met and thus voiced their sentiments concerning their fallen comrade. The board of trustees of the People's Savings Bank in a meeting held July 25, 1918, passed this resolution:

It is given to few men to serve a public institution for a period of more than fifty years. Charles M. Bent became identified with the People's Savings Bank in 1864, and from that time until 1913, he was Treasurer of the Bank, at which time, he was elected to the Presidency, which office he held until his retirement in January of this year, at which time he became Senior Vice-President.

During more than half a century, he fulfilled with credit to the Bank, city and community, all duties that devolved upon him. He was a leader in fact as well as in name, and to a large extent, the steady and ever increasing growth of the Bank in material resources, and in esteem, is due to him.

We miss his kindly presence, and his memory will ever be an inspiration to us as an example of conscientious and faithful service.

Attest:

GEORGE CROMPTON,
Secretary, Board of Trustees.

At a meeting of the board of investment of the People's Savings Bank, held May 27, 1918, the following resolutions were passed:

The Board of Investment of the People's Savings Bank keenly feels the loss to the Bank in the death of Charles M. Bent, its Vice-President, who so faithfully served the Bank since its establishment in 1864.

Over this long span of years, Mr. Bent, as Treasurer, and later as President of the Bank, was responsible more than anyone else, for its constant and consistent growth. His administration was marked by devotion, and a keen appreciation of the highest business ideals. Added to this, he impressed his Christian personality upon all his duties, and his example was always an inspiration to the officers and employees of the Bank.

The Board will miss his kindly presence, and will hold his memory in deepest esteem.

Resolved, That these resolutions be adopted and spread upon the records of the Bank, and a copy sent to his daughter, Miss Catherine M. Bent.

Attest:

GEORGE CROMPTON,
Secretary, Board of Investment.

Other organizations and philanthropies which benefited through his great heart and kindly nature were Worcester Dispensary, of which he was president; Worcester Homeopathic Hospital Association and Hahneman Hospital. He was a member of the Art Museum, the Association of Mutual Aid for Detecting Thieves, Worcester County Horticultural Society, Worcester County Republican Club. Thus the business, religious and musical institutions eulogized the man as they knew him. But it was in the home circle that he was the most truly appreciated and there his virtues shone brightest.

He married, October 10, 1867, Helen Maria Kennedy, daughter of James L. and Helen Maria (Clark) Kennedy. They were the parents of a son, Robert Metcalf, who died in infancy, and a daughter, Catherine Metcalf, who survives her parents, residing in the family home at No. 36 Fruit street, Worcester.

CHARLES JOHN HICKEY. In the year 1900 Mr. Hickey began the practice of law in Worcester, and during the years which have since intervened he has won his way to honorable rank among the lawyers of the Worcester County Bar. He is the son of William Hickey, born in County Waterford, Ireland, who came to the United States in the fifties, locating in Worcester. Before and after the Civil War, William Hickey worked at his trade as moulder, until he was appointed truant officer for the city of Worcester. Subsequently, he was appointed to the police force, and was promoted to the rank of sergeant, in which capacity he served until his retirement on pension at the stipulated age. He was a "Minute Man of '61," having enlisted with the old Emmet Guards of Worcester as a company of the Third Battalion of Rifles, at the first call of President Lincoln. At the expiration of this enlistment he joined the navy and served with Admiral Dupont, at Charleston, and subsequently with Admiral Farragut at the taking of the Gulf and Mississippi forts, and continued his service in the navy until the end of the war. William Hickey married, in Worcester, Margaret Troy, born at Cappoquin, County Waterford, Ireland, in 1842, died in Worcester, October 27, 1907, daughter of David Troy, born in Ireland, died in Worcester, a custom boot-maker, with a shop on Mechanic street for years. William Hickey died in Worcester, December 30, 1916, aged seventy-six. He was the son of John Hickey, who lived and died in Ireland. William and Margaret (Troy) Hickey were the parents of five children: Frank D. Hickey, municipal accountant for the State Bureau of Statistics, married Alice M. Hyland, of Worcester; Right Rev. William A. Hickey, Co-adjutor Bishop of Providence, Rhode Island (Roman Catholic), Tracy, died in infancy; Anna T., married Dr. David B. Lovell, eye specialist, of Worcester; and Charles John, of further mention.

Charles John Hickey, youngest child of William and Margaret (Troy) Hickey, was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, September 25, 1873. He was educated in the public schools of Worcester, and graduated from the Classical High School in 1892; Holy Cross College, 1895; Boston University Law School, 1899. He engaged in the active practice of law in 1900, with an office in the State Mutual building, and in 1901 associated with ex-Mayor Philip J. O'Connell, with offices in the Walker building. This association lasted until 1908, when Mr. Hickey removed his office to the Slater building, where he has since been engaged in the practice of law alone. He is a member of the Worcester County Bar Association and the Massachusetts State Bar Association, and is held in high regard by his brethren of the profession. In politics Mr. Hickey is a Democrat. He has served on the city, State and national local campaign committees of his party and has ever been identified with the workers and leaders of the same. In civic affairs he has always recognized his duty as a citizen, and has given freely of his time and labor toward the promotion of the municipal, state and national welfare. During the late World War, for the period of twenty months, and to the exclusion of his own private practice, he was engaged in the selective service system or draft as chairman of Local Board, Division No. 3, of Worcester, Massachusetts, and devoted himself most faithfully to that tremendous task. He has never entered the political arena for election to public office. He is a member of the Washington Club, Worcester Chamber of Commerce, Knights of Columbus, Worcester County Bar Association, Massachusetts State Bar Association, and the Church of the Ascension, Worcester.

ALFRED NATHANIEL WHITING, Cotton manufacturer, was born at Woonsocket, Rhode Island, December 10, 1844, and died at Worcester, February 26, 1919, son of Alfred and Mary Smith (Harris) Whiting. Alfred Whiting was born

in Washington, New Hampshire, September 18, 1817. In 1845 he founded the business in Oakdale, Massachusetts, in partnership with his brothers-in-law, Charles Morris Harris, Linus M. Harris and Gideon Harris, under the firm name of L. M. Harris & Company, cotton manufacturers. The business flourished until the water privilege was taken by the Metropolitan Water Board. He was a member of Montacute Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, the Chapter, Council, and Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar. He died at Oakdale, January 14, 1890. He married, October 21, 1841, Mary Smith Harris, who was born March 14, 1820, died in this city, April 16, 1904, a daughter of Henry and Waty (Smith) Harris. Her line of ancestry to the immigrant: Henry (6), Gideon (5), Charles (4), Thomas (3), Thomas (2), Thomas (1), who came to Rhode Island with Roger Williams. Children of Alfred and Mary Smith (Harris) Whiting: 1. John Henry, born August 9, 1842, at Woonsocket, died young. 2. Alfred Nathaniel, of further mention. 3. George Edwin, born at Oakdale, June 4, 1847, died young. 4. Mary Eliza, born September 16, 1850, resides with her nephew, Winfred H. Whiting, at No. 167 Pleasant street; active in the Church of the Unity and in social and charitable work; member of the Woman's Club and of Colonel Timothy Bigelow Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution. 5. Clara Waty, born February 2, 1857, died young. The Whiting line of ancestry is: Winfred H. (9), Alfred N. (8), Alfred (7), Nathaniel (6), Nathaniel (5), Isaac (4), Nathaniel (3), Timothy (2), Nathaniel (1), who was born in England, in 1609, came to Lynn as early as 1638, moved to Dedham, where he died, in 1683. Timothy (2) and Nathaniel (3) were millers in Dedham. Nathaniel (6) was the first of the line to leave Dedham.

Alfred N. Whiting received his early education in the public schools of West Boylston, the East Douglas Academy and Woodstock Academy, Woodstock, Vermont. He graduated in 1865 from the Eastman Business College at Poughkeepsie, New York. In 1870 he was placed in charge of the Bell Cotton Mills at Peterboro, New Hampshire, but he returned a year later to become superintendent of the L. M. Harris Company, at West Boylston. Subsequently, he became treasurer and general manager, and continued in these offices until the dissolution of the corporation, in 1902. He did not again engage in active business. From 1900 until his death he was a resident of Worcester. In politics Mr. Whiting was a Republican, and though he took a keen interest in public affairs he never held public office. Like his father he devoted himself unreservedly to business and allowed no other interests to interfere. He was but twelve years old when he began to work in a cotton mill, and about forty years of his life were passed in that business. As a manufacturer he mastered every detail of the cotton industry and took high rank among his business associates. After his retirement he made many friends in Worcester, and especially in the Church of the Unity, of which he was a faithful member.

Mr. Whiting married, June 5, 1867, Mary Claremond Holt, of West Boylston. His wife died January 22, 1898. They had two children, one of whom died in infancy, and Winfred Holt. (See biography).

WINFRED HOLT WHITING, Lawyer and magistrate, was born at Oakdale, West Boylston, July 26, 1880, son of Alfred Nathaniel and Mary Claremond (Holt) Whiting. He attended the public and high school, graduating from the latter in 1897, in his native town, and entered Brown University, from which he was graduated in 1901 with the degree of Ph. B. Three years later he graduated from Harvard Law School, in 1904. He was admitted to the bar in February, 1904, and immediately afterward engaged in practice in Worcester. For a short time he was in the office of Henry F. Harris and Charles M. Thayer. His present office is in the Slater building. He was admitted to the bar of the United States Circuit Court in August, 1905. He was appointed associate justice of the Central District Court of Worcester in November, 1910, and has continued to the present time in this position. In politics he is a Republican. He was a member of the Republican City Committee from 1908 to 1911, inclusive, and chairman of Ward Ten Republican Committee in 1909-10-11. He was elected to the Common Council in 1911, re-elected in 1913, and 1915, and in 1916-1917 was president. Mr. Whiting was treasurer of the Church of the Unity, and has taken an active part in the work of the church. He is a member of Quinsigamond Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of the Tatnuck Country Club, Economic Club, and the Church of the Unity. He has a country home at West Boylston.

OSGOOD BRADLEY, Founder of the business now conducted by the Osgood Bradley Car Company in this city, was born at Andover, January 15, 1800, and died in this city, May 11, 1884, son of Thomas Osgood and Mehitable (Carleton) Bradley. Thomas Osgood Bradley was born at North Andover, September 28, 1774, died at Andover, October 12, 1811; lived at Andover and Bradford; married, June 2, 1796, Mehitable Carleton. His sons John and Osgood moved to Worcester; John died

here, August 31, 1840, aged thirty-eight years, married Nancy Webb, of Exeter, New Hampshire; Sarah, married, November 13, 1843, Leonard Runnels, of Bradford. Thomas Osgood Bradley was a son of Jonathan Bradley, a soldier in the Revolution from Andover. Jonathan was of the fourth generation of the family in this country, son of William, grandson of Joseph. His father aided the cause of the patriots during the Revolution by contributing clothing for the soldiers. The wife of Joseph (2) Bradley was one of the captives taken at the same time Hannah Dustin was captured by the Indians, and she remained in captivity two years. The immigrant of the family, born in England about 1640, settled in Haverhill; was selectman; was killed by Indians, August 13, 1680.

Osgood Bradley received a high school education, and left home to learn the trade of carriage making in Salem. In 1822 he began to build carriages and coaches in this town, in a small building at the rear of the Parker building. In the same year he moved to larger quarters in Atchison's carriage shop on School street, where he manufactured coaches, chaises, gigs, sleighs, cutters and other vehicles. For a few years John Manning was associated with him. Afterward Mr. Manning was in business in the same line on his own account. In 1826 Mr. Bradley began to make coaches for the large stage line owners of New England and New York and for many years made the larger part of the stage coaches used in this section of the country. In 1833 he began to build railway coaches and made the first passenger cars used on the steam railways. The first cars were hauled to Boston over the turnpike. In 1837 he sold his carriage making business and thereafter devoted his attention exclusively to making railroad cars. Very early he began to export cars. In 1839 Edward B. Rice became a partner and continued until 1849, after which Mr. Bradley was alone until his sons were admitted to partnership, under the firm name of Osgood Bradley & Sons. Just before the Civil War he had a large contract for the Egyptian railroads. During the war the works were employed in the government service, making carriages and caissons, in addition to cars. Late in the sixties he began to make sleeping cars, and his son, Osgood, Jr., was in charge of one of the first sleeping cars used in the West, at the same time George M. Pullman was a conductor on another road. The Osgood Bradley Car Works were moved to the corner of Water and Winter streets, and in 1844 to the corner of Franklin and Grafton streets. In 1881 Henry O. and Osgood Bradley, Jr., became partners of their father.

Mr. Bradley was a man of sterling character, progressive and enterprising, generous with his means and active in promoting the public welfare. He was no inconsiderable factor in the upbuilding of the city in its critical days. In 1845 he purchased the mansion on Front street, at the present site of the Chase building, and he was living there when he celebrated his seventy-fifth birthday with a remarkable gathering of friends, including railroad magnates from all parts of the country. He was one of the charter members of the Plymouth Congregational Church, in the support of which he was very generous. He was on the building committee when the present meeting house was erected. He married (first), October 16, 1823, Fanny Sanger, of Framingham; she died June 21, 1846, and he married (second), February 9, 1849, Sarah Jane Makepeace, of Warren. She died April 30, 1898. Children by first wife: Elizabeth Mehitable, born September 11, 1824, married General John B. Wyman, who was killed in the Civil War at the siege of Vicksburg; John, born April 10, 1827; Henry Osgood, of further mention; Daniel Sanger, born February 9, 1834; Osgood, Jr., born December 26, 1836; Sarah Olivia, born November 2, 1839. The only child by the second wife was Abbie Jeanie, born October 13, 1851.

HENRY OSGOOD BRADLEY, Partner in Osgood Bradley & Sons, was born in this city, September 17, 1828, and died here, October 22, 1901, son of Osgood Bradley. He received a liberal education and early in life became associated in business with his father and brother in the firm of Osgood Bradley & Sons, taking charge of the office and accounts. He was a "Forty-niner," sailing in the first vessel bound for the California gold mines from Boston, and he remained in the West for a year. He devoted himself during the rest of his life very closely to the business, which continued to expand year by year. After 1884, when his father died, he was in partnership with his brother, Osgood, Jr., continuing until the brother died, in 1896, and afterward with his son, John E. Bradley, now head of the concern. Mr. Bradley was fond of travel, made several trips abroad for pleasure as well as business, and visited all parts of this country. His mind was richly stored from extensive reading, close observation and study, and his judgment was sound. In politics he was a Democrat, and he possessed much public spirit, but refused to accept political honors.

Mr. Bradley married (first), in 1853, Sarah L. Stockbridge, of Hanover, Massachusetts. She died November 22, 1867, and he married (second), Alice Wetherell, of Providence, Rhode Island. She died in February, 1895. Children by first wife: 1.

Fanny Sanger, born October 13, 1854; married, October 28, 1880, Dr. George F. Harwood, born February 5, 1847, died July 11, 1912. 2. John Erving.

JOHN ERVING BRADLEY, President of the Osgood Bradley Car Company, was born in this city, February 26, 1860, son of Henry Osgood and Sarah L. (Stockbridge) Bradley. He attended the public schools and the private school of Mrs. Wheeler, Summer street. He graduated from the Classical High School in 1877, and entered Amherst College in the class of 1881. At the end of his freshman year, however, he left college to begin his business career. For four years he was a clerk in the store of Jerome Marble & Company, dealers in paints, oils and mill supplies. He was about to start on a trip as traveling salesman for the firm when he resigned to become connected with the firm of Osgood Bradley & Sons, in which his father was a partner. After the death of his uncle, in 1896, he became general manager of the car works, and five years later sole owner of the business. The high reputation of the car works has been maintained under his administration, and the business largely expanded. The old plant at Washington Square had to be abandoned in 1909 on account of changes in the construction of the new Union Railroad Station and abolition of grade crossings. The Bradley Works were moved to a magnificent new plant at Greendale. At the old location the firm occupied an acre and three-quarters; at the present location, fifty-two acres. At that time more capital was put into the business and the present corporation formed. The great concrete and steel buildings have about eighteen acres of floor space, and are equipped with the latest and most efficient machinery. Next to the Pullman Company this company is the largest concern building passenger cars exclusively. Steel and wooden cars for steam and electric roads are made for railroads in all parts of the world. The plant has a capacity of six hundred cars a year. Fifteen hundred hands are employed under normal conditions. The Bradley works are among the largest of the city, doing an annual business of about \$8,000,000. On the old site Mr. Bradley erected, in 1914, an eight-story fireproof building for commercial and manufacturing purposes, fronting on Grafton street, 100 by 200 feet, known as the Osgood Bradley building. It was soon fully occupied by tenants.

Mr. Bradley is a director of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce. He is a member of the Canadian Railroad Club of Montreal; the New York Railroad Club; The Traffic Club of New England; the Engineers' Club of Boston; the American Electric Railway Manufacturers' Association; the National Association of Manufacturers; the American Railroad Appliance Association; the New England Steam Railroad Club; the New England Street Railroad Club, of which he was formerly member of the executive board; the Worcester County Mechanics' Association; the American Society of Mechanical Engineers; the American Electric Railway Association. He is also a member of the Worcester Club, in which he has served on the membership committee; the Worcester Country Club; the Tatnuck Country Club; the Tatassit Canoe Club, of which he has been the commodore; the Uptown Club, of which he has been president. He served three years in the Light Infantry, in the State Militia, and is a member of the Veteran Association. He has taken the thirty-second degree in Masonry, and is a member of Quinsigamond Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of this city; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; Aleppo Temple, Order of the Mystic Shrine, and the Massachusetts Consistory. He is a member of the finance committee of Piedmont Congregational Church, and one of the board of assessors. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Bradley married, October 13, 1887, Emma M. Dingley, born September 24, 1859, daughter of Honorable James B. and Maria (McKenney) Dingley. Her father was prominent in business in Gardiner, Maine, the first mayor of that city, serving several terms. Mr. and Mrs. Bradley have two children: Helen Osgood, born June 16, 1888, graduate of Smith College, 1910, married Hamilton B. Wood; and Katharine, born April 2, 1895, student in Smith College, class of 1918.

Mr. Bradley's home is at No. 21 Richards street, in this city.

BENJAMIN THOMAS BURLEY, Physician, was born in North Epping, New Hampshire, November 26, 1874, son of Joseph Cilley and Sarah Elizabeth (Haley) Burley. He is a descendant of Giles Burley (Burleigh), who was born in England, and settled in Ipswich as early as 1648. Giles Burley was a planter in that town during the remainder of his life. His widow, Elizabeth, married (second), Abraham Fitts, of Ipswich. Governor Burleigh, of Maine, was a descendant of this pioneer, as were all the Colonial families bearing the surname of Burley, or Burleigh.

Dr. Benjamin T. Burley attended the public schools of his native town, and prepared for college in Phillips Exeter Academy, Exeter, New Hampshire, graduating

in the class of 1893. He entered Harvard University, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1897. He received his medical training at the Harvard Medical School, from which he graduated, *cum laude*, in 1901. Having received his medical degree, he continued his hospital work in Boston, Worcester, Vienna, and London, for three years. In 1904 he began to practice in this city, making a specialty of the diseases of the nervous system, a subject in which he had made original researches and investigation. Two years later he established neurological departments at the Worcester City Hospital, and at The Memorial Hospital. He has continued his practice here since that time, and is visiting neurologist to The Memorial Hospital, and to the Worcester City Hospital, and consulting neurologist to the Holden Hospital. In 1917 he was appointed by the President to the Medical Advisory Board of Worcester, to aid in sifting out the draftees for the War Department. He was elected secretary of that board, and continued his activity in these affairs until October 1, 1918, when he was appointed captain in the medical corps of the army. Through the early cessation of hostilities, Dr. Burley did not see active service, and later received his honorable discharge from the army.

Dr. Burley is a member of the Worcester District Medical Society; the Massachusetts Medical Society; the American Medical Association; the New England Psychiatric Society; the Boston Society of Psychiatry and Neurology, and the American Association for the Advancement of Science. Among his written works are: "Paraffine Injections for Bilateral Facial Atrophy;" "Subacute Polymyositis;" "Inter-cranial Tumors," and various others on neurological subjects. Dr. Burley is a member of the Worcester Club; the Tatnuck Country Club; the Harvard Club of Boston; the Authors Club of London, England. During his college life he was active in athletics, and was captain of the Harvard Lacrosse Team, in 1897. He has not lost his love for outdoor sports, especially tennis, golf, and horseback riding.

CALVIN HENRY ANDREWS, Educator, has the training and experience, together with a love of outdoor sports and recreations demanding companionableness, that go to make a student and teacher of indubitable efficiency, who inspires respect, but who has a feeling in common with those of more youthful years with whom his profession constantly throws him.

Mr. Andrews was born June 1, 1871, the son of John Thomas and Henrietta Martyn (Brigham) Andrews, of Boylston, Massachusetts. He attended the public schools of Boylston, and later the Worcester High School in the same building in which he is now principal of the High School of Commerce. He was graduated from the Worcester Polytechnic Institute with the degree of B. S., in the year 1893; took a special course in pedagogy and mathematics at Clark University from 1895 to 1896. He entered the English Classical High School as teacher of physics in 1893, which position he held until June, 1901. In September of the latter year he entered the faculty of the South High School as a teacher of physics, and continued there until June, 1914, and in that year was appointed assistant principal in the High School of Commerce, and in August, 1916, became the principal there. This position he fills at the present time (1917). He is a member of the Boylston Congregational Church, of which he is chairman of the board of trustees and deacon; he is a member of Morning Star Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; a member of Worcester Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; a member of the Economic Club, of which he was treasurer from 1906 until 1914; a member of the Eastern Association of Physics Teachers, of which he was president for one year; a member of the Congregationalists' Club; and a member of the Worcester Mechanics' Association. In politics he is a Republican. Mr. Andrews' enthusiasm for outdoor recreation finds expression in his activities in farming on the old home of his parents, in swimming, skating and tennis. In college he played half-back on the celebrated Worcester technical football team of 1892.

On August 21, 1896, Mr. Andrews was married to Martha Esther Reed, born in Boylston, Massachusetts, November 20, 1878. They have one child, Martha Henrietta, born November 22, 1904, who is now a student at Adams Square School.

HENRY HERBERT DYKE, Lumber dealer, was born in Plymouth, Massachusetts, March 4, 1857, son of Anthony and Christiana (Soule) Dyke. Anthony Dyke was born in North Easton, Massachusetts, September 21, 1818, and died May 28, 1916, at South Braintree; a locomotive engineer in the employ of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company more than fifty years; married Christiana Soule, of Kingston, who was born October 31, 1835, now living with her son in this city. Henry Herbert was their only child. Anthony Dyke's father and grandfather bore the same name, Anthony. Captain Anthony Dyke, his ancestor, was a soldier in



Grover Davis

the Revolution. Samuel Dyke, the first of the family in this country, was one of the pioneers at Salem, Massachusetts, before 1635. The Dyke family was originally from Scotland.

When Henry H. Dyke was a year old his parents moved to South Braintree, Massachusetts, and he attended the public schools there, graduating from the South Braintree High School in 1876. He began his business career as clerk in a grocery store in South Braintree and continued in that business until he was twenty-seven years of age. He was then employed in Boston until 1880, when he came to this city. For five years he was a bookkeeper in the office of the firm of Reed & Prince, and for ten years he filled a similar position in the office of the J. F. Bicknell Lumber Company. In 1912 he engaged in the lumber business on his own account and since then has been in business in this city at the head of the H. H. Dyke Lumber Company. His office and yards are at No. 701 West Boylston street. His home is at No. 76 June street.

Mr. Dyke is a prominent Free Mason, a member of Quinsigamond Lodge, of which he is a past master, and is also a past district deputy of the Twenty-first Massachusetts Masonic District; also a member of Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; Worcester Lodge of Perfection; Goddard Council, Princes of Jerusalem; Lawrence Chapter of Rose Croix; Massachusetts Consistory, and Aleppo Temple, Order of the Mystic Shrine, of Boston. He is also a member of the Commonwealth Club, Builders Exchange, Worcester Rotary Club, Worcester Chamber of Commerce. In politics he is a Republican; in religion a Universalist.

Mr. Dyke married, at South Braintree, April 4, 1878, Jennie A. Willis, who was born in Vermont, and died in this city, July 12, 1909, aged fifty years. Mr. and Mrs. Dyke had two children: 1. Harold Curtis, born April 2, 1884, an artist, now living at El Paso, Texas; married Lillian R. Ware, of Newton, Massachusetts, and has one child, Jennie Randall Dyke. 2. Zylpha Wadsworth, resides at home.

GEORGE WARRINGTON DAVIS, Woolen manufacturer, was born in Troy, New York, June 23, 1859, died in this city, June 26, 1917, son of Charles Davis, who was born in 1835, died April 4, 1897, in California. Early in life he learned the trade of carder, and in the early seventies was working at his trade at the mills in Valley Falls, Leicester, becoming superintendent of Hunt's Mill there as early as 1873. Afterward he operated this mill, manufacturing satinet. In the eighties he was a satinet manufacturer in Athol, Massachusetts, but resided at No. 6 Walnut street, Worcester. In 1888 he began to manufacture satinet in this city, and about that time made his home at No. 200 Beacon street. His mill was at No. 32 Southbridge street. The business was incorporated in 1894, Charles Davis being president, and his son, George W. Davis, who had been in partnership with him, became treasurer. He had seven children: George W., mentioned above; Charles Eugene; Otis H., now of Hopedale, Massachusetts; Leander; Alonzo G.; Alvin S., now of Oxford; Mary A., of this city.

George W. Davis came to this city with his parents in early childhood, and received his education here in the public and high schools. He began his business career in his father's mill in this city, beginning as a bobbin boy and learning the business thoroughly in its various departments. For a number of years he was associated in business with his father. When the Southgate Woolen Company was formed in 1894, he became treasurer, and his father was president. After the death of his father in 1897, he continued the business. It was subsequently incorporated under the name of George W. Davis, Inc. He continued in business until the mill at No. 32 Southgate street was destroyed by fire in 1915, when he retired. Mr. Davis was widely known and highly esteemed. He was a member of the Commonwealth Club, the Worcester Automobile Club, the Worcester Country Club, the Commercial Travelers Association, the Tatassit Canoe Club, and the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons. In politics he was a Republican.

Mr. Davis married, April 29, 1884, in Rochester, New York, Marion E. Davis, who was born in Sturbridge, Massachusetts, a daughter of Dr. Daniel and Harriet (Newell-Woodward) Davis. Her father was the oldest physician practicing in New York State at the time of his death. The only child of Mr. and Mrs. Davis died in infancy. Mrs. Davis resides at No. 8 Loudon street.

EDWARD JUSTIN RUSSELL, Colonel, warden of the Massachusetts State Prison, was born in Hadley, Massachusetts, October 23, 1833; died in this city, December 16, 1917. He was educated in the public schools; learned the trade of carpenter, in Northampton, Massachusetts, and came in 1854 to this city, where he followed his trade, but a few years later removed to North Brookfield, and from that town he enlisted in Company F, Fifteenth Massachusetts Regiment. Although he was given

a commission as second lieutenant, he relinquished it in favor of a man who had more military experience. He was soon made corporal, then sergeant, and July 24, 1862, commissioned second lieutenant; September 24, 1862, first lieutenant, and January 22, 1863, captain. Among the engagements in which he took part were the battles of Fair Oaks, Second Bull Run, Gettysburg, Antietam, Fredericksburg, first and second, South Mountain and Savage Station. He was afterward in the Third Massachusetts Regiment of Heavy Artillery, in which he was commissioned second lieutenant, May 4, 1864; first lieutenant, May 24, 1865, and captain, July, 1865. He was in command of four companies at Fort Stevens, D. C., serving as judge advocate of a General Court Martial there. He was mustered out, October 1, 1865.

Returning to his home in this city, he began a career in the public service that continued until he was seventy-five years old, when he retired. In 1866 he was appointed deputy State constable, serving in this county for the greater part of his term. In 1871 he resigned to accept the office of deputy sheriff under General A. B. R. Sprague, and in the same year he was made keeper of the Worcester House of Correction. He was deputy sheriff until 1884, and keeper until 1886. In July, 1886, he was appointed warden of the Massachusetts State Prison by Governor George D. Robinson. His administration of the prison was highly commended. His military training, executive ability and sterling character gave him exceptional qualifications for the duties of this responsible position. From 1884 to 1887 he was on the staff of Governor Robinson as aide-de-camp, with the rank of colonel. He was for many years active in the Worcester Continentals, and was the second lieutenant at one time. From 1867 to 1885 he was a justice of the peace. He was a member of the Common Council in 1895, and was elected to the Board of Aldermen in 1898. For a time he represented North Brookfield in the General Court, after the Civil War. He was appointed probation officer of the Central District Court in 1891, and served in that office for seventeen years, resigning in 1908, when he was seventy-five years old. The "Gazette" said of his service: "He worked untiringly in the interests of the men and women placed under his care by the court, and seldom has any city or town had a better probation officer than Colonel Russell. Men still live who came under his influence at that time and whom he helped in his position." Colonel Russell served for five years, from 1896 to 1901, as a director of the Free Public Library. He was also at various times a bail commissioner and agent of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, while he was probation officer. From the formation of George H. Ward Post, Grand Army of the Republic, Colonel Russell was a member, active and influential in its affairs. He was also a member of the Massachusetts Commandery, Order of the Loyal Legion; president of the Fifteenth Regiment Association; president in 1911 of Company F, Association of the Fifteenth Regiment. After resigning from office, he went abroad, and spent his winters in Daytona, Florida, thoroughly enjoying his freedom from business and the cares of office. He always had a large circle of intimate friends, and was popular among all classes. He was modest, genial, attractive in manner and speech, upright and honorable in all his relations of life.

Mr. Russell married Lucenia Prouty, and they had a daughter, Bertha Lucenia, who married Colonel Samuel E. Winslow. (See biography).

EDWIN TYLER MARBLE, Founder of the Curtis & Marble Machine Company, was born in Sutton, August 18, 1827, died in this city, July 3, 1910, son of Royal Tyler and Ann Bailey (Clement) Marble. He attended the public schools in his native town and for several terms was a student in the Worcester County Manual Training School (now the Worcester Academy). He came to this city with his father's family in 1841, and at the age of eighteen years entered the employ of Albert Curtis, serving an apprenticeship of three years at the trade of machinist. Afterward he worked in various machine shops in this city, as journeyman, foreman and superintendent. He was in the employ of A. & S. Thayer; was for several years foreman for Thayer, Houghton & Company, manufacturers of machinists' tools; and was superintendent of the works of E. C. Cleveland & Company, manufacturers of woolen machinery. In 1849-50 he worked about a year in Shelburne Falls.

In April, 1863, he entered into partnership with Albert Curtis in the manufacture of woolen machinery for finishing woolen, silk and cotton goods, under the firm name of Curtis & Marble. Mr. Curtis built the first machines for shearing or trimming cotton cloth built in this country; they were used to remove the fuzz. In old times this was accomplished by singeing. They began business in the same shop where Mr. Marble learned his trade in New Worcester and at first employed about twenty men. This shop was on the present site of the electric light power station. From the beginning, however, the business flourished and the plant was enlarged again and again. The firm continued very successfully for thirty-two years. In April, 1895, Mr. Curtis retired and Mr. Marble became sole proprietor of the business, which was incorpor-



Edwin S. Moulton

ated December 31 of that year as the Curtis & Marble Machine Company. The capital was \$75,000. Edwin T. Marble was president and treasurer to the end of his life. Mr. Marble built the present factory at No. 72 Cambridge street in 1897. Since the death of Mr. Marble the business has been conducted by his four sons. The officers of the company are: Edwin H. Marble, president; William C. Marble, vice-president and secretary; Charles F. Marble, treasurer; Albert C. Marble, superintendent. The company has acquired the business of the Atlas Manufacturing Company of New Jersey and the shearing department of the Woonsocket Napping Machinery Company. The company employs about one hundred and fifty men at the present time and manufactures wool burring, picking and mixing machinery and cloth finishing machinery for cotton, woolen, worsted and felt goods, velvets, plushes, corduroys, silks, embroideries, carpets, rugs and mats.

Mr. Marble was of great public spirit and keenly interested in public affairs, especially in municipal politics. He supported the Republican party from the time it was organized. He was a member of the school committee in 1860 and from 1872 to 1880. He was a member of the Common Council in 1866, 1867 and 1868; alderman in 1869, 1870, 1871 and 1872; representative to the General Court in 1870; state senator in 1887 and 1888; member of the board of directors of the Free Public Library from 1887 to 1892 and president during his last year. He was a director of the Worcester Safe Deposit and Trust Company (afterward the Worcester Trust Company) for many years, and trustee and vice-president of the People's Savings Bank of this city. He was vice-president and member of the board of trustees of the Home for Aged Men, and later its president. For a period of thirty years he was a deacon of Piedmont Congregational Church, and was made deacon emeritus for the remainder of his life. He was a member of the Worcester Board of Trade and a director, 1891-94, and of the Worcester Agricultural Society. He was one of the most influential and active members of the Worcester County Mechanics Association and was its president in 1877 and 1878. His residence at the corner of Main and Clement streets was built in 1890.

Mr. Marble married Harriet Hamilton Chase, of Shelburne Falls. She had been a school teacher in this city. She died in this city, April 28, 1892, aged sixty-one years. She was a descendant of the pioneer, Aquila Chase, and of many other of the first settlers of New England. Their children are: Edwin Henry, Harriet Anne, died 1906; William Clement, Charles Francis and Albert Curtis (see biographies of the sons).

Mr. Marble was descended from early Puritans, all his ancestry being of the original English stock. The first settler of the Marble family, Samuel Marble, lived in Andover; Freegrace Marble, his son, was one of the early settlers in Sutton and was the ancestor of nearly all the old Marble families in this county. The line of ancestry is: Edwin Tyler (6), Royal Tyler (5), Andrew (4), Malachi (3), Freegrace (2), Samuel (1). Andrew Marble was for many years the mail carrier between Boston and Hartford, and the family still possesses his whip.

His father, Royal Tyler Marble, was born in Sutton, March 13, 1797, died in Worcester, October 13, 1861. He was a farmer on the old Marble homestead in Sutton; came to this city and lived in the old Captain Bigelow house on Vernon street. He was greatly interested in the Agricultural Society and took many premiums for his high-grade cattle. He was a lieutenant of the Fifth Regiment, First Brigade, Sixth Division, commissioned September 20, 1828; promoted captain, August 7, 1830, of the Sutton Rifles; discharged May 30, 1831, at the time his company was disbanded. He married, September 27, 1825, Anna Bailey Clement, of Worcester, daughter of Moses and Sarah (Bailey) Clement. She died April 8, 1885, aged eighty-six years. She was a member of Old South Congregational Church. Besides Edwin T. they had one other son, Francis Russell, born May 30, 1833, in Sutton, died April, 1908. He was associated in business from 1860 with his brother and after the business was incorporated was one of the directors. He married Sarah Ely (Holt) Clement, widow of Luther Clement. He left no children. He was a Republican, and a member of the Worcester County Mechanics Association. (See Sutton History for ancestry).

ALBERT CURTIS, Manufacturer, founder of the firm of Curtis & Marble, was born in the city, July 13, 1807, died here July 27, 1898, son of Samuel (6) and Eunice Curtis, (Samuel (5), Ephraim (4), Ephraim (3), Joseph (2), Henry (1)). (See Early Settlers). He was one of a large family and early in life had to make his own way in the world. His schooling was brief. His youth was passed mostly on the farm of an elder brother in Tioga county, New York, and on his uncle's farm in Auburn, Massachusetts.

At the age of seventeen, he was apprenticed to White & Boyden, manufacturers of woolen machinery at South Worcester near the present site of the Whittall Carpet

Mills. After learning this trade he continued in the employ of the firm for three years, his wages being \$1.75 a day. In December, 1829, he went to Pittsburgh, returning in January, 1831, to the employ of White & Boyden. Soon afterward he started in business in partnership with John Simmons and Abel Kimball under the firm name of John Simmons & Company, manufacturing machinery for woolen mills. This firm was soon succeeded by Simmons & Curtis, who continued to make shearing and other machinery. In 1833 he became the sole proprietor of the business, but in 1834 admitted William Henshaw to partnership, the name of the firm being Curtis & Henshaw. This firm outgrew the little shop at New Worcester and for a time leased quarters in the wire mill on Grove street. The firm was dissolved January 8, 1839. In 1841 the factory was destroyed by fire but rebuilt. About 1840 Mr. Curtis bought the old Hale building of Clarendon Wheelock, the Ramshorn water privilege, building and satinnet machinery, consisting of two full sets. He had previously bought the Lewis Thayer water privilege where the old dam was located on Tatnuck brook, to operate his machine shop. Mr. Curtis leased the old building to John Metcalf and William C. Barber, but it was burned in 1842, together with the machine shop of Mr. Curtis. Mr. Curtis again rebuilt the machine shop. The new building was thirty by fifty-two feet, three stories in height. In 1842 he also built a factory on the site of the old Hale Mill, leasing a part of it to Sumner Pratt, with whom he was afterward in partnership, making sewing thread, and in 1844 bought him out and began to make cotton sheetings, continuing for several years. Then the mill was converted into a satinnet factory. In 1845 the South Mill was built for manufacturing cotton sheeting and drilling; in 1870 it was changed to a woolen mill, making blankets, shawls and dress goods. At the north end of Curtis bridge was the old wheelwright shop of E. Graves, whom Mr. Curtis bought out in 1837, continuing the wheelwright business for three years. In 1852 Mr. Curtis bought the factory at Trowbridgeville and made cotton sheetings until it was burned in 1860; after it was rebuilt in part he made woolen goods there. He also changed the mill erected in 1845 to a woolen mill in 1871 and made a specialty of horse blankets. The mill built in 1842 was changed to a satinnet mill in 1857. The firm of Curtis & Marble was formed in 1863. (See biography of Edwin T. Marble). The firm continued until April, 1895, when Mr. Curtis sold out to his partner and retired.

Mr. Curtis was upright, charitable and public-spirited. He was a generous benefactor of the Home for Aged Men, the Young Men's Christian Association, the Young Women's Christian Association, and Union Congregational Church, of which he was a member for many years. He built the Curtis Chapel in Hope Cemetery and presented it to the city. He was for a number of years vice-president of the Worcester Society of Antiquity and much interested in the history of Worcester, of which his ancestors were among the first settlers. He was a lifelong student, a reader of substantial books, well-informed in many subjects. He became the owner of much real estate in the city. He was a selectman of the town in 1840-41; member of the first Common Council in 1848 and alderman in 1857. In politics he was a Republican.

Mr. Curtis married (first) in 1833, Sally K. Griffin, a widow, of Sterling. He married (second) in 1880, the widow of Rev. David Bancroft. He had no children.

WILLIAM CLEMENT MARBLE, Vice-president and secretary of the Curtis & Marble Machine Company, was born in Worcester, December 4, 1861, son of Edwin Tyler and Harriet Hamilton (Chase) Marble. He attended the public schools of Worcester, and graduated from the Classical High School in 1881, in which year he began his connection with the company with which he is now identified. He is a Republican in politics, and a member of Piedmont Congregational Church, Worcester Chamber of Commerce, Worcester Congregational Club, Worcester County Mechanics' Association, Worcester Country Club and Economic Club.

Mr. Marble married, October 23, 1890, in Worcester, Mary Rosina Hapfoldt. Children: Edwin Tyler, born August 15, 1894; Frances Elizabeth, July 16, 1900; Harriet Clement, May 13, 1903; Eleanor Mary, February 25, 1914.

CHARLES FRANCIS MARBLE, Manufacturer of textile machinery, treasurer of the Curtis & Marble Machine Company, was born in this city, February 17, 1865, son of Edwin Tyler and Harriet Hamilton (Chase) Marble. He attended the public schools here, and graduated from the high school in 1882. He entered Amherst College, from which he was graduated in 1886 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. After graduation he became associated in business with his father in the firm of Curtis & Marble. He has been an officer of the Curtis & Marble Machine Company since the firm became a corporation, and is now the treasurer. He was the first cashier and a director in 1895. Since 1911 Mr. Marble has been a director of the Worcester Trust Company, now the Worcester Bank & Trust Company, a director of the Worcester Morris Plan Company, and is a trustee of the Peoples' Savings Bank.

He is a Republican in his political views and has always taken a keen interest in the common school system of the municipality. From 1904 to 1916 he served on the school committee, serving as the chairman the last year. He is a trustee of the Worcester Independent Industrial Schools, and is the clerk and chairman of the Girls' Trade School Committee. He is a member of Alpha Delta Phi and Phi Beta Kappa fraternities of Amherst, and of the Amherst Alumni Association, and holds membership in the Economic Club, the Congregational Club and was president in 1910, in the Chamber of Commerce, in the Public Education Association, in the Worcester County Mechanics' Association, in the Worcester County Republican Club, in the Worcester Country Club, and in the National Society for the Promotion of Industrial Education.

He married, November 18, 1890, Annie M. Russell (see biography). Their home is at No. 4 Marble street. They are members of Piedmont Congregational Church. Their children are: Anna Bell, born April 12, 1905; Paul Francis, born December 11, 1906.

ANNIE M. (RUSSELL) MARBLE (Mrs. Charles F. Marble), Author, was born in this city, August 10, 1864, daughter of Isaiah Dunster and Nancy M. (Wentworth) Russell. She is descended from the first president of Harvard College, Henry Dunster, and the famous Governor Wentworth, of New Hampshire, and in various lines, both paternal and maternal, from other pioneers of New England. She attended the Ledge Street Public School and the Classical High School, from which she graduated in 1882, with honor. She entered Smith College and was graduated in 1886 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. In 1895 she received the degree of Master of Arts from Smith College.

She taught in the Classical High School for three years before her marriage, November 18, 1890, to Charles F. Marble. Afterward she resumed teaching English to a class of high school graduates at her home on Freeland street, and for three years at the hall of the Young Women's Christian Association. At one time her classes in English and American literature had an attendance of one hundred and fifty. During these years she delivered many lectures in this city, Providence, Lowell, Hartford, Lynn, Fitchburg and elsewhere, before women's clubs and similar organizations; later she made a lecture tour to Philadelphia, Washington, Richmond, Pittsburgh and several places in Tennessee.

In her home study classes she had given critical attention to Carlyle's "Heroes and Hero Worship" and an annotated edition of this book was her first publication in 1897. In 1899 she published "Nature Pictures by American Poets" (MacMillan). She then edited for Houghton, Mifflin & Company, an edition of the "Marble Faun" in the Riverside Series. Her next work was "Books that Nourish Us," in the What is Worth While Series of Thomas Crowell & Company, New York. In 1905 she published "Thoreau—His Home, Friends and Books" and "Books in Their Seasons;" in 1907, "Heralds of American Literature." She had been a regular contributor to "The Dial," "The Critic" and other New England magazine and literary journals. She edited the "Thoreau Calendar," 1909, "Whittier Year-Book," 1910, "The Optimist's Year-Book," 1911. She compiled a pageant, "Heroines of Literature," 1915. She is a member of the Public Education Association, the Smith College Club, the Woman's Club, the Boston College Club, Association of Collegiate Alumnae and the Boston Authors' Club. She was president of the Worcester Woman's Club, 1916-1918.

HERBERT AUGUSTUS MAYNARD. This is an ancient Shrewsbury Massachusetts family, coming thence from Marlboro. Herbert A. Maynard, a twentieth century representative, resides in Shrewsbury, his business being in Worcester. John Maynard was one of the forty-seven settlers who shared in the division of Sudbury Meadows in 1638. He was a selectman and one of the petitioners for the grant of Marlboro in 1656, removed from there, and died in 1711. By his wife, Mary, he had three sons: John, born in 1661; Simon, born 1666, of whom further mention; Zachariah, born in 1672; all born in Marlboro.

Simon (1) Maynard was born in Marlboro, Massachusetts, died there, January 19, 1747. His wife, Hannah, died April 5, 1743. Children: Simon (2), of further mention; Elisha, and John.

Simon (2) Maynard, known as "Sergeant" Maynard, was born in 1695, died in Shrewsbury, and is said to have lived to the age of ninety. He married Sarah Church, November 18, 1718, and moved to Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, where both joined the church. His wife died in 1781, aged ninety-one years. Children: Mary, Benjamin, of further mention; Simon, Abner, Seth, and Sarah.

Benjamin Maynard was born in Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, September 15, 1721. He married (first) March 7, 1744, Submit Lee, who died at the birth of their daughter

Mercy, born January 15, 1745, married David Brigham. Deacon Maynard married (second) December 29, 1746, Abigail, daughter of Luke Rice. Children: Seth, Submit, Sarah, Abner, Jonah, died young; Jonah (2), Benjamin (2), of further mention; Abigail, Lucy, and Simon.

Benjamin (2) Maynard was born in Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, January 18, 1760, and there his death occurred. He married, in 1783, Martha Earle, of Boxford, who died in Shrewsbury, in August, 1846. Children: Joseph and Benjamin, twins, born January 4, 1785; Oliver, born July 14, 1787; Abner, born February 11, 1790, of further mention; Martha (twin with Abner) married Dr. Joseph Stone, in 1816.

Abner Maynard was born in Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, died in 1836, in Northboro, Massachusetts. He married Hannah Hall, of Sutton. Children: Augustus Ferdinand, of whom further; Lorenzo, died young; Harriet, died young; Harriet Ward, born December 26, 1821, married Daniel Chamberlain; Lorenzo Abner, born December 25, 1825; Fayette, born February 29, 1829.

Augustus Ferdinand Maynard was born in Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, December 20, 1815, died July 23, 1897. He learned the painter's trade after finishing public school study and followed that occupation for many years. He was a member of a rifle company in his younger years, was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and for many years town sexton. He was a well read man, very intelligent and highly esteemed. He married, November 8, 1838, Roslin Flora Allen, born January 22, 1813, died June 1, 1881, daughter of Liberty and Mary (Amidon) Allen, of Fitzwilliam, New Hampshire. Liberty Allen was a farmer, and a member of the Congregational church. He was a son of Elnathan Allen, born November 18, 1728, married May 31, 1753, Thankful Hastings, of Waltham, Massachusetts, and died October 2, 1805. Elnathan Allen was a son of Israel Allen, a Revolutionary soldier. Mr. and Mrs. Allen were the parents of: Lucius S., born September 2, 1801; Augusta A., born August 29, 1802; Thankful H., born August 15, 1804; Sophonia, born December 6, 1805; Mary E., born March 21, 1807; Cleora K., born January 9, 1811; Roslin Flora, born January 23, 1813, married Augustus F. Maynard; Caroline C., born July 31, 1815; Liberty G., born November 24, 1817; Appleton J., born June 12, 1819; Henry Edwards Whipple, born September 12, 1822. Augustus F. and Roslin Flora (Allen) Maynard were the parents of four children: Ellen M., born July 28, 1839; Caroline A., born May 14, 1841; Mary H., born January 21, 1844; Herbert Augustus, of further mention.

Herbert Augustus Maynard was born in Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, the ancient home of his sires, March 10, 1854, his birth occurring in the Methodist Episcopal church, of which his father was long the sexton, he and his family occupying rooms in the church basement. He was educated in the grade and high schools of Shrewsbury. At the age of seventeen he was taught house painting, paper hanging and decorating by his father, and for three years they worked together. He then became bookkeeper and confidential clerk for Thomas Rice & Company, tanners and curriers of leather at Shrewsbury, Mr. Rice being an uncle of the young man by marriage. For twelve years, 1873-1885, he remained with that firm, then from 1885 to 1897 he engaged in business for himself as a general merchant at Shrewsbury Center. During that period he increased the annual volume of business from \$7,000 to \$25,000. In 1897 he retired from the mercantile business and for two years engaged in the sale of real estate. In 1889 he was elected secretary and treasurer of the Worcester Brewing Corporation, an office he has held until the present, 1919. He is on the board of incorporators of the Worcester County Institution for savings, and has other business interests. A Republican in politics, Mr. Maynard in Shrewsbury took an active part in public affairs. He was assistant postmaster of Shrewsbury, 1885-1889, and postmaster 1890-1894. He was chairman of the Republican town committee for many years; representative from Shrewsbury on the district committee several years; served on the board of selectmen, and was chairman of the school board; a trustee of the public library, trustee of the Cemetery Association, member of the Electric Light and Water Commission, and served on many public committees. He is now a member of the finance committee and trustee of the public library, and a cemetery trustee. During the recent conservation campaigns he was chairman of the fuel committee. He is a member of Ridgely Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Worcester; Queen Esther Lodge, Daughters of Rebekah; was one of the founders and is a member of the Shrewsbury Club; was an organizer of the Shrewsbury Historical Society and its first president.

Mr. Maynard married (first) September 22, 1874, Helen Augusta Morrill, born in Brookfield, Massachusetts, March 10, 1854, died in Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, March 27, 1896, daughter of Ebenezer and Dolly (Pratt) Morrill. Mr. and Mrs. Maynard were the parents of two daughters: Mabelle Agnes, born June 27, 1875, a graduate from Shrewsbury High School, married Frank A. Rand, of Worcester; Flora Evelyn, born May 2, 1881, a graduate of Shrewsbury High School, married Bertram C. Bart-

lett, of Worcester. Mr. Maynard married (second) May 10, 1905, Ellen T. Keegan, born in Shrewsbury, February 10, 1867, daughter of Michael and Catherine (Foley) Keegan.

WILLIAM SLOCOMB DADMUN, Merchant, was born in Holliston, August 20, 1848, son of Jeduthan and Lucy (Davis) Dadmun. His father was a shoemaker by trade; was a clerk in a Worcester store for a time; proprietor of a general store in Grafton, and later in Springfield as partner in the firm of Dadmun & Putnam; his last years were spent in this city at the home of his son William. His mother was born in Rutland, September 24, 1811, daughter of Isaac and Betsey (Rice) Davis, descendant of Dolor Davis (see Early Settlers).

Jeduthan Dadmun, Sr., father of Jeduthan Dadmun, Jr., was born in Framingham, December 23, 1775, and died February 14, 1825. He married, December 18, 1801, Lois Jones, a descendant of John Alden, who came in the "Mayflower." Nathan Dadmun, father of Jeduthan Dadmun, Sr., was a soldier in the Revolution from Framingham. His father, Samuel Dadmun, Jr., served in the French and Indian War from the same town. Samuel Dadmun, Sr., born about 1690, is said to have been of Scotch ancestry. The first settler came to Essex county.

William S. Dadmun went with his parents to Lunenburg at the age of five years, removing thence to Grafton, where he attended the public schools, leaving the high school before he completed the course. He went to Springfield with the family, and for a few months assisted his father in the grocery store, being afterward a clerk in the store of L. J. Holt, a drygoods dealer there. He came to Worcester and entered the employ of Simeon Clapp. Subsequently Charles Haven was admitted to partnership under the firm name of Clapp & Haven, and when the senior partner died he became sole proprietor. During all these changes Mr. Dadmun remained with the concern. Mr. Dadmun engaged in business on his own account, in partnership with James H. Howland, under the firm name of Dadmun & Howland, dealing in boots and shoes in this city. After two years, Frank J. Dadmun, a brother, bought the interests of Mr. Howland and the name of the firm became Dadmun Brothers. When this firm dissolved, William S. Dadmun entered the employ of J. O. Bemis, shoe dealer in this city, but about two years later he again started in the shoe business under his own name at No. 349 Main street. After two years he admitted to partnership Henry E. Putnam, and the firm name became Dadmun & Putnam. Charles H. Heywood represented the interests of Mr. Putnam in the store, and later when the store was removed to the basement of the old City Hall, he became a partner and the firm name became Dadmun, Heywood & Company. When the old City Hall was vacated in 1898, the store was at No. 520 Main street, in the Knowles building. In the meantime the Putnam interests had been acquired by others, and the present firm name Dadmun & Heywood was adopted. The store at No. 520 Main street was occupied until February 1, 1913, when the firm moved to No. 517 Main street. The present quarters at No. 559 Main street were occupied, March 1, 1917. The Dadmun & Heywood firm is one of the oldest mercantile houses on Main street.

Mr. Dadmun died May 28, 1918. He was a Republican, but never entered politics to any extent. He was one of the best-known Free Masons of the city. He joined Athelstan Lodge, June 1, 1870; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, April 9, 1872; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters, June 12, 1873; Worcester Commandery, Knights Templar, September 4, 1874, and had been its recorder since 1876. He was eminent commander in 1911. He was also a member of the Scottish Rite bodies to the eighteenth degree, and a trustee of the Masonic Fraternity (corporation). He was a member also of Aletheia Grotto, Mystic Order of Veiled Prophets, and of the Worcester County Mechanics' Association, of which he was a trustee for three years; and a director of the Home Co-operative Bank.

Mr. Dadmun married, December 31, 1868, Lydia Lathrop, born April 1, 1845, daughter of Samuel and Julia Ann (Wheelock) Lathrop. Their children were: Alice Gertrude, born December 9, 1869, died November 29, 1871; Wilton Wells (see biography); Walter Robbins, born August 23, 1878. Mr. Dadmun's home was at No. 28 Oread street.

WILTON WELLS DADMUN, Manager of the Worcester Machine Screw Company, No. 79 Beacon street, was born in this city, December 27, 1872, son of William Slocumb and Lydia (Lathrop) Dadmun. He received his education here in the public and high schools, and began business as clerk in the office of the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works. After six months there he entered the employ of the Pierce National Fire Insurance Company and continued there for a period of six years. In 1893 he became a clerk in the office of the Worcester Machine Screw Company. From time to time he was advanced to positions of greater responsibility, and after the

death of E. B. Dolliver, July 6, 1910, he was made manager of the business. This concern was founded by A. W. Gifford in 1866, and he owned the business until April 1, 1900, when he sold to the Standard Screw Company, a holding corporation, which at that time also purchased the properties of the Chicago Screw Company and the Detroit Screw Works, and afterwards various other concerns in this line of business. Mr. Gifford was second vice-president, and E. B. Dolliver, of this city, treasurer of the Standard Screw Company. Since Mr. Dadmun has been in charge the plant has been enlarged. In 1913 a three-story building was added. He is a member of the Worcester Country Club, the Worcester Automobile Club, the Rotary Club, the Worcester Economic Club, the Chamber of Commerce. He is past eminent commander of Worcester Commandery, Knights Templar, and a member of ——— Lodge, Chapter and Council of the Order of Free and Accepted Masons. He is a member and trustee of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, of this city. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Dadmun married, at Worcester, October 8, 1898, Alice W. Gifford, and they have one son, Chester Gifford. Mr. and Mrs. Dadmun reside at No. 34 Oread street.

JOHN STILLMAN BRIGHAM. The prosperous city of Worcester owes, as does every city, its present prosperity to the enterprise and vision of the men of yesterday, who invested in new enterprises and inaugurated new movements, often at the risk and sometimes at the cost of their fortunes. Twentieth century conditions develop new avenues of investment and prosperity, but such are yet in their infancy; the real solid prosperity of the present comes from the old-established industries which were founded and developed by men of the long ago. One of the men in his day and generation, who aided in the upbuilding of the city of Worcester through his connection with the commercial interests of the city, was John Stillman Brigham, a native son. His life was cut short in its prime, covering barely half a century, but was full of usefulness and earnest effort with practical result. Thirty-one years of that life was spent in the envelope manufacturing business, and through the long experience gained as a subordinate he was persuaded that he himself could become a manufacturer. From that belief sprang the Logan, Swift & Brigham Envelope Company, of which Mr. Brigham was treasurer until his sudden death, thirteen years after the incorporation of the company. He was a man of fine business ability, energetic, progressive, upright and honorable. While the years have dulled the grief caused by his untimely death, the memory of his quiet, unselfish, devoted life is fondly cherished by those with whom he was bound by ties of business, friendship and family.

John Stillman Brigham, son of John Mason and Arminda (Stillman) Brigham, was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, May 12, 1847, and died in Colorado Springs, Colorado, February 19, 1897, in the fiftieth year of his age. He completed his public school studies in the Worcester High School at the age of eighteen years, and at once began a business career which continued without interruption until his decease, thirty-two years later. His first position was as bookkeeper for J. H. Clark, and then for D. H. Eames, the well-known clothier in the store at Harrington Corner. At the same time he kept books for the old Worcester Horse Railroad Company, doing their work evenings. In 1867 he entered the employ of the Whitcomb Envelope Company as office clerk, and for eighteen years remained with that corporation in constantly-advancing position. These eighteen years were years of development, and the very young man of twenty emerged the seasoned, experienced business man. They were also years of great development both in a mechanical and business sense. Mr. Brigham became thoroughly familiar with the business from the office standpoint, and was highly-regarded by the officials of the Whitcomb Company. In 1884 he resigned his position and became one of the organizers of a new corporation, the Logan, Swift & Brigham Company, of which he became the first treasurer. The company prospered abundantly, developed strength as the years progressed, and won an important place in the industrial world. In the treasurer's department the ability, industry and sound business judgment displayed by Mr. Brigham contributed largely to the prosperity of the company, and to the high rank they attained among financiers. The manufacturing department, also under the care of men of skill and ability, gave forth a product of high grade, and with both departments, factory and office, working in perfect harmony, the financial results were most satisfactory. In 1897 Mr. Brigham's health failed to such an extent that he visited Colorado to recuperate, and there met his death.

Although essentially the man of affairs, Mr. Brigham was not unmindful of his duties of citizenship, but met every demand made upon him. He preferred the quiet of private life, never seeking public office, but when called upon for service in Common Council served two terms, ending in 1890. He also rendered efficient service on the Board of Overseers of the Poor for several years. He was a prominent member of the Central Congregational Church and deeply interested in its work, aiding with his means and personal effort to advance all good causes. He was devoted to his family



Matthew Gault

and his beautiful home, and there his happiest hours were spent. There was nothing meteoric or spectacular in his life, his rise to fortune was one of daily progress; each day's work was faithfully performed and brought its deserved reward. He was of friendly, social, but quiet nature; men were attracted to him by his sterling, manly attributes, and he possessed a wealth of true friends.

On June 26, 1879, Mr. Brigham was united in marriage to Nellie J. Spurr, daughter of Elijah and Helen Maria (Gleason) Spurr, of Worcester. To Mr. and Mrs. Brigham was born one son, Dwight Stone, born in Worcester, August 24, 1886, who married Marion Brittan Shattuck, daughter of Josiah B. Shattuck, and they have two children, namely: Nancy Shattuck and Mary Stillman Brigham. Mr. Brigham, during the World War, served as major of engineers in the department of Light Railways (Fourteenth Engineers Regiment), with the American Expeditionary Forces in France.

MATTHEW GAULT, Superintendent of the Sewer Department, was born in Hookset, New Hampshire, August 18, 1867, son of Norris C. and Ann H. (Mitchell) Gault. Norris C. Gault was a native of Hookset: a farmer and manufacturer of brick; captain in the State Militia, and member of the Amoskeag Veterans. Of the four children of Norris C. and Ann H. (Mitchell) Gault, Emma C. married Anson S. Paine (deceased) and is living in this city; Clara married Robert W. Skelton, and resides in Milwaukee, Wisconsin; John Gault, graduate of Dartmouth, 1895, principal of the Webster Grammar School, Manchester, New Hampshire. The Gaults settled in lower New Hampshire before the Revolution, and in the paternal line one of Mr. Gault's ancestors fought in the Revolution.

Matthew Gault attended the public schools of his native town until 1882, when he entered Pembroke Academy, at Pembroke, New Hampshire, graduating in 1886. He then became a student in Dartmouth College, from which he graduated in 1890 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. In July, 1890, he entered the office of the city engineer as an assistant, and held this position until April, 1907, when he was elected superintendent of the Sewer Department, a position he has since filled with exceptional ability. In politics he is a Republican. He is a member of Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of which he is past master; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar, of which he is a past eminent commander; Aletheia Grotto, of which he is treasurer. He is a member of the Dartmouth Club and of Old South Church, of which he is the collector. While in college he played on the baseball team, and he is still greatly interested in outdoor sports, especially baseball.

Mr. Gault married, in this city, December 9, 1896, Grace Warren Stetson, who was born in Marlborough, August 20, 1869, daughter of Warren I. and Clara T. (Richmond) Stetson. Her father is deceased; her mother is living at No. 13 Blossom street, in this city. Mr. and Mrs. Gault have two children: 1. Warren Stetson, born March 14, 1898, graduate of Worcester Academy, 1916; in the recent war commissioned a lieutenant in the Coast Artillery branch of the service; now a student in Dartmouth, class of 1920. 2. Helen N., born April 17, 1904.

FRANK CHANDLER HAYES, D. D. S. After graduation from Taft's College Dental School in 1915, Dr. Hayes located in Worcester, where he has acquired professional skill and reputation. He is a son of Robert W. Hayes, born in Freedom, New Hampshire, March 2, 1838, died February 22, 1916, a farmer all his active years. Robert W. Hayes married Oceania Hayes, born in Lowell, Massachusetts, in August, 1851, and they were the parents of three sons: Willis F., born in Haverhill, Massachusetts, March 2, 1882; Charles, born March 3, 1885; Frank Chandler, of further mention.

Frank Chandler Hayes was born in Haverhill, Massachusetts, June 13, 1892, and there completed grade and high school courses of study. He learned the machinist's trade in Haverhill, but later decided upon a profession, entered Taft's College Dental School, and was graduated from that institution with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery, class of 1915. He has since been engaged in practice in Worcester, where he is building up a good clientele. He is a member of the Knights of Pythias, and the Protestant Episcopal church.

Dr. Hayes married, in Waltham, Massachusetts, May 15, 1917, Ruth A. Dinsmore, born in Waltham, May 30, 1894, daughter of Arthur Edward and Jane Dinsmore, her father a watchmaker. Dr. and Mrs. Hayes are the parents of a daughter, Marion Ruth, born in Worcester, February 19, 1918.

ARTHUR NATHANIEL WHITEMORE. From youthful manhood Arthur N. Whittemore has been connected with the grain business in the City of Worcester, W.—II-52.

beginning as bookkeeper, but since 1889 as either partner or sole owner, the firm A. N. Whittemore & Company, of which he is sole owner, having existed since 1899. He is one of Worcester's successful business men, and has borne his full share in the upbuilding of this commercial center. Mr. Whittemore is of the eighth American generation of the family founded in New England by Thomas Whittemore, who traced his genealogy back through sixteen generations in England to Peter de Bolvel, of Staffordshire, and the year 1100. In the third English generation there was an intermarriage with the Whitmore family, and Whitmore became the family name, going through several changes before finally becoming Whittemore, the form used in this branch. Hertfordshire became the family seat, and at Hitchin, in that shire, Thomas Whittemore, son of Roger and grandson of Thomas Whittemore of the same town and shire, was born.

Thomas Whittemore came to New England prior to 1640, owned land in Malden, which remained in the family for more than two hundred years. The line of descent from Thomas Whittemore, the American founder of the family, is through his son, Daniel Whittemore, and his wife, Mary Millins; their son, Daniel Whittemore, and his wife, Lydia Bassett; their son, Jonathan Whittemore, and his wife, Sarah Woodcock; their son, Jonathan (2) Whittemore, a soldier of the French and Indian War and a veteran of seven years' service in the Revolution; his son, Arnold Whittemore, and his wife, Betsey Dascomb; their son, Charles Preston Whittemore, and his wife, Clara Goddard; their son, Arthur Nathaniel Whittemore, of Worcester, Massachusetts, to whom this review is inscribed.

Charles Preston Whittemore, of the seventh generation, was born in Fayette, Maine, August 25, 1834, but later his parents returned to Massachusetts, settling in Hopkinton. He learned the shoemaker's trade and came to Worcester and became a shoe manufacturer, also a retail shoe merchant. He was a veteran of the Civil War, enlisted in Company C, Fifty-first Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, and returned from the war with his health shattered. He was a member of Montacute Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Worcester; and in politics a Republican.

Arthur Nathaniel Whittemore, son of Charles Preston Whittemore, was born in Worcester, October 7, 1859. He was educated in Worcester public schools, and after completing his studies became an employee of Johnson, Bye & Company, manufacturers of pistols, at No. 44 Central street. He did not like that work and soon left it to enter the employ of Robert L. Smyth, a shoe manufacturer. He remained with Mr. Smyth several years, then was employed in other shoe factories in the city, finally leaving that line of work to go with the Hammond Organ Reed Company, remaining with that company four years. From the Hammond Company he went to C. W. Sears, a grain dealer, acting as bookkeeper during that entire period. That was the last position he ever filled as an employee, his next change being in 1889, to a partnership with H. H. Houghton, formerly senior partner of the grain firm, Houghton, Garland & Sears. The new firm, Houghton & Whittemore, purchased the business of C. W. Sears and continued grain dealing at No. 525 Main street, in the Holbrook store. In 1895 the business so increased that new quarters were necessary and a brick building was erected at Nos. 5-7 Beacon street. In addition the firm owned elevators and store houses at two railroad yards in the city, and became very prosperous. In 1899 Mr. Houghton withdrew, Mr. Whittemore continuing the business alone, reorganizing under the firm name A. N. Whittemore & Company. There has been a constant increase in the volume of business transacted each year, the lines carried including hay, grain, feed, straw, and a general line of similar goods used by farmers and horse owners. Mr. Whittemore is a member of Central Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church, which he has served officially since 1895; Worcester County Mechanics' Association; Worcester Board of Trade; and in his political faith is a Republican.

Mr. Whittemore married, at Worcester, June 2, 1880, Louise Huntley, daughter of James and Margaret (Scott) Huntley. Mr. and Mrs. Whittemore are the parents of four children: 1. Flora Isabelle, married, June 1, 1905, Howard D. Brewer, a wholesale druggist of Worcester. 2. Ernest Arthur, born June 8, 1891, now a lieutenant in the United States army. 3. Carl Leslie, born May 9, 1894, now a machinist's mate in the United States navy. 4. George Stanley, born May 12, 1895, a lieutenant in the United States army.

FRANK DEXTER PERRY, General superintendent of the American Car Sprinkler Company of this city, and dealer in coal and wood, was born in this city, July 25, 1856, in the house where he has always lived, at No. 963 Millbury street, son of Dexter H. Perry, who was born a few rods away on Greenwood street, June 14, 1814. In early life the father and his brother, Josiah G. Perry, operated a grist mill



F. D. Perry

on the spot where their father, Nathan Perry, had been engaged for many years in milling, continuing until 1855; in 1862 they dissolved partnership as farmers and divided the old homestead. Nathan Perry, born March 24, 1781, was a son of Josiah and Prudence Perry, mentioned in the *Old Families* in this work. Dexter H. Perry was at one time a member of the Common Council, elected by the Republicans. He married, December 17, 1838, Elizabeth A. Baker, who was born at Phillipston, September 21, 1815, daughter of James Baker, and a sister of Charles and William J. Baker, prominent lumber dealers of this city; she was a member of Old South Church; she died here April 10, 1877. Dexter H. Perry died March 16, 1872. His children were: George Herbert, born May 2, 1841; Elmina Augusta, April 21, 1843; Lenora Elizabeth, January 16, 1845, married Samuel W. Lackey, removed to Stanton, Nebraska; Frances, February 17, 1847; Mary, January 30, 1849, drowned with Frances, December 30, 1852, in the mill pond near the home; Frank Dexter (see biography); Edward C., June 29, 1859, local superintendent of the American Car Sprinkler Company, living in this city.

On account of the death of his father, Frank D. Perry left the Worcester High School before he finished the course, and for five years worked at home on the farm. In 1876 he started in business as proprietor of a line of omnibusses and as a general contractor. His business grew rapidly. He has been in the coal and wood business since 1880, beginning on a small scale and increasing his facilities from year to year. His main office and yards are at No. 965 Millbury street. He was in partnership with Henry W. Carter, of Millbury, under the name of Perry & Carter, and this firm had the contract for constructing the roadbed for the electric street railway to Millbury and making the foundations of the power station, car barns and other masonry, and later for a number of years he was in partnership with Horace Pike under the firm name of Perry & Pike, engaged in constructing streets in the Salisbury extension and various residential parks in the city, in constructing street railways and other large contracting. In 1887 Mr. Perry began the street sprinkling business with two carts, soon afterward increasing the number to fifteen, and for a number of years before the American Car Sprinkler Company took over the business he had contracts with the city for nearly all of its street sprinkling. He was active in the organization of the American Car Sprinkler Company in 1895, became clerk of the company and from the beginning was its general superintendent. The American Car Sprinkler Company has become an important industry. Its cars, operated at the present time by electricity, flush the streets perfectly, being regulated as to quantity of water and pressure. It has contracts with numerous cities throughout the country. The office is on Brussels street, this city. The present officers are: Matthew J. Whittall, president; Alfred Thomas, treasurer; M. Percival Whittall, vice-president; Frank D. Perry, general superintendent; Earl D. Perry, assistant general superintendent.

Mr. Perry is a member of Montacute Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; and Aleppo Temple, Order of the Mystic Shrine, of Boston. He is also a member of Worcester Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of which he was treasurer for five years. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Perry married, June 14, 1878, Elizabeth A. Carpenter, daughter of Joseph W. and Elizabeth (Fisher) Carpenter, of Putnam, Connecticut. Children: Elizabeth, died in infancy; Earl Dexter, born May 1, 1881, educated in the schools of this city, has been associated in business with his father, and is now assistant general superintendent of the American Car Sprinkler Company, residing with his parents; Frank Godfrey, born January 28, 1890, died October 2, 1918.

EVA MARCH TAPPAN, Author, was born at Blackstone, Massachusetts, December 26, 1854, daughter of Rev. Edmund March and Lucretia (Logée) Tappan, descendant of Abraham Tappan, one of the pioneers at Newbury, Massachusetts, in 1637.

Miss Tappan attended the public schools in Providence, Rhode Island, and entered Vassar College, graduating in 1875 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. During the next five years she was a teacher in Wheaton Seminary at Norton, Massachusetts, followed by teaching in various private schools. Afterward she resided for twelve years in Philadelphia, and during this period was a graduate student in the University of Pennsylvania, 1893-96; fellow in 1895-96, receiving the degree of Master of Arts in 1895 and Doctor of Philosophy in 1896. She then came to Worcester and since then has made her home here. In 1897 she was elected head of the English department of the English High School, continuing until 1904.

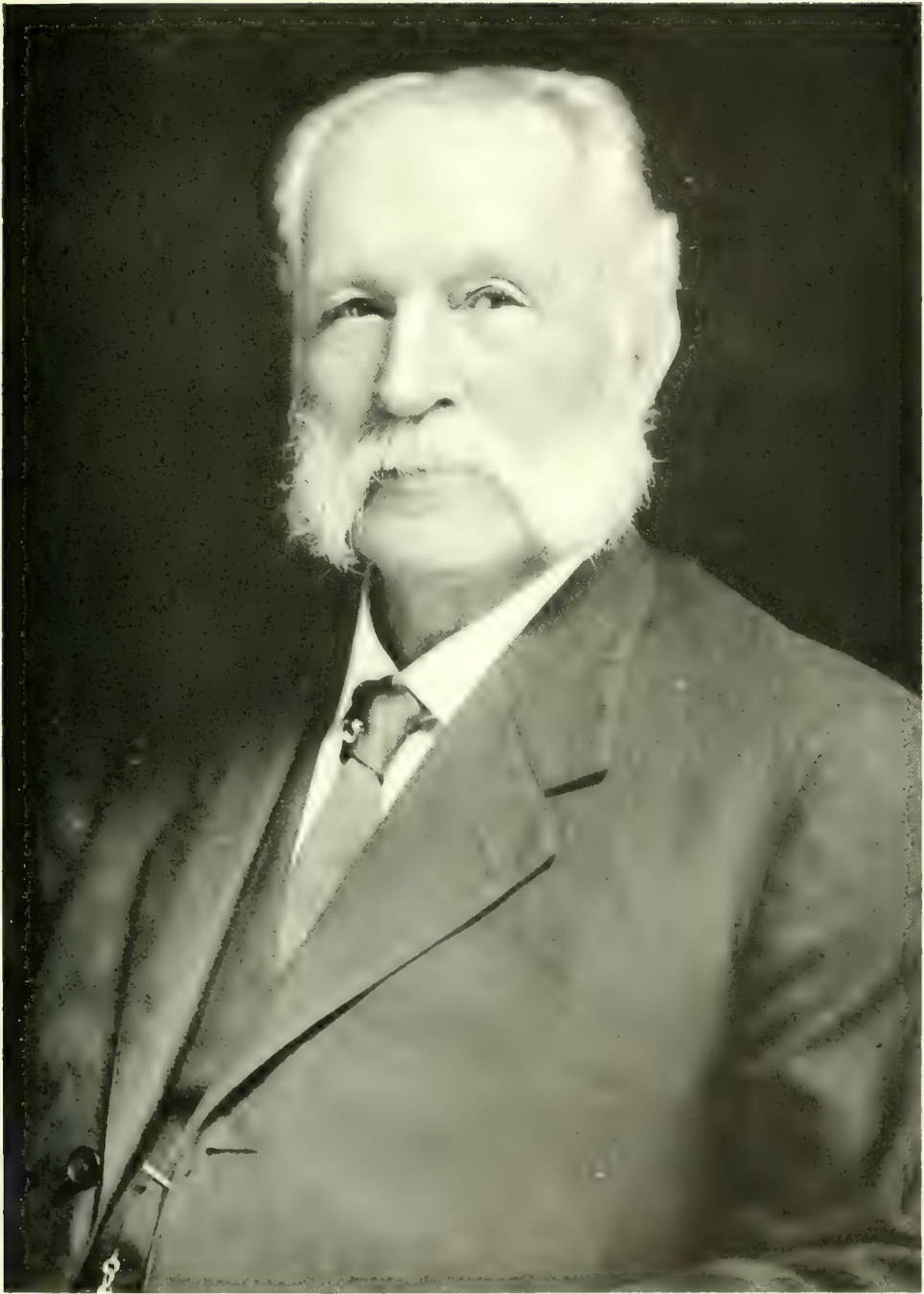
In later years she has devoted all her time to literature. She is author of the following books: "Charles Lamb, the Man and the Author" (1896); "In the Days of Alfred the Great" (1900); "In the Days of William the Conqueror" (1901); "In the Days of Queen Elizabeth" (1902); "Old Ballads in Prose" (1901); "England's Story" (1901); "Our Country's Story" (1902); "The Christ Story" (1903); "In the Days of Queen Victoria" (1903); "Robin Hood His Book" (1903); "A Short History of England's Literature" (1905); "A Short History of America's Literature" (1906); "A Short History of England's and America's Literature" (1906); "American Hero Stories" (1906); "America's Literature with Selections from Colonial and Revolutionary Writers" (1907); "Letters from Colonial Children" (1908); "The Story of the Greek People" (1908); "The Chaucer Story Book" (1908); "European Hero Stories" (1910); "Dixie Kitten" (1910); "A Friend in the Library," 12 vols. (1910); "The Story of the Roman People" (1910); "An Old, Old Story Book" (1910); "Old World Hero Stories" (1911); "When Knights Were Bold" (1912); "The House with the Silver Door" (1913); "The Farmer and His Friends" (1916); "Diggers in the Earth" (1916); "Makers of Many Things" (1916); "Travelers and Traveling" (1916); "The Little Book of the Flag" (1917); "Our European Ancestors" (1918); "The Little Book of the War" (1918); "Food Saving and Sharing" (1919); "The Little Book of Our Country" (1919). She edited the following works: "Selections from Emerson" (1898); "The Children's Hour" (10 vols. 1907, 5 vols. 1917); "The World Story" (14 vols. 1914); "The Words of a Man" (1915). Many of her books are in use as textbooks of history and literature in the schools of the country. She is a member of the Phi Beta Kappa and the Boston Authors' Club. Her home is No. 15 Monadnock road in this city.

ABRAM A. RHEUTAN, Envelope manufacturer, was born in Paterson, New Jersey, August 20, 1837, the son of Abraham D. and Mary (Storms) Rheutan. His boyhood was spent in New Jersey and New York, and upon coming to this city he became superintendent of the envelope manufacturing plant of Hill, Devoe & Company, continuing in the same capacity with Wade H. Hill, when the latter purchased the Devoe interests in the business. In 1892, upon the death of Mr. Hill, the business was incorporated as the W. H. Hill Envelope Company, of which Mr. Rheutan then became a member, continuing actively identified with this concern until it was sold to and absorbed by the United States Envelope Company, in July, 1898, at which time Mr. Rheutan retired from active business cares. In political faith Mr. Rheutan was a stalwart Republican, and was a member of the Worcester County Republican Club. He was elected a member of the Board of Aldermen from Ward Four, at that time residing at No. 41 Providence street, and served in that body with efficiency during 1894 and 1895.

On May 22, 1861, Mr. Rheutan was united in marriage to Mary H. Young, who was born in New York City, daughter of Robert and Louisa Thomas Young, and to this union were born the following children, namely: 1. Ellie S., who is the wife of George E. Ryan, assistant treasurer of the People's Savings Bank, of this city. 2. Alice M., who is the wife of Fred A. Bigelow, of Cleveland, Ohio. 3. Isaac L., who is engaged in business in Richmond, Virginia; married Gertrude Everett. 4. Winfield D., who is engaged in business in Cleveland, Ohio; now in France.

On May 22, 1911, Mr. and Mrs. Rheutan observed their fiftieth wedding anniversary, at their home, No. 314 Highland street, where they had made their home for some years, and where Mrs. Rheutan, who survives her husband, still resides.

ARTHUR OSGOOD YOUNG, President of the Claflin-Sumner Coal Company, was educated in the public schools of his native place. He has been connected with the Claflin-Sumner Coal Company and its predecessors since he began his business career. Mr. Young was associated with Charles L. Claflin, the founder, who came to this city and established a coal yard at Central street in the early seventies, and with his son, Charles L. Claflin, and Mr. Young was a partner in the original firm of C. W. Claflin & Company. In 1875 C. L. Claflin was at the head of the Worcester business. A wholesale department was afterward established in Boston. The firm was composed of C. L. Claflin, Mr. Young, and Edward W. Pierce, of Brookline, for many years. Mr. Pierce had charge of the Boston office. The present corporation, known as the Claflin-Sumner Coal Company, was chartered April 1, 1910, when the Claflin Coal Company, which succeeded C. W. Claflin & Company, was merged with the Sumner Coal Company. Mr. Young is president. The main office is at No. 9 Pleasant street. There are yards at No. 5 Grafton street, No. 241 Southbridge street, No. 301 Shrewsbury street, and at



A. A. Phentau



HERBERT S. RAMSDELL

Jamesville, on Ludlow street. Mr. Young is a member of the Commonwealth Club, the Chamber of Commerce, the Tatnuck Country Club, and the Worcester Country Club. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Young married, January 16, 1890, Mary Valentine Claflin, who was born at Hopkinton, November 3, 1855, daughter of Charles Winslow and Anna Maria (Valentine) Claflin. They have three children: 1. Charles Claflin, born December 5, 1893, member of the Tatnuck Country Club, the Worcester Country Club, the Advertising Club of Worcester, and the Kiwanis Club; now a director, assistant treasurer and secretary of the Claflin-Sumner Coal Company; married Edna T. Smith, and they reside at No. 18 Downing street. Mrs. Young is a member of the Worcester Country Club and the Tatnuck Country Club. 2. Margaret Valentine, born February 1, 1897. 3. Arthur Osgood, Jr., born November 5, 1898. Mr. and Mrs. Young reside at No. 26 Institute road; she is a member of the Woman's Club and the Worcester Country Club.

Mrs. Arthur O. Young is descended from Robert Claflin, a Scotch soldier captured by Cromwell and sent with other prisoners of war to New England about 1650; settled in Wenham; died September 19, 1690. H. B. Claflin, the New York merchant, was a descendant. The name was originally spelled McClafin, McLaughlin, etc. Daniel Claflin, son of the pioneer, was born in Wenham, moved to Hopkinton, married Sarah Edwards, and from about 1715 to the present time the Claflins have been one of the leading families of Hopkinton. Isaac Claflin, of the fifth generation, was a soldier in the Revolution. In all her lines of ancestry Mrs. Young is descended from the early English settlers of the old Bay Colony.

HERBERT SUMNER RAMSDELL. At the age of eighteen Herbert S. Ramsdell entered the employ of the Duncan & Goodell Company, wholesale and retail dealers in hardware, cutlery, and mill supplies of Worcester, Massachusetts, and from the junior clerkship which he held then he has advanced through all the grades of promotion to membership in the firm, now a corporation. He is a son of Horace Ramsdell, born in New Vineyard, Maine, April 27, 1847, died in Worcester, April 15, 1884. He was of early Colonial English ancestry, and after coming to Worcester was for many years proprietor of a flourishing livery business. He married, in Worcester, March 8, 1876, Elizabeth Pollack, born in Leicester, Massachusetts, August 16, 1854. They were the parents of two sons: Herbert S., of further mention; and Edgar Lyon, born March 11, 1879, now Worcester County Treasurer.

Herbert Sumner Ramsdell was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, September 2, 1877. He attended the grade and high schools of the city until 1895, then began his connection with the Duncan & Goodell Company, which still continues. His service as junior clerk actually began May 19, 1895, and his connection has always been with the sales department. He has in his rise to a partnership touched about every branch of that department, and has a strong grip on every detail of that branch. The Duncan & Goodell Company store is located at No. 404 Main street, Worcester, there conducting a large business in both wholesale and retail hardware, cutlery, and mill supplies.

Mr. Ramsdell is a Republican in politics, a member of Lodge, Chapter, Commandery and Consistory of the Masonic order, holding the thirty-second degree of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite. He is also a member of the United Commercial Travelers' Association, Worcester Country Club, Worcester Fish and Game Club, Worcester Mechanics' Club, the Young Men's Christian Association, Commercial Travelers' Association, and other business and social organizations. He is an active member of the Church of Christ, and for many years treasurer of the Sunday school. As his club memberships indicate, he is fond of out-of-door sports, golf, skating and skiing particularly appealing to him.

Mr. Ramsdell married, in Worcester, Massachusetts, January 27, 1903, May Back, born in Worcester, April 24, 1881, daughter of John K. Back, now living retired in Worcester, formerly a member of the firm, F. E. Reed & Company. Her mother, Frances (Parker) Back, died in Worcester, in July, 1914, aged sixty-two years. Mr. and Mrs. Ramsdell are the parents of two children: Herbert Francis, born July 1, 1904, and Dorothy, born May 3, 1909.

LEWIS BARNARD. Four generations of Barnards were residents of Worcester, Massachusetts, Lewis Barnard, his father, Captain Lewis Barnard, his grandfather, Captain John Barnard, and his great-grandfather, Isaac Barnard, the latter born in Watertown, Massachusetts, son of James Barnard, son of John (2) Barnard, son of John (1) Barnard, the American ancestor.

Lewis Barnard broke away from family traditions, although born and reared on the farm, and at his death held the distinctive honor of being the oldest dry goods

merchant in Worcester, head of the Barnard, Sumner & Putnam Company. His years, eighty, were spent wholly in Worcester, and his connection with the dry goods business began at the completion of his school years, continuing until his death. He developed rare business quality, becoming the honored head of one of the large mercantile houses of his city, also serving that city in legislative halls, municipal and state. His public spirit was intense and there were few men who left their individuality more deeply impressed upon their community than he. Public spirit and devotion to the Unitarian church has distinguished each of the four generations of Barnards in Worcester, beginning with Isaac Barnard, who, before his coming to that city, donated a part of his farm in Old Sutton, now West Millbury, the Old Common, for a training ground, school or church. The line of descent from John Barnard, the founder, to Lewis Barnard, of the seventh American generation, follows.

John Barnard, immigrant ancestor, was born in England, in 1604, and came to New England at the age of thirty, with his wife Phebe, aged twenty-seven, and children, Thomas, John and Samuel. The name was spelled either Bernard or Barnard. They sailed in the ship "Elizabeth," from Ipswich, England, April 30, 1634. The wife Phebe and her sons John and Samuel were legatees of her mother Anne, widow successively of Anthony Whiting, of Dedham, Essex, England, clothier, and of Thomas Welson, of Dedham, in will proved December 13, 1638. John Barnard settled in Watertown, and was a proprietor in 1636, admitted a freeman, September 3, 1634, and was selectman, 1644. He died in June, 1646, and was buried June 4 at Watertown. His widow Phebe died August 1, 1685, leaving considerable property. Children: 1. John, mentioned below. 2. Samuel, born in England, 1633, died 1685, without issue. 3. Hannah, married, June 25, 1655. Samuel Goffe. 4. James, married, October 8, 1666, Abigail Phillips. 5. Mary, born November 7, 1639; married, June 16, 1662, William Barrett. 6. Joseph, born November 12, 1642. 7. Benjamin, born September 12, 1644. 8. Elizabeth, married, January 7, 1670-1671, John Dix.

John (2) Barnard, son of John (1) Barnard, was born in England, in 1631. He was admitted a freeman, May 31, 1671. He married, November 15, 1654, Sarah Fleming, born September 1, 1639, daughter of John and Anne Fleming, of Watertown. He and his wife sold land, July 31, 1668, to James Barnard, of Sudbury, three hundred acres in the western part, first granted to John Barnard. Children, born at Watertown: 1. John, born August 24, 1656, died young. 2. John, born October 30, 1657; married (first), March 5, 1682-1683, Sarah Cutting; (second), November 17, 1692, Elizabeth Stone; (third), July 2, 1694, Mary Morse. 3. Sarah, born September 19, 1659, died young. 4. Samuel, born March 25, 1664. 5. Sarah, born February, 1665-66, died in March. 6. James, mentioned below. 7. Anne, born September, 1670; married Captain Nathaniel Bowman. 8. Phebe, born August 8, 1673. 9. Jane, born March 17, 1678; married John Smith.

James Barnard, son of John (2) Barnard, was born at Watertown, January 14, 1667-68, and died January 23, 1726. He married, December 16, 1692, Judith Jennison, who married (second), in May, 1726, John Bemis. Children: 1. James, born August 3, 1696. 2. Samuel, July 19, 1699. 3. Isaac, mentioned below. 4. Hannah, born July 1, 1705.

Isaac Barnard, son of James and Judith (Jennison) Barnard, was born at Watertown, Massachusetts, March 13, 1701-02, and died in Worcester, Massachusetts, March 18, 1788. In 1726 he married Sarah Stearns, who died April 9, 1806, at the extreme age of ninety-six. In 1730 they moved from Watertown to that part of Old Sutton now West Millbury, where he purchased a farm including what is known as the "Old Common," previously alluded to as having been donated for a "training ground, school or church" purposes. There his eight children were born and there Mr. and Mrs. Barnard resided until 1781, when they moved with their son, Captain John Barnard, to Worcester, settling first on the old estate on Lovell street, later owned by Perry Thayer and others.

Captain John Barnard, son of Isaac and Sarah (Stearns) Barnard, was born August 11, 1743, and died at the old homestead on Lincoln street, Worcester, September 30, 1830. He moved from the original Barnard home on Lovell street to his own home on Lincoln street, later owned by O. A. Kelley, and now occupied by his son and grandson bearing the same name. Captain John Barnard married Sarah Bigelow, and they were the parents of several children.

Captain Lewis Barnard, son of Captain John and Sarah (Bigelow) Barnard, was born at the Lovell street home of his father and grandfather in Worcester. He moved with his parents to the Lincoln street home and there resided until his death. He married Bathsheba Lovell, daughter of Colonel Ebenezer Lovell, of Revolutionary fame, whose estate on Lovell street adjoined the old Barnard farm.

Lewis Barnard, son of Captain Lewis and Bathsheba (Lovell) Barnard, was born at the homestead farm on Lincoln street, Worcester, Massachusetts, the home of his

father and his grandfather, May 15, 1816, and died at his home in Worcester, March 31, 1897. He grew to manhood at the paternal farm, and pursued a full course of public school study. He made his entrance into business life as clerk in the dry goods store owned and managed by Henry Chamberlin, with whom he was afterward associated in the old dry goods firm, Chamberlin, Barnard & Company. Henry H. Chamberlin established the business in 1833 in the Paine block, his first partner being his cousin, L. C. Clark. After a year in business as partners, Samuel Hathaway and John B. Wyman were admitted, those four comprising the firm until 1851. During the period 1833-51, Lewis Barnard and George Sumner had been clerks under the different forms of partners, and when in 1851 the firm was again reorganized they were admitted as partners. The store was continued in the Paine block until 1852, when it was moved to the building directly opposite, which has been erected by Mr. Barnard and had just been completed. From that year until Mr. Barnard's death the business was located in the same building, additions being made to the store area until the vast proportion the business assumed demanded the entire block for its accommodation. The building, five stories in height, had been planned to accommodate three stores, but in the end barely sufficed to accommodate the business of Barnard, Sumner & Putnam. The years brought changes in the personnel of the firm. Henry Chamberlin retired in July, 1857, Otis E. Putnam, a former clerk, being admitted a partner in his stead, the firm name continuing The Chamberlin-Barnard Company. Later there was another reorganization when the firm became as it ever continued, Barnard, Sumner & Putnam. While Mr. Barnard was essentially a business man and ever gave the business of Barnard, Sumner & Putnam his best efforts and guided its affairs with wisdom, as evidenced by its great and continued success, he was not unmindful of his obligations and responsibilities as a citizen. Also other corporations of the city appreciated the value of his services and called him to their boards of direction. He was a director of the City Bank from 1855 until his death; was a director of the Bay State Fire Insurance Company; director of the Manufacturers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company; trustee of the Mechanics' Savings Bank; trustee of the Five Cents Savings Bank, and for several years was a director of the old Boston, Barre & Gardner Railroad Company.

His public official service began with his election as alderman in 1870, and continued by re-election in 1871. In 1872 he was elected to the Massachusetts House of Assembly, serving with honor as a legislator and with especial merit as one of the working members of the committee on railroads. He was re-elected to the Legislature in 1873 and as chairman of the committee on insurance reported all bills promptly, thus facilitating the dispatch of public business. In 1874 he was again elected alderman and re-elected in 1875.

After passing the three-quarter century mark in years, Mr. Barnard's physical vigor perceptibly diminished, and during his latter years he was far from robust in health. He, however, was daily seen at his place of business except during the two years he spent in Europe with his family, and during the last winter of his life he was confined to his home. The three generations of his family preceding him in Worcester has been devoted supporters of the First Unitarian Church, and Lewis Barnard, of the fourth generation, while a regular attendant and a generous supporter, was not a member of any church nor a subscriber to any creed.

Mr. Barnard married, in 1839, Mary Anna Parkhurst, who died February 4, 1897, preceding her husband to the grave but a few weeks. She was a daughter of Roland and Anna (Clark) Parkhurst, of Hubbardston, Massachusetts, and a woman of strong, beautiful character. Mr. and Mrs. Barnard walked life's pathway as man and wife for fifty-eight years, and were the parents of eight children, two of whom survive them, Mary F. and Helen J. Barnard, who occupy the old home in Worcester, hallowed by memories of the past.

FRED W. BARNES. The business with which Mr. Barnes is connected, the manufacture of builders finish, is one which has claimed him for the past thirty years. As president of the Hatch & Barnes Company, he is in full management of one of the important firms engaged in that line of manufacture, and is considered an authority in the trade.

Fred W. Barnes was born in Hardwick, Massachusetts, 1857. He was educated in the public schools of Hardwick and Barre, Massachusetts. He then became actively engaged in business enterprises, becoming connected with his present line of activity about 1890. He is now president and treasurer of the Hatch & Barnes Company, manufacturers of builders finish. He is a Republican in politics, is an attendant of Old South Congregational Church, and a member of the Economic Club and the Worcester Country Club.

Mr. and Mrs. Barnes are the parents of a daughter, Helen J., wife of Roland E. Pierce, of Worcester.

JAMES MILES, now president of James Miles & Son Company, reviews a long and honorable career as a builder and head of constructive enterprises, in which he may take an honest pride. He is a son of James Miles, who was born, lived, and died in England. He married Jane French, who survived him until the age of seventy-four, coming to the United States after being left a widow. But two of their children are living, James, of further mention, and William, a farmer of Dakota.

James (2), Miles was born in Oxfordshire, England, May 24, 1847, and there resided until the age of twenty-four years. He learned the bricklayer's trade, which he followed in England until 1871, then came to the United States, finding a location at Blackstone, Massachusetts. He was employed at his trade in various places until 1880, when he settled in Worcester, Massachusetts, which city has since been his home and the seat of his business activities. During the years, 1877-80, his home was in Grafton, Massachusetts. He became deeply engaged in contracting in Worcester, and in 1890 incorporated as James Miles & Son Company, general building contractors, James Miles, president, Walter Miles, treasurer. The business is a large and prosperous one, and as its founder and head Mr. Miles has contributed largely to the development of Worcester. He is a member of the various builders and business associations, and is held in high regard in the business circles in which he moves, and has a wide acquaintance among all classes. He is a member of the Second Adventist Church, and in his political preference is a Republican.

James Miles married, at Blackstone, Massachusetts, Ella E. Boyden, born in Athol, Massachusetts, and died in Holden, December, 1915, daughter of W. H. Boyden, now residing in Worcester, retired for many years, now being aged eighty-three years. He married Elizabeth Rogers, who died in 1893. Mr. and Mrs. Miles are the parents of two children: 1. Walter James, born at Northridge, Massachusetts, July 9, 1873; he was educated in Worcester public schools, finishing in Classical High School, then learned bricklaying under his father's direction, and is now treasurer of the James Miles & Son Company of Worcester; he married, March 15, 1898, in Adams, Massachusetts, Rhoda A. Blanchard, born in Hawley, Massachusetts; they are the parents of five children: Dorothy and Marjorie, twins, born July 19, 1899; Priscilla, born June 29, 1904; James Donald, February, 1910; Robert Francis, March, 1914. 2. Grace E., who married Howard W. Raddin, of Holden, Massachusetts.

WILLIAM CHARLES RADCLIFFE. Since his coming to Worcester in 1916, Mr. Radcliffe has been prominently in the public eye as executive secretary of the Worcester Chapter, American Red Cross, a position of responsibility which his previous training and experience in journalism, advertising and chamber of commerce work peculiarly fitted him. He is a native son of Toledo, Ohio, son of Charles Kelly Radcliffe, born in Mentor, Ohio, March 22, 1845, and now living in Detroit, still performing his duties as a United States postal clerk. He is a veteran of Company F, One Hundred and Fifth Regiment, Ohio Volunteer Infantry, his service covering three years of the war between the states. He was engaged in the battles of Perryville (where he was wounded in the shoulder), Milton, Hoover's Gap, Chicamauga, Mission Ridge, Ringgold, Buzzard's Roost, Resaca, and Kenesaw Mountain. The hardships of the "Atlantic campaign" (called the "Hundred Days' Battle" by his division commander) put him in the hospital for some months, causing him to miss "Sherman's march to the sea," in which his regiment participated. Charles K. Radcliffe married Mary Elizabeth Kinsley, born in Albion, Pennsylvania, and now living in Detroit. Mr. and Mrs. Radcliffe are the parents of five children: William Charles, of further mention; Howard K., Elsie C., and Kenneth Elbert, all of Detroit, and Chester Garfield, died in infancy.

William Charles Radcliffe was born in Toledo, Ohio, February 6, 1873, but while he was still an infant his parents moved to Baldwin, Michigan, and there he obtained the larger part of his education. His father, while living in Baldwin, published the "Lake County Weekly Star," and in the office of that journal William C. learned the printer's trade. In 1889 the family removed to Detroit, Michigan, where the father was appointed to a clerkship in the United States railway mail service, a post he still fills after thirty years of continuous service. In Detroit, William C. Radcliffe attended high school for two years, then secured a position with the Detroit "Tribune," and for upwards of twenty years continued in Detroit journalism, being connected with the editorial departments of the Detroit "Tribune," "Evening News" and Detroit "Free Press," being for a time assistant city editor of the "Evening News." In 1903 and 1904 he was assistant secretary of the Detroit Board of Commerce. In 1910 he became advertising agent for the Pere Marquette Railroad, remaining in that position two years, during which time he was chosen president of the Detroit Adcraft Club, and also was active in the Advertising Affiliation, composed of clubs in great lakes cities. In 1912 he was elected general secretary of the Birmingham



James Miles

(Alabama) Chamber of Commerce, holding that position for four years. He was secretary one year of the Southern Commercial Secretaries Association. In 1916 he came to Worcester, and later was elected executive secretary of Worcester Chapter, American Red Cross, his present position. Mr. Radcliffe is a member of the Knights of Pythias, of Birmingham, Alabama; charter member of Court Detroit, Order of Foresters; member of Worcester Kiwanis Club, and Worcester Chamber of Commerce. He is an official member of Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church, and a department head in the Sunday school. He also is chairman of the Methodist Minute-Men of Worcester District. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Radcliffe married in Detroit, Michigan, September 29, 1903, Blanche Milross Brownell, born in Kincardine, province of Ontario, Canada, August 31, 1879, daughter of John H. and Eva B. (Rastall) Brownell. Mr. and Mrs. Radcliffe are the parents of a son, Ellis Brownell Radcliffe, born July 14, 1904.

CHARLES LEWIS RUNDLETT. Moore & Company was incorporated under the laws of the State of Massachusetts, on October 5, 1915, as manufacturing chemists; manufacturing Pharmaceuticals, official U. S. P. and National Formulary, Pharmaceutical Specialties, Homeopathic Preparations and Surgical Dressings. The company is now in its fourth year, and its business has steadily increased from the start.

Charles Lewis Rundlett is the president, treasurer and general manager. He is the son of Charles Lewis Rundlett, a veteran of the Civil War, who was born in Raymond, New Hampshire, and died in Newburyport, in 1916. His mother, Sarah E. (Weeks) Rundlett, was born in Boston, and died in Haverhill, Massachusetts, in 1898.

Charles Lewis Rundlett was born in Exeter, New Hampshire, June 18, 1868, and there passed his youth, after attending the public schools. He studied pharmacy and chemistry in Boston, and finally took this up as his life's work. He spent several years in the retail drug business as assistant pharmacist, finally starting into business for himself in Worcester, Massachusetts, in 1902, where he continued for about seven years. He then sold out and became associated with Daggett & Miller, manufacturing chemists, of Providence, Rhode Island. In 1908 he became associated with the Buffington Pharmacy Company of Worcester, acquiring an interest in this corporation. In 1915 he resigned and took a position with Moore & Company, Inc., which company was just entering the field. He was the first vice-president and assistant to the general manager, was made general manager in July, 1917, treasurer on July 18, 1918, and president, as well as treasurer, on July 25, 1918.

Charles Lewis Rundlett is a member of the various Masonic bodies from the Blue Lodge to the Knights Templar, a member of the Rotary Club of Worcester, past counselor of Worcester Council, No. 136, of the U. C. T. of A., past president of the Past Counselors Association of 1918-19, past president of the Worcester Commercial Travellers' Association, and also a member of the Worcester Country Club. In religious faith he is an Episcopalian, a member of old Trinity Church of Newport, Rhode Island.

Mr. Rundlett married, in Worcester, Grace L. Crawford, born in Worcester, daughter of Ossian T. and Vesta Elvira (Morey) Crawford. Mr. and Mrs. Rundlett have one son, Raymond Crawford, born March 11, 1899, now a junior at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

ALBERT GOODNOW WAITE. Manufacturer, was born in Worcester, April 7, 1882, son of Albert H. and Helen E. Waite (see biography). He attended various private and public schools in this city, and graduated from the Classical High School in 1901. He received from Harvard College in 1905 the degree of Bachelor of Arts, *cum laude*, with honorable mention in history, government and economics. He completed the usual four year course in three, and during the fourth year earned the degree of Master of Arts which was conferred in 1906.

In October, 1905, he started his business career in overalls in the factory of the Spencer Wire Company, in Worcester, and during the ensuing four years advanced through various positions to the managership of the Wire Fence Department. In November, 1909, he became manager of the Fence Department of the Wright Wire Company and later Advertising Manager as well. Since September, 1918, he has been Sales and Advertising Manager of the American Textile Soap Company of Springfield, Massachusetts.

In politics Mr. Waite is a Republican and has served two years on the Republican City Committee of Worcester. He is an incorporator of the Worcester County Institution for Savings, and of the Worcester Five Cent Savings Bank, and a member of the Church of the Unity. He is a member of the Worcester Club, the Tatnuck Country Club, the Worcester Automobile Club, the Advertising Club of Worcester, the Harvard Club of Worcester, the Harvard Club of Boston, the Harvard Club of New

York, the Nayasset Club of Springfield, and the Advertising Club of Springfield. He is a Free Mason, a member of Quinsigamond Lodge; Ancient, Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, and Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar, of Worcester, and of the Scottish Rites bodies of Springfield. He resides at No. 16 Cedar street. His principal recreations are travel and outdoor sports, such as golf, tramping, snow shoeing and automobilism.

Albert Harrison Waite, President of the First National Bank, father of Albert G. Waite, was born in Hubbardston, Massachusetts, March 25, 1845, son of Horace and Lucy W. (Follett) Waite, of that town. He died in Worcester, September 17, 1902. He attended the schools of his native town, and after graduating from school worked for a time in various occupations. In 1874 he came to this city where he engaged in banking. He proved apt in his profession and made rapid progress. In the spring of 1879 he was elected cashier of the First National Bank, and became an important factor in financial circles. He succeeded E. A. Goodnow as president of the bank in 1894, and continued at its head to the end of his life. The directors placed in his hands the widest possible powers, and during his administration the bank showed constant growth and prosperity. He was a member of the Church of the Unity, and very active in its work. He was a member of the Worcester Club, Tatnuck Country Club, and the Worcester Board of Trade. In politics he was a staunch Republican, and a member of the Home Market Club. He was a prominent Free Mason, a member of the Lodge in Gardner, Massachusetts, of Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, and of Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar, of Worcester.

Mr. Waite married, June 21, 1870, Helen Emerson Morse, of Hubbardston. They had two children: Albert G. (see biography), and Helen A., graduate of Worcester Classical High School, and of Burnham School, Northampton, Massachusetts.

Horace Waite, father of Albert H. Waite, was born in Hubbardston, October 5, 1809, and died there October 15, 1850; he married, May 24, 1836, Lucy W. Follett, who died August 17, 1879. The Waite line of ancestry is: Albert G. (9), Albert H. (8), Horace (7), Moses (6), Joseph (5), Josiah (4), Amos (3), John (2), Richard (1). Richard Waite, the pioneer, was born in England, and died at Watertown, Massachusetts, January 16, 1660, aged sixty years. Amos (3) Waite settled in Framingham; Joseph (5) moved to Marlborough and was a soldier in the Revolution. (Moses (6) came to Hubbardston.

JOHN BENJAMIN MOSS, Assistant district manager of the American Steel & Wire Company, was born in Slaterville, New York, July 19, 1867, son of John Wesley and Roxie R. (Hill) Moss.

John Wesley Moss was born in Sterling, New York, lived in Slaterville and Mecklenburg; married, July 6, 1864, Roxie R. Hill, daughter of Benjamin and Samatha Hill; had children: John B., Hattie E., Edward C., William L., Charles H. and Emma S. John Moss, father of John Wesley Moss, was born in Braintree, England, 1819, died October, 1882; came with his parents to New York State; settled in Illinois, but returned to Sterling, New York; a miller by trade; married, December 9, 1841, Emily Ingersoll, daughter of John Ingersoll, who was a soldier in the Revolution. James Moss, father of John Moss, was born in Braintree, England, son of John Moss; removed to Chelmsford, England; came to this country in 1836 with wife and children; located in Rose, Wayne county, New York; married Sarah Galaway.

John B. Moss attended the public schools of Waterburg and Mecklenburg, New York. He then began an apprenticeship in the Treman-Waterman shops in Ithaca, serving three years at the trade of machinist. He afterward worked as a journeyman in that city and in Peru, Indiana. He then came East again and for three years was a planer hand in the shops of Brown & Sharpe, Providence, Rhode Island, becoming foreman of the planing department, a position he left at the end of two years to take a similar one in the shops of H. C. Pease & Company, of this city, tool manufacturers. Two years later, in 1892, he became foreman and later assistant master mechanic in the South works of the American Steel & Wire Company (then the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Company) in this city. In 1900 he was made foreman of the blooming mill, in 1902 superintendent of the rolling mills, and a year later assistant superintendent of the South and Central works. In August, 1904, he was made superintendent of the South and Central works. In 1911 he was promoted to his present office, that of assistant district manager of the Washburn & Moen Division of the American Steel and Wire Company. He is a director of the O. & J. Machine Company, of this city. Mr. Moss is a member of the American Iron and Steel Institute, the Worcester County Mechanics Association, the Worcester Chamber of Commerce, and the Worcester Club. In politics he is a Republican, and served in 1893-94 on the Republican city committee. In religion he is a Methodist.



J. Moss

Mr. Moss married, August 2, 1887, at Waterburg, New York, Bertha Van Dine, daughter of William H. and Lucy (Newman) Van Dine (see Van Dine). They reside at No. 21 Clear View street in this city. They have one son, Earle Chester, born December 16, 1892, who is a member of the managers' staff, American Steel & Wire Company; now in the United States army. Mrs. Moss is a member of the Worcester Woman's Club.

GERRET CORNELLISSSEN VAN DUYN, the immigrant ancestor of the American family of Van Duyn or Van Dine, to which Mrs. John B. Moss, of Worcester, belongs, came to America in 1649 from Nieuwerperk in Zeeland, and probably settled first in New Amsterdam (New York). He was a carpenter or wheelwright by trade. He removed from New Amsterdam to Brooklyn, where, April 9, 1658, we find him paying a fine for obstinately refusing to pay his quota of Dominie Polhemius' salary. After living in America twenty years, he returned to Holland and was given permission, August 10, 1670, by the director-general, to return on the ship, "Fort of Allany," of which Jacques Cousseau was master. Next year, May 15, 1671, a pass was given his wife and three children and she went back to Holland on the ship "Duke of York," of which Johannes Luych was the master. The coming of the English was perhaps the reason for the return of the Dutch to Holland. The Van Duyns kept house at Zqolle, a city on the Zwarte or Black Water and the Willemsvaart in Overysse, but were not prosperous, so they decided after nine years to return to America. In 1679, in the ship "Charles," with such notables as Peter Sluyter, Jasper Dankers, De Labidists, whose journal of the voyage, etc., has been printed, they returned to New York. They settled on Long Island between New Utrecht and Flatbush, buying a farm, August 23, 1680, of Jacques Cortelyou, his brother-in-law. Cortelyou bought the place of Van Werckhoven, who had it under patent and Indian deed. Cortelyou's land comprised originally the main part of the present town of New Utrecht. The farm is now owned by the heirs or successors of George Martense.

VanDuyn took the oath of allegiance to the English government in 1687, and was a magistrate in 1687-88, and justice of the peace in 1689-90. He purchased, January 12, 1686, of Lowrentz Jansen, son of Jan Lowrentz, the farm at New Utrecht, and February 24, 1690-91, land of Anthon's DuCeen. These two parcels of land he deeded to his son, Cornelius, April 16, 1705. He also deeded the Cortelyou farm to his son, Denyse, June 6, 1698. His will, dated June 30, 1705, was proved June 14, 1706, and it included lands bought of Peter Cortelyou in Dutchess county, New York. These were equally divided between his children. He joined the Dutch church at New Utrecht during Dominie Van Zuren's pastorate by Certificate from the church at Zwolle and he was later deacon of this church.

He married Jacomina or Jacomynchy Swartz, daughter of Jacob Swartz, of New Amsterdam, about 1660. Their children: 1. Cornelius. 2. Denyse, married, 1691, Maria Huyken, and settled at Raritan, New Jersey, but returned to Long Island and died at Flatbush, 1729; he had the Martense farm and his son Gerret after him; he had sons, William and Denyse, who settled in Raritan, also Jacobus and David. 3. Abraham, born about 1670, married Geertie Martense, of Wallabout; resided at Mespit Kills, but removed 1706 to Cecil county, Maryland. 4. Aeltis or Aske. 5. Gerret. 6. Dirck.

JOHN FREDERICK DONNELLY. The Donnelly Studio, No. 476 Main street, Worcester, Massachusetts, is a well-known musical center. Mr. and Mrs. Donnelly, both accomplished musicians, being engaged in teaching and ranking very high as professional artists. Mr. Donnelly studied at the New England Conservatory of Music, locating his present studio in Worcester in 1903. Mrs. Donnelly's voice, a pure mezzo contralto, was trained by American teachers, and for two years she has been a student under Herbert Witherspoon, of New York, a famed festival soloist and teacher. In commenting upon a recent appearance in a song recital given by the Catholic Women's Club, a Worcester musical critic said:

Her future must still offer even greater heights of art, for she is indefatigable in her studies, and with such a genius for song a big program gave last night there seeming no pinnacle of success which she may not attain. There was the fitting quality in her ballads as other groups soon showed a tendency in her love songs, a fine dramatic forcefulness in her more pretentious numbers. There is a bigness, a volume in her voice that in earlier appearances seemed to be the only end for which she need strive. In the lighter numbers her sprightliness of interpretation took none of that smoothness from her tunes, and in the highest mezzo as well as the deeper contralto, this charming Worcester singer displayed not the slightest hesitancy of harshness.

The paternal grandparents of John Frederick Donnelly lived and died in Ireland, their son, John Donnelly, being born in Dundalk, capital of the county of Louth, one of the seats of the linen industry in Ireland, forty-five miles from Dublin. There John Donnelly lived until attaining man's estate, then came to the United States, settled in

Worcester, and here lived for fifty years. He enlisted in the United States Navy as a marine during the Civil War, and was on board the wooden vessel, "Congress," when it was sunk by the "Merrimack." He served all through the war and for another year was with the South Atlantic squadron stationed principally at Rio Janerio. He died in Worcester, aged seventy-four. John Donnelly married Catherine Doherty, born in County Roscommon, Ireland, but came with her parents, Martin and Bridget Doherty, to Worcester, when a girl. Mrs. Catherine (Doherty) Donnelly died in 1915, aged sixty-seven. They were the parents of four sons: James J., of Worcester, married Nellie Power; John Frederick, of further mention; Dr. William H., who died in 1912; Joseph, who died at the age of seven years.

John Frederick Donnelly, son of John and Catherine (Doherty) Donnelly, was born in Worcester, Massachusetts. He was educated in St. John's parochial school, and Holy Cross College, Worcester. He early developed strong musical talent which he cultivated under good instructors, finally completing his musical education at the New England Conservatory of Music, Boston. In 1903 he established in Worcester as a teacher of music, his studio being located at No. 476 Main street. He is an accomplished musician and a popular teacher. Since 1903 he has been organist of St. John's Roman Catholic Church, that parish being one of the largest in New England. A Democrat in politics, Mr. Donnelly represented his ward on the Board of Education for several years. He is a member of the Washington Social Club, and several professional societies, his favorite recreation motoring, and his particular fad a great love for dogs, especially the Russian wolf hound and the Airedale.

Mr. Donnelly married, in Worcester, Massachusetts, June 23, 1909, Helen A. O'Gorman, born in Worcester, daughter of John J. and Ann (O'Brien) O'Gorman, both deceased. John J. O'Gorman was a fashionable tailor of Worcester for many years, and prominent in politics, serving in City Council, and State Legislature. Mrs. Donnelly was educated at Notre Dame High School and later at Harvard Summer School in Boston. She cultivated her musical talent and was appointed assistant superintendent of music in Boston public schools, but never actively filled the duties of that position. She taught in Worcester schools, and assisted Superintendent Rice of the musical department of the Worcester schools. She is now a professional singer, has won the favor of critics and serious musicians, and is proving one of the most popular of singers. She has appeared professionally before the Philomathia Club of Boston; Charitable Irish Societies of Boston; Players Club of Washington; Civic Club of Fitchburg; Choral Society of North Adams; Patriotic Societies of Springfield; Woman's Club of Pittsfield; Woman's Club of Worcester. Mrs. Donnelly's splendid success has been attained wholly through merit. Wherever she sings she wins her public by the quality of her voice, her beautiful phrasing and fluent technique. She is also associated with the Donnelly Studio, No. 476 Main street, as a teacher.

GEORGE ALLEN SARGENT. In 1895, just after graduation, Mr. Sargent entered the employ of The Hill Dryer Company, a firm manufacturing balcony, lawn, and cabinet clothes dryers under the Hill patents. From that time he has been continuously connected with the company, and when, in 1911, the business was incorporated as The Hill Dryer Company, Mr. Sargent was elected secretary. He is a son of Lucius Manlius Sargent, and a descendant of the ancient Sargent family founded by William Sargent in Charlestown, Massachusetts, in 1638, later was in the town of Malden, Massachusetts, and still later in Barnstable, where he was a preacher, became prominent, and died December 16, 1682, the father of seven daughters and two sons; Samuel, the youngest one, died unmarried, the eldest son and seventh child being the ancestor of all the Sargents claiming lineal descent from William Sargent.

Lucius Manlius Sargent was born in Billerica, Massachusetts, September 12, 1836, and died in California, in December, 1896. He was a machinist of North Grafton, and later in Worcester worked at his trade. He became deeply religious, studied for the ministry, and was ordained a clergyman of the Baptist church. He was a successful organizer of Baptist churches and continued in the active ministry until his death. While living in Grafton he was a member of a military company, holding the rank of first lieutenant, but ill health kept him from active Civil War service. He married Clara Fatina Allen, a sister of the distinguished Boston journalist, Walter Allen. Mr. and Mrs. Sargent were the parents of five children, of whom four are living: Walter, of Chicago; George Allen, of further mention; Edith Clara, now residing in North Scituate, Massachusetts; Wilson Warren, of New York City; a son Frederick, who died in infancy.

George Allen Sargent was born in Worcester, December 6, 1871. In 1874 his parents moved to North Grafton, and there he attended the public schools until fourteen years of age. He then became a worker in North Grafton shoe factories, con-



Charles H. Stearns

tinuing four years, when he came to Worcester and pursued a two years' commercial course at Hinman's Business College, graduating in 1891. During the next four years he accomplished the courses of Worcester Academy, finishing with graduation, class of 1895. These courses were not continuous, but were interrupted by periods of employment, they being financed from his own earnings. In 1895, after graduation, he entered the employ of The Hill Dryer Company of Worcester, and has never left that company, being its present efficient secretary, elected in 1911. He is now also treasurer of the company, and since 1917 has been general manager. The company manufactures patent clothes dryers of varied size and purpose, also a patent ash sifter. They are located in Worcester at Nos. 340-350 Park avenue, have a branch office at No. 92 State street, Boston, and a New York office and factory at Nos. 83-85 Sixth street, Long Island City. Success has attended the company and it is one of Worcester's stable concerns. Mr. Sargent represented his ward in Common Council for four years, and has served on the city central committee of his party. He is a member of Worcester Commercial Travelers' Association; Kiwanis Club, Dewey Street Baptist Church; and for eighteen years he has continuously served the Sunday school of that church as superintendent.

Mr. Sargent married, in Worcester, October 13, 1896, Winifred E. Hill, daughter of Joseph G. Hill, founder of The Hill Dryer Company, and a veteran of the Civil War, now living retired in Worcester, aged seventy-five years. Joseph G. Hill married Evelyn Blanchard Hill, who died in Worcester at the age of sixty-six. Mr. and Mrs. Sargent are the parents of three children: Edith Evelyn, born November 24, 1897, a graduate of Worcester South High School and of Rosse Normal School of Gymnastics of Boston, and is now a teacher in the Rosse school; Carmeta Elizabeth, born July 29, 1903, a student in South High School; Phillips Hill, born September 16, 1908.

WILLIAM JOSEPH THAYER, Business man, is a son of Eber Herbert Thayer, a merchant and creamery proprietor, was born in Northfield, Vermont, came from there to Worcester, Massachusetts, in 1895, and established the business now conducted by his son, William Joseph Thayer, known as the Wachusett Creamery, dealers in butter, cream and eggs, their products going directly from producer to consumer, the trade both wholesale and retail. He continued in successful business until his death, February 12, 1914. He married, in Northfield, Alice M. Doty, born there, who survived him and is yet residing in Worcester, aged sixty-four years. They were the parents of three sons: Homer A., born October 18, 1881, married, and is now residing in Providence, Rhode Island; William Joseph, of further mention; and Cary A., born March 31, 1894, now interested in business with his brother, William J. in Worcester; he married and has a son, Donald.

William J. Thayer, second son of Eber H. and Alice M. (Doty) Thayer, was born in Northfield, Vermont, May 28, 1884, and there spent the first eleven years of his life. In 1895 his parents moved to Worcester, Massachusetts, where he continued his public school studies until 1904, then pursued a course of study at Post's Business College, finishing with graduation in 1905. During these school years he had earned quite a considerable sum of money by raising pigeons and berry picking, these occupations, however, not interfering with his school attendance. In 1906 he was sent to Providence, Rhode Island, by his father to open a branch butter and creamery manufactory business, and this branch is still in existence. Upon the death of the father the sons succeeded to the ownership and management, and are conducting it on the same high plane of efficiency and quality. William J. Thayer is also a director of the Park Trust Company of Worcester, and is one of the leading young business men of his city. He is interested in the New England Fair Association, and at its annual fair in Worcester was superintendent of the swine and sheep exhibiting department. He is a member of the Masonic order, the Worcester Chamber of Commerce, the Commonwealth Club, the Rotary Club, and Philernon club. His favorite sport is fox hunting, and he greatly enjoys a day with rod and reel. Mr. Thayer is unmarried.

CHARLES H. STEARNS, Former business man, was born June 19, 1833, in Westminster, Massachusetts, son of Stephen and Mary (Merriam) Stearns, and died in this city, at his home, No. 2 Crown street, August 1, 1909, aged seventy-six years. Mr. Stearns was descended from historic old New England ancestry, Isaac Stearns, the immigrant ancestor, embarking at Yarmouth, England, in the ship "Arabella," April 12, 1630, and arriving on the Massachusetts coast in company with Governor Winthrop, Sir Richard Saltonstall, and Edward Garfield, ancestor of the martyred president. He came from Nayland, England, accompanied by his wife Mary, and

daughters, Mary and Ann. He settled in Watertown, Massachusetts, and was among the first freeman there in 1631, of which town he was for several years selectman, and where he died June 19, 1671.

Mr. Stearns acquired his early educational training in the district schools and the academy of his native town. His business career was begun as a clerk in a clothing store at Fitchburg, Massachusetts, where he remained until 1860. In the latter named year he came to this city and purchased the Crane Bakery, at the corner of Pleasant and Newbury streets, which he successfully conducted for a period of about thirty years, when he disposed of the business and retired from active business cares. He was a Republican in political belief, but being of a quiet and retiring disposition never cared for nor sought public office, preferring to give his undivided attention to his business, in which he met with marked success, and to his home and its surroundings to which he was much devoted. Early in life he became a member of the Westminster Congregational Church, and after coming to this city became affiliated with the Plymouth Congregational Church, of which his widow is also an active member. Mr. Stearns was charitable and benevolent, but always gave with a modest and unostentatious hand.

Mr. Stearns married (first) Nellie McClure, by whom he had two children, namely: Addie L., who died at the age of nineteen years; and Arthur McClure, who died in infancy. He married (second) December 4, 1866, Sarah H. Lamson, daughter of Eli B. and Deidamia (Prouty) Lamson, of this city. Mrs. Stearns survives her husband, without issue, and resides at No. 11 Monadnock Road, this city.

GEORGE F. SMITH. As head of the wholesale milk dealing firm, operating as the George F. Smith Creamery, Mr. Smith has reached a leading position in the business with which he has been connected since boyhood, his father having been in the same business. George F. Smith is a son of Walter H. Smith, and a grandson of Benjamin Smith, of Rutland, Massachusetts. Walter H. Smith was born in Rutland, Massachusetts, in 1863. He married Mary A. Whitehouse, daughter of a Civil War veteran, and his wife, Louise E., born in 1825. Walter H. Smith was for many years engaged as a milk dealer; was a Republican in politics. His children were: Clifford Austin, Arthur Kendall, Louise Ermine, George F., of further mention; Mamie V., Elsie A., and Roy.

George F. Smith was born in West Boylston, Massachusetts, in 1883, and was educated in the public schools of that town. He early became familiar with the milk business and has known no other business activity. He is now engaged as a wholesale milk dealer under the name of The George F. Smith Creamery, with headquarters in Worcester. He is a Republican in politics, and affiliated with all Worcester's Masonic bodies, of both the York and Scottish Rites, and holding the thirty-second degree. In religious faith he is a Congregationalist.

Mr. Smith married, in Worcester, February 10, 1912, Margaret E. Parnell, daughter of Charles C. and Mary Parnell, her father, a machinist.

STEPHEN MACKIN. With the rapid increase in the cost of all that goes into the upkeep of a motor car, every device which tends to decrease repair bills is hailed with delight by car owners, and finds a ready market. Such is the mission of the Mackin Oil Gauge, invented by Stephen Mackin, of Worcester, an expert on mechanical engineering and a lifelong student of lubrication and lubricants. As all internal combustion engines run necessarily under great heat a momentary failure of the oil field produces excessive heat with disastrous effects. The purpose of the Mackin Oil Gauge is to show the driver his oil flow at all times and to warn him when the oil supply runs low.

Stephen Mackin, son of Stephen and Nancy (Keenan) Mackin, attended Worcester public schools until fourteen years of age, then began learning the machinist's trade, serving an apprenticeship of several years. He worked as a journeyman machinist for several years, becoming an expert in his particular line. He started in business for himself about 1913, and has been very successful. The use of the gasoline motor and the important part it plays in transportation and power problems has opened a wide field for inventors. Mr. Mackin taking up as his especial study, lubrication. He knew, as does every mechanical engineer, that in the successful operation of the gasoline motor it is essential that every part of the motor exposed to friction be continually covered with a film of oil. To accomplish this it is imperative that the oil supply be reliable, constant, and large enough for extended service. Such is the mission of the Mackin Oil Gauge, invented by Stephen Mackin, and manufactured by the Mackin Oil Gauge Company, of No. 33 North Foster street, Worcester, Massachusetts. The plant is a modernly equipped one, where the large demand for the gauge is fully met



James J. McDermott

by Mr. Mackin and his assistants. He is also the patentee of the Mackin Metal Gauge, which he also manufactures. He does a general machine shop business, and is rated one of the expert authorities in his business.

Mr. Mackin married, in Worcester, in 1887, Elizabeth Corbett, who died in Worcester, April 22, 1890, leaving a daughter, Catherine M.

JAMES D. ROBERTSON. The history of the life of James D. Robertson in Worcester is the history of his connection with the old-established and well-known firm of John C. MacInnes Company, and in the time that he has attained to responsible position with this house he has also taken worthy place in the social and civic life of Worcester. Mr. Robertson left his Scotch birthplace at the age of seventeen years, and from that time his fortunes were identified with the firm of which he is now treasurer, and although he cherishes warm memories of the ancestral home of his family all of his ties have been to his adopted home until the European War called one of his sons to the fields of France.

James D. Robertson is a son of Robert and Elizabeth (Drummond) Robertson, and was born on Whitehill Farm, in the Parish of Blackford, Perthshire, Scotland, November 29, 1870. He had but finished a course in the grammar schools of his birthplace when, a youth of seventeen years, after working for four years in Edinburgh, Scotland, he came to the United States. In the fall of 1887 he formed with the John C. MacInnes Company a connection that has ever since endured with strong mutual satisfaction and profit. His first work was as salesman, a department of the business in which he came into the closest possible touch with the needs, wants, and conditions of the market, so that when he was made purchasing agent for the ready-to-wear garment departments it was with an accurate and comprehensive knowledge of the general tastes and prejudices of the buying public. The fidelity and value of his services to his house won him the opportunity, in 1904, of becoming financially interested in the enterprise as a stockholder, an opening that he at once embraced, and until 1912 he continued in the capacity of purchaser. In that year he became assistant treasurer of the company, and upon the death of Mr. MacInnes in 1915 and the subsequent reorganization of the company he became treasurer. This is the office that he occupies at the present time, although he has never relinquished his supervision of the department purchasing ready-to-wear garments, his long experience and keen observation of market conditions making his advice much sought by those of his employees who have assumed the management of that branch of the business. In the intimate business relations he has had with his fellows in Worcester Mr. Robertson is held in high consideration because of the straightforward principles and upright standards he has constantly adhered to in every mercantile transaction. He is of the progressive type of business man and citizen, and gives willingly of his time and service to any movement benefitting or improving his city. Mr. Robertson holds membership in the Commonwealth Club and the Worcester Country Club, in both of which he is active, and with his family he is a member of the Congregational church.

James D. Robertson married, in Worcester, Massachusetts, April 3, 1894, Louise E., daughter of Edward and Minnie E. (Thenius) Snyder. They are the parents of two children: 1. Marion E., born July 17, 1896; a graduate of Simmons College, class of 1918, now connected with the Packer Collegiate Institute of Brooklyn, New York. 2. Gordon R., born April 14, 1898; entered Wenonah Military Academy, in New Jersey, after attending the Worcester High School, and early in 1917 left school to enter the service, shortly thereafter being sent to France with the American Expeditionary Force.

JAMES THOMAS McDERMOTT. When James McDermott, in 1916, retired from the management of the business he had founded and made a center for the shoppers of Worcester and surrounding towns, McDermott's Dry Goods Store, he was succeeded by his sons whom he had trained in the business, James T. and Edmund B. The store was formerly located at No. 100 Front street, Worcester, and until 1898 was conducted as a general dry goods business. With the advent of the new manager, James T. McDermott, special lines were introduced, principally confined to hosiery, underwear and infant's wear. In 1916, owing to the increase of business and the lack of room, the store was moved to Nos. 517-519 Main street, next to the Park building, the firm, still James McDermott, now occupying the entire five floors and basement. The lines have been still further restricted until the great business is known far and near as "The Baby Shop," children's garments, children's toilet articles, and nursery furniture dominating almost the entire store.

James Thomas McDermott was born in Worcester, and after completing his years of public school study decided to avail himself of the fine opportunity offered by his father's dry goods store to enter mercantile life under peculiarly favorable conditions.

The store, then located at No. 100 Front street, Worcester, was conducted by James McDermott as a dry goods store, and was exceedingly well-known and very popular. James T. began as a clerk in 1890, and in 1898 became store manager and buyer. Ten years later, under the policy of special lines, the business was moved to a larger and more modern store at No. 542 Main street, Franklin square. In 1916 James McDermott retired from the business, James T. and Edmund B. McDermott, succeeding their father. In 1917 the change was made to the present five story building on Main street, next the Park building, and "The Baby Shop" is there riding upon the crest of a tide of public favor. James T. McDermott is a member of the Knights of Columbus and the Washington Social Club.

CORNELIUS MONROE GARBUTT, Real Estate and general insurance agent, partner in Garbutt Brothers, was born in Cowansville, Province of Quebec, Canada, May 28, 1880. He was but three years of age when the family moved to Montreal, where he attended school for about five years. He completed his education in this city, whither the family moved when he was a boy of thirteen. He began his business career at the age of eighteen as clerk of his father's real estate office, remaining there for a period of five years. Since then he has been in partnership with his brother under the firm name of Garbutt Brothers, in the real estate and mortgage business. The office of the firm was originally at No. 339 Main street, now being in the Park building, No. 507 Main street. In addition to the business of the firm, Mr. Garbutt represents various insurance companies and is a well-known underwriter. His partner in business is J. Ralph Garbutt. Mr. Garbutt is a Republican in politics, and keenly interested in public affairs. In religion he is an Episcopalian. His recreation is outdoor sports, and he is especially fond of automobiles and horses. His home is at No. 28 May street.

Mr. Garbutt married, in this city, December 19, 1907, Lora Marion Lytle, daughter of Honorable William A. Lytle. Mr. and Mrs. Garbutt had a daughter, Evelyn Alice, who died in infancy, July, 1913.

William Garbutt, father of Cornelius M. Garbutt, was born in Liverpool, England, son of John Garbutt, a seafaring man. William came to Canada with his father when sixteen years old; became a merchant at Cowansville, Quebec; later moved to Montreal and finally to Worcester, where he conducted a large real estate and mortgage business; died in Worcester, in June, 1907, aged fifty-two years. He married, in Cowansville, Jane A. Pharaoh, who died January 10, 1906, aged forty-nine years. William and Jane A. Garbutt had nine children: William A., a merchant tailor, in business in this city for twenty-five years (William A. Garbutt & Company, No. 18 Pleasant street); Maud B., married Frederick H. Richardson, an electrical engineer, in business in Pittsfield, Massachusetts; Tempest C., a real estate broker (W. Garbutt & Company, No. 340 Main street); Cornelius M., mentioned above; J. Ralph, of Garbutt Brothers, mentioned above; Lila M., married Geoffrey M. LeHain, of Hove, England, now of Montreal, Canada; Jane A., who resides in this city; Hazel G., also of Worcester; Leon Randolph, born here, died in infancy. The Garbuts are of an old English family.

THOMAS FRANCIS HURLEY. Since 1912 Mr. Hurley, under the firm name, T. F. Hurley, has been in business at No. 369 Park avenue, Worcester, dealing very successfully in coal, wood, hay and grain. He is a native son of Worcester, educated in city schools and developed in her business houses to a point where he could with safety and profit conduct a business enterprise under his own name. He is a son of Thomas Francis Hurley, born in Ireland, who came to the United States in youthful manhood, accompanying his parents, the family locating in Worcester. Thomas Francis Hurley died in 1891, aged about forty-five years. Many of his years in Worcester were spent as coachman for Mrs. Charles F. Washburn, being in her employ at the time of his death. He married, in Worcester, Margaret T. Lynch, born in Ireland, and now living in Worcester, aged sixty-six years. Two of her children died in infancy, the five living being herein named: Catherine A., married George F. Thacker, of Grand Forks, North Dakota; Mary E., residing with her mother in Worcester, at No. 5 Reid place; Thomas Francis (2), of further mention; Rev. George J., a priest of the Roman Catholic church, a member of Springfield Diocesan Bank, resides in Auburn, and performs missionary service all over the diocese; Margaret T., a teacher in the Edgeworth street public school, Worcester.

Thomas Francis (2) Hurley was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, December 27, 1878. He completed grammar school courses and entered high school, but completed his studies at Becker's Business College as a student in the night classes. In the meantime he was employed by John A. Hartigan, the grocer, later transferring his services to George F. Hewitt, with whom he remained eleven years. In May, 1912, Mr. Hurley purchased the business of James A. Kane, at No. 369 Park avenue, and there he con-



E. Everett Connor

tinues in successful business, a dealer in coal, wood, grain and hay. Mr. Hurley is a careful, energetic merchant, industrious and enterprising, and highly-esteemed. He is devoted to his business and spares no effort to promptly and honorably serve his patrons. He is a Democrat in politics, and a member of the city central committee of his party; is a member of St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church, the Holy Name Society of that church, and is a Knight of Columbus. He is fond of a good horse and a good horse race, and in his list of recreations fishing easily comes first. Mr. Hurley is unmarried.

ALONZO FRANCIS HOYLE. On April 19, 1896, Mr. Hoyle established his present business in Worcester, and the Hoyle Press has since pursued a most successful career, the motto being "Quality" and "Everything from a Card to a Catalogue." In May, 1918, the business was moved to its present quarters, Austin and High streets. Mr. Hoyle is a son of Francis Hoyle, born in Thompson, Connecticut, June 24, 1838, now living retired in Worcester, Massachusetts, approaching his eighty-first birthday. He was long connected with the shoe business, and has spent his long life most worthily. Francis Hoyle married Elizabeth Jane Cummings, born in Belfast, Maine, and died in Worcester in 1915, aged seventy-five years. They were the parents of nine sons: One who died in infancy; Alonzo Francis, of further mention; Harrison, superintendent of the Standard Foundry; Sanford C., died in 1888; Frank C., of Chester, Vermont, a retired fireman, now living on a farm; Rufus, died in infancy; Allie, died aged ten years; Rufus (second) now a foreman in the employ of the New England Envelope Company; Charles R., an architect of Worcester.

Alonzo Francis Hoyle was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, October 16, 1861, eldest of the sons of Francis and Elizabeth Jane (Cummings) Hoyle. He attended public schools until reaching the age of sixteen, then began work in a shoe shop, continuing until 1880, when he spent three years in business college and in the employ of a grocery. In 1883 he entered the employ of the Boston, Barre & Gardner Railroad as a clerk, remaining with that road and its successor, the Fitchburg Railroad, until 1895, then being freight cashier. After a term of service with the Glasgo Thread Company, he began learning the printing business, establishing the Hoyle Press in Worcester, April 19, 1896. In the business which has now held him for nearly a quarter of a century he has been very successful, the reputation of the Hoyle Press being very high. In politics Mr. Hoyle is a lifelong Republican, and in 1905-06-07-08 represented Ward two, Worcester district, in the Massachusetts Legislature. From 1900 until 1905 he represented Ward two on the Republican city committee. He is a member of the Masonic order, member of Worcester Masonic Charity and Educational Association, secretary and treasurer of the Charity Committee, member of the Improved Order of Red Men, and interested in social rooms of the order at No. 19 Pearl street. In religious faith he is a Baptist.

Mr. Hoyle married, in Worcester, May 12, 1887, Mabel Elizabeth Kimball, born in Worcester, April 19, 1865, daughter of Samuel H. and Helen (Spring) Kimball, the latter deceased, her father a contractor of Worcester. Mr. and Mrs. Hoyle are the parents of four children: Ralph Alonzo, born March 19, 1888, married Lena Taylor, and has two children; Grace Elizabeth, born July 30, 1890, married Frank B. Smith, of Worcester, Massachusetts, and has two children; Everett Sanford, born May 22, 1894, married Lucille Rawson, and has two children; Chester Samuel, born August 14, 1903, now (1919) a student in Classical High School.

EDGAR EVEREST CONOVER. With the incorporation of Linehan, Conover Company, corset manufacturers of Worcester, Massachusetts, Edgar E. Conover became its vice-president and secretary. He had long been engaged in the selling department of the corset manufacturing business in New York City and in Boston, coming to Worcester in 1908. He is of the ancient Conover family of Monmouth county, New Jersey, a family which sprang from Wolfert Gerretsen Van Couvenhoven, the common ancestor of the Couvenhoven, Kouwenhoven, Conover family in this country. A grandson of the old Hollander, William Gerretsen Couvenhoven (which name later became Conover), located on land he purchased in Monmouth county, New Jersey, about July, 1727, Freehold in that county becoming later the home of many of this old and important Dutch family. Along the maternal line of ancestry Mr. Conover traces to English and Mayflower families.

A descendant of the Hollander, Van Couvenhoven, was James Scott Conover, grandfather of Edgar E. Conover, of Worcester. He was born in Freehold, New Jersey, died at Stratford, Connecticut, in 1895, aged seventy. He was the founder and head of J. S. Conover & Company, New York City, manufacturers of mantels and grates. He married Elizabeth Meeker, born in Stamford, Connecticut, who died

in New York City in 1897, aged sixty-seven years. They were the parents of ten children, but only two grew to mature years, Alonzo Edward and William Edgar, the last named being head of the generation next considered.

William Edgar Conover, son of James S. and Elizabeth (Meeker) Conover, was born in New York City, November 10, 1850, died in Greenwich, Connecticut, February 13, 1902. He was a graduate of Columbia Law School, L.L. B., 1872, and practiced law in his earlier years. But he was associated with his father in the manufacture of grates and mantels, and after the death of the founder continued the business of J. S. Conover & Company until his death in 1902. He was an able business man of strong executive ability, successfully conducting his business through a long term of years. He was at one time much interested in New York City, Tammany at that time being under the control of Tweed and New York City under the control of Tammany. William E. Conover married, in New York City, December 9, 1873, Sarah Louise Holly, born in Salisbury, Connecticut, August 9, 1853, and is now living in Greenwich, Connecticut. Children: Edgar E. (see biography); William Edgar, born September 10, 1875, died in infancy; James Scott, born September 6, 1877, now living in Greenwich, Connecticut; Frances Elizabeth, born March 15, 1882, residing with her mother in Greenwich; Lawrence Seymour, born in 1885, died in 1904; Marjorie, born in April, 1889, now and since May, 1917, in overseas Red Cross service, stationed in France.

EDGAR E. CONOVER, eldest son of William Edgar and Sarah Louise (Holly) Conover, was born in New York City, September 1, 1874, and there resided until fifteen years of age. His education, begun in Barnard School, New York, was continued in King's School, Stamford, Connecticut, until graduation in 1892, and then at Princeton University, class of 1896. He began business life in New York City with George C. Batchellor & Company, corset manufacturers, continuing with that house in New York until 1899. He then located in Boston, becoming their New England manager in 1902, so continuing until 1908, when he resigned. On July 1, of that year, he came to Worcester as sales manager for the Linehan Corset Company and secretary of the company. This company was succeeded by the present Linehan, Conover Company, corset manufacturers, incorporated under Massachusetts laws, John J. Linehan, president and treasurer, Edgar E. Conover, vice-president and secretary. Mr. Conover is a Republican in politics, and in religious faith an Episcopalian. He is a member of Madison (Connecticut) Country Club; the Fly Fishers Club of Brooklyn; Worcester Country Club; Princeton Alumni Association of New England, and is fond of all forms of out-of-door sports, particularly hunting, fishing and golf.

Mr. Conover married, in Madison, Connecticut, July 14, 1898, Irene Scranton, born in New Haven, Connecticut, daughter of Charles Woolsey and Marietta (Palmer) Scranton, her father deceased, her mother yet a resident of Madison. Mr. and Mrs. Conover are the parents of two children: Helen Scranton, born July 14, 1900, and Woolsey Scranton, born July 27, 1902, now a student at Worcester Academy, class of 1921.

WALTER SCOTT CHASE. When a young man of nineteen, Walter S. Chase came to Worcester, a journeyman gasfitter. That was in 1889, and in 1902 he began business for himself. In May, 1916, he opened his present place of business at No. 560 Main street, where he specializes in hot water heating, heating by vacuum without patented or other contrivances, and installing systems of heating which will reduce coal bills from 30 to 40 per cent. but he conducts a general gas piping, steam and hot water heating, and general repair business as well. He is a descendant of the ancient New England families, Chase and Huntington, one of his Huntington ancestors a signer of the Declaration of Independence. Walter S. Chase is a son of Oscar Francis Chase, born in Smithville, Rhode Island, June 4, 1831, a woolen manufacturer. He married Catherine Brown Howard, born in Jamaica, Vermont, who survives him, residing in Worcester, aged eighty-eight years. They were the parents of two children: Bessie, died aged thirteen months, and Walter S., of further mention.

Walter Scott Chase was born in Eastford, Connecticut, June 5, 1870, his parents moving to Dudley, Massachusetts, in 1875. He attended the public school there, at Wiltonville, Connecticut, and North Oxford, Massachusetts, but at the age of fifteen his school attendance ceased, but later added to his advantages a course in the Scranton International Correspondence School. At Webster he began learning the gas fitter's trade with John Gum of Webster, and from that time has been engaged in the same business. He came to Worcester in 1889, and worked as a journeyman for Braman Dow & Company, gas and steam fitters. He established in business for himself in 1902 on Westfield street, and in May, 1916, opened his present business at

No. 560 Main street, trading as Walter S. Chase, steam and hot water heating and ventilation, gas piping, bronzing, and pipe covering. He is a specialist in heating systems, and is winning converts to the vacuum system. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, but his pleasure outside of his business is in his garden. He is a member of the Congregational church at Lake View, and in politics is a Republican.

Mr. Chase married, at North Grosvenor Dale, Connecticut, June 29, 1893, Stella Maude Buckley, born there, daughter of James and Martha Henthorn Buckley, both parents born in England, and both deceased; her father a former hotel proprietor and liveryman, of North Grosvenor Dale. Mr. and Mrs. Chase are the parents of three children: Lillian May, died in infancy; Walter Minot, born May 12, 1899, now at the United States Submarine Base, at New London; Hiram Howard, born June 16, 1905.

OLIVER MILO DEAN. In 1910 the business established in Worcester by Oliver Milo Dean in 1885, under his own name, was reorganized as Oliver M. Dean & Sons, the father associating with him his two sons. This firm does business in a modern factory, Nos. 314-316 Shrewsbury street, their business the manufacture of brooms, brushes and wooden ware and dealing in janitor and dairy supplies.

Oliver M. Dean was born in Oakham, Massachusetts, October 11, 1864. When a lad of eight years he came to Worcester and from that year, 1872, he has been a resident of Worcester, although in 1917 he made Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, his home, although retaining his Worcester business interests. He was educated in the public schools of the city, finishing with high school, then began business life as an employee of Soulan, Bryant & Company, going thence to the L. J. Knowles & Company Loom Works. Upon coming of age in 1885 he began business under his own name, so continuing very successfully for a quarter of a century, winning a strong position in the market through the excellence of his product and honorable standing among business men for his upright life and sterling, manly qualities. In 1910 he admitted his sons, Elroy B. and Carlton R. Dean, as partners, the business now being conducted under the firm of Oliver M. Dean & Sons.

Mr. Dean is a Republican in politics and a member of Old South Congregational Church of Worcester. He is a past grand of Central Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and a member of the Massachusetts Grand Lodge of that order, is affiliated with the Knights of Malta, and is a member of Worcester Chamber of Commerce. His club is the Shrewsbury of Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, that town having been his home since 1917.

Mr. Dean married, February 22, 1887, Sarah Gertrude Bruce, born in Hudson, Massachusetts, daughter of Horatio and Sarah Elizabeth Bruce, her father a shoe manufacturer, of Hudson. Mr. and Mrs. Dean are the parents of two sons, **Elroy** Bruce and Carlton Randall, both members of the firm of Oliver M. Dean & Sons, and of a daughter, Vera Gertrude.

JOHN FRANCIS MURPHY, Manufacturer, is a son of Thomas Murphy, born in County Carlow, Ireland, who came to the United States with his parents in 1849, the family locating in Worcester, Massachusetts, where Thomas Murphy died in 1872, aged fifty-two years. He was among the pioneer Irish families of the city, and spent his years engaged in farming. He married, in Ireland, Ann Doyle, born in 1820, in County Carlow, who long survived him, dying in Worcester at the great age of ninety-four years. She retained her vigor and vitality most wonderfully, and was really beloved, especially by the children and those in need of a friend. They were the parents of three sons: 1. James W., now superintendent and general manager of the Keene Manufacturing Company of Keene, New Hampshire; he married, and has four children: Maud A., Charles W., with the Army of Occupation in Germany, Frank W., Theodore F. 2. John Francis, of further mention. 3. F. Henry, died in 1890, aged thirty years.

John Francis Murphy, second son of Thomas and Ann (Doyle) Murphy, was born in Boylston, Massachusetts, May 29, 1867, his family moving to Worcester in 1860. He attended Bumcoat Plain, and Adams Square public schools, thence Belmont street school, completing grammar courses at the age of fourteen. He then served a full term as plumber's apprentice with Shields & Moody, following that trade as a journeyman for a few years. In 1890 he embarked in a line of manufacture confined to wood working machinery, continuing very successfully in that line until 1909 when he added lasting machines. Mr. Murphy is the inventor of a special die, a wonderful tool that stands up to the cutting, and he also originated and manufactured the dies used by the Bradley Car Company in cutting the trail box cover for the 155 M. M. gun for the United States Government. Colonel White, of the United States Ordnance

Department, declared Mr. Murphy to be the most efficient man in his division. He is a Democrat in politics, and a member of Holy Rosary Church. Mr. Murphy conducts his business under the firm name, Greendale Manufacturing Company, and makes a high grade door, window, porch, casement and box screen, his plant located at No. 21 Rockdale street. He is unmarried.

JOSEPH DE KEYSER FEINGOLD, Lawyer, was born in Wirballen, government of Suwalki, Russian Poland, March 16, 1890, the son of Saul Harris and Golda Mollie (Dickheiser) Feingold. Wirballen is on the frontier between East Prussia and Russia, as the boundary lines existed before the outbreak of the Great War, and was the terminus of one of the Russian railways. This town suffered the ravages of war during the world conflict, and most of it was destroyed by the onward and backward march of the Russian and German armies.

Saul H. Feingold was born in Rossieny, government of Kovno, in December, 1856. Tradition has it that the family emigrated from France to Russia towards the end of the fifteenth century and that its original name was derived from the French, "Juif." He is descended from a long line of scholars and rabbis, most of whom lived and labored in the governments of Kovno and Vilna, forming part of Lithuania in the Russian empire. Mr. Feingold married, in August, 1880, Golda M. Dickheiser, who was born in the aforementioned town of Wirballen in August, 1858. She likewise is descended from an old family of rabbis, scholars, and merchants, whose activities took them to the western part of Russia, Poland, and East Prussia. There were born to Mr. and Mrs. Feingold eleven children, Joseph being the sixth child. **Of the eleven children**, all but one are living, namely, Solomon, a lawyer of this city until his death, was born February 5, 1885, and died December 9, 1913. He was a graduate of Harvard Law School in 1910. The other children are: William, born February 2, 1882; Israel H., born November 7, 1883; Bernard, born November 23, 1886; Esther Jeannette Edinburg, born April 2, 1888, formerly a teacher in the public schools of Auburn, Massachusetts, and Newark, New Jersey; Joseph D. K., mentioned below; Louis Stanley, born September 27, 1893, a graduate of Clark College and of the Harvard Law School in 1918, now a sergeant, first class, in the United States Army; Rebecca, born November 27, 1894, a teacher in the Worcester schools; Ruhammah, born June 1, 1896, also a teacher in the Worcester public schools; Ephraim, born August 28, 1898, a student at the Tufts Medical School, and late a member of the Tufts College, S. A. T. C.; and Nathaniel Aaron, born January 6, 1900.

Joseph D. K. Feingold was brought over from his native town when but two years old, and the family settled on a farm in Millbury, Massachusetts, just across the line from Worcester. He spent his boyhood on this farm until ten years of age. Since then he has made his home in Worcester. He graduated from the Ledge street grammar school in 1904; from the Classical High School in 1908, from Clark College in 1911, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Leaving Clark, he did graduate work at Columbia University, which granted him the degree of Master of Arts in 1912. After teaching school in Westboro and in the Worcester evening schools, he became private tutor in Brooklyn, New York, attending the New York Law School at the same time. He then entered the Harvard Law School, receiving in 1917 the degree of Bachelor of Laws from that institution. He was admitted to the Massachusetts bar on September 11, 1917, and has been practising law in the city since then, being connected with the office of Marvin M. Taylor, No. 340 Main street. Joseph D. K. Feingold makes his home with his parents at No. 58 Providence street, Worcester. He is ardently fond of the theatre, and is a lover of the out-door life and nature. He is a member of the Congregation, Tower of Truth, and of the executive committee of the Worcester Zionist District, the Maccabees, Young Men's Hebrew Association, the Clark College Alumni Association, the Harvard Club of Worcester, and of the Worcester County Bar Association. He was an associate legal advisor during the war under the selective service system. He has since enlisted for service with the Jewish Welfare Board, as a secretary in the overseas and transport service of the American Expeditionary Force and is now in France.

ALBERT EDWARD JEWELL, Senior partner of the firm of Albert E. Jewell & Company, retail grocers, was born in Chard, England, June 19, 1874, son of John and Rosa M. E. (Davey) Jewell. He had a common school education. He began to work in the office of Cory Brothers, Ltd., at Cardiff, Wales, when he was but eleven years old. Two years later he went to work for his father, who was a retail merchant in Wales. In July, 1890, he came with his father to this country. The family located immediately in this city, and John Jewell engaged in business as a grocer and dealer in meats and provisions in South Worcester. In this store Albert E. Jewell was a clerk until February 10, 1898, when he was admitted to partnership under the firm

name of J. Jewell & Son. Four years later the father retired on account of ill health and removed to Denver, Colorado, where he lived for five years. The son continued the business alone until the fall of 1908, when Arthur H. Sawyer was admitted to partnership under the present firm name of Albert E. Jewell & Company. The store is at No. 570 Southbridge street. Mr. Jewell is now one of the veterans in mercantile business in South Worcester, having been in business twenty-seven years (in 1918). He is a member of the Worcester Retail Grocers and Provision Dealers Association, of which he was for four years the president. He is a member and for the past twenty years has been treasurer of Hope Congregational Church.

Mr. Jewell married, in this city, August 25, 1898, Carrie Edna Sampson, daughter of Bushrod White and Nellie E. (Reynolds) Sampson. Mr. and Mrs. Jewell have three children: Edith Florence, born July 9, 1899; John Albert, born February 9, 1903; Arthur George, born December 10, 1905. Their home is at No. 1 Homestead avenue.

EDWARD PHILIP CROSBIE. A well-known musician of Worcester for several years, Mr. Crosbie has come more prominently in the public eye as Massachusetts officer of the American Federation of Musicians, an office he has held since 1914. He has been head of the local Union ever since its organization, and is highly-esteemed among all classes of musicians. He is a son of William and Sarah Jane (Brady) Crosbie, both born in Liverpool, England, who were the parents of ten children, four of whom are living, all sons and all musicians, residing in Worcester, Massachusetts, namely: Edward Philip, Thomas James, Herbert F., and Arthur William.

Edward Philip Crosbie was born in London, England, February 2, 1880, and there attended public schools until 1892, when he began work with his father, a painting contractor. In May, 1893, the family came to the United States, locating in Worcester, Massachusetts, where William Crosbie again established in business as a painting contractor. Edward P. Crosbie entered the employ of the Crompton Loom Works of Worcester, there remaining one year before transferring his services to the Whit-tall Carpet Company, with whom he continued seven years. Musical talent was bestowed freely upon the Crosbies, the elder Crosbie being a musician and teaching his art to the children as they began displaying any signs of musical inclination. Edward P. began very early taking lessons on the cornet and even before leaving England had played to a London audience with his father. At the age of eight years he had marched and played in parades, and all through his years of mill service he had kept up his study and practice. He made his first appearance before a Worcester audience about 1898 at a flag raising, and since that time he has been constantly engaged as a public performer. About 1902 he began giving music lessons, his studio now being at No. 10 Southbridge street. He organized Crosbie's Orchestra in 1897, that organization giving its initial performance at Hibernian Hall. This orchestra is now under the leadership of Arthur William Crosbie. Since 1911 Edward P. Crosbie has been leader of the Family Theatre Orchestra, and in addition has a large class of private scholars. He is a member of the local Musicians Union and its president; American Federation of Musicians; Catholic Order of Foresters; Ancient Order of Hibernians; Washington Club; Knights of Columbus; Royal Arcanum; and a communicant of St. Peter's Church.

Mr. Crosbie married, in Worcester, October 17, 1906, Catherine Elizabeth Hannigan, born in Worcester, daughter of James and Margaret (Farley) Hannigan, her mother living in Worcester, her father dying October 10, 1918. Mr. and Mrs. Crosbie are the parents of five children: Mary Catherine, born December 6, 1907; Edward Aloysius, born June 20, 1910; William, born November 25, 1913; James and Jane Margaret.

JACOB F. PENNEY, Proprietor of the Tatnuck Ice Company, of Worcester, Massachusetts, was born in Nova Scotia, Canada, in 1873, and there was educated in the public schools. He was the son of a farmer, and the first eight years of his life, after school days were over, were spent in the lumber woods. He came to Worcester in 1898, and soon obtained employment with the Walker Ice Company, continuing with that firm four years. In 1902 he took over the Tatnuck Ice Company, which has developed into one of the strong substantial ice companies of the city. Mr. Penney is proprietor and general manager of the company, and has long been its practical managing head. In politics he is a Republican; a member of Montacute Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar, and The Tatnuck Club.

Mr. Penney married, in Nova Scotia, Alma Veinot, and they are the parents of two sons, Cyril F., and Karl W. Penney.

NILS BJORK, Millinery merchant, one of the pioneer Swedish business men of the city, was born in Rydsgord, Sweden, March 13, 1871, son of Pehr and Kjerstein (Nilsson) Bjork. He received his education in the public schools of his native place. Very early in life he determined to go to America. He was but twelve years old when he began to learn the tailor's trade, deciding for himself that a trade of this kind would provide him with the means of journeying whither he pleased later in life, whether he spoke the language of the country in which he lived or not. At fifteen he was a journeyman tailor, and he left home to find employment in Copenhagen, Denmark, where for two or three years he worked at his trade in various large stores.

He came to this country in the fall of 1888 and located on Thanksgiving Day in Gardner, where he obtained his first employment in the chair factory of the Heywoods. His capital in hand at that time consisted of thirty dollars that his father gave him. His passage and expenses had taken all his savings. That gift of his father he deposited in a savings bank and there it has remained untouched to the present time. It may be said here that Mr. Bjork has never had an idle day since he began work in this country. In the spring of 1889 he came to Worcester and until he came of age followed his trade here, being for the greater part of the time in the employ of Davis & Davis, tailors. He was a skillful workman and his knowledge of Swedish was of value to his employers. That asset proved useful not only when he was a boy clerk, but throughout his career in business. He became the Swedish clerk in the furniture store of Gately & O'Gorman, now the Atherton-Fowler Furniture Company, Front street. In the meantime he studied English assiduously. He took courses in the International Correspondence School of Scranton, Pennsylvania, while he was in Gardner and attended the evening schools.

His ambition to engage in business, to which all his energies, education and savings had been directed, was realized in 1898. In business partnership with his wife, who was a milliner by trade, he opened a millinery store at No. 212 Main street. By a curious coincidence this store was occupied previously by Kronoff, the tailor, who gave to young Bjork his first job in this city. From the beginning the store proved profitable; attracting not only the trade of the Swedish women, but those of all classes and races. Mrs. Bjork took charge of the designing and selling; Mr. Bjork of the buying and management of the office. Within a year it was necessary to have larger quarters and the store at No. 214 Main street was leased. Soon afterward the second floors above both stores were taken and in time the entire building was occupied. Six enlargements were made to the store space while the firm was in this building. Finally, in 1914, when the Worcester Trust Company building on Franklin street was completed very attractive and spacious quarters were leased there and occupied until after the Trust Company was merged with the old Worcester Bank in 1917. The bank then required all the floor space in its building, bought the lease of Mr. Bjork, and he leased the present building, formerly occupied by the Putnam & Thurston restaurant and hotel, Nos. 379 to 393 Main street. Four floors of the building are used for the business, which is exclusively millinery, both wholesale and retail.

The Bjork Store is the largest devoted exclusively to millinery in Massachusetts. Mr. Bjork incorporated the business under the laws of Massachusetts in 1913, and is president and treasurer of the company. Herman Bjork is secretary, and Hans Wickstrom the third director. Mr. Bjork and his wife have made a record in business of which any merchant might be proud, starting with their small savings as capital and extending the business year by year to its present proportions. Needless to say, this success has been achieved by hard work, incessant application to business and a thorough knowledge of the trade. The career of Mr. Bjork, however, is typical of the Swedish man of affairs, coming without a knowledge of the English language and with no assets but his trade, his vigorous constitution, ambition and natural business ability. His success affords an inspiration for every penniless boy, native or immigrant.

Mr. Bjork is a member of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce; chairman of the board of trustees of the First Swedish Baptist Church; a director of the Park Trust Company; and treasurer of the Skandia Credit Union, the largest Credit Union in the United States. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Bjork married, in New York City, August 14, 1892, Hannah Elizabeth Dahlin, who was born in Falun, Sweden, a daughter of Pehr Jacob and Sarah Elizabeth (Wickstrom) Dahlin. Her father died in Sweden; her mother in this city. They have no children. Their home is at No. 52 Holden street.

Pehr Bjork, father of Nils Bjork, was born in Anderslof, Sweden. For twenty-seven years he was a soldier in the Swedish army. The family name implies that men were soldiers, as they were, for several generations. In later years he was a



Nils Björk

grain dealer at Rydsgord. Kjerstein (Nilsson) Bjork, mother of Nils Bjork, was born at Arsjo, Sweden. Pehr Bjork died in Sweden in 1914; his widow and daughter Anna are living in Sweden. Nils and Herman are living in Worcester. Another daughter Maria married Nils Nelson, now of Fitchburg.

JOHN FENDERSON KYES, Former manager and treasurer of the Reed Foundry Company, retired, was born in North Jay, Maine, February 23, 1855, son of Warren and Mary Warren (Fenderson) Kyes. His father, a farmer, was born in North Jay, April 4, 1822; his mother in Buxton, Maine, January 23, 1825. Mr. Kyes had five sisters, all older than himself and all now deceased. The immigrant ancestor of the Kyes family was Robert, one of the founders of Watertown, Massachusetts, in 1633. In many other lines of ancestry Mr. Kyes is descended from the early Puritan settlers of New England. Of his four Revolutionary ancestors, Elisha Jackson, of Gardner, commanded a company that marched on the Lexington Alarm. In the little red schoolhouse at North Jay Mr. Kyes began his education. Later he was a student in the Academy at Wilton, Maine, and in the Worcester public schools. He entered the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, from which he was graduated in 1876 with the degree of bachelor of science.

His business career was varied. For two years he was a farm hand, and for three years a carpenter. After graduating from the institute he was principal of the high school of the city of Fairbault, Minnesota, for two years; then he was construction engineer for two years, planning and erecting flour mills in Minneapolis, Minnesota. Returning to this city he became a partner in the firm, Kyes & Woodbury, engravers and designers, and continued in this business for a period of nineteen years. After he left this firm he spent two years on the public platform as a lecturer. He again entered business in 1901 as treasurer and manager of the Reed Foundry Company in this city, whose plant he planned and built, and continued for eleven years, retiring in May, 1912. Since then he has not been in active business. He has been a director of the Reed Foundry Company (now part of the Reed Prentice Company); of the Sanford-Putnam Company; the Worcester Taxicab Service; the Worcester Collateral Loan Association and the Reed-Prentice Company. In politics he is a Republican. During two no-license years, 1908-09, he was a license commissioner of the city. Mr. Kyes has been a student of local history and genealogy, and is a member of the New England Historic Genealogical Society and of the National Geographic Society. He is a member of the First Church of Christ, of this city, and was superintendent of the Sunday school one year, clerk of the church six years, treasurer of the church ten years, and deacon fifteen years. For twelve years was a director of the Young Men's Christian Association and treasurer one year; treasurer and secretary of the New England Christian Missionary Society.

Mr. Kyes married (first) in Minneapolis, Minnesota, September 30, 1879, Fanny Louise Smyth, who was born in this city, died in 1882, daughter of Robert L. and Angie (Braman) Smyth. Her father, Robert Leach Smyth, was born in Portland, Maine, in 1822, son of Joseph Smith, a sea captain, a descendant from Governors Winslow and Bradford, who came in the "Mayflower"; from James Starr, a member of the Boston Tea Party, his great-grandfather. He was a cabinet maker in Wilton and Dixfield, Maine; was representative in the Maine Legislature; for many years was partner in the firm, Smyth Brothers, of this city, manufacturers and at that time largest jobbers of boots and shoes in the State outside of Boston. He died here, April 14, 1880. His wife, Angie, died in 1877. Mr. Kyes married (second) in this city, October 28, 1888, Angie Eliza Pearson, who was born in Wilmington, Massachusetts, daughter of James K. and Ellen (Pierson) Pearson. Her father was born in Wilmington; her mother died in 1895. By his second wife Mr. Kyes had three children: 1. Frances, born December 1, 1889, a graduate of Worcester High School, 1907; married, in 1915, George D. Robertson. 2. Margaret, born April 8, 1891, a graduate of the Worcester High School, 1909. 3. John Fenderson, Jr., born December 30, 1897, a graduate of Worcester High School, 1914, and of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, class of 1918.

LUKE K. DAVIS, Door-keeper of the State Senate, soldier in the Civil War, was born at Jaffray, New Hampshire, February 23, 1845, son of James S. and Hannah (Kendall) Davis.

He was but a year and half old when his father died, and was taken to Fitchburg, Massachusetts, to the home of Benjamin Lovett. Two years later Mr. Lovett died, and he was then placed in the home of Lucius Aldridge, of Richmond, New Hampshire, where he lived until he was six years old. After two years in the family of A. L. Osborne, he returned to his mother, who had married Samuel Saunders, and located in Fitchburg, but removed two years later to this city. He received his edu-

cation in the district schools, and was but a lad when he began to learn the trade of machinist in the Ames Plow Works in this city. He lacked six months of being eighteen years old when he enlisted in Company C, Thirty-sixth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, under Captain Arthur Bedell and Colonel Henry Bowman. In the Civil War he took part in ten battles and was wounded at the battle of Spottsylvania Court House, May 12, 1864. From that time until January 1, 1865, he was confined to the hospital in Washington. He then joined Company C, Ninth Veteran Reserve Corps, and served to the end of the war, being mustered out May 20, 1865.

After the war he returned to the employ of the Ames Plow Company in this city, and later became foreman of the woodworking department, continuing with this concern for a period of twenty years. In 1887 Mr. Davis left the plow business to accept the appointment of messenger at the State House, and he filled that position until he was appointed to his present office, door-keeper of the State Senate of Massachusetts. Annually since then he has been re-appointed. He has been for thirty-one years in the service of the Commonwealth and is at the present time (1918). He has in that time enjoyed the acquaintance and in many cases the personal friendship of the leaders in public life, the legislators of the State, the State officers and many men of distinction throughout the country. In politics he is a Republican, though for many years his office has precluded him from taking an active part in political affairs. Though his daily occupation has taken him to Boston for so many years, he has lost none of the interest that he took in earlier years in the municipal affairs of the city in which he has continued to live. With one exception he has known all the mayors of the city, which was incorporated in 1848. In the growth and prosperity of Worcester no man has taken more interest or more pleasure. He is a member of the Knights of Pythias.

Mr. Davis married, in Holden, Massachusetts, Mary Jane Ruth, daughter of James Ruth. She died in this city, July 7, 1913. They had six children: 1. Frederick, who died in infancy. 2. Luke K., Jr., now residing in Lynn, Massachusetts. 3. Oscar A., car inspector in the employ of the Boston & Worcester Street Railway Company. 4. Milo D. (see biography). 5. Orlo, (see biography). 6. Willie A., now of this city.

MILO D. and ORLO DAVIS, twin sons of Luke K. Davis, were born in this city, February 22, 1874, and both educated in the public schools here. They engaged in business as furniture and piano movers with stables at the rear of No. 161 Main street, and built up a substantial and profitable business. The business established by the twin brothers was continued and is now owned by Mrs. Milo D. Davis and conducted under the management of T. F. Cronin at the old stand, under the name of the Davis Brothers Company. Orlo Davis served in the Spanish-American War. He died in this city in the prime of life.

Milo D. Davis was a member of the Knights of Pythias, and Improved Order of Red Men. He married, in this city, Mary H. Ryan, who was born in Vermont. They had three children: Orlo E., student in the high school; Emery M. and Royal F. Mrs. Davis resides at No. 16 Kendall street in this city. Mr. Davis died in the prime of life.

JAMES WILSON, Credit manager, secretary and treasurer of the Denholm & McKay Company, was born in Paisley, Scotland, December 16, 1868, son of James and Martha (Kelso) Wilson. James Wilson was born in Paisley, Scotland, April 13, 1845, and died in Worcester, January 27, 1896. He married Martha Kelso, who was born in Paisley, August 22, 1845, now living in this city. They had five children: 1. James, of this review. 2. Jessie T. K., born in Cambridge, Massachusetts, April 11, 1872, died January 14, 1914; married, in Worcester, Eugene Van De Mark. 3. Margaret H., born at Cambridge, May 3, 1878, married, in Worcester, Dwight Barrows, of Medford, Massachusetts. 4. Bessie A., born in Utica, New York, February 20, 1880, married Walter W. Fiske, of Worcester. 5. Annie F., born in Rockville, Connecticut, June 23, 1884, married, in Worcester, Chester A. Bland, now of Detroit, Michigan.

James Wilson came to this country with his parents when two years old and received his education in the public schools of Rockville, Connecticut, leaving the high school there at the end of his second year to begin work in his father's dry goods store. He came to Worcester, July 18, 1886, and on the same day entered the employ of Denholm & McKay as office boy. Afterward he became successively collector, bookkeeper, cashier, paymaster, credit manager, assistant treasurer, secretary and treasurer of the Denholm & McKay Company. He was elected a director of the company in 1913, and from 1916 to 1918 was director, secretary and treasurer of the

Denholm & McKay Realty Company, the corporation holding the real estate occupied by the Boston Store. He is at present credit manager, secretary and treasurer of the Denholm & McKay Company. He was formerly director and secretary of the Fidelity Mercantile Agency, the business of which was bought by the Worcester Chamber of Commerce in 1915 and became the foundation of its credit bureau. In his younger days Mr. Wilson was a well-known athlete, especially in bicycle racing. In 1888 he won the two-mile championship of Worcester county on the high-wheel bicycle; in 1892 he won the championship of Worcester county on the safety bicycle and in many other bicycle races he won prizes. Mr. Wilson is not only prominent in business circles, but is well-known as a lecturer and speaker on the subject of credit and other economic topics. He is a member of the faculty of the Northeastern College, department of business administration and finance of the Worcester Young Men's Christian Association. In politics he is a Republican, but he has never accepted public office. He is a member of Worcester Council, Royal Arcanum. He has been vice-president and director of the Worcester Association of Credit Men; vice-president of the Associated Retail Credit Men of Worcester; member of the advisory Board of Credit Reporting Bureau, Worcester Chamber of Commerce; member of Piedmont Congregational Church.

Mr. Wilson married, in this city, April 19, 1894, Mary E. Winn, who was born here December 12, 1870, daughter of Henry A. and Ellen (Medville) Winn. Her father was born in Grafton, July 12, 1845; enlisted in Company C, Fifty-first Regiment, Massachusetts Infantry, August 15, 1862, and was discharged July 27, 1863; re-enlisted August 9, 1864, in Company F, Fourth Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, and was discharged June 17, 1865; was commander of George H. Ward Post, No. 10, Grand Army of the Republic, 1914 and 1915. Her mother was born in Millbury, February 6, 1849. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson have no children. Their home is at No. 1 Lucian street in this city.

RALPH BURRILL JACOBS. As manager of The Henley-Kimball Company, agents for Hudson and Essex cars, Worcester, Mr. Jacobs occupies a position in the automobile trade to which he has won his way in a comparatively short time, for he is one of the young men of the business. He is a son of Harry Winfred Jacobs, a chief clerk of the Boston & Albany Railroad Company in Boston, and a descendant of that Nicholas Jacob who is thus recorded in the Cushing Manuscript: "Nicholas Jacob with his wife and two children and their cousin, Thomas Lincoln, weaver, came from Old Hingham (England), and settled in this Hingham 1633." He left a widow Mary, several daughters, and two sons John, born in England, and Joseph, born in Hingham, Massachusetts. The name Jacobs is found in England as early as the fifteenth century, the ancient arms of the family being thus described:

Arms. A chevron gules between three wolves' heads erased proper.
Crest. A wolf passant proper.

Harry Winfred Jacobs, of this ancient Hingham family, one of the first twelve to settle in the town, was born in Hingham, Massachusetts, August 21, 1868, and is now residing in Boston, a chief clerk of the Boston & Albany Railroad Company. He married Helena Marie Conant, born in Cliftondale, Massachusetts, March 13, 1870, a descendant in direct line from Roger Conant, who although not universally recognized as the first governor of Massachusetts is fairly entitled to that honor for the colony of which he was the head (The Dorchester Company Colony at Cape Ann), was the first permanent settlement in the Massachusetts Bay territory. He came to the Plymouth Colony in 1623, but owing to religious differences he followed Rev. John Lyford to Nantasket (Hull). In 1625 he was chosen by the Dorchester Company to govern their colony at Cape Ann. After a year at the Cape he moved with those colonists to Naumkeag, later called Salem, his house the first one built in Salem. Roger Conant was a grandson of John Conant, of East Budleigh, Devonshire, England, and a descendant of that ancient Conant family which has existed in England for more than six centuries. No less than thirty-two forms of spelling the surname have been found in the records. The name is derived from the Celtic Conan, meaning chief or leader, and Conan and Conon is found at a very early period among the various tribes of Celtic origin including the Britons, Welsh, Irish, Goels and Bretons. Harry W. and Helena Marie (Conant) Jacobs were the parents of four children, all now living: Ralph Burrill, whose career is reviewed at length; Harold D., a salesman of Boston, Massachusetts; Helena M., married Glen Crandall, a government inspector at Springfield, Massachusetts, and they are the parents of a daughter, Claire; Alice D., residing with her parents in Boston.

Ralph Burrill Jacobs was born in Roxbury, Massachusetts, October 3, 1888, Dorchester, Massachusetts, becoming the family home a few months later. He was educated in the public schools of Dorchester, finishing with high school graduation, class of 1903. After graduation he took a secretarial position with William Filene Sons Company of Boston and there spent one year. His next position was as salesman with the T. B. Jeffrey Automobile Company of Boston, spending two years with that company. He was for brief periods engaged in the same capacity with two other Boston automobile houses, continuing until 1916, when he came to Worcester as manager of The Henley-Kimball Company, Worcester agents for Hudson and Essex cars. He is highly regarded by the company he serves and very popular with his business associates. His business record as salesman and manager is one of high efficiency, and the future holds for him brilliant promise. He is a member of the Worcester Country Club, Commonwealth Club, Kiwanis Club, Pistol and Rifle Club, and the Chamber of Commerce.

Mr. Jacobs married at Stafford Springs, Connecticut, November 25, 1909, Mary Mitchell, born in Aberdeen, Scotland, February 12, 1886. She came to the United States in 1898 with her parents, who are now residing at Montpelier, Vermont, where her father, James Mitchell, is a pattern maker. Mr. and Mrs. Jacobs are the parents of two children: Barbara Mitchell, born November 28, 1910; and Marjorie, July 22, 1917.

MORRIS SHELDON WRIGHT, Manufacturer and prominent citizen, to whom this narrative in part refers, is president of the Wright & Sons Company, the M. S. Wright Company and the Pneuvac Company, all of this city. These well-known companies and their products have carried the name of Worcester to far-reaching ends of the world, and much credit is due the leading spirit of these Wright industries and as a record in this work, it is well-deserving.

Mr. Wright came from pioneer stock, (Reference, Wright genealogy). His grandfather, Henry Wright, was born in the early part of 1800 near Batavia, New York, married Abigail Childs, and had thirteen children amongst whom was Octavius Augustus. He left New York State about 1845, and went to Emerald Grove, Wisconsin and there followed the occupation of a farmer.

Octavius Augustus Wright, father of Morris Sheldon Wright, was born November 10, 1830, in Batavia, New York. He married, 1856, at Emerald Grove, Margaret, daughter of Samuel Harlow, descendant of William Harlow, who came with the pioneers to Plymouth, Massachusetts. Samuel Harlow was an inventor of decided talent, a blacksmith and locksmith, and previous to 1859 he left Sacketts Harbor, New York, where he had lived a number of years, and went to Emerald Grove, Wisconsin, where he became the leading mechanic of the section as well as a manufacturer, active in public affairs, chairman of the school committee, successful in business, a sturdy, upright and honored citizen. He erected a Congregational church there and gave it to the parish in which he belonged. Octavius Augustus Wright became a successful carpenter and builder at Jamesville, Wisconsin, near Emerald Grove. To him and Margaret (Harlow) Wright were born the following children: Frank H., Morris S., of whom further; Bertha and Charles S.

Morris Sheldon Wright was born June 11, 1859, at Emerald Grove, attended the public school at Appleton, Wisconsin, came to Worcester, Massachusetts, August 28, 1878, and here he found employment in the shops of the Carpenter Organ Company. At first he did the humble work of an apprentice in the action department, and in nine months acquired such knowledge that he was made a foreman. He remained with this concern five years, removing to Foxcroft, Maine, in 1883, where the business was taken, and to Brattleborough, Vermont, the following year, becoming superintendent and filling that position during the last two years with this company.

He returned to Worcester in 1886 to take charge of the action department of the Vocation Organ Company, and when the concern failed in 1887 he was appointed keeper, having charge for nine months. When the business was re-organized as the Mason & Risch Vocation Organ Company, he became superintendent and continued for nine years until 1898, when the company was absorbed by the Aeolian Company of New York, Mr. Wright being in charge of the Worcester branch for the next five years in the new building erected under his supervision. He was constantly making improvements in the construction of organs and other musical instruments up to this time and received fourteen patents with five others then pending. Many of his patents are in use by all the organ manufacturers at the present time. When he left the Aeolian Company, his patent on metal piano players was contested by that concern, but he finally won the suit. He was the pioneer manufacturer of piano players in 1893. In that year he constructed a player controlled by perforated paper sheets, and in about three months perfected his system of pneumatic operation of musical instru-



Morris S. Knight



ments on which he received a number of patents. He contracted for the manufacture of the piano player with the Farrand Company of Detroit, Michigan, and this concern still makes the metal action players known as the Cecilian, an excellent instrument for damp climates. He constructed the Aeolian Orchestrelle, designed to imitate a full orchestra, while with the Aeolian Company, and this wonderful mechanism found a market in all parts of the world at a cost of from fifteen hundred to five thousand dollars each. In the spring of 1906 Mr. Wright began another series of experiments in the hardware used in piano players and was granted several patents. To meet the demand for piano players and parts under his inventions, he decided to manufacture them on his own account and in a room forty feet square at No. 34 Southbridge street, Worcester, began business. In 1906 his plant was destroyed by fire. He then located at No. 49 Hermon street, having five thousand square feet of space. At first his only help was his son Henry H., but it was not long before he had forty hands at work in his shop. Soon afterward he invented a vacuum cleaner, and in the spring of 1908 began to manufacture it.

In 1909 the business was incorporated under the name of the M. S. Wright Company, of which he has since been president; his son, Henry Harlow Wright, treasurer, and another son, Clifford L. Wright, clerk. In the spring of that year the business was removed to No. 51 Jackson street, where twenty-eight thousand square feet were rented, and within a year the space was doubled, the business occupying a four-story building. At present the company employs about five hundred hands. Seven styles of vacuum cleaners are made and more than five hundred thousand have been manufactured and sold through the Pnevuc Company of Boston. The market for the cleaners has been found not only in all parts of this country but in Canada, Mexico, New Zealand, Australia, Brazil, England, France, Belgium, Holland, Germany, Italy, Russia, Norway, Sweden, Austria, Hungary and the Transvaal. The first year's business in 1908 amounted to \$13,000 and since has grown in volume to amazing amounts, and in the past year, 1918, the output was about \$1,000,000. This company makes the well known "Sweeper-Vac" which is operated both by hand and electric.

In the spring of 1914 the company began making metal piano player actions and the newly-devised automatic pipe organ actions under Mr. Wright's patents. Among the most valuable patents are the following: Organ-stop action; device for teaching music on keyed instruments; reed organ; reed board; pneumatic piano-player; pneumatic action for organs; tone-sheet regulating device; organ sole pneumatic action; folding pedal on piano player; spring valves for pneumatic action; machine for making pneumatic diaphragm; enclosing case for automatic music rolls; primary action for piano-players; pneumatic action for musical instruments; metal pneumatic actions for pianos; improved metal pneumatic action for musical instruments. He has patents in the United States as well as in practically all foreign countries. His inventions are the result of constant experimentation. He has a wide acquaintance among manufacturers of musical instruments, many of whom have brought their problems to him for solution.

Mr. Wright is a director in the Mechanics' National Bank, and Worcester Chamber of Commerce; member of the National Metal Trades Association; National Manufacturers' Association; Congregational Club; Economic Club; Piedmont Brotherhood and the Young Men's Christian Association. He is a deacon of Piedmont Congregational Church; chairman of its board of assessors and of the organ committee, and formerly member of the music committee.

Mr. Wright married Ella M., daughter of Joseph E. and Lucy (Drury) Drury; descendant of Hugh Drury, who was one of the pioneers of Sudbury, Massachusetts; of Captain John Drury, who served in King Philip's War; of Captain Thomas Drury, the first deputy to the General Court from Framingham; of Moses Drury, of the sixth generation, who served in the Revolutionary War. Her father was one of the leading builders and contractors of this city, and was one of the founders of Piedmont Church. Children: 1. Henry H., born November 20, 1883, at Foxcroft, Maine, educated in the public and South High schools of Worcester, and afterward attended a business college; he began his business career with his father and in time was made treasurer of the Wright Companies, in which he has taken a very active and responsible part; married, February 24, 1910, Gertrude, daughter of the Rev. Thomas E. Babb, of Holden, Massachusetts. 2. Alice M., born February 19, 1885, at Brattleborough, Vermont; educated in the public and South High schools of Worcester, and Lasell Seminary; married, April 2, 1914, Ernest M., son of John Watson, of Providence, Rhode Island, graduate of the Cranston High school and president of his class; graduate of Brown University (Ph.B. 1907; M. A. 1909) and of Johns Hopkins (M. D. 1913); interne at Ancon Hospital at Panama for six months, and at Massachusetts General Hospital for fifteen months; author of many papers on medical and scientific subjects; practising at Buffalo, New York, and is a member of

the faculty of the Medical School at the University of Buffalo; issue: Beverly. 3. Clifford L., born July 22, 1888, in Worcester, Massachusetts; educated in the public and South High schools of Worcester, Worcester Academy, and at a business college; now manager of the sales and credit departments of the Wright Companies; married, June 19, 1912, Blanche M., daughter of Dr. Melvin G. Overlock, of Maine. 4. Clayton M., born August 15, 1890, in Worcester; educated in the public and South High schools of Worcester and at a business college; now superintendent of the Wright Companies; married, May 23, 1914, Alice M., daughter of John L. Rodgers, of St. Louis and Baltimore; issue: Shirley Virginia. 5. Elvin Stanley, born January 14, 1893, in Worcester; educated in the public and South High schools of Worcester and the Massachusetts Agricultural College, B. A.; now in the Wright Companies as chief of the cost department; enlisted August 17, 1917, in the Naval Reserves of the United States Navy; in January, 1918, he was transferred to the Naval Air Service as an observer and went into overseas duty and flew for nine months on anti submarine patrol work and night bombing. 6. Helen Mildred, born June 12, 1894, at Worcester; educated in the public and South High schools of Worcester and at Simmons College; married Clifford W., son of Charles W. Kennedy, of New Haven, Connecticut. 7. Frances Ella, born August 2, 1896, in Worcester; educated in the public and South High schools of Worcester, Lasell Seminary, and the Worcester Art School. 8. Gertrude Lucy, born August 26, 1898, in Worcester; educated in the Worcester public and South High schools and Worcester Art School.

OLNEY DRAPER PHELPS, M. D.—In 1907, with all the dignity a newly-acquired medical degree confers upon its owner, Dr. Phelps came to the city of Worcester, Massachusetts, and began his professional career. The years have brought him the rewards of that profession, and he has gained a leading position in public confidence and esteem. He came rightly by his natural inclination for medicine, his father, a graduate M. D. (1877), being yet a practicing physician of Warren, Massachusetts, his mother, Mary Draper Phelps, matron of Vermont Asylum, and his uncle, Dr. Joseph Draper, chief physician at that institution. Dr. Phelps is a lineal descendant of William Phelps, who sailed in the ship "Mary and John" from Plymouth, England, in 1630, and landed at Nantucket, now Hull, Massachusetts, May 30, of that year. The colony with which he came had organized a church, prior to leaving England, selected a minister, and upon arrival at once settled in a body in Dorchester, Massachusetts, gaining the distinction of being the first colony in New England to form a town government. William Phelps was an important man in that town, and was a member of the jury on the first jury trial in New England, November 9, 1630. He was a deputy to the General Court in 1634-35, later moving to Windsor, Connecticut, where he was one of six who formed the first town meeting ever held there. There, too, he became prominent, being governor of Windsor Colony in 1641, deputy in 1651, and magistrate 1630-1643, 1645-1649, 1656-1662. He was a man of property, judging from the pew rent he paid. He died at Windsor, July 14, and was buried July 15, 1672. He had sons, from whom sprang a numerous family distinguished in the professions, in civil life and in the business world. One of these descendants of William Phelps, the American ancestor, was Captain Bissell Phelps, born in Hebron, Connecticut, February 16, 1754, who during the Revolutionary War served as an officer under Lafayette. Later he became one of the first settlers of Waitsfield, Vermont, serving that town as selectman and treasurer, 1801-1808. He was the great-great-grandfather of Dr. Olney Draper Phelps.

Dr. Olney Draper Phelps is a son of Dr. Olney Windsor and Mary (Draper) Phelps, and a grandson of Alexander Steel and Laura (Waterman) Phelps. Dr. Olney W. Phelps who was born in Waitsfield, Vermont, February 11, 1848. He is a graduate of Dartmouth College, Bachelor of Science and Doctor of Medicine, taking the latter degree at graduation, 1877. While assistant physician under Dr. Joseph Draper, he married Mary Draper, the doctor's sister, who was then matron of the institution. Dr. Phelps located in Brattleboro, Vermont, where his son, Olney D. Phelps, was born, and later he located in Warren, Massachusetts, where he is still in practice. Mary Draper is a daughter of Ira Draper, born June 11, 1815, died August 24, 1882, a highly-esteemed resident of the town of Warwick, Massachusetts, where he was born, held many town offices and served as Representative in the State Legislature, 1847-1848. He married Emily Ball, and their only son, Dr. Joseph Draper, born February 16, 1834, served as physician to Vermont Asylum for the Insane, 1859-1865; Worcester Lunatic Asylum, 1865-1870, as associate and assistant to Dr. John Merrick Bemis; 1870-1873, assistant at the New Hospital for the Insane at Trenton; recalled to Vermont Asylum in 1873, as superintendent, and there served as superintendent until his death, March 17, 1893.

Dr. Olney Draper Phelps, son of Dr. Olney Windsor and Mary (Draper) Phelps, was born at Brattleboro, Vermont, January 22, 1881. He was educated in the public



Almy Drafer Phelps

schools of Bellows Falls, Vermont, and Warren, Massachusetts, finishing his preparatory studies with graduation from Warren High School, class of 1900. He then entered Dartmouth College, whence he was graduated Bachelor of Arts, class of 1904, following this with study in the medical department of the same college. He completed the full course of medical study, and in 1907 was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Immediately after graduation, he located in Worcester, Massachusetts, serving St. Vincent Hospital as interne until the fall of 1908, when he was appointed police ambulance surgeon, a position he held for two years, in connection, however, with an office of his own. During that period he began the study of his specialty, genito-urinary diseases, under the preceptorship of Dr. John H. Cunningham, Jr., of Boston. Since 1910 he has been attached to the staffs of Memorial, Worcester City and Holden hospitals. He is a member of the American Urological Society; New England Society of Dermatology and Syphilis; American Medical Association, and Massachusetts Medical Society.

During the winter of 1915-1916, Dr. Phelps attended Worcester Military Training School. He is a Republican in politics, a member of Plymouth Congregational Church, and finds his recreation in motoring and photography. His office is at No. 452 Main street, Worcester, Massachusetts.

EDWIN STEARNS CLARKE, who for more than thirty years has been responsibly connected with a well-known Worcester hardware firm, that now trading as the W. H. Willard Company, of which corporation Mr. Clarke is now president, treasurer and general manager, was born in the city on July 16, 1862, the son of Hiram and Virginia M. (Wakefield) Clarke, both now deceased. Hiram Clarke was born July 2, 1832, and died in Worcester in 1910. He came to Worcester at the age of twenty-five years, and for more than forty years, until he had reached the age of sixty-seven years, was well occupied in technical capacities. He was a stationary engineer in Worcester until his retirement in his sixty-seventh year, and was a much respected citizen. His wife, whom he married in 1857, was Virginia M. Wakefield; she was born at Richmond, Virginia, on June 25, 1834, and her demise occurred at Worcester, in 1898. They had two children: Edwin Stearns, of further mention; Fannie D., who married Laurence G. Bigelow, of Worcester, where she still has residence.

Edwin Stearns Clarke was educated in the common schools and at Hinman's Business College, Worcester, and at the age of twenty years he, then well-equipped theoretically for a successful career in business, entered the store of E. M. Wood & Company, and his connection with that firm, through its various changes of designation, has continued to the present, to his advantage and much to the advantage of the company which has substantially developed its business during the period of his participation in its management. The hardware business now conducted by the W. H. Willard Company was first established in 1861, under the trading name of White & Conant. In 1869 Edward M. Wood came to Worcester and entered the employ of White & Conant for the purpose of learning the hardware trade. He continued in their employ until 1872, in which year the White & Conant business was transferred to a new block on Main street. Mr. Wood, however, resolved to remain at the old location, and there conduct a hardware business independently, or in partnership. The latter mode of trading was the one eventually effected, his partner being David Brown. The partnership took the firm name of Brown & Wood, and as such the store was conducted until 1879, when Mr. Wood purchased the interest in the business of David Brown, the re-arrangement occasioning the change in trading name to that of E. M. Wood & Company. The business was thus constituted when Edwin Stearns Clarke became associated with it, as an employee, in 1882. Two years later, in 1884, Warren H. Willard secured the interest of Mr. Wood in the business, and thereafter conducted it, retaining Mr. Clarke in responsible executive capacity. In its subsequent development Mr. Clarke may be considered to have had appreciable part, which part was duly recognized by his employer. Eventually, in 1903, the increasing volume of business done by the company decided its principals to avail themselves of the added facilities for expansion possible under corporate powers, and having secured certificate of incorporation the firm took corporate existence as the W. H. Willard Company, with W. H. Willard, president and treasurer, and E. S. Clarke, manager. For many years prior to the retirement of Mr. Willard, in 1913, the burden of the direction of the business rested mainly upon the shoulders of Mr. Clarke. In 1913, when Mr. Willard definitely retired from all active participation in the business and removed to Pasadena, California, Mr. Clarke became treasurer of the corporation, as well as general manager, and in this year, 1917, the total severance by Mr. Willard of his connection with the firm caused Mr. Clarke to become its president, treasurer, and manager, in fact its main owner.

Mr. Clarke is a man of strong personality, and with all generous and broad-minded. He takes much interest in the growth of Worcester, and is generally recognized as in good place among the leading business men of the city. He finds much pleasure in the recollection that he was able to induce his father to spend the last years of his life in comfortable retirement.

Politically Mr. Clarke is a Republican, but has not had time to take active part in national affairs of that party. However, in the local government, he was for some years prominent; for five years, 1901-05, he was a member of the Common Council of Worcester, and in other ways has manifested his interest in the affairs of the city. He is an active member of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce, and of the Old Merchants' Club. Fraternally he is an Odd Fellow, affiliated with Central Lodge of Worcester; and he has many connections with the Masonic orders, being identified with the Atherton Blue Lodge, the Eureka Chapter, Worcester County Commandery, Scottish Rite Masons. Militarily Mr. Clarke has been a member of Company C, of the Second Regiment of the Massachusetts National Guard.

Mr. Clarke did not marry until 1908, on August 18th of which year his marriage to Stella M. Perkins, of Hartland, Vermont, was solemnized.

FREEMAN MICHAEL SALTUS—As a leader of the labor movement, with which he has been connected for twenty-five years, Freeman M. Saltus has become well-known among the leaders, his connection with the press aiding him materially in the work to which he is devoted. In 1906 he established the "Labor News" in Worcester, a paper which has been a great force for good in the community. He is a born optimist, always working for a better day for all, and in his business a success. He is a son of Freeman Saltus, born in Burlington, Massachusetts, June 5, 1841, who for fifty-six years was an employe of the Central Vermont Railroad, beginning at the age of twenty-one years as brakeman. Later he became a conductor, then, until his retirement, in charge of the railroad yards at Burlington. Freeman was one of the twenty-one children of Anthony Saltus (originally Salway) who came from Varennes, Province of Quebec, Canada, to Vermont, in 1830. But three of these twenty-one children are now living: William, Nazarus and Freeman M., of further mention. The family came to Canada from Scotland. Freeman Saltus married Victoria Fournier, born in Burlington, Massachusetts, who died in February, 1890, aged forty-six.

Freeman M. Saltus, son of Freeman and Victoria (Fournier) Saltus, was born in Burlington, Massachusetts, November 13, 1866, and there spent the first thirty-four years of his life. He was educated in the parochial schools and later, in business college, completed his years of school life. He early became a wage earner, beginning as a boy in a department store, and later spent three years in the lumber business as an employe. In 1882, when but sixteen years of age, he started the Burlington "Free Press," which he successfully conducted until 1889, when he succeeded to his mother's grocery business, and sold the paper. He remained in the grocery business three years, then became New England agent for the "International Monthly," continuing in that position two years. He then returned to the printer's business, settling in Springfield, Massachusetts, where he remained until 1903. In that year he moved to Worcester, and for three years worked on the "Telegram." In 1906 he organized the News Publishing Company and began the publication of the "Labor News," his brother, Fred L. Saltus, his partner and associate editor. While publishing is his business, Mr. Saltus' deep interest is in the labor movement, and to it he has given his best thought, and to it has devoted his life and his talents. His position as editor of the "News" gives splendid opportunity to study and comprehend the movement as concerns the country-at-large, and from the high view-point he forms those broad opinions of the conditions and needs which distinguish him. He was chosen by Governor Draper as a member of the Homestead Commission, and there he was able to voice his views and plans for bettering conditions by increasing the number of home owners.

Mr. Saltus is a member of the Twentieth Century Club, Worcester Publicity Association, Worcester Press Club, Knights of the Golden Eagle, Fraternal Order of Orioles, Benevolent Order of Buffalo, Notre Dame Branch of Artisans, Wage Earners Club, Court Mt. Tom, Foresters of America; Worcester Merchants' Association, Worcester Typographical Union, delegate to Worcester Central Labor Union, and its president in 1905; Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, Holy Name Society, and in politics an Independent Democrat. He is an original thinker, has the courage of his convictions, and wields a wide influence for good, both personally and through his paper. He was the Independent Democratic candidate for Representative at one time, and has always taken an active part in the city campaigns.

Mr. Saltus married, in Burlington, Massachusetts, September 18, 1888, Melbina Mary Beaulieu, born in the Province of Quebec, daughter of Louis and Adele (Pothier) Beaulieu, her parents now residing in Worcester, her father a retired baker. Mr. and

Mrs. Saltus are parents of following children: Albert, Patrick, Della Victoria, Victoria Marguerite, Urban Freeman, Rebecca Dora, Amase Wilburn, Pauline Wallace, Cecile Anna, Louis De Goesbriand, Lillian Alexandra, Evelyn Blanche, Alfred Arthur, Helen Vivian, Samuel Gompers, and Louis D., who died at the age of four years. When a candidate for the Legislature, Mr. Saltus used as a campaign document, a group picture of himself and wife, surrounded by thirteen of their splendid children.

SAMUEL BAYARD WOODWARD, M. D., First superintendent of the Massachusetts State Lunatic Hospital, of Worcester, was born in Torrington, Connecticut, June 10, 1787, son of Dr. Samuel and Mary (Griswold) Woodward. His father was a student in Yale College when the Revolution broke out; Yale College was broken up in 1779, owing to raids by the British on the coast towns. He studied medicine, and practised at Torrington the rest of his life; for twenty years he served in the State Legislature, where as the oldest member he was long known as the "father of the house," and in 1800 and for ten years later was the nominee of the Democratic party for Congress. Mary (Griswold) Woodward was a daughter of Captain Shubael Griswold, an officer in the French and Indian War; one brother was a State Senator many years; another was Governor of Michigan and United States Senator from Ohio.

Captain Israel Woodward, father of Dr. Samuel Woodward, was born at Lebanon, Connecticut, settled in Watertown, Connecticut; was captain of a trainband. His father, John Woodward, was a prominent man in Lebanon; selectman many years; deputy to the General Assembly; justice of the peace and deacon. John Woodward was a son of John Woodward, of Northampton, and grandson of Henry Woodward, the first settler, who came from Lancashire, England, in 1635, settled in Dorchester, and later was one of the original settlers of Northampton. Thomas Woodward, father of Henry Woodward, never came to America.

Samuel Bayard Woodward was one of four brothers who studied medicine under the instruction of their father. In 1809 he was licensed to practice, and after a year with his father located in Wethersfield, Connecticut, remaining there until he came to this town in 1832. In 1822 he received the honorary degree of Doctor of Medicine from Yale. He was instrumental in founding the Retreat for the Insane in Hartford, and while working on this project traveled in his gig over the whole State of Connecticut. From 1827 to 1832 he was physician to the Connecticut State Prison. Dr. Woodward was appointed superintendent of the Massachusetts State Lunatic Hospital, established in Worcester for the care of the criminal and pauper insane through the unceasing exertions of Dorothea Dix and Horace Mann, and he held this position from December, 1832, to June, 1846. He made the institution a model of its kind. In 1846 the trustees said in their report: "The success of the hospital is due to the professional skill, personal address and energy, conscientious fidelity and pure ardent philanthropy of Dr. Woodward." In accepting his resignation they added: "We feel that we are bound to bear our unqualified testimony to the justice of your claims to be recognized and remembered as one of the most distinguished benefactors of the Commonwealth." After resigning, he retired to a beautiful estate in Northampton, where he received a few private patients, but he never recovered his health. He died January 3, 1850.

Honorable Stephen Salisbury describes Dr. Woodward's personal appearance and character as follows: "His person was a rare model of strength and manly beauty. On his brow sat courtesy and command in entire harmony, and it is no exaggeration to say that his form and carriage were majestic. His stature was six feet, four inches, and without the deformity of obesity, his weight was 260 pounds. His temper was benevolent, liberal, sanguine, decided and persevering. He understood readily the character of men, had great power over their feelings, and easily gained their confidence and love. His mind was of a practical character."

While in Connecticut Dr. Woodward was secretary of the Connecticut Medical Society, and one of the examiners of the Medical College at New Haven. He was a fellow of the Albany Medical College; first president of the Association of Insane Asylum Superintendents and one of its founders; member of the Ohio State Medical Society and the Ohio Historical Society. He wrote extensively for medical and scientific journals. He served in the Connecticut State Senate from Hartford district in 1832.

Dr. Woodward married, in 1815, Maria Porter, of Hadley, Massachusetts, a descendant of the famous Rev. Jonathan Edwards; she died in this town October 10, 1873. Children born at Wethersfield: 1. Charles S., born April 17, 1816. 2. Urania B., born June 16, 1817, died October 7, 1857. 3. Rufus, born October 3, 1819. 4. Stanley Griswold, born June 5, 1821. 5. Henry, born September 2, 1822 (see biography). 6. Samuel, born January 11, 1825 (see biography). 7. Maria Porter, born August 3, 1826. 8. Edwin, born June 9, 1828, died in 1829. 9. Catherine Todd, born March 30,

1831, died in 1849. 11. Edwin Porter, born July 16, 1832; served in the Fifteenth Regiment in the Civil War; a druggist in this city after the war, in partnership with David Scott, and later a broker in New York City; spent his last years at Summit, New Jersey; married Helen M. Musgrave. 12. Algernon Sidney, born June 6, 1835, died in February, 1836.

HENRY WOODWARD, Artist, treasurer of the Mechanics' Savings Bank of this city for forty-nine years, was born in Wethersfield, Connecticut, September 2, 1822, son of Dr. Samuel Bayard and Maria (Porter) Woodward. He attended the public schools here and when he was in the high school he was allowed by his father to choose between a college education and the study of art. He chose art and developed fine natural gifts under good masters. Throughout his life he continued to paint, to study and his pictures were frequently exhibited. But he was a banker and his time for painting was limited. He was one of the organizers of the Worcester Art Students' Club, and was its president, always keenly interested in its work and welfare. When a young man he taught drawing and painting at the College of the Holy Cross, and at one time had a studio in the business section. But his studio for most of his life was at his home, No. 43 West street, where he devoted all the hours not claimed by business and other duties to painting. He loved nature, and many of the pictures in which he excelled were landscapes. His portraits were also extremely good. His business career began early. He worked for a time as clerk in the dry goods store of Henry Pettis in Boston, but after a few years he returned to this city to accept the office of secretary to his father, who was superintendent of the Worcester Insane Hospital. A few years later he entered the Worcester Mechanics' Savings Bank and in a short time won promotion to the office of treasurer in 1854, continuing for almost half a century. He was a member of the Worcester Horticultural Society and the Worcester Agricultural Society. In politics he was a Republican. He was a member of the Church of the Unity.

He married (first) in May, 1853, Mary Hunt, born in Milford, died here, January 24, 1872, daughter of Eben and Mary (Abbey) Hunt. He married (second) Amelia (Gerry) Wells, of Boston, December 21, 1875, widow of Benjamin Wells, of Boston. Children by first wife: Henry, died young; Catherine Burns, died young; Alice Hunt; Maria Phillips; Harry Andrews, president of the Chapin National Bank, of Springfield; Norman Porter, salesman, Boston; Mary Hunt, kindergarten.

SAMUEL WOODWARD, Merchant, was born at Wethersfield, Connecticut, January 11, 1825, son of Dr. Samuel Bayard and Maria (Porter) Woodward. He came to this town with his father in 1832, attended the schools here, and began his career as clerk in the post office, and a year later became clerk in the hardware store of Kinnicutt & Rice. He became a member of the firm in 1847, when he was but twenty-one years old, and was for forty years the managing partner under the name of Kinnicutt & Company. He served for a number of years as a director of the Citizens Bank and of the Worcester Gas Light Company. He was one of the original free sinking fund commissioners and served on the board until his death.

Mr. Woodward married, September 14, 1852, Lucy E. R. Treadwell, of Ipswich. Child: Samuel B., born August 24, 1853 (see biography). Mr. Woodward died in March, 1857.

SAMUEL BAYARD WOODWARD, M. D., Son of Samuel Woodward, is a leading physician and banker. He was born in Worcester, August 24, 1853. He graduated from the high school in 1870, entered Harvard College in the same year, and graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1874. He graduated from the Harvard Medical School in 1878, served as interne in the Boston City Hospital for eighteen months, and then went abroad for further study. For three months he was an interne at the Rotunda Hospital, in Dublin, Ireland, and afterwards spent two years in study in Germany, Austria and France. Since 1881 he has been in general practice in this city. He has been visiting and consulting surgeon of the Memorial Hospital, of the City Hospital and of St. Vincent's Hospital, and was for fourteen years a trustee of the Worcester Insane Hospital and Worcester Insane Asylum. He has been president of the Worcester District Medical Society, of the Alumni Association of the Boston City Hospital, of the Harvard Medical Alumni Association, and since June, 1916, of the Massachusetts Medical Society. He is a member of the American Medical Association, a fellow of the American Academy for the Advancement of Science, and president of the board of trustees of the Memorial Hospital. Dr. Woodward has for many years been a trustee of the Worcester County Institution for Savings, a member of the board of investment, and since 1912 has been its president. He is a director of the Worcester County Gas Light Company, vice president



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of the Washington Mills Emery Company, a director of the Worcester Bank and Trust Company, now serving in its executive committee. He is also a director of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce, and treasurer of the American Antiquarian Society.

In politics Dr. Woodward is a Republican. Though keenly interested in public affairs, and writing often in support of public improvements, he has never held elective office. He has earnestly supported movements for proper hospital facilities for tubercular patients, for those afflicted with contagious disease, proper jail facilities, a suitable police station, and the protection of children from cruelty and abuse. He has been active in various public charities, serving on advisory committees, and is president of the Worcester Branch of the Massachusetts Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. He is president of the Worcester Club, and a member of the Tatnuck, Worcester Country, the Bohemian and Harvard clubs, and of the St. Botolph, Union and Harvard clubs of Boston.

Dr. Woodward married, September 16, 1884, Margaret Perley, born at Concord, New Hampshire, daughter of Honorable Ira Perley, chief justice of the Supreme Court of New Hampshire. They have no children.

NAUBERT OLIVER SIMARD—The Simard family came to Worcester from St. John, Province of Quebec, Canada, but originally they were citizens of France. In Canada, agriculture was the family business, the family usually being well-to-do land owners and farmers. But in the United States, business and the professions have appealed to the sons of the family, and in Worcester, John B. Simard (q. v.) and his son, Naubert O., are well-known, the former for his activity in the business world as founder and owner of the Bay State Coal Company, the son for his connection with the Worcester county bar and his official connection with the Bay State Coal Company, now a corporation.

Naubert O. Simard, only son of John B. and Agnes (Harper) Simard, was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, March 22, 1882. He completed all grades of the public school, with graduation from Worcester Classical High School in 1906. He then entered the classical department of Harvard University, receiving his degree Bachelor of Arts, class of 1906. He continued at Harvard in the law department, being awarded the degree of Bachelor of Laws, with the graduating class of 1909. He was admitted to the bar August 2, 1909, and on October 1, following, he began the practice of his profession in Worcester. He has grown in public favor with the years, and has a well-established law business. In September, 1915, he entered Plattsburg Officers' Training Camp to prepare for his part in the great World War. He is a member of Notre Dame Roman Catholic Church; is fond of outdoor life and his motor car tours.

HAROLD CARLISLE MORGAN, D. D. S. Called to the colors, July 24, 1918, Dr. Morgan sailed overseas, September 3, 1918, and at this date, 1919, is still on duty at a base hospital in England. He is a son of Delbert Dean and Olledine (Double-day) Morgan, grandson of Charles Edward Morgan and his second wife, Lucinda (Gorsuch) Morgan, and great grandson of Johnson McKenzie and Ann (Thompson) Morgan, and it is believed a great-great-grandson of Thomas Morgan who married a widow, Charity Briggs, all of Johnstown, Fulton county, New York. Johnson M. and Ann (Thompson) Morgan were the parents of sons, John, and Charles Edward, the last named the grandfather of Dr. Harold C. Morgan, of Worcester. Ann (Thompson) Morgan, born in 1814, died in Johnstown, in 1858. She was the daughter of Ward and Gertrude (Martin) Thompson, and one of a family of eight children. Her grandparents were Nathaniel and Ann Thompson, her grandfather a Revolutionary soldier, born March 15, 1752, at Coventry, Connecticut, died at Manchester, Vermont, September 9, 1826. Nathaniel Thompson was a son of Nathan and Hannah (Dodge) Thompson, who were married March 29, 1745. Johnson M. Morgan, born February 5, 1809, died November 2, 1844. He married Ann Thompson, March 1, 1829.

Charles Edward Morgan was born April 30, 1833, died September 7, 1884. He married (first), June 9, 1851, Sarah Gorsuch, born April 12, 1833, died January 22, 1860. They were the parents of three children: Thompson, married Eunice Bougletton; Stella, married James Hillabrandt; Annette, married Henry W. Potter. Charles E. Morgan married (second) July 25, 1861, Lucinda Gorsuch, a sister of his first wife, born April 25, 1842, died in 1863. They were the parents of a son, Delbert Dean, of further mention. Charles E. Morgan married (third), May 14, 1868, Eunice Curtice Steele, born January 19, 1839. They were the parents of two daughters, Jessie Steele, born January 27, 1872, died February 22, 1874; Josie Eunice, born December 29, 1873, married, October 18, 1898, John L. Potter.

Delbert Dean Morgan was born in Johnstown, New York, January 21, 1862, and is now (1919) living in Poughkeepsie, New York, local manager for the Fleischman Yeast Company. He married Olledine Doubleday, born at Hudson Falls, New York, October 4, 1858, died February 28, 1905, the mother of two sons: 1. Eugene Leslie, born October 14, 1887, now an architect of Somerville, Massachusetts; married Alma Holden, of New York City, and has a son, Harold Doubleday, born in April, 1917. 2. Harold Carlisle, of further mention.

Harold Carlisle Morgan was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, July 13, 1889, and there was educated in the grade and high schools. At the age of seventeen he became interested in automobile driving and repairing, but six years later he again entered school that he might prepare for professional life. He became a student at Berkeley Preparatory School, Boston, later entering Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, whence he was graduated D. D. S., class of 1916. In June, 1916, he passed the tests of the State Board of Dental Examiners, and in July of the same year opened offices at No. 509 Park building, Worcester, and there practiced his profession until called to the colors, July 24, 1918, he having volunteered his services previously in the United States Army. He is at this date still in the service of his country. He is a member of Xi Psi Phi and Theta Nu Epsilon fraternities, Worcester District Dental societies, Massachusetts State Dental Society, Worcester Country Club, Fish and Game Association, Worcester Pistol and Rifle Club. Hunting and fishing are his favored recreations.

Dr. Morgan married, March 11, 1918, Lola Mae Miller, of Gloucester, Massachusetts, and four months later was called to military service.

Olledine (Doubleday) Morgan descended from Elisha Doubleday, of Yorkshire, England, who came to Boston, Massachusetts, in 1676, bringing sons, Elijah and Elisha, descent in this line being through Elisha.

Elisha (2) Doubleday married and was the father of children: Nathaniel, Milan, Elisha (2), Jonathan, Mary, Sally, and Anna. Descent is traced through Elisha.

Elisha (3) Doubleday, in 1736, at the age of twenty-three years, married (first) Margaret Adams, aged nineteen years. She died May 22, 1747, at the birth of her seventh child, and he married (second), October 2, 1748, Hannah Bailey, aged eighteen. She died November 17, 1774, at the birth of her twelfth child, and he married (third), February 26, 1775, Mary Law, aged twenty-eight years, and they were the parents of six children. Descent is traced through Elisha, second child of Elisha and his first wife, Margaret (Adams) Doubleday.

Elisha (4) Doubleday was born April 15, 1740, died August 6, 1796. He was a minute-man of the Revolution, and was called into action in 1781, upon the landing of the British under the traitor Arnold, when New London was burned. He married, January 30, 1761, Keziah Phelps, then aged eighteen, he twenty-one. She died April 8, 1815, surviving her husband nineteen years. They were the parents of eight children including a son, Dan, fifth child and third son.

Dan Doubleday was born November 17, 1773, died July 28, 1854. He was a boy of eight years, in 1781, and an eye witness to the burning of New London by the British. He married, January 14, 1804, Elizabeth Matteson, died October 30, 1874, and they were the parents of ten children: Lucinda, born November 5, 1805; Oran, May 12, 1808, died July 24, 1831; Horace L., August 12, 1810; Danvers, March 31, 1813; Eliza W., July 23, 1815, died June 6, 1836; Collins B., November 29, 1817; Oscar, June 28, 1820, died July 28, 1822; Hervey M., April 10, 1822; Minerva B., September 12, 1825, died August 1, 1865; Emerine C., October 5, 1828, died July 27, 1851. The line of descent is through Danvers.

Danvers Doubleday was born March 31, 1813. He married (first), September 27, 1841, Olledine Stere, then aged nineteen years, who died March 28, 1856, the mother of four children: Charles S., born July 23, 1842, a veteran of the Civil War, wounded at the battle of South Mountain and promoted lieutenant for bravery; Emma, died young; Mary, born August 9, 1848; George, died aged seventeen years. Danvers Doubleday married (second), January 17, 1857, Anna Chalk, aged twenty-three, and they were the parents of two children: Olledine, born October 4, 1858, married Delbert Dean Morgan, of previous mention; Anna C., died June 22, 1869.

ALFRED LAWRENCE AIKEN, President of the National Shawmut Bank of Boston, was born in Norwich, Connecticut, July 6, 1870, son of William Appleton and Eliza Coit (Buckingham) Aiken, and grandson of the War Governor of Connecticut, William Alfred Buckingham.

Mr. Aiken attended the Norwich public schools and the Norwich Free Academy, from which he graduated in 1887. He then entered Yale College and was graduated in 1891 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. In 1918 the honorary degree of Master of Arts was conferred upon him by Yale in recognition of his service in connection

with the establishment and operation of the Federal Reserve Banking System. Mr. Aiken began his life in Worcester as a clerk in the offices of the State Mutual Life Assurance Company, upon his graduation from college in 1891. Three years later he resigned to become assistant manager of the New England Department of the New York Life Insurance Company. In 1899 he became assistant cashier of the National Hide and Leather Bank of Boston, and when it was consolidated with the State National Bank of Boston, he continued as assistant cashier of the larger bank until he returned to Worcester in 1904, succeeding Charles A. Chase as treasurer of the Worcester County Institution for Savings. In 1908 he became president of the Institution for Savings and continued at the head of it until 1913, when he succeeded the late James P. Hamilton as president of the Worcester National Bank. While president of the Worcester County Institution for Savings he was invited by President Taft to become assistant secretary of the treasury, but declined the honor. Upon the establishment of the Federal Reserve System in the fall of 1914, Mr. Aiken was elected governor of the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston by its directors, and as the first governor was responsible for the organization and operation of the bank. He was for some time chairman of the Conference of Governors of the twelve Federal Reserve Banks and took a very active and important part in establishing and developing the Reserve Banks as a practical working part of the banking system of the country.

At the time he was elected governor of the Federal Reserve Bank, the "Gazette" said editorially:

The choice of Alfred L. Aiken as governor of the Federal Reserve Bank in Boston is a token that Worcester has men of the caliber to take their part in important national affairs. Mr. Aiken will be one of twelve to serve in these positions. That is to say he will be one of twelve men in a nation of 100,000,000 to direct actively the new ordering of its financial affairs. The work is one which requires initiative of a peculiar order of ability bred of experience. Those who have watched the work of Mr. Aiken as a bank head in Worcester have reason to believe that he will prove equal to the new and important duty for which he has been chosen. He knows his business. There will be regrets that Mr. Aiken is to end his intimate relations with the banking business of Worcester, but they will be tempered by the knowledge that he goes to a high and honorable position. The fact that he was chosen for this place will be generally regarded as a case where merit wins and Worcester may be excused a large measure of pride that she could furnish a man for such a place from the ranks of those who have devoted themselves to the field of finance.

As governor of the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston, he took an active part in the government financial operations incident to the conduct of the war, and was chairman of the New England Liberty Loan for the first and second Liberty Loan campaigns and established and directed the organization which has since been successfully maintained through all subsequent Liberty Loan Campaigns.

Mr. Aiken resigned in December, 1917, to become president of the National Shawmut Bank of Boston, succeeding Mr. W. A. Gaston. The bank is one of the largest banks in the country and he was chosen for the presidency because of his successful administration of the affairs of the Federal Reserve Bank. He has retained his home at No. 40 Elm street in this city.

Mr. Aiken is a member of the Board of Investment of the Worcester County Institution for Savings, a trustee of the Worcester Art Museum, a director of the New York Life Insurance Company of New York, and local director of the Guaranty Company of North America. He is a member of the Worcester Club, the Union Club and Algonquin Club of Boston, the Metropolitan Club of New York and the Metropolitan Club of Washington, D. C., the American Antiquarian Society, the Saint Wulstan Society, the Worcester Fire Society, and the Military Order of the Loyal Legion; he has taken an active part in the affairs of the American Bankers' Association, having been president of the Savings Bank Section of the organization, and for some years a member of the Executive Council of the association; he has also been president of the Massachusetts Bankers' Association. Mr. Aiken is a member of All Saints' (Episcopal) Church. In politics he is a Republican. He has a summer residence at Sunapee, New Hampshire.

Mr. Aiken married, November 25, 1896, in Worcester, Elizabeth Peck Hopkins, daughter of W. S. B. Hopkins (see biography). They have one son, William Appleton, born March 21, 1907.

GENERAL WILLIAM APPLETON AIKEN, father of Alfred L. Aiken, was born at Manchester, Vermont, April 18, 1833. He served in the Civil War; was appointed paymaster in the navy, August 10, 1861; he was commissioned quartermaster-general of the State of Connecticut with the rank of brigadier-general by Governor Buckingham, July 10, 1862. He married, August 22, 1862, Eliza Coit Buckingham, born December 8, 1838, daughter of Governor Buckingham. They had seven children. The eldest, Eliza Buckingham, married Professor Benjamin W. Bacon, of

Yale. Phineas Aiken, grandfather of General William A. Aiken, was a soldier in the Revolution. The line to the first settler is: Alfred A. (7), William A. (6), John (5), Phineas (4), John (3), Nathaniel (2), Edward (1). The pioneer, Edward B. Aiken, came from Ulster, Ireland, with other Scotch-Presbyterians about 1720, and settled in Londonderry, New Hampshire, where he died in 1747; his wife, Barbara (Edwards) Aiken, died there in August, 1744, and both are buried in the old graveyard at Derry.

Governor Buckingham was born in Lebanon, Connecticut, May 28, 1804; was a manufacturer in Norwich, mayor of that city, elected governor in 1858, and re-elected seven times, serving through the Civil War and during that time enjoyed the intimate friendship and confidence of President Lincoln; for six years a United States Senator. His wife Eliza, a daughter of Dr. Ripley, was also descended from many of the leading old families of the original pioneer stock. The Buckingham ancestral line is: Governor William A. (6), Samuel (5), Daniel (4), Daniel (3), Rev. Thomas (2), of Saybrook, Thomas (1). The pioneer, Thomas Buckingham was born in England, one of the founders of Hartford. Rev. Thomas Buckingham of the second generation, was one of the group of men who founded Yale College at Saybrook, Connecticut, and he was himself the first pastor of the college.

ELLIOTT EARLE CUNNINGHAM. The Cunningham family originated in Ayrshire, Scotland, where the ancestors had lived since A. D., 1140. Several branches of it emigrated from there to County Londonderry, Ireland, at various dates, and there founded the Scotch-Irish families. At the town of Coleraine in Londonderry, in the year 1677, one Robert Cunningham was born, who later, in the year 1717, in company with a brother Hugh and a sister Margaret, came to America and landed at Boston.

Robert Cunningham passed his youth and early manhood in his native place, but when about forty years old determined to take his family to America that they might escape the religious persecution of the Scottish settlers in Ireland. He was in the unfortunate position, however, of not having the money for his passage, so he hired himself as a sailor on a ship bound for Boston and thus made his way to the American city. Upon his arrival here he secured work in a shipyard, where he remained several years, and then removed to Spencer, Massachusetts, in the year 1731. Here he purchased land of Colonel Joshua Lamb, who was one of the original proprietors of the town, and settled thereon, making it his permanent home. He died May 13, 1766, at the age of eighty-nine years. His children were as follows: John, mentioned below; Hugh, who married Elizabeth Scott, December 2, 1742, and resided near the Cunningham homestead, where he died in 1754; Robert, Jr., who settled at Barre, Massachusetts, and died March 30, 1784; James, who settled at Rutland, and died February 20, 1786, at the age of seventy-three years; and Jane, who married John Traine, and settled in Weston, Massachusetts.

John Cunningham, son of Robert Cunningham, was born in Coleraine in the Province of Ulster, Ireland, about 1700. He came with his father to Spencer, Massachusetts, about 1731, and added the town lots Nos. 10 and 14, containing about five hundred acres, to the paternal estate which he later inherited. He was a man of sound judgment, unimpeachable moral character, frequently honored with offices of trust by the town, and prominent in church affairs. He died February 9, 1789, at the age of eighty-nine years. He married Ann Sinclair, who died November 3, 1775, at the age of sixty-three years. They were the parents of the following children: Robert, mentioned below; John, born February 28, 1746; Jonathan and David, twins, born June 6, 1748; Nathaniel, born March 16, 1752; William, born November 15, 1754.

Robert Cunningham, son of John and Ann (Sinclair) Cunningham, was born at Spencer, Massachusetts, March 25, 1740. He inherited the Cunningham homestead and lived all his active life at Spencer. He served as a soldier in the Revolution. He married Martha Blair, of Warren, Massachusetts. To them the following children were born: Ann, born June 8, 1765; Elizabeth, born in 1766, married Silas Allen; Simeon, born April 14, 1767; Reuben, born January 5, 1769; Jonathan, mentioned below; Sarah, born March 28, 1773, married John Monroe; Susannah, born January 28, 1775, married Ivory Allen; Nathaniel, born September 20, 1777; Robert, Jr., born March 11, 1780; and John, born November 19, 1782.

Jonathan Cunningham, son of Robert and Martha (Blair) Cunningham, was born March 6, 1771, at Spencer, Massachusetts, and died April 5, 1858, at Leicester, aged eighty-seven years. He built a house near the Baptist church in that part of Spencer joining Paxton. He lived at Spencer until after his children were born, and the family then removed to Leicester. He married Deliverance Earle. Their children were: Willard, born 1800; Lyman, born 1802; Theodore William, born 1803; Elizabeth, born 1805; Adeline, born 1807; Elliott Prouty, born 1809; Jonathan Earle, mentioned below;



Clvery Brewster

Marmaduke Newell, born 1813; Homer, born 1816; Thomas, born 1818; Winthrop Russell, born 1820.

Jonathan Earle Cunningham, son of Jonathan and Deliverance (Earle) Cunningham, was born November 15, 1811, at Spencer, Massachusetts, went with his parents to Leicester about 1825, and moved to Worcester in 1855. He was a carpenter. He and his family were Baptists. He married Wealthy Ann Woodruff, a native of Granville, Massachusetts, who died in Worcester in 1893, aged seventy-eight. He died in Worcester in 1874, aged sixty-three. They were the parents of: Mary Warren, born 1834, died 1836; Elliott Earle, mentioned below; Mary Warren, born 1838; Herman E., born 1840; Jane E., born 1841; Hiram E., born 1843; Clara J., born 1845; Horace E., born 1847; and Emmons F., born 1851.

Elliott Earle Cunningham, son of Jonathan Earle and Wealthy Ann (Woodruff) Cunningham, was born February 27, 1835, at Auburn, Massachusetts, but in one year or less the family returned to Leicester. In 1855 he came to Worcester, Massachusetts, and here worked at the carpenter's trade, which he followed for a number of years. Later he engaged in the business of manufacturing band saw blades and saw sets, and built a factory on Hudson street, Worcester, in the rear of his home. His enterprise was started on a small scale. He invented a brazing machine and new types of saw sets and several other valuable devices, which he manufactured at his shop, and continued thus in business until his death in 1905. Since that time the business has been carried on by his son, Ashton E. Cunningham. Elliott Earle Cunningham was a fine influence in the community, a man who stood for all that is best and highest in life. He was much respected and honored by his fellow citizens. In his religious belief he was a Baptist and attended the Pleasant Street and the Dewey Street churches of that denomination at Worcester. He married Abbie Cornelia Howe, of Spencer, but a native of Shrewsbury, who died at Worcester, in the same year as her husband. They were the parents of the following children: Jennie T., mentioned below; Leila O., educated at the local public schools, and since her graduation has taught school, first at Stafford Springs, Connecticut, later at Spencer, Massachusetts, and now at the Midland street school at Worcester; Ashton Elliott, educated at the public schools of Worcester, entered his father's business, which he has conducted successfully, and married Rosa M. Gilbert, of Auburn.

Jennie T. Cunningham, now Mrs. Benjamin H. Lane, of Worcester, was born in this city, December 22, 1860. She received her education at the local public schools and at the Normal School at Worcester. She taught for a time in the schools of Barre, Massachusetts, and then at Stafford Springs, Connecticut. At the latter place she met and married Wilton C. Miner, a painter by trade, and a prominent figure in the Methodist church there. His death occurred in the year 1891, and shortly afterwards his widow took up the study of medicine at the Medical School of the Boston University, from which she graduated with the class of 1896, taking her degree. For three years thereafter she practised her profession at Worcester and then, in 1899, married the Rev. Benjamin H. Lane, of Antrim, New Hampshire. In 1902 they moved to Rockland, Massachusetts, where he was pastor of the Baptist church until the time of his death. He had previously been pastor of the Dewey Street Baptist Church at Worcester. Mr. Lane died in the year 1905, and two years later Dr. Lane resumed her practice in this city, and since then has been actively engaged in this manner. She is a member of the Worcester Homeopathic Medical Society, the Massachusetts State Medical Society and the Massachusetts Surgical and Gynaecological Society.

EDWIN AVERY BREWER, Proprietor of Brewer & Company, wholesale and retail druggists, was born in Wilbraham, Massachusetts, October 28, 1853, son of Edwin Bliss and Eliza (Spencer) Brewer.

He attended the public schools of his native town, and Wilbraham Academy, from which he graduated in 1874. After teaching for a short time he came to Worcester and entered the drug business as a clerk, thoroughly learning the business. Soon he entered the employ of Bush & Company, which was established in 1852 by the late William Bush who at that time made a specialty of the botanical part of the business. A beginning had been made in the manufacture of proprietary medicines and a start in the wholesaling of essences and like products. In 1887 Mr. Brewer purchased a half-interest in the store and later, in 1893, became the sole owner of the interests of Bush & Company, but the firm name was not changed.

In 1897 the city decided to widen Carlton street, now Commercial street, and the present modern wholesale drug building at the corner of Front and Commercial streets was erected and the firm name changed to Brewer & Company. Later another story was added to this building and still later a second building was added, making one large five story building with frontage on Front, Commercial and Mechanic streets. Most of this building is occupied by the various departments of Brewer &

Company. When Mr. Brewer started in the company only three or four were employed in the store. It has since grown to its present size, being today one of the largest wholesale and retail manufacturing drug and chemical concerns in the country. In the laboratory, where they manufacture a complete line of pharmaceuticals and proprietary medicines, and in the retail department, where they have a large prescription trade, the company's watch word is "Care, accuracy and reliability." The business has grown until Brewer & Company have drug and chemical offices at Worcester, Boston, Fall River, Providence and New York. Mr. Brewer gave personal attention to all the details of his extensive interests, and his care, integrity and conscientious methods were the foundation of his success as a business man.

He was a prominent leader in church activities in Worcester, and an ardent supporter of every movement which would improve the city of his choice. He was a member of Grace Methodist Church for more than thirty-five years, having joined under the pastorate of Dr. David Ela. In that time he had held every important office in the gift of the church, such as Sunday school superintendent, steward and trustee. At the time of his death he was president of the board of trustees. He was also one of the trustees of the Young Men's Christian Association. He was liberal in support of the church and all worthy benevolences. Few that ever came to him with a worthy cause went away empty handed or empty hearted, for he gave himself as well as his money. He died after a brief illness at his summer home, Duxbury, July 18, 1917.

He had been twice married. In 1879 he married Elsie L. Dickinson, of Gilead, Connecticut, who died in 1885. In 1889 he married her sister, Mary A., who with a son, Howard Dickinson and a daughter, Mary Ethel, survives him. Elsie Mabel, the older daughter, died in 1900 in her eighteenth year. Howard D. Brewer was admitted to the partnership with his father in 1903, soon after he graduated from the Massachusetts College of Pharmacy, Boston, and after the death of his father succeeded to his interests.

ALBERT ELMER CROSS, M. D. is a son of John Kimball Cross, of Clinton, Massachusetts, and a grandson of Parker Cross, carpenter and builder, who lived and died in Clinton, but most of his life a resident of Montpelier, Vermont. John Kimball Cross was born in Berlin, Vermont, December 17, 1844, and died November 25, 1917. He enlisted in the Union Army at the age of eighteen, and served with Company C, Thirteenth Regiment, Vermont Volunteer Infantry, and was engaged at Gettysburg and in other hard-fought battles of the Civil War. After his return from military duty he entered the employ of the Bigelow Carpet Works at Clinton, Massachusetts, where he became foreman in due course of promotion, and spent the greater part of his after life in that position of responsibility. He married Sarah Elizabeth Saunby, who was born March 1, 1846, in La Colle, Canada, and who survives her husband, and now lives in the home of her son. Mrs. Cross is now (1919) in her seventy-fourth year. To John K. and Sarah E. Cross were born three children: Albert E., mentioned below; Edward Marvin, of West Somerville, Massachusetts, manufacturing secretary of The American Woolen Company; and Ada Mildred, wife of Clarence M. Lowd, who resides in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Albert Elmer Cross, M. D. was born in Clinton, Massachusetts, August 23, 1872. He passed through the grades of the Clinton public schools, finishing with high school graduation in the class of 1889. The same year he began a four years' apprenticeship to the jewelry and optical trade with a Clinton jewelry merchant, and after completing his term of service remained three years longer in the employ of the company. Dr. Cross married, in Grafton, Vermont, April 29, 1896, Maude Alice Jellison, who was born in Franconstown, New Hampshire, April 11, 1876, daughter of Charles H. Jellison, born in Old Town, Maine, and Minnie A. Potter, born in Ellenburg, New York, both of whom are buried in Worcester, Massachusetts. Dr. and Mrs. Cross are the parents of two children: Pauline Mildred, born August 22, 1904; and Marjorie Evelyn, born August 29, 1906.

In 1896 Dr. Cross began the study of medicine in Boston University, from whence he was graduated, in the class of 1900, with *magna cum laude*. He then pursued post-graduate work at The Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, New York City, until December, 1900, when he located in Worcester and began the practice of his profession. Dr. Cross is a specialist in the treatment of the eyes, being the only physician in Worcester devoting himself entirely to this branch of his profession. During his eighteen years' residence he has won for himself the highest reputation as a man, and as a most devoted and skillful specialist.

He is a member of The American Academy of Ophthalmology, Otology, and Laryngology, and of The American Homeopathic, Ophthalmological, Otological and Laryngological Society. The latter he served as treasurer in 1910-1915, and first vice-



Albert E. Cross.

president in 1916. He is a member of the Massachusetts State and local medical societies; The American Medical Association; The American Institute of Homeopathy; The New England Ophthalmological Society, in all of which he takes an active and deep interest. He served as a member of the advisory board to the Draft Boards of Worcester, and gave to the government fifteen months of willing and efficient professional service. Dr. Cross is a member of the staff at Worcester, Hahnemann and Westboro State hospitals as ophthalmologist. He is also a member of the Masonic order, Worcester Country, Commonwealth, Rotary and Economic clubs, and the Worcester Chamber of Commerce. He has been a member of the board of directors of the Young Men's Christian Association since 1912, and Worcester Hahnemann Hospital, was a member of the school committee in 1917, and has been a member of the official board of Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church since 1902, and chairman of the finance committee for ten years.

HENRY E. DEAN. For thirty years Mr. Dean was a manufacturer of wire goods in the city of Worcester, succeeding to the business of his honored father, Louis Dean, who also manufactured wire goods in Oakham, Massachusetts. To a long life of business activity he has added public service of a high order to both city and State. Louis Dean married Eleanor Beggs, and they were the parents of three children: Henry E., of further mention, Oliver M.; and Mrs. Lillian Spring.

Henry E. Dean was born at Oakham, Massachusetts, September 29, 1862, but at the age of seven years Worcester became his home. He was educated in the public schools, finishing with graduation from high school, and later adding a course in Herman's Business College. This completed his studies and after business college graduation he began his thirty years connection with the manufacture of wire goods, a business founded by his father and conducted by the son under the firm name, Henry E. Dean & Company. After his long connection with the business Mr. Dean sold his business to the Dean Wire Goods Company and retired. Mr. Dean is a Republican in politics, and during the years, 1901-02-03-04, was a city official. He represented his district in the State Legislature during the years 1907-08-09, and from the years 1911 to 1916, inclusive, was a member of the Worcester School Board. In 1917 he was again a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives, serving also in 1918-19. He is a member of Blue Lodge, Athelstan Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Worcester Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; the Worcester Continentals; Worcester Mechanics' Association, and for the past twelve years a trustee; County Republican and Boston City clubs. He is an attendant of Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church.

Mr. Dean married, in Worcester, in 1884, Bertha M. Chadbourne, and they are the parents of three sons and two daughters; Dr. Frank H. Dean; George E., now serving in the United States Army; Charlotte G.; Winifred M., a graduate nurse, now in service in France; Edward Stanley.

LLOYD FRANCIS MARSHALL, Jr., Dentist, was born in Newton, Massachusetts, March 7, 1890, son of Lloyd Francis and Matilda (Carter) Marshall. His father was a native of Ohio, born October 2, 1853, caterer in Newton, where he has resided for the past thirty-five years; educated in the public schools of Washington, D. C., and when a young man he taught school for several years in Virginia; married in Newton, Matilda Carter, who was born in Greensburg, North Carolina, and had four children, of whom Lloyd Francis is the eldest. Leon M. Marshall, another son, was born February 1, 1892, now in partnership with his father; married Berline M. Moore. Ethel D., is a school teacher in Winston-Salem, North Carolina. The youngest son, William Marshall, born November 28, 1896, is a student.

Dr. Lloyd F. Marshall attended the Newton public schools, and graduated from the Claffin Grammar School in 1906, and from the Newton High School in 1910. He entered Tufts Dental School in Boston, and was graduated in 1913 with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery. He began to practice in Worcester immediately afterward, and has continued since then in this city. His offices are at No. 405 Main street. When a student he was active in athletics and became proficient in "putting the shot" and in swimming, and was a member of a football team. He has not lost his interest in these sports, and can still defend his rank as a swimmer. Dr. Marshall is a member of Zion Methodist Church of this city. In politics he is a Republican.

Dr. Marshall married, at Boston, March 4, 1913, Wilhelmina Henrietta Vick, who was born in Washington, D. C., September 14, 1893, daughter of Ernest L. and Sarah (Foster) Vick. Her parents reside in Washington. Dr. and Mrs. Marshall have three children: Lloyd Francis (3), born December 20, 1913; Robert Foster, born November 8, 1915; Ralph Owens, born August 27, 1917.

ARTHUR B. TAYLOR, Vice-president of the Golbert Last Company, was born in Bridgton, Maine, January 11, 1872, son of George H. and Eliza J. (Thorp) Taylor. George H. Taylor was born in England; a woolen manufacturer, now retired; married, in England, Eliza J. Thorp, and came to this country when a young man. Besides Arthur B., they had another son, Edric R., who was for fourteen years a salesman with the Golbert Last Company, now a last manufacturer on his own account in Lynn.

Arthur B. Taylor attended the public schools of his native town and of Brockton, whither his parents moved when he was ten years old. At the age of sixteen he entered the employ of Woodward & Wright, last manufacturers in Brockton, and learned the business. He came to this city a few years later as last maker in the shops of the Mawhinney Last Company; was soon advanced to the position of model-making. Afterward he accepted a position in the factory of R. L. Golbert (see biography). Two years later, in 1899, he became model maker for the George E. Belcher Last Company of Stoughton. In 1902 he returned to Worcester and formed a partnership with Mr. Golbert, and when the business was incorporated in 1905, he was elected vice-president, an office he has held since that time. He lived until recently at No. 47 Beeching street in this city, but his home at present is in Brookline. His office is at the factory of the Golbert Last Company, No. 54 Commercial street.

He is a member of Worcester Lodge, No. 56, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of which he is past noble grand; of Wachusett Encampment, No. 10, of which he is past chief patriarch; of Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; Massachusetts Consistory; Aleppo Temple, Mystic Shrine. He is a member of the Boston Shoe Trades Club, Boston, Massachusetts. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Taylor married, in 1890, Fannie M. Tibbetts, of Brockton, Massachusetts, a daughter of Daniel B. and Georgiana (Leighton) Tibbetts. Mrs. Taylor is a member of Colonel Timothy Bigelow Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution. They have one daughter, Mrs. Winifred A. Henderson, now residing in Brookline; she has one daughter, Naida Panin.

HOMER PIERCE LEWIS, Superintendent of schools, was born at Claremont, New Hampshire, July 28, 1849, son of George Gilbert and Adeline (Labaree) Lewis; descendant of George Lewis, who was born in England, came to Plymouth about 1630 and settled in Scituate; also descendant of Samuel Fuller, who came in the "Mayflower."

He graduated from Dartmouth College in 1874 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He was principal of Pinkerton Academy at Derry, New Hampshire, from 1874 to 1876; principal of the grammar and high schools in Davenport, Iowa, from 1876 to 1883; principal of the high school of Omaha, Nebraska, from 1883 to 1896, and of the English High School in this city, from 1896 to 1901. In 1901 he was chosen principal of the new South High School, resigning in 1903 to accept the office of superintendent of schools of this city. He retired from this office in August, 1918. During his leisure Mr. Lewis finds diversion in walks through woods and fields and in travel. Besides these he is a constant reader. He is a member of the National Society for the Scientific Study of Education, the National Educational Association, the American Institution of Instruction, Phi Beta Kappa, Economic Club, Dartmouth College Club, Chamber of Commerce, and Congregational Club. He is joint author of "Lippincott's School Readers"; assistant editor of "Larned's History of England" (1900); editor of an edition of "The Courtship of Myles Standish" (1914). In politics he is a Republican; in religion a Congregationalist.

Mr. Lewis married (first), in 1878, Kate Roberts, of Boston. She died in 1880, and he married (second), March 30, 1891, Elizabeth Goodson, of Omaha, Nebraska.

GEORGE CROMPTON, Inventor and manufacturer. The power loom invented in 1785 by Edmund Cartwright and improved and perfected by others during the next thirty or forty years, was only capable of weaving plain fabrics. It was what is known as a plain loom. All fabrics of complicated design or pattern were woven—long after Edmund Cartwright's invention, as they had always been woven—on hand looms. The intermittent motions which are characteristic of the loom and which were looked upon by the early textile machinery inventors and pioneers as insurmountable obstacles to the application of power to weaving were produced on Cartwright's loom and the looms of his immediate successors by cam motions. This was and still is entirely satisfactory as far as the pick is concerned. A cam motion is still universally used for the pick motion, that is, for the throwing of the shuttle from one end to the lathe or lay to the other. It also was and still is satisfactory for the



George Thompson



harness motion in weaving plain fabrics. The cam motion, however, is not at all satisfactory for intricate patterns, because the number of cams that can be used are practically, if not theoretically, limited in number, and also because it is very difficult to make a change from one pattern to another in a cam loom.

In 1836 William Crompton, father of George Crompton, an Englishman by birth, then a resident of Taunton, Massachusetts, invented a loom in which the principal improvement was the harness motion. In this loom the figure or pattern could be set up on what is known as a chain. This chain is a series of bars or lags connected together by links so as to form a chain of bars, hence the name. On these bars or lags are rollers or pins placed in such positions that as the chain revolves it lifts, at pre-determined intervals, levers, which in turn cause the harnesses to be raised in such order that the required design is produced upon the loom. This was the first fancy power loom. It was now possible to weave by power fabrics of complicated design or pattern. The success of this loom was demonstrated in 1840 when the first piece of fancy woolen cloth ever woven by power in the world was woven at the Middlesex Mills on looms equipped with William Crompton's device. This was a great step in the manufacture of cloth, by power.

George Crompton, son of William and Sarah (Low) Crompton, was born at Holcombe near Bury, Lancashire, England, March 23, 1829, and died in Worcester, Massachusetts, December 29, 1886. He came to Taunton, Massachusetts, with his parents in 1839, and was educated in the public schools of Taunton and Worcester. He also attended Millbury Academy. On completion of his schooling he worked in his father's office, and later was connected with the Colt Pistol Factory in Hartford, Connecticut. In 1851, having by a personal visit to Washington secured an extension on his father's patent for seven years, he formed a partnership with Merrill E. Furbush, and this new firm began the manufacture of looms in the Merrifield building in Worcester. The first looms built by this concern were like the looms made by those who manufactured under licenses granted by William Crompton. They were narrow looms and ran at a speed of forty-five picks per minute, that is, each minute forty-five weft or cross threads of the fabric were woven.

In 1857 George Crompton constructed and patented an improved loom nearly double the width of the old loom, and demonstrated that this new loom could be run at the then extraordinary speed of eighty-five picks per minute, thus quadrupling the production, for both the width and speed of the loom had been doubled. This was a great improvement. No improvement before or since has so increased the production. Moreover this loom was the first fancy loom made in the general form and proportions which have since proved, by experience, to be the most satisfactory. Shown at the great Paris Exposition of 1867 this machine, in competition with the products of the best textile machine manufacturers of England, Germany, France and Belgium, was awarded the only medal. Its proportions and principal mechanisms were from that time to a considerable extent adopted by most European manufacturers.

On August 1, 1859, the firm of Furbush & Crompton was dissolved with the understanding that the territory covered by the patents owned by the firm should be divided. Mr. Crompton to hold the New England States with New York, Mr. Furbush to have all the rest of the territory of the United States. Mr. Crompton continued manufacturing looms, bought the Red Mill property, and in 1860 erected a new building with room to expand up to sixty hands. During 1861-65 he added to his line of manufacture tools for making gun stocks, but after the Civil War curtailed the production of guns he again directed his energies to building weaving machinery. He took out over one hundred patents for improvements on looms and for devices outside his own business. In 1876 he won a medal by exhibiting his improved loom at the Centennial Exposition in Philadelphia. In the late seventies he introduced the Keighley Dobby to the American manufacturer, and in association with Horace Wyman improved this harness motion, simplifying it and changing its position from the center to the arch, as on English looms, to the end of the arch. Also in association with Mr. Wyman he invented and improved the Crompton gingham loom, now the standard gingham loom in the country. Few men have accomplished more important and useful work for mankind than George Crompton. At his death the Crompton Loom Works employed nearly one thousand men.

Not only was George Crompton deeply concerned in his own private affairs, but he also reached out and aided in Worcester's development. He was the founder and president of the Crompton Carpet Company, the predecessor of the Whittall Mills, now one of the largest carpet mills in this country, and one of Worcester's foremost industries. He was for many years a director of the Worcester National Bank, and was one of the founders and directors of the Hartford Steam Boiler Insurance Company. In public affairs he always stood for progress and good government, and in

1863 and 1864 he was an alderman of the city. He was chairman of the Soldiers' Monument Committee. It was largely through his efforts that Randolph Rogers was secured as the designer of this monument. At its dedication, July 15, 1874, he made the presentation speech.

Mr. Crompton married, January 9, 1853, Mary Christina Pratt, daughter of Charles Pratt, of Hartford, Connecticut. They were the parents of nine children: Isabel S., Cora E., Stella S., Georgietta F., married Albert B. Wood; Mary K., Charles, Mildred D., married Harry W. Smith; George (see forward), Randolph (see forward).

At the time of Mr. Crompton's death the Worcester "Spy" said:

George Crompton was one of the foremost of Worcester manufacturers. He came of a race of mechanics and inventors, and was as ingenious and successful as any of them. His sagacity as a man of business was as remarkable as his mechanical faculty, and his uprightness and fidelity to his engagements were not less conspicuous traits of his character. He had not much time for public affairs, but he was for some years an active and useful member of the board of aldermen, and in other ways his influence was distinctly felt in the business of the city. But in general, his life was that of a private citizen, active and strenuous in business, having not many intimate friends beyond his home circle, but enjoying domestic pleasures with a keen zest and having a cultivated taste for art in all its forms. He will be sadly missed in the business circles of Worcester, and as to his family his death is an exceedingly sore blow.

GEORGE CROMPTON, son of George and Mary Christina (Pratt) Crompton, was born in Worcester, June 7, 1872. He was educated at private schools in Worcester and prepared for college at the Worcester Academy, from which he graduated in 1891. He entered Harvard College in the fall of the same year and graduated in 1895.

Shortly after his graduation he entered the employ of the Crompton Loom Works, of which he had been for several years a director. In 1896 he was elected president and treasurer of the Crompton Associates, a real estate corporation. In 1897, upon the formation of the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works, he was elected treasurer and a director of the corporation, from which positions he resigned in the fall of 1900, when the Crompton interest in the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works was sold. In the spring of 1900 he entered into a partnership with Edward D. Thayer, William B. Scofield, and his brother, Randolph Crompton, and under the name of the Crompton-Thayer Loom Company this partnership began the manufacture of looms. In 1907 the Crompton-Thayer Loom Company was sold to the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works, and Mr. Crompton again became a director of the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works. In 1912, upon the consolidation of the F. E. Reed Company and Prentice Brothers' Company, both manufacturers of machine tools, into the Reed-Prentice Company, Mr. Crompton was elected a treasurer and director of the new corporation. He resigned from this position on January 1, 1916. Mr. Crompton is a director of the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works, the Merchants' National Bank, the Worcester Gas Light Company, the Morris Plan Company, and a trustee and member of the board of investment of the People's Savings Bank. He is vice-president of the board of trustees of St. Vincent's Hospital, secretary of the board of trustees of Worcester Academy, a corporator of the Clarke School for the Deaf, Northampton, Massachusetts, vice-president of the Associated Charities of Worcester, and a trustee of Rural Cemetery. Mr. Crompton is a member of the Worcester Club, Tatnuck Country Club, the Worcester Country Club of Worcester, Massachusetts, the Union Club and Harvard Club of Boston, Massachusetts, the Harvard Club of New York, and the Pocasset Golf Club, Pocasset, Massachusetts. Mr. Crompton is a Roman Catholic. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Crompton married Alice Hastings, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. William H. H. Hastings, of Boston, April 11, 1896. He has two sons; George, Jr., born May 7, 1897, Lieutenant S. G., U. S. N., R. F. C., and Davis Hastings, born February 6, 1900.

RANDOLPH CROMPTON, Formerly a director of the Crompton Loom Works, and former president of the Crompton-Thayer Loom Company, was born in Worcester, July 12, 1874, son of George and Mary Christina (Pratt) Crompton. He attended various private schools in his native city and prepared for college at Concord, Massachusetts. After three years in Cambridge under tutors, he entered the loom works and learned the business, becoming a director in 1897. But in the same year the two great corporations consolidated under the present name, Crompton & Knowles Loom Works. Randolph Crompton became assistant superintendent of the company and directing head of the Crompton plant on Green street, and later was vice-president of the combined company. In 1900, when the Knowles interests acquired all the Crompton stock, he resigned. In settling the estate of George Crompton it was deemed



Small Crispin

wise to form a corporation to hold the real estate, issuing stock to the heirs. Randolph Crompton was for several years vice-president of this corporation which was known as the Crompton Associates. He was chief executive and general manager of the Crompton-Thayer Loom Company until the business was sold to the Crompton & Knowles Loom Works in 1907. He is a member of the Worcester Club, the Tatnuck Country Club, the Grafton Country Club, Republican Club of Massachusetts and social organizations.

Mr. Crompton married, April 23, 1896, Miriam Van Egmond Sears, daughter of Willard T. and Marion (Motte) Sears, and they have one child, Rosamond Sears, born November 12, 1898.

JOSEPH IRA LINDSAY, Physician and surgeon, was born at No. 43 Orchard street in this city, September 21, 1863, son of Ira and Mary Catherine (Estabrook) Lindsay. Ira Lindsay was born in South Leeds, Maine. He was a private of Company A, Twenty-fifth Massachusetts Regiment. Most of his active life was spent in this city. He was a machinist by trade. He was killed June 3, 1864, in the battle of Cold Harbor. He married Mary Catherine Estabrook, who was born in Princeton, Massachusetts, January 18, 1830, and is now living in this city. She was a daughter of Captain Washington Estabrook, of Princeton. She is descended in various lines from the pioneers of Massachusetts. They had two other children: Ellen, born May 6, 1858, married Albert B. Curtis, now proprietor of a machine-shop at Millbury Junction. Kate Elizabeth, married Charles D. Kendall, president of the Warren Leather Goods Company (see biography). David Lindsay, the first of the family in this country, came from Scotland in 1745 and located for a time in the north of Ireland, but settled in Maine in 1750. Robert Lindsay, grandfather of Dr. Lindsay, came from Maine to Grafton.

After the death of his father, in 1864, Joseph I. Lindsay went to live with his grandfather in Grafton and attended the public schools there until he was eighteen years old. He then went West and was employed in the office of the city engineer of Denver, Colorado, for a year. He then began to study medicine in the office of Dr. George W. Cox, afterward entering the University of Vermont Medical School, from which he graduated in 1888. Afterward he was ambulance surgeon at Bellevue Hospital, New York City, for several months. He began to practice in Paris, New York, in 1889. After five years in that town, he located in Texas where he practiced during the next five years. Since 1897 he has been practicing medicine in this city. His office and residence are at No. 7 Oberlin street. He is a member of the Worcester District Medical Society, the Massachusetts Medical Society and the American Medical Association. He is also a member of Sanquist Lodge, No. 150, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of New York City; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, of this city; the Congregational Club; the Economic Club; and the Rotary Club.

Dr. Lindsay married, October 8, 1883, in Colorado Springs, Alena M. Wheeler, who was born in New York State, daughter of Cyrus and Eliza (Richards) Wheeler. Mrs. Lindsay is a member of the Worcester Woman's Club. Dr. and Mrs. Lindsay have had two children: 1. Julian Ira, born May 22, 1886; now instructor in English in Harvard College; living at Watertown; married Elizabeth Enright, who was born in Burlington, Vermont, where he was a teacher for six months; they have a daughter Elizabeth, born 1915. 2. Maynard Clare, died in infancy.

BENJAMIN ELBRIDGE MARTIN, Member of one of Massachusetts' oldest families, gave up business in 1904 in order to again devote his energies to the interests of education. This has proved of great value to those institutions with which he has been associated, and to all those attendant on such institutions who have felt his influence.

John Elbridge Martin, father of Benjamin E. Martin, was born at Rehoboth, Massachusetts, February 1, 1841, on one of the old Martin homesteads. He married Mary Elizabeth Read, born in Providence, Rhode Island, in 1846. She died in April, 1882.

Benjamin Elbridge Martin was born January 28, 1871, at Swansea, Massachusetts, on the farm and in the same house that has been in the family for a period of two hundred years. This place was recently bought by Susan Martin Allien, a relative, and deeded to the Colonial Dames as a perpetual Martin memorial. He attended the public schools of Swansea, and later the high school at Barrington, Rhode Island, from which he was graduated in 1888. In 1890 he was graduated from the University Grammar School in Providence, Rhode Island, in which he later taught for four years. In 1894 he received the degree of Bachelor of Arts at Brown University. After finishing his services at the University Grammar School he entered business and was for a time engaged in the real estate business in Fall River, Massachusetts. In 1904 he gave

up business and became principal of a school at Lincoln, Rhode Island. In 1905 he went to East Hampton, Connecticut, where he was engaged as principal of the Center schools. The following year he became principal of the high school and supervisor of the grade schools at Old Saybrook, Connecticut. In 1907 Mr. Martin was made superintendent of schools and continued as well in the position of principal of the high school there. In 1909 he went to Fall River, Massachusetts, as a departmental teacher in the B. M. C. Durfee High School. The following year he went to Chelmsford, Massachusetts, as superintendent of schools in a district comprising three towns. He remained at Chelmsford as superintendent five years. In 1915 he accepted the position of principal of the Belmont Street Grammar School, at Worcester, which position he still holds (1919). Mr. Martin is a member of Siloam Lodge, No. 32, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of Old Saybrook, Connecticut. He is past vice-president of the Worcester County Sons of Brown University; treasurer of the Worcester Principals Club; member of the National Geographical Society; member of the Twentieth Century Club; member of the Public Education Association; and a member of the Pilgrim Congregational Church. While a resident of Swansea Mr. Martin was a trustee of the Public Library, town moderator for several years, as well as holding other town offices and serving as a delegate to state and county Republican conventions.

On October 30, 1905, Mr. Martin was married to Bertha Francis Chace, of Somerset, Massachusetts. To them have been born two children: Anna Chace, born October 13, 1907; and Benjamin E., Jr., born January 9, 1909.

WILLIAM ROBERT McLOUGHLIN, Electrician, was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, April 25, 1881, son of John and Margaret McLoughlin, his father a grocer of Worcester.

William R. McLoughlin was educated in the grammar and high schools of the city, and in evening classes at the Institute of Technology. Upon entering business life he received a position with the Coghlan Electric Company, continuing with that firm as expert electrician for twelve years. He then began business upon his own account, and for the past six years, 1912-18, has held the office of treasurer of the Coghlan-Wilson Electric Company and of the Franklin Square Electric Company. He is a member of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce; Worcester Metal Trades Association; Worcester Electrical Contractors Association, member of the executive committee; Worcester Retail Credit Men's Association; and with his family attends St. Stephen's Church.

Mr. McLoughlin married, June 20, 1909, at Worcester, Anna Gertrude Donahue, daughter of Timothy Donahue.

FRED J. THURSTON, Insurance agent, son of Daniel C. and Lois K. (Taft) Thurston, was born in Worcester, June 22, 1849. He received his education in the public schools of his native city, became a machinist, then was in hotel business and eventually entered the employ of the Farrar & Gates Real Estate and Fire Insurance Agency in April, 1889, and continued with this firm until October, 1910, when he purchased with his son, Louis C. Thurston, the interest of this agency. He married, September 12, 1872, Carrie Ward, daughter of Hosea and Sophia (Lackey) Macfarland. To Mr. and Mrs. Thurston were born the following children: Louis C., of whom further; Robert J., Carrie L., Alice M., Fred C. and Charles H.

LOUIS C. THURSTON, Insurance agent, was born in this city, November 1, 1874. He attended the public schools here and graduated from the English High School in the class of 1892. He then entered the employ of the Whittall Carpet Mills, in the designing room, and continued there for four years. Subsequently he moved to Hartford, Connecticut, and entered the employ of the Hartford Fire Insurance Company as a clerk, advancing through the several departments of this large insurance company which gave him a wide experience and the necessary qualifications as an able insurance underwriter. In October, 1910, he purchased a part interest in the Charles L. Gates Insurance Agency at Worcester and has continued in this business, associated with his father, Fred J. Thurston, under the firm name, Thurston & Thurston. This firm represents some of the largest companies in the world, being well-qualified to handle all classes of insurance and one of the best-known and leading agencies in Worcester. In politics Mr. Thurston is a Democrat. He is a member of the Commonwealth Club, the Worcester County Mechanics' Association, and the Kiwanis Club, a communicant of St. Luke's Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mr. Thurston married, October 24, 1899, Jessie H., born in Worcester, daughter of James and Elizabeth (Stewart) Young. They have four children: Stuart, Judson, Barbara and Ann.

CHARLES L. GATES, Insurance and real estate agent, was born in Petersham, Massachusetts, son of Larkin Newton and Mary Lewis (Cocker) Gates; brother of

William H Gates (see biography). He died at Spa, Belgium, September 2, 1910, where he went with Dr. Elisha S. Lewis, of Princeton, in hope of benefiting his health. His father was a builder in this city.

He was educated here in the public and high schools. When a young man he engaged in the fire insurance business and for many years was in partnership with Henry T. Farrar under the firm name of Farrar & Gates, building up a large and extensive real estate and fire insurance business, perhaps the largest in this line in the city. After Mr. Farrar died, the firm name was retained for a period, but finally Mr. Gates conducted the business, of which he was the sole proprietor, under his own name. After his death it was sold by Mrs. Gates to Thurston & Thurston. Mr. Gates was an expert judge of real estate values. He was a factor in many large real estate transactions and was one of the prime movers in securing the Slater building in this city, representing the executors and trustees of the estate of H. N. Slater from the time the building was planned until the time of his death.

Mr. Gates was one of the oldest members of the Worcester Board of Underwriters, of which he had been president. "He was painstaking in his efforts to see that every client was dealt with fairly, and was held in high regard by the companies he represented. As a man among men he was universally-respected and highly-esteemed. He had an air of reticence, which came from a modest appreciation of his own ability and an inclination to withhold his opinions until they were sought, but when his judgment was asked, it was found that his mind had grasped all sides of the question and his expression was both forceful and convincing." Mr. Gates was a member of the Board of Trade and one of the directors at the time of his death. He was a life member of the Worcester County Mechanics' Association; member of Montacute Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; and the Aletheia Grotto. He was president of the Equity Co-operative Bank, and one of the directors of the Home Co-operative Bank.

Mr. Gates married, in 1872, Emma Blood. They had no children. He had a summer residence in Princeton.

GRANVILLE STANLEY HALL, President of Clark University, was born in Ashfield, Massachusetts, February 1, 1846, son of Granville Bascom and Abigail (Beals) Hall. Dr. Hall is descended in both paternal and maternal lines from the pioneers of New England. He is a descendant in the ninth generation from Elder William Brewster, who came in the "Mayflower"; from John Hall, who came in 1630 from England to Charlestown; from John Lillie, Richard Willard and Richard Sears, pioneers, whose descendants have been prominent in every generation. His mother, Abigail (Beals) Hall was a descendant of John and Priscilla Alden, who came in the "Mayflower."

Granville S. Hall prepared for college in Sanderson's Academy in Ashfield and in Williston Seminary, Easthampton. He graduated from Williams College with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1867, and received the degree of Master of Arts in 1870. He was a student in the Union Theological Seminary, 1867-68 and 1870-71. In 1869-70 he was abroad, a student in the University of Berlin and Bonn University, and in 1871-72 was a student in the Universities of Berlin and Heidelberg, Germany. He received the degree of Ph.D. from Harvard University in 1878. In 1878-81 he was a student in Leipzig, Berlin and London. He received the degree of LL.D. from the University of Michigan in 1888; from Williams College in 1889; from Johns Hopkins University in 1902.

Dr. Hall was professor of psychology in Antioch College, Yellow Springs, Ohio, 1872-76; instructor in English, Harvard College, 1876-77; lecturer on psychology at Harvard and Williams colleges in 1880-81; professor of psychology in Johns Hopkins University, 1881-88. Since May 1, 1888, he has been president of Clark University and professor of psychology. (See Clark University). He was the founder and editor of the "American Journal of Psychology" since 1887; editor of the "Pedagogical Seminary" since 1892; of the "American Journal of Religious Psychology and Education" since 1904; of the "Journal of Race Development" since 1910. He is a fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences; member of the Massachusetts Historical Society, American Psychological Association, and American Philosophical Society. He has written "Aspects of German Culture"; "Hints toward a Select and Descriptive Bibliography of Education" (Collaborating with John M. Mansfield); "Adolescence" (two vols.); "Youth's Education, Regimen and Hygiene" (1907); "Founders of Modern Psychology" (1912); and "Jesus, the Christ, in the Light of Psychology" (1917). He has contributed to many journals a vast number of articles on a great variety of subjects. Dr. Hall has an international reputation as an author, as a teacher and writer on psychology and especially in child study, in which he has made special researches. He is a member of the American Antiquarian Society, Worcester Chamber of Commerce, St. Wulstan's Society, Worcester Art Museum, the

University Club of Boston, University Club of New York. He was appointed a trustee of the Massachusetts State Library, 1915.

Dr. Hall married (first) in Berlin, Germany, in 1879, Cornelia Fisher, daughter of James and Julia (Brigham) Fisher. They had two children: Robert and Julia. He married (second) Florence Smith. Mrs. Hall is a member of the Hall Club.

ALDEN H. SEARS, Former president of the Walker Ice Company, was born in Sandwich, Massachusetts, September 19, 1822, and died in this city, at his home, No. 27 West Boylston street, November 4, 1918, aged ninety-six years. Mr. Sears was the son of Philander and Berthias Sears, from whom he inherited his longevity, the former having lived to the advanced age of ninety-two years, and the latter dying at the age of ninety years. Mr. Sears was descended from an historic old New England family, Richard Sears, the emigrant ancestor of his family, being of record as a tax-payer of the Plymouth Colony in 1632, and later as one of the earliest settlers of Yarmouth, on Cape Cod, where he died in 1676.

Mr. Sears received a common school education, after which he was a student at the Leicester Academy. As a young man he came to Worcester, where he made his own way in the world without help or influence, being first employed in various manufacturing establishments in and about this city. Later he was engaged in the grocery business, in which he continued for a time. In 1848 he established himself in the ice business in a small way, which business has since been broadened and expanded, and is now known as the Walker Ice Company, of which he was president for a number of years, up to the time of his death. He was always well and favorably known among agriculturalists for the good crops he planted on his farm, and particularly for raising the best and earliest crops of peas. He made a specialty for many years of raising sweet corn, the size of which won him many blue ribbons at the New England fairs. He was an energetic and thrifty business man, and continued in active business affairs up to the time of his death. Mr. Sears was a regular attendant of Trinity Methodist Church, and was one of the oldest and staunchest Methodists of this city. He always took a leading and active part in the activities of the church, and for many years was a member of the choir and the singing committee of the church, and for over fifteen years was a member of the official board. For a period of years he had been a director of the Worcester Hahnemann Hospital. In political belief he was a Republican.

Mr. Sears had been three times married, his first wife, who was Laura McNiel, living only six months after their marriage. He married (second) Hannah A. Corbin, who died in January, 1902, the mother of three sons, namely: John Alden (see biography); Frederick A., who is engaged in the real estate business in this city; and Walter H., who is a practicing dentist of this city. Mr. Sears married (third) Mrs. Sarah J. Stone, of Sutton, Massachusetts.

JOHN ALDEN SEARS, Former director and manager of the Walker Ice Company, was born in this city, June 12, 1849, and died here, November 12, 1918, eldest son of the late Alden H. and Hannah A. (Corbin) Sears. He acquired his early educational training in the public schools of this city, which was supplemented by an attendance at Wilbraham Academy. After leaving school he was for a time engaged as a clerk in a clothing store, but soon became associated with his father in the ice business, under the firm name of A. H. Sears & Company. This association with his father continued uninterrupted until the death of the latter. He continued a member of this firm until it was merged with other companies engaged in the same business into what has since been known as the Walker Ice Company, of which he was long a director and superintendent of their West Boylston street plant, continuing in these capacities until he retired, in June, 1918. Mr. Sears had been actively connected with the ice business of this city for more than fifty years, during which time he had seen it developed and expanded from a small beginning to the present large proportions of the company, which is the result of the consolidation of a number of ice companies of this city.

Mr. Sears was prominent and active in the business and social life of the city. He was a member of the Board of Aldermen for a time, and was always active and much interested in matters pertaining to the welfare and prosperity of the city. In political faith he was a Republican. In fraternal organizations he was a popular and influential member, having attained the thirty-second degree in Masonry, in the various bodies of which he had passed through the chairs, holding membership in Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of which he was past master; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar, past most high of Rose Croix, and Massachusetts Consistory (thirty-second degree). He was also a member of Aleppo Temple, Order of the Mystic Shrine, of Boston, and of Aletheia Grotto, of this city. He was



John H. Sears



Geo. F. Wright



Geo. M. Wright.

also active in Odd Fellow circles, holding membership in Worcester Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Wachusett Encampment, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and Canton Worcester, Patriarchs Militant, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, in all of which bodies he had also held offices. He was also a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, of this city.

On October 12, 1870, Mr. Sears was united in marriage to Mary A. Davis, of this city, daughter of J. Walter and Myra W. (Kilburn) Davis, and to this union was born one son, Alden Harry Sears, who died in infancy. Mr. Sears' home was at No. 44 West Boylston street, this city.

GEORGE FLETCHER WRIGHT, Wire Manufacturer, son of Ephraim and Asenath (Fletcher) Wright, was born in Westford, Massachusetts, July 2, 1831, and died in Worcester, May 30, 1903. During his youth he attended the public schools of Westford. In 1850 he was the senior partner of the firm of Wright & Burt, manufacturers of treadmills operated by horse power. The factory was originally at Harvard, Massachusetts, but eventually the business was located at Clinton. For a period of twenty years he was master mechanic at the Clinton Wire Cloth Company, the pioneer concern in the manufacture of wire cloth in this country. In 1883 he engaged in the manufacture of wire cloth and wire netting on a small scale in Palmer, Massachusetts, under the firm name of the Wright Wire Cloth Company, in partnership with his two sons, George M. and Herbert M. Wright. At the start but six men were employed and the firm had but a few thousand dollars of working capital, but within five years sixty men were employed and the business was on a solid foundation. At that time the plant was removed to Worcester and the firm name became the Wright & Colton Wire Cloth Company. Four years later the company bought a large wire drawing plant in Palmer, and since that time business has been carried on extensively both in Worcester and Palmer and is now known as the Wright Wire Company.

Mr. Wright married, September 13, 1860, Harriet Elizabeth Wright, who was born April 16, 1841, at Littleton, Massachusetts, a daughter of Ezekiel Conant and Susan (Stevens) Wright. She was descended from John Wright, who was born in England in 1603, a pioneer of Woburn, Massachusetts, of which he was selectman many years, deputy to the General Court and deacon of the Woburn church. His son, John Wright, Jr., born 1630, was one of the first settlers of Chelmsford, Massachusetts, a selectman there and a leading citizen. The line continues through John (3), and Mary (Stevens) Wright; Henry (4) and Esther (Adams) Wright; Henry (5) and Sarah (Spaulding) Wright; Stephen (6) and Sarah (Prescott) Wright to Ezekiel Conant Wright, who married Susan, daughter of Sampson Stevens. Mr. Wright was descended also from the same John Wright, the pioneer, his son John (2), and grandson John (3), then his line continues: Jacob (4), Ephraim (5) and Abigail (Whittemore) Wright; Ephraim (6) and Mary (Blodgett) Wright; Ephraim (7) and Asenath (Fletcher) Wright. Mr. and Mrs. Wright had two children: George Merrill (see biography), and Herbert N., mentioned elsewhere.

HON. GEORGE MERRILL WRIGHT, Former mayor of Worcester, wire manufacturer, was born in Clinton, Massachusetts, April 12, 1865, son of George Fletcher and Harriet Elizabeth (Wright) Wright. He received his education in the public schools of his native town, in Foster's Business College, Worcester, and at Monson Academy. In 1882 he became a draughtsman in the office with his father, formerly master mechanic for the Clinton Wire Cloth Company for twenty years. From early youth he displayed a talent for mechanical drawing, as shown by two specimens of his work that have been preserved, one of a locomotive, copied from an old print when he was eleven years old, the other an original design of a granite monument made in 1876, at the age of eleven. Within a year from the time he left school he was experimenting in the construction of machinery from his own designs. He was associated with his father, and brother, Herbert N., in establishing the wire cloth business at Palmer when he was twenty years old, and when he became of age he was made general manager of the business, a position he has held from that time to the present. In 1902 he became treasurer of the company, after the retirement of Samuel H. Colton, and since that time the business has been conducted under the corporate name of the Wright Wire Company. He was afterward vice-president, and since 1903 has been president of the company. In 1917 an addition to the plant, 64 by 230, and a boiler house was erected on Canterbury street, near Hammond, for the wire fence department and ornamental iron department formerly in the Hammond street plant. Further mention of the business will be found in the chapter on Worcester industries.

The public career of Mr. Wright began in 1900, when he was elected to the Common Council of Worcester from Ward Six. He served the committee on education,

water and finance. After two years in the Council he was elected alderman in 1902, and served on the committee on water, fire department, military affairs, street lighting, and as trustee of the City Hospital. In 1912 he was the Republican candidate for mayor and was elected by two thousand three hundred and thirty, the largest plurality ever given a candidate for his first term. He was re-elected December 9, 1913, by five thousand eight hundred and forty-three, the largest plurality ever given a candidate for mayor in the history of the city. He was re-elected in 1914 and 1915. During the four years of his administration he pursued a broad, liberal, progressive policy, favoring the extension of necessary public work in all departments, enforcing economy, reducing the municipal debt and conducting the city business with the utmost efficiency and proper dignity. No mayor came into office with better training, and no mayor made a more uniformly creditable record, or left the office with more real friends. Among the many social organizations of which he is a member are Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar, and the Massachusetts Consistory; Central Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; the Worcester Automobile Club; the Worcester Continentals, and the Rotary Club. His wife and family, as well as he himself, are members of Bethany Congregational Church.

Mr. Wright married Minnie F. Searle, daughter of John F. and Emeline Searle. Children: 1. George Francis, born June 1, 1892. 2. Ralph Wyman, born August 12, 1894. 3. Florence Marian, born November, 1895.

ALBERT CURTIS, Manufacturer, who departed this life on July 27, 1898, at his home in the city of Worcester, a venerable monagenarian, was an active man of business here for nearly seventy years, beginning in May, 1831, as a member of the firm of John Simmons & Company, manufacturers of cloth finishing machinery, and ending as president and treasurer of the Curtis Manufacturing Company, founded by him in January, 1897, seven months before his death. He was widely-known as Albert Curtis, one of Worcester's oldest and most successful manufacturers, and also one of her most worthy and respected citizens.

Mr. Curtis was born July 13, 1807, on his father's farm in Worcester, on what is now Plantation street, within two miles of his recent home. Ephraim Curtis, his great-grandfather, came from Sudbury, and is said to have been the first white settler in Worcester. As the town grew, Ephraim Curtis became prominent in local affairs. The farm on which he settled comprised one hundred and ninety acres. It remained in the family, coming down from father to son until lately, when it was purchased and converted mostly into city lots.

Samuel Curtis, born in 1725, son of Ephraim Curtis, was a participant in the Revolution. He became a member of the Legislature, and was prominent in town affairs. His wife was Mary Ward. They had eleven children, six sons and five daughters, nine of whom lived to be very old. The mother died at ninety-five years of age.

Samuel Curtis, Jr., son of Samuel, Sr. and Mary (Ward) Curtis, was born in Worcester, near Auburn, in 1761. He served in town offices, and was a captain of artillery in the State militia. He married (first) Eunice Flagg, who died leaving eight children. He married (second) Mrs. Eunice (Taft) Stowell, daughter of Josiah Taft and widow of a Mr. Stowell, by whom she had two sons—Alexander and David. Alexander Stowell went to Tompkins county, New York, and thence to Elmira, in that State, where he lived to old age. Of this second union were born three children: Albert; William, who died at sixty-five years of age in Caroline, Tompkins county, New York; and Eunice, who became the wife of Charles P. Bancroft, and died in 1803 in Brooklyn, leaving two children. Mrs. Eunice Curtis was a sincere Christian and a member of the Congregational church. She died before 1861. Her mother lived to be ninety-five years old.

Albert Curtis obtained his education in the common schools, which he attended in his boyhood as he had opportunity. He was but nine years old when his father died, and from that time on he partly earned his own living. For a while he was in his uncle's family at Auburn, and afterward he worked on the farm of an elder brother in New York State. Returning to Worcester at the age of seventeen, he went to learn the trade of machinist with the firm of White & Boyden, serving three years. For the first year he received sixty dollars, for the second eighty dollars, and for the third one hundred and twenty dollars, being allowed three months' schooling each year. After that he continued with the same firm over six years, receiving a dollar and a half a day, being considered a skilled mechanic. At the end of a year he thought of going to Cincinnati, but returned instead to work for his old employer. The next May, 1831, he became one of the firm of John Simmons & Company, Albert Curtis



W. J. Foxen

and Abel Kimball being the company. The firm manufactured machinery for finishing woolen goods. Mr. Kimball left the firm within a year, and in 1833 Mr. Curtis purchased the interest of Mr. Simmons, and became the sole owner of the plant and business, which he continued to develop until in prosperous years the sales amounted to millions. For four years Mr. William Henshaw was with Mr. Curtis, the firm being Curtis & Henshaw. Edwin T. Marble served an apprenticeship with Albert Curtis from 1845 to 1849 and returned in 1861 as partner, which association continued until 1895 under the firm name of Curtis & Marble. In 1895 the firm dissolved, and from that time Mr. Curtis was engaged in manufacturing woolen goods for men's wear. He also for the last thirty of forty years manufactured sheeting, drilling, and satinet with various brands. In January, 1898, Mr. Curtis took into partnership Charles G. Stratton and F. B. Durfee, organizing the Curtis Manufacturing Company. Mr. Curtis began, in 1840, to acquire property and water rights along the Ramshorn stream, at New Worcester. Trowbridgeville mill was purchased later, in 1852, and besides the machine business referred to three mills were manufacturing at various times satinet, cotton sewing thread, cotton sheetings, blankets and shawls, to which industries during and after retiring from the machinist line Mr. Curtis devoted his energies. Part of the buildings were at times leased to others. L. & A. G. Coes began the wrench business, and L. J. Knowles started his first loom in leased rooms of Mr. Curtis. Remarkably well preserved mentally and physically, after entering his ninety-second year, he continued to go to his office every day to look after the business. He had some heart trouble, but not so serious as to cause anxiety to his friends. On the 26th of July he was feeling, it is said, unusually well, and he went on a fishing trip to Trowbridgeville, which he evidently enjoyed, as he spoke of going again. The evening he spent chatting pleasantly with friends on his piazza. In the morning of the 27th he was found lifeless in bed, his death having been caused by accidentally escaping gas in his room.

Mr. Curtis married his first wife in 1832. She was then a widow, Mrs. Bancroft, before her marriage Sally K. Houghton. She had one daughter, Jane, wife of Charles T. Stratton, of New Worcester. Mr. and Mrs. Curtis had a foster-daughter, whom they reared and educated. She is now the wife of Dr. George F. Balcom. After the death of his first wife Mr. Curtis was again married, his second wife being the widow of Charles Griffin, in maidenhood Rosella Perrin. She was the mother of three children by her first husband. She died April 16, 1896, aged seventy-two. Mr. Curtis resided in his spacious and pleasant house at No. 38 Webster street, which he built in 1846 and remodelled in 1878.

Mr. Curtis was the latest survivor of the last Board of Selectmen of the town for the year 1848. He was a member of the first City Council, and in 1857 he was an alderman. He was for thirty-six years commissioner of Hope Cemetery. He was one of the promoters and incorporators of the first street railway. He had good financial reasons to remember the fact, as it cost him over eight thousand dollars, much work, and some worry. He was president of the Old Men's Home, of which he was one of the leading promoters. He gave one-half of the land for the Old Ladies' Home. The lovely little chapel of Hope Cemetery also was given by him. He was the largest contributor of the Union Congregational Church. Mr. Curtis and the Coes family combined gave the land for the Webster street school house. The fine library in the City Hospital was his gift to the city, and he was the largest contributor to the Young Men's Christian Association and a large contributor to the Young Women's Christian Association buildings. Most of the fine trees in this part of New Worcester were planted by Mr. Curtis. The first dam at Curtis Pond, built in 1831 by Charles Hensley, stood but forty-eight hours. The present dam, a solid and expensive stone structure, was built by Mr. Curtis in 1877, and was a reconstruction of the first one built by him in 1868, which was damaged badly by the bursting of the city reservoir. Mr. Curtis' life, it is thus seen, was a busy and useful one, as well as successful from a worldly point of view. Few men have made a better record. His works and benefactions will remain as lasting monuments to his memory.

WILLIAM JOHN CONLON, Former general secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, now vice-president of the Merchants' National Bank, was born in Gardner, Massachusetts, July 1, 1887. He attended the public schools of that town and graduated from the Gardner High School in 1906. He began his career as a news writer on the Gardner "News," a daily owned by Hon. Levi Greenwood, ex-president of the Massachusetts Senate. Afterward he had charge of the northern section of the county for the Worcester "Telegram."

In 1911 he came to this city on the staff of the "Telegram," covering the state house and public utilities hearings and later was detailed to the City Hall. He was appointed assistant secretary of the Board of Trade in 1912, and was the first assistant secretary of the Chamber of Commerce after the change in name. Subsequently he became secretary of the Mercantile Bureau of the Chamber of Commerce. In February, 1916, he was elected general secretary. He resigned in May, 1917, to become vice-president of the Merchants' National Bank of this city, his present position. He is a member of the advisory board of this work. He was one of the organizers and first secretary of the Worcester County Farm Bureau, and is a director of the Travelers' Aid Society and general chairman of the National War Savings Committee for Worcester. He is a member of the Worcester Advertising Club, the Rotary Club of Worcester, the Worcester Association of Retail Credit Men, the Worcester Chapter of the American Banking Institute, the Commonwealth Club, the Worcester Country Club, the Chamber of Commerce, the Worcester County Farm Bureau. He is also a member of Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; and the Aletheia Grotto. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Conlon married, in Rockland, Maine, July 9, 1914, Ruby Wilson Sanderson, a native of Roslindale, Massachusetts.

CLEVELAND JOSEPH CRAHAN. Since a youth of eighteen, Mr. Crahan has been connected with the publishing business in some capacity, since 1913 has been publisher of the "Catholic Messenger" of Worcester, and since 1914 has also published "Landlord and Tenant." He is well-known in the publishing world and has fairly won the high reputation he enjoys. Cleveland J. Crahan is a son of Charles Joseph and Janie A. (Ball) Crahan, his father a tobacco and cigar merchant of St. Louis, Missouri.

Cleveland Joseph Crahan was born in St. Louis, Missouri, March 23, 1866, and there spent the first eighteen years of his life. He was educated in the parochial school of the parish of St. Rose of Lima and St. Louis High School, finishing in 1884. In that year he went to Little Rock, Arkansas, and there made his first venture in journalism in connection with a newspaper of that city. From that year until the present he has continued along the same line of business, his principal connections having been with the Publishers Service Circulation Company of New York City, a newspaper circulation promotion of which he was manager; The De Luxe Circulation Company, a similar enterprise, of which he was the founder, operating in Canada during 1911-12, and his publishing business in Worcester, 1913-18, which includes the publishing of the "Catholic Messenger" and "Landlord and Tenant" previously referred to. Mr. Crahan is a member of the Knights of Columbus, and a past lecturer of that order, and of Blessed Sacrament Parish of Worcester. He is fond of hunting big game in far woods, but also enjoys a day's sport with rod and reel.

Mr. Crahan married, in Indianapolis, Indiana, Louise Elizabeth Fitzsimmons, born in Providence, Rhode Island, daughter of Thomas Francis Fitzsimmons, a retired hardware merchant, and his wife, Catherine Ann (Reilly) Fitzsimmons, who died in 1912. Mr. and Mrs. Crahan are the parents of two children: Cleveland Joseph, Jr., and Helen Louise.

GEORGE CLIFTON BRYANT, Merchant, of the firm of Besse, Bryant Company, clothiers and gent's furnisiers, was born in the town of Wareham, Massachusetts, January 22, 1858, the youngest of nine children of Ebenezer Bryant, of Middleboro, Massachusetts, and Sophia Sampson Bryant, of Plymouth, Massachusetts. His ancestry is traced to Miles Standish. The sterling characteristics of the Pilgrims, who landed in Plymouth, Massachusetts, in 1620, his friends agree, are reflected in him. His benevolences are felt near and far. He is one of the trustees of Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church, Worcester, Massachusetts. He was educated in the public schools of the town and left school at the age of sixteen years to work on his father's farm. At the age of twenty-two, showing business ability, he went to Bridgeport, Connecticut, to work as clerk in the clothing store of Foster, Besse & Company. After three years as clerk, he and L. W. Besse formed a partnership and opened a clothing store in Norwalk, Connecticut. Here, by close attention to business, he was successful. At the end of six years in Norwalk, he looked around for larger opportunities. The cities of Providence and Worcester seemed to offer such opportunities. Mr. Bryant liked Worcester, and said he would rather locate there even if less business was done, so in the fall of 1889 the store of Besse, Bryant Company was opened in Worcester, Massachusetts. Success has followed him. He has one of the best appointed clothing stores in Worcester, occupying five floors. He has built himself a house, where he still resides, at No. 130 Woodland street. He has started two of his nephews in the business world.



Cleveland J. L. Shaw.

In January, 1883, Mr. Bryant married Lizzie Olive Sherman, a teacher in the public schools of Wareham, born in Wareham, Massachusetts, November 6, 1858, daughter of the late Samuel Trescott Tisdale and Olive Phinney (Besse) Sherman, and niece of Lyman W. Besse, of Springfield, Massachusetts. They have three children: 1. Clifford Trescott, one of the partners of the firm of Besse, Bryant Company, born in Norwalk, Connecticut, September 2, 1888; married, in April, 1914, Aurelia Inez Seavey, of Worcester, Massachusetts, and they have one son, George Clifton (2), born in Worcester, Massachusetts, in August, 1917. 2. Olive Sherman, born in Worcester, Massachusetts, October 30, 1896, a graduate of Wellesley College, class 1917-18. 3. Lyman George, born in Worcester, Massachusetts, January 6, 1899, and a graduate of The Abbott School, Farmington, Maine; he enlisted in the service of "Uncle Sam" in February, 1918, and received an honorable discharge in January, 1919.

TIMOTHY DESMOND. The life of Timothy Desmond was lived under two flags, but when a lad of nine years he came to the United States, and when in 1862 the flag of his adopted country was fired upon, he enlisted for service in the Union Army and for three years participated in the struggle for supremacy between the states of the North and South. He was engaged in some of the hardest-fought battles of that war, but he came through safely and lived to the age of sixty-four. He located in Worcester in 1875, and there spent the last twenty-seven years of his life. He was successful in his business and was highly-regarded by all who knew him.

Timothy Desmond was born in County Cork, Ireland, January 21, 1838, and there lived until 1847, when he came to the United States. He worked at the leather business for several years, then, in 1862, enlisted in Company H, Ninth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers, and served until the close of the war in 1865, when he was honorably discharged and mustered out. In 1875 he located in Worcester, where for several years he was engaged in the leather industry. He began dealing in real estate, about 1885, and built several houses in the residence district around Shirley, Woodland and Florence streets. He then abandoned the leather business, opened an office in the then new State Mutual building and gave himself entirely to the real estate business. He purchased the Henry Greaney Estate on William street near West, and there erected the Gladstone, an apartment block, and other buildings. He earnestly supported every movement which promised to promote the welfare of his city and was helpful in many ways.

Mr. Desmond was a devout Catholic, one of the benefactors of St. Paul's Church, and treasurer of St. Vincent De Paul's Society. He was always interested in public affairs and strong in his support of the principles of the Democratic party, but never sought nor desired office for himself. Outside his real estate operations he had few business interests, but he was one of the incorporators of the Bay State Bank, and aided in the establishing of other enterprises in which he held an interest. He was a member of George H. Ward Post, No. 10, Grand Army of the Republic. He lived an honorable, upright life, and passed away holding the respect and esteem of every man who knew him. He died in Worcester, March 23, 1902, and was laid at rest in St. John's Cemetery, escorted there by a guard of honor from his Grand Army post. Funeral services were held in St. Paul's Church, requiem high mass being celebrated by Rev. P. H. Boland. The flag of George H. Ward Post rested upon the casket, and the floral tributes were many. The bearers were: Michael Bergim, of Waltham; Daniel J. Sweeney, of Providence; Dennis Dimeen, of Hopkinton; John F. Sweeney, of New Bedford; Matthew J. Lamb, Jeremiah F. Healey, C. F. Maher, and John Brophy, of Worcester.

Timothy Desmond married, November 25, 1869, Ellen Mead, of Hopkinton, Massachusetts, and they were the parents of two sons: Clarence F., born January 21, 1872, a graduate, M. D., of Harvard, No. 19 Portland street, Worcester; and Walter J., born February 3, 1876; graduate of Harvard, law, now post master of Long Beach, California.

The following appreciation appeared in the Worcester "Telegram," March 25, 1902:

TIMOTHY DESMOND. The heart of Timothy Desmond has parted from its life-span of genial warmth, and the cold, black gloom of the grave now encircles it. That countenance, so uniformly lightened by the spirit of a Catholic Christian, a man and a gentleman, is quietly betaking itself into the dust from whence it sprang.

Not once again, except in memory, shall it be given to grasp his hand in that truly kind, respectful manner which none could otherwise feel who knew him. The story of his remarkable life he tells no more. Some of history's bloodiest battles had him as its participant. Well indeed may America be proud of him and grateful to him, and such as he, who stood unflinchingly by her from the beginning to the end of her time of sorest trial, and freedom, that which he knew not on the dear old sod which bore him, he fought for here that the black man might enjoy.

Because of his ability and industry, the trade he pursued lay mastered at his feet. That keen discernment which viewed to him his worth on earth as a man, and the redemption he wrought in the hereafter as a child of God, coupled with that

heavenborn gift, a masterful will, enabled him to shun the dangers of life, and to make success truly his own, in its truest and broadest sense.

That fresh made mound informs that all is over. The winds of springtime mingle among the leafless boughs and sing a plaintive dirge. Spring and summer, autumn and winter will come and go in regular order, but our dear friend moves not; earth makes that stilled frame its own. Let us hope, however, that one of Heaven's many mansions is the dwelling place of his spirit.

Holy angels are his companions; and now the Beatific Vision fills him with supremist delight. His body is now as nothing; his soul everything, and his countless good acts of a lifetime are its ornaments.

T. A. W.

THOMAS SMITH, Manufacturer of bolts, nuts and washers, was born in Rindge, New Hampshire, May 11, 1815, and died in this city, December 3, 1896, son of Thomas and Hepsibath Jewett (Piper) Smith. His father was born in Leominster, January 10, 1786, and his mother in Rindge, January 27, 1787. He was descended from pioneer stock in various ancestral lines.

Thomas Smith established the business which he conducted for many years in partnership with William Conkey, in the Phelps & Bickford shop on Prescott street in 1854. This shop was afterward a part of the Washburn & Moen wire mill. In 1855 the business was moved to the Merrifield building, where it has since been located. The firm built its own presses and also built some for sale to other manufacturers. The principal product of the Thomas Smith Company from the beginning was nuts, bolts and washers. For some years the firm made mowing machine knives also, but finally sold that part of the business. In 1861 E. W. Nichols was admitted to the firm, remaining a partner for ten years. After the death of Mr. Conkey, Mr. Smith continued in business alone under the old firm name until the time of his death. He was a Republican in politics and served the city in the Common Council. He was a member of Plymouth Congregational Church.

Mr. Smith married (first) at Ware, September 30, 1841, Phebe Grover; (second) at New Ipswich, New Hampshire, December 10, 1846, Mary Ann Wheeler, who was born at New Ipswich, March 12, 1823, daughter of Richard and Rebecca (Wilson) Wheeler. Her father was born at New Ipswich, June 20, 1791, died there May 25, 1882; her mother was born there July 19, 1795, died there May 18, 1882. Children by first wife: 1. Dora Jane, born September 20, 1842, married, November 19, 1868, Amos P. Cutting. 2. Walter Willey, born October 23, 1845 (deceased). By second wife: 3. Ella Marianna, born December 11, 1855, married Frank W. Foye.

JOHN P. COGHLIN, President and treasurer of the Coghlin Electric Company, was born in Milford, October 5, 1869, son of James Joseph Coghlin and Catherine A. (Taft) Coghlin, and the eldest of ten children, all living (1918). He attended the public schools of his native town and the high school of Southboro, from which he graduated in 1888. He then took a special preparatory course at Worcester Academy, and in 1889 entered the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, from which he graduated in 1893, with the degree of Bachelor of Science. In 1905 he was given the degree of Electrical Engineer. While a student, he made part of his expenses by designing and making electric motors and generators. Immediately after his graduation, he formed the Columbia Electric Company, to manufacture dynamos and motors, and to install electric plants, having its place of business at 180 Union street, and afterward having an office in the Burnside Building. In 1897 he sold out his interests in this company, and soon afterwards organized the Central Electric Company, with headquarters at 311 Main street, dealing in electric supplies and apparatus, and installing electric plants. Subsequently he bought the Page Electric Company, which was established in 1885, the pioneer concern in this business, located on Pearl street. He consolidated the two concerns and incorporated the business under the name of the Page Electric Company, removing soon afterwards from 28 Pearl street, to 24-26 Pearl street. Mr. Coghlin was the principal owner, president and treasurer of the company. The business was afterward located at 234 Main street, but since 1911 has been in its present building, 257-259 Main street. The corporate name was changed from Page Electric Company to Coghlin Electric Company, in 1907.

During the first year, after acquiring the business of the Page Electric Company, the total business amounted to ten thousand dollars. In the year 1917, the total was nearly half a million dollars. At first he employed ten or twelve men, now the company has a regular force of about one hundred. Four floors of the building are occupied by the company for offices, show rooms, stock, work and assembly departments. In 1902 a jobbing department was added and several traveling salesmen covered the New England States. At that time it was the only jobbing house in electrical supplies in New England outside of Boston and Providence. The wholesale department has grown to large proportions. In 1907 Mr. Coghlin added an electric fixture department, and in 1913 an electric appliance department.



John Fogelin —

The contracting work of Mr. Coghlin's company has been varied and extensive. Among some of the electric plants that he installed are the following: the Worcester Sewerage Plant; the factory of Isaac Prouty Company, at Spencer; the State Hospital at Westboro; the Royal Worcester Corset Company; and the Standard Plunger Elevator Company.

He had the contract, amounting to about five hundred thousand dollars for the electric system of the Worcester & Southbridge Street Railway Company, the first high tension system in this section of the country; the plant of the National Food Company at Niagara Falls, amounting to about two hundred thousand dollars; the Saco & Pettee Machine Works, now the Lowell Textile Company of Biddeford, Maine, Lowell & Newton, Upper Falls, Massachusetts; the Norton Company at Worcester, at a cost of about one hundred thousand dollars; the Hopkins & Allen Arms Company at Norwich, Connecticut; the Butterfield Company at Rock Island, Quebec; Mills Woven Cartridge Belt Company, at Worcester; and Boiler Plant for the Liberty Plant at Squantum which made torpedo boat destroyers, this plant being erected in Providence, the electrical contracting of which amounted to about seventy-five thousand dollars, and was installed in six weeks, requiring at times one hundred and fifty men. Mr. Coghlin had the contracts for electrical wiring, fixtures and equipment for the Houghton Block, Front street; the Federal Building; Union Church; St. John's Church; St. Joseph's Church; St. Vincent's Hospital; part of the City Hospital buildings; the Wellington Hotel, North Adams, Mass., three high school buildings in Providence, R. I., the high school building in Gardiner, the Nelson Theatre, Springfield, the Worcester Insane Asylum, Summer street; the Grafton State Hospital; Slater Building; Polis Theatre, Elm street, the Plaza Theatre; the Thule Building; the Alumni Building at the College of the Holy Cross; the Castro Theatre, Fall River, Massachusetts; the Mohican Building, now the Mohican Hotel, at New London, Connecticut; the residences of M. J. Whittall, Mrs. F. B. Knowles, A. P. Cristy, Mrs. F. P. Goulding, C. A. Hill, Hon. Joseph H. Walker, that of L. F. Gordon, now owned by Lucius J. Knowles; Worcester Polytechnic Institute, Alumni Building, Worcester Country Club, and hundreds of others throughout the city, New England, New York State and Canada.

Mr. Coghlin's thesis at the time of receiving his degree of Electrical Engineer at the Worcester Polytechnic Institute was based on the experience gained during the construction of the Southbridge Electric Road, considering the commercial engineering point of view in work of this kind.

Mr. Coghlin purchased the property occupied by the business at 255-267 Main street, and Nos. 1-19 Central street, in 1913. The building covers a lot 100 by 200 feet. The property was originally part of the Heywood estate, and in making the transfer Mr. Coghlin purchased the second mortgage ever issued by the State Mutual Life Assurance Company, issued January 25, 1847.

From time to time Mr. Coghlin has delivered public addresses on subjects pertaining to his profession as electrical engineer, and has contributed to various newspapers and periodicals. A paper that he read at Springfield, September, 1915, at the New England Electric Contractors' Convention on, "How to Estimate Cost and Keep Accounts," attracted widespread attention among electrical engineers and contractors. He was obliged to keep two stenographers busy for some time in answering the correspondence which this paper elicited.

He was one of the founders of the Worcester Automobile Club, and for several years a member of the board of directors; vice-president and president, and continues to be one of the most enthusiastic members. He has been an officer and president in the State Association of Automobile Clubs, and a member of the executive committee of the American Automobile Association. Mr. Coghlin has made the acquaintance of the racing judges and officers of the various automobile associates in this country and Europe, having made nine trips abroad, and taking a keen interest in the development of the automobile.

Mr. Coghlin is a member of various scientific organizations and has been vice-president of the National Electrical Contractors' Association, and president of the Electrical Contractors' Association of Massachusetts. He is a member also of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, the Engineers' Club of Boston, the Boston Athletic Club. He is a director of the Worcester County Employers' Association, and was a director of the Merchants' Association, now part of the Chamber of Commerce. He is also a member of the Worcester Country Club, the Commonwealth Club; the Worcester Continentals; of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; the Builders' Exchange; the Chamber of Commerce; the Tatassit Canoe Club; the Economic Club, the United Commercial Travellers' Association of Worcester, and many other organizations. He has been president of the Worcester Branch of the Alumni Association of the Worcester

Polytechnic Institute. In politics he is a Republican; in religion a Roman Catholic, a communicant of St. Peter's Church, Worcester, Massachusetts.

He married, July 28, 1896, Josephine A. Callahan. Their home is at 25 Richards street. Children: John, born in Worcester, May 4, 1897; Caroline, January 2, 1901; Edwin, October 19, 1902.

WILLIAM WALKER JOHNSON, Former president of the Ware-Pratt Company, was born in Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, July 25, 1847, son of George Washington and Alona (Walker) Johnson. Mr. Johnson is descended from the early pioneers of the Commonwealth. The paternal line of ancestry is: William W. (9), George Washington (8), Thomas (7), Peter (6), Solomon (5), Daniel (4), John (3), Solomon (2), Solomon (1), (see early settlers). He is descended from the Eatons who were among the earliest permanent settlers here.

When he was six years of age his parents came to Worcester and he attended the Worcester public schools for several years. Later the family moved to Holden, Massachusetts, and he attended school there until he was seventeen years old. He then entered the employ of Trowbridge & Weatherby, of Westboro, clothiers and tailors. After one year with that firm he removed to Worcester, in 1865, and entered the employ of A. P. Ware & Company, clothiers and tailors. In 1871 he was admitted to partnership in this firm. The firm of A. P. Ware & Company had been established in 1847 and were pioneers in Worcester in the ready-made clothing business. In January, 1866, a branch firm under the name of Ware & Pratt was formed and was managed by Henry S. Pratt who was for many years a partner in the Ware-Pratt Company. At the end of three years the two firms, which had been located in the old Paine block, were united and moved to the store in the new First National Bank building, Nos. 408 and 412 Main street. At that time the manufacture of clothing for the retail trade was begun on a much larger scale than before. Mr. Ware retiring from the business in 1871, a new firm was formed under the old name, consisting of Henry S. Pratt, Edward T. Wardwell and Mr. Johnson, and continued thus for seven years, when Mr. Johnson sold his interest to his partners. Two years later Mr. Wardwell died and Mr. Johnson again became a partner. The business continued as a partnership until January 25, 1888, when it was incorporated under the present name, the Ware-Pratt Company, of which Mr. Johnson was president, Mr. Pratt, treasurer, and Charles E. Black, clerk. Some of the stock of the company was apportioned among the salesmen and other employees of the concern. The company at that time manufactured most of the goods sold in its store and maintained also a large business in custom tailoring. The place of business was moved to the State Mutual building upon its completion, October 1, 1898, occupying half of the street floor and a large workshop in the rear. In 1908 even more commodious quarters were taken in the Slater building and the business removed thither to the present location, No. 400 Main street, when that building was erected. In 1911 Mr. Johnson retired from business and has devoted his time since then to the care of his real estate and other investments.

Mr. Johnson is vice-president of the People's Savings Bank, and has been a member of the board of investment for twenty-five years. He is a member of Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar, of which he was ancient commander in 1902-03 and has been for many years one of the trustees of the permanent funds. He is also a member of the Worcester Lodge of Perfection; Goddard Council, Princes of Jerusalem, of which he was elected sovereign prince in 1911; Lawrence Chapter of Rose Croix; the Massachusetts Consistory; Aleppo Temple of the Mystic Shrine. He has been grand commander of the Grand Commandery, Knights Templar, of Massachusetts and Rhode Island, to which office he was unanimously elected in 1913. In politics he is a Republican and for many years was active in the organization of his party, serving as delegate to State and other nominating conventions. He attends Union Congregational Church. He is a member of the Worcester Club; Tatnuck Country Club; The Worcester Agricultural Society; Chamber of Commerce; Massachusetts Society, Sons of the Revolution; Worcester Art Museum; Worcester County Mechanics' Association. He was president in 1906 of the Worcester Merchants' Association, which was afterward made part of the Chamber of Commerce. He has been a member of the board of trustees of Worcester Academy for many years.

In his business career in Worcester, extending over a period of fifty years, Mr. Johnson has exhibited unusual business initiative and ability and has acquired a reputation for sound judgment in business and financial circles. His firm, the Ware-Pratt Company, became under his leadership the largest and most progressive firm of its kind in this part of the Commonwealth. In business and banking organizations



William M. Johnson



Arthur D. Crossbig.

Mr. Johnson's judgment has been widely sought and much appreciated. In his social and fraternal connections, Mr. Johnson's friendly spirit and breadth of sympathy have extended to ever widening circles in the City, State and Nation. His self-sacrificing labors in these connections have brought him well-deserved recognition in the respect in which he is personally held in a wide circle of friends and particularly in his elevation to many positions of honor and responsibility in the Masonic order, all of which he has filled with distinguished ability and rare devotion.

Mr. Johnson married, May 24, 1871, at Westboro, Massachusetts, Mary Luvanne A. Trowbridge, born July 28, 1848, daughter of Joseph A. and Mary E. A. (Clark) Trowbridge, of Westboro, Massachusetts. Children: 1. Mary Luvanne, born April 14, 1873, married, November 20, 1895, Eben Francis Thompson (see biography). 2. Walter Trowbridge, born September 25, 1876, now with the Ware-Pratt Company, married Catherine L. Whipple, children: Nancy and Walter T., Jr. 3. Edith Clark, born February 5, 1879, married, June 10, 1908, John Farquhar.

CHESTER TAPLEY PORTER, Educator, has for twenty-one years been associated with the Worcester Classical High School. Mr. Porter was born December 20, 1874, in Danvers, Massachusetts. His parents were Joseph Franklin and Ella Jacobs (Tapley) Porter, both of whom were also born in Danvers, Massachusetts. There he was educated in the public and high schools, graduating from the Danvers High School in 1891. In 1892 he was graduated from the Worcester Academy. He then entered Amherst College where he took part in different college activities. In 1894 he accompanied the Glee Club on its trip to England. He was leader of the Glee Club in his Senior year and for his whole course was a member of the class quartet, an organization famous in its day in Amherst. In 1896 he received the degree of Bachelor of Arts from that institution of learning and immediately following he secured a position as Principal of the Shrewsbury High School, where he remained two years. He then became an instructor in mathematics at the Worcester Classical High School which position he held until 1914 when he was appointed assistant principal of that institution. In 1917 he was made the Principal. Mr. Porter was for three years bass soloist at the Pilgrim Congregational Church. He then served in that capacity from 1899 to 1900 at the First Baptist Church and from that time to the present (1919) he has been the bass soloist and director at the First Unitarian Church. He is a past master of the Morning Star Lodge of Ancient Free and Accepted Masons and District Deputy Grand Marshal of the Twenty-first Masonic District for the years of 1917 and 1918. He has been president of the Worcester Oratorio Society since 1911. He is a member of the Worcester Club; the Tatnuck Country Club; the Worcester County Teachers' Association; the Massachusetts Schoolmasters' Club; the Worcester Principals' Club; and of the Worcester Tennis Club. Mr. Porter is a very enthusiastic player of tennis and has held championships in "singles" and in "doubles" at various times in local tournaments in this state and in New Hampshire and Vermont. He is second lieutenant of Company H, Nineteenth Regiment Massachusetts State Guard, organized for local service during the war.

On June 29, 1909, Mr. Porter was married to Gertrude Dunton Stone of Worcester. They have one son, John Wolcott Porter, born June 16, 1910, who is now in school.

ARTHUR WILLIAM CROSBIE. When a child of twelve months Arthur W. Crosbie was brought from his English home by his parents who settled in the city of Worcester, Massachusetts. That was in 1893, and in Worcester Mr. Crosbie has won a unique place as an accomplished musician and professional coach for minstrels, cabarets, musical comedies, and all amateur productions. He is a son of William Crosbie, born in Liverpool, England, July 18, 1854, and now a painting contractor of Worcester. He married Sarah Jane Brady, born in Liverpool, England, September 28, 1853, died in Worcester, Massachusetts, February 22, 1918. Four of their ten children are living, all sons and musicians and residents of Worcester: Edward Philip, a musician, married Katherine E. Hannigan, and has five children: Mary, Edward, William, James, and Margaret; Corporal Thomas James, now a bandman in the One Hundred and First Regiment, United States Infantry, in France, unmarried; Herbert F., a musician, married Isabelle R. Gaffney, and has five children: Isabelle, Eleanor, Mary, William, and Thomas; Arthur William, of further mention.

Arthur William Crosbie was born in London, England, February 7, 1892, but a year later the family came to the United States, locating in Worcester, Massachusetts, which city has since been the family home. He attended public school until the age of fourteen, when he became a clerk, being then a student in South High School. His

first position was as a grocer's clerk, but later he was for two years a student at Holy Cross College. The family musical talent early developed in Arthur W., and at the age of five years he began taking lessons on the cornet. He first played in public in Pilgrim Church at the age of six, at the age of eleven began the study of the piano, and on May 5, 1915, took part in a musical extravaganza given by the Knights of Columbus, and has since been continually in the public eye as a musical entertainer, instructor and professional coach. He is the leader of Crosbie's Orchestra, No. 10 Southbridge street, Worcester, maintains a studio at Room 9. He is an adept in his art, which he perfected in the New England Conservatory of Music, and under the instruction of Arthur J. Bassett, Modiste Alloo, and Emil Mollenhauer. He is a member of the Worcester County Music Association, and is highly-regarded by his professional associates and music lovers. Mr. Crosbie's instruments are the piano and cornet. He organized the Eighteenth Infantry Massachusetts State Guard Band under Captain N. J. Skerrett and Colonel John F. Hurley. He conducted the third and fourth Liberty Loan community sings on City Hall plaza.

Mr. Crosbie is a member of St. Peter's Roman Catholic Church; the Knights of Columbus; Holy Cross Court, Catholic Order of Foresters; Worcester Lodge of Elks. He is a member of Company G, Ninth Infantry Massachusetts National Guard for six years. He served on the Mexican border from June until November, 1916. Was appointed assistant bandleader of the Ninth Infantry Massachusetts National Guard band. He is a member of the Worcester Brass Band.

Mr. Crosbie married, in Worcester, July 11, 1917, Mae Isabelle Goodwin, born there, daughter of William and Ellen (Burke) Goodwin, her father born in Providence, Rhode Island, her mother in Ireland, both now residing in Worcester. Mr. and Mrs. Crosbie are the parents of a daughter, Barbara Jane, born in Worcester, March 30, 1918. The family home is at No. 45 Chatham street.

RICHARD CHESTER CLEVELAND, Head of the Smith-Green Company, was born in Danville, Quebec, September 30, 1871, son of Clarence Chester and Fluvia E. (Cleveland) Cleveland. When fourteen years old he went to Beloit, Wisconsin, to school and there fitted for college. He entered the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, where he was graduated in 1893. He returned to his home in Canada and worked for a time for the Rand Drill Company of Montreal. In 1894 he came to Worcester and associated himself with the Smith-Green Company. After the business was incorporated he became treasurer of the company, and in 1897, after the death of Jesse Smith, he became president and treasurer. The retail meat and grocery business was sold a few years later to Walker Armington and the entire attention of the company given to the lime and cement business. The other officers of the corporation were: Mrs. Jesse Smith, and Mrs. Cleveland, who was clerk of the corporation. Mr. Cleveland is a member of Quinsigamond Lodge, Free Masons, Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; of the Tatassit Canoe Club, the Automobile Club, Grafton Country Club, the Uptown Club, the Tatnuck Country Club, the Worcester Club, Quinsigamond Boat Club, Boston Athletic Club, Lambs Club of New York. He is a director of the Merchants National Bank of Worcester.

Mr. Cleveland married Gertrude Elizabeth Smith, born in Worcester, April 13, 1872, daughter of Jesse and Jane (Hopcroft) Smith. Their home is at No. 9 Ashland street. Children: Bruce Cleveland, born May 31, 1897; Chester Bissell, May 22, 1902, now (1917) in the Ambulance service in France.

GEORGE TILTON RICHARDSON, Editor of the Worcester "Evening Post," is a native of Boston, and was educated at the Highland Military Academy, Worcester, the Boston Latin School and the College of Liberal Arts of Boston University. He has been city editor of the Boston "Advertiser" and Boston "Evening Record"; managing editor, chief editorial writer and dramatic critic of the Boston "Traveler"; managing editor of the Providence, Rhode Island, "Daily News"; editor of "Human Life Magazine" and of the "Boston Chamber of Commerce News." He has been editor-in-chief of the Worcester "Evening Post" since 1914. He is the author of various books, plays and magazine stories. He is a member of the Theta Delta Chi fraternity, of the Rotary Club, Worcester Chamber of Commerce and the Worcester Country Club. He was on the staff of Major George S. Merrill, commanding the First Battalion of Artillery, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia. He is a Democrat in politics. Mr. Richardson married Cara Barnard at Portsmouth, New Hampshire, May 24, 1901. Their home is at No. 7 Haviland street, Worcester.

HENRY BARNES JOHNSON, Business man, son of Henry O. and Ann E. (Barnes) Johnson, was born in Millbury, Massachusetts, December 12, 1864. He was

educated in the public schools of Upton, Massachusetts. When a young man, at the age of eighteen years, he became connected with the Wicks Manufacturing Company in Worcester in a minor position, remaining with this concern about three years. In the fall of 1885 he was given a position with E. T. Smith & Company, wholesale grocers of this city, in the clerical department, and after a year's time was given a position as salesman, in which he continued until 1895. Subsequently he went to White River Junction, Vermont, as treasurer and manager of the Cross-Abbott Company, wholesale grocers, remaining there until 1899, and then returned to Worcester and with Henry J. Kettell and Charles H. Robinson formed the Johnson & Kettell Company, wholesale grocers, which still continues. He is a member of the Commonwealth Club, Worcester Economic Club, Chamber of Commerce, and the Masonic order.

Mr. Johnson married Adella L., daughter of Harrison H. and Catharine (Nicols) Shumway, of Douglass, Massachusetts. Children: Katherine L., A. Louise, Abby and Laura S.

JAMES ARTHUR FOSTER, Well-known lumberman, while not a lifelong resident of Worcester, is sufficiently known, however, and has become identified with one of the city's leading trades which places him in the ranks of the active young business men here. It would seem from the fact that he and his brother, Marcus L., who also follows the lumber business in this city, that it is an inherited tendency, as his father likewise dealt in building material and was a contractor.

James Arthur Foster, son of Llewellyn and Marion (Carpenter) Foster, and brother of Marcus L., Grace J. and Garrett H. Foster, was born in Oswego, New York, July 28, 1884, where the family lived and were well known residents. After receiving a good education in the public and high schools, also a business college of his native city, he became connected in 1901 with the General Electric Company at Schenectady, New York, as a clerk in the production department, remaining here seven years, gaining a wide experience in the knowledge of electrical apparatus. Subsequently he studied law for about a year and a half at Oswego in the offices of Coon & Coon, well-known attorneys, and while here he was offered a position as claim adjuster with the New York Safety Reserve Fund, an insurance corporation at Syracuse, New York. After two years in the insurance business he removed to Worcester, Massachusetts, in 1911, where he became manager of the Stone & Foster Lumber Company, in which his brother, Marcus L., was president and treasurer. In February, 1918, this company discontinued business, and a month later he became associated with the J. F. Bicknell Lumber Company here and has continued since. He was a member of the Worcester Country Club and now is a member of the Shrewsbury Club and the Sons of Veterans. In politics he is a staunch Republican. He and his family are members of the Baptist church.

Mr. Foster married Helen L., daughter of Augustus and Jennie T. (Thompson) Mosher, of Schenectady, New York. They have one child, Jane C.

WILLIAM JAMES DENHOLM, Business man, was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, April 24, 1873, son of William Alexander and Grace (McLay) Denholm. He was educated in the public schools of Worcester, graduating from the high school in 1891. He then entered the building business of Norcross Brothers for a year and half, leaving same to attend Dalzell's School in preparation for college. He graduated from Harvard College, Bachelor of Arts, class of 1897. After graduating he re-entered the business of Norcross Brothers, and on its incorporation, in 1901, became its vice-president, which office he held for fifteen years, retiring from this company in 1916.

In 1917 Mr. Denholm with others organized the National Sales Machine Company, of which he was chosen vice-president. In 1918 the National Sales Machine Company absorbed by purchase The Hobbs Manufacturing Company of Worcester, running the two companies as separate concerns.

Mr. Denholm was a trustee of Worcester Public Library for six years, from 1906 to 1912, and during the last year of his term was president of the board. In politics he has always been a Republican. In religious connection he is a member of Old South Congregational Church. Mr. Denholm has been greatly interested in Masonic matters, being a member of Quinsigamond Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, of which he is a past high priest; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery, Knights Templar; Worcester Lodge of Perfection; Lawrence Chapter of Rose Croix; Goddard Council, Princes of Jerusalem; Massachusetts Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; Aletheia Grotto, Veiled Prophets, and Aleppo Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is a member of the Worcester Club, Tatnuck Country Club, and the Harvard Clubs of Worcester, Boston and New York.

Mr. Denholm married, in Worcester, April 17, 1898, Mabel Ellen Norcross, daughter of Orlando W. Norcross, of Worcester. They have one daughter, Margaret, born April 17, 1900, who was educated in the Worcester public schools and Miss Porter's School of Farmington, Connecticut.

CHARLES SUMNER HOLDEN. Captain John Holden, of Holden, Massachusetts, was an officer of the Revolutionary Army, and grandfather of John Holden, born in Holden, who married Mary Julia Stetson, born in Old Town, Maine, and they were the parents of Charles Sumner Holden, born in Holden, Massachusetts, May 2, 1859.

Charles S. Holden was educated in Holden public schools, and until 1889 was a textile mill worker. Since that year he has been continuously engaged in the manufacture of hosiery, being now president and manager of the Aetna Hosiery Company of Worcester, also president of the Aetna Waste Company. Mr. Holden is a Republican in politics, serving his ward in Common Council, 1900-04, and in 1903 sitting as president of that body. He was a charter member of Company H, Second Regiment, Massachusetts National Guard, and in the service of the State, 1889-1900. He was a member of Company C five of those years, serving as a private, promoted sergeant in 1894, second lieutenant in 1896, and in 1898 was in Cuba with the American forces, captain in command of the Massachusetts National Guard; he was honorably discharged and mustered out in 1900. He is a member of the Congregational Club, Kawanis Club, and Congregational church, and of the Directors & Employees Association.

Captain Holden married, in Holden, May 2, 1881, Emma Louise Morse, born in Natick, Massachusetts, daughter of Horace B. and A. Elizabeth Morse, her parents both born in Natick. Captain and Mrs. Holden are the parents of five children: Alice M. Harlan, of the United States Army Aerial service, holding a captain's commission; Elizabeth, Louise B., Roger M.

JOHN EDWARD KENNEY. When Thomas Kenney, grandfather of John E. Kenney, came from Galway, Ireland, to the United States, he located in West Boylston, Massachusetts, in May, 1847, and there his son, Thomas Henry Kenney, was born. Thomas Kenney married Julia Narin, also born in Ireland, and both died in West Boylston. Thomas Henry Kenney moved from West Boylston to Worcester, Massachusetts, where he was variously employed until the last five years of his life, when he retired to his farm near Sterling. He married Elizabeth Moriarity, born in Fitchburg, who survives him, residing with her son, John E., at his home in Leicester. Mr. and Mrs. Kenney were the parents of six children: Mary E., residing with her mother and brother; Edward A., an attorney of New York City, married Jennie Linkletter; John E., of further mention; Julia E., residing with the family in Leicester. Two children died in infancy.

John E. Kenney, son of Thomas Henry and Elizabeth (Moriarity) Kenney, was born in Worcester, February 25, 1891. Until the age of sixteen he attended St. John's school at Clinton, Massachusetts, then entered Holy Cross College, at Worcester, continuing a student there until 1909. He then began legal study at Georgetown University, Washington, D. C., whence he was graduated Bachelor of Laws, class of 1912. He was associated in practice with Senator David I. Walsh, of Fitchburg, until 1913, then returned to Worcester, where he was admitted to the bar, and has since practiced his profession continuously, his offices at No. 925 Slater building.

Mr. Kenney since 1916 has been solicitor for the town of Leicester; is a member in the Massachusetts State and Worcester County Bar associations; Worcester Lodge, No. 243, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; ——— Council, No. 88, Knights of Columbus; Georgetown University, Society of New England; St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church, Leicester. He is well-established in practice, and one of the well-known young men of the Worcester bar. The family home is in Leicester, Massachusetts.

CHARLES FOSTER DAVIS, Civil engineer, was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, December 20, 1882. He completed the grade and high school courses of public school study with graduation, class of 1902, then entered Worcester Polytechnic Institute, whence he was graduated, class of 1907, with the degree of C. E. He began his professional career as an engineer in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and was assigned to tunnel B., under the East river, connecting New York with their Long Island system. He was engineer in charge of a portion of this construction as long as he remained with the Pennsylvania. His next position was with the Kiwanee Water Supply Company (a New York corporation), as engineer in charge of work east of the Mississippi river. In 1914 he was elected president of the



John E. Kenney



Stafford Iron Works, a Worcester corporation. He is a member of the S. A. E. fraternity, the Mechanics' Association and Worcester Country Club.

Mr. Davis married, in New York, in 1910, Grace W. Worcester, and they are the parents of a son, Charles Edward, born in 1911.

JULES EDOUIN OFFNER, Theatrical manager, general agent of the Columbian National Life Insurance Company in this city, was born in Memphis, Shelby county, Tennessee, February 14, 1865, son of Gustav and Sophia (Eppinger) Offner. His father was a native of Bavaria, Germany, and his mother of Alsace, Germany. Both Mr. Offner's father and mother came to this country when very young. They met here and were married in Cincinnati, Ohio.

Jules E. Offner received his education in Memphis, later at Cincinnati, where he went with his parents, and afterwards in the high school at Avondale, Ohio. He continued his studies alone, learning French and German, for many years reading and studying during the evenings, and in time fitted himself, by this study, to a well-satisfying degree. His career has been varied and interesting, he being in the bakery business in Cincinnati; then became interested in anatomy, which he studied under Albert Bernstein, and on which he afterward lectured in various parts of the country. Subsequently he located in business in various cities on his own account and in connection with others in St. Joseph, Missouri, Atchison, Kansas, Chicago, Illinois, Boston, Massachusetts, and Providence, Rhode Island. He came to Worcester from Providence, August 1, 1897; leased the Front Street Opera House, changed the name to the Bijou Theatre, and showed first-class vaudeville at popular prices, installed the first moving picture machine here, and continued in the theatrical business until his building was destroyed by fire, February 18, 1898. He and his wife had a narrow escape from the flames. He then became connected with Zaeder's Restaurant, E. S. Pierce Company, both of this city, and the Howe Comb Company of Leominster, Massachusetts, and about 1913 he went into the insurance business in this city. Mr. Offner is general agent for the Columbian National Life Insurance Company, having offices at No. 311 Main street. He resided in Leominster for a number of years, and then moved to West Auburn, Massachusetts, near Worcester, and has followed farming for a number of years in West Auburn, as well as looking after his business affairs in Worcester.

During the Spanish War Mr. Offner and his wife originated the One-Cent Subscription Fund for the Volunteers' Aid Association. He is a member of Morning Star Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; he has filled all the chairs in succession of the Improved Order of Heptasophs except the highest, which he declined. He is a member of the United Commercial Travelers' Association of America, of which he is past senior councillor; was founder of the Fitchburg Council, and has a past councillor's jewel presented by that organization. He is a member of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce, and a member of the official board of Grace Methodist Church in Worcester, of which he is steward, also a teacher of the men's class in the Sunday school of Grace Church. Gifted with musical ability, he has sung in various choirs and musical clubs of the city. In politics he is independent.

Mr. Offner married, April 19, 1893, Dr. Emma Frances Ferguson, of Monroe county, Indiana.

JAMES J. RAE. In 1905 an important improvement in woolen cards was given to the textile manufactures, the invention of James J. Rae, a practical carder. This invention is designed to increase the capacity of a card, tests showing that increased production and improved efficiency has resulted from the "Rae system."

James J. Rae was born in Scotland, October 9, 1876. When a lad of six years he was brought to the United States, located in Northfield, Vermont, and there was educated in the public schools. He became a textile worker, and as a practical carder saw the necessity for an improved card. For twelve years he was superintendent of the Chapel Mills Manufacturing Company at Cherry Valley, Massachusetts, holding that position until 1913. Later he came to Worcester and became associated with the Lombard Machine Company, founded in 1840, a corporation of which he is now treasurer. The Lombard Machine Company are the manufacturers of the Lombard New Century Card, Mr. Rae's invention, and of many forms of carding machines and textile mill machines, appliances and attachments. Their plant in Worcester is located at the corner of Stafford and Heard streets, and their business is an important one. These machines were known only in Worcester county when this concern was taken over (1913), but now they have a reputation not only in this country but in Canada, and for the past two years have been affiliated with the W. R. Grace Company, New York City, Lombard cards are now doing good work in the South American countries and also in Japan. Mr. Rae is a Republican in politics, and a member of Worcester Lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

Mr. Rae married, in June, 1904, in Manchester, New Hampshire, Annie C. Quinlan. They are the parents of five children: Dorothy, Harriet, Rita, Donald, and Marjorie.

PLUMMER J. HENDERSON, Heating engineer and contractor of the firm, P. J. Henderson Company, was born in Hollinsford, New Hampshire, July 19, 1858, son of Charles H. and Mary M. (Cater) Henderson. His father was a farmer, and his boyhood was spent on the homestead.

He received his education in the public schools of Lowell, Massachusetts, and Dover, New Hampshire. When he was sixteen years old he began an apprenticeship in the shops of the Boston & Maine Railroad Company at Portland, Maine, and advanced step by step to the post of locomotive engineer. He left railroading, May 15, 1887, to enter the employ of the E. G. & E. Wallace Shoe Manufacturing Company of Rochester, New Hampshire, as chief engineer in charge of mechanical plant, and retained that position until he came to Worcester, May 21, 1904, to become manager of the local branch of the steam heating and supply house of Braman, Dow & Company. He continued in charge of this business for eleven years, resigning finally to engage in business on his own account. He established his present business at No. 171 Foster street in April, 1915, under the name of P. J. Henderson Company, heating engineers and contractors, in partnership with Raymond W. Stearns. The company deals in steam, gas and water supplies, radiators, valves, etc., and installs steam, water, and vapor heating plants, making a specialty of factory-heating apparatus. He is a member of Humane Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of Rochester, New Hampshire; Stella Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star, of Worcester, and Aletheia Grotto of this city. He is a communicant of Piedmont Congregational Church.

Mr. Henderson married, at Lowell, Massachusetts, September 30, 1880, Sadie A. Randall, daughter of Jeremiah and Lois J. (Clark) Randall. Mr. and Mrs. Henderson had one son, LeRoy Plummer, born May 15, 1884, died August 16, 1901.

WILLIAM WALKER WHITE, Manager of the Holyoke Machine Company, was born in Winchendon, Massachusetts, April 7, 1849. Previous to the age of fourteen he received a primary education in the schools of his native town. He then entered the New Hampton Institute, at Fairfax, Vermont, completing a course there, and at the age of sixteen returned to Winchendon, entering the employ of Baxter D. Whitney, manufacturer of woodworking machinery, where he remained two years. He then entered the employ of the Whitin Machine Company, in Whitinsville, where he completed the trade of a machinist. From here he went to the machine shop of the Slater Company, in East Webster, where at the age of nineteen he was given charge of that department, having thirteen men under his direction. In 1878 he removed to East Jaffrey, New Hampshire, and for one year had charge of the White Brothers' mill. From there he went to Fitchburg and took charge of one of the departments of the Union Machine Company. In 1881 he accepted a position with the Rodney Hunt Machine Company, of Orange, Massachusetts, as general superintendent, and remained with that company during the rebuilding of their plant. His next objective point was the city of Worcester, where he engaged with the Holyoke Machine Company, and after being in their employ in the shop for six months was promoted to selling agent, and on the retirement of Charles Ranlet was made agent of this Worcester shop, including his former duties as salesman. On the retirement of Charles R. Holman, in 1901, the financial part of the Worcester branch of the company also devolved upon Mr. White. January 17, 1906, he was chosen a director and president of the company. Mr. White attends the Baptist church, and is a Republican in politics. He has not been identified with other affairs outside of business and his home.

Mr. White married, December 23, 1871, Jennie V. Moore, daughter of Dexter M. and Mary E. (Dodge) Moore of Webster, Massachusetts. She was born June 18, 1853. Her father was a veteran of the Civil War, serving in Company H. Fifty-third Massachusetts Regiment; he also was a mechanic and mill operator. Mr. and Mrs. White had one son, William Dexter White, born August 24, 1876, who is associated with his father in business. He married, September 16, 1902, Edith G. Bliss, of Worcester, daughter of George R. Bliss.

Mr. White is descended from Thomas White (1), Thomas (2), Thomas (3), John (4), Thomas (5), Thomas (6), Joseph (7), and Windsor Newton White (8), his father. Windsor Newton White (8), after being employed by his father for a time, became interested in the manufacture of cotton fabrics at Oakdale, Massachusetts, the firm being known as the West Boylston Manufacturing Company; in 1861 he sold his controlling interest here, and moved to Winchendon, where he entered into partnership with his brothers, Nelson D. and Francis W. White, in the cotton manufacture, retiring in three years because of his poor health. Deacon Joseph White



P. J. Henderson

(7), grandfather of William W. White, had unusual mechanical powers and business qualities; at the age of eighteen he set up in West Boylston a factory for the manufacture of wire, employing eighteen hands; two years later, 1812, he started the manufacture of cotton yarns, and later cotton wares, being among the earliest in the country to manufacture cotton goods, an industry which became his life-work; he was very successful in his business life.

HENRY MILTON SHAUGHNESSY. Since 1885, when he came to Worcester, Massachusetts, a country boy reared on the home farm, Henry M. Shaughnessy has been a resident of that city, now being a practical plumber with store and shop at No. 15 Austin street. He is a son of William Shaughnessy, born in Galway, Ireland, who came to the United States, a stone mason by trade, settled at Boston, Massachusetts, became a farmer, and there died in 1880, aged sixty-five years. He married, in Concord, Massachusetts, in 1843, Margaret Dugan, born in Galway, Ireland, who survives him, a resident of Clinton, Massachusetts, aged ninety years. William and Margaret Shaughnessy were the parents of ten children: Anna, married J. H. Whalen, of Lancaster, Massachusetts; John, whose whereabouts are unknown, his son Paul a sailor in the United States Navy; Edwin, died in infancy; Captain William F. Shaughnessy, of Company K, Ninth Regiment, Massachusetts National Guard, of Clinton, Massachusetts; Rose, married John J. Brennan, of Providence, Rhode Island; Thomas J., of Clinton, Massachusetts, married, and has three sons in the United States Army, Harry, Maurice, Leo; Edward, died in Worcester, Massachusetts, in 1916; James, of Clinton, Massachusetts; Mary, married Andrew G. Griffin, of Clinton, and has a son Edward in the United States Navy; Henry Milton, of further mention.

Henry Milton Shaughnessy, youngest child of William and Margaret (Dugan) Shaughnessy, was born in Bolton, Massachusetts, November 30, 1871. He attended school and remained at the home farm until his father's death, when the family left the farm and moved to Clinton, Massachusetts. Henry M., however, at the age of fourteen, came alone to Worcester and entered the employ of Eldridge Reed, the plumber, who taught the lad his trade. He worked as a journeyman plumber until 1902, then began business under his own name. He has been very successful in business and has a well-established trade, which is centered at his store, No. 15 Austin street. He is a contractor of all forms of plumbing and gives to his business his personal supervision and care. Mr. Shaughnessy is a Democrat in politics and for the past fifteen years, 1903-18, has been treasurer of the Worcester Democratic City Committee. He was the candidate of his party for school commissioner in 1918, and has always taken an active interest in city politics. He is an ex-president of the Washington Social Club; founder of St. Paul's Cadets, composed of small boys of St. Paul's Church; member of the Knights of Columbus; is treasurer of the war committee since war broke out and has been active in the great work done by that committee in taking care of every soldier who came to Worcester. He is a member of the Master Plumbers Association of Worcester, and in all his relations with his business associates as well as those in his employ, he holds the friendliest relations. He is a communicant of St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church, and is deeply interested in all forms of parish work.

Mr. Shaughnessy married, in North Brookfield, Massachusetts, October 19, 1900, Alice Mary MacCarthy, born there, daughter of John G. and Annie (Doyle) MacCarthy, both now living in North Brookfield, her father a government inspector of leather. Mr. and Mrs. Shaughnessy are the parents of two sons: John Henry, born October 31, 1911; William Joseph, born December 24, 1913.

DANIEL F. ROURKE, Insurance agent, was born on Front street in this city, October 15, 1862, and has been a resident since his birth. He attended the public schools here, and graduated from the high school in the class of 1881. At that time roller skating was at the height of its popularity, rinks had been built in every large town and city, and Mr. Rourke became an expert in fancy skating. His services for the purpose of giving exhibitions and attracting crowds to the skating rinks were in great demand. From the high school he went into business as a professional skater, visiting all parts of the country, and continuing for four years. Though he has been in business since then and devoted his attention constantly to his office, he has not lost his love for the sports and athletics in which he excelled in boyhood.

In 1886 he started in the Fire insurance business with Captain E. A. Harris, and continued until 1889, when he opened an insurance office on his own account at No. 438 Main street, People's Savings Bank building, remaining there until 1901. After six years he moved to his present office in the Slater building, No. 390 Main street. He was the second tenant to occupy offices in that building. His business is varied. He insures dwellings, household furniture and merchandise in stock or mutual fire

insurance companies, furnishes surety bonds of all kinds, and makes a specialty of auto, fire and liability insurance. His home is at No. 12 Lagrange street. He is a charter member of Alhambra Council, No. Eighty-eight, Knights of Columbus; and Court Quinsigamond, Foresters of America; Worcester Aerie, Fraternal Order Eagles; Lodge No. 243, Benevolent Protective Order Elks; and Father Mathew Total Abstinence Society. He has been a communicant of St. Paul's Catholic Church since 1890. He served in the Worcester Light Infantry from 1886 to 1890, and reached the rank of first sergeant when mustered out. In politics he is a Democrat, and he has always been active in the councils of his party, not seeking office for himself, but merely for the love of the game and his zeal for the success of the candidates and policies of his own party. He has been a member of the Democratic city committee, chairman of the Democratic county and congressional committees, and a member of the Democratic State committee, and member of the executive committee for five years.

Mr. Rourke married, February 7, 1889, Annie G. Fitzpatrick, born in Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, and has a son, Daniel Joseph, and a daughter, Lalah May. Mr. Rourke resides at No. 12 Lagrange street, Worcester, Massachusetts.

MARTIN TRULSON, Retired hotel operator, was born October 4, 1857, at Munka Togarp, Torsterup Parish, County Ingelstad, Province of Skone, Sweden, son of Truls Rasmusson and Signa (Persdaughter) Trulson. Truls R. Trulson was born at Qualstad Parish, Sweden, and his wife in the same place. To this union there was a large family of eleven children. He followed the occupation of a farmer, and was a well-known and highly-respected man in his community. Both he and his wife remained in their native land and died there.

Martin Trulson received a good education in the public schools of Sweden. He left his native country and embarked for New York City, November 1, 1879. Immediately after arriving here he went to Kansas City, Kansas, and found employment with one of the large packing concerns. He remained in the West only a short time, and in February, 1880, came to Worcester and went to work for the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Company, large wire manufacturers, March 1, 1880, continuing there for a period of eight years, during the last six of which he was assistant foreman in the Howe Department. In 1888 he engaged in business as proprietor of a cafe at No. 18 Thomas street; two years later he moved his place of business to No. 55 Union street, and after a time there he built the Hotel Du Nord, which became one of the well-known hotels at that time. He opened it for business, May 1, 1896, and conducted it until he retired, April 21, 1917. This hotel is at Nos. 39-43 Summer street, and has been for many years a favorite meeting place for the Swedish citizens of Worcester. Mr. Trulson is a Republican in politics, and has always been keenly interested in National, State and City issues; is an active voter. He is an honorary life member of General George H. Ward Post, No. 10, Grand Army of the Republic; he was a member of the Swedish-American Republican Club for a number of years; a member of the Worcester Lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and of the Englebrekt Society. He lives retired at his home, No. 24 Germain street. To the Swedish people of Worcester, Mr. Trulson is a well-known figure, as well as having hosts of friends other than his own nationality.

Mr. Trulson married, February 12, 1885, in this city, Johanna Christine Sjogren, who was born in Sweden, and came here when a young woman. They have four children: 1. Rudolph, born November 12, 1885, in Worcester, educated in the public and high schools. 2. Mabel, born August 31, 1893, in Worcester, educated in the public schools and Tyler's Business College. 3. Henry F., born March 31, 1896, in Worcester, educated in the public and Worcester Trade schools. 4. George, born September 30, 1899, in Worcester, educated in public and high schools, and now a student in the Massachusetts Agricultural College, at Amherst.

JOHN J. MONSEY. Locally the owner of the Pearl street bowling alleys, and part owner of the Commonwealth alleys, John J. Monsey is known nationally as the founder of the Duck and Candlepin Congress and its first president. No man is more responsible for the elevation of the game of bowling from an adjunct of the saloon to a national sport and to a place in the best clubs and societies than John J. Monsey, of Worcester, Massachusetts. He has given years of his life to the development of the game through wise rules which govern length of alleys, size and character of ball and pins, and the conduct of the players. He is the author of the rules governing the candlepin game, and there are few rules now in force for the regulation of either the regular game, duck pins or candlepins, which this dean of the bowling fraternity has not had a hand in framing. He first became interested in bowling at Savin Rock, Connecticut, in 1885, and from that time his connection with the game has been con-



Martin Trulsen



Alfred D. Perry.

stant. The Pearl street alleys, of which he is the owner, have been in operation for sixty years, and in that time have changed hands but three times.

John J. Monsey was born in Hadley, Massachusetts, November 19, 1870, and there attended public school. He was but a lad when he first began playing in the ten-pin game, and in 1888 was manager for General Justin P. White (the inventor of the game of candlepins), and in 1906 entered into partnership with General Justin P. White. It was a team from his Pearl street alleys which won the world's championship in 1900, and many high grade bowlers have graduated from the same alleys. Mr. Monsey was the first president of the National Duck and Candlepin Congress, incorporated in 1905, declining a re-election, and is now a member of the board of directors. He is very popular and is as highly esteemed as he is widely-known.

ALFRED DWIGHT PERRY, Wholesale and retail milk dealer, was born in Auburn, Massachusetts, October 12, 1858, son of Joseph S. and Lucy (Day) Perry. Joseph S. Perry was born in Worcester, November 3, 1828, and died here in June, 1902. He was a farmer; served the city as street commissioner, and was once a candidate for mayor of the city. He married Lucy Day, who was born in Ludlow, Massachusetts, April 6, 1835, and died in this city, March 7, 1919. They had six children: Adelle, now living in Millbury with her son, William Grout, of Millbury; Alfred Dwight, mentioned above; Helen, married Frank P. Johnson (deceased), resides in this city at the old homestead, and has three children: Perry, Lincoln and Berkeley Johnson; Lucy, died in 1894, leaving two sons, Franklin and Walter Green, the former of whom resides in Seattle, Washington, the latter in Waterbury, Connecticut; Josephine, married Dr. Elias Porter, of Medford, Oregon, and has four children; Francis, died in infancy. For the early generations of the Perry family see the chapter on Early Settlers. Mr. Perry is a descendant of Moses and Nathan Perry.

When Alfred D. Perry was ten years old his parents moved to Worcester and he attended the public schools here, graduating from the Worcester High School in 1876. He entered the Massachusetts Agricultural College at Amherst, leaving at the end of his sophomore year to assist his father on the farm in this city. He continued in this occupation until he was twenty-six years old, then went West, where he spent ten years in various localities and vocations. Upon his return to Worcester he took charge of the homestead and conducted the farm until after the death of his father in 1902. Since that time he has been engaged in the wholesale and retail milk business in this city. His place of business is at No. 2 Lawrence street. In politics Mr. Perry is a Republican; in religion a Congregationalist. He is a member of Montacute Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; the Worcester Grange, Patrons of Husbandry; the Kiwanis Club; Worcester Agricultural Society.

Mr. Perry married, in Barre, Massachusetts, May 21, 1890, Louella Cleveland, daughter of Albert Cleveland, a farmer of Barre. Mr. and Mrs. Perry reside at No. 154 Vernon street. They have no children.

LOUIS H. BUCKLEY, Assistant manager of the United States Envelope Company, was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, a son of William T. and Emily J. Buckley. He completed all grades of Worcester's public school systems, finishing with high school graduation, class of 1883. The same year he entered the employ of the Richardson Manufacturing Company (mowing machines) continuing with that company for three years. He then transferred his services to the Logan, Swift, Brigham Envelope Company, which later became a constituent part of the United States Envelope Company. When that merger was effected Mr. Buckley was retained as manager of the Logan, Swift, Brigham division, and in 1910 he was appointed to his present position, assistant manager of the United States Envelope Company.

In politics Mr. Buckley is a Republican, and for three years was president of the Worcester Common Council. He is a member of the Masonic order, holding the thirty-second degree, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, and is affiliated with Central Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. His interests are widely diversified and are fairly indicated in his memberships in the Worcester Chamber of Commerce; Commonwealth Club; Commercial Travelers' Association; Economic Club; Patrons of Husbandry; Society of Antiquity; Worcester Agricultural Society; Worcester Mechanics' Association; Worcester Republican Club; Worcester Country Club, and Central Congregational Church.

During the World War (1917-1918) Mr. Buckley was chairman of the local selection boards of Worcester, and during 1918 was the federal food administrator of Worcester county.

Mr. Buckley married Vesta L. Whitcomb. Mrs. Buckley is a member of the Worcester County Horticultural Society, Worcester Country Club, and the Patrons of Husbandry.

JOHN STEPHEN GERETY, Manager of the Metropolitan Storage Company, was born in Hartford, Connecticut, October 12, 1884. The family moved to New Haven, in that State, when he was an infant, and he attended the public schools there, graduating from the Union High School in 1899. He began to work for a piano company in New Haven, but most of his active life has been spent in construction work in Central and South America, developing the wireless telegraph, in association with R. A. Fessenden. He came to this city in 1915, and since then has been manager of the Metropolitan Storage Company. This concern was established by the late John W. Knibbs, and has large store-houses at No. 6 Barton place, containing three hundred separate rooms. Mr. Gerety is a member of Alhambra Council, Knights of Columbus, and a communicant of St. Paul's Catholic Church, of Worcester.

Mr. Gerety married, in El Paso, Texas, December 5, 1910, Lila I. Knibbs, daughter of the late John W. Knibbs. Mr. and Mrs. Gerety have two children: John S., Jr., born July 17, 1913, and Elizabeth, born December 26, 1916.

Mr. Gerety's father, John J. Gerety, was born in Roxbury, Massachusetts, October 12, 1854; died at Plymouth, in this State, March 21, 1918; a construction engineer in the service of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company during the greater part of his life; married Mary A. Hallinan, who was born at Bakersfield, Vermont, now living in Plymouth, Massachusetts. Of their seven children, John S., mentioned above, was the eldest; Anna, married Harold Sears, of Plymouth, and has three children; Philip B., now of Boston, a salesman, is in the United States army; George, died in August, 1915; Ruth J., resides in Washington, D. C.; Francis, resides in Plymouth; Margaret H., a stenographer.

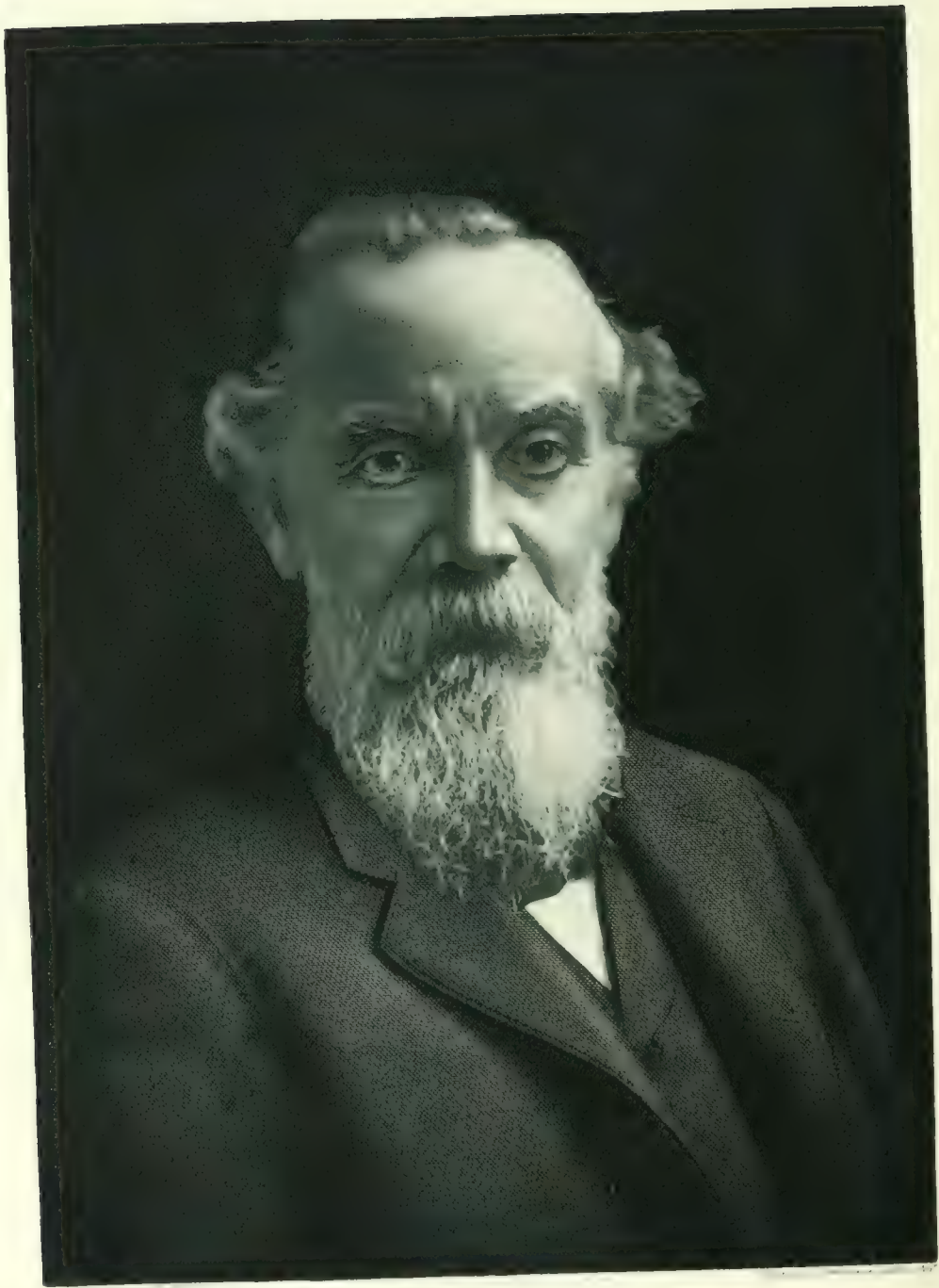
HENRY FORREST LITTLEFIELD, Florist, was born in Natick, Massachusetts, August 20, 1859, son of George H. and Lavina C. (Swan) Littlefield. George H. Littlefield was a shoemaker. He was a private in Company I, Thirty-ninth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, in the Civil War, and was killed in action, August 19, 1864.

Henry F. Littlefield received his education in the public schools of Natick. From 1894 to the present time he has been in business in this city, having a florist's shop at No. 552 Main street. His greenhouses are at No. 188 Coburn avenue, and his business is one of the most extensive in his line in this city. Mr. Littlefield is widely-known, not only in his own line of business but as a Free Mason. He is a member of Montacute Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester Lodge of Perfection; Goddard Council, Princes of Jerusalem; Lawrence Chapter of Rose Croix; Aleppo Temple, Order of the Mystic Shrine, and Aletheia Grotto, of this city. He is also a member of the Commonwealth Club.

Mr. Littlefield married, in this city, February 16, 1887, Caroline E. Batchelder, daughter of Gardner and Mary Jane (Mascroft) Batchelder. Mr. and Mrs. Littlefield have no children. Their home is on Coburn avenue.

CHARLES FRANCIS STOWELL. The Stowells of Worcester, Massachusetts, descend from Samuel Stowell, an Englishman, who was in Hingham, Massachusetts, as early as 1649. John Stowell, a grandson of Samuel, about 1740, seems to have hesitated between Sturbridge and Worcester as a residence, but in 1744 he was of Worcester, and sold land to his son-in-law, Davis Curtis, of Sturbridge, November 26, 1744. He bought his first land in Worcester in 1743, of Abisha Rice, who inherited it from Thomas Rice. John Stowell deeded the old homestead in Worcester to his son, Benjamin, who contracted to support and care for his father the remainder of his life. John Stowell was living in Worcester at the time of his death, in 1762, but as he had given away most of his property the estate he left was small. Charles Francis Stowell resides upon the farm bought by his father, a property long known as "The Old Cow Tavern." Charles F. is a son of Francis Palmer Stowell, grandson of Samuel Stowell, great-grandson of Thomas Stowell. Samuel Stowell, born at the paternal farm in Northville, married Abigail Haywood, who died in Worcester, Massachusetts, all other members of the family also dying there. Children of Samuel and Abigail (Haywood) Stowell: Harriet, Frederick, Charles, Francis Palmer, of further mention; Laura, Abigail, and Eliza.

Francis Palmer Stowell was born at his father's farm in Worcester, Massachusetts, now West Boylston street, April 20, 1820, died at his own farm, No. 274 Salisbury street, in March, 1892. He was a member of the firm, Stowell, Maynard & Company, and conducted a produce stand and market under the old City Hall. In 1864 he bought the farm on Salisbury street, and there resided until his death. He was a member of Worcester Common Council, elected as a Republican, and was a man of influence in his community. He married, October 30, 1855, in Wor-



John Jeppesen

cester, Lucy Brown, born in Worcester, June 20, 1819, and died December 13, 1888. They were the parents of two children: 1. Charles Francis, of whom further. 2. Eliza Putnam, married Charles K. Bryden, of Worcester, Mr. Bryden a flour dealer doing business in Boston. They are the parents of a daughter, Lucy S., born August 13, 1886, who married October 3, 1914, Alexander B. Campbell, an attorney of Worcester, a son, Charles B. Campbell.

Charles Francis Stowell, only son of Francis Palmer and Lucy (Brown) Stowell, was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, October 27, 1856, and until nineteen years of age attended the grade and high schools of the city. He grew up at the Salisbury street farm and early became familiar with farm work and with the details of his father's stand and produce market. For two years he was employed in the John F. Bartlett meat market, but he then returned to the home farm, and has ever since been engaged in the cultivation of its acres. In course of time he became its owner, and is one of the substantial prosperous farmers of the Worcester district. The old homestead in which he has lived since 1864 is located at No. 274 Salisbury street. Mr. Stowell is a Republican in politics, and unmarried.

JOHN JEPSSON, Superintendent of the Norton Company, and one of the founders of the business, the dean of the Swedish people of this city, was born in Hoganas, Sweden, July 1, 1844, son of Godman and Bengta (Person) Jeppson. His father was a carpenter by trade, and many of his ancestors were mechanics.

John Jeppson attended school in his native town, but when he was a boy of twelve began to work in a pottery and firebrick works. At the age of sixteen he was an apprentice in the trade of architectural work in clay, and after he had learned this trade he continued to work as a journeyman until he was twenty-four years old. Mr. Jeppson was near twenty-five years old when he decided to seek his fortune in this country. He started with the intention of finding employment at his trade in the potteries at Trenton, New Jersey, but when he arrived in New York, he learned the potters in Trenton were on strike and he then came to Worcester, where four of his countrymen had preceded him, Sven Polson, his brother-in-law; Andrew Person; and Gustaf Ahlstrom, another brother-in-law; and John Wennerstrom, all from Hoganas and all potters. He secured employment first in the foundry of Nathan Washburn, who was then making steel tires for locomotive wheels. Soon afterward, however, Mr. Polson secured a position for him in the pottery of F. B. Norton, who was then manufacturing stoneware and other kinds of pottery in this city, and he worked there for the following five years. Leaving here in 1873 he went to Taunton, Massachusetts, where he worked for Wright & Son at his trade, until 1877. After this he went to Portland, Maine, and worked for six months in a pottery that made all kinds of vases. Later he removed to West Sterling, Massachusetts, and was employed there in a pottery for Snow & Coolidge until the spring of 1880. He was a skillful artisan and was generally employed in the decorative part of the work, and he received the highest wages paid at that time to workmen in this industry.

When he returned to this city in 1880, after working in various potteries in other towns and cities for seven years, he had added to the skill he had acquired in his native land and had a thorough knowledge of the business, as then developed in this country. He again entered the employ of Mr. Norton, who had been meantime experimenting with grinding machinery and emery wheels, on which he had secured patents. The improvement that Mr. Norton first made was in adopting a vitrified process, whereas the wheels had previously been made of emery and silicate. The superiority of this grinding wheel soon created a business. Mr. Jeppson made some of the first wheels produced by the Norton concern at the pottery on Water street, every part of the machine, including the drawings, being his work.

In 1884, Mr. Jeppson was one of the founders of the Norton Emery Wheel Company, the others being George I. Alden, Milton P. Higgins, Charles L. Allen, Fred H. Daniels and Horace A. Young. (See the Norton Company and biographies of those mentioned). This company purchased the emery wheel patents of Mr. Norton and was incorporated, June 20, 1885. Mr. Jeppson has been superintendent of this company, its successors and subsidiary corporations from the beginning to the present time; has taken his full share in the development, progress and expansion of one of the most unique, successful and important industries in this country. In 1886 he had charge of the erection of the first buildings of the plant at Greendale. At that time the company employed only sixteen hands. The concern began with two kilns and now has more than eighty. The business has increased from this small beginning until it now employs about five thousand men in this city alone and many hundreds of men at its plants in other cities. Mr. Jeppson year after year brought out new models of grinding machinery, using new materials, new devices, until the variety

seems numberless. The Norton Grinding Company, another corporation closely allied with the first company, was organized to make the grinding machinery. Both corporations are now merged in the Norton Company. In recent years he has withdrawn from the more arduous duties of the office of superintendent, but is constantly giving his advice, and his decisions are in constant demand and his service perhaps never more important and valuable to the great corporation to which he has given the best of his mental and physical strength for the past forty years.

Outside of the Norton concern, he has given little time to other affairs, though ever ready to assist his countrymen and at times to lead them in movements of importance. A Lutheran in religion, he has been a steadfast supporter and consistent member of the Hethsemane Swedish Lutheran Church, now the First Swedish Lutheran Church, Belmont street. When he helped organize this church, there were few people of the denomination in the city. (See sketch of church in this work). Mr. Jeppson has taken the thirty-second degree in Masonry, and enjoys a wide acquaintance and friendship among the Free Masons of New England. He is a member of W. Boylston Lodge; Royal Arch Masons; Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Worcester County Commandery and the Worcester Lodge of Perfection; Goddard Council of Princes of Jerusalem; Lawrence Chapter of Rose Croix, and the Massachusetts Consistory. Mr. Jeppson was an intimate friend of the late editor of "Skandania," Axel J. L. Tode, who died in Sweden in 1915, and for many years served with him as treasurer of the Swedish Publishing Company, publishers of this well-known Swedish weekly, of which Mr. Jeppson was one of the founders. In politics Mr. Jeppson is a staunch and lifelong Republican. The engrossing nature of his duties at the works have prevented him from accepting the many opportunities offered to him during the past thirty years or more to enter public life, but that does not mean that he has lacked interest in public affairs. As a counsellor of his people, adviser of the Republican organization, and of municipal officers, his judgment has been of great value to the city and abundantly appreciated. Few men in the city are more honored and beloved than he.

The city owes to John Jeppson an obligation it can never meet, for bringing here a substantial part of its best population, and guiding and influencing them in the right way during the years of their apprenticeship in American ways and speech. An even greater debt is that of the Swedish people who have come here, poor and bewildered by the conditions of a new home in a strange country, but found in him a kind friend and adviser. Those in need, the sick and friendless have never sought his aid in vain. The extent of his charity is not known, for his own modesty and reticence prevents his best friend from estimating it, but the affection in which he is held, the stories of kindness and beneficence told by the immigrants themselves indicate how useful a citizen he has been. This service to his countrymen, his influence in keeping their ideals high, their purposes good, their character and manhood examples for new-comers of all other races, was perhaps as important as his prominence in the manufacturing world, his achievements in business, his friendship among the great men of this country and Sweden, in bringing to him the decoration bestowed by the King of Sweden, the Order of Wasa, one of the most ancient and coveted orders of his native land.

Mr. Jeppson married, June 27, 1872, in All Saints' Church in this city, Tilda Ahlstrom, a sister of Gustaf Ahlstrom, one of the four Swedish pioneers of the city. Mr. and Mrs. Jeppson have one son, George N. (see biography).

GEORGE N. JEPPESON, Works manager of the Norton Company, was born in this city, April 14, 1873, son of John and Tilda (Ahlstrom) Jeppson.

He attended the public and high schools here and the old Highland Military Academy on Salisbury street. While a student in the academy he attained the rank of lieutenant in its military company. For some time he was a student in the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, leaving there to learn the business in the Norton works. Having mastered the details of the business he went to Stockholm, Sweden, in 1896, and became a student of chemistry in the Stockholm Institute, for the purpose of fitting himself for the duties he has had since then in the Norton works. Upon his return he was given a position of responsibility in the Norton business. Since 1902 he has been assistant superintendent of the plants now operated by the Norton Company, and intimately associated with his father in the management. In later years he has taken upon himself much of the burden formerly carried by his father as superintendent. He has had a large share in the great expansion of the works in the past twenty years or more, and is widely-known among the manufacturers of the country.

In public affairs Mr. Jeppson has exerted a great and wholesome influence. Politically a Republican, he has always served his party with his time, money and



George N. Jepsen



Henry A. Knight.

influence with marked loyalty. He has been on almost every public committee of importance with the leading men of the city. He is a member of the Worcester County Republican Club and the Chamber of Commerce. Mr. Jeppson represented his ward in the Common Council in 1902, 1903, and in the Board of Aldermen in 1909 and 1910, and was president of the Board of Aldermen both years. His service in the City Council was characterized by exceptional ability and faithfulness and was highly appreciated. Had he been willing, he could have no doubt held the highest offices of the Worcester City Government. He is a thirty-second degree Mason; member of the Quinsigamond Lodge, Royal Arch Masons; Royal and Select Masters; Worcester Commandery, Knights Templar; Worcester Lodge of Perfection, Goddard Council of Princes of Jerusalem; Lawrence Chapter of Rose Croix and the Massachusetts Consistory.

Mr. Jeppson married, May 1, 1910, in this city Ula, daughter of John and Betty (Ahlstrom) Swanston, of Worcester. They have two children, Breta and John.

All of the Swedish pioneers in Worcester were from Hoganas, Sweden. The first five were potters by trade. They were: Sven Polson, brother-in-law of John Jeppson, employed in F. B. Norton's pottery, making the first emery wheels in Worcester, later proprietor of a small pottery, now living in Philadelphia (1915); Andrew Person, also a potter, now deceased, who afterward owned a small pottery in Bangor, Maine; Gustaf Ahlstrom, another brother-in-law of Mr. Jeppson, now living in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; John Wennerstrom, now living in Trenton, New Jersey; and John Jeppson, still the foremost Swedish citizen of Worcester. Mr. Jeppson was accompanied to this country by John Engstrom and Samuel Hammar, who also came to Worcester.

HENRY ASHLEY KNIGHT, Superintendent of street lighting, and supervisor of wires of the City of Worcester, was born in this city, August 21, 1854, son of Alden Bradford and Mary J. (White) Knight. He received his education here in the public schools and was associated with his brother for a number of years after leaving school, in the retail milk business. For a few years he was a law student, afterward becoming a member of the firm of Mann & Knight, dealers in wood and coal in this city, for a period of thirteen years.

When the office of superintendent of street lighting was created in 1891, he was elected the first to fill it, and has continued in office by successive re-elections since that time (1892). He has also been supervisor of wires since that office was established in 1895. Both positions have grown in importance year by year, as the city has grown and public service corporations have multiplied their wires. His duties in enforcing the law requiring the wires to be put under ground were especially onerous. The City Street Lighting Department, of which he is by virtue of his office practically the director, has been extended in importance very materially in recent years. The service has been incomparably better in later years. Old methods have been discarded and new ones adopted from time to time. In politics he is a Republican, and is a member of Union Congregational Church.

He married, May 11, 1881, Effie Jane Phelps, who was born in West Boylston, daughter of Thomas V. and Emily Phelps, of Hopkinton, Massachusetts. Before her marriage she was a school teacher. She died May 9, 1909, in this city. They had one son, Henry Rockwood. His home is at No. 10 Clark street in this city. Mr. Knight is a prominent Free Mason, a member of Athelstan Lodge; Past High Priest of Eureka Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Past Thrice Illustrious Master of Hiram Council, Royal and Select Masters; Past Eminent Commander of Worcester Commandery, Knights Templar; member of Worcester Lodge of Perfection, Goddard Council, Princes of Jerusalem; Lawrence Chapter of Rose Croix; the Massachusetts Consistory and Past Monarch of Aletheia Grotto, No. 13, of Worcester. He is a member of the executive committee of the National Association of Municipal Inspectors; a member of the Worcester Agricultural Society; trustee and chairman of Relief Committee of the Worcester Masonic Charity and Educational Association; vice-president of the trustees of the Masonic fraternity.

LIEUTENANT HENRY ROCKWOOD KNIGHT, "Killed in action," with his face to the foe, thus Lieutenant Henry Rockwood Knight, of Company H, 104th Regiment, United States Infantry, American Expeditionary Forces, completed gloriously his earthly career, the first commissioned officer from Worcester to fall in the holy cause in which his country is engaged. Although beyond the age named as the selective draft limit, and being also exempt through family responsibilities, he waived all his rights, and with a glad heart engaged in the combat on the side of justice and humanity.

There are no particulars as to how Lieutenant Knight met his fate, but those who knew him realize that he "went through" that last named ordeal as he had bravely

and effectively met every crisis of his life, for there was no finer type of the American volunteer officer than this brave Worcester man, who sailed for France with a smile on his face, but with deep determination in his heart to worthily uphold the honor of his country on foreign battle fields. Lieutenant Knight was awarded the Croix-de-Guerre for his gallantry at Apremont Woods on April 12, 1918, by the commanding general of the French Army Corps with which his regiment was serving at the time. The citation is as follows: "For conspicuous coolness, judgment and gallantry in leading his platoon through an enemy barrage to reinforce the front lines. He fell gloriously at the head of his men, whom he was leading in counter attack."

Henry Rockwood Knight, only son of Henry A. and Effie Jane (Phelps) Knight, was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, January 9, 1886, died in battle at Apremont Woods, in France, April 12, 1918, fighting with the American Expeditionary Forces. He was educated in the grade high schools and Worcester Academy of the city, in 1903, his last year at high school, was a member of the champion track team. At the Academy he won the mile run, establishing a record which held for several years. After completing his school years he entered the employ of the New England Telephone and Telegraph Company, and at the time of leaving for the Mexican border in 1916 with his regiment, was a construction foreman. He had a record of loyal, efficient service with the company, and his friends were many among the telephone workers with whom he came in contact.

Lieutenant Knight began his military career with the Wellington Rifles of Worcester, enlisting in 1908, and won promotion through all the grades from the ranks to a lieutenant's commission. He was admired and respected by his comrades of the Rifles, his superior officers regarding him as a soldier who could be called upon for any service with a certainty that no matter how arduous and hazardous the duty might be, it would be performed if humanly possible. In 1916 came the "Call to the Colors," and at the president's call he left his civilian duties and went with his company to the Mexican border as second lieutenant, and there spent the summer in arduous training and war service with the American troops. Later he enlisted in the United States army, Company H, 104th Regiment of Infantry, was commissioned second lieutenant, sailed for France, was there promoted first lieutenant by General Pershing's request, and in that rank led his men to the battle which was to give him immortality. He was a good soldier, won his rank through honest soldierly effort and ability, and on the page of his military history there is neither spot nor stain, the record ending as a soldier would wish it, "Killed in Action," and beneath this should be written the words of his father: "If he had to die, I am glad he died under the American flag and with his face toward the Hun."

Lieutenant Knight married Margaret M. Buckley, who survives him at the home, No. 16 Clark street, Worcester, with two children: Clifford, born in 1911, and Effie, in 1914. He was a member of Union Congregational Church, and Worcester Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and on the service flags of both church and lodge is a golden star standing alike for sorrow and pride, reflecting the feeling in Worcester for Lieutenant Henry Rockwood Knight, the city's first commissioned officer to give his life in France for Liberty's holy cause. He was buried in the French Military Cemetery at Vignot, France, April 15, 1918.

Lieutenant Knight was well known in City Hall circles, he and his father, Supervisor Henry A. Knight, being very fond of each other's society, and often "chummed" in the supervisor's office. As a mark of respect to both Lieutenant Knight and his father, Mayor Holmes, with members of City Council and heads of departments, met at City Hall, and in a body attended a memorial service held in Union Church, April 28, 1918.

His men said of him: "He was a soldier, an officer, and a gentleman. He was what we soldiers call a white man."

SWAN J. LARSON. Without question there is something in the character of the Swedish people that fits them peculiarly for success in material affairs, a something which is made up of many factors and elements united in such happy proportions that both the theoretical and practical sides of these callings seem to offer them a most congenial realm for their efforts.

Swan J. Larson, son of Lars and Celia (Jacobson) Larson, and brother of Nils, Hilda, and Ida Larson, one of the representative business men and citizens of Worcester, Massachusetts, is a native of Skone, Sweden, where he was born September 12, 1884. His childhood was spent in his native country and it was there that he obtained a good education. In 1897, however, when he was but thirteen years of age, he came to the United States and located in the city of Worcester. He at once applied himself to learn the trade of carpenter, which he mastered very quickly, and being of an unusually alert and enterprising



Henry R Knight



character began at once to advance in the world. For two years, while he was still a mere youth, he was superintendent of the contracting firm of Mackson & Company, and during this period he was ever on the alert to become independent and he was finally able to gratify his wishes. At the end of the two years Mr. Larson became a contractor himself, and his venture in this line met with an immediate success. The excellent workmanship and material which he put into all his work, and his obvious intention to deal fairly with those who patronized him, gained him a hearty recognition and he soon began to do a large business. He has, since that time, well fulfilled the early promise that he made and has erected many buildings in Worcester, especially dwellings, of which he has built about three hundred, situated in all parts of the city. He built whole streets of houses, and finally became interested in development projects and constructed as many as sixty dwellings for himself. All of these he has sold, the transaction being a highly remunerative one. One of his largest contracts was to build sixty houses for the Norton Company in their great Indian Hill development plan. In all these operations he has proved himself exceedingly public-spirited and has kept the welfare of the community and its members ever at heart. This was well illustrated in his action in connection with the Greendale Swedish Lutheran Church. Mr. Larson is not a member of this organization, but he was nevertheless one of the most active of the group of men who pushed the project of building the present handsome church edifice to a successful conclusion. Indeed, the building of this church may be said to have been due in a large measure to his enthusiastic work. Mr. Larson has always maintained the high reputation which he won in the early days of his business career for square dealing and honorable work, and it is felt by all who were associated with him that his observance of his obligations is more than formal and that he lives up to the spirit as well as to the letter of his contract. It is this that has given him a position in the business world truly remarkable for one of his comparatively youthful age, for Mr. Larson is just passed his thirty-fourth birthday, while his business is as firmly established as though it had been the result of a long lifetime of hard work. A career that has begun thus brilliantly contains a still more brilliant promise for the future, and it requires very little of the prophetic ability to foresee for Mr. Larson a long career of success and useful service. Mr. Larson has made himself a conspicuous figure in the general life of the community as well as in the realm of business, and has identified himself with many movements undertaken for the city's welfare. He is also well-known in fraternal circles, and is a prominent member of the Masonic order. He is a member of the Republican Party.

Swan J. Larson was united in marriage, August 7, 1907, at Boston, with Emma, daughter of Gustaf and Augusta (Anderson) Olson, like himself a native of Sweden, from which country she came to the United States at an early age. Mr. and Mrs. Larson are the parents of two children, Evans W. and Loraine M.

CARL B. BENSON. This well-known Worcester merchant, son of Martin and Gustafva Benson, was born in Falkenberg, Sweden, August 3, 1886. In the year 1890 his parents and five children, Alma S., Carl B., Albert, George, and Edwin, came to the United States, arriving in New York, but going on immediately to Worcester.

Carl B. Benson was educated in the public schools, taking his higher courses in Worcester evening high school. He also attended Worcester Business Institute. In the year 1902 he entered the employ of the M. C. Boyd & Brother Coal Company, as bookkeeper, remaining with that company four years. The two following years were spent with the Northboro Woolen Company in similar capacity, after which he traveled through various states of the West on business. In April, 1911, he returned to Worcester, and soon afterward established in business in partnership with Andrew Freemanzon, their line, men's furnishings goods, they purchasing the well-known store owned by the A. W. Hjelm Company at No. 265 Main street. In September, 1914, their business having so prospered during its short life of three years that larger quarters were a necessity, their store was moved to No. 273 Main street, a location formerly occupied by the Anderson & Swenson Company. There the firm, Benson & Freemanzon, carry a complete line of gentleman's clothing and furnishings, and with a custom tailoring department. Mr. Benson is manager of the S. E. Hanson Ticket Company; director of the Skandra Credit Union; member of Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Thule Lodge, No. 239, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Worcester Lodge, Knights of Pythias; John Ericsson Lodge, V. O.; Viking Council, Independent Order Mystic Brethren; Carl XV, Scandinavian Fraternity of America; Idun Rebekah Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. In politics he is a Republican, and with his family Mr. Benson attends the Swedish Lutheran church. Mr. Benson married Annie L., daughter of Oliver Longvall, of Worcester.

ANDREW FREEMANZON, of the well-known Worcester mercantile firm, Benson & Freemanzon, was born in Pomfret, Connecticut, June 29, 1879, son of Axel and Mary Freemanzon. He was educated in the public schools of Pomfret and at Woodstock Academy. He here became connected with Norcross Brothers, contractors, and for ten years was in the employ of that firm in the construction department. The next two years he was with the Richardson Manufacturing Company, and in 1909 became acquainted with Carl B. Benson, and traveled with him through the West until April, 1911, when both returned to Worcester and became business partners under the firm name, Benson & Freemanzon. That relation still exists, and the business founded in 1911 is still their mutual interest.

Mr. Freemanzon is a member of Athelstan Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Thule Lodge, No. 239, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Svea Gille Association; Wellington Rifles, Company H., 1901-06. He enlisted in the United States Army, June 15, 1917, and was honorably discharged, February 15, 1919. He was a first-class sergeant at the Remount depot in Ayer, Massachusetts. In politics he is a Republican.

CARL HJALMAR STYFFE, Foreman in the Norton Company Works, was born in Sweden, May 6, 1870. He received his education in the public schools of his native place. From the age of fourteen to the time he came to this country, when seventeen years old, he worked in the coal mines at Billerholm. He located at Worcester immediately after coming to this country and found employment in the pistol shops of Iver Johnson. For two years he attended the evening school in this city. He left the Johnson works to become a clerk in the grocery store of Martin Trulson. In 1890 he entered the employ of the Norton Emery Wheel Company as stock clerk. At that time this company employed but thirty-five hands. As the business increased his position became one of greater importance and responsibility. He had charge of the grading department and was its foreman for many years. Except for a few months when he served as patrolman on the Worcester police force during the administration of Mayor Fletcher he has continued in the Norton works to the present time, and as foreman during most of the time.

Mr. Styffe has taken an active part in public affairs. He has been an active Republican, serving the city for twenty years as election precinct officer. His first vote was for Benjamin Harrison for president. He has been especially useful to his fellow-countrymen in aiding them to secure their naturalization. He could have been elected to the Common Council, but declined the offer of the nomination. He has been a member of Massasoit Tribe, Improved Order of Red Men, since 1890, and has occupied all the chairs of that body in succession. He was a communicant of the First Swedish Lutheran Church for many years, but since 1914 has been a member of Zion Swedish Church, Greendale, and its treasurer. He is a charter member of the Swedish Republican Club. He was a delegate to the Grand Lodge in 1914 and 1915 at Chicago, and in 1917 at Cleveland. He was a delegate to the State Lodge at Lynn. He has been a member from the beginning, of the Norton Mutual Benefit Society, its clerk, president and member of the board of directors, respectively, for a number of years; he has been president since 1914. This organization began with sixty-five charter members and now has 1,600. The membership doubled during the year 1917.

Mr. Styffe married, October 10, 1892, in this city, Amanda Walker, who was born in Sweden. Their home is at No. 38 Fairview terrace in this city. They have no children.

ORESTE CLAUDIO SABINO ZIROLI. Through his recent election to the directorate and vice-presidency of the Samuel H. Pitcher Company, Incorporated, civil engineers and architects of Worcester, Mr. Zirolì came prominently into the public eye as an architect of recognized ability, as he is in charge of that branch of the company's business dealing with the design and construction of buildings. For the past ten years the Samuel H. Pitcher Company has devoted itself to civil and municipal engineering, generally, but with the addition of Mr. Zirolì, with his extensive following, the new department prospered from its beginning. Mr. Zirolì prior to his entering the firm has designed many buildings in Worcester, including the Worcester market house, the Christian Science church, and the Packard service station on Shrewsbury street.

He is a son of Nicholas A. Zirolì, born in Montenero, Italy, a sculptor, now residing at Fall River, Massachusetts. His mother, Marcia C. (Di Fio) Zirolì, was born in Scapoli, Italy. They are the parents of eight children: Genevieve G., married Vincent Ciaburri, and resides in New Bedford, Massachusetts; Oreste C. S., of further mention; Sylvester A. S., of Leicester, Massachusetts, engineer with the East Bridge



EUGENE F. GRAY

Construction Company; Luigina, married Faustino Caroselli, and resides at Fall River, Massachusetts; Louis, died in infancy; Lillian, married Antonio Del Pozzo, and died in New Bedford, Massachusetts, in 1918; Theresa, died aged five years; Humbert W., a lieutenant of the senior grade, United States Navy, a graduate of Annapolis United States Naval Academy, class of 1912; he sailed with the First American fleet to leave for the seat of the great World War, being assigned to the flagship of that division; for nineteen months he was on active sea duty; he is now (1919) supervising the construction of the destroyer, "Hopewell," at Newport News.

Oreste C. S. Zirolì was born at Scapoli, Italy, September 24, 1881, and there the first nine years of his life were passed. In 1890 his parents came to the United States and located at Fall River, Massachusetts, there the father opening a studio and engaging in his art as a sculptor. At Fall River the boy, Oreste C. S., passed the grammar school grades of the public school, finishing in 1897. After leaving school he was with several building firms of Fall River, and took special courses in the study of architecture. In 1902 he came to Worcester, there securing a position as draughtsman with J. W. Bishop, a general contractor, and for six years he continued in Mr. Bishop's employ, becoming skilled in draughting and advancing in rank as a designing architect and superintendent of construction.

He then resigned his position with Mr. Bishop and opened an office in Worcester, offering his services to the public as an architect. He gained a strong position in the business, and until the entrance of the United States into the World War he was very successful in his profession. He then closed up his business and entered the Government service at Muscle Shoals, Alabama, where he was in charge of the draughting and scheduling departments at the plant of the United States Air Nitrate Corporation, which was being built by the Government. This was the first large nitrate plant built in the United States, covering several square miles, employing five thousand operatives, and costing \$30,000,000. The plant began operations just before the signing of the armistice which put a stop to further construction work, Mr. Zirolì returning to Worcester.

Shortly afterward he formed an association with the Samuel H. Pitcher Company, and in January, 1917, was elected a director and vice-president of the company, his special field the newly-created department of architecture. In politics Mr. Zirolì is a Republican. He is a past sachem of Wampus Tribe, Improved Order of Red Men; member of the Worcester Rifle Club; Worcester County Fish and Game Association; Newbury Grange; Worcester Commonwealth and Country clubs; and Leicester Club of Leicester, Connecticut. While living at Fall River he was fond of military drill and discipline, belonging to Company M. of the Massachusetts Heavy Coast Artillery, and was one of the experts of the range finding corps. He was also a qualified sharpshooter, one of the best in the company. He continued his military life until removing from the State, and from under the jurisdiction of the regiment. He was honorably discharged and mustered out, his comrades parting from him with regret. Hunting, fishing and golf are favored recreations with him, and he misses no opportunity to enjoy the sports of the open air.

Mr. Zirolì married, at Fall River, Massachusetts, April 30, 1905, Rose Anna Plante, born at Fall River, died in Leicester, Connecticut, December 31, 1918, daughter of Alfred and Mary (De Montigny) Plante, both now residents of Fall River. Mr. and Mrs. Zirolì were the parents of five children: Elena A., Oresta C., Nicholas E., Alfred E., Silvia L.

EUGENE FRANK GRAY—The ancestors of Eugene Frank Gray, of Worcester, Massachusetts, came from Great Britain to New England in the 17th century. They settled in New York prior to the Revolution and served with the Colonial forces against the King. John C. Gray, an ice merchant, father of Eugene Frank, was born in 1830, at Palatine, Montgomery county, N. Y., died January 5, 1889. He married Isabelle Amelia Kilborn, who yet survives him, a resident of Watertown, N. Y., where on October 12, 1918, she celebrated her eighty-eighth birthday.

Eugene Frank Gray, sixth son of John C. and Isabelle Amelia (Kilborn) Gray, was born in Watertown, Jefferson county, New York, June 6, 1868, and there was educated in the public schools and later at a business college. At an early age he showed remarkable ability as an artist, leading his school in free-hand drawing and writing. As a lad of thirteen his talent for art developed into landscape painting, and before reaching his majority his work commanded ready sale, several of his paintings bringing the hundred dollar mark. He also studied the art of interior decorating, and at the age of eighteen years began contracting in that line. At the age of twenty, he studied photography in his home town, Watertown, N. Y., under A. A. Johnson. In the fall of 1890 he went to Scranton, Pennsylvania, where he spent two years with the Charles Griffin Studio on Wyoming avenue. On returning to Watertown, he opened

a studio on State street and Public square in the new Smith building, where he conducted business for eight years. He sold the Watertown business in 1899 and removed to Hartford, Connecticut, January 1, 1900, remaining three years, managing the De Lameter Studio.

Since 1903 he has made a careful study in the technique and art of photographing people in their own homes, and is one of the pioneers in this branch of his profession in which he has attained the highest reputation. Later he located at New Haven, Connecticut, where he confined his work to home portraiture exclusively. From 1913 to 1915 he was vice-president and manager of the Louis Fabian Bachrach Company, resigning to conduct his own private business. His studio, originally at No. 1 Chatham street, was later moved to No. 476 Main street, its present location. He is skilled in the technique of his art, but more than all possesses the true artistic spirit, nature having endowed him a natural born artist.

Mr. Gray is a member of the Photographers' Association of America and the Photographers' Association of New England. He joined Jefferson Union Lodge, I. O. O. F., in 1890, at the age of twenty-one, and was the originator and organizer of Corona Lodge, No. 705, I. O. O. F., Watertown, N. Y., of which he was the second presiding officer and in which he still holds his membership as past noble grand. He joined Watertown Lodge, No. 49, Free and Accepted Masons, in 1893; Watertown Chapter, No. 59, Royal Arch Masons, the following year; is also a member of Hiram Council of Royal and Select Masters, of Worcester, Massachusetts; Aletheia Grotto, M. O. V. P. E. R., Worcester, Massachusetts; Worcester Chamber of Commerce; National Retail Credit Men's Association, Worcester Retail Credit Men's Association; Worcester Grotto Club, and the Worcester Kiwanis Club. He was baptized in All Saints' Universalist Church of Watertown, New York.

Mr. Gray married, in Watertown, New York, September 25, 1894, Sarah Emily Hickok, born in Watertown, daughter of George Francis and Jennie Elizabeth (Jackson) Hickok. Mr. and Mrs. Gray are the parents of five children: 1. Clarence Carlton, born August 27, 1895, died in infancy. 2. Leland Eugene, born in Watertown, New York, January 5, 1897; enlisted in the United States army, February 28, 1918; was sent to Camp Jackson, South Carolina; was later transferred to the United States School of Aerial Photography at Rochester, New York; honorably discharged December 18, 1918. 3. Isabelle Elizabeth, born in Watertown, May 7, 1899, died aged twenty-two months. 4. Henry Harold, born in Hartford, Connecticut, January 11, 1903; a high school student. 5. Dorothy Adelene, born in Waterbury, Connecticut, September 23, 1904; a high school student.

MICHAEL EDWARD MCGADY—In 1901 Mr. McGady built the Vernon Square Hotel in Worcester, and has, as its proprietor, been very successful. He is a son of Michael and Rosa (Derry) McGady, his father a native of Donegal, Ireland. After coming to Worcester Michael McGady entered the employ of the Ames Plow Company, and for forty-five years faithfully served that corporation.

Michael E. McGady was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, March 23, 1866, and educated in the public schools. He found his first employment, after school days were over, with the Knowles Loom Works, remaining with that company two years. The next two years were spent as clerk with the Coöperative Store on Pleasant street, after which he entered the liquor business, having a store on Mulberry street until 1901. He then purchased the lot containing eleven thousand square feet upon which he erected the four-story building with forty rooms, known as the Vernon Square Hotel. This property he still owns, and as the popular landlord of the Vernon Square Hotel Mr. McGady is known far and near. He is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and of the Roman Catholic church.

Mr. McGady married, in February, 1896, Sarah A. McCarthy, daughter of Patrick and Hannah (Conlon) McCarthy. Mr. and Mrs. McGady are the parents of six children: Francis J., Blaid, Beaven, Rosa, Katherine and Anna. The family home is a beautiful residence, No. 80 Salisbury street, Worcester.

JOHN HOHANNES (YAZIJIAN) WRITER, First Armenian in this city, retired wire worker, former manufacturer and merchant, was born in Alexandropol, Russia (Russian Armenia), December 1, 1836. His surname Yazijian, meaning scribe or writer, was Americanized after he came to this country. He received his education in Erzerum, Turkey, and at Euphrates College in Harpoot, Turkey, and in the Missionary College of Turkey. He became a missionary worker among the Armenians, teaching and preaching, though not ordained.

In 1874 he came to this country, and after working for two years in New York City came to Millbury, Massachusetts, where he was employed in a factory. In the following year he came to Worcester and by general consent is given the honor of



Michael E. McGady.



HON. PETER G. HOLMES

being the first permanent Armenian settler here. He rented a small store on the site of the present federal building, Southbridge street, and began to make rugs, a trade he had learned in Armenia. His family joined him here in 1882. After giving up his rug business he entered the employ of the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Company and continued in the wire mill until 1904, when he was retired and pensioned, being incapacitated by accidents for active labor. He died in this city, March 22, 1911. The home of the family is at No. 17 Courtland street. The first prayer meetings were held in the home of Mr. Writer, in 1882, which formed the nucleus from which came the Church of Martyrs, of which Mr. Writer was a deacon and active member up to the time of his death, being the Protestant Armenian church in Worcester.

Mr. Writer married Sarah Sargavakian, at Harpoot, Turkey, December 14, 1865. She was born in Harpoot, daughter of Hohannes and Mariam (Zarkarian) Sargavakian. Her father was born in Diarbekr, Armenia; her mother in Harpoot. Mr. and Mrs. Writer had eight children, of whom six are living: 1. Mary, married John H. Shaljan, photographer, of this city, and has one child, Ruth May Shaljan. 2. Richard Dickran, married Minnie Barsamian, of Troy, New York, and has two children: Hazel Sarah and Herbert Arsen. 3. George Aram, first Armenian child born in this city and first to graduate from the Worcester High School; born March 11, 1883; married Mabel Smith, of Barre, Massachusetts. 4. Henry Haig, now with the Wyman-Gordon Company. 5. Lillian Maud. 6. Edward Benjamin, enlisted in Battery E, One Hundred and Second Regiment, Field Artillery, United States Army, now in the service in France. Mr. Writer's father, Harootoon Armer Khanian, was liberally educated, and for many years was an accountant in the Turkish government service; later a resident of Alexandropol, in Russian Armenia. Both he and his wife, Aznive Harootian, were natives of Erzerum, Turkey.

PEHR GUSTAV HOLMES. The persistent and untiring industry and high moral character of the Swedish citizens of the United States have contributed in no small degree to the advancement of the general welfare. Independent in thought and action, they are never found a charge upon the public, and have been ever useful in the development of industry.

John J. Holmes resided in Wermland, Sweden, and there married Caroline Johnson. In 1885 they removed to the United States and settled at Worcester, Massachusetts, where Mr. Holmes has been employed for many years in a manufacturing establishment now known as the American Steel & Wire Company. They were the parents of three children: A son, Carl William, associated with his brother in the electroplating business in Worcester; a daughter, Martha, unmarried; and Pehr Gustav, of this review.

Pehr Gustav Holmes was born April 9, 1881, in Wermland, Sweden, and was four and one-half years of age when he came with his parents to this country. With a keen mind and an ambition to rise in the world he gave diligent attention to his studies in the Millbury street public school of Worcester, until fourteen years of age, when the force of circumstances required him to leave school and engage in some gainful occupation. His first occupation was at the Reed & Prince Screw Factory, which position he held only a short period. For the following two years he was employed as errand boy and junior clerk in a store, after which he began an apprenticeship at the trade of electrotyping, engraving and electroplating. He continued as a journeyman at this occupation until 1909, when he engaged in business for himself, with a shop at No. 19 Church street, Worcester. The working force at the beginning consisted of himself and two assistants, but his energy, close attention to business, careful business methods and upright dealings soon developed a business which required additional aid. The enterprise prospered from the beginning, and now employs sixteen men and serves customers throughout New England. The business was established without borrowed capital, being financed with the savings of Mr. Holmes' previous activity. He has merited success by his close application and careful attention to the wants of his customers. On attaining his majority, Mr. Holmes began to take an active interest in the progress of affairs, and was soon very active in politics, allying himself with the Republican party. For six years he was a member of the Republican city committee of Worcester, and for four years was a member of the Common Council, from 1909 to 1912, inclusive, representing ward six. In 1913 and 1914 he represented that ward on the Board of Aldermen, and in 1915 and 1916 was alderman-at-large, serving also as president of the board and chairman of its two principal committees, those on finance and streets. During the eight years that he has been connected with the municipal legislative bodies he has served on all of their principal committees, and in 1913 and 1914 he was chairman of the water committee, when the great development of the Worcester Water Works and

the construction of the Pine Hill Dam were inaugurated. By this the water supply of the city has been doubled, and Mr. Holmes has been active in promoting all the various undertakings of constructive work during the past few years in and about Worcester. He has been especially active in connection with the building operations for the past three years, which includes school houses, hospitals and the water works. Although only thirty-five years of age, Mr. Holmes is the oldest in point of service now connected with the city government of Worcester. His connection with public affairs and his various social organizations of his home city has very widely extended his acquaintance, and all who know him may be counted among his friends. He is a member of the Worcester Publicity Association, the Worcester Rotary Club, the Worcester Country Club, Tatassit Canoe Club, the Worcester Continentals, and several fraternal organizations, including Athelstan Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, Massasoit Tribe, Improved Order of Red Men, and John Erickson Lodge. He is a member of the Worcester County Republican Club, of which he was three years president. In his political activities he has ever aimed to promote an honest and efficient government and to maintain for himself a clean record. He is a member of the First Swedish Congregational Church of Worcester, and endeavors to live up to his religious profession. He is a man of fine personal appearance, and excellent address; of cheerful disposition and cordial manners. Most of his spare time is devoted to the development of his fine orchard, embracing four acres of ground, mostly set in apple trees. His residence is at No. 27 Holden street.

Mr. Holmes married, May 26, 1903, in Worcester, Freda C. Johnson, daughter of Andrew G. Johnson, of Worcester. They have two children: Wilfred Kennith, born October 8, 1912; and Stanley Burton, August 15, 1914.

CARMINE ZAMARRO. Born in Vallata, Italy, May 3, 1888, Carmine Zamarro was brought by his parents to Worcester, Massachusetts, when a child of five years, and here he has since resided and won his way to honorable standing as a business man. He is a son of Michael Zamarro, born in Italy, who died in Worcester in 1903, aged forty-three. For ten years prior to his death Michael Zamarro was engaged in business in Worcester as a grocer and was also a banker for the Italian colony, transacting their financial business and conducting a steamship ticket office for their benefit. He married Anna Palmisano, who survives him, residing in Worcester aged sixty years. They were the parents of nine children, five deceased. The four living are: Fannie, married Dominick Caccialino, of Clinton, Massachusetts; Carmine, of further mention; Mary, married Michael Terlizzi, of Worcester; Clara, married Primo Antonelli, of Worcester.

Carmine Zamarro attended Worcester school from his first coming until reaching the age of fifteen years, then began working in a carpet mill. Later he opened an office for the sale of steamship tickets, using his mother's name as head of the business. He first located at No. 114 Shrewsbury street, and was very successful from the beginning. In time he expanded his lines and now is located at No. 127 Shrewsbury street, doing business under his own name as banker, broker and steamship agent. He is also a notary public and a justice of the peace. He has gained the confidence and respect of his country-men by his just and fair dealing with them, and is highly-esteemed by all who know him. "Squire" Zamarro is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Fraternal Order of Eagles, the Sons of Italy and the Roman Catholic Church of Our Lady of Mt. Carmel. He is very fond of auto-mobiling and enjoys the recreation of the open air.

Mr. Zamarro married, in Worcester, February 18, 1909, Erminia Ferretti, born in Italy, who came to Worcester in October, 1907, with her parents, Pasquale and Clementina Stella Ferretti, who now reside with their daughter in Worcester. Mr. and Mrs. Zamarro are the parents of seven children, one of whom died in infancy: Velia, Aurelia, Michael Angelo, Dante, Dora, and Victorio Armando.

ROBERT CARL OLSON, President and treasurer of the Olson Manufacturing Company, was born in Norway, April 26, 1884. He was the son of Carl John and Anna K. (Anderson) Olson, both born in Sweden. He was three years old when he came with his parents to this city. He received his education here in the Belmont Street School, the Abbott Street School, the Evening High School, and in Post's Business College. After serving an apprenticeship in the factory of the McCloud, Crane & Minter Company, afterwards the Anthony Screw Company, he was made superintendent of the factory. He left the manufacturing business for a time, and was traveling salesman for the Canadian Fairbanks-Morse Company, manufacturers of Gasoline engines and scales. In July, 1913, he started the manufacture of automatic screw machine products, under the name of the Olson Manufacturing Com-



Robert H. Olson

pany, at No. 31 North Foster street. The business developed rapidly and in January, 1915, it was necessary to move to larger quarters at No. 54 Commercial street. As the business grew his brothers, Ragnar F., Hugo P., Gottfried O., and Richard L., and his father, Carl J. Olson, became associated with him. In January, 1917, the business was incorporated under the same name and under the laws of Massachusetts. Their products went to various manufacturers throughout the country, chiefly the automobile industry. The plant is equipped with the latest machinery, and employs about thirty men.

When war was declared on Germany, Corporal Ragnar F. Olson volunteered with Battery B, One Hundred and Second Field Artillery, Twenty-sixth Division, serving fourteen months in France. He was wounded and gassed, October 9, 1918. After spending three months in the hospital he was sent home and discharged. Richard L. Olson volunteered in the Aviation Division the latter part of 1917, and at the time the armistice was signed he was awaiting debarkation orders at Hempstead, Long Island, as a flying cadet. Both brothers returned to their former positions after being discharged.

Robert C. Olson is a member of Ridgely Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; the Kiwanis Club, the Worcester Country Club and the Chamber of Commerce. In politics he is a Republican. He is a communicant of the Swedish Lutheran Church of this city.

Mr. Olson was married, here, November 19, 1917, to Gerda Charlotte Hammerstrom, who was born in Sweden. They have a daughter, Jeannette Charlotte, born October 3, 1918.

ALBERT W. LARSON, Member of the Stenman & Larson Manufacturing Company, was born February 10, 1891, at Gohtonberg, Sweden, son of Gustaf A. Larson, who has been for many years a machinist in the wire works of the American Steel & Wire Company. By his wife Carolina he had eleven children: Peter, Charles, Ellen, Elfred, Sieger, Albert W., Rudolph, Knute, Edward, Lowell and George.

Albert W. Larson was but a year old when his parents came to this country and located in Newport, Rhode Island, and soon afterward in this city. He received his education in the public schools of Worcester. At the age of nine years he became a newsboy, delivering the "Spy" and "Gazette." Later he worked in a drug store in his spare hours, out of school, and at thirteen became a clerk in a meat market, where he continued for two years and a half. He began soon afterward to drive a fish wagon and later became the owner of the outfit. To his fish business he added the manufacture of sausage at his home, dealing in poultry and produce, and in a few years he built up a prosperous and extensive business for himself. He sold the business and formed the Stenman & Larson Manufacturing Company, now doing business at No. 42 Southbridge street (see biography of Mr. Stenman). He is a member of Carl XV. Lodge, and of the First Swedish Baptist Church. In politics he is a Republican.

PETER JOEL STYFFE, Noted athlete, was born in Billesholm, Sweden, February 6, 1873. He attended the common schools there, and when in 1887 his parents removed to America, he completed his grammar school education in the schools of Worcester. He is employed by the Norton Company and has been in their service for twenty-five years. In 1890 he began riding the high-wheeled bicycle and the following year was winner of the one mile club championship race, the two mile and the half mile open races on Columbia Bicycle Club Field Day. Won second prize in the two mile Worcester County Championship, May 31, 1892, on high wheel. On Memorial Day, 1894, he finished first in a seven mile road race and won the time prize; won the one mile handicap race. One year previous to this he had lowered the record time for the run from Worcester to Boston to two hours and twenty-eight minutes. In Malden, Massachusetts, 1894, he finished sixth in a twenty-five mile road race in which the time of the world's record was broken. At Providence, Rhode Island, July 7, 1894, he finished eighth in a twenty-five mile race. At Spencer, Massachusetts, July 4, 1895, he won the mile and half-mile open races. He has been winner of various other such races. Mr. Styffe is a member of the credit committee of the Scandia Credit Union, a member of the Massasoit Tribe, Improved Order of Red Men; Tula Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Quinsigamond Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; and the Swedish Lutheran church.

Mr. Styffe married, November 25, 1897, Josephine Anderson, and they have one son, George Vincent, born May 2, 1906.

AXEL EDWIN EHNBOG, Painter and decorator, of the firm of Sandgren & Ehnborg, was born at Karlsborg, Sweden, August 22, 1869, son of Johan Johanson

and Clara (Swenson) Ehnborg. His father was a native of Dalsland, Sweden, born in 1835; his mother was born in the same State in 1829.

He received his education in the common and high schools of his native place and in the School of Technology and a business college of Stockholm, Sweden. He came to this city in 1892. He entered into partnership with Anders G. Sandgren under the firm name of Sandgren & Ehnborg. Their places of business was at No. 440 Main street and at the rear of No. 241 Main street. Since the retirement of his partner in 1915, he has continued the business as manager. The firm made a specialty of interior decorating and painting. The shop was moved about 1902 to No. 146 Central street, the office being retained at No. 274 Main street. Since 1908 Sandgren & Ehnborg have had their office and shop at No. 55 Central street. In politics Mr. Ehnborg is a Republican. He is a member of U. S. Grant Lodge, Knights of Malta; of Thule Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He was formerly a member of the Worcester Board of Trade and the Chamber of Commerce. He is a communicant of the First Swedish Lutheran Church. While in Sweden he served in the army under the compulsory military training system.

Mr. Ehnborg married in this city, March 16, 1898, Marie Perman, who was born at Hamnerby, Sweden, July 22, 1878, daughter of Johan P. and Carolina (Wannberg) Perman. Her father was born at Verneland, Sweden, September 23, 1839; her mother in the same State, October 8, 1843, died October 4, 1907. Mr. and Mrs. Ehnborg have two children: Astrid Margaret, born June 22, 1899, graduate of the Adams Square public school, 1913, of the North High School, 1917; Elsa Marie, born February 18, 1905.

PROSPERO TRUDA, Business man, is a son of Sanerio Truda, born in Naples, Italy, came to the United States, and died in Ayer, Massachusetts, a grocery man of Ayer, and an accomplished harpist. He married Mary Barratta, also born in Naples, came to the United States with her husband, and died in Ayer. They were the parents of seven children: Lenora, married J. B. Valva, of Worcester, and has seven children; Joseph N., of Worcester, a musician and leader of the Grand Theatre orchestra; Vincent, died aged forty-eight years; Dominick A., of New York City, interested in steamship ownership and operation; Prospero, of further mention; Angelo, of Worcester, a musician at the Strand Theatre; Frank S., of Boston, employed with a motion picture company.

Prospero Truda was born in Naples, Italy, July 29, 1865, and in 1867 was brought to the United States by his parents who settled in Richmond, Virginia. A year later the family came North to Massachusetts, settling in Ayer, where the father and mother both died. Prospero was educated in Ayer public schools, there learned the carriage painter's trade, and resided until 1896, when he came to Worcester and established his present business at No. 104 Thomas street. He makes a specialty of automobile and wagon painting tops and body repairing. He is an expert in his line, and has built up a prosperous business. The Truda boys inherit the musical talent of their father, and three of the sons are professional performers, Prospero being a good performer on violin and trombone, holding a position in the Worcester City Band. He is a member of the Kiwanis Club and the Unitarian church.

Mr. Truda married at Montpelier, Vermont, February 23, 1895, Ella M. McColleston, born in Massachusetts, daughter of John Quincy and Georgia (Hunt) McColleston, of Waltham, Massachusetts, both deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Truda have no children, but have opened their hearts and home to two children whom they adopted, educated and provided with a good equipment for life's battle. These children were: Helen P. and Lewis W. Clough, the former still residing with her adopted parents, the latter a graduate of Williams College, a post-graduate of Harvard University, now a teacher in Loomis Institute of Connecticut.

NELS AUGUST PEARSON. "Pearson the Printer" is a familiar character in Worcester, Massachusetts, a city to which he came alone unheralded at the age of sixteen years, direct from his native Sweden. He is a son of Lars Peter Pearson, born in Halland, Sweden, May 26, 1838, and there established a general store business with which he was connected for half a century. He then joined his son in the United States, and is now living in Worcester, an octogenarian. He married Assarina Larson, born in Halland, Sweden, November 1, 1840, and there died in 1916. They were the parents of eight children: John Ludwig, residing in Worcester, married Sophie Anderson, and has two children, Edith and Hilding; Alma, married Bernard Rinquist, of Worcester, and has, George, Agda, Eignar, Bertha, and David; Anton of Fostoria, Ohio, married Clara Anderson, and has children: Lillian and Vivian; Carl J., of Worcester, married Frida Nordstrom, and has a daughter, Alva; Olof J., of Worcester, married Anna Lundblad, and has a son, Carl Olof; Nels August, of further mention; Emma C., married Ernest H. Nordstrom, of Worcester,



N. A. Pearson





Morris Aronovitz

and has four children: Elza, Tora, Rena and Kenneth; Gustaf-A., of Sterling, Massachusetts, married Agnes Medine, and has, Paul, Doris, Phoebe, Phillis, Phoebe and Phillis being twins.

Nels August Pearson was born in Halland, Sweden, April 7, 1878, and there spent the first sixteen years of his life. In 1894 he came to the United States, made his way to Worcester, and here has resided until the present, 1919. He attended the night schools of the city, thereby greatly adding to his educational equipment, he being at once employed during the daytime by C. W. Burbank, the printer. His salary as "devil" was \$2.50 weekly, but he thoroughly mastered the printing business with Mr. Burbank, and later with the Swedish Job Printing Company. In 1906 he established in business for himself at No. 100 Commercial street, moving to No. 311 Main street, his present location, in 1910. His business is steadily increasing, and under the firm name of "Pearson the Printer" he had built himself solidly into the confidence of the buyers of commercial and social printing, which means that he is widely-known and patronized. He is very friendly, genial, and companionable, fond of his home and his garden, and of a day's sport with rod and reel. He is a member of Salem Square Congregational Church, now being a teacher of a class of boys in the Sunday school of that church.

Mr. Pearson married at Orange, Massachusetts, Mary E. Anderson, born in Geneva, Illinois, daughter of August L. Anderson, a minister of the Swedish Mission Church, now stationed at Crompton, Rhode Island, where, although aged seventy, he is yet in the active ministry. Mr. and Mrs. Pearson are the parents of two daughters, Muriel Mae, born in Worcester, and Ethelyn Eunice.

CARL W. SUNDH. In the town of Philipstad, Sweden, Carl W. Sundh was born May 26, 1868, son of Lars Jonson and Anna Maria (Peterson) Sundh, his father a carpenter.

Carl W. Sundh attended the grammar school until fourteen years of age, then began learning the trade of tailor and until the age of seventeen he remained in his native town so employed. He then spent two years working at this trade in Stockholm, there remaining until the year 1888, when he came to the United States, locating first in New York City. But very soon he removed to Worcester, Massachusetts, where he was employed for five years with the leading custom tailor of the city. In the fall of 1895 Mr. Sundh established in business for himself, opening a shop where the Slater building now stands at the corner of Pearl and Main streets. He remained in that location for three years, then in 1898 he moved to his present place of business at No. 274 Main street, where for twenty years he has enjoyed the patronage of the leading business men of his city. He holds their confidence and respect, his reputation as an exceptionally good tailor holding rank with excellent character as a man and citizen. Mr. Sundh is a member of Thule Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, member of the Scandinavian Lake Association, is a former president of the North Star Society, and during his term of office the membership roll increased to its greatest length, eighty-seven members being admitted. He was one of the founders of the Swedish Gymnasium Club, designed and made the uniforms, and was very active in the club. He is a member of the Second Swedish Methodist Episcopal Church of Worcester, has held about all the offices of the church, and is now vice-president of the board of trustees.

Mr. Sundh married, April 11, 1891, at No. 25 Dix street, Worcester, Ida Carolina Lundberg, daughter of Johan and Christina (Nillson) Lundberg. Mr. and Mrs. Sundh are the parents of two children: Alice Maryone, born April 25, 1896, married Oren A. Persons, now with the American Steel & Wire Company; Constance Eleanor, born December 7, 1897, now a student at Smith College, Northampton, Massachusetts.

MORRIS ARONOVITZ. From Vilna (also Wilna), a city of Russia, capital of the Government of Vilna in Lithuania, came Morris Aronovitz, of Worcester, head of the Morris upholstering house, Nos. 16-18 Green street. He was born in Vilna, and there lived until his eleventh year, then was brought by his parents, Harris Reuben and Annie (Kaden) Aronovitz, to the United States. His father, Harris Reuben Aronovitz, a cabinet maker, was born in Vilna, Russia, and died in Boston, Massachusetts, November 21, 1916. His widow yet survives him, a resident of Boston. They were the parents of nine children, six of whom are living: Max, now a soldier of the United States in the division of aerial photography, he a photographer in business in Boston; Hyman S., in the United States Navy; Louis, residing in Boston; Barney, in the United States Postal Telegraph Service, stationed at Manchester, New Hampshire; Anna, and Henrietta, both residing in Boston.

When the family arrived in the United States they settled in Boston, Massachusetts, where the boy, Morris, resumed his studies in the public schools. At the age of fifteen he began learning the upholsterer's trade, and for five years he continued

an apprentice and journeyman in the city of Boston. At the age of twenty he moved to Worcester. For two years he was employed by the Highland Mattress Company, but in 1904 he established in business for himself as the Morris Upholstering Company, and has so continued until the present, 1919. In 1911 he moved to his present location, Nos. 16-18 Green street, his specialties, mattress and cushion upholstering. He is a skilled upholsterer and a business man of ability, both departments of his business being managed along the best modern lines. His recreations are good books and music, his religious affiliation with the new Hebrew church, Sharitorah, located on Providence street, Worcester.

Morris Aronovitz married, in Worcester, July 26, 1904, Eva Rebecca Goldstein, born in Vilna, Russia, daughter of Nathan and Frances Goldstein, the latter deceased, but Nathan Goldstein now residing with his daughter in Worcester. Mr. and Mrs. Aronovitz are the parents of three children: Lillian Florence, born April 29, 1905, now a student in commercial school, and her father's office assistant; Edward, born January 30, 1912; Charles Nathan, October 27, 1914.

JOHN HENRY APPELKVIST. The Modern Print Shop, No. 274 Main street, Worcester, is the business enterprise established in the city by John H. and Erik Appelvist, both of whom learned the printer's trade in their native Sweden. The specialties of the Print Shop is good commercial printing in both the English and Swedish language, and society printing. The "Shop" is well-equipped for modern printing, and the twenty years' experience of its owners guarantee the quality of work turned out.

John Henry Appelvist was born in Borgholm, Sweden, December 26, 1885, and there passed the first twenty-four years of his life. He obtained a good education and learned the printer's trade in Sweden, and when finally, in 1909, he came to the United States he was master of his trade and experienced in the printing business. He settled in Worcester, Massachusetts, and soon found an association with the Svea Publishing Company, remaining with that company for three years. He then accepted a position as foreman of a Swedish newspaper print shop located in Jamestown, New York, and for four years he remained in that city. He then returned to Worcester, as assistant editor of *La Svea*, remaining with that paper for two years, and in April, 1918, he established The Modern Print Shop as his private business enterprise. He is an ardent temperance advocate and his deepest interest is the welfare and advancement of that cause. He is a member of the Independent Order of Good Templars, Quinsigamond Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and the Studio Club Excelsior, an organization for the promotion of temperance and the study of other social questions. Mr. Appelvist's place of business is at No. 274 Main street, Rooms 45-46.

KAZAR SARKIS MELIKIAN. In Kharput, a town of Turkish America, in the Vilayet of Mamuret-ul-Aziz, sixty miles from Diarbeker, Kazar, Sarkis Melikian was born, and spent the first nineteen years of his life. Kharput, a city of note, is situated at an elevation of more than four thousand feet near the Murad Su (Eastern Euphrates), and has a Jacobite convent, with a rich collection of manuscripts. There also the college of Armenia, founded by American missionaries, is located. Kazar S. Melikian is a son of Sarkis M. and Hoodik (Hovzepian) Melikian, both natives of Kharput. Since the war in Europe started in 1914, he has had no word from his parents. They are the parents of six children; one of these, Maediras, residing in Worcester, proprietor of a second-hand furniture store at No. 83 Summer street. This review deals with another member of the family, Kazar S., a photographic artist of Worcester.

Kazar S. Melikian was born in Kharput, Turkish Armenia, Asiatic Turkey, April 18, 1890. There he obtained a good education, and learned the cabinetmaker's trade at which he was employed until 1904, when he came to the United States, finding a home in Worcester, Massachusetts, where he was employed at his trade until October 15, 1916. He had accumulated sufficient capital during his years in Worcester to justify him in desiring to engage in a business for himself, and having the opportunity to purchase the Duke Photographic Studio he made the investment and has been very successful. Mr. Melikian is possessed of a decidedly artistic nature, gifted in sketching and drawing. His studio at No. 411 Main street is well patronized, and business is steadily increasing. He is a member of the Armenian Constitutional Democratic party and of four different Armenian societies. He has liberally supported the Red Cross, is a member of the Church of Our Saviour and interested in Sunday school work.

CARL E. R. NORDGREN—Stockholm, Sweden, was long the home of the Nordgrens, but in 1889 Eric Henry Nordgren, with his wife, Maria Charlotte (Gronquist)

Nordgren, and their eldest child, Carl E. R. Nordgren, came to the United States and made Worcester, Massachusetts, their permanent home. Eric H. Nordgren still resides in Worcester, as does the son, Carl E. R. Nordgren, funeral director, No. 42 Belmont street, but the mother has passed to her reward. Eric H. Nordgren was born in Sweden, November 3, 1856, and is now a steel wire worker in the employ of the United States Steel Company at Worcester. He married, in Sweden, Maria Charlotte Gronquist, born in 1867, died in Worcester, June 13, 1917. Children: Carl E. R., of whom further mention is made; Arthur W., of Springfield, Massachusetts; Axel William, born November 3, 1896, a wire worker with the United States Steel Company, unmarried; and Ellen C., residing in Worcester.

Carl E. R. Nordgren was born in Stockholm, Sweden, May 4, 1886, but was brought to the United States by his parents in 1889, his home having since been in Worcester, Massachusetts. He attended the public schools until twelve years of age, then began his connection with the undertaking business as an errand boy in the employ of Sessions, the undertaker, and for twenty years continued in that employ. He became an expert in the modern art of caring for the dead, and in July, 1912, began business under his own name, purchasing the undertaking establishment of Ben J. Bernstrom, at No. 10 Belmont street. There he continued in business until March 1, 1918, when he moved to his present modernly equipped mortuary establishment at No. 42 Belmont street. He is thorough master of the embalming art, and as a funeral director meets all the requirements of a most difficult business.

Mr. Nordgren is a Republican in politics, but is independent in political action. He is a member of Thule Lodge, No. 239, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Massasoit Tribe, No. 6, Improved Order of Red Men; John Ericson Lodge, No. 25, Swedish Order of Vasa; Viking Council; Independent Order Mystical Brothers; The North Star and Per Brahe Swedish clubs; Massasoit Relief Association; Monitor Lodge; Massachusetts Undertakers' Association; Massachusetts Embalmers' Association; The Court Engelbrekt, Society of Foresters; and the Swedish Lutheran Church.

Mr. Nordgren married, September 29, 1906, in Worcester, Jennie Eleanor Broberg, born in Gottenburg (Gothenburg), next to Stockholm the most important city of Sweden, May 3, 1879. She came to the United States in 1899, making her home in Worcester from that year. She is a daughter of Eric and Mathilda (Soderstrom) Broberg, both now (1919) living in Gottenburg, Sweden, her father an expert in drop-forging. Mr. and Mrs. Nordgren are the parents of four children: Viola Elizabeth, born May 14, 1907; Arthur Rudolph, born June 22, 1909; Carl Gottfried, born March 22, 1913; Elsie Olivia, born November 28, 1916.

ISRAEL M. ULLIAN—In Mohilev, a town of Russia, capital of the Government of Mohilev, on the Dneiper river, Israel M. Ullian, of Worcester, Massachusetts, was born, January 15, 1887. At the age of nine years he came to the United States, landing in Boston, and there attended Phillips Grammar School, English High School, from which he graduated in 1904, and from the Young Men's Christian Association Law School in 1910. He passed these courses with honor, leaving grammar school after completing the eighth grade and immediately passing a special examination for entrance to high school. With his high school education finished in 1904, Mr. Ullian entered business life as cashier with L. Starr & Company, Tremont Row, Boston, and in the summer of 1905 was assistant ledger clerk with Jordan, Marsh & Company of Boston, later becoming claim clerk. Later, in 1905, he returned to L. Starr & Company, Winter street, Boston, as auditor, gradually rising in rank until reaching the position of office superintendent and manager. The law courses given by the Young Men's Christian Association was completed in 1910, as additional intellectual equipment, not with the intention of practicing. In 1912 L. Starr & Company sold out to A. Hailpam, Mr. Ullian then becoming assistant manager, advancing to the post of business manager six months later. In September, 1914, he resigned, and came to Worcester, where he bought a one-third interest in the Laskey Company, No. 349 Main street, which he yet holds, acting as local manager. His partners are Louis E. and Abraham L. Laskey, trading under the firm name, Laskey's. Adhering to a strict policy of fair dealing, and the best modern methods of merchandising, and specializing in prompt, efficient service, the business has steadily increased, the original floor space having been trebled, the public responding liberally to the evident excellencies of the store. The lines dealt in, in the various departments, are women's and misses' suits, coats, dresses, waists, skirts, furs and fur coats, petticoats and camisoles.

CHARLES FREDERICK HANSON, Music dealer, music teacher and conductor, the first Swede to settle in this city, was born in Uddevalla, Sweden, September

9, 1849, son of John and Christina A. Hanson. He attended school there and remained a student in the High School until he was sixteen years old, when he came to this country. He was employed during the next three years in a piano factory in Boston.

He came to Worcester, September 28, 1868, and it is conceded that he was the first Swedish citizen of this city. He was employed at his trade in piano repairing and tuning for S. R. Leland & Son, but engaged in business on his own account about eighteen months after coming to Worcester and he has continued to the present time, dealing in pianos and other musical instruments, music and musical merchandise of all kinds. For many years his store was at No. 242 Main street; since 1914 he has occupied several floors of the building at No. 260 Main street. After the Thule building was erected, he was located in a large store there, but to allow the better renting of the property to the Stearns Furniture Company, removed to his present location.

In many ways Mr. Hanson is one of the best known Swedes of the city. From the time he came to the present he has been active in musical organizations, the founder of several very successful societies, leader of many, conductor of many orchestras and instructor on various musical instruments, being musical director of several churches in Worcester for many years. Not only among the Swedish musical people, but in all musical organizations of the city, he has been prominent. Mention is made of his activity in the account of the various Swedish societies in another chapter. He has taken part in every movement for the welfare of his fellow-citizens, whether charitable, reform or political, and has served on a great number of public committees from time to time. As a merchant his standing is high. In politics he has always been a Republican, and though often requested to accept nominations he has always declined public office. He was the originator of our evening schools, which started in 1879. His recreation, as well as his business, is music; his musical gift was inherited, and all the Hanson family are musicians. He is especially skillful with the violin-cello and piano. He is a member of Atherston Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Thule Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and the First Universalist Church. Mr. Hanson owns considerable real estate, including his residence at No. 37 Kendall street.

Mr. Hanson married, in Boston, November 28, 1867, Eliza Ann Hazall, who was a native of Boston, daughter of Charles and Ann (Palmer) Hazall. Four children were born to them, namely: Lillian Ann, a famous singer, wife of Herbert J. Russell, of this city; Charles Arthur, piano maker; Frederick T., died aged twenty-six years; Flora M., died at the age of thirteen years.

Mr. Hanson's father, John Hanson, was born in Sweden, and died there at the age of forty-four years. He was a professional musician. He married Christina A. Hanson, who died in Belmont, Massachusetts, aged eighty-one years. They had six children, of whom two are living: Charles F., mentioned above, and Mathilda, who married James Sargent, of Belmont.

CHARLES E. SANDBERG, Business man, son of John E. and Christina (Anderson) Sandberg, was born in Sweden in 1878, his father a machinist. He came to the United States at the age of nine years, attended grammar school through three grades, then learned the sheet metal trade, locating in Worcester, Massachusetts, his present home. Since 1909 he has been engaged in the sheet metal and welding business, and has won a secure position in his particular line of industry. He is a Republican in politics, and in 1916 represented his ward in Common Council. He is a member of Cherokee Tribe, Improved Order of Red Men; Leicester Country Club; Lakeside Boat Club; Svea Gille Association; Swedish Engineers, and in religious faith is affiliated with All Saints' and Swedish Lutheran Church.

Mr. Sandberg married, June 22, 1904, Agnes Elizabeth Malm. Mr. and Mrs. Sandberg are the parents of three children: Gladys Helen, born July 24, 1905; Stanley Andrew, April 8, 1908; Carl Edward, June 7, 1915.

SAMUEL MARCUS, Dealer in cloaks, suits and furs, was born in Gorodock, Vetapsk, Kubana, Russia, August 9, 1870, son of Max and Freda (Kazaarnovsky) Marcus. He received the equivalent of an American grammar school education in his native place, where he was later engaged in the wheat and flax trade.

At the age of twenty-one he came to this country, and after living for nine months in New York City, came to Boston, where he engaged in the fur trade for nine years. In 1900 he started in the fur business in this city in a small way, having his place of business at No. 546 Main street. At first he employed no clerks, but was his own workman and salesman. His business grew so rapidly under his careful management that in 1902 he removed to larger quarters at No. 65 Pleasant street and remained in this location until 1908, when his business had outgrown the capacity



Arthur H. Swanson

of this store and he removed to No. 516 Main street, his present quarters, which is located in the best business section of the city. To his already large stock he added coats and suits, and also manufactured furs, and by liberal advertising and enterprising methods he built up a large trade and once more was compelled to enlarge his floor space. At the present time he occupies three floors of the building, and carries a very large stock of cloaks, suits, millinery and furs, and employs seventy people. In 1916 the business was incorporated under the name of the S. Marcus Company, of which he is president and treasurer, his wife is vice-president, and Florence C. Brown Toomey is secretary. Mr. Marcus is a member of the Chamber of Commerce; Knights of Pythias; Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; the Independent Order Brith Abraham; the Credit Men's Association, and the Orthodox Synagogue Church. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Marcus married, in Boston, December 25, 1897, Anna Gilburge, who was born in Russia. They have three children: Bertha, a student in Wellesley College, class of 1921; Mildred, student in the North High School, class of 1920; Saul.

Max Marcus, father of Samuel Marcus, was a native of Russia; died when his son was very young; married Freda Kazaarnovsky, and had six children: Samuel; Isaac, employed in his brother's store here; Saul, employed here; Anna, married Joseph Aranson, living in Somerville; Ada, married Harry Novack, of Somerville; Ethel, married Louis Cohn, of this city. His mother is living with a sister in Somerville. Mr. Marcus resides at No. 16 Chamberlin Parkway, in this city.

ARTHUR GOTHARD SWANSON. The largest exclusive bread baking plant in New England is located in Worcester, Massachusetts, and is operated by the Worcester Baking Company, of which Arthur G. Swanson is treasurer and general manager. The capacity of the plant is one-quarter of a million loaves weekly, the leader, "Town Talk," a loaf found in about every grocery, hotel or restaurant in Worcester. The building from which "Town Talk" issues in such volume is on Mason street, two stories in height, with basement, the ground plan, 100x250 feet. Eighty-five men are employed, and every modern improvement in baking machinery is operated under the best conditions that sanitary and health consideration demands. Mr. Swanson is a son of Gunnar Swanson, born in Skane, Sweden, who died in New York City at the age of sixty-three, a builder of wind and water mills and wheels. He married Eliza Anderson, also born in Sweden, who died in New York City at the age of sixty. They were the parents of nine children, eight of whom are living, seven of them coming to the United States. None of this family except Arthur G. resides in Worcester, four of the sons and a daughter now residing in New York City.

Arthur G. Swanson was born in Skane, Sweden, August 10, 1875, and there lived until the age of fifteen years, obtaining his education in the local schools. In 1890 he came to the United States with his parents, the first six years of his American residence being in New York City. In 1896, being then of legal age, he left the home group and located in Fitchburg, Massachusetts, where he was associated with his brother, Charles O., in the baking business. In 1912 he came to Worcester, where he organized the Worcester Baking Company, Charles O. Swanson, president, Arthur G. Swanson, treasurer and general manager. In 1913 the present plant was erected and the leading brands, "Town Talk" and "Swansons Butter Wheat," placed upon the market in quantity. The company is one of the prosperous, substantial enterprises of Worcester, and its success speaks volumes for the business ability and genius of the men who have made it. Arthur G. Swanson is a member of the Rotary Club of Worcester, is independent in politics, and a member of Pilgrim Congregational Church. He is a man of strong character, very progressive and public-spirited, always willing to bear his share in any enterprise for Worcester's advancement. He has many friends, and is held in high esteem in the business world in which he moves.

Mr. Swanson married in Fitchburg, Massachusetts, December 29, 1898, Gertrude O. Olson, daughter of John and Christina Olson, both now residing in Fitchburg, her father being with the Iver Johnson Company. Mr. and Mrs. Swanson are the parents of three daughters: Elna, born February 28, 1900; Mildred, March 6, 1903; and Gertrude, November 25, 1905.

BERNARD PRESS. When a young man of nineteen years, Bernard Press came to the United States from Russia. A year later he was in business for himself and now, although but thirty-five years of age, is one of the large individual taxpayers of the city of Worcester. This is a wonderful record and stamps Mr. Press as a young man of great business ability. He is a son of Joseph Press, who spent his life in Corna, Russia, a farmer during all the active part of his seventy years. His

wife, Rose, also lived and died in Corna, Russia, the mother of five children, two of whom, Bernard and Louis, came to the United States. Louis Press located in New York City, where he now resides, the owner and proprietor of a clothing store in the borough of Brooklyn.

Bernard Press was born in Corna, Russia, in 1883, and there spent the first nineteen years of his life. In 1902 he came to the United States, located in Worcester, Massachusetts, and found employment with a junk dealer of the city. He continued for one year an employe, carefully treasuring his earnings, and at the end of his first year was possessed of sufficient capital to purchase a horse and wagon with which he started collecting and dealing in junk. That first year he laid the foundation of his future success, and no year of his life had so important a bearing upon his future fortunes as that year of hard work and self sacrificing economy. For three years he conducted his junk business very successfully, then at the age of twenty-three established a clothing business, selling on the partial payment or installment plan, covering territory in and around Worcester with horse and wagon. In 1912 he began business as a real estate dealer, but his business is mostly confined to his own personal dealing. He is an excellent judge of property values and has bought most judiciously, his largest holding being on North Main street, his real estate on that being valued at a half million dollars. He is a shrewd, careful buyer and has the reputation of being one of the best-informed men on real estate and its values in his business. He has thoroughly inbibed Worcester's spirit of progress, is one of the large patrons of insurance in the city and employs all modern aids in business and office. Mr. Press is a member of the church, Sons of Israel, of the Bnai Brith Society, and is a Republican in politics.

Mr. Press married, in Worcester, Sarah B. Machinist, born in Russia, but brought to the United States in her second year. Both her parents are deceased, her mother dying in Worcester, her father in Jerusalem. Mr. and Mrs. Press are the parents of three children: Joseph, born in 1907; Beatrice, born in 1911; Ruth, born in 1915.

JACOB GAUCH, President and manager of the Central Machine Works, No. 19 Church street, Worcester, known as "Jake" Gauch, is widely and favorably known for his fine mechanical ability and genial nature. He is a son of Jacob Gauch, who lived and died in Germany, a stone cutter by trade. He married Charlotta Soffel, who died in Worcester, Massachusetts, in 1914, aged fifty-five years. They were the parents of seven children, all of whom are now living in the United States: Elizabeth, wife of Jacob F. Adams; Charlotta, married Charles Kesseli; Catherine, married Anthoine Waize; Caroline, married Joseph Dasen; Annie, married Max Rebstock, of Meriden, Connecticut; Margaret, married Walter Brueggemann, of Boston; the other daughters all reside in Worcester; Jacob is the only son.

Jacob (2) Gauch was born in Germany, February 1, 1873, and at the age of fifteen came to the United States with his mother and sisters, finding a home in Worcester. He attended night school in Worcester for two years, and for five years was a carpet weaver. He then changed trades and began learning the machinist's trade with John J. Adams by whom he was employed for twenty-six years. During the last eight years of this period he was manager of the Adams machine shops. He became a skilled worker in metal, but until the present years has employed his skill and talents largely for the benefit of others. On September 10, 1918, he established in business for himself as manager of the Central Machine Works, No. 19 Church street, Worcester, there occupying an entire second floor and employing about a dozen men in general machine work, automobile parts, and a line of special machine manufacturing. He is a member of the Workmen's Sick and Death Benefit Society, and the D. O. H. He enjoys out-of-door sports, and is an ardent fisherman and automobilist. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Gauch married in Worcester, June 28, 1898, Lena Wagner, born in Germany, who came to Worcester alone at the age of fifteen, her parents, Joseph and Barbara (Train) Wagner, dying in Germany prior to her coming. Mr. and Mrs. Gauch are the parents of three children: Earl Wagner, born June 19, 1900, mechanical dentist; Edna Charlotte, born June 21, 1903, stenographer and bookkeeper; and Ernest Carl, born November 20, 1908, attending grammar school.

A. WILLIAM SVENSON. The large business transacted by The Svenson-Lindstrom Heating & Engineering Company, of No. 142 Green street, Worcester, is under the direct management of A. William Svenson, president of the company, seconded by C. O. Lindstrom, secretary-treasurer. This company, established in 1914, has developed a large business as heating engineers and contractors, water supply outfits, power plant equipment, gas engines and allied lines. Mr. Svenson has been a



Barnard Press





Gustaf G. Olis.

worker from boyhood, and in these years has gained the experience and executive ability which, added to his practical knowledge of machinery and its operation, renders him peculiarly well-fitted for the position he holds. He is a son of Iver Svenson, born in Sweden, who came to the United States in 1882, located in Worcester, Massachusetts, and for a third of a century has been in the employ of the Harrington & Richardson Arms Company, and still continues with that corporation. He married, in Worcester, Louise Olsen, born in Sweden, who came alone to the United States one year after her father. Mr. and Mrs. Svenson were the parents of a daughter, Alice, now a vocal instructor, with a studio in the Knowles building, and a son, A. William, of further mention.

A. William Svenson was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, January 23, 1888, and until thirteen years of age he attended the city public schools. In 1901 he entered the employ of the Harrington & Richardson Arms Company of Worcester, remaining two years. He then was employed by George T. Tribe, architect, for another two years, and then having reached the age of seventeen, he took up the heating business and was employed in some of its many branches until 1914. In that year, with C. O. and W. T. Lindstrom, he organized the Svenson-Lindstrom Heating & Engineering Company, and in a modest way the present large business of the company was begun. They have since greatly extended their lines, and are one of the well-known and widely-patronized firms of Worcester, their customers found all over New England. Mr. Svenson is a Unitarian in religious faith, is a Republican in politics, and very fond of fishing as a recreation and sport.

He married, in Worcester, Ellen Lindstrom, born in Holden, Massachusetts, a sister of his business partners, C. O. and W. T. Lindstrom. Her mother is yet living in Holden, her father deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Svenson are the parents of a daughter, Louise Ellen, and of a son, John William. The family home is at Holden, a house he purchased in the spring of 1918.

JOHN OLOF HELLSTROM, Insurance agent, was born in Grafbäck, Sweden, State of Bydes, Province of Westerbotten, January 22, 1874. He lived in his native place, and was educated in the schools there, but at the age of eleven years was thrown upon his own resources and since then has made his own way. He supplemented his education by courses in commercial schools in Sweden and again after coming to this country.

He came to this city from Sweden when he was twenty-six years old, working at first at the trade of shoemaker, and then for seven years as clerk in a retail shoe store in Greenfield, Massachusetts; afterward in Quincy and Brockton, and while in Brockton he engaged in business as an insurance broker. In 1915 he opened an office in this city, doing a general insurance and real estate business. His offices at present (1918) are at No. 507 Main street. In politics Mr. Hellstrom is a Republican. He is a member of the First Swedish Baptist Church and is a teacher in the Sunday school. While in Greenfield he was superintendent of the Sunday school for several years in the Pierce Street Baptist Church.

Mr. Hellstrom married, in Sweden, July 10, 1908, Ida Caroline Lundin, who was born at Olofs-Fors, Bruk, County Nordnarling, Province of Westerbotten, educated there, graduating from the grammar school. They have one child, John Paul, born September 2, 1914. Mr. and Mrs. Hellstrom reside at No. 24 Westminster street.

His father, Nathaniel Hellstrom, was born in Grafbäck, and followed the trade of carpenter there. His mother, Corin Magdalene Hellstrom, died when he was a child. His parents had five children, of whom he was the eldest. The others were: Jonas, who died at the age of eighteen years; Carl August, now living in Sweden, a master plumber in the northern city of Umeå, is married and has two children; Erick Oscar, a mechanic, residing in Boston; Anna Magdalen, who married Anders Carlson, now of Minnesota, and has six children.

August Lundin, father of Mrs. Hellstrom, was a native of Sweden; since 1900 in the ornamental iron and construction work, associated with Richard French in this city. His wife, Caroline (Swanson) Lundin, was born in Sweden. Besides Mrs. Hellstrom, there were seven children: Bernard, William, Oscar, Godfrey, Anna and two deceased.

GUSTAF ADOLPHUS OLIN, President and treasurer of the Commercial Welding and Machine Company, was born in Hoganas Skone, Sweden, August 28, 1869, son of Nils and Petronella Olin. His father was a sculptor. He received his education there in the public schools. After coming to this city from Sweden, he learned the trade of machinist, and later became a foreman in the factory of the Norton Company, and was foreman for the Riley Sanford Stoker Company. He is now serving as president and treasurer of the Commercial Welding & Machine Company, No. 21

Commercial street. In politics Mr. Olin is a Republican. He represented his ward in 1913-14-15 in the Common Council; in 1916-17 in the Board of Aldermen. He is a member of Vasa Order af Amerika; Swedish Brotherhood of America; Engelbrekt Society; Improved Order of Red Men; Norton Mutual Benefit Association; Hogans Society; the Worcester County Republican Club; the Swedish-American Republican Club, of Ward One; the Swedish-American Republican Club of Massachusetts. He is a communicant of St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mr. Olin married, in this city, June 4, 1898, Betty Moberg, daughter of Carl and Elna Moberg. They have three children: Muriel Beatrice, born June 6, 1899; Florence Valentina, February 14, 1901; Gladys Lillian, June 6, 1902.

CHARLES CHRISTIAN MINSCH. On February 18, 1853, Charles C. Minsch was born in Kiel, Germany, son of Dietrick Delef Minsch, a jeweler, who lived and died in Germany, his age at death forty-one years. He married Catherine Rorhback, born in Germany, who died in Worcester, Massachusetts, at the age of seventy-six years. They were the parents of seven children, four of whom are living: Charles Christian (see biography); Dietrick D., a book-binder of New York City; Rosa C., unmarried; Minnie, married Adolph Liefeld, and has two sons, both with the American Expeditionary Forces in France.

Charles Christian Minsch was educated in his native land, and lived in Kiel until twenty years of age, there obtaining his education and learning the trade of painter. In 1873 he was called for service in the German Army, which he avoided by coming to the United States. He located in New Haven, Connecticut, later going to New York City, and in 1887 locating in Worcester, Massachusetts. In all these places he followed his trade, and in Worcester has completed the full half century at that trade, he but a lad of fifteen when he began as an apprentice. He is fond of the theatre and things theatrical, is a member of the Baptist church, and a man greatly respected by his neighbors.

Mr. Minsch married in New Haven, Connecticut, August 2, 1875, Louisa F. Liefeld, born in New Haven, daughter of Herman Liefeld, her parents both deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Minsch have four children: Minnie Dorothy, born in New Haven, and residing with her parents in Worcester; Sylvia Louisa, also residing at home; Walter Cornelius, a mining engineer of San Francisco, California; and William Joseph, a bond salesman of New York City, connected with the Lee, Higginson Company. He married Neva Reynolds, and has three children, Dorothy, William J. Jr., and Elizabeth.

FREDERICK VICTOR HUGO—Charles Hugo, born in Germany, came to the United States, prior to 1888, and is the present superintendent of the Whittall Carper Company of Worcester. His wife, Alvira Hugo, was born in New York State. They are the parents of seven children: Frederick Victor, of further mention; Margaret Helen, deceased; Minna, Louise, Carl, who served in the United States army; Albert, and Theodore.

Frederick V. Hugo was born in Worcester, June 13, 1888. After completing grammar and high school courses he entered Worcester Polytechnic Institute, whence he was graduated, class of 1911. He entered business life as an employee of the Taylor Envelope Company, as assistant manager, remaining until 1914, when he resigned to form an association with the Colonial Envelope Company, of which he is the present treasurer. The company are manufacturers of envelopes, and job printers, occupying 10,000 square feet of floor space in their plant at No. 4 Cherry street, Worcester. Mr. Hugo is a Republican in politics, and member of the Worcester Chamber of Commerce. He married, in Worcester, Lora Inez Atherton, and they are the parents of two children: Frederick Victor (2), and Elsie Inez Hugo.

ADDENDA AND ERRATA

Bishop, p. 208. Dr. Bishop is a thirty-second degree Mason.

Doon, p. 534. Christian name of Mr. Doon's wife should be Mary E. instead of Helen T.

Hodge, p. 537. Pennsylvania Lodge should be Lewiston Lodge, No. 203, of Lewiston, Pennsylvania.

McDermott, p. 550; John Moore, third son of James McDermott, enlisted in the 830th Aero Squadron, American Expeditionary Forces, for service in France.

O'Connell, p. 522; Following sketch should be read instead of that which appears on that page: Michael John O'Connell, Rector of the Church of Our Lady of the Angels, was born in Holyoke, Massachusetts, November 9, 1879. He attended the public schools of Holyoke, and in 1896 entered the University of Ottawa, graduating in 1900, and received his seminary training in St. Bernard's at Rochester, New York. He was ordained at the Cathedral of Rochester. He was stationed at St. Mary's Church in Southbridge, Massachusetts, from July, 1904, to April, 1905, and was then sent to St. Mary's Cathedral of Fall River, remaining there from June, 1905, to June, 1906. From there he was sent to St. Mary's Church, Taunton, and in September, 1906, was sent to Buffalo, New York, where he was stationed at the Immaculate Conception Church and the Church of St. John the Baptist until March, 1908. Then returning to the Diocese of Springfield, Massachusetts, he was stationed at St. Joseph's Church, Pittsfield, from May, 1908, to May, 1911. He was then sent to St. Thomas's Church, Palmer, where he remained until April, 1913, going then to St. Peter's Church, Worcester, where he served as curate until his appointment as rector of Our Lady of the Angels, September, 1916. Father O'Connell is a member of Alhambra Council, Knights of Columbus.

Stetson, p. 119; Mrs. Flora D. Stetson is now deceased; Mr. Stetson married (second) August 31, 1918, Anna Adams Hunt, of Waynesville, North Carolina.

Wire, p. 543; Mr. Wire received the degree of B. L. S. from New York Library school in 1913; is also a member of Appalachian Mountain Club.

Worcester County Law Library, p. 544, 6th line; After "county clerk" should be added: "and from the tax levy of the county;" 24th line, after "statutes" should be added: "Canadian, English, Irish and Scotch reports and statutes" instead of "English law works;" same line, after "historical works" should be added: "valuable collection of law periodicals and United States and Massachusetts documents;" 25th line, after "bar" should be added: "and is a circulating as well as reference library;" 34th line, Thomas B. Nelson should be Thomas L. Nelson; 36th line after "1900" should be added: "and those of G. A. Torrey, 1859-1901, the latter being acquired by purchase in 1911."

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NOTE.—An asterisk (*) preceding name in Index is to call attention to supplementary data in Addenda and Errata above.

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